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Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Appropriations (Appropriations Subcommittee on Pre-K - 12 Education)

A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to K-12 education; amending s. 3 1001.42, F.S.; revising provisions relating to school 4 improvements plans; requiring only specified schools 5 to submit a school improvement plan; deleting a 6 requirement that certain information be included in 7 the improvement plans of certain schools; revising the 8 grade levels required to implement an early warning 9 system; revising the required content of an early 10 warning system; requiring a specified team to monitor 11 specified data; revising what constitutes an 12 educational emergency and establishing duties of 13 district school boards relating to such emergency; 14 amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; revising the criteria a 15 charter school must meet to require corrective action; 16 revising requirements for corrective action by charter schools; revising criteria for waiver of automatic 17 18 charter termination; amending s. 1002.332, F.S.; 19 conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 1008.33, 20 F.S.; providing that intervention and support services 21 apply consistently to any school meeting specified 2.2 criteria; revising the required timeline for the 23 implementation of a district-managed turnaround plan; 24 providing turnaround options available to school 25 districts meeting specified criteria; amending s. 26 1008.345, F.S.; revising the criteria a school must 27 meet to have a community assessment team; revising the

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28 duties of a community assessment team; creating s. 29 1012.732, F.S.; creating the Florida Best and 30 Brightest Teacher and Principal Scholar Award Program to be administered by the Department of Education; 31 32 providing the intent and purpose of the program; 33 providing eligibility requirements for classroom 34 teachers and school administrators to participate in 35 the program; providing timelines and requirements for 36 program implementation; providing funding priorities; 37 defining the term "school district"; requiring the 38 State Board of Education to adopt rules; providing an 39 effective date.

41 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 42

43 Section 1. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (18) and 44 subsection (21) of section 1001.42, Florida Statutes, are 45 amended to read:

46 1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.—The 47 district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all 48 powers and perform all duties listed below:

49 (18) IMPLEMENT SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY.-50 Maintain a system of school improvement and education 51 accountability as provided by statute and State Board of 52 Education rule. This system of school improvement and education 53 accountability shall be consistent with, and implemented 54 through, the district's continuing system of planning and 55 budgeting required by this section and ss. 1008.385, 1010.01, 56 and 1011.01. This system of school improvement and education

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57 accountability shall comply with the provisions of ss. 1008.33, 58 1008.34, 1008.345, and 1008.385 and include the following:

(a) School improvement plans.-

60 1. The district school board shall annually approve and 61 require implementation of a new, amended, or continuation school 62 improvement plan for each school in the district which has a 63 school grade of "D" or "F"; . If a school has a significant gap in achievement on statewide, standardized assessments 64 administered pursuant to s. 1008.22 by one or more student 65 66 subgroups, as defined in the federal Elementary and Secondary 67 Education Act (ESEA), 20 U.S.C. s. 6311(b)(2)(C)(v)(II); has not 68 significantly increased the percentage of students passing statewide, standardized assessments; has not significantly 69 70 increased the percentage of students demonstrating Learning 71 Gains, as defined in s. 1008.34 and as calculated under s. 72 1008.34(3)(b), who passed statewide, standardized assessments; 73 or has significantly lower graduation rates for a subgroup when 74 compared to the state's graduation rate. The, that school's 75 improvement plan of a school that meets the requirements of this paragraph shall include strategies for improving these results. 76 77 The state board shall adopt rules establishing thresholds and 78 for determining compliance with this paragraph subparagraph.

79 2. A school that includes any of grades 6, 7, or 8 shall include annually in its school improvement plan information and data on the school's early warning system required under paragraph (b), including a list of the early warning indicators used in the system, the number of students identified by the system as exhibiting two or more early warning indicators, the number of students by grade level that exhibit each early

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86	warning indicator, and a description of all intervention
87	strategies employed by the school to improve the academic
88	performance of students identified by the early warning system.
89	In addition, a school that includes any of grades 6, 7, or 8
90	shall describe in its school improvement plan the strategies
91	used by the school to implement the instructional practices for
92	middle grades emphasized by the district's professional
93	development system pursuant to s. 1012.98(4)(b)9.
94	(b) Early warning system.—
95	1. A school that serves any students in grade 1 through
96	grade includes any of grades 6, 7, or 8 shall implement an early
97	warning system to identify students in <u>such</u> grades <del>6, 7, and 8</del>
98	who need additional support to improve academic performance and
99	stay engaged in school. The early warning system must include
100	the following early warning indicators:
101	a. Attendance below 90 percent, regardless of whether
102	absence is excused or a result of out-of-school suspension.
103	b. One or more suspensions, whether in school or out of
104	school.
105	c. Course failure in English Language Arts or mathematics
106	during any grading period.
107	d. A Level 1 score on the statewide, standardized
108	assessments in English Language Arts or mathematics <u>or, for</u>
109	students in grade 1 through grade 3, a substantial deficiency in
110	reading under s. 1008.25(5)(a).
111	
112	A school district may identify additional early warning
113	indicators for use in a school's early warning system. <u>Beginning</u>
114	in the 2018-2019 academic year, the system must include data on
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115 the number of students identified by the system as exhibiting 116 two or more early warning indicators, the number of students by 117 grade level who exhibit each early warning indicator, and a 118 description of all intervention strategies employed by the 119 school to improve the academic performance of students 120 identified by the early warning system.

121 2. When a student exhibits two or more early warning 122 indicators, the school's child study team under s. 1003.02 or a 123 school-based team formed for the purpose of implementing the 124 requirements of this paragraph, in consultation with the 125 student's parent, shall convene to determine appropriate 126 intervention strategies for the student. The team must use data 127 and information relating to a student's early warning indicators 128 to inform any intervention strategies provided to the student. 129 The school shall provide at least 10 days' written notice of the 130 meeting to the student's parent, indicating the meeting's 131 purpose, time, and location, and provide the parent the 132 opportunity to participate.

133 (21) EDUCATIONAL AUTHORITY TO DECLARE AN EMERGENCY.-Pursue 134 negotiations of May declare an emergency in cases in which one 135 or more schools in the district are failing or are in danger of 136 failing and negotiate special provisions of its contract with 137 the appropriate bargaining units to free these schools meeting 1.38 specified conditions from contract restrictions that limit a the 139 school's ability to implement programs and strategies needed to 140 improve student performance. The negotiations must result in a 141 memorandum of understanding that addresses the selection, 142 placement, and expectations of instructional personnel and 143 school administrators. For purposes of this subsection, an

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144 educational emergency exists in a school district under the 145 following conditions, and the school board must act accordingly: 146 (a) A school board may negotiate in cases in which one or 147 more schools in the district have a school grade of "D" or in 148 which a school is in danger of earning a grade of "F." 149 (b) Beginning in the 2018-2019 academic year, a school 150 board may negotiate in cases in which one or more schools in the 151 district are currently subject to, or are in danger of being 152 subject to, a differentiated matrix of intervention and support 153 strategies as a turnaround school or turnaround schools under s. 154 1008.33(3)(c).

Section 2. Paragraph (n) of subsection (9) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1002.33 Charter schools.-

(9) CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIREMENTS.-

159 (n)1. The director and a representative of the governing 160 board of a charter school that has earned a grade of "D" or is 161 in danger of earning a grade of "F" pursuant to s. 1008.34 shall 162 appear before the sponsor to present information concerning each contract component having noted deficiencies. The director and a 163 164 representative of the governing board shall submit to the 165 sponsor for approval a school improvement plan to raise student 166 performance. Upon approval by the sponsor, the charter school 167 shall begin implementation of the school improvement plan. The 168 department shall offer technical assistance and training to the 169 charter school and its governing board and establish guidelines 170 for developing, submitting, and approving such plans.

171 2.a. If a charter school earns <u>a grade of "F" or two</u> three
172 consecutive grades <u>below a "C," of "D," two consecutive grades</u>

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173 of "D" followed by a grade of "F," or two nonconsecutive grades 174 of "F" within a 3-year period, the turnaround charter school 175 governing board must immediately implement its approved school 176 improvement plan for the remainder of the school year and continue implementation for at least 1 school year, and shall 177 178 choose one of the following corrective actions:

179 (I) Contract for educational services to be provided 180 directly to students, instructional personnel, and school 181 administrators, as prescribed in state board rule;

182 (II) Contract with an outside entity that has a 183 demonstrated record of effectiveness to operate the school;

184 (III) Reorganize the school under a new director or principal who is authorized to hire new staff; or 185 186

(IV) Voluntarily close the charter school.

187 b. The turnaround charter school must implement the corrective action in the school year following receipt of a 188 189 grade of "F" or a second third consecutive grade below a "C." of "D," a grade of "F" following two consecutive grades of "D," or 190 a second nonconsecutive grade of "F" within a 3-year period. 191

192 c. The sponsor may annually waive a corrective action if it 193 determines that the turnaround charter school is likely to improve a letter grade if additional time is provided to 194 195 implement the intervention and support strategies prescribed by the school improvement plan. Notwithstanding this sub-196 197 subparagraph, a charter school that earns a second consecutive 198 grade of "F" is subject to subparagraph 3. 4.

199 d. A turnaround charter school is no longer required to implement a corrective action if it improves to a grade of "C" 200 201 or higher by at least one letter grade. However, the charter

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school must continue to implement strategies identified in the school improvement plan. The sponsor must annually review implementation of the school improvement plan to monitor the school's continued improvement pursuant to subparagraph <u>4. 5.</u>

206 e. A turnaround charter school implementing a corrective 207 action that does not improve to a grade of "C" or higher by at least one letter grade after 2 full school years of implementing 208 209 the corrective action must select a different corrective action. 210 Implementation of the new corrective action must begin in the 211 school year following the implementation period of the existing 212 corrective action, unless the sponsor determines that the 213 charter school is likely to improve to a grade of "C" or higher a letter grade if additional time is provided to implement the 214 215 existing corrective action. Notwithstanding this sub-216 subparagraph, a charter school that earns a second consecutive grade of "F" while implementing a corrective action is subject 217 218 to subparagraph 3. 4.

219 3. A charter school with a grade of "D" or "F" that 220 improves by at least one letter grade must continue to implement 221 the strategies identified in the school improvement plan. The 222 sponsor must annually review implementation of the school 223 improvement plan to monitor the school's continued improvement 224 pursuant to subparagraph 5.

225 <u>3.4.</u> A charter school's charter contract is automatically 226 terminated if the school earns two consecutive grades of "F" 227 after all school grade appeals are final unless:

a. The charter school is established to turn around the
performance of a district public school pursuant to <u>s.</u>
1008.33(4)(b)6. <del>s. 1008.33(4)(b)3.</del> Such charter schools shall be

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231 governed by s. 1008.33;

232 b. The charter school serves a student population the 233 majority of which resides in a school zone served by a district 234 public school subject to s. 1008.33(4) that earned a grade of 235 "F" in the year before the charter school opened and the charter 236 school earns at least a grade of "D" in its third year of 237 operation. The exception provided under this sub-subparagraph 238 does not apply to a charter school in its fourth year of 239 operation and thereafter; or

240 c. The state board grants the charter school a waiver of 241 termination. The charter school must request the waiver within 242 15 days after the department's official release of school 243 grades. The state board may waive termination if the charter 244 school demonstrates that the Learning Gains of its students on 245 statewide assessments are comparable to or better than the Learning Gains of similarly situated students enrolled in nearby 246 247 district public schools. The waiver is valid for 1 year and may 248 only be granted once. Charter schools that have been in 249 operation for more than 5 years are not eligible for a waiver 250 under this sub-subparagraph.

The sponsor shall notify the charter school's governing board, the charter school principal, and the department in writing when a charter contract is terminated under this subparagraph. The letter of termination must meet the requirements of paragraph (8) (c). A charter terminated under this subparagraph must follow the procedures for dissolution and reversion of public funds pursuant to paragraphs (8) (e)-(g) and (9) (o).

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4.5. The director and a representative of the governing



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260 board of a graded charter school that has implemented a school improvement plan under this paragraph shall appear before the 261 262 sponsor at least once a year to present information regarding 263 the progress of intervention and support strategies implemented by the school pursuant to the school improvement plan and 264 corrective actions, if applicable. The sponsor shall communicate 265 266 at the meeting, and in writing to the director, the services 267 provided to the school to help the school address its 268 deficiencies.

269 <u>5.6.</u> Notwithstanding any provision of this paragraph except
 270 sub-subparagraphs <u>3.a.-c.</u> 4.a.-c., the sponsor may terminate the
 271 charter at any time pursuant to subsection (8).

272 Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 273 1002.332, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.332 High-performing charter school system.-

(1) For purposes of this section, the term:

276 (b) "High-performing charter school system" means an entity 277 that:

Operated at least three high-performing charter schools
 in the state during each of the previous 3 school years;

280 2. Operated a system of charter schools in which at least 281 50 percent of the charter schools were high-performing charter 282 schools pursuant to s. 1002.331 and no charter school earned a 283 school grade of "D" or "F" pursuant to s. 1008.34 in any of the 284 previous 3 school years regardless of whether the entity 285 currently operates the charter school, except that:

a. If the entity assumed operation of a public school
pursuant to <u>s. 1008.33(4)(b)6.</u> <del>s. 1008.33(4)(b)3.</del> with a school
grade of "F," that school's grade may not be considered in

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289 determining high-performing charter school system status for a 290 period of 3 years.

291 b. If the entity established a new charter school that 292 served a student population the majority of which resided in a 293 school zone served by a public school that earned a grade of "F" 294 or three consecutive grades of "D" pursuant to s. 1008.34, that 295 charter school's grade may not be considered in determining 296 high-performing charter school system status if it attained and 297 maintained a school grade that was higher than that of the 298 public school serving that school zone within 3 years after 299 establishment; and

300 3. Did not receive a financial audit that revealed one or 301 more of the financial emergency conditions set forth in s. 302 218.503(1) for any charter school assumed or established by the 303 entity in the most recent 3 fiscal years for which such audits 304 are available.

305 Section 4. Subsections (3), (4), and (5) of section 306 1008.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement.-

308 (3) (a) The academic performance of all students has a 309 significant effect on the state school system. Pursuant to Art. IX of the State Constitution, which prescribes the duty of the 310 State Board of Education to supervise Florida's public school 311 312 system, the state board shall equitably enforce the 313 accountability requirements of the state school system and may 314 impose state requirements on school districts in order to 315 improve the academic performance of all districts, schools, and students based upon the provisions of the Florida K-20 Education 316 317 Code, chapters 1000-1013; the federal ESEA and its implementing

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318 regulations; and the ESEA flexibility waiver approved for 319 Florida by the United States Secretary of Education.

(b) Beginning with the 2011-2012 school year, The Department of Education shall annually identify each public school in need of intervention and support to improve student academic performance. All schools earning a grade of "D" or <u>in</u> danger of earning a grade of "F" pursuant to s. 1008.34 are <u>considered</u> schools in need of intervention and support.

32.6 (c) To assist in implementing paragraph (4)(a) and (b), the 327 state board shall adopt by rule a differentiated matrix of 328 intervention and support strategies for assisting traditional 329 public schools identified under this section and rules for 330 implementing s. 1002.33(9)(n), relating to charter schools. The 331 intervention and support strategies must address student performance and include extended learning by at least 1 extra 332 333 hour, and may include improvement planning, leadership quality 334 improvement, educator quality improvement, professional 335 development, curriculum alignment and pacing, and the use of 336 continuous improvement and monitoring plans and processes. In 337 addition, the state board may prescribe reporting requirements 338 to review and monitor the progress of the schools. The rule must 339 define the intervention and support strategies for school 340 improvement for schools earning a grade of "D" or "F" and the roles for the district and department. The rule shall define and 341 342 differentiate among schools as follows: earning consecutive 343 grades of "D" or "F," or a combination thereof, and provide for 344 more intense monitoring, intervention, and support strategies 345 for these schools.

346

1. A "school-in-need" means a school that has a grade of

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347 "D" or that is in danger of earning a grade of "F," and that is in need of intervention and support under paragraph (b); 348 349 2. A "turnaround school" means a school with a grade of "F" or two consecutive grades below a "C" which is in need of 350 351 intensive intervention and support and which is implementing a 352 district-managed turnaround plan or a different turnaround 353 option approved pursuant to subsection (4). A "turnaround 354 charter school" is a charter school subject to the requirements 355 of s. 1002.33(9)(n); and 3. A "persistently low-performing school" means a 356 357 turnaround school that has been subject to a differentiated 358 matrix of intensive intervention and support strategies for more 359 than 3 consecutive years, or a turnaround school that was closed 360 pursuant to s. 1008.33(4) within 2 years after the submission of 361 a notice of intent. 362 363 The rule must also define a "low-performing school" to include, 364 at minimum, any school meeting the requirements of this 365 subsection. 366 (4) (a) The state board shall apply intensive the most 367 intense intervention and support strategies to turnaround schools earning a grade of "F" or two consecutive grades below a 368 369 "C." "F." In the first full school year after a school initially 370 receives earns a turnaround school designation, grade of "F," 371 the school district must immediately implement intensive 372 intervention and support strategies prescribed in rule under 373 paragraph (3)(c) and, by September 1, provide, select a 374 turnaround option from those provided in subparagraphs (b)1.-5., 375 and submit a plan for implementing the turnaround option to the

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376	department with the memorandum of understanding negotiated
377	pursuant to s. 1001.42(21) and with a district-managed
378	turnaround plan for approval by the state board. Upon approval
379	by the state board, the school district must implement the plan
380	for the remainder of the school year and continue the plan for 1
381	full school year for approval by the state board. Upon approval
382	by the state board, the turnaround option must be implemented in
383	the following school year.
384	(b) The <del>turnaround</del> options available to <u>the turnaround</u> <del>a</del>
385	school district to address a school include one or a combination
386	of the following turnaround options, giving priority to the
387	first three options that earns a grade of "F" are:
388	1. Implement an extended school day with at least 1 hour of
389	additional learning time. Convert the school to a district-
390	managed turnaround school;
391	2. Enter into a formal agreement with a nonprofit
392	organization with tax exempt status under s. 501(c)(3) of the
393	Internal Revenue Code to implement an integrated student support
394	service model that provides students and families with access to
395	
	wrap-around services, including, but not limited to, health
396	wrap-around services, including, but not limited to, health services, after-school programs, drug-prevention programs,
396	services, after-school programs, drug-prevention programs,
396 397	services, after-school programs, drug-prevention programs, college and career readiness, and food and clothing banks. Districts implementing this option may be eligible for
396 397 398	services, after-school programs, drug-prevention programs, college and career readiness, and food and clothing banks. Districts implementing this option may be eligible for
396 397 398 399	services, after-school programs, drug-prevention programs, college and career readiness, and food and clothing banks. Districts implementing this option may be eligible for additional funding as provided in the General Appropriations
396 397 398 399 400	services, after-school programs, drug-prevention programs, college and career readiness, and food and clothing banks. Districts implementing this option may be eligible for additional funding as provided in the General Appropriations Act.
396 397 398 399 400 401	<pre>services, after-school programs, drug-prevention programs, college and career readiness, and food and clothing banks. Districts implementing this option may be eligible for additional funding as provided in the General Appropriations Act. 3. Implement a principal autonomy program school, through a</pre>
396 397 398 399 400 401 402	<pre>services, after-school programs, drug-prevention programs, college and career readiness, and food and clothing banks. Districts implementing this option may be eligible for additional funding as provided in the General Appropriations Act. 3. Implement a principal autonomy program school, through a performance contract and in accordance with proposal elements,</pre>

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405	school. For purposes of this section, a school district using
406	this option for its turnaround school is eligible to participate
407	in, and receive the benefits of, the principal autonomy program,
408	pursuant to s. 1011.6202(1) for only the turnaround school.
409	5.2. Reassign students to another school and monitor the
410	progress of each reassigned student. <del>.</del>
411	6.3. Close the school and reopen the school as one or more
412	charter schools, each with a governing board that has a
413	demonstrated record of effectiveness.+
414	4. Contract as a conversion charter school or with an
415	outside entity that has a demonstrated record of effectiveness
416	to operate the school <u>.; or</u>
417	5. Implement a hybrid of turnaround options set forth in
418	subparagraphs 14. or other turnaround models that have a
419	demonstrated record of effectiveness.
420	(c) A school earning a grade of "F" shall have a planning
421	year followed by 2 full school years to implement the initial
422	turnaround option selected by the school district and approved
423	by the state board. Implementation of the turnaround option is
424	no longer required if the school improves <u>to a grade of "C" or</u>
425	higher by at least one letter grade.
426	(d) A school earning a grade of "F" that improves its
427	letter grade must continue to implement strategies identified in
428	its school improvement plan pursuant to s. 1001.42(18)(a). The
429	department must annually review implementation of the school
430	improvement plan for 3 years to monitor the school's continued
431	improvement.
432	<u>(d)</u> [] If a <u>turnaround</u> school <del>earning a grade of "F"</del> does
433	not improve <u>to a grade of "C" or higher</u> <del>by at least one letter</del>
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434 grade after 2 full school years of implementing the turnaround 435 option selected by the school district under paragraph (b), the school district must implement select a different option and 436 437 submit another turnaround option implementation plan to the 438 department for approval by the state board. Implementation of 439 the turnaround option approved plan must begin the school year following the implementation period of the existing turnaround 440 option, unless the state board determines that the school is 441 likely to improve to a grade of "C" or higher a letter grade if 442 443 additional time is provided to implement the existing turnaround 444 option. 445 (5) A school that earns a grade of "D" for 3 consecutive years must implement the district-managed turnaround option 446 447 pursuant to subparagraph (4) (b) 1. The school district must 448 submit an implementation plan to the department for approval by 449 the state board.

450 Section 5. Paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 451 1008.345, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

452 1008.345 Implementation of state system of school453 improvement and education accountability.-

(6)

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455 (d) The commissioner shall assign a community assessment 456 team to each school district or governing board with a 457 turnaround school that earned a grade of "F" or three 458 consecutive grades of "D" pursuant to s. 1008.34 to review the 459 school performance data and determine causes for the low 460 performance, including the role of school, area, and district administrative personnel. The community assessment team shall 461 462 review a high school's graduation rate calculated without high

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463	school equivalency diploma recipients for the past 3 years,
464	disaggregated by student ethnicity. The team shall make
465	recommendations to the school board or the governing board and
466	to the State Board of Education <u>based on the interventions and</u>
467	support strategies identified pursuant to subsection (5) to
468	which address the causes of the school's low performance and to
469	incorporate the strategies and may be incorporated into the
470	school improvement plan. The assessment team shall include, but
471	not be limited to, a department representative, parents,
472	business representatives, educators, representatives of local
473	governments, and community activists, and shall represent the
474	demographics of the community from which they are appointed.
475	Section 6. Section 1012.732, Florida Statutes, is created
476	to read:
477	1012.732 The Florida Best and Brightest Teacher and
478	Principal Scholar Award Program.—
479	(1) INTENTThe Legislature recognizes that, second only to
480	parents, teachers and principals play the most critical roles
481	within schools in preparing students to achieve a high level of
482	academic performance. The Legislature further recognizes that
483	research has linked student successes and performance outcomes
484	to the academic achievements and performance accomplishments of
485	the teachers and principals who most closely affect their
486	classroom and school learning environments. Therefore, it is the
487	intent of the Legislature to designate teachers and principals
488	who have achieved high academic standards during their own
489	education as Florida's best and brightest teacher and principal
490	scholars.
491	(2) PURPOSEThere is created the Florida Best and
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492 Brightest Teacher and Principal Scholar Award Program, as a performance-based scholarship award program, to be administered 493 494 by the Department of Education. The performance-based award 495 shall provide categorical funding for scholarships to be awarded 496 to full-time classroom teachers, as defined in s. 1012.01(2)(a), 497 and full-time school administrators, as defined in s. 1012.01(3)(c), excluding substitute teachers or substitute 498 499 school administrators, who have demonstrated a high level of 500 academic achievement and performance. 501 (3) ELIGIBILITY.-To be eligible for a scholarship, a full-502 time classroom teacher or full-time school administrator must be 503 employed on an annual contract or probationary contract pursuant 504 to s. 1012.335, participate in the school district's performance 505 salary schedule pursuant to s. 1012.22, and meet at least one of 506 the achievement requirements under paragraph (a) and at least 507 one of the performance requirements under paragraph (b). 508 (a) Achievement requirements.-509 1. For a classroom teacher, a score at or above the 90th 510 percentile on the Florida Teacher Certification Examination in a 511 subject that he or she is teaching; 512 2. For a school administrator, a score at or above the 90th 513 percentile on the Florida Educational Leadership Examination; 514 3. For a classroom teacher or school administrator, a 515 composite score at or above the 80th percentile on either the 516 SAT or the ACT based on the National Percentile Ranks in effect 517 when the classroom teacher or school administrator took the 518 assessment; 519 4. For a classroom teacher or school administrator, a composite score on the GRE, LSAT, GMAT, or MCAT at or above a 520

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521	score adopted by the State Board of Education; or
522	5. For a classroom teacher or school administrator, a
523	cumulative undergraduate or graduate grade point average of at
524	least 3.5 on a 4.0 scale, as verified on the teacher's or
525	administrator's official final college transcript.
526	(b) Performance requirementsThe classroom teacher or
527	school administrator:
528	1. Must have been evaluated as highly effective pursuant to
529	s. 1012.34 in the school year immediately preceding the year in
530	which the scholarship will be awarded;
531	2. If he or she works in a low-performing school or a
532	school that was designated by the department as low-performing
533	within the previous 2 years and commits, pursuant to State Board
534	of Education rule, to working at the school for at least 3
535	years, must have been evaluated as highly effective pursuant to
536	s. 1012.34 in the school year immediately preceding the first
537	year in which the scholarship will be awarded and maintain a
538	highly effective evaluation rating in at least two of every
539	three annual performance evaluations, based on a rolling 3-year
540	period; or
541	3. Must be newly hired by the district school board, must
542	not have been evaluated pursuant to s. 1012.34, and must have
543	met at least one of the following conditions:
544	a. Be a recipient of the Florida Prepaid Tuition
545	Scholarship Program pursuant to s. 1009.984 who graduates with a
546	minimum 3.0 grade point average and commit, pursuant to State
547	Board of Education rule, to working in a Florida public school
548	for at least 3 years;
549	b. Have completed the college reach-out program pursuant to

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550	s. 1007.34 and graduated with a minimum 3.0 grade point average,
551	and commit, pursuant to State Board of Education rule, to
552	working in a Florida public school for at least 3 years; or
553	c. Be a Florida college or university graduate of a Florida
554	teacher preparation program approved pursuant to s. 1004.04,
555	have graduated with a minimum 3.0 grade point average, and
556	commit, pursuant to State Board of Education rule, to working in
557	<u>a critical teacher shortage area under s. 1012.07 at a Florida</u>
558	public school for at least 3 years.
559	(4) IMPLEMENTATIONIn order to implement and administer
560	the program, the following timelines and requirements apply:
561	(a) To demonstrate eligibility for an award, an eligible
562	classroom teacher or school administrator, as applicable, must
563	submit to the school district, no later than November 1, an
564	official record of his or her achievement of the eligibility
565	requirements specified in paragraph (3)(a). Once a classroom
566	teacher or school administrator is deemed eligible by the school
567	district, including teachers deemed eligible for the Florida
568	Best and Brightest Teacher Scholarship Program in the 2015-2016
569	or 2016-2017 fiscal years pursuant to s. 25 of chapter 2016-62,
570	Laws of Florida, the classroom teacher or school administrator
571	remains eligible as long as he or she remains employed by the
572	school district as a full-time classroom teacher or full-time
573	school administrator at the time of the award and continues to
574	meet the conditions specified under this section.
575	(b) Annually, by December 1, each school district shall
576	submit to the department the number of eligible classroom
577	teachers and school administrators who qualify for the
578	scholarship.
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579	(c) Annually, by February 1, the department shall disburse
580	scholarship funds to each school district for each eligible
581	classroom teacher and school administrator to receive a
582	scholarship as provided in the General Appropriations Act.
583	(d) Annually, by April 1, each school district shall award
584	the scholarship to each eligible classroom teacher and school
585	administrator.
586	(5) FUNDINGA scholarship in the amount provided in the
587	General Appropriations Act shall be awarded to every eligible
588	classroom teacher and school administrator.
589	(a) If the number of eligible classroom teachers and school
590	administrators exceeds the total appropriation authorized in the
591	General Appropriations Act, the department shall prorate the
592	per-scholar scholarship award amount, except that prior to the
593	distribution of funds, the following priorities apply:
594	1. Classroom teachers and school administrators who commit,
595	pursuant to State Board of Education rule, to work in a low-
596	performing school and meet the performance requirements of
597	subparagraph (3)(b)2., shall receive an award equal to a full
598	scholarship award amount. Classroom teachers and school
599	administrators who do not fulfill the commitment made pursuant
600	to subparagraph (3)(b)2. may not receive this priority; and
601	2. Newly hired classroom teachers and school administrators
602	who commit, pursuant to State Board of Education rule, to work
603	in a Florida public school and meet the performance requirements
604	under subparagraph (3)(b)3., shall receive a one-time hiring
605	bonus of up to \$10,000. Classroom teachers and school
606	administrators who do not fulfill the commitment made pursuant
607	to subparagraph (3)(b)3. may not receive this priority.
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608	(b) Newly hired classroom teachers and newly hired school
609	administrators who initially participate in the program pursuant
610	to subparagraph (3)(b)3. may only receive the one-time hiring
611	bonus under subparagraph (a)2. In subsequent school years, such
612	classroom teachers and school administrators may earn a
613	scholarship award pursuant to subparagraph (3)(b)1. or
614	subparagraph (3)(b)2., if they also maintain their initial
615	commitments.
616	(6) DEFINITIONFor purposes of this section, the term
617	"school district" includes the Florida School for the Deaf and
618	the Blind and charter school governing boards.
619	(7) RULESThe State Board of Education shall expeditiously
620	adopt rules to implement this section.
621	Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.