Bill No. CS/CS/HB 1397, 1st Eng. (2017)

Amendment No.

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Senate House

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12 13 Representative Rodrigues offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Paragraph (1) of subsection (2) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (m), and a new paragraph (1) is added to that subsection, to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

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14	(2)	EXEMPTIONS;	MEDICAL
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- (1) Marijuana and marijuana delivery devices, as defined in s. 381.986, are exempt from the taxes imposed under this chapter.
- Section 2. Section 381.986, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(Substantial rewording of section. See

- s. 381.986, F.S., for present text.)
- 381.986 Medical use of marijuana.—
- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Caregiver" means a resident of this state who has agreed to assist with a qualified patient's medical use of marijuana, has a caregiver identification card, and meets the requirements of subsection (6).
- (b) "Chronic nonmalignant pain" means pain that is caused by a qualifying medical condition or that originates from a qualifying medical condition and persists beyond the usual course of that qualifying medical condition.
- (c) "Close relative" means a spouse, parent, sibling, grandparent, child, or grandchild, whether related by whole or half blood, by marriage, or by adoption.
- (d) "Edibles" means commercially produced food items made with marijuana oil, but no other form of marijuana, that are produced and dispensed by a medical marijuana treatment center.
 - (e) "Low-THC cannabis" means a plant of the genus

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Cannabis, the dried flowers of which contain 0.8 percent or less
of tetrahydrocannabinol and more than 10 percent of cannabidiol
weight for weight; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from
any part of such plant; or any compound, manufacture, salt,
derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant or its seeds
or resin that is dispensed from a medical marijuana treatment
center.

- (f) "Marijuana" means all parts of any plant of the genus Cannabis, whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant or its seeds or resin, including low-THC cannabis, which are dispensed from a medical marijuana treatment center for medical use by a qualified patient.
- (g) "Marijuana delivery device" means an object used, intended for use, or designed for use in preparing, storing, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing marijuana into the human body, and which is dispensed from a medical marijuana treatment center for medical use by a qualified patient.
- (h) "Marijuana testing laboratory" means a facility that collects and analyzes marijuana samples from a medical marijuana treatment center and has been certified by the department pursuant to s. 381.988.
- (i) "Medical director" means a person who holds an active, unrestricted license as an allopathic physician under chapter

458	or	ost	eopath	nic	physician	under	î (chapter	459	and	is	in
com	olia	ance	with	the	e requireme	ents c	of	paragra	aph	(3) (c).	

- (j) "Medical use" means the acquisition, possession, use, delivery, transfer, or administration of marijuana authorized by a physician certification. The term does not include:
- 1. Possession, use, or administration of marijuana that was not purchased or acquired from a medical marijuana treatment center.
- 2. Possession, use, or administration of marijuana in a form for smoking, in the form of commercially produced food items other than edibles, or of marijuana seeds or flower, except for flower in a sealed receptacle for vaping.
- 3. Use or administration of any form or amount of marijuana in a manner that is inconsistent with the qualified physician's directions or physician certification.
- 4. Transfer of marijuana to a person other than the qualified patient for whom it was authorized or the qualified patient's caregiver on behalf of the qualified patient.
- 5. Use or administration of marijuana in the following locations:
- $\underline{\text{a.}}$ On any form of public transportation, except for low-THC cannabis.
 - b. In any public place, except for low-THC cannabis.
- c. In a qualified patient's place of employment, except when permitted by his or her employer.

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<u>d.</u>	In	a	state	corre	ctional	insti	tuti	ion,	as	defi	ined	in	s.
944.02,	or	а	correct	cional	institu	ution,	as	defi	ined	in	s.	944.	241.

- e. On the grounds of a preschool, primary school, or secondary school, except as provided in s. 1006.062.
- <u>f. In a school bus, a vehicle, an aircraft, or a</u> motorboat, except for low-THC cannabis.
- (k) "Physician certification" means a qualified physician's authorization for a qualified patient to receive marijuana and a marijuana delivery device from a medical marijuana treatment center.
- (1) "Qualified patient" means a resident of this state who has been added to the medical marijuana use registry by a qualified physician to receive marijuana or a marijuana delivery device for a medical use and who has a qualified patient identification card.
- (m) "Qualified physician" means a person who holds an active, unrestricted license as an allopathic physician under chapter 458 or as an osteopathic physician under chapter 459 and is in compliance with the physician education requirements of subsection (3).
- (n) "Smoking" means burning or igniting a substance and inhaling the smoke.
- (o) "Terminal condition" means a progressive disease or medical or surgical condition that causes significant functional impairment, is not considered by a treating physician to be

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114	reversible without the administration of life-sustaining
115	procedures, and will result in death within 1 year after
116	diagnosis if the condition runs its normal course.
117	(2) QUALIFYING MEDICAL CONDITIONS.—A patient must be
118	diagnosed with at least one of the following conditions to
119	qualify to receive marijuana or a marijuana delivery device:
120	(a) Cancer.
121	(b) Epilepsy.
122	(c) Glaucoma.
123	(d) Positive status for human immunodeficiency virus.
124	(e) Acquired immune deficiency syndrome.
125	(f) Post-traumatic stress disorder.
126	(g) Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.
127	(h) Crohn's disease.
128	(i) Parkinson's disease.
129	(j) Multiple sclerosis.
130	(k) Medical conditions of the same kind or class as or
131	comparable to those enumerated in paragraphs (a)-(j).
132	(1) A terminal condition diagnosed by a physician other
133	than the qualified physician issuing the physician
134	certification.
135	(m) Chronic nonmalignant pain.
136	(3) QUALIFIED PHYSICIANS AND MEDICAL DIRECTORS.—
137	(a) To be approved as a qualified physician, as defined in
138	paragraph (1)(m), a physician must successfully complete a 2-

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hour course and subsequent examination offered by the Florida
Medical Association or the Florida Osteopathic Medical
Association which encompass the requirements of this section and
any rules adopted hereunder. The course and examination shall be
administered at least annually and may be offered in a distance
learning format, including an electronic, online format that is
available upon request. The price of the course may not exceed
\$500. A physician who has met the physician education
requirements of former s. 381.986(4), Florida Statutes 2016,
before the effective date of this section, shall be deemed to be
in compliance with this paragraph from the effective date of
this act until 90 days after the course and examination required
by this paragraph become available.

- (b) A qualified physician may not be employed by, or have any direct or indirect economic interest in, a medical marijuana treatment center or marijuana testing laboratory.
- (c) A medical director as defined in paragraph (1)(i) must successfully complete a 2-hour course and subsequent examination offered by the Florida Medical Association or the Florida

 Osteopathic Medical Association which encompass the requirements of this section and any rules adopted hereunder. The course and examination shall be administered at least annually and may be offered in a distance learning format, including an electronic, online format that is available upon request. The price of the course may not exceed \$500.

(4)	PHYSICIAN	CERTIFICATION
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- (a) A qualified physician may issue a physician certification only if the qualified physician:
- 1. Conducted a physical examination while physically present in the same room as the patient and a full assessment of the medical history of the patient.
- 2. Diagnosed the patient with at least one qualifying medical condition.
- 3. Determined that the medical use of marijuana would likely outweigh the potential health risks for the patient, and such determination must be documented in the patient's medical record. If a patient is younger than 18 years of age, a second physician must concur with this determination, and such concurrence must be documented in the patient's medical record.
- 4. Determined whether the patient is pregnant and documented such determination in the patient's medical record. A physician may not issue a physician certification, except for low-THC cannabis, to a patient who is pregnant.
- 5. Reviewed the patient's controlled drug prescription history in the prescription drug monitoring program database established pursuant to s. 893.055.
- 6. Reviewed the medical marijuana use registry and confirmed that the patient does not have an active physician certification from another qualified physician.
 - 7. Registers as the issuer of the physician certification

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for the named qualified patient on the medical marijuana use registry in an electronic manner determined by the department, and:

- a. Enters into the registry the contents of the physician certification, including the patient's qualifying condition and the dosage not to exceed the daily dose amount determined by the department, the amount and forms of marijuana authorized for the patient, and any types of marijuana delivery devices needed by the patient for the medical use of marijuana.
- c. Deactivates the registration of the qualified patient and the patient's caregiver when the physician no longer recommends the medical use of marijuana for the patient.
- 8. Obtains the voluntary and informed written consent of the patient for medical use of marijuana each time the qualified physician issues a physician certification for the patient, which shall be maintained in the patient's medical record. The patient, or the patient's parent or legal guardian if the patient is a minor, must sign the informed consent acknowledging that the qualified physician has sufficiently explained its content. The qualified physician must use a standardized informed consent form adopted in rule by the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, which must include, at a

214	minimum,	information	related	to:
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- <u>a. The Federal Government's classification of marijuana as</u> a Schedule I controlled substance.
- b. The approval and oversight status of marijuana by the Food and Drug Administration.
- c. The current state of research on the efficacy of marijuana to treat the qualifying conditions set forth in this section.
 - d. The potential for addiction.
- e. The potential effect that marijuana may have on a patient's coordination, motor skills, and cognition, including a warning against operating heavy machinery, operating a motor vehicle, or engaging in activities that require a person to be alert or respond quickly.
 - f. The potential side effects of marijuana use.
- g. The risks, benefits, and drug interactions of marijuana.
- h. That the patient's de-identified health information contained in the physician certification and medical marijuana use registry may be used for research purposes.
- (b) If a qualified physician issues a physician certification for a qualified patient diagnosed with a qualifying medical condition pursuant to paragraph (2)(k), the physician must submit the following to the applicable board within 14 days after issuing the physician certification:

	<u>1.</u>	Doci	ument	tation	Sl	apport:	ing	the	qua	alifi	ied p	physic	ian	<u>'s</u>
opin	nion	that	the	medic	al	condi	tion	is	of	the	same	e kind	or	class
as t	the c	condit	tions	s in p	ara	agraph	s (2) (a)	- (j).				

- 2. Documentation that establishes the efficacy of marijuana as treatment for the condition.
- 3. Documentation supporting the qualified physician's opinion that the benefits of medical use of marijuana would likely outweigh the potential health risks for the patient.
 - 4. Any other documentation as required by board rule.

The department must submit such documentation to the Coalition
for Medical Marijuana Research and Education established
pursuant to s. 1004.4351.

- (c) A qualified physician may not issue a physician certification for more than three 70-day supply limits of marijuana. The department shall quantify by rule a daily dose amount with equivalent dose amounts for each allowable form of marijuana dispensed by a medical marijuana treatment center. The department shall use the daily dose amount to calculate a 70-day supply.
- 1. A qualified physician may request an exception to the daily dose amount limit. The request shall be made electronically on a form adopted by the department in rule and must include, at a minimum:
 - a. The qualified patient's qualifying medical condition.

b.	The	dosage	and	route	of	admin	nistration	that	was
insuffic	ient	to prov	/ide	relief	î to	the	qualified	patie	ent.

- c. A description of how the patient will benefit from an increased amount.
- d. The minimum daily dose amount of marijuana that would be sufficient for the treatment of the qualified patient's qualifying medical condition.
- 2. A qualified physician must provide the qualified patient's records upon the request of the department.
- 3. The department shall approve or disapprove the request within 14 days after receipt of the complete documentation required by this paragraph. The request shall be deemed approved if the department fails to act within this time period.
- (d) A qualified physician must evaluate and recertify an existing qualified patient at least once every 30 weeks prior to issuing a new physician certification. A physician must:
- 1. Determine if the patient still meets the requirements of a qualified patient under paragraph (a).
- 2. Assess and document in the qualified patient's medical records the qualified patient's progress toward treatment objectives, tolerance of or reaction to the medical use of marijuana, and risk of aberrant drug-related behavior.
- 3. Identify and document in the qualified patient's medical records whether the qualified patient experienced either of the following related to the medical use of marijuana:

a.	An	adverse	drug	interaction	with	any	prescription	or
nonpresc	cript	tion med:	icatio	on; or				

- b. A reduction in the use of opioid analgesics.
- 4. Submit a report with the findings required pursuant to subparagraph 3. to the department. The department shall submit such reports to the Coalition for Medical Marijuana Research and Education established pursuant to s. 1004.4351.
- (e) An active order for low-THC cannabis or medical cannabis issued pursuant to former s. 381.986, Florida Statutes 2016, and registered with the compassionate use registry before the effective date of this section, is deemed a physician certification, and all patients possessing such orders are deemed qualified patients until the department begins issuing medical marijuana use registry identification cards.
- (f) The department shall monitor physician registration in the medical marijuana use registry and the issuance of physician certifications for practices that could facilitate unlawful diversion or misuse of marijuana or a marijuana delivery device and shall take disciplinary action as appropriate.
- (g) The Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic

 Medicine shall jointly create a physician certification pattern
 review panel that shall review all physician certifications
 submitted to the medical marijuana use registry. The panel shall
 track and report the number of physician certifications and the
 qualifying medical conditions, dosage, supply amount, and form

of marijuana certified. The panel shall report the data both by individual qualified physician and in the aggregate, by county, and statewide. The physician certification pattern review panel shall, beginning January 1, 2018, submit an annual report of its findings and recommendations to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

- (h) The department, the Board of Medicine, and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine may adopt rules pursuant to ss.
 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this subsection.
 - (5) MEDICAL MARIJUANA USE REGISTRY.-
- (a) The department shall create and maintain a secure, electronic, and online medical marijuana use registry for physicians, patients, and caregivers as provided under this section. The medical marijuana use registry must be accessible to law enforcement agencies, qualified physicians, and medical marijuana treatment centers to verify the authorization of a qualified patient or a caregiver to possess marijuana or a marijuana delivery device and record the marijuana or marijuana delivery device dispensed. The medical marijuana use registry must also be accessible to practitioners licensed to prescribe prescription drugs to ensure proper care for patients before medications that may interact with the medical use of marijuana are prescribed. The medical marijuana use registry must prevent an active registration of a qualified patient by multiple physicians.

	(b)	The	dep	artme	nt sl	hall	dete	rmine	whe	ther	an	indivi	dual
is a	resi	dent	of	this	state	e for	the	purp	ose	of re	egis	stratio	n of
qual	ified	pati	ient	s and	car	egive	ers i	n the	med	ical	maı	rijuana	use
regis	stry.	To p	prov	e res	iden	cy:							

- 1. An adult resident must provide the department with a copy of his or her valid Florida driver license issued under s. 322.18 or a copy of a valid Florida identification card issued under s. 322.051.
- 2. An adult seasonal resident who cannot meet the requirements of subparagraph 1. may provide the department with a copy of two of the following that show proof of residential address:
- <u>a. A deed, mortgage, monthly mortgage statement, mortgage</u> payment booklet or residential rental or lease agreement.
- b. One proof of residential address from the seasonal resident's parent, step-parent, legal guardian or other person with whom the seasonal resident resides and a statement from the person with whom the seasonal resident resides stating that the seasonal resident does reside with him or her.
- c. A utility hook up or work order dated within 60 days prior to registration in the medical use registry.
 - d. A utility bill, not more than 2 months old.
- e. Mail from a financial institution, including checking, savings, or investment account statements, not more than 2 months old.

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364	f. Mail from a federal, state, county, or municipal
365	government agency, not more than 2 months old.
366	g. Any other documentation that provides proof of
367	residential address as determined by department rule.
368	3. "Seasonal resident" means any person who:
369	a. Temporarily resides in this state for a period of at
370	least 31 consecutive days in each calendar year;
371	b. Maintains a temporary residence in this state;
372	c. Returns to the state or jurisdiction of his or her
373	residence at least one time during each calendar year; and
374	d. Is registered to vote or pays income tax in another
375	state or jurisdiction.
376	4. A minor must provide the department with a certified
377	copy of a birth certificate or a current record of registration
378	from a Florida K-12 school and must have a parent or legal
379	guardian who meets the requirements of subparagraph 1.
380	(c) The department may suspend or revoke the registration
381	of a qualified patient or caregiver if the qualified patient or
382	caregiver:
383	1. Provides misleading, incorrect, false, or fraudulent
384	information to the department;
385	2. Obtains a supply of marijuana in an amount greater than
386	the amount authorized by the physician certification;
387	3. Falsifies, alters, or otherwise modifies an
388	identification card;

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	4.	. Fá	ails	to	timely	noti	fy	the	departm	nent	of	any	changes	to
his	or	her	qual	Lifi	ed pat:	ient	sta	itus;	or					

- 5. Violates the requirements of this section or any rule adopted under this section.
- (d) The department shall immediately suspend the registration of a qualified patient charged with a violation of chapter 893 until final disposition of any alleged offense.

 Thereafter, the department may extend the suspension, revoke the registration, or reinstate the registration.
- (e) The department shall immediately suspend the registration of any caregiver charged with a violation of chapter 893 until final disposition of any alleged offense. The department shall revoke a caregiver registration if the caregiver does not meet the requirements of subparagraph (6) (b) 6.
- (f) The department may revoke the registration of a qualified patient or caregiver who cultivates marijuana or who acquires, possesses, or delivers marijuana from any person or entity other than a medical marijuana treatment center.
- (g) The department shall revoke the registration of a qualified patient, and the patient's associated caregiver, upon notification that the patient no longer meets the criteria of a qualified patient.
- (h) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this subsection.

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414	(6)	CAREGIVERS

- (a) The department must register an individual as a caregiver on the medical marijuana use registry and issue a caregiver identification card if an individual designated by a qualified patient meets all of the requirements of this subsection and department rule.
 - (b) A caregiver must:
- 1. Not be a qualified physician and not be employed by or have an economic interest in a medical marijuana treatment center or a marijuana testing laboratory.
- 2. Be 21 years of age or older and a resident of this state.
- 3. Agree in writing to assist with the qualified patient's medical use of marijuana.
- 4. Be registered in the medical marijuana use registry as a caregiver for no more than one qualified patient, except as provided in this paragraph.
- 5. Successfully complete a caregiver certification course developed and administered by the department or its designee, which must be renewed biennially. The price of the course may not exceed \$100.
- 6. Pass a background screening pursuant to subsection (9), unless the patient is a close relative of the caregiver.
- (c) A qualified patient may designate no more than one caregiver to assist with the qualified patient's medical use of

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шатт	.juana,	unless:

- 1. The qualified patient is a minor and the designated caregivers are parents or legal guardians of the qualified patient;
- 2. The qualified patient is an adult who has an intellectual or developmental disability that prevents the patient from being able to protect or care for himself or herself without assistance or supervision and the designated caregivers are the parents or legal guardians of the qualified patient; or
 - 3. The qualified patient is admitted to a hospice program.
- (d) A caregiver may be registered in the medical marijuana use registry as a designated caregiver for no more than one qualified patient, unless:
- 1. The caregiver is a parent or legal guardian of more than one minor who is a qualified patient;
- 2. The caregiver is a parent or legal guardian of more than one adult who is a qualified patient and who has an intellectual or developmental disability that prevents the patient from being able to protect or care for himself or herself without assistance or supervision; or
- 3. All qualified patients the caregiver has agreed to assist are admitted to a hospice program and have requested the assistance of that caregiver with the medical use of marijuana; the caregiver is an employee of the hospice; and the caregiver

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465	the	hosp	ice	in	the	sco	oe -	of	that	empl	oyme	ent.			

- (e) A caregiver may not receive compensation, other than actual expenses incurred, for any services provided to the qualified patient.
- (f) If a qualified patient is younger than 18 years of age, only a caregiver may purchase or administer marijuana for medical use by the qualified patient. The qualified patient may not purchase marijuana.
- (g) A caregiver must be in immediate possession of his or her medical marijuana use registry identification card at all times when in possession of marijuana or a marijuana delivery device and must present his or her medical marijuana use registry identification card upon the request of a law enforcement officer.
- (h) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this subsection.
 - (7) IDENTIFICATION CARDS.-
- (a) The department shall issue medical marijuana use registry identification cards for qualified patients and caregivers who are residents of this state, which must be renewed annually. The identification cards must be resistant to counterfeiting and tampering and must include, at a minimum, the following:
- 1. The name, address, and date of birth of the qualified 746323

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- 2. A full-face, passport-type, color photograph of the qualified patient or caregiver taken within the 90 days immediately preceding registration or the Florida driver license or Florida identification card photograph of the qualified patient or caregiver obtained directly from the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.
 - 3. Identification as a qualified patient or a caregiver.
- 4. The unique numeric identifier used for the qualified patient in the medical marijuana use registry.
- 5. For a caregiver, the name and unique numeric identifier of the caregiver and the qualified patient or patients that the caregiver is assisting.
 - 6. The expiration date of the identification card.
- (b) The department must receive written consent from a qualified patient's parent or legal guardian before it may issue an identification card to a qualified patient who is a minor.
- (c) The department shall, by July 3, 2017, adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 establishing procedures for the issuance, renewal, suspension, replacement, surrender, and revocation of medical marijuana use registry identification cards and shall begin issuing qualified patient identification cards by October 3, 2017.
- (d) Applications for identification cards must be submitted on a form prescribed by the department. The department

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may charge a reasonable fee associated with the issuance,
replacement, and renewal of identification cards. The department
may contract with a third-party vendor to issue identification
cards. The vendor selected by the department must have
experience performing similar functions for other state
agencies.

- (e) A qualified patient or caregiver must return his or her identification card to the department within 5 business days after revocation.
 - (8) MEDICAL MARIJUANA TREATMENT CENTERS.—
- (a) The department shall license medical marijuana treatment centers to ensure reasonable statewide accessibility and availability as necessary for qualified patients registered in the medical marijuana use registry and who are issued a physician certification under this section.
- 1. The department shall license as a medical marijuana treatment center any entity that holds an active, unrestricted license to cultivate, process, transport, and dispense low-THC cannabis, medical cannabis, and cannabis delivery devices, under former s. 381.986, Florida Statutes 2016, before July 1, 2017, and which meets the requirements of this section. In addition to the authority granted under this section, these entities are authorized to dispense low-THC cannabis, medical cannabis, and cannabis delivery devices ordered pursuant to former s. 381.986, Florida Statutes 2016, which were entered into the compassionate

use registry before July 1, 2017. The department may grant variances from the representations made in such an entity's original application for approval under former s. 381.986, Florida Statutes 2014, pursuant to paragraph (e).

- 2. The department shall also license as a medical marijuana treatment center any applicant that was denied a dispensing organization license by the department under former s. 381.986, Florida Statutes 2014, if the applicant is awarded a license pursuant to an administrative or legal challenge filed prior to January 1, 2017, and meets the requirements of this section.
- 3. As soon as practicable, but no later than July 1, 2018, the department shall license as medical marijuana treatment centers ten applicants that meet the requirements of this section, except as provided in sub-subparagraph b., including:
- a. One applicant per region which was a qualified dispensing organization applicant under former s. 381.986,

 Florida Statutes 2014; was the next-highest scoring applicant after the applicant or applicants that were awarded a license for that region; was not a litigant in an administrative challenge on or after March 31, 2017; and is not licensed in another region.
- b. One applicant that is a recognized class member of Pigford v. Glickman, 185 F.R.D. 82 (D.D.C. 1999), or In Re Black Farmers Litig., 856 F. Supp. 2d 1 (D.D.C. 2011); is a member of

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the Black Farmers and Agriculturalists Association-Florida

Chapter; and meets the requirements of subparagraphs (b) 3.-9.

- 4. Within 6 months after the registration of 100,000 active qualified patients in the medical marijuana use registry, the department shall license four additional medical marijuana treatment centers that meet the requirements of this section.

 Thereafter, the department shall license four medical marijuana treatment centers within 6 months after the registration of each additional 100,000 active qualified patients in the medical marijuana use registry that meet the requirements of this section.
- (b) An applicant for licensure as a medical marijuana treatment center shall apply to the department on a form prescribed by the department and adopted in rule. The department shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 establishing a procedure for the issuance and biennial renewal of licenses, including initial application and biennial renewal fees sufficient to cover the costs of administering this licensure program. Subject to the requirements in subparagraphs (a)2.-4., the department shall issue a license to an applicant if the applicant meets the requirements of this section and pays the initial application fee. The department shall renew the licensure of a medical marijuana treatment center biennially if the licensee meets the requirements of this section and pays the biennial renewal fee. An individual may not be an applicant,

owner, officer, board member, or manager on more than one						
application for licensure as a medical marijuana treatment						
center. An individual or entity may not be awarded more than one						
license as a medical marijuana treatment center. An applicant						
for licensure as a medical marijuana treatment center must						
demonstrate:						

- 1. That, for the 5 consecutive years before submitting the application, the applicant has been registered to do business in in the state.
- 2. Possession of a valid certificate of registration issued by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to s. 581.131.
- 3. The technical and technological ability to cultivate and produce marijuana, including, but not limited to, low-THC cannabis.
- 4. The ability to secure the premises, resources, and personnel necessary to operate as a medical marijuana treatment center.
- 5. The ability to maintain accountability of all raw materials, finished products, and any byproducts to prevent diversion or unlawful access to or possession of these substances.
- 6. An infrastructure reasonably located to dispense marijuana to registered qualified patients statewide or regionally as determined by the department.

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7. The financial ability to maintain operations for the
duration of the 2-year approval cycle, including the provision
of certified financial statements to the department. Upon
approval, the applicant must post a \$5 million performance bond.
However, a medical marijuana treatment center serving at least
1,000 qualified patients is only required to maintain a \$2
million performance bond.

- 8. That all owners, officers, board members, and managers have passed a background screening pursuant to subsection (9).
- 9. The employment of a medical director to supervise the activities of the medical marijuana treatment center.
- (c) A medical marijuana treatment center may not make a wholesale purchase of marijuana from, or a distribution of marijuana to, another medical marijuana treatment center, unless the medical marijuana treatment center seeking to make a wholesale purchase of marijuana submits proof of harvest failure to the department.
- (d) The department shall establish, maintain, and control a computer software tracking system that traces marijuana from seed to sale and allows real-time, 24-hour access by the department to data from all medical marijuana treatment centers and marijuana testing laboratories. The tracking system must allow for integration of other seed-to-sale systems and, at a minimum, include notification of when marijuana seeds are planted, when marijuana plants are harvested and destroyed, and

when marijuana is transported, sold, stolen, diverted, or lost. Each medical marijuana treatment center shall use the seed-to-sale tracking system established by the department or integrate its own seed-to-sale tracking system with the seed-to-sale tracking system established by the department. Each medical marijuana treatment center may use its own seed-to-sale system until the department establishes a seed-to-sale tracking system. The department may contract with a vendor to establish the seed-to-sale tracking system. The vendor selected by the department may not have a contractual relationship with the department to perform any services pursuant to this section other than the seed-to-sale tracking system. The vendor may not have a direct or indirect financial interest in a medical marijuana treatment center or a marijuana testing laboratory.

(e) A licensed medical marijuana treatment center shall cultivate, process, transport, and dispense marijuana for medical use. A licensed medical marijuana treatment center may not contract for services directly related to the cultivation, processing, and dispensing of marijuana or marijuana delivery devices. A licensed medical marijuana treatment center must, at all times, maintain compliance with the criteria demonstrated and representations made in the initial application and the criteria established in this subsection. Upon request, the department may grant a medical marijuana treatment center a variance from the representations made in the initial

application. Consideration of such a request shall be based upon
the individual facts and circumstances surrounding the request.
A variance may not be granted unless the requesting medical
marijuana treatment center can demonstrate to the department
that it has a proposed alternative to the specific
representation made in its application which fulfills the same
or a similar purpose as the specific representation in a way
that the department can reasonably determine will not be a lower
standard than the specific representation in the application. A
variance may not be granted from the requirements in
subparagraph 2. and subparagraphs (b) 1. and 2.

- 1. A licensed medical marijuana treatment center may transfer ownership to an individual or entity who meets the requirements of this section. To accommodate a change in ownership:
- a. The licensed medical marijuana treatment center shall notify the department in writing at least 60 days before the anticipated date of the change of ownership.
- b. The individual or entity applying for initial licensure due to a change of ownership must submit an application that must be received by the department at least 60 days prior to the date of change of ownership.
- c. Upon receipt of an application for a license, the department shall examine the application and, within 30 days after receipt, notify the applicant in writing of any apparent

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689	errors	or	omissions	and	request	any	additional	information
690	require	ed.						

d. Requested information omitted from an application for licensure must be filed with the department within 21 days after the department's request for omitted information or the application shall be deemed incomplete and shall be withdrawn from further consideration and the fees shall be forfeited.

697 Within 30 days after the receipt of a complete application, the department shall approve or deny the application.

- 2. A medical marijuana treatment center, and any individual or entity who directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds with power to vote 25 percent or more of the voting shares of a medical marijuana treatment center, may not acquire direct or indirect ownership or control of any voting shares or other form of ownership of any other medical marijuana treatment center.
- 3. All employees of a medical marijuana treatment center must be 21 years of age or older and have passed a background screening pursuant to subsection (9).
- 4. Each medical marijuana treatment center must adopt and enforce policies and procedures to ensure employees and volunteers receive training on the legal requirements to dispense marijuana to qualified patients.
 - 5. When growing marijuana, a medical marijuana treatment

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714 center:

- a. May use pesticides determined by the department, after consultation with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, to be safely applied to plants intended for human consumption, but may not use pesticides designated as restricted-use pesticides pursuant to s. 487.042.
- b. Must grow marijuana within an enclosed structure and in a room separate from any other plant.
- c. Must inspect seeds and growing plants for plant pests that endanger or threaten the horticultural and agricultural interests of the state in accordance with chapter 581 and any rules adopted thereunder.
- <u>d. Must perform fumigation or treatment of plants, or</u>
 remove and destroy infested or infected plants, in accordance
 with chapter 581 and any rules adopted thereunder.
- 6. Each medical marijuana treatment center must produce and make available for purchase at least one low-THC cannabis product.
- 7. A medical marijuana treatment center that produces edibles must hold a permit to operate as a food establishment pursuant to chapter 500, the Florida Food Safety Act, and must comply with all the requirements for food establishments pursuant to chapter 500 and any rules adopted thereunder. Edibles may not contain more than 200 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol and a single serving portion of an edible

may not exceed 10 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol. Edibles			
may have a potency variance of no greater than 15 percent.			
Edibles may not be attractive to children; be manufactured in			
the shape of humans, cartoons, or animals; be manufactured in a			
form that bears any reasonable resemblance to products available			
for consumption as commercially available candy; or contain any			
color additives. To discourage consumption of edibles by			
children, the department shall determine by rule any shapes,			
forms, and ingredients allowed and prohibited for edibles.			
Medical marijuana treatment centers may not begin processing or			
dispensing edibles until after the effective date of the rule.			
The department shall also adopt sanitation rules providing the			
standards and requirements for the storage, display, or			
dispensing of edibles.			

- 8. When processing marijuana, a medical marijuana treatment center must:
- a. Process the marijuana within an enclosed structure and in a room separate from other plants or products.
- b. Not use a hydrocarbon based solvent, such as butane, hexane, or propane, to extract or separate resin from marijuana.
- c. Test the processed marijuana using a medical marijuana testing laboratory before it is dispensed. Results must be verified and signed by two medical marijuana treatment center employees. Before dispensing, the medical marijuana treatment center must determine that the test results indicate that low-

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THC cannabis meets the definition of low-THC cannabis, the
concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol meets the potency
requirements of this section, the labeling of the concentration
of tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol is accurate, and all
marijuana is safe for human consumption and free from
contaminants that are unsafe for human consumption. The
department shall determine by rule which contaminants must be
tested for and the maximum levels of each contaminant which are
safe for human consumption. The Department of Agriculture and
Consumer Services shall assist the department in developing the
testing requirements for contaminants that are unsafe for human
consumption in edibles. The department shall also determine by
rule the procedures for the treatment of marijuana that fails to
meet the testing requirements of this section, s. 381.988, or
department rule. The department may select a random sample from
edibles available for purchase in a dispensing facility that
shall be tested by the department to determine that the edible
meets the potency requirements of this section, is safe for
human consumption, and the labeling of the tetrahydrocannabinol
and cannabidiol concentration is accurate. A medical marijuana
treatment center may not require payment from the department for
the sample. A medical marijuana treatment center must recall
edibles, including all edibles made from the same batch of
marijuana, which fail to meet the potency requirements of this
section, which are unsafe for human consumption, or for which

the labeling of the tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol
concentration is inaccurate. The medical marijuana treatment
center must retain records of all testing and samples of each
homogenous batch of marijuana for at least 9 months. The medical
marijuana treatment center must contract with a marijuana
testing laboratory to perform audits on the medical marijuana
treatment center's standard operating procedures, testing
records, and samples and provide the results to the department
to confirm that the marijuana or low-THC cannabis-meets the
requirements of this section and that the marijuana or low-THC
cannabis is safe for human consumption. A medical marijuana
treatment center shall reserve two processed samples from each
batch and retain such samples for at least 9 months for the
purpose such audits. A medical marijuana treatment center may
use a laboratory that has not been certified by the department
under s. 381.988 until such time as at least one laboratory
holds the required certification, but in no event later than
July 1, 2018.

- d. Package the marijuana in compliance with the United States Poison Prevention Packaging Act of 1970, 15 U.S.C. ss. 1471 et seq.
- e. Package the marijuana in a receptacle that has a firmly affixed and legible label stating the following information:
- (I) The marijuana or low-THC cannabis meets the requirements of sub-subparagraph c.

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814	(II) The name of the medical marijuana treatment center				
815	from which the marijuana originates.				
816	(III) The batch number and harvest number from which the				
817	marijuana originates and the date dispensed.				
818	(IV) The name of the physician who issued the physician				
819	certification.				
820	(V) The name of the patient.				
821	(VI) The product name, if applicable, and dosage form,				
822	including concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol.				
823	The product name may not contain wording commonly associated				
824	with products marketed by or to children.				
825	(VII) The recommended dose.				
826	(VIII) A warning that it is illegal to transfer medical				
827	7 marijuana to another person.				
828	(IX) A marijuana universal symbol developed by the				
829	9 <u>department</u> .				
830	9. The medical marijuana treatment center shall include in				
831	each package a patient package insert with information on the				
832	specific product dispensed related to:				
833	a. Clinical pharmacology.				
834	b. Indications and use.				
835	c. Dosage and administration.				
836	d. Dosage forms and strengths.				
837	e. Contraindications.				
838	f. Warnings and precautions.				

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q.	Adverse	reactions.

- 10. Each edible shall be individually sealed in plain, opaque wrapping marked only with the marijuana universal symbol. Where practical, each edible shall be marked with the marijuana universal symbol. In addition to the packaging and labeling requirements in subparagraphs 8. and 9., edible receptacles must be plain, opaque, and white without depictions of the product or images other than the medical marijuana treatment center's department-approved logo and the marijuana universal symbol. The receptacle must also include a list all of the edible's ingredients, storage instructions, an expiration date, a legible and prominent warning to keep away from children and pets, and a warning that the edible has not been produced or inspected pursuant to federal food safety laws.
- 11. When dispensing marijuana or a marijuana delivery device, a medical marijuana treatment center:
- a. May dispense any active, valid order for low-THC cannabis, medical cannabis and cannabis delivery devices issued pursuant to former s. 381.986, Florida Statutes 2016, which was been entered into the medical marijuana use registry before July 1, 2017.
- b. May not dispense more than a 70-day supply of marijuana to a qualified patient or caregiver.
- c. Must have the medical marijuana treatment center's employee who dispenses the marijuana or a marijuana delivery

device enter into the medical marijuana use registry his or her name or unique employee identifier.

- d. Must verify that the qualified patient and the caregiver, if applicable, each has an active registration in the medical marijuana use registry and an active and valid medical marijuana use registry identification card, the amount and type of marijuana dispensed matches the physician's certification in the medical marijuana use registry for that qualified patient, and the physician certification has not already been filled.
- e. May not dispense marijuana to a qualified patient who is younger than 18 years of age. If the qualified patient is younger than 18 years of age, marijuana may only be dispensed to the qualified patient's caregiver.
- f. May not dispense or sell any other type of cannabis, alcohol, or illicit drug-related product, including pipes, bongs, or wrapping papers, other than a marijuana delivery device required for the medical use of marijuana and which is specified in a physician certification.
- g. Must, upon dispensing the marijuana or marijuana delivery device, record in the registry the date, time, quantity, and form of marijuana dispensed; the type of marijuana delivery device dispensed; and the name and medical marijuana use registry identification number of the qualified patient or caregiver to whom the marijuana delivery device was dispensed.
 - h. Must ensure that patient records are not visible to

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889	anyone	e other	than	the	qualified	patient,	his	or	her	caregiver,
890	and au	uthoriz	ed me	dical	. marijuana	a treatme:	nt ce	ente	r er	mployees.

- (f) To ensure the safety and security of premises where the cultivation, processing, storing, or dispensing of marijuana occurs, and to maintain adequate controls against the diversion, theft, and loss of marijuana or marijuana delivery devices, a medical marijuana treatment center shall:
- 1.a. Maintain a fully operational security alarm system
 that secures all entry points and perimeter windows and is
 equipped with motion detectors; pressure switches; and duress,
 panic, and hold-up alarms; and
- <u>b. Maintain a video surveillance system that records</u> continuously 24 hours a day and meets the following criteria:
- (I) Cameras are fixed in a place that allows for the clear identification of persons and activities in controlled areas of the premises. Controlled areas include grow rooms, processing rooms, storage rooms, disposal rooms or areas, and point-of-sale rooms.
- (II) Cameras are fixed in entrances and exits to the premises, which shall record from both indoor and outdoor, or ingress and egress, vantage points.
- $\underline{\mbox{(III)} \mbox{ Recorded images must clearly and accurately display}} \mbox{ the time and date.}$
- (IV) Retain video surveillance recordings for at least 45 days or longer upon the request of a law enforcement agency.

2.	Ensure	that	the	medical	marijuana	trea	atment	cente	er's
outdoor	premises	have	sui	fficient	lighting	from	dusk	until	dawn.

- 3. Ensure that the indoor premises where dispensing occurs includes a waiting area with sufficient space and seating to accommodate qualified patients and caregivers and at least one private consultation area that is isolated from the waiting area and area where dispensing occurs. A medical marijuana treatment center may not display products or dispense marijuana or marijuana delivery devices in the waiting area.
- 4. Not dispense from its premises marijuana or a marijuana delivery device between the hours of 9 p.m. and 7 a.m., but may perform all other operations and deliver marijuana to qualified patients 24 hours a day.
 - 5. Store marijuana in a secured, locked room or a vault.
- 6. Require at least two of its employees, or two employees of a security agency with whom it contracts, to be on the premises at all times where cultivation, processing, or storing of marijuana occurs.
- 7. Require each employee or contractor to wear a photo identification badge at all times while on the premises.
- 8. Require each visitor to wear a visitor pass at all times while on the premises.
 - 9. Implement an alcohol and drug-free workplace policy.

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10. Report to local law enforcement within 24 hours after the medical marijuana treatment center is notified or becomes

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aware	of	the	theft,	diversion,	or	loss	of	marijuana.
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- (g) To ensure the safe transport of marijuana and marijuana delivery devices to medical marijuana treatment centers, marijuana testing laboratories, or qualified patients, a medical marijuana treatment center must:
- 1. Maintain a marijuana transportation manifest in any vehicle transporting marijuana. The marijuana transportation manifest must be generated from a medical marijuana treatment center's seed-to-sale tracking system and include the:
 - a. Departure date and approximate time of departure.
- b. Name, location address, and license number of the originating medical marijuana treatment center.
 - c. Name and address of the recipient of the delivery.
- d. Quantity and form of any marijuana or marijuana delivery device being transported.
 - e. Arrival date and estimated time of arrival.
- f. Delivery vehicle make and model and license plate number.
- g. Name and signature of the medical marijuana treatment center employees delivering the product.
- (I) A copy of the marijuana transportation manifest must be provided to each individual, medical marijuana treatment center, or marijuana testing laboratory that receives a delivery. The individual, or a representative of the center or laboratory, must sign a copy of the marijuana transportation

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ma	nifest	acknow!	ledging	, receipt.

- (II) An individual transporting marijuana or a marijuana delivery device must present a copy of the relevant marijuana transportation manifest and his or her employee identification card to a law enforcement officer upon request.
- (III) Medical marijuana treatment centers and marijuana testing laboratories must retain copies of all marijuana transportation manifests for at least 3 years.
- 2. Ensure only vehicles in good working order are used to transport marijuana.
- 3. Lock marijuana and marijuana delivery devices in a separate compartment or container within the vehicle.
- 4. Require employees to have possession of their employee identification card at all times when transporting marijuana or marijuana delivery devices.
- 5. Require at least two persons to be in a vehicle transporting marijuana or marijuana delivery devices, and require at least one person to remain in the vehicle while the marijuana or marijuana delivery device is being delivered.
- 6. Provide specific safety and security training to employees transporting or delivering marijuana and marijuana delivery devices.
- (h) A medical marijuana treatment center may not engage in advertising that is visible to members of the public from any street, sidewalk, park, or other public place, except:

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1. The dispensing location of a medical marijuana
treatment center may have a sign that is affixed to the outside
or hanging in the window of the premises which identifies the
dispensary by the licensee's business name, a department-
approved trade name, or a department-approved logo. A medical
marijuana treatment center's trade name and logo may not contain
wording or images commonly associated with marketing targeted
toward children or which promote recreational use of marijuana.

- 2. A medical marijuana treatment center may engage in Internet advertising and marketing under the following conditions:
 - a. All advertisements must be approved by the department.
- <u>b. An advertisement may not have any content that</u>
 specifically targets individuals under the age of 18, including cartoon characters or similar images.
- c. An advertisement may not be an unsolicited pop-up advertisement.
- d. Opt-in marketing must include an easy and permanent opt-out feature.
- (i) Each medical marijuana treatment center that dispenses marijuana and marijuana delivery devices shall make available to the public on its website:
- 1. Each marijuana and low-THC product available for purchase, including the form, strain of marijuana from which it was extracted, cannabidiol content, tetrahydrocannabinol

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1014	content,	dose unit,	total	number	of doses	s availa	ble, a	and the	
1015	ratio of	cannabidio	l to te	etrahydr	rocannab	nol for	each	produc	t.
1016	2.	The price	for a 3	30-dav,	50-dav,	and 70-	dav sı	applv a	t

- 2. The price for a 30-day, 50-day, and 70-day supply at a standard dose for each marijuana and low-THC product available for purchase.
- 3. The price for each marijuana delivery device available for purchase.
- 4. If applicable, any discount policies and eligibility criteria for such discounts.
- (j) Medical marijuana treatment centers are the sole source from which a qualified patient may legally obtain marijuana.
- (k) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this subsection.
- (9) BACKGROUND SCREENING.—An individual required to undergo a background screening pursuant to this section must pass a level 2 background screening as provided under chapter 435, which, in addition to the disqualifying offenses provided in s. 435.04, shall exclude an individual who has an arrest awaiting final disposition for, has been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or has entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to an offense under chapter 837, chapter 895, or chapter 896 or similar law of another jurisdiction.
- (a) Such individual must submit a full set of fingerprints to the department or to a vendor, entity, or agency authorized

1039	by s. 943.053(13). The department, vendor, entity, or agency
1040	shall forward the fingerprints to the Department of Law
1041	Enforcement for state processing, and the Department of Law
1042	Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau
1043	of Investigation for national processing.

- (b) Fees for state and federal fingerprint processing and retention shall be borne by the individual. The state cost for fingerprint processing shall be as provided in s. 943.053(3)(e) for records provided to persons or entities other than those specified as exceptions therein.
- (c) Fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement pursuant to this subsection shall be retained by the Department of Law Enforcement as provided in s. 943.05(2)(g) and (h) and, when the Department of Law Enforcement begins participation in the program, enrolled in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's national retained print arrest notification program. Any arrest record identified shall be reported to the department.
- (10) MEDICAL MARIJUANA TREATMENT CENTER INSPECTIONS;
 ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS.—
- (a) The department shall conduct announced or unannounced inspections of medical marijuana treatment centers to determine compliance with this section or rules adopted pursuant to this section.
 - (b) The department shall inspect a medical marijuana

treatment center upon receiving a complaint or notice that the medical marijuana treatment center has dispensed marijuana containing mold, bacteria, or other contaminant that may cause or has caused an adverse effect to human health or the environment.

- (c) The department shall conduct at least a biennial inspection of each medical marijuana treatment center to evaluate the medical marijuana treatment center's records, personnel, equipment, processes, security measures, sanitation practices, and quality assurance practices.
- (d) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the department shall enter into an interagency agreement to ensure cooperation and coordination in the performance of their obligations under this section and their respective regulatory and authorizing laws. The department, the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, and the Department of Law Enforcement may enter into interagency agreements for the purposes specified in this subsection or subsection (7).
- (e) The department shall publish a list of all approved medical marijuana treatment centers, medical directors, and qualified physicians on its website.
- (f) The department may impose reasonable fines not to exceed \$10,000 on a medical marijuana treatment center for any of the following violations:

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1. Violating this section or department rule.

1089	2.	Failing	to	maintain	qualifications	for	approval.

- 3. Endangering the health, safety, or security of a qualified patient.
- 4. Improperly disclosing personal and confidential information of the qualified patient.
- 5. Attempting to procure medical marijuana treatment center approval by bribery, fraudulent misrepresentation, or extortion.
- 6. Being convicted or found guilty of, or entering a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the business of a medical marijuana treatment center.
- 7. Making or filing a report or record that the medical marijuana treatment center knows to be false.
- 8. Willfully failing to maintain a record required by this section or department rule.
- 9. Willfully impeding or obstructing an employee or agent of the department in the furtherance of his or her official duties.
- 10. Engaging in fraud or deceit, negligence, incompetence, or misconduct in the business practices of a medical marijuana treatment center.
- 1111 11. Making misleading, deceptive, or fraudulent

 1112 representations in or related to the business practices of a

 1113 medical marijuana treatment center.

12. Having a license or the authority to engage in any
regulated profession, occupation, or business that is related to
the business practices of a medical marijuana treatment center
suspended, revoked, or otherwise acted against by the licensing
authority of any jurisdiction, including its agencies or
subdivisions, for a violation that would constitute a violation
under Florida law.

- 13. Violating a lawful order of the department or an agency of the state, or failing to comply with a lawfully issued subpoena of the department or an agency of the state.
- (g) The department may suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a medical marijuana treatment center license if the medical marijuana treatment center commits any of the violations in paragraph (f).
- (h) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this subsection.
- (11) PREEMPTION.—Regulation of cultivation, processing, and delivery of marijuana by medical marijuana treatment centers is preempted to the state except as provided in this subsection.
- (a) A medical marijuana treatment center cultivating or processing facility may not be located within 500 feet of the real property that comprises a public or private elementary school, middle school, or secondary school.
- (b) A municipality may determine by ordinance the criteria for the number and location of, and other permitting

requirements that do not conflict with state law or department
rule for, medical marijuana treatment center dispensing
facilities located within the boundaries of the municipality. A
county may determine by ordinance the criteria for the number
and location of, and other permitting requirements that do not
conflict with state law or department rule for, all such
dispensing facilities located within the unincorporated areas of
that county. However, a medical marijuana treatment center
dispensing facility may not be located within 500 feet of the
real property that comprises a public or private elementary
school, middle school, or secondary school unless the county or
municipality approves the location through a formal proceeding
open to the public at which the county or municipality
determines that the location promotes the public health, safety,
and general welfare of the community. A dispensing facility
location approved by a municipality or county pursuant to former
s. 381.986(8)(b), Florida Statutes 2016, is not subject to the
location requirements of this subsection.
(c) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a county or

municipality may not enact ordinances for permitting or for determining the location of dispensing facilities which are more restrictive than that its ordinances permitting or determining the locations for pharmacies licensed under chapter 465. A municipality or county may not charge a medical marijuana treatment center a license or permit fee in an amount greater

- than the fee charged by such municipality or county to pharmacies.
 - (d) This subsection does not prohibit any local jurisdiction from ensuring medical marijuana treatment center facilities comply with the Florida Building Code, the Florida Fire Prevention Code, or any local amendments to the Florida Building Code or the Florida Fire Prevention Code.
 - (12) PENALTIES.—
 - (a) A qualified physician commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.

 775.083, if the qualified physician issues a physician certification for the medical use of marijuana for a patient without a reasonable belief that the patient is suffering from a qualifying medical condition.
 - (b) A person who fraudulently represents that he or she has a qualifying medical condition to a qualified physician for the purpose of being issued a physician certification commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
 - (c) A qualified patient who uses marijuana, not including low-THC cannabis, or a caregiver who administers marijuana, not including low-THC cannabis, in plain view of or in a place open to the general public; in a school bus, a vehicle, an aircraft, or a boat; or on the grounds of a school except as provided in s. 1006.062, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree,

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punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (d) A qualified patient or caregiver who cultivates

 marijuana or who purchases or acquires marijuana from any person
 or entity other than a medical marijuana treatment center

 violates s. 893.13 and is subject to the penalties provided
 therein.
- (e)1. A qualified patient or caregiver in possession of marijuana or a marijuana delivery device who fails or refuses to present his or her marijuana use registry identification card upon the request of a law enforcement officer commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, unless it can be determined through the medical marijuana use registry that the person is authorized to be in possession of that marijuana or marijuana delivery device.
- 2. A person charged with a violation of this paragraph may not be convicted if, before or at the time of his or her court or hearing appearance, the person produces in court or to the clerk of the court in which the charge is pending a medical marijuana use registry identification card issued to him or her which is valid at the time of his or her arrest. The clerk of the court is authorized to dismiss such case at any time before the defendant's appearance in court. The clerk of the court may assess a fee of \$5 for dismissing the case under this paragraph.
- (f) A caregiver who violates any of the applicable provisions of this section or applicable department rules, for

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the first offense, commits a misdemeanor of the second degree,

punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083 and, for a

second or subsequent offense, commits a misdemeanor of the first

degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (g) A qualified physician who issues a physician certification for marijuana or a marijuana delivery device and receives compensation from a medical marijuana treatment center related to the issuance of a physician certification for marijuana or a marijuana delivery device is subject to disciplinary action under the applicable practice act and s. 456.072(1)(n).
- (h) A person transporting marijuana or marijuana delivery devices on behalf of a medical marijuana treatment center or marijuana testing laboratory who fails or refuses to present a transportation manifest upon the request of a law enforcement officer commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (i) Persons and entities conducting activities authorized and governed by this section and s. 381.988 are subject to the provisions of ss. 456.053, 456.054, and 817.505, as applicable.
- (j) A person or entity that cultivates, processes, distributes, sells, or dispenses marijuana, as defined in s. 29(b)(4), Art. X of the State Constitution, and is not licensed as a medical marijuana treatment center violates s. 893.13 and is subject to the penalties provided therein.

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(13) UNLICENSED ACTIVITY.-

- (a) If the department has probable cause to believe that a person or entity that is not registered or licensed with the department has violated this section, s. 381.988, or any rule adopted pursuant to this section, the department may issue and deliver to such person or entity a notice to cease and desist from such violation. The department also may issue and deliver a notice to cease and desist to any person or entity who aids and abets such unlicensed activity. The issuance of a notice to cease and desist does not constitute agency action for which a hearing under s. 120.569 or s. 120.57 may be sought. For the purpose of enforcing a cease and desist order, the department may file a proceeding in the name of the state seeking issuance of an injunction or a writ of mandamus against any person or entity who violates any provisions of such order.
- (b) In addition to the remedies under paragraph (a), the department may impose by citation an administrative penalty not to exceed \$5,000 per incident. The citation shall be issued to the subject and shall contain the subject's name and any other information the department determines to be necessary to identify the subject, a brief factual statement, the sections of the law allegedly violated, and the penalty imposed. If the subject does not dispute the matter in the citation with the department within 30 days after the citation is served, the citation shall become a final order of the department. The

department may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this section. Each day that the unlicensed activity continues after issuance of a notice to cease and desist constitutes a separate violation. The department shall be entitled to recover the costs of investigation and prosecution in addition to the fine levied pursuant to the citation. Service of a citation may be made by personal service or by mail to the subject at the subject's last known address or place of practice. If the department is required to seek enforcement of the cease and desist or agency order, it shall be entitled to collect attorney fees and costs.

- c) In addition to or in lieu of any other administrative remedy, the department may seek the imposition of a civil penalty through the circuit court for any violation for which the department may issue a notice to cease and desist. The civil penalty shall be no less than \$5,000 and no more than \$10,000 for each offense. The court may also award to the prevailing party court costs and reasonable attorney fees and, in the event the department prevails, may also award reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution.
- (d) In addition to the other remedies provided in this section, the department or any state attorney may bring an action for an injunction to restrain any unlicensed activity or to enjoin the future operation or maintenance of the unlicensed activity or the performance of any service in violation of this

1289 <u>section.</u>

- (e) The department must notify local law enforcement of such unlicensed activity for a determination of any criminal violation of chapter 893.
 - (14) EXCEPTIONS TO OTHER LAWS.—
- (a) Notwithstanding s. 893.13, s. 893.135, s. 893.147, or any other provision of law, but subject to the requirements of this section, a qualified patient and the qualified patient's caregiver may purchase from a medical marijuana treatment center for the patient's medical use a marijuana delivery device and up to the amount of marijuana authorized in the physician certification, but may not possess more than a 70-day supply of marijuana at any given time and all marijuana purchased must remain in its original packaging.
- (b) Notwithstanding s. 893.13, s. 893.135, s. 893.147, or any other provision of law, but subject to the requirements of this section, an approved medical marijuana treatment center and its owners, managers, and employees may manufacture, possess, sell, deliver, distribute, dispense, and lawfully dispose of marijuana or a marijuana delivery device as provided in this section, s. 381.988, and by department rule. For purposes of this subsection, the terms "manufacture," "possession," "deliver," "distribute," and "dispense" have the same meanings as provided in s. 893.02.
 - (c) Notwithstanding s. 893.13, s. 893.135, s. 893.147, or

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1314	any other provision of law, but subject to the requirements of
1315	this section, a certified marijuana testing laboratory,
1316	including an employee of a certified marijuana testing
1317	laboratory acting within the scope of his or her employment, may
1318	acquire, possess, test, transport, and lawfully dispose of
1319	marijuana as provided in this section, in s. 381.988, and by
1320	department rule.

- (d) A licensed medical marijuana treatment center and its owners, managers, and employees are not subject to licensure or regulation under chapter 465 or chapter 499 for manufacturing, possessing, selling, delivering, distributing, dispensing, or lawfully disposing of marijuana or a marijuana delivery device, as provided in this section, s. 381.988, and by department rule.
- (e) This subsection does not exempt a person from prosecution for a criminal offense related to impairment or intoxication resulting from the medical use of marijuana or relieve a person from any requirement under law to submit to a breath, blood, urine, or other test to detect the presence of a controlled substance.
- (f) Notwithstanding s. 893.13, s. 893.135, s. 893.147, or any other provision of law, but subject to the requirements of this section and pursuant to policies and procedures established pursuant to s. 1006.62(8), school personnel may possess marijuana that is obtained for medical use pursuant to this section by a student who is a qualified patient.

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1339	(g) Notwithstanding s. 893.13, s. 893.135, s. 893.147, or
1340	any other provision of law, but subject to the requirements of
1341	this section, a research institute established by a public
1342	postsecondary educational institution, such as the H. Lee
1343	Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute established under
1344	s. 1004.43, or a state university that has achieved the
1345	preeminent state research university designation under s.
1346	1001.7065 may possess, test, transport, and lawfully dispose of
1347	marijuana for research purposes as provided by this section.
1348	(15) APPLICABILITY.—This section does not limit the
1349	ability of an employer to establish, continue, or enforce a
1350	drug-free workplace program or policy. This section does not
1351	require an employer to accommodate the medical use of marijuana
1352	in any workplace or any employee working while under the
1353	influence of marijuana. This section does not create a cause of
1354	action against an employer for wrongful discharge or
1355	discrimination.
1356	Section 3. Paragraph (uu) is added to subsection (1) of
1357	section 458.331, Florida Statutes, to read:
1358	458.331 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the
1359	board and department
1360	(1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a
1361	license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
1362	(uu) Issuing a physician certification, as defined in s.
1363	381.986, in a manner out of compliance with the requirements of

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1364	that section and rules adopted thereunder.
1365	Section 4. Paragraph (ww) is added to subsection (1) of
1366	section 459.015, Florida Statutes, to read:
1367	459.015 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the
1368	board and department
1369	(1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a
1370	license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
1371	(ww) Issuing a physician certification, as defined in s.
1372	381.986, in a manner not in compliance with the requirements of
1373	that section and rules adopted thereunder.
1374	Section 5. Section 381.988, Florida Statutes, is created
1375	to read:
1376	381.988 Medical marijuana testing laboratories; marijuana
1377	tests conducted by a certified laboratory
1378	(1) A person or entity seeking to be a certified marijuana
1379	<pre>testing laboratory must:</pre>
1380	(a) Not be owned or controlled by a medical marijuana
1381	treatment center.
1382	(b) Submit a completed application accompanied by an
1383	application fee, as established by department rule.
1384	(c) Submit proof of an accreditation or a certification
1385	approved by the department issued by an accreditation or a
1386	certification organization approved by the department. The
1387	department shall adopt by rule a list of approved laboratory

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accreditations or certifications and accreditation or

1389 certification organizations.

- (d) Require all owners and managers to submit to and pass a level 2 background screening pursuant to s. 435.04 and shall deny certification if the person or entity has been found guilty of, or has entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, any offense listed in chapter 837, chapter 895, or chapter 896 or similar law of another jurisdiction.
- 1. Such owners and managers must submit a full set of fingerprints to the department or to a vendor, entity, or agency authorized by s. 943.053(13). The department, vendor, entity, or agency shall forward the fingerprints to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing, and the Department of Law Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for national processing.
- 2. Fees for state and federal fingerprint processing and retention shall be borne by such owners or managers. The state cost for fingerprint processing shall be as provided in s.

 943.053(3)(e) for records provided to persons or entities other than those specified as exceptions therein.
- 3. Fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law
 Enforcement pursuant to this paragraph shall be retained by the
 Department of Law Enforcement as provided in s. 943.05(2)(g) and
 (h) and, when the Department of Law Enforcement begins
 participation in the program, enrolled in the Federal Bureau of

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Investigation's national retained print arrest notification
program. Any arrest record identified shall be reported to the
department.
(e) Demonstrate to the department the capability of
meeting the standards for certification required by this
subsection, and the testing requirements of s. 381.986 and this
section and rules adopted thereunder.
(2) The department shall adopt rules pursuant to ss.
120.536(1) and 120.54 establishing a procedure for initial
certification and biennial renewal, including initial
application and biennial renewal fees sufficient to cover the
costs of administering this certification program. The
department shall renew the certification biennially if the
laboratory meets the requirements of this section and pays the
biennial renewal fee.
(3) The department shall adopt rules pursuant to ss.
120.536(1) and 120.54 establishing the standards for
certification of marijuana testing laboratories under this
section. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and
the Department of Environmental Protection shall assist the
department in developing the rule, which must include, but is
<pre>not limited to:</pre>
(a) Security standards.

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(b) Minimum standards for personnel.

(c) Sample collection method and process standards.

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1439	(d) Proficiency testing for tetrahydrocannabinol potency,
1440	concentration of cannabidiol, and contaminants unsafe for human
1441	consumption, as determined by department rule.
1442	(e) Reporting content, format, and frequency.
1443	(f) Audits and onsite inspections.
1444	(g) Quality assurance.
1445	(h) Equipment and methodology.
1446	(i) Chain of custody.
1447	(j) Any other standard the department deems necessary to
1448	ensure the health and safety of the public.
1449	(4) A marijuana testing laboratory may acquire marijuana
1450	only from a medical marijuana treatment center. A marijuana
1451	testing laboratory is prohibited from selling, distributing, or
1452	transferring marijuana received from a marijuana treatment
1453	center, except that a marijuana testing laboratory may transfer
1454	a sample to another marijuana testing laboratory in this state.
1455	(5) A marijuana testing laboratory must properly dispose
1456	of all samples it receives, unless transferred to another
1457	marijuana testing laboratory, after all necessary tests have
1458	been conducted and any required period of storage has elapsed,
1459	as established by department rule.
1460	(6) A marijuana testing laboratory shall use the computer
1461	software tracking system selected by the department under s.
1462	381.986.

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(7) The following acts constitute grounds for which

1464	disciplinary action specified in subsection (8) may be taken
1465	against a certified marijuana testing laboratory:
1466	(a) Permitting unauthorized persons to perform technical
1467	procedures or issue reports.
1468	(b) Demonstrating incompetence or making consistent errors
1469	in the performance of testing or erroneous reporting.
1470	(c) Performing a test and rendering a report thereon to a
1471	person or entity not authorized by law to receive such services.
1472	(d) Failing to file any report required under this section
1473	or s. 381.986 or the rules adopted thereunder.
1474	(e) Reporting a test result if the test was not performed.
1475	(f) Failing to correct deficiencies within the time
1476	required by the department.
1477	(g) Violating or aiding and abetting in the violation of
1478	any provision of s. 381.986 or this section or any rules adopted
1479	thereunder.
1480	(8) The department may refuse to issue or renew, or may
1481	suspend or revoke, the certification of a marijuana testing
1482	laboratory that is found to be in violation of this section or
1483	any rules adopted hereunder. The department may impose fines for
1484	violations of this section or rules adopted thereunder, based on
1485	a schedule adopted in rule. In determining the administrative
1486	action to be imposed for a violation, the department must
1487	consider the following factors:

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(a) The severity of the violation, including the

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1489	probability of death or serious harm to the health or safety of
1490	any person that may result or has resulted; the severity or
1491	potential harm; and the extent to which the provisions of s.
1492	381.986 or this section were violated.
1493	(b) The actions taken by the marijuana testing laboratory
1494	to correct the violation or to remedy the complaint.
1495	(c) Any previous violation by the marijuana testing
1496	laboratory.
1497	(d) The financial benefit to the marijuana testing
1498	laboratory of committing or continuing the violation.
1499	(9) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss.
1500	120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this section.
1501	Section 6. Section 381.989, Florida Statutes, is created
1502	to read:
1503	381.989 Public education campaigns.—
1504	(1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
1505	(a) "Cannabis" has the same meaning as in s. 893.02.
1506	(b) "Department" means the Department of Health.
1507	(c) "Marijuana" has the same meaning as in s. 381.986.
1508	(2) STATEWIDE CANNABIS AND MARIJUANA EDUCATION AND ILLICIT
1509	USE PREVENTION CAMPAIGN
1510	(a) The department shall implement a statewide cannabis
1511	and marijuana education and illicit use prevention campaign to
1512	<pre>publicize accurate information regarding:</pre>
1513	1. The legal requirements for licit use and possession of

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1514	marijuana	in	this	state.

- 2. Safe use of marijuana, including preventing access by persons other than qualified patients as defined in s. 381.986, particularly children.
- 3. The short-term and long-term health effects of cannabis and marijuana use, particularly on minors and young adults.
- 4. Other cannabis-related and marijuana-related education determined by the department to be necessary to the public health and safety.
- (b) The department shall provide educational materials regarding the eligibility for medical use of marijuana by individuals diagnosed with a terminal condition to individuals that provide palliative care or hospice services.
- (c) The department may use television messaging, radio broadcasts, print media, digital strategies, social media, and any other form of messaging deemed necessary and appropriate by the department to implement the campaign. The department may work with school districts, community organizations, and businesses and business organizations and other entities to provide training and programming.
- (d) The department may contract with one or more vendors to implement the campaign.
- (e) The department shall contract with an independent entity to conduct annual evaluations of the campaign. The evaluations shall assess the reach and impact of the campaign,

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success in educating the citizens of the state regarding the legal parameters for marijuana use, success in preventing illicit access by adults and youth, and success in preventing negative health impacts from the legalization of marijuana. The first year of the program, the evaluator shall conduct surveys to establish baseline data on youth and adult cannabis use, the attitudes of youth and the general public toward cannabis and marijuana, and any other data deemed necessary for long-term analysis. By January 31 of each year, the department shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives the annual evaluation of the campaign.

- (3) STATEWIDE IMPAIRED DRIVING EDUCATION CAMPAIGN.-
- (a) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall implement a statewide impaired driving education campaign to raise awareness and prevent marijuana-related and cannabis-related impaired driving and may contract with one or more vendors to implement the campaign. The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles may use television messaging, radio broadcasts, print media, digital strategies, social media, and any other form of messaging deemed necessary and appropriate by the department to implement the campaign.
- (b) At a minimum, the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles or a contracted vendor shall establish baseline data on the number of marijuana-related citations for driving

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under the influence, marijuana-related traffic arrests,
marijuana-related traffic accidents, and marijuana-related
traffic fatalities, and shall track these measures annually
thereafter. The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles
or a contracted vendor shall annually evaluate and compile a
report on the efficacy of the campaign based on those measures
and other measures established by the Department of Highway
Safety and Motor Vehicles. By January 31 of each year, the
Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall submit the
report on the evaluation of the campaign to the Governor, the
President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
Representatives.

Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 385.211, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 385.211 Refractory and intractable epilepsy treatment and research at recognized medical centers.—
- (1) As used in this section, the term "low-THC cannabis" means "low-THC cannabis" as defined in s. 381.986 that is dispensed only from a dispensing organization as defined in former s. 381.986, Florida Statutes 2016, or a medical marijuana treatment center as defined in s. 381.986.
- Section 8. Paragraphs (b) through (e) of subsection (2) of section 499.0295, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (a) through (d), respectively, and present paragraphs (a) and (c) of that subsection, and subsection (3) of that

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1589	section	are	amended	t 0	read.
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- 499.0295 Experimental treatments for terminal conditions.-
- 1591 (2) As used in this section, the term:
 - (a) "Dispensing organization" means an organization approved by the Department of Health under s. 381.986(5) to cultivate, process, transport, and dispense low-THC cannabis, medical cannabis, and cannabis delivery devices.
 - (b) (c) "Investigational drug, biological product, or device" means:
 - 1. a drug, biological product, or device that has successfully completed phase 1 of a clinical trial but has not been approved for general use by the United States Food and Drug Administration and remains under investigation in a clinical trial approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration; or
 - 2. Medical cannabis that is manufactured and sold by a dispensing organization.
 - (3) Upon the request of an eligible patient, a manufacturer may, or upon a physician's order pursuant to s. 381.986, a dispensing organization may:
 - (a) Make its investigational drug, biological product, or device available under this section.
- (b) Provide an investigational drug, biological product,

 or device, or cannabis delivery device as defined in s. 381.986

 to an eligible patient without receiving compensation.

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	(C)	Require	an e	eligible	patien	t to	pay	the	costs	s of,	or	
the	costs	associat	ced w	ith, th	e manuf	actui	re of	the)			
inve	estigat	tional di	rug,	biologi	cal pro	duct,	<u>or</u>	devi	.ce , (or ca	ınnabi	. S
deli	very (device as	def	ined in	s. 381	. 986 .						

- Section 9. Subsection (3) of section 893.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 893.02 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context otherwise requires:
- (3) "Cannabis" means all parts of any plant of the genus Cannabis, whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant or its seeds or resin. The term does not include "marijuana," "low-THC cannabis," as defined in s. 381.986, if manufactured, possessed, sold, purchased, delivered, distributed, or dispensed, in conformance with s. 381.986.

Section 10. Section 1004.4351, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 1004.4351 Medical marijuana research and education.-
- (1) SHORT TITLE.—This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Medical Marijuana Research and Education Act."
 - (2) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.—The Legislature finds that:
- 1637 (a) The present state of knowledge concerning the use of
 1638 marijuana to alleviate pain and treat illnesses is limited

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1639	because permission to perform clinical studies on marijuana is
1640	difficult to obtain, with access to research-grade marijuana so
1641	restricted that little or no unbiased studies have been
1642	performed.
1643	(b) Under the State Constitution, marijuana is available
1644	for the treatment of certain debilitating medical conditions.
1645	(c) Additional clinical studies are needed to ensure that
1646	the residents of this state obtain the correct dosing,
1647	formulation, route, modality, frequency, quantity, and quality
1648	of marijuana for specific illnesses.
1649	(d) An effective medical marijuana research and education
1650	program would mobilize the scientific, educational, and medical
1651	resources that presently exist in this state to determine the
1652	appropriate and best use of marijuana to treat illness.
1653	(3) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
1654	(a) "Board" means the Medical Marijuana Research and
1655	Education Board.
1656	(b) "Coalition" means the Coalition for Medical Marijuana
1657	Research and Education.
1658	(c) "Marijuana" has the same meaning as provided in s. 29,
1659	Art. X of the State Constitution.
1660	(4) COALITION FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA RESEARCH AND
1661	EDUCATION.—
1662	(a) There is established within the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer

Center and Research Institute, Inc., the Coalition for Medical

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is to conduct rigorous scientific research, provide education, disseminate research, and guide policy for the adoption of a statewide policy on ordering and dosing practices for the medical use of marijuana. The coalition shall be physically located at the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, Inc. (b) The Medical Marijuana Research and Education Board is established to direct the operations of the coalition. The board shall be composed of seven members appointed by the chief executive officer of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, Inc. Board members must have experience in a variety of scientific and medical fields, including, but not limited to, oncology, neurology, psychology, pediatrics, nutrition, and addiction. Members shall be appointed to 4-year terms and may be reappointed to serve additional terms. The chair shall be elected by the board from among its members to serve a 2-year term. The board shall meet no less than semiannually at the call of the chair or, in his or her absence or incapacity, the vice chair. Four members constitute a quorum.

A majority vote of the members present is required for all

a charter governing the manner in which it conducts its

actions of the board. The board may prescribe, amend, and repeal

business. A board member shall serve without compensation but is

entitled to be reimbursed for travel expenses by the coalition

Marijuana Research and Education. The purpose of the coalition

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1689	or the	organization	he	or	she	represents	in	accordance	with	s.
1690	112.06	1.								

- (c) The coalition shall be administered by a coalition director, who shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the board. The coalition director shall, subject to the approval of the board:
 - 1. Propose a budget for the coalition.
- 2. Foster the collaboration of scientists, researchers, and other appropriate personnel in accordance with the coalition's charter.
- 3. Identify and prioritize the research to be conducted by the coalition.
- 4. Prepare the Medical Marijuana Research and Education Plan for submission to the board.
- 5. Apply for grants to obtain funding for research conducted by the coalition.
 - 6. Perform other duties as determined by the board.
- (d) The board shall advise the Board of Governors, the State Surgeon General, the Governor, and the Legislature with respect to medical marijuana research and education in this state. The board shall explore methods of implementing and enforcing medical marijuana laws in relation to cancer control, research, treatment, and education.
- (e) The board shall annually adopt a plan for medical marijuana research, known as the "Medical Marijuana Research and

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Education Plan," which must be in accordance with state law and
coordinate with existing programs in this state. The plan must
include recommendations for the coordination and integration of
medical, pharmacological, nursing, paramedical, community, and
other resources connected with the treatment of debilitating
medical conditions; research related to the treatment of such
medical conditions; and education.

- (f) By February 15 of each year, the board shall issue a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on research projects, community outreach initiatives, and future plans for the coalition.
- (g) Beginning January 15, 2018, and quarterly thereafter, the Department of Health shall submit to the board a data set that includes, for each patient registered in the medical marijuana use registry, the patient's qualifying medical condition and the daily dose amount and forms of marijuana certified for the patient.
- (5) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE H. LEE MOFFITT CANCER CENTER AND RESEARCH INSTITUTE, INC.—The H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, Inc., shall allocate staff and provide information and assistance, as the coalition's budget permits, to assist the board in fulfilling its responsibilities.
- Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 1004.441, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1739	1004.441	Refractory	and	intractable	epilepsy	treatment	and
1740	research						

- (1) As used in this section, the term "low-THC cannabis" means "low-THC cannabis" as defined in s. 381.986 that is dispensed only from a dispensing organization as defined in former s. 381.986, Florida Statutes 2016, or a medical marijuana treatment center as defined in s. 381.986.
- Section 12. Subsection (8) is added to section 1006.062, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 1006.062 Administration of medication and provision of medical services by district school board personnel.—
- (8) Each district school board shall adopt a policy and a procedure for allowing a student who is a qualified patient, as defined in s. 381.986, to use marijuana obtained pursuant to that section. Such policy and procedure shall ensure access by the qualified patient; identify how the marijuana will be received, accounted for, and stored; and establish processes to prevent access by other students and school personnel unnecessary to the implementation of the policy.
- Section 13. Department of Health; authority to adopt rules; cause of action.—
 - (1) EMERGENCY RULEMAKING.—
- 1761 (a) The Department of Health and the applicable boards

 1762 shall adopt emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54(4), Florida

 1763 Statutes, and this section necessary to implement ss. 381.986

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and 381.988, Florida Statutes. If an emergency rule adopted under this section is held to be unconstitutional or an invalid exercise of delegated legislative authority, and becomes void, the department or the applicable boards may adopt an emergency rule pursuant to this section to replace the rule that has become void. If the emergency rule adopted to replace the void emergency rule is also held to be unconstitutional or an invalid exercise of delegated legislative authority and becomes void, the department and the applicable boards must follow the nonemergency rulemaking procedures of the Administrative Procedures Act to replace the rule that has become void.

(b) For emergency rules adopted under this section, the

- (b) For emergency rules adopted under this section, the department and the applicable boards need not make the findings required by s. 120.54(4)(a), Florida Statutes. Emergency rules adopted under this section are exempt from ss. 120.54(3)(b) and 120.541, Florida Statutes. The department and the applicable boards shall meet the procedural requirements in s. 120.54(a), Florida Statutes, if the department or the applicable boards have, prior to the effective date of this act, held any public workshops or hearings on the subject matter of the emergency rules adopted under this subsection. Challenges to emergency rules adopted under this subsection shall be subject to the time schedules provided in s. 120.56(5), Florida Statutes.
- (c) Emergency rules adopted under this section are exempt from s. 120.54(4)(c), Florida Statutes, and shall remain in

effect until replaced by rules adopted under the nonemergency
rulemaking procedures of the Administrative Procedures Act. By
January 1, 2018, the department and the applicable boards shall
initiate nonemergency rulemaking pursuant to the Administrative
Procedures Act to replace all emergency rules adopted under this
section by publishing a notice of rule development in the
Florida Administrative Register. Except as provided in paragraph
(a), after January 1, 2018, the department and applicable boards
may not adopt rules pursuant to the emergency rulemaking
procedures provided in this section.

- (2) CAUSE OF ACTION.—
- (a) As used in s. 29(d)(3), Art. X of the State Constitution, the term:
- 1. "Issue regulations" means the filing by the department of a rule or emergency rule for adoption with the Department of State.
- 2. "Judicial relief" means an action for declaratory judgment pursuant to chapter 86, Florida Statutes.
- (b) The venue for actions brought against the department pursuant to s. 29(d)(3), Art. X of the State Constitution shall be in the circuit court in and for Leon County.
- (c) If the department is not issuing patient and caregiver identification cards or licensing medical marijuana treatment centers by October 3, 2017, the following shall be a defense to a cause of action brought under s. 29(d)(3), Art. X of the State

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Constitution:

- 1. The department is unable to issue patient and caregiver identification cards or license medical marijuana treatment centers due to litigation challenging a rule as an invalid exercise of delegated legislative authority or unconstitutional.
- 2. The department is unable to issue patient or caregiver identification cards or license medical marijuana treatment centers due to a rule being held as an invalid exercise of delegated legislative authority or unconstitutional.

Section 14. Department of Law Enforcement; training related to medical use of marijuana.—The Department of Law Enforcement shall develop a 4-hour online initial training course, and a 2-hour online continuing education course, which shall be made available for use by all law enforcement agencies in this state. Such training shall cover the legal parameters of marijuana—related activities governed by ss. 381.986 and 381.988, Florida Statutes, relating to criminal laws governing marijuana.

Section 15. Section 385.212, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

385.212 Powers and duties of the Department of Health; Office of <u>Medical Marijuana</u> Compassionate Use.—

(1) The Department of Health shall establish an Office of $\underline{\text{Medical Marijuana}}$ Compassionate Use under the direction of the Deputy State Health Officer.

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(2) The Office of <u>Medical Marijuana</u> Compassionate Use may
enhance access to investigational new drugs for Florida patients
through approved clinical treatment plans or studies. The Office
of Medical Marijuana Compassionate Use may:

- (a) Create a network of state universities and medical centers recognized pursuant to s. 381.925.
- (b) Make any necessary application to the United States Food and Drug Administration or a pharmaceutical manufacturer to facilitate enhanced access to $\underline{\text{medical}}$ $\underline{\text{compassionate}}$ use $\underline{\text{of}}$ $\underline{\text{marijuana}}$ for Florida patients.
- (c) Enter into any agreements necessary to facilitate enhanced access to $\underline{\text{medical}}$ $\underline{\text{compassionate}}$ use $\underline{\text{of marijuana}}$ for Florida patients.
- (3) The department may adopt rules necessary to implement this section.
- (4) The Office of Medical Marijuana Use shall administer and enforce the provisions of s. 381.986.

Section 16. (1) For the 2017-2018 fiscal year, 55 fulltime equivalent positions, with associated salary rate of
2,198,860, are authorized and the sums of \$3.5 million in
nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund and \$4,055,292
in recurring funds and \$1,238,148 in nonrecurring funds from the
Grants and Donations Trust Fund are appropriated to the
Department of Health for the purpose of implementing the
requirements of this act. Of the funds appropriated, \$3,158,572

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in recurring funds and \$1,238,148 in nonrecurring funds from the Grants and Donations Trust Fund and 27 full-time equivalent positions shall be placed in reserve. The Department of Health is authorized to submit budget amendments requesting the release of funds being held in reserve pursuant to chapter 216, Florida Statutes contingent upon need and demonstration of fee collections to support the budget authority.

- (2) For the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the sum of \$10 million in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund is appropriated to the Department of Health to implement the statewide cannabis and marijuana education and illicit use prevention campaign established under s. 381.989, Florida Statutes.
- (3) For the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the sum of \$5 million in nonrecurring funds from the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund are appropriated to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to implement the statewide impaired driving education campaign established under s. 381.989, Florida Statutes.
- (4) For the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the sum of \$100,000 in recurring funds from the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund is appropriated to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles for the purpose of training additional law enforcement officers as drug recognition experts.

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Amendment No.

1888 Section 17. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to medical use of marijuana; amending s. 212.08, F.S.; providing an exemption from the state tax on sales, use, and other transactions for marijuana and marijuana delivery devices used for medical purposes; amending s. 381.986, F.S.; providing, revising, and deleting definitions; providing qualifying medical conditions for a patient to be eligible to receive marijuana or a marijuana delivery device; providing requirements for designating a qualified physician or medical director; providing criteria for certification of a patient for medical marijuana treatment by a qualified physician; providing for certain patients registered with the medical marijuana use registry to be deemed qualified; requiring the Department of Health to monitor physician registration and certifications in the medical marijuana use registry; requiring the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine to

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Amendment No.

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create a physician certification pattern review panel; providing rulemaking authority to the department and the boards; requiring the department to establish a medical marijuana use registry; specifying entities and persons who have access to the registry; providing requirements for registration of, and maintenance of registered status by, qualified patients and caregivers; providing criteria for nonresidents to prove residency for registration as a qualified patient; defining the term "seasonal resident"; authorizing the department to suspend or revoke the registration of a patient or caregiver under certain circumstances; providing requirements for the issuance of medical marijuana use registry identification cards; requiring the department to issue licenses to a certain number of medical marijuana treatment centers; providing for license renewal and revocation; providing conditions for change of ownership; providing for continuance of certain entities authorized to dispense low-THC cannabis, medical cannabis, and cannabis delivery devices; requiring a medical marijuana treatment center to comply with certain standards in the production and distribution of edibles; requiring the department to establish, maintain, and control a computer seed-to-sale

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Amendment No.

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marijuana tracking system; requiring background screening of owners, officers, board members, and managers of medical marijuana treatment centers; requiring the department to establish protocols and procedures for operation, conduct periodic inspections, and restrict location of medical marijuana treatment centers; providing a limit on county and municipal permit fees; authorizing counties and municipalities to determine the location of medical marijuana treatment centers by ordinance under certain conditions; providing penalties; authorizing the department to impose sanctions on persons or entities engaging in unlicensed activities; providing that a person is not exempt from prosecution for certain offenses and is not relieved from certain requirements of law under certain circumstances; providing for certain school personnel to possess marijuana pursuant to certain established policies and procedures; providing that certain research institutions may possess, test, transport, and dispose of marijuana subject to certain conditions; providing applicability with respect to employer-instituted drug-free workplace programs; amending ss. 458.331 and 459.015, F.S.; providing additional acts by a physician or an osteopathic physician which constitute

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Amendment No.

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grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action to which penalties apply; creating s. 381.988, F.S.; providing for the establishment of medical marijuana testing laboratories; requiring the Department of Health, in collaboration with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the Department of Environmental Protection, to develop certification standards and rules; providing limitations on the acquisition and distribution of marijuana by a testing laboratory; providing an exception for transfer of marijuana under certain conditions; requiring a testing laboratory to use a department-selected computer tracking system; providing grounds for disciplinary and administrative action; authorizing the department to refuse to issue or renew, or suspend or revoke, a testing laboratory license; creating s. 381.989, F.S.; defining terms; directing the department and the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to institute public education campaigns relating to cannabis and marijuana and impaired driving; requiring evaluations of public education campaigns; authorizing the department and the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to contract with vendors to implement and evaluate the campaigns; amending ss. 385.211, 499.0295, and 893.02,

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Amendment No.

F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the
act; creating s. 1004.4351, F.S.; providing a short
title; providing legislative findings; defining terms;
establishing the Coalition for Medical Marijuana
Research and Education within the H. Lee Moffitt
Cancer Center and Research Institute, Inc.; providing
a purpose for the coalition; establishing the Medical
Marijuana Research and Education Board to direct the
operations of the coalition; providing for the
appointment of board members; providing for terms of
office, reimbursement for certain expenses, and
meetings of the board; authorizing the board to
appoint a coalition director; prescribing the duties
of the coalition director; requiring the board to
advise specified entities and officials regarding
medical marijuana research and education in this
state; requiring the board to annually adopt a Medical
Marijuana Research and Education Plan; providing
requirements for the plan; requiring the board to
issue an annual report to the Governor and the
Legislature by a specified date; requiring the
Department of Health to submit reports to the board
containing specified data; specifying responsibilities
of the H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research
Institute, Inc.; amending s. 1004.441, F.S.; revising

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Amendment No.

2013	a definition; amending s. 1006.062, F.S.; requiring
2014	district school boards to adopt policies and
2015	procedures for access to medical marijuana by
2016	qualified patients who are students; providing
2017	emergency rulemaking authority; providing for venue
2018	for a cause of action against the department;
2019	providing for defense against certain causes of
2020	action; directing the Department of Law Enforcement to
2021	develop training for law enforcement officers and
2022	agencies; amending s. 385.212, F.S.; renaming the
2023	department's Office of Compassionate Use; providing
2024	appropriations; providing an effective date.

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