By Senator Garcia

	36-01520-17 20171756
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to examination and treatment of
3	individuals with mental illness; amending s. 394.453,
4	F.S.; revising legislative intent; amending s.
5	394.455, F.S.; providing, revising, and deleting
6	definitions; amending s. 394.457, F.S.; providing
7	responsibilities of the Department of Children and
8	Families for a comprehensive statewide mental health
9	and substance abuse program; amending s. 394.4573,
10	F.S.; conforming terminology; amending s. 394.4574,
11	F.S.; providing for additional professionals to assess
12	a resident with a mental illness who resides in an
13	assisted living facility; amending s. 394.458, F.S.;
14	prohibiting the introduction or removal of certain
15	articles at a facility providing mental health
16	services; requiring such facilities to post a notice
17	thereof; amending s. 394.459, F.S.; revising rights of
18	individuals receiving mental health treatment and
19	services to provide for the use of health care
20	surrogates or proxies to make decisions; revising
21	requirements relating to express and informed consent
22	and liability for violations; requiring service
23	providers to provide information concerning advance
24	directives; amending s. 394.4593, F.S.; expanding the
25	definition of the term "employee" to include staff,
26	volunteers, and interns employed by a service provider
27	for purposes of reporting sexual misconduct; repealing
28	s. 394.4595, F.S., relating to the Florida statewide
29	and local advocacy councils and access to patients and

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30	records; creating s. 394.4596, F.S.; requiring
31	designated receiving facilities to permit access
32	authority to an agency designated by the Governor to
33	serve as the federally mandated protection and
34	advocacy system for individuals with disabilities;
35	amending s. 394.4597, F.S.; providing rights and
36	responsibilities of the representative of an
37	individual admitted to a facility for involuntary
38	examination or services; amending s. 394.4598, F.S.;
39	specifying certain persons who are prohibited from
40	being appointed as a guardian advocate; providing
41	duties of a guardian advocate; amending s. 394.4599,
42	F.S.; revising requirements for a certain notice
43	related to involuntary admission; repealing s.
44	394.460, F.S., relating to rights of professionals;
45	amending s. 394.461, F.S.; authorizing governmental
46	facilities to provide voluntary and involuntary mental
47	health and substance abuse examinations and treatment
48	under certain conditions; providing additional
49	facility reporting requirements; amending s. 394.4615,
50	F.S., relating to confidentiality of clinical records;
51	providing additional circumstances in which
52	information from a clinical record may be released;
53	amending s. 394.462, F.S.; revising requirements for
54	transportation to receiving facilities and treatment
55	facilities; providing for a law enforcement officer to
56	transport an individual to a United States Department
57	of Veterans Affairs facility under certain
58	circumstances; providing immunity from liability;

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59	deleting obsolete provisions; amending s. 394.4625,
60	F.S.; revising criteria for voluntary admission to,
61	and release or discharge from, a facility for
62	examination and treatment; revising criteria for a
63	determination of neglect to include mental and
64	physical harm; requiring certain individuals charged
65	with a crime to be discharged to the custody of a law
66	enforcement officer under certain circumstances;
67	amending s. 394.463, F.S.; requiring certain persons
68	initiating an involuntary examination to provide
69	notice to the individual's guardian, representative,
70	or health care surrogate or proxy; revising a holding
71	period for involuntary examination; amending s.
72	394.467, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
73	admission to a facility for involuntary services;
74	authorizing the state attorney to represent the state
75	in certain proceedings relating to a petition for
76	involuntary services; granting the state attorney
77	access to certain clinical records and witnesses;
78	providing conditions for a continuance of the hearing;
79	requiring the Division of Administrative Hearings to
80	advise certain parties representing the individual of
81	the right to an independent examination in continued
82	involuntary services proceedings; amending s.
83	394.46715, F.S.; providing purpose of department
84	rules; amending s. 394.4672, F.S.; authorizing
85	facilities of the United States Department of Veterans
86	Affairs to provide certain mental health services;
87	amending s. 394.4685, F.S.; revising provisions

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88	governing transfer of individuals between and among
89	public and private facilities; amending s. 394.469,
90	F.S.; authorizing the discharge of an individual from
91	involuntary services into the custody of a law
92	enforcement officer under certain conditions; amending
93	s. 394.473, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
94	compensation of attorneys and expert witnesses in
95	cases involving indigent individuals; amending s.
96	394.475, F.S.; conforming terminology; amending s.
97	394.4785, F.S.; defining the term "minor" for purposes
98	of admission into a mental health facility; repealing
99	s. 394.4595, F.S., relating to access to patients and
100	patients' records by members of the Florida statewide
101	and local advocacy councils; repealing s. 394.460,
102	F.S., relating to the rights of professionals;
103	repealing s. 394.4655, F.S., relating to involuntary
104	outpatient services; repealing s. 394.4786, F.S.,
105	relating to legislative intent; repealing s.
106	394.47865, F.S., relating to the privatization of
107	South Florida State Hospital; repealing s. 394.4787,
108	F.S., relating to definitions; repealing s. 394.4788,
109	F.S., relating to use of certain PMATF funds for the
110	purchase of acute care mental health services;
111	repealing s. 394.4789, F.S., relating to the
112	establishment of a referral process and eligibility
113	determination; amending ss. 20.425, 39.407, 394.4599,
114	394.492, 394.495, 394.496, 394.9082, 394.9085,
115	409.972, 744.2007, 790.065, and 945.46, F.S.;
116	conforming references and cross-references; providing

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117	an effective date.
118	
119	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
120	
121	Section 1. Section 394.453, Florida Statutes, is amended to
122	read:
123	394.453 Legislative intent
124	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature:
125	(a) To authorize and direct the Department of Children and
126	Families to evaluate, research, plan, and recommend to the
127	Governor and the Legislature programs designed to reduce the
128	occurrence, severity, duration, and disabling aspects of mental,
129	emotional, and behavioral disorders and substance abuse
130	impairment.
131	(b) That treatment programs for such disorders include <del>, but</del>
132	not be limited to, comprehensive health, social, educational,
133	and rehabilitative services <u>for individuals</u> <del>to persons</del> requiring
134	intensive short-term and continued treatment in order to
135	encourage them to assume responsibility for their treatment and
136	recovery. It is intended that:
137	1. Such individuals persons be provided with emergency
138	service and temporary detention for evaluation <u>if</u> when required;
139	2. Such individuals persons be admitted to treatment
140	facilities <u>if</u> <del>on a voluntary basis when</del> extended or continuing
141	care is needed and unavailable in the community;
142	3. Involuntary <u>services</u> placement be provided only <u>if</u> when
143	expert evaluation determines it is necessary;
144	4. Any involuntary treatment or examination be accomplished
145	in a setting that is clinically appropriate and most likely to

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146	facilitate the <u>individual's discharge</u> <del>person's return to the</del>
147	community as soon as possible; and
148	5. <del>Individual</del> Dignity and human rights be guaranteed to all
149	individuals persons who are admitted to mental health facilities
150	or who are being held under s. 394.463.
151	(c) That services provided to <u>individuals</u> <del>persons</del> in this
152	state use the coordination-of-care principles characteristic of
153	recovery-oriented services and include social support services,
154	such as housing support, life skills and vocational training,
155	and employment assistance, necessary for <u>individuals</u> <del>persons</del>
156	with mental health disorders and co-occurring mental health and
157	substance use disorders to live successfully in their
158	communities.
159	(d) That licensed, qualified health professionals be
160	authorized to practice to the fullest extent of their education
161	and training in the performance of professional functions
162	necessary to carry out the intent of this part.
163	(2) It is the policy of this state that the use of
164	restraint and seclusion <del>on clients</del> is justified only as an
165	emergency safety measure to be used in response to imminent
166	danger to the <u>individual</u> <del>client</del> or others. It is, therefore, the
167	intent of the Legislature to achieve an ongoing reduction in the
168	use of restraint and seclusion in programs and facilities
169	serving <u>individuals experiencing</u> <del>persons with</del> mental illness.
170	(3) The Legislature further finds the need for additional

psychiatrists to be of critical state concern and recommends the establishment of an additional psychiatry program to be offered by one of Florida's schools of medicine currently not offering psychiatry. The program shall seek to integrate primary care and

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175	psychiatry and other evolving models of care for <u>individuals</u>
176	persons with mental health and substance use disorders.
177	Additionally, the Legislature finds that the use of telemedicine
178	for patient evaluation, case management, and ongoing care will
179	improve management of patient care and reduce costs of
180	transportation.
181	Section 2. Section 394.455, Florida Statutes, is amended to
182	read:
183	394.455 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
184	(1) "Access center" means a facility that has medical,
185	mental health, and substance abuse professionals to provide
186	emergency screening and evaluation for mental health or
187	substance abuse disorders and may provide transportation to an
188	appropriate facility if an individual is in need of more
189	intensive services.
190	(2) "Addictions receiving facility" is a secure, acute care
191	facility that, at a minimum, provides emergency screening,
192	evaluation, detoxification, and stabilization services; is
193	operated 24 hours per day, 7 days per week; and is designated by
194	the department to serve individuals found to have substance
195	abuse impairment who qualify for services under this part.
196	(3) "Administrator" means the chief administrative officer
197	of a receiving or treatment facility or his or her designee.
198	(4) "Adult" means an individual who is 18 years of age or
199	older or who has had the disability of nonage removed under
200	chapter 743.
201	(5) "Advance directive" has the same meaning as in s.
202	765.101.
203	(5) "Clinical psychologist" means a psychologist as defined
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204	in s. 490.003(7) with 3 years of postdoctoral experience in the
205	practice of clinical psychology, inclusive of the experience
206	required for licensure, or a psychologist employed by a facility
207	operated by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs
208	that qualifies as a receiving or treatment facility under this
209	<del>part.</del>
210	(6) "Clinical record" means all parts of the record
211	required to be maintained and includes all medical records,
212	progress notes, charts, and admission and discharge data, and
213	all other information recorded by facility staff which pertains
214	to an individual's admission, retention the patient's
215	hospitalization, or treatment at a mental facility.
216	(7) "Clinical social worker" means a person licensed <u>to</u>
217	practice social work under s. 491.005 or s. 491.006 or a person
218	employed as a clinical social worker by the United States
219	Department of Veterans Affairs or the United States Department
220	<u>of Defense</u> <del>as a clinical social worker under s. 491.005 or s.</del>
221	<del>491.006</del> .
222	(8) "Community facility" means a community service provider
223	that contracts with the department to furnish substance abuse or
224	mental health services under part IV of this chapter.
225	(9) "Community mental health center or clinic" means a
226	publicly funded, not-for-profit center that contracts with the
227	department for the provision of inpatient, outpatient, day
228	treatment, or emergency services.
229	(10) "Court," unless otherwise specified, means the circuit
230	court.
231	(11) "Department" means the Department of Children and
232	Families.

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233	(12) "Designated receiving facility" means a facility
234	approved by the department which may be a public or private
235	hospital, crisis stabilization unit, or addictions receiving
236	facility; which provides, at a minimum, emergency screening,
237	evaluation, and short-term stabilization for mental health or
238	substance abuse disorders; and which may have an agreement with
239	a corresponding facility for transportation and services.
240	(13) "Detoxification facility" means a facility licensed to
241	provide detoxification services under chapter 397.
242	(14) "Electronic means" means a form of telecommunication
243	which requires all parties to maintain visual as well as audio
244	communication when being used to conduct an examination by a
245	qualified professional.
246	(15) "Express and informed consent" means consent
247	voluntarily given <del>in writing, by a competent person,</del> after
248	sufficient explanation and disclosure of the subject matter
249	involved, as documented in the clinical record, to enable the
250	individual or his or her guardian, guardian advocate, or health
251	<u>care surrogate or proxy</u> <del>person</del> to make a knowing and willful
252	decision without any element of force, fraud, deceit, duress, or
253	other form of constraint or coercion. <u>Such consent must be in</u>
254	writing when provided by the individual, but may be provided
255	verbally and documented in the clinical record when the
256	individual's substitute decisionmaker is unable to reasonably
257	provide it in writing.
258	(16) "Facility" means any hospital, community facility,
259	public or private facility, or receiving or treatment facility
260	providing for the evaluation, diagnosis, care, treatment,

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training, or hospitalization of  $\underline{individuals}\ \underline{persons}\ who\ \underline{appear}$ 

36-01520-17 20171756 262 to have or who have been diagnosed as having a mental illness or 263 substance abuse impairment. The term does not include a program 264 or an entity licensed under chapter 400 or chapter 429. 265 (17) "Government facility" means a facility owned, 266 operated, or administered by the Department of Corrections or 267 the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. 268 (18) (17) "Guardian" means the natural guardian of a minor, 269 or a person appointed by a court to act on behalf of a ward's 270 person if the ward is a minor or has been adjudicated 271 incapacitated. 272 (19) (18) "Guardian advocate" means a person appointed by a 273 court to make decisions regarding mental health treatment on 274 behalf of an individual a patient who has been found incompetent 275 to consent to treatment pursuant to this part. 276 (20) (19) "Hospital" means a hospital licensed under chapter 277 395 and part II of chapter 408. 278 (21) (20) "Incapacitated" means that an individual a person 279 has been adjudicated incapacitated pursuant to part V of chapter 280 744 and a guardian of the individual person has been appointed. 281 (22) (21) "Incompetent to consent to treatment" means that 282 an individual's a state in which a person's judgment is so 283 affected by a mental illness or a substance abuse impairment or 284 any medical or organic cause that he or she lacks the capacity 285 to make a well-reasoned, willful, and knowing decision 286 concerning his or her medical, mental health, or substance abuse 287 treatment. 288 (23) "Individual" means any person who is held or accepted 289 for a mental health examination or treatment. 290 (24) <del>(22)</del> "Involuntary examination" means an examination

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291	performed under s. 394.463 <del>, s. 397.6772, s. 397.679, s.</del>
292	<del>397.6798, or s. 397.6811</del> to determine <u>if an individual</u> <del>whether a</del>
293	<del>person</del> qualifies for involuntary services.
294	(25) (23) "Involuntary services" means court-ordered
295	outpatient services or <del>inpatient placement for mental health</del>
296	treatment for mental illness in a receiving facility or
297	treatment facility or by a service provider pursuant to <del>s.</del>
298	<del>394.4655 or</del> s. 394.467.
299	(26) (24) "Law enforcement officer" has the same meaning as
300	provided in s. 943.10 or a federal or tribal law enforcement
301	officer as defined by federal law.
302	(27) (25) "Marriage and family therapist" means a person
303	licensed to practice marriage and family therapy under s.
304	491.005 or s. 491.006 <u>or a person employed as a marriage and</u>
305	family therapist by the United States Department of Veterans
306	Affairs or the United States Department of Defense.
307	<u>(28)</u> (26) "Mental health counselor" means a person licensed
308	to practice mental health counseling under s. 491.005 or s.
309	491.006 or a person employed as a mental health counselor by the
310	United States Department of Veterans Affairs or the United
311	States Department of Defense.
312	<u>(29)</u> (27) "Mental health overlay program" means a mobile
313	service that provides an independent examination for voluntary
314	admission and a range of supplemental onsite services to <u>an</u>
315	<u>individual who has</u> <del>persons with</del> a mental illness in a
316	residential setting such as a nursing home, an assisted living
317	facility, or an adult family-care home or a nonresidential
318	setting such as an adult day care center. Independent
319	examinations provided through a mental health overlay program
I	

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320	must only be provided only under contract with the department
321	for this service or be attached to a public receiving facility
322	that is also a community mental health center.
323	(30) <del>(28)</del> "Mental illness" means an impairment of the mental
324	or emotional processes that exercise conscious control of one's
325	actions or of the ability to perceive or understand reality,
326	which impairment substantially interferes with the <u>individual's</u>
327	person's ability to meet the ordinary demands of living. <u>As used</u>
328	in For the purposes of this part, the term does not include a
329	developmental disability as defined in chapter 393,
330	intoxication, or conditions manifested only by antisocial
331	behavior or substance abuse <u>impairment</u> .
332	<u>(31)</u> "Minor" means an individual who is 17 years of age
333	or younger and who has not had the disability of nonage removed
334	pursuant to s. 743.01 or s. 743.015.
335	<u>(32)</u> "Mobile crisis response service" means a
336	nonresidential crisis service available 24 hours per day, 7 days
337	per week which provides immediate intensive assessments and
338	interventions, including screening for admission into a mental
339	health receiving facility, an addictions receiving facility, or
340	a detoxification facility, for the purpose of identifying
341	appropriate treatment services.
342	(31) "Patient" means any person, with or without a co-
343	occurring substance abuse disorder, who is held or accepted for
344	mental health treatment.
345	(33) (32) "Physician" means a medical practitioner licensed
346	under chapter 458 or chapter 459 <del>who has experience in the</del>

- 347 diagnosis and treatment of mental illness or a physician
- 348 employed by a facility operated by the United States Department

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349	of Veterans Affairs or the United States Department of Defense.
350	<u>(34)</u> "Physician assistant" means a person <u>fully</u>
351	licensed <u>as a physician assistant</u> under chapter 458 or chapter
352	459 or a person employed as a physician assistant by the United
353	States Department of Veterans Affairs or the United States
354	Department of Defense who has experience in the diagnosis and
355	treatment of mental disorders.
356	<u>(35)<del>(34)</del> "Private facility" means a hospital or facility</u>
357	operated by a for-profit or not-for-profit corporation or
358	association which provides mental health or substance abuse
359	services and is not a public facility.
360	(36) <del>(35)</del> "Psychiatric nurse" means an advanced registered
361	nurse practitioner certified under s. 464.012 who has a master's
362	<del>or doctoral degree in psychiatric nursing,</del> holds a national
363	advanced practice certification as a psychiatric mental health
364	advanced practice nurse, and has 2 years of post-master's
365	clinical experience under the supervision of a physician <u>or a</u>
366	person employed as a psychiatric nurse by the United States
367	Department of Veterans Affairs or the United States Department
368	of Defense.
369	(37) (36) "Psychiatrist" means a medical practitioner
370	licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 for at least 3 years,
371	inclusive of psychiatric residency <u>or a person employed as a</u>
372	psychiatrist by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs
373	or the United States Department of Defense.
374	(38) "Psychologist" means a person defined as a
375	psychologist under s. 490.003 or a person employed as a
376	psychologist by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs
377	or the United States Department of Defense.

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          (39) (37) "Public facility" means a facility that has
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     contracted with the department to provide mental health services
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     to all individuals persons, regardless of ability to pay, and is
381
     receiving state funds for such purpose.
382
          (40) (38) "Qualified professional" means a physician or a
383
     physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; a
384
     psychiatrist licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; a
     psychologist as defined in s. 490.003(7); or a psychiatric nurse
385
386
     as defined in this section.
387
          (41) (39) "Receiving facility" means a public or private
388
     facility or hospital expressly designated by the department to
389
     receive and hold individuals on involuntary status or refer, as
390
     appropriate, involuntary patients under emergency conditions for
391
     mental health or substance abuse evaluation and to provide
392
     treatment or transportation to the appropriate service provider.
393
     The term does not include a county jail.
394
          (42) (40) "Representative" means a person selected pursuant
395
     to s. 394.4597(2) to receive notice of proceedings during the
     time a patient is held in or admitted to a receiving or
396
397
     treatment facility.
398
          (43) (41) "Restraint" means:
399
          (a) A physical restraint, including any manual method or
     physical or mechanical device, material, or equipment attached
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401
     or adjacent to an individual's body so that he or she cannot
402
     easily remove the restraint and which restricts freedom of
403
     movement or normal access to one's body. "Physical restraint"
404
     includes the physical holding of an individual a person during a
405
     procedure to forcibly administer psychotropic medication.
     "Physical restraint" does not include physical devices such as
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407	orthopedically prescribed appliances, surgical dressings and
408	bandages, supportive body bands, or other physical holding when
409	necessary for routine physical examinations and tests or for
410	purposes of orthopedic, surgical, or other similar medical
411	treatment when used to provide support for the achievement of
412	functional body position or proper balance for protecting an
413	<u>individual</u> or when used to protect a person from falling out of
414	bed.
415	(b) A drug or medication used to control <u>an individual's</u> <del>a</del>
416	<del>person's</del> behavior or to restrict his or her freedom of movement
417	which is not part of the standard treatment regimen <u>for an</u>
418	individual having of a person with a diagnosed mental illness.
419	(44) "School psychologist" has the same meaning as in s.
420	490.003.
421	(45) (42) "Seclusion" means the physical segregation or
422	involuntary isolation of <u>an individual</u> <del>a person</del> in a room or
423	area from which the <u>individual</u> <del>person</del> is prevented from leaving.
424	The prevention may be by physical barrier or by a staff member
425	who is acting in a manner, or who is physically situated, so as
426	to prevent the <u>individual</u> <del>person</del> from leaving the room or area.
427	As used in For purposes of this part, the term does not mean
428	isolation due to <u>the individual's</u> <del>a person's</del> medical condition
429	or symptoms.
430	(46) (43) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Children and
431	Families.
432	(47) <del>(44)</del> "Service provider" means a <u>public or private</u>
433	receiving facility, a facility licensed under chapter 397, a
434	treatment facility, an entity under contract with the department
435	to provide mental health or substance abuse services, a

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436	community mental health center or clinic, a psychologist, a
437	clinical social worker, a marriage and family therapist, a
438	mental health counselor, a physician, a psychiatrist, <del>an</del>
439	advanced registered nurse practitioner, a psychiatric nurse, or
440	a <u>substance abuse</u> qualified professional <del>as defined in s. 39.01</del> .
441	(48) (45) "Substance abuse <u>impaired</u> impairment" means a
442	condition involving the use of alcoholic beverages or any
443	psychoactive or mood-altering substance in such a manner <u>as to</u>
444	induce mental, emotional, or physical problems and cause
445	socially dysfunctional behavior that a person has lost the power
446	of self-control and has inflicted or is likely to inflict
447	physical harm on himself, herself, or another.
448	(49) "Substance abuse qualified professional" has the same
449	meaning as in s. 397.311(33).
450	(50) (46) "Transfer evaluation" means the process, as
451	approved by the department, in which the individual by which a
452	person who is being considered for placement in a state
453	treatment facility is evaluated for appropriateness of admission
454	to <u>a treatment</u> <del>such</del> facility. <u>The transfer evaluation shall be</u>
455	conducted by the department, a public receiving facility, or a
456	community mental health center or clinic.
457	(51) (47) "Treatment facility" means a state-owned, state-
458	operated, or state-supported hospital, center, or clinic
459	designated by the department for extended treatment and
460	hospitalization <u>of individuals</u> who have a mental illness $_{ au}$ beyond
461	that provided <del>for</del> by a receiving facility <u>or a</u> , of persons who
462	have a mental illness, including facilities of the United States
463	Government, and any private facility designated by the
464	department when rendering such services <del>to a person</del> pursuant to

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465
     the provisions of this part. Patients treated in facilities of
466
     the United States Government shall be solely those whose care is
467
     the responsibility of the United States Department of Veterans
468
     Affairs.
469
          (52) (48) "Triage center" means a facility that has medical,
470
     mental health, and substance abuse professionals present or on
471
     call to provide emergency screening and evaluation for mental
472
     health or substance abuse disorders for individuals transported
     to the center by a law enforcement officer.
473
474
          Section 3. Section 394.457, Florida Statutes, is amended to
475
     read:
476
          394.457 Operation and administration.-
477
           (1) ADMINISTRATION.-The Department of Children and Families
478
     is designated the "Mental Health Authority" of Florida. The
479
     department and the Agency for Health Care Administration shall
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     exercise executive and administrative supervision over all
481
     mental health facilities, programs, and services.
482
           (2) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DEPARTMENT.-The department is
483
     responsible for:
484
           (a) The planning, evaluation, and implementation of a
485
     complete and comprehensive statewide program of mental health
486
     and substance abuse, including community services, receiving and
487
     treatment facilities, child services, research, and training as
488
     authorized and approved by the Legislature, based on the annual
489
     program budget of the department. The department is also
490
     responsible for the coordination of efforts with other
491
     departments and divisions of the state government, county and
492
     municipal governments, and private agencies concerned with and
493
     providing mental health or substance abuse services. It is
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36-01520-17 20171756 494 responsible for establishing standards, providing technical 495 assistance, supervising and exercising supervision of mental 496 health and substance abuse programs, and of, and the treatment 497 of individuals patients at, community facilities, other 498 facilities serving individuals for persons who have a mental 499 illness or substance abuse impairment, and any agency or 500 facility providing services under to patients pursuant to this 501 part.

502 (b) The publication and distribution of an information 503 handbook to facilitate the understanding of this part, the 504 policies and procedures involved in the implementation of this 505 part, and the responsibilities of the various service providers 506 of services under this part. Distribution of this handbook may 507 be limited to online electronic distribution. The department may It shall stimulate research by public and private agencies, 508 509 institutions of higher learning, and hospitals in the interest 510 of the elimination and amelioration of mental illnesses or 511 substance abuse impairments illness.

512 (3) POWER TO CONTRACT.-The department may contract to 513 provide, and be provided with, services and facilities in order to carry out its responsibilities under this part with respect 514 515 to the following agencies: public and private hospitals; 516 receiving and treatment facilities; clinics; laboratories; departments, divisions, and other units of state government; the 517 state colleges and universities; the community colleges; private 518 519 colleges and universities; counties, municipalities, and any 520 other political subdivisions governmental unit, including 521 facilities of the United States Government; and any other public 522 or private entity that which provides or needs facilities or

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523	
524	stabilization, short-term residential treatment, and screening
525	services <u>under this part</u> must be allocated to each county
526	pursuant to the department's funding allocation methodology.
527	Notwithstanding s. 287.057(3)(e), contracts for community-based
528	Baker Act services for inpatient, crisis stabilization, short-
529	term residential treatment, and screening provided under this
530	part, other than those with other units of government, <del>to be</del>
531	<del>provided for the department</del> must be awarded using competitive
532	solicitation sealed bids if the county commission of the county
533	receiving the services makes a request to the <u>department</u>
534	department's district office by January 15 of the contracting
535	year. The <u>department</u> <del>district</del> may not enter into a competitively
536	bid contract <del>under this provision</del> if such action will result in
537	increases of state or local expenditures for Baker Act services
538	within the district. Contracts for <del>these</del> Baker Act services
539	using competitive <u>solicitation</u> <del>sealed bids</del> are effective for 3
540	years. The department shall adopt rules establishing minimum
541	standards for such contracted services and facilities and shall
542	make periodic audits and inspections to assure that the
543	contracted services are provided and meet the standards of the
544	department.
545	(4) APPLICATION FOR AND ACCEPTANCE OF GIFTS AND GRANTSThe

(4) APPLICATION FOR AND ACCEPTANCE OF GIFTS AND GRANTS.—The department may apply for and accept any funds, grants, gifts, or services made available to it by any agency or department of the Federal Government or any other public or private agency or <u>person</u> individual in aid of mental health <u>and substance abuse</u> programs. All such moneys <u>must</u> shall be deposited in the State Treasury and shall be disbursed as provided by law.

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36-01520-17 20171756 552 (5) RULES.-The department shall adopt rules: 553 (a) The department shall adopt rules Establishing forms and 554 procedures relating to the rights and privileges of individuals 555 receiving examination or patients seeking mental health 556 treatment from facilities under this part. 557 (b) Implementing and administering The department shall 558 adopt rules necessary for the implementation and administration 559 of the provisions of this part., and A program subject to the 560 provisions of this part may shall not be permitted to operate 561 unless rules designed to ensure the protection of the health, 562 safety, and welfare of the individuals examined and patients 563 treated under through such program have been adopted. Such rules 564 adopted under this subsection must include provisions governing 565 the use of restraint and seclusion which are consistent with 566 recognized best practices and professional judgment; prohibit 567 inherently dangerous restraint or seclusion procedures; establish limitations on the use and duration of restraint and 568 569 seclusion; establish measures to ensure the safety of program 570 participants and staff during an incident of restraint or 571 seclusion; establish procedures for staff to follow before, 572 during, and after incidents of restraint or seclusion; establish 573 professional qualifications of and training for staff who may 574 order or be engaged in the use of restraint or seclusion; and 575 establish mandatory reporting, data collection, and data 576 dissemination procedures and requirements. Such rules adopted 577 under this subsection must require that each instance of the use 578 of restraint or seclusion be documented in the clinical record 579 of the individual who has been restrained or secluded patient. (c) The department shall adopt rules Establishing minimum 580

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standards for services provided by a mental health overlay program or a mobile crisis response service. (6) PERSONNEL (a) The department shall, by rule, establish minimum standards of education and experience for professional and technical personnel employed in mental health programs, including members of a mobile crisis response service. (b) The department <u>may shall</u> design and distribute appropriate materials for the orientation and training of persons actively engaged in <u>administering implementing</u> the provisions of this part relating to the involuntary examination and <u>treatment placement of individuals persons</u> who are believed to have a mental illness <u>or substance abuse impairment</u> . (7) PAYMENT FOR CARE <del>OF PATIENTS</del> Fees and fee collections for <u>individuals patients</u> in state-owned, state-operated, or state-supported treatment facilities <u>must be in accordance with shall be according to</u> s. 402.33. Section 4. Subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 394.4573, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 394.4573 Coordinated system of care; annual assessment; essential elements; measures of performance; system improvement grants; reportsOn or before December 1 of each year, the department shall submit to the Governor, the President of the	
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601 essential elements; measures of performance; system improvement 602 grants; reports.—On or before December 1 of each year, the	
602 grants; reportsOn or before December 1 of each year, the	
603 department shall submit to the Governor, the President of the	
604 Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives an	
605 assessment of the behavioral health services in this state. The	
606 assessment shall consider, at a minimum, the extent to which	
607 designated receiving systems function as no-wrong-door models,	
608 the availability of treatment and recovery services that use	
609 recovery-oriented and peer-involved approaches, the availability	У

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610
     of less-restrictive services, and the use of evidence-informed
611
     practices. The department's assessment shall consider, at a
612
     minimum, the needs assessments conducted by the managing
613
     entities pursuant to s. 394.9082(5). Beginning in 2017, the
614
     department shall compile and include in the report all plans
615
     submitted by managing entities pursuant to s. 394.9082(8) and
616
     the department's evaluation of each plan.
617
           (1) As used in this section, the term:
           (a) "Care coordination" means the implementation of
618
619
     deliberate and planned organizational relationships and service
620
     procedures that improve the effectiveness and efficiency of the
     behavioral health system by engaging in purposeful interactions
621
622
     with individuals who are not yet effectively connected with
623
     services to ensure service linkage. Examples of care
624
     coordination activities include development of referral
625
     agreements, shared protocols, and information exchange
626
     procedures. The purpose of care coordination is to enhance the
627
     delivery of treatment services and recovery supports and to
628
     improve outcomes among priority populations.
629
           (b) "Case management" means those direct services provided
```

630 to a client in order to assess his or her needs, plan or arrange 631 services, coordinate service providers, link the service system 632 to a client, monitor service delivery, and evaluate patient 633 outcomes to ensure the client is receiving the appropriate 634 services.

(c) "Coordinated system of care" means the full array of
behavioral and related services in a region or community offered
by all service providers, whether participating under contract
with the managing entity or by another method of community

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639
     partnership or mutual agreement.
640
           (d) "No-wrong-door model" means a model for the delivery of
641
     acute care services to individuals persons who have mental
     health or substance use disorders, or both, which optimizes
642
643
     access to care, regardless of the entry point to the behavioral
644
     health care system.
645
          (2) The essential elements of a coordinated system of care
646
     include:
           (b) A designated receiving system that consists of one or
647
648
     more facilities serving a defined geographic area and
649
     responsible for assessment and evaluation, both voluntary and
650
     involuntary, and treatment or triage of patients who have a
651
     mental health or substance use disorder, or co-occurring
652
     disorders.
653
          1. A county or several counties shall plan the designated
654
     receiving system using a process that includes the managing
655
     entity and is open to participation by individuals with
656
     behavioral health needs and their families, service providers,
657
     law enforcement agencies, and other parties. The county or
658
     counties, in collaboration with the managing entity, shall
659
     document the designated receiving system through written
660
     memoranda of agreement or other binding arrangements. The county
661
     or counties and the managing entity shall complete the plan and
662
     implement the designated receiving system by July 1, 2017, and
663
     the county or counties and the managing entity shall review and
664
     update, as necessary, the designated receiving system at least
665
     once every 3 years.
666
          2. To the extent permitted by available resources, the
```

designated receiving system shall function as a no-wrong-door

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696

36-01520-17 20171756 668 model. The designated receiving system may be organized in any 669 manner which functions as a no-wrong-door model that responds to 670 individual needs and integrates services among various 671 providers. Such models include, but are not limited to: 672 a. A central receiving system that consists of a designated 673 central receiving facility that serves as a single entry point 674 for individuals persons with mental health or substance use 675 disorders, or co-occurring disorders. The central receiving 676 facility shall be capable of assessment, evaluation, and triage 677 or treatment or stabilization of individuals persons with mental 678 health or substance use disorders, or co-occurring disorders. 679 b. A coordinated receiving system that consists of multiple 680 entry points that are linked by shared data systems, formal 681 referral agreements, and cooperative arrangements for care 682 coordination and case management. Each entry point shall be a 683 designated receiving facility and shall, within existing 684 resources, provide or arrange for necessary services following 685 an initial assessment and evaluation. 686 c. A tiered receiving system that consists of multiple 687 entry points, some of which offer only specialized or limited 688 services. Each service provider shall be classified according to 689 its capabilities as either a designated receiving facility or 690 another type of service provider, such as a triage center, a licensed detoxification facility, or an access center. All 691 692 participating service providers shall, within existing 693 resources, be linked by methods to share data, formal referral 694 agreements, and cooperative arrangements for care coordination 695 and case management.

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697	An accurate inventory of the participating service providers
698	which specifies the capabilities and limitations of each
699	provider and its ability to accept patients under the designated
700	receiving system agreements and the transportation plan
701	developed pursuant to this section shall be maintained and made
702	available at all times to all first responders in the service
703	area.
704	Section 5. Section 394.4574, Florida Statutes, is amended
705	to read:
706	394.4574 Responsibilities for coordination of services for
707	a <del>mental health</del> resident <u>with a mental illness</u> who resides in an
708	assisted living facility that holds a limited mental health
709	license
710	(1) As used in this section, the term "mental health
711	resident" means an individual who receives social security
712	disability income due to a mental disorder as determined by the
713	Social Security Administration or receives supplemental security
714	income due to a mental disorder as determined by the Social
715	Security Administration and receives optional state
716	supplementation.
717	(2) Medicaid managed care plans are responsible for
718	Medicaid enrolled mental health residents, and managing entities
719	under contract with the department are responsible for mental
720	health residents who are not enrolled in a Medicaid health plan.
721	A Medicaid managed care plan or a managing entity shall ensure
722	that:
723	(a) A <del>mental health</del> resident has been assessed by a
724	psychiatrist, <del>clinical</del> psychologist, clinical social worker, <del>or</del>
725	psychiatric nurse, mental health counselor, marriage and family

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726
     therapist, or a qualified professional an individual who is
727
     supervised by one of these professionals, and determined to be
728
     appropriate to reside in an assisted living facility. The
729
     documentation must be provided to the administrator of the
730
     facility within 30 days after the mental health resident has
731
     been admitted to the facility. An evaluation completed upon
732
     discharge from a state mental health treatment facility hospital
733
     meets the requirements of this subsection related to
734
     appropriateness for services placement as a mental health
735
     resident if it was completed within 90 days before admission to
736
     the facility.
737
           (b) A cooperative agreement, as required in s. 429.075, is
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developed by the mental health <u>or substance abuse</u> <del>care</del> services provider that serves a <del>mental health</del> resident and the administrator of the assisted living facility with a limited mental health license in which the <del>mental health</del> resident is living.

743 (c) The community living support plan, as defined in s. 744 429.02, has been prepared by a mental health resident and his or 745 her mental health case manager in consultation with the 746 administrator of the facility or the administrator's designee. 747 The plan must be completed and provided to the administrator of 748 the assisted living facility with a limited mental health license in which the mental health resident lives within 30 days 749 750 after the resident's admission. The support plan and the 751 agreement may be in one document.

(d) The assisted living facility with a limited mental
health license is provided with documentation that the
individual meets the definition of a mental health resident.

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755 (e) The mental health services provider assigns a case 756 manager to each mental health resident for whom the entity is 757 responsible. The case manager shall coordinate the development 758 and implementation of the community living support plan defined 759 in s. 429.02. The plan must be updated at least annually, or 760 when there is a significant change in the resident's behavioral 761 health status. Each case manager shall keep a record of the date 762 and time of any face-to-face interaction with the resident and 763 make the record available to the responsible entity for inspection. The record must be retained for at least 2 years 764 765 after the date of the most recent interaction.

(f) Consistent monitoring and implementation of community living support plans and cooperative agreements are conducted by the resident's case manager.

(g) Concerns are reported to the appropriate regulatory oversight organization if a regulated provider fails to deliver appropriate services or otherwise acts in a manner that has the potential to result in harm to the resident.

773 (3) The secretary of Children and Families, in consultation 774 with the Agency for Health Care Administration, shall require 775 each regional district administrator to develop, with community 776 input, a detailed annual plan that demonstrates how the regional 777 office, in cooperation with service providers, district will 778 ensure the provision of state-funded mental health and substance 779 abuse treatment services to residents of assisted living 780 facilities that hold a limited mental health license. This plan 781 must be consistent with the substance abuse and mental health 782 district plan developed pursuant to s. 394.75 and must address 783 case management services; access to consumer-operated drop-in

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784	centers; access to services during evenings, weekends, and
785	holidays; supervision of the clinical needs of the residents;
786	and access to emergency psychiatric care.
787	Section 6. Section 394.458, Florida Statutes, is amended to
788	read:
789	394.458 Introduction or removal of certain articles
790	unlawful; penalty
791	(1) <del>(a)</del> Except as authorized by <u>the facility administrator</u>
792	for a lawful purpose law or as specifically authorized by the
793	person in charge of each hospital providing mental health
794	services under this part, it is unlawful to knowingly and
795	intentionally bring into any facility providing services under
796	this part, or to take or attempt to take or send therefrom, any
797	<u>of the following articles</u> <del>introduce into or upon the grounds of</del>
798	such hospital, or to take or attempt to take or send therefrom,
799	any of the following articles, which are hereby declared to be
800	contraband for the purposes of this section:
801	(a) <del>1.</del> Any intoxicating beverage or beverage which causes or
802	may cause an intoxicating effect;
803	(b) <del>2.</del> Any controlled substance as defined in chapter 893;
804	(c) Any imitation controlled substance as defined in s.
805	<u>817.564;</u> or
806	(d) <del>3.</del> Any firearms or deadly weapon, except for certified
807	law enforcement officers acting in their official capacity.
808	(b) It is unlawful to transmit to, or attempt to transmit
809	to, or cause or attempt to cause to be transmitted to, or
810	received by, any patient of any hospital providing mental health
811	services under this part any article or thing declared by this
812	section to be contraband, at any place which is outside of the
I	

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36-01520-17 20171756 813 grounds of such hospital, except as authorized by law or as 814 specifically authorized by the person in charge of such 815 hospital. 816 (2) A person who violates any provision of this section 817 commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in 818 s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 819 (3) A facility providing services under this part shall post at each entry point of the facility a conspicuous notice 820 821 that includes the text of this section. 822 Section 7. Section 394.459, Florida Statutes, is amended to 82.3 read: 824 394.459 Rights of individuals receiving mental health 825 treatment and services patients.-(1) RIGHT TO INDIVIDUAL DIGNITY.-It is the policy of this 826 827 state that the individual dignity of all individuals held for 828 examination or admitted for mental health treatment the patient 829 shall be respected at all times and upon all occasions, 830 including any occasion when the individual patient is taken into 831 custody, held, or transported. Procedures, facilities, vehicles, 832 and restraining devices used utilized for criminals or those 833 accused of a crime may shall not be used in connection with 834 individuals persons who have a mental illness, except for the 835 protection of the individual patient or others. Individuals 836 Persons who have a mental illness but who are not charged with a 837 criminal offense may shall not be detained or incarcerated in 838 the jails of this state. An individual A person who is receiving 839 treatment for mental illness may shall not be deprived of any 840 constitutional rights. However, if such an individual a person is adjudicated incapacitated, his or her rights may be limited 841

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36-01520-17 20171756 842 to the same extent the rights of any incapacitated individual 843 person are limited by law. 844 (2) RIGHT TO TREATMENT.-An individual held for examination 845 or admitted for mental health treatment: 846 (a) May A person shall not be denied treatment for mental 847 illness and services may shall not be delayed at a receiving or 848 treatment facility because of inability to pay. However, every 849 reasonable effort to collect appropriate reimbursement for the 850 cost of providing mental health services from individuals to 851 persons able to pay for services, including insurance or thirdparty payers payments, shall be made by facilities providing 852 853 services under pursuant to this part. 854 (b) Shall be provided It is further the policy of the state 855 that the least restrictive appropriate available treatment be 856 utilized based on the individual's individual needs and best 857 interests, of the patient and consistent with the optimum 858 improvement of the individual's patient's condition. (c) Each person who remains at a receiving or treatment 859 860 facility for more than 12 hours Shall be given a physical 861 examination by a health practitioner authorized by law to give 862 such examinations and a mental health evaluation by a 863 psychiatrist, psychologist, or psychiatric nurse, in a mental 864 health receiving facility, within 24 hours after arrival at the 865 facility if the individual has not been released or discharged 866 pursuant to s. 394.463(2)(h) or s. 394.469. The physical 867 examination and mental health evaluation must be documented in 868 the clinical record. The physical and mental health examinations 869 shall include efforts to identify indicators and symptoms of 870 substance abuse impairment, substance abuse intoxication, and

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871
     substance abuse withdrawal, within 24 hours after arrival at
872
     such facility.
873
           (d) Every patient in a facility Shall be afforded the
874
     opportunity to participate in activities designed to enhance
875
     self-image and the beneficial effects of other treatments, as
876
     determined by the facility.
877
           (e) Not more than 5 days after admission to a facility,
878
     each patient Shall have and receive an individualized treatment
879
     plan in writing which the individual patient has had an
880
     opportunity to assist in preparing and to review before prior to
881
     its implementation, within 72 hours after admission to a
     facility. The plan must shall include a space for the
882
883
     individual's patient's comments and signature.
          (3) RIGHT TO EXPRESS AND INFORMED PATIENT CONSENT.-
884
885
          (a)1. Each individual patient entering treatment shall be
886
     asked to give express and informed consent for admission or
887
     treatment.
888
          (a) If the individual patient has been adjudicated
889
     incapacitated or found to be incompetent to consent to
890
     treatment, express and informed consent must to treatment shall
891
     be sought instead from his or her the patient's guardian or
892
     guardian advocate or health care surrogate or proxy. If the
893
     individual patient is a minor, express and informed consent for
894
     admission or treatment must be obtained from the minor's shall
895
     also be requested from the patient's quardian. Express and
896
     informed consent for admission or treatment of a patient under
897
     18 years of age shall be required from the patient's quardian,
898
     unless the minor is seeking outpatient crisis intervention
899
     services under s. 394.4784. Express and informed consent for
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900 admission or treatment given by a patient who is under 18 years 901 of age shall not be a condition of admission when the patient's 902 guardian gives express and informed consent for the patient's 903 admission pursuant to s. 394.463 or s. 394.467.

904 (b) 2. Before giving express and informed consent, the 905 following information shall be provided and explained in plain 906 language to the individual and to his or her patient, or to the 907 patient's guardian if the individual is an adult patient is 18 908 years of age or older and has been adjudicated incapacitated, or 909 to his or her the patient's guardian advocate if the individual 910 patient has been found to be incompetent to consent to 911 treatment, to the health care surrogate or proxy, or to both the 912 individual patient and the guardian if the individual patient is a minor; + the reason for admission or treatment; the proposed 913 914 treatment; the purpose of the treatment to be provided; the 915 common risks, benefits, and side effects thereof; the specific 916 dosage range for the medication, if when applicable; alternative 917 treatment modalities; the approximate length of care; the 918 potential effects of stopping treatment; how treatment will be monitored; and that any consent given for treatment may be 919 920 revoked orally or in writing before or during the treatment 921 period by the individual receiving treatment patient or by a 922 person who is legally authorized to make health care decisions 923 on the individual's behalf of the patient.

924 (b) In the case of medical procedures requiring the use of 925 a general anesthetic or electroconvulsive treatment, and prior 926 to performing the procedure, express and informed consent shall 927 be obtained from the patient if the patient is legally 928 competent, from the guardian of a minor patient, from the

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929	guardian of a patient who has been adjudicated incapacitated, or
930	from the guardian advocate of the patient if the guardian
931	advocate has been given express court authority to consent to
932	medical procedures or electroconvulsive treatment as provided
933	under s. 394.4598.
934	(c) When the department is the legal guardian of a patient,
935	or is the custodian of a patient whose physician is unwilling to
936	perform a medical procedure, including an electroconvulsive
937	treatment, based solely on the patient's consent and whose
938	guardian or guardian advocate is unknown or unlocatable, the
939	court shall hold a hearing to determine the medical necessity of
940	the medical procedure. The patient shall be physically present,
941	unless the patient's medical condition precludes such presence,
942	represented by counsel, and provided the right and opportunity
943	to be confronted with, and to cross-examine, all witnesses
944	alleging the medical necessity of such procedure. In such
945	proceedings, the burden of proof by clear and convincing
946	evidence shall be on the party alleging the medical necessity of
947	the procedure.
948	(d) The administrator of a receiving or treatment facility
949	may, upon the recommendation of the patient's attending
950	physician, authorize emergency medical treatment, including a
951	surgical procedure, if such treatment is deemed lifesaving, or
952	if the situation threatens serious bodily harm to the patient,
953	and permission of the patient or the patient's guardian or
954	guardian advocate cannot be obtained.
955	(4) QUALITY OF TREATMENT.—
956	(a) Each individual held for examination, admitted for
957	mental health treatment, or receiving involuntary treatment

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36-01520-17 20171756 958 patient shall receive services that are, including, for a patient placed under s. 394.4655, those services included in the 959 960 court order which are suited to his or her needs, and which 961 shall be administered skillfully, safely, and humanely with full 962 respect for the individual's patient's dignity and personal 963 integrity. Each individual patient shall receive such medical, 964 vocational, social, educational, and rehabilitative services as 965 his or her condition requires in order to live successfully in 966 the community. In order to achieve this goal, the department 967 shall is directed to coordinate its mental health programs with 968 all other programs of the department and other state agencies. 969

969 (b) Facilities shall develop and maintain, in a form 970 accessible to and readily understandable by <u>individuals held for</u> 971 <u>examination, admitted for mental health treatment, or receiving</u> 972 <u>involuntary treatment</u> <del>patients</del> and consistent with rules adopted 973 by the department<del>, the following</del>:

974 1. Criteria, procedures, and required staff training for 975 <u>the</u> any use of close or elevated levels of supervision<u>;</u>, of 976 restraint, seclusion, or isolation<u>;</u>, or of emergency treatment 977 orders<u>;</u>, and for the use of bodily control and physical 978 management techniques.

979 2. Procedures for documenting, monitoring, and requiring 980 clinical review of all uses of the procedures described in 981 subparagraph 1. and for documenting and requiring review of any 982 incidents resulting in injury to <u>individuals receiving services</u> 983 <del>patients</del>.

3. A system for investigating, tracking, managing, and
responding to complaints by <u>individuals</u> persons receiving
services or <u>persons</u> individuals acting on their behalf.

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987	(c) Receiving and treatment facilities shall have written
988	procedures for reporting events that place individuals receiving
989	services at risk of harm. Such events must be reported to the
990	department as soon as reasonably possible after discovery and
991	include, but are not limited to:
992	1. The death, regardless of cause or manner, of an
993	individual examined or treated at a facility that occurs while
994	the individual is at the facility or that occurs within 72 hours
995	after release, if the death is known to the facility
996	administrator.
997	2. An injury sustained, or allegedly sustained, at a
998	facility, by an individual examined or treated at the facility
999	and caused by an accident, self-injury, assault, act of abuse,
1000	neglect, or suicide attempt, if the injury requires medical
1001	treatment by a licensed health care practitioner in an acute
1002	care medical facility.
1003	3. The unauthorized departure or absence of an individual
1004	from a facility in which he or she has been held for involuntary
1005	examination or involuntary treatment.
1006	4. A disaster or crisis situation such as a tornado,
1007	hurricane, kidnapping, riot, or hostage situation that
1008	jeopardizes the health, safety, or welfare of individuals
1009	examined or treated in a facility.
1010	5. An allegation of sexual battery upon an individual
1011	examined or treated in a facility.
1012	<u>(d)</u> A facility may not use seclusion or restraint for
1013	punishment, <u>in compensation</u> <del>to compensate</del> for inadequate
1014	staffing, or for the convenience of staff. Facilities shall
1015	ensure that all staff, contractors, and volunteers are made

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1016
      aware of these restrictions on the use of seclusion and
1017
      restraint and shall make and maintain records which demonstrate
1018
      that this information has been conveyed to each staff member,
1019
      contractor, and volunteer individual staff members.
1020
            (5) COMMUNICATION, ABUSE REPORTING, AND VISITS.-
1021
            (a) Each individual held for examination or admitted for
1022
      mental health treatment person receiving services in a facility
1023
      providing mental health services under this part has the right
1024
      to communicate freely and privately with persons outside the
1025
      facility unless it is determined that such communication is
1026
      likely to be harmful to the individual person or others. Each
1027
      facility shall make available as soon as reasonably possible to
1028
      persons receiving services a telephone that allows for free
1029
      local calls and access to a long-distance service available to
1030
      the individual as soon as reasonably possible. A facility is not
1031
      required to pay the costs of an individual's a patient's long-
1032
      distance calls. The telephone must shall be readily accessible
1033
      to the patient and shall be placed so that the individual
1034
      patient may use it to communicate privately and confidentially.
1035
      The facility may establish reasonable rules for the use of this
1036
      telephone which, provided that the rules do not interfere with
1037
      an individual's a patient's access to a telephone to report
1038
      abuse pursuant to paragraph (e).
1039
            (b) Each individual patient admitted to a facility under
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(b) Each <u>Individual</u> patient admitted to a facility under the provisions of this part <u>is</u> shall be allowed to receive, send, and mail sealed, unopened correspondence; and <u>the</u> individual's no patient's incoming or outgoing correspondence <u>may not shall</u> be opened, delayed, held, or censored by the facility unless there is reason to believe that it contains

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1045	items or substances that which may be harmful to the individual
1046	<del>patient</del> or others, in which case the administrator may direct
1047	reasonable examination of such mail and may regulate the
1048	disposition of such items or substances.
1049	(c) Each facility <u>shall allow</u> <del>must permit</del> immediate access
1050	to an individual held for examination or admitted for mental
1051	<u>health treatment</u> any patient, subject to the patient's right to
1052	deny or withdraw consent at any time, by the <u>individual, or by</u>
1053	<u>the individual's</u> <del>patient's</del> family members, guardian, guardian
1054	advocate, <u>health care surrogate or proxy</u> , representative,
1055	Florida statewide or local advocacy council, or attorney, unless
1056	such access would be detrimental to the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> . If
1057	the a patient's right to communicate or to receive visitors is
1058	restricted by the facility, written notice of such restriction
1059	and the reasons for the restriction shall be served on the
1060	individual and the individual's attorney, patient, the patient's
1061	attorney, and the patient's guardian, guardian advocate, <u>health</u>
1062	care surrogate or proxy, or representative; and such restriction
1063	and the reason for the restriction, shall be recorded in on the
1064	patient's clinical record with the reasons therefor. The
1065	restriction <u>must</u> <del>of a patient's right to communicate or to</del>
1066	receive visitors shall be reviewed at least every 7 days. The
1067	right to communicate or receive visitors <u>may</u> shall not be
1068	restricted as a means of punishment. <del>Nothing in</del> This paragraph
1069	does not shall be construed to limit the establishment of rules
1070	<u>under</u> <del>provisions of</del> paragraph (d).
1071	(d) Each facility shall establish reasonable rules

10/1 (d) Each facility shall establish reasonable rules
1072 governing visitors, visiting hours, and the use of telephones by
1073 individuals held for examination or admitted for mental health

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36-01520-17 20171756 1074 treatment patients in the least restrictive possible manner. An 1075 individual has <del>Patients shall have</del> the right to contact and to 1076 receive communication from his or her their attorneys at any 1077 reasonable time. 1078 (e) Each individual held for examination or admitted for 1079 mental health treatment patient receiving mental health 1080 treatment in any facility shall have ready access to a telephone 1081 in order to report an alleged abuse. The facility staff shall orally and in writing inform each individual patient of the 1082 1083 procedure for reporting abuse and shall make every reasonable 1084 effort to present the information in a language that the 1085 individual patient understands. A written copy of that 1086 procedure, including the telephone number of the central abuse 1087 hotline and reporting forms, shall be posted in plain view. (f) The department must shall adopt rules providing a 1088 1089 procedure for reporting alleged abuse. Facility staff shall be 1090 required, as a condition of employment, must to become familiar 1091 with the requirements and procedures for the reporting of abuse. 1092 (6) CARE AND CUSTODY OF PERSONAL EFFECTS OF PATIENTS. - The 1093 rights of an individual held for examination or admitted for 1094 mental health treatment A patient's right to the possession of 1095 his or her clothing and personal effects shall be respected. The 1096 facility may take temporary custody of such effects if when 1097 required for medical and safety reasons. The A patient's 1098 clothing and personal effects shall be inventoried upon their 1099 removal into temporary custody. Copies of this inventory shall be given to the individual and his or her patient and to the 1100 1101 patient's guardian, guardian advocate, health care surrogate or 1102 proxy, or representative and shall be recorded in the patient's

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36-01520-17 20171756 1103 clinical record. This inventory may be amended upon the request 1104 of the individual and his or her patient or the patient's 1105 guardian, guardian advocate, health care surrogate or proxy, or representative. The inventory and any amendments to it must be 1106 1107 witnessed by two members of the facility staff and by the 1108 individual patient, if able. All of the a patient's clothing and 1109 personal effects held by the facility must shall be returned to 1110 the individual patient immediately upon his or her the discharge or transfer of the patient from the facility, unless such return 1111 1112 would be detrimental to the individual patient. If personal 1113 effects are not returned to the patient, the reason must be 1114 documented in the clinical record along with the disposition of 1115 the clothing and personal effects, which may be given instead to 1116 the individual's patient's guardian, guardian advocate, health 1117 care surrogate or proxy, or representative. As soon as practicable after an emergency transfer of a patient, the 1118 1119 individual's patient's clothing and personal effects shall be transferred to the individual's patient's new location, together 1120 with a copy of the inventory and any amendments, unless an 1121 1122 alternate plan is approved by the individual patient, if he or she is able, and by his or her the patient's guardian, guardian 1123 1124 advocate, health care surrogate or proxy, or representative. 1125 (7) VOTING IN PUBLIC ELECTIONS.-An individual held for examination or admitted for mental health treatment A patient 1126 who is eligible to vote according to the laws of the state has 1127 the right to vote in the primary, and general, and special 1128

elections. The department shall establish rules to enable <u>such</u> <u>individuals</u> patients to obtain voter registration forms, applications for vote-by-mail ballots, and vote-by-mail ballots.

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(8) HABEAS CORPUS.-

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1132

1133 (a) At any time, and without notice, an individual held for 1134 mental health examination or admitted for inpatient treatment in a person held in a receiving or treatment facility, or a 1135 1136 relative, friend, guardian, guardian advocate, health care 1137 surrogate or proxy, representative, or attorney, or the 1138 department, on behalf of such individual person, may petition 1139 for a writ of habeas corpus to question the cause and legality of such detention and request that the court order a return to 1140 1141 the writ in accordance with chapter 79. Each individual patient 1142 held in a facility shall receive a written notice of the right 1143 to petition for a writ of habeas corpus.

1144 (b) At any time, and without notice, an individual held for mental health examination or admitted for inpatient treatment a 1145 1146 person who is a patient in a receiving or treatment facility, or a relative, friend, guardian, guardian advocate, health care 1147 1148 surrogate or proxy, representative, or attorney, or the 1149 department, on behalf of such individual person, may file a 1150 petition in the circuit court in the county where the individual 1151 patient is being held alleging that he or she the patient is being unjustly denied a right or privilege granted under this 1152 1153 part herein or that a procedure authorized under this part 1154 herein is being abused. Upon the filing of such a petition, the 1155 court may shall have the authority to conduct a judicial inquiry and to issue any order needed to correct an abuse of the 1156 1157 provisions of this part.

(c) The administrator of any receiving or treatment facility receiving a petition under this subsection shall file the petition with the clerk of the court <u>no later than</u> on the

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1161	next court working day.
1162	(d) <u>A</u> <del>No</del> fee <u>may not</u> <del>shall</del> be charged for <del>the</del> filing <del>of</del> a
1163	petition under this subsection.
1164	(9) VIOLATIONSThe department shall report to the Agency
1165	for Health Care Administration <u>and the Department of Health</u> any
1166	violation of the rights or privileges of <u>individuals</u> patients,
1167	or of any procedures provided under this part, by any facility
1168	or professional licensed or regulated <u>under state law</u> <del>by the</del>
1169	agency. The agency is authorized to impose Any sanction
1170	authorized for violation of this part <u>may be imposed</u> , based
1171	solely on the investigation and findings of the department.
1172	(10) LIABILITY FOR VIOLATIONS.— <u>A</u> Any person who violates or
1173	abuses <u>the</u> <del>any</del> rights or privileges of <u>individuals held or</u>
1174	admitted for mental health treatment patients provided under by
1175	this part is liable for damages as determined by law. <u>A</u> Any
1176	person who acts reasonably, in good faith, and without
1177	<u>negligence</u> in compliance with <del>the provisions of</del> this part is
1178	immune from civil or criminal liability for his or her actions
1179	in connection with the preparation or execution of petitions,
1180	applications, certificates, reports, or other documents
1181	initiating admission to a facility or the apprehension,
1182	detention, transportation, examination, admission, diagnosis,
1183	treatment, or discharge of <u>an individual</u> <del>a patient</del> to or from a
1184	facility. However, this section does not relieve any person from
1185	liability if such person commits negligence.
1186	(11) RIGHT TO PARTICIPATE IN TREATMENT AND DISCHARGE
1187	PLANNINGAn individual held for examination or admitted for
1188	mental health treatment The patient shall have the opportunity
1189	to participate in treatment and discharge planning and shall be

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1190	notified in writing of his or her right, upon discharge from the
1191	facility, to seek treatment from the professional or agency of
1192	the individual's patient's choice.
1193	(12) ADVANCE DIRECTIVES.—All service providers providing
1194	services under this part shall provide information concerning
1195	advance directives and assist individuals who are competent and
1196	willing to complete an advance directive. The directive may
1197	include instructions regarding mental health or substance abuse
1198	treatment. Service providers providing services under this part
1199	shall honor the advance directive of individuals they serve, or
1200	shall request a transfer for the individual as required by s.
1201	765.1105.
1202	(13) (12) POSTING OF NOTICE OF RIGHTS OF PATIENTSEach
1203	facility shall post a notice <u>that lists and describes</u> <del>listing</del>
1204	and describing, in the language and terminology that the
1205	individual persons to whom the notice is addressed can
1206	understand, the rights provided <u>under</u> <del>in</del> this section. This
1207	notice <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> include a statement that <del>provisions of</del> the
1208	federal Americans with Disabilities Act apply and the name and
1209	telephone number of a person to contact for further information.
1210	The This notice must shall be posted in a place readily
1211	accessible to <u>individuals</u> <del>patients</del> and in a format easily seen
1212	by <u>the individuals served</u> <del>patients</del> . <u>The</u> <del>This</del> notice <u>must</u> <del>shall</del>
1213	include the telephone numbers of Disability Rights Florida, Inc
1214	the Florida local advocacy council and Advocacy Center for
1215	Persons with Disabilities, Inc.
1216	Section 8. Section 394.4593, Florida Statutes, is amended
1217	to read:
1218	394.4593 Sexual misconduct prohibited; reporting required;

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1	36-01520-17 20171756
1219	penalties
1220	(1) As used in this section, the term:
1221	(a) "Employee" <u>means</u> includes any paid staff member,
1222	volunteer, or intern of the department <u>or a service provider</u>
1223	providing services pursuant to this part; any person under
1224	contract with the department <u>or a service provider providing</u>
1225	services pursuant to this part; and any person providing care or
1226	support to <u>an individual</u> <del>a client</del> on behalf of the department or
1227	its <u>service</u> providers.
1228	(b) "Sexual activity" means:
1229	1. Fondling the genital area, groin, inner thighs,
1230	buttocks, or breasts of <u>an individual</u> <del>a person</del> .
1231	2. The oral, anal, or vaginal penetration by or union with
1232	the sexual organ of another or the anal or vaginal penetration
1233	of another by any other object.
1234	3. Intentionally touching in a lewd or lascivious manner
1235	the breasts, genitals, the genital area, or buttocks, or the
1236	clothing covering them, of <u>an individual</u> <del>a person</del> , or forcing or
1237	enticing <u>an individual</u> <del>a person</del> to touch the perpetrator.
1238	4. Intentionally masturbating in the presence of another
1239	individual person.
1240	5. Intentionally exposing the genitals in a lewd or
1241	lascivious manner in the presence of another <u>individual</u> <del>person</del> .
1242	6. Intentionally committing any other sexual act that does
1243	not involve actual physical or sexual contact with <u>another</u>
1244	individual the victim, including, but not limited to,
1245	sadomasochistic abuse, sexual bestiality, or the simulation of
1246	any act involving sexual activity in the presence of <u>the</u>
1247	<u>individual</u> <del>a victim</del> .

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1248	(c) "Sexual misconduct" means any sexual activity between
1249	an employee and an individual held or admitted for examination
1250	or treatment pursuant to this part a patient, regardless of the
1251	consent of <u>that individual</u> <del>the patient</del> . The term does not
1252	include an act done for a bona fide medical purpose or an
1253	internal search conducted in the lawful performance of duty by
1254	an employee.
1255	(2) An employee who engages in sexual misconduct with <u>an</u>
1256	<u>individual</u> <del>a patient who:</del>
1257	(a) Is in the custody of the department; or
1258	(b) Resides in a receiving facility or a treatment
1259	facility, as those terms are defined in s. 394.455,
1260	
1261	commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in
1262	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. An employee may be found
1263	guilty of violating this subsection without having committed the
1264	crime of sexual battery.
1265	(3) The consent of an individual held or admitted for
1266	examination or treatment the patient to sexual activity is not a
1267	defense to prosecution under this section.
1268	(4) This section does not apply to an employee who <u>, at the</u>
1269	time of the sexual activity:
1270	(a) Is legally married to the individual involved in the
1271	sexual activity patient; or
1272	(b) Has no reason to believe that the individual involved
1273	in the sexual activity is held or admitted for examination or
1274	treatment pursuant to this part person with whom the employee
1275	engaged in sexual misconduct is a patient receiving services as
1276	described in subsection (2).

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36-01520-17 20171756 1277 (5) An employee who witnesses sexual misconduct, or who 1278 otherwise knows or has reasonable cause to suspect that a person 1279 has engaged in sexual misconduct, shall immediately report the 1280 incident to the department's central abuse hotline and to the 1281 appropriate local law enforcement agency. Such employee shall 1282 also prepare, date, and sign an independent report that 1283 specifically describes the nature of the sexual misconduct, the 1284 location and time of the incident, and the persons involved. The 1285 employee shall deliver the report to the supervisor or program 1286 director, who is responsible for providing copies to the 1287 department's inspector general. The inspector general shall 1288 immediately conduct an appropriate administrative investigation, 1289 and, if there is probable cause to believe that sexual 1290 misconduct has occurred, the inspector general shall notify the 1291 state attorney in the circuit in which the incident occurred. 1292 (6) (a) Any person who is required to make a report under

this section and who knowingly or willfully fails to do so, or who knowingly or willfully prevents another person from doing so, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(b) Any person who knowingly or willfully submits inaccurate, incomplete, or untruthful information with respect to a report required under this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(c) Any person who knowingly or willfully coerces or threatens any other person with the intent to alter testimony or a written report regarding an incident of sexual misconduct commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in

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1306	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
1307	(7) The provisions and penalties set forth in this section
1308	are in addition to any other civil, administrative, or criminal
1309	action provided by law which may be applied against an employee.
1310	Section 9. Section 394.4595, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
1311	Section 10. Section 394.4596, Florida Statutes, is created
1312	to read:
1313	394.4596 Federally mandated protection and advocacy system
1314	for individuals with disabilitiesThe agency designated by the
1315	governor as the federally mandated protection and advocacy
1316	system for individuals with disabilities has specific access
1317	authority under federal law to facilities, individuals,
1318	information, and records. Any facility defined in s. 394.455(12)
1319	shall allow this agency to exercise access authority provided to
1320	it by state and federal law.
1321	Section 11. Section 394.4597, Florida Statutes, is amended
1322	to read:
1323	394.4597 Persons to be notified; individual's patient's
1324	representative
1325	(1) VOLUNTARY <u>ADMISSION</u> <del>PATIENTS</del> .—At the time <u>an individual</u>
1326	a patient is voluntarily admitted to a receiving or treatment
1327	facility, the individual shall be asked to identify a person to
1328	be notified in case of an emergency, and the identity and
1329	contact information of <u>that</u> <del>a</del> person <del>to be notified in case of</del>
1330	an emergency shall be entered in the patient's clinical record.
1331	(2) INVOLUNTARY ADMISSION PATIENTS
1332	(a) At the time <u>an individual</u> <del>a patient</del> is admitted to a
1333	facility for involuntary examination or <u>services</u> <del>placement</del> , or
1334	when a petition for involuntary <u>services</u> <del>placement</del> is filed, the
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1335	name, address, and telephone number names, addresses, and
1336	<del>telephone numbers</del> of the <u>individual's</u> <del>patient's</del> guardian or
1337	guardian advocate, <u>health care surrogate or proxy,</u> or
1338	representative if <u>he or she</u> <del>the patient</del> has no guardian, and the
1339	individual's patient's attorney shall be entered in the
1340	patient's clinical record.
1341	(b) If the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> has no guardian, <u>guardian</u>
1342	advocate, health care surrogate, or proxy, he or she the patient
1343	shall be asked to designate a representative. If the $\underline{individual}$
1344	patient is unable or unwilling to designate a representative,
1345	the facility shall select a representative.
1346	(c) The <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> shall be consulted with regard
1347	to the selection of a representative by the receiving or
1348	treatment facility and <u>may</u> <del>shall have authority to</del> request that
1349	the any such representative be replaced.
1350	(d) If When the receiving or treatment facility selects a
1351	representative, first preference shall be given to a health care
1352	surrogate, if one has been previously selected <del>by the patient</del> .
1353	If the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> has not previously selected a health
1354	care surrogate, the selection, except for good cause documented
1355	in the <del>patient's</del> clinical record, shall be made from the
1356	following list in the order of listing:
1357	1. The individual's patient's spouse.
1358	2. An adult child of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> .
1359	3. A parent of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> .
1360	4. The adult next of kin of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> .
1361	5. An adult friend of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> .
1362	(e) The following persons are prohibited from selection as
1363	an individual's a patient's representative:

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1364	1. A professional providing clinical services to the
1365	individual patient under this part.
1366	2. The licensed professional who initiated the involuntary
1367	examination of the individual patient, if the examination was
1368	initiated by professional certificate.
1369	3. An employee, <u>a volunteer, a contractor,</u> an
1370	administrator, or a board member of the facility providing the
1371	examination of the individual patient.
1372	4. An employee, <u>a volunteer, a contractor,</u> an
1373	administrator, or a board member of a treatment facility
1374	providing treatment for the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> .
1375	5. A person providing any substantial professional services
1376	to the individual patient, including clinical and nonclinical
1377	services.
1378	6. A creditor of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> .
1379	7. A person who is a party subject to an injunction for
1380	protection against domestic violence under s. 741.30, whether
1381	the order of injunction is temporary or final, and for which the
1382	individual patient was the petitioner.
1383	8. A person <u>who is a party</u> <del>subject</del> to an injunction for
1384	protection against repeat violence, stalking, sexual violence,
1385	or dating violence under s. 784.046, whether the order of
1386	injunction is temporary or final, and for which the <u>individual</u>
1387	patient was the petitioner.
1388	(f) The representative selected by the individual or
1389	designated by the facility has the right, authority, and
1390	responsibility to:
1391	1. Receive notice of the individual's admission;
1392	2. Receive notice of proceedings affecting the individual;

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1393	3. Have immediate access to the individual unless such
1394	access is documented to be detrimental to the individual;
1395	4. Receive notice of any restriction of the individual's
1396	right to communicate or receive visitors;
1397	5. Receive a copy of the inventory of clothing and personal
1398	effects upon the individual's admission and to request an
1399	amendment to the inventory at any time;
1400	6. Receive disposition of the individual's clothing and
1401	personal effects if not returned to the individual, or to
1402	approve an alternate plan;
1403	7. Petition on behalf of the individual for a writ of
1404	habeas corpus to question the cause and legality of the
1405	individual's detention or to allege that the individual is being
1406	unjustly denied a right or privilege granted under this part, or
1407	that a procedure authorized under this part is being abused;
1408	8. Apply for a change of venue for the individual's
1409	involuntary services placement hearing for the convenience of
1410	the parties or witnesses or because of the individual's
1411	condition;
1412	9. Receive written notice of any restriction of the
1413	individual's right to inspect his or her clinical record;
1414	10. Receive notice of the release of the individual from a
1415	receiving facility where an involuntary examination was
1416	performed;
1417	11. Receive a copy of any petition for the individual's
1418	involuntary services filed with the court; and
1419	12. Be informed by the court of the individual's right to
1420	an independent expert evaluation pursuant to involuntary
1421	services procedures.

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36-01520-17 20171756 1422 Section 12. Section 394.4598, Florida Statutes, is amended 1423 to read: 1424 394.4598 Guardian advocate.-1425 (1) The administrator may petition the court for the 1426 appointment of a guardian advocate based upon the opinion of a psychiatrist that an individual held for examination or admitted 1427 1428 for mental health treatment the patient is incompetent to 1429 consent to treatment. If the court finds that the individual a 1430 patient is incompetent to consent to treatment and has not been 1431 adjudicated incapacitated and a guardian having with the 1432 authority to consent to mental health or substance abuse 1433 treatment has not been appointed, it shall appoint a guardian 1434 advocate. The individual patient has the right to have an 1435 attorney represent him or her at the hearing. If the individual 1436 is not otherwise represented by counsel person is indigent, the 1437 court shall appoint the office of the public defender to 1438 represent him or her at the hearing. The individual patient has 1439 the right to testify, cross-examine witnesses, and present 1440 witnesses. The proceeding must shall be recorded either 1441 electronically or stenographically, and testimony shall be provided under oath. One of the professionals authorized to give 1442 an opinion in support of a petition for involuntary services 1443 1444 placement, as described in s. 394.4655 or s. 394.467, shall must 1445 testify. The A guardian advocate shall must meet the qualifications of a guardian pursuant to contained in part IV of 1446 chapter 744. A person may not be appointed as a guardian 1447 1448 advocate unless he or she agrees, except that a professional 1449 referred to in this part, an employee of the facility providing 1450 direct services to the patient under this part, a departmental

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L451	employee, a facility administrator, or member of the Florida
L452	local advocacy council shall not be appointed. A person who is
L453	appointed as a guardian advocate must agree to the appointment.
L454	(2) The following persons are prohibited from being
L455	appointed as an individual's appointment as a patient's guardian
L456	advocate:
L457	(a) A professional providing clinical services to the
L458	individual patient under this part.
L459	(b) The licensed professional who initiated the involuntary
L460	examination of the individual patient, if the examination was
L461	initiated by professional certificate.
L462	(c) An employee, <u>a contractor, a volunteer,</u> an
L463	administrator, or a board member of the facility providing the
L464	examination of the individual patient.
L465	(d) An employee, <u>a contractor, a volunteer,</u> an
L466	administrator, or a board member of a treatment facility
L467	providing treatment of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> .
L468	(e) A person providing any substantial professional
L469	services, excluding public and professional guardians, to the
L470	individual patient, including clinical and nonclinical services.
L471	(f) A creditor of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> .
L472	(g) A <u>party</u> <del>person subject</del> to an injunction for protection
L473	against domestic violence under s. 741.30, whether the order of
1474	injunction is temporary or final, and for which the <u>individual</u>
L475	patient was the petitioner.
L476	(h) A <u>party</u> <del>person subject</del> to an injunction for protection
L477	against repeat violence, stalking, sexual violence, or dating
L478	violence under s. 784.046, whether the order of injunction is
L479	temporary or final, and for which the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> was the

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1480
      petitioner.
1481
            (3) A facility requesting appointment of a guardian
1482
      advocate shall, before must, prior to the appointment, provide
      the prospective guardian advocate with information concerning
1483
1484
      about the duties and responsibilities of guardian advocates,
      including the information about the ethics of medical
1485
1486
      decisionmaking. Before asking a guardian advocate to give
1487
      consent to treatment for an individual held for examination or
      admitted for mental health treatment a patient, the facility
1488
1489
      shall provide all disclosures required under s. 394.459(3)(a)2
1490
      to the guardian advocate sufficient information so that the
1491
      quardian advocate can decide whether to give express and
1492
      informed consent to the treatment, including information that
1493
      the treatment is essential to the care of the patient, and that
1494
      the treatment does not present an unreasonable risk of serious,
1495
      hazardous, or irreversible side effects. Before giving consent
1496
      to treatment, the guardian advocate shall must meet and talk
1497
      with the individual patient and the individual's patient's
1498
      physician face-to-face in person, if at all possible, and by
1499
      telephone, if not. The guardian advocate shall make every effort
1500
      to make decisions regarding treatment that he or she believes
1501
      the individual would have made under the circumstances if the
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1502 <u>individual were capable of making such decision.</u> The decision of 1503 the guardian advocate may be reviewed by the court, upon 1504 petition of the <u>individual's patient's</u> attorney, the 1505 <u>individual's patient's</u> family, or the facility administrator.

(4) In lieu of the training required of guardians appointed
 <u>under pursuant to chapter 744</u>, a guardian advocate must, at a
 minimum, <u>complete participate</u> in a 4-hour training course

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1509
      approved by the court before exercising his or her authority. At
1510
      a minimum, this training course must include information
1511
      concerning rights of the individual about patient rights,
1512
      psychotropic medications, the diagnosis of mental illness, the
1513
      ethics of medical decisionmaking, and duties of guardian
1514
      advocates.
1515
            (5) The required training course and the information
1516
      provided to be supplied to prospective guardian advocates before
1517
      their appointment must be developed by the department and \overline{r}
1518
      approved by the chief judge of the circuit court, and taught by
1519
      a court-approved organization, which may include, but is not
1520
      limited to, a community college, a guardianship organization, a
1521
      local bar association, or The Florida Bar. The training course
1522
      may be web-based, provided in video format, or other electronic
1523
      means but must be capable of ensuring the identity and
1524
      participation of the prospective guardian advocate. The court
1525
      may waive some or all of the training requirements for guardian
1526
      advocates or impose additional requirements. The court shall
1527
      make its decision on a case-by-case basis and, in making its
1528
      decision, shall consider the experience and education of the
1529
      guardian advocate, the duties assigned to the guardian advocate,
1530
      and the needs of the individual subject to involuntary services
1531
      patient.
1532
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(6) In selecting a guardian advocate, the court shall give preference to a health care surrogate, if one has already been designated by the <u>individual held for examination or admitted</u> for mental health treatment <u>patient</u>. If the <u>individual patient</u> has not previously selected a health care surrogate, except for good cause documented in the court record, the selection shall

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1538	be made from the following list in the order of listing:
1539	(a) The individual's patient's spouse.
1540	(b) An adult child of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> .
1541	(c) A parent of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> .
1542	(d) The adult next of kin of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> .
1543	(e) An adult friend of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> .
1544	(f) An adult trained and willing to serve as guardian
1545	advocate for the individual patient.
1546	(7) If a guardian <u>having</u> <del>with the</del> authority to consent to
1547	medical treatment has not already been appointed or if the
1548	individual held for examination or admitted for mental health
1549	treatment patient has not already designated a health care
1550	surrogate, the court may authorize the guardian advocate to
1551	consent to medical treatment, as well as mental health <u>and</u>
1552	substance abuse treatment. Unless otherwise limited by the
1553	court, a guardian advocate <u>who has</u> <del>with</del> authority to consent to
1554	medical treatment <u>has</u> <del>shall have</del> the same authority to make
1555	health care decisions and $\mathrm{\underline{is}}$ $\mathrm{be}$ subject to the same restrictions
1556	as a proxy appointed under part IV of chapter 765.
1557	(a) Unless the guardian advocate has sought and received
1558	express court approval in proceeding separate from the
1559	proceeding to determine the competence of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del>
1560	to consent to medical treatment, the guardian advocate may not
1561	consent to:
1562	<u>1.(a)</u> Abortion.
1563	<u>2.(b)</u> Sterilization.
1564	<u>3.(c)</u> Electroconvulsive treatment.
1565	<u>4.(d)</u> Psychosurgery.
1566	5.(e) Experimental treatments that have not been approved

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1567	by a federally approved institutional review board in accordance
1568	with 45 C.F.R. part 46 or 21 C.F.R. part 56.
1569	(b) The court must base its decision on evidence that the
1570	treatment or procedure is essential to the care of the patient
1571	and that the treatment does not present an unreasonable risk of
1572	serious, hazardous, or irreversible side effects. The court
1573	shall follow the procedures set forth in subsection (1) of this
1574	section.
1575	(8) The guardian advocate shall be discharged when the
1576	individual for whom he or she is appointed patient is discharged
1577	from an order for involuntary <u>services</u> <del>outpatient placement or</del>
1578	involuntary inpatient placement or when the individual patient
1579	is transferred from involuntary to voluntary status. The court
1580	<del>or a hearing officer</del> shall consider the competence of the
1581	individual patient pursuant to subsection (1) and may consider
1582	the competence to consent to treatment of an individual on
1583	involuntary status an involuntarily placed patient's competence
1584	to consent to treatment at any hearing. Upon sufficient
1585	evidence, the court may restore <u>the individual's</u> , or the hearing
1586	officer may recommend that the court restore, the patient's
1587	competence. A copy of the order restoring competence or the
1588	certificate of discharge containing the restoration of
1589	competence shall be provided to the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> and the
1590	guardian advocate.
1591	Section 13. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (2) of
1592	section 394.4599, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1593	394.4599 Notice
1594	(2) INVOLUNTARY ADMISSION.—
1595	(c)1. A receiving facility shall give notice of the

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1596 whereabouts of a minor who is being involuntarily held for 1597 examination pursuant to s. 394.463 to the minor's parent, 1598 quardian, careqiver, or quardian advocate, in person or by 1599 telephone or other form of electronic communication, immediately 1600 after the minor's arrival at the facility. The facility may 1601 delay notification for no more than 24 hours after the minor's 1602 arrival if the facility has submitted a report to the central 1603 abuse hotline, pursuant to s. 39.201, based upon knowledge or suspicion of abuse, abandonment, or neglect and if the facility 1604 1605 deems a delay in notification to be in the minor's best 1606 interest. 1607 2. The receiving facility shall attempt to notify the 1608 minor's parent, guardian, caregiver, or guardian advocate until 1609 the receiving facility receives confirmation from the parent, 1610 guardian, caregiver, or guardian advocate, verbally, by 1611 telephone or other form of electronic communication, or by 1612 recorded message, that notification has been received. Attempts 1613 to notify the parent, quardian, careqiver, or quardian advocate 1614 must be repeated at least once every hour during the first 12 1615 hours after the minor's arrival and once every 24 hours thereafter and must continue until such confirmation is 1616 1617 received, unless the minor is released at the end of the 72-hour examination period, or until a petition for involuntary services 1618 1619 is filed with the court pursuant to s. 394.463(2)(f) 1620  $\frac{394.463(2)(q)}{100}$ . The receiving facility may seek assistance from a 1621 law enforcement agency to notify the minor's parent, guardian,

1622 caregiver, or guardian advocate if the facility has not received 1623 within the first 24 hours after the minor's arrival a 1624 confirmation by the parent, guardian, caregiver, or guardian

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1625
      advocate that notification has been received. The receiving
1626
      facility must document notification attempts in the minor's
1627
      clinical record.
1628
            (d) The written notice of the filing of the petition for
1629
      involuntary services for an individual being held must contain
1630
      the following:
1631
           1. Notice that the petition for:
1632
           a. involuntary services inpatient treatment pursuant to s.
      394.467 has been filed with the circuit court in the county in
1633
1634
      which the individual is hospitalized and the address of such
1635
      court; or
1636
           b. Involuntary outpatient services pursuant to s. 394.4655
1637
      has been filed with the criminal county court, as defined in s.
1638
      394.4655(1), or the circuit court, as applicable, in the county
1639
      in which the individual is hospitalized and the address of such
1640
      court.
1641
           2. Notice that the office of the public defender has been
1642
      appointed to represent the individual in the proceeding, if the
1643
      individual is not otherwise represented by counsel.
1644
            3. The date, time, and place of the hearing and the name of
1645
      each examining expert and every other person expected to testify
1646
      in support of continued detention.
1647
           4. Notice that the individual, the individual's guardian,
1648
      guardian advocate, health care surrogate or proxy, or
1649
      representative, or the administrator may apply for a change of
1650
      venue for the convenience of the parties or witnesses or because
1651
      of the condition of the individual.
1652
           5. Notice that the individual is entitled to an independent
1653
      expert examination and, if the individual cannot afford such an
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1654	examination, that the court will provide for one.
1655	Section 14. Section 394.460, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
1656	Section 15. Section 394.461, Florida Statutes, is amended
1657	to read:
1658	394.461 Designation of receiving and treatment facilities
1659	and receiving systems.—The department <u>may</u> <del>is authorized to</del>
1660	designate and monitor receiving facilities, treatment
1661	facilities, and receiving systems and may suspend or withdraw
1662	such designation for failure to comply with this part and rules
1663	adopted under this part. Only governmental facilities and
1664	facilities <del>Unless</del> designated by the department <u>may</u> , facilities
1665	are not permitted to hold or treat individuals on an involuntary
1666	basis patients under this part.
1667	(1) RECEIVING FACILITYThe department may designate any
1668	community facility as a receiving facility. Any other facility
1669	within the state, including a private facility, as a receiving
1670	facility if or a federal facility, may be so designated by the
1671	department, provided that such designation is agreed to by the
1672	governing body or authority of the facility.
1673	(2) TREATMENT FACILITYThe department may designate any
1674	state-owned, state-operated, or state-supported facility as a
1675	state treatment facility. <u>An individual may</u> <del>A civil patient</del>
1676	$rac{\mathrm{shall}}{\mathrm{not}}$ not be admitted to a $\operatorname{civil}$ state treatment facility
1677	without previously undergoing a transfer evaluation. Before a
1678	court hearing for involuntary <u>services</u> <del>placement</del> in a state
1679	treatment facility, the court shall receive and consider the
1680	information documented in the transfer evaluation. Any other
1681	facility, including a private facility or a governmental federal
1682	facility, may be designated as a treatment facility by the

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1683	department, <u>if the</u> <del>provided that such</del> designation is agreed to
1684	by the appropriate governing body or authority of the facility.
1685	(3) GOVERNMENTAL FACILITIESGovernmental facilities may
1686	provide voluntary and involuntary mental health or substance
1687	abuse examination and treatment for individuals in their care
1688	and custody using the procedures provided in this part and shall
1689	protect the rights of these individuals.
1690	(4) (3) PRIVATE FACILITIESPrivate facilities designated as
1691	receiving and treatment facilities by the department may provide
1692	examination and treatment of individuals on an involuntary or
1693	voluntary basis are subject to involuntary patients, as well as
1694	voluntary patients, and are subject to all the provisions of
1695	this part.
1696	(5) (4) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
1697	(a) A facility designated as a public receiving or
1698	treatment facility under this section shall report to the
1699	department individual-level encounter data, as specified by
1700	rule, as part of the service event record, even if such <del>on an</del>
1701	annual basis the following data, unless these data are currently
1702	being submitted to the Agency for Health Care Administration.
1703	The individual level encounter data must be submitted to the
1704	department by the 15th day of the month following the month in
1705	which the facility collects the data.
1706	(b) A facility designated as a public receiving or
1707	treatment facility under this section shall submit to the
1708	department no later than 90 days after the end of the facility's
1709	fiscal year the following aggregate data, even if such data are
1710	currently being submitted to the agency:
1711	1. Number of licensed beds available by payor class.

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1740

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1712	2. Number of contract days.
1713	3. Number of admissions by payor class and diagnoses.
1714	2.4. Contracted bed day unit cost Number of bed days by
1715	payor class.
1716	3.5. Average length of stay by payor class.
1717	<u>4.</u> 6. Total <u>revenue</u> <del>revenues</del> by payor class.
1718	<u>(c)</u> For the purposes of this subsection, "payor class"
1719	means Medicare, Medicare HMO, Medicaid, Medicaid HMO, private-
1720	pay health insurance, private-pay health maintenance
1721	organization, private preferred provider organization, the
1722	Department of Children and Families, other government programs,
1723	self-pay individuals patients, and charity care.
1724	(d)(c) The data required under this subsection shall be
1725	submitted to the department <u>within</u> <del>no later than</del> 90 days <u>after</u>
1726	following the end of the facility's fiscal year. A facility
1727	designated as a public receiving or treatment facility shall
1728	submit its initial report for the 6-month period ending June 30,
1729	<del>2008.</del>
1730	<u>(e)</u> The department shall issue an annual report based on
1731	the data <u>collected</u> <del>required</del> pursuant to this subsection, which
1732	must include data by facility. The report shall include
1733	individual facilities' data, as well as statewide totals. The
1734	report shall be submitted to the Governor, the President of the
1735	Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
1736	(6) <del>(5)</del> RECEIVING SYSTEM.—The department shall designate as
1737	a receiving system one or more facilities serving a defined
1738	geographic area developed pursuant to s. 394.4573 which is
1739	responsible for assessment and evaluation, both voluntary and
1740	involuntary, and treatment, stabilization, or triage for

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1741
      patients who have a mental illness, a substance use disorder, or
1742
      co-occurring disorders. Any transportation plans developed
1743
      pursuant to s. 394.462 must support the operation of the
1744
      receiving system.
1745
           (7) (6) RULES.-The department may adopt rules relating to:
            (a) Procedures and criteria for receiving and evaluating
1746
1747
      facility applications for designation as a receiving or
1748
      treatment facility, which may include an onsite facility
1749
      inspection and evaluation of an applicant's licensing status and
1750
      performance history, as well as consideration of local service
1751
      needs.
1752
            (b) Minimum standards consistent with this part which that
1753
      a facility must meet and maintain in order to be designated as a
1754
      receiving or treatment facility and procedures for monitoring
1755
      continued adherence to such standards.
1756
            (c) Procedures and criteria for designating receiving
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1757 systems which may include consideration of the adequacy of 1758 services provided by facilities within the receiving system to 1759 meet the needs of the geographic area using available resources.

(d) Procedures for receiving complaints against a designated facility or designated receiving system and for initiating inspections and investigations of facilities or receiving systems alleged to have violated the provisions of this part or rules adopted under this part.

(e) Procedures and criteria for the suspension or withdrawal of designation as a receiving <u>or treatment</u> facility or receiving system.

1768 Section 16. Section 394.4615, Florida Statutes, is amended 1769 to read:

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1770	394.4615 Clinical records; confidentiality
1771	(1) A clinical record shall be maintained for each
1772	individual held for examination or admitted for treatment under
1773	this part <del>patient</del> . The record <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> include data pertaining
1774	to admission and such other information as may be required under
1775	rules of the department. A clinical record is confidential and
1776	exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). Unless waived by the
1777	express and informed consent <u>of the individual, his or her, by</u>
1778	the patient or the patient's guardian or guardian advocate, his
1779	or her health care surrogate or proxy, or, if <del>the patient is</del>
1780	deceased, by <u>his or her</u> <del>the patient's</del> personal representative or
1781	the family member who stands next in line of intestate
1782	succession, the confidential status of the clinical record ${ m is}$
1783	<del>shall</del> not <del>be</del> lost by <del>either</del> authorized or unauthorized
1784	disclosure to any person, organization, or agency.
1785	(2) The clinical record of an individual held for
1786	examination or admitted for treatment under this part shall be
1787	released <u>if</u> <del>when</del> :
1788	(a) The <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> or the <u>individual's</u> <del>patient's</del>
1789	guardian, guardian advocate, or health care surrogate or proxy
1790	authorizes the release. The guardian <u>,</u> <del>or</del> guardian advocate <u>, or</u>
1791	health care surrogate or proxy, shall be provided access to the
1792	appropriate clinical records <del>of the patient</del> . The <u>individual</u>
1793	<del>patient</del> or the <u>individual's</u> <del>patient's</del> guardian <u>,</u> <del>or</del> guardian
1794	advocate, health care surrogate or proxy may authorize the
1795	release of information and clinical records to appropriate
1796	persons to ensure the continuity of the <u>individual's</u> <del>patient's</del>
1797	health <del>care</del> or mental health care.
1798	(b) The <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> is represented by counsel and

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1799	the records are needed by <u>such</u> <del>the patient's</del> counsel for
1800	adequate representation.
1801	(c) A petition for involuntary services is filed and the
1802	records are needed by the state attorney to evaluate the
1803	sufficiency of the petition or to prosecute the petition.
1804	However, the state attorney may not use clinical records
1805	obtained under this part for the purpose of criminal
1806	investigation or prosecution, or for any other purpose not
1807	authorized in this part.
1808	(d) (c) The court orders such release. In determining
1809	whether there is good cause for disclosure, the court shall
1810	weigh the need for the information to be disclosed against the
1811	possible harm of disclosure to the <u>individual</u> <del>person</del> to whom
1812	such information pertains.
1813	(e)(d) The individual patient is committed to $_{ au}$ or is to be
1814	returned to $_{m{ au}}$ the Department of Corrections <del>from the Department</del>
1815	<del>of Children and Families,</del> and the Department of Corrections
1816	requests <u>the</u> <del>such</del> records. <u>The</u> <del>These</del> records shall be furnished
1817	without charge to the Department of Corrections.
1818	(3) Information from the clinical record may be released $\underline{if}$
1819	in the following circumstances:
1820	(a) <u>The individual</u> <del>When a patient</del> has declared an intention
1821	to harm <u>self or others</u> <del>other persons</del> . <u>If the</u> <del>When such</del>
1822	declaration has been made, the administrator may authorize the
1823	release of sufficient information to <u>prevent harm</u> <del>provide</del>
1824	adequate warning to the person threatened with harm by the
1825	patient.
1826	(b) <del>When</del> The administrator of the facility or secretary of
1827	the department deems that release to a qualified researcher as

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1856

request.

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1828	defined in administrative rule, an aftercare treatment provider,
1829	or an employee or agent of the department is necessary for
1830	treatment of the individual patient, maintenance of adequate
1831	records, compilation of treatment data, aftercare planning, or
1832	evaluation of programs.
1833	(c) The information is necessary for the purpose of
1834	determining whether <u>an individual</u> <del>a person</del> meets the criteria
1835	for involuntary <u>services. In such circumstances</u> <del>outpatient</del>
1836	placement or for preparing the proposed treatment plan pursuant
1837	to s. 394.4655, the clinical record may be released to the state
1838	attorney, the public defender or the <u>individual's</u> <del>patient's</del>
1839	private legal counsel, the court, and to the appropriate mental
1840	health professionals, including the service provider identified
1841	in s. 394.4655(7)(b)2., in accordance with state and federal
1842	<del>law</del> .
1843	(4) Information from clinical records may be used for
1844	statistical and research purposes if the information is
1845	abstracted in such a way as to protect the identity of
1846	individuals served and meets the requirements of department
1847	rules.
1848	(5) Information from clinical records may be used by the
1849	Agency for Health Care Administration $\overline{ ext{and}}_{m{ au}}$ the department $_{m{ au}}$ and
1850	the Florida advocacy councils for the purpose of monitoring
1851	facility activity and investigating complaints concerning
1852	facilities.
1853	(6) Clinical records relating to a Medicaid recipient shall
1854	be furnished to the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit <u>of the Attorney</u>
1855	<u>General's Office</u> in the Department of Legal Affairs, upon

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1857
            (7) Any person, agency, or entity receiving information
1858
      pursuant to this section shall maintain such information as
1859
      confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).
1860
            (8) Any facility or private mental health practitioner who
1861
      acts in good faith in releasing information pursuant to this
      section is not subject to civil or criminal liability for such
1862
1863
      release.
1864
            (9) Nothing in This section does not is intended to
      prohibit the parent or next of kin of an individual who is held
1865
      for examination or admitted for treatment under this part \frac{1}{4}
1866
1867
      person who is held in or treated under a mental health facility
1868
      or program from requesting and receiving information limited to
1869
      a summary of that individual's person's treatment plan and
1870
      current physical and mental condition. Release of such
1871
      information must shall be in accordance with the code of ethics
1872
      of the profession involved.
1873
            (10) An individual held for examination or admitted for
1874
      treatment Patients shall have reasonable access to his or her
1875
      their clinical records, unless such access is determined by the
1876
      individual's patient's physician to be harmful to the individual
1877
      patient. If the individual's patient's right to inspect his or
1878
      her clinical record is restricted by the facility, written
1879
      notice of the such restriction must shall be given to the
1880
      individual and his or her patient and the patient's guardian,
      guardian advocate, attorney, health care surrogate or proxy, or
1881
1882
      and representative. In addition, the restriction must shall be
1883
      recorded in the clinical record, together with the reasons for
1884
      it. The restriction expires of a patient's right to inspect his
      or her clinical record shall expire after 7 days but may be
1885
```

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36-01520-17 20171756 1886 renewed, after review, for subsequent 7-day periods. 1887 (11) Any person who fraudulently alters, defaces, or 1888 falsifies the clinical record of an individual any person 1889 receiving mental health services in a facility subject to this 1890 part, or causes or procures any of these offenses to be 1891 committed, commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, 1892 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 1893 Section 17. Section 394.462, Florida Statutes, is amended 1894 to read: 1895 394.462 Transportation.-A transportation plan shall be developed and implemented by each county by July 1, 2017, in 1896 1897 collaboration with the managing entity in accordance with this section. A county may enter into a memorandum of understanding 1898 1899 with the governing boards of nearby counties to establish a 1900 shared transportation plan. When multiple counties enter into a 1901 memorandum of understanding for this purpose, the counties shall 1902 notify the managing entity and provide it with a copy of the 1903 agreement. The transportation plan shall describe methods of 1904 transport to a facility within the designated receiving system 1905 for individuals subject to involuntary examination under s. 1906 394.463 or involuntary admission under s. 397.6772, s. 397.679, 1907 s. 397.6798, or s. 397.6811, and may identify responsibility for 1908 other transportation to a participating facility when necessary 1909 and agreed to by the facility. The plan may rely on emergency medical transport services or private transport companies, as 1910 1911 appropriate. The plan shall comply with the transportation 1912 provisions of this section and ss. 397.6772, 397.6795, 397.6822, and 397.697. 1913 1914 (1) TRANSPORTATION TO A RECEIVING FACILITY.-

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1915	(a) Each county shall designate a single law enforcement
1916	agency within the county, or portions thereof, to take <u>an</u>
1917	<u>individual</u> <del>a person</del> into custody upon the <u>initiation of an</u>
1918	involuntary mental health examination and to transport that
1919	individual entry of an ex parte order or the execution of a
1920	certificate for involuntary examination by an authorized
1921	professional and to transport that person to the appropriate
1922	facility, excluding a governmental facility, within the
1923	designated receiving system pursuant to a transportation plan or
1924	an exception under subsection (4), or to the nearest receiving
1925	facility if neither apply. However, if the law enforcement
1926	officer providing transportation believes that the individual is
1927	eligible for services provided by the United States Department
1928	of Veterans Affairs, the officer may transport the individual to
1929	a facility operated by the United States Department of Veterans
1930	Affairs.
1931	(b) A law enforcement officer acting in good faith pursuant
1932	to this part may not be held criminally or civilly liable for
1933	false imprisonment.
1934	<u>(c)</u> (b)1. The designated law enforcement agency may decline
1935	to transport the <u>individual</u> <del>person</del> to a receiving facility only
1936	if:
1937	1.a. The county or jurisdiction designated by the county
1938	has contracted <del>on an annual basis</del> with an emergency medical
1939	transport service or private transport company for
1940	transportation of <u>individuals</u> <del>persons</del> to receiving facilities <u>.</u>
1941	pursuant to this section at the sole cost of the county; and
1942	2.b. The law enforcement agency and the emergency medical
1943	transport service or private transport company agree that the

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1944	continued presence of law enforcement personnel is not necessary
1945	for the safety of the <u>individual being transported</u> <del>person</del> or
1946	others.
1947	3.2. The entity providing transportation may seek
1948	reimbursement for transportation expenses. The party responsible
1949	for payment for such transportation is the person receiving the
1950	transportation. The county shall seek reimbursement from the
1951	following sources in the following order:
1952	a. From a private or public third-party payor, if the
1953	individual being transported person receiving the transportation
1954	has applicable coverage.
1955	b. From the individual being transported <del>person receiving</del>
1956	the transportation.
1957	c. From a financial settlement for medical care, treatment,
1958	hospitalization, or transportation payable or accruing to the
1959	injured party.
1960	<u>(d)</u> A company that transports <u>an individual</u> <del>a patient</del>
1961	pursuant to this subsection is considered an independent
1962	contractor and is solely liable for the safe and dignified
1963	transport of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> . <u>The</u> <del>Such</del> company must be
1964	insured and <u>maintain at least</u> <del>provide no less than</del> \$100,000 in
1965	liability insurance with respect to <u>such</u> the transport <del>of</del>
1966	patients.
1967	(d) Any company that contracts with a governing board of a
1968	county to transport patients shall comply with the applicable
1969	rules of the department to ensure the safety and dignity of
1970	patients.
1971	(e) If When a law enforcement officer takes custody of <u>an</u>
1972	individual a person pursuant to this part, the officer may

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1973
      request assistance from emergency medical personnel if the such
1974
      assistance is needed for the safety of the officer or the
1975
      individual person in custody.
1976
            (f) If When a member of a mental health overlay program or
1977
      a mobile crisis response service who is a professional
1978
      authorized to initiate an involuntary examination pursuant to s.
1979
      394.463 or s. 397.675 and that professional evaluates an
1980
      individual a person and determines that transportation to a
1981
      receiving facility is needed, the service, at its discretion,
1982
      may transport the individual person to the facility or may call
1983
      on the law enforcement agency or other transportation
1984
      arrangement best suited to the needs of the individual being
1985
      transported patient.
1986
            (g) If a When any law enforcement officer has custody of an
1987
      individual a person based on a misdemeanor or a felony, other
      than a forcible felony as defined in s. 776.08, who either
1988
1989
      noncriminal or minor criminal behavior that meets the statutory
1990
      guidelines for involuntary examination pursuant to s. 394.463,
1991
      the law enforcement officer shall transport the individual
1992
      person to the appropriate facility within the designated
1993
      receiving system pursuant to a transportation plan or an
1994
      exception under subsection (4), or to the nearest receiving
1995
      facility if neither apply. Individuals Persons who meet the
1996
      statutory guidelines for involuntary admission pursuant to s.
1997
      397.675 may also be transported by law enforcement officers to
1998
      the extent resources are available and as otherwise provided by
1999
      law. Such persons shall be transported to an appropriate
2000
      facility within the designated receiving system pursuant to a
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transportation plan or an exception under subsection (4), or to

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2002 the nearest facility if neither apply.

2003 (h) If a When any law enforcement officer has arrested an 2004 individual a person for a forcible felony, as defined in s. 2005 776.08, and it appears that the individual person meets the 2006 criteria statutory quidelines for involuntary examination or 2007 placement under this part, the individual such person must first 2008 be processed in the same manner as any other criminal suspect. 2009 The law enforcement agency shall thereafter immediately notify 2010 the appropriate facility within the designated receiving system 2011 pursuant to a transportation plan or an exception under 2012 subsection (4), or to the nearest receiving facility if neither 2013 apply. The receiving facility shall be responsible for promptly 2014 arranging for the examination and treatment of the individual 2015 person. A receiving facility is not required to admit an 2016 individual a person charged with a forcible felony, as defined 2017 in s. 776.08, crime for whom the facility determines and 2018 documents that it is unable to provide adequate security, but 2019 shall provide examination and treatment to the individual person 2020 where he or she is held.

(i) If the appropriate law enforcement officer believes that <u>an individual</u> <del>a person</del> has an emergency medical condition as defined in s. 395.002, the <u>individual</u> <del>person</del> may be <del>first</del> transported to a hospital for emergency medical treatment, regardless of whether the hospital is a designated receiving facility.

(j) The costs of transportation, evaluation, hospitalization, and treatment incurred under this subsection by an individual who was persons who have been arrested for <u>a</u> <u>violation</u> violations of any state law or county or municipal

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36-01520-17 20171756 2031 ordinance may be recovered as provided in s. 901.35. 2032 (k) The appropriate facility within the designated 2033 receiving system pursuant to a transportation plan or an 2034 exception under subsection (4), or the nearest receiving 2035 facility if neither apply, must accept an individual persons 2036 brought by law enforcement officers, or an emergency medical 2037 transport service or a private transport company authorized by 2038 the county, for involuntary examination pursuant to s. 394.463. 2039 The original of the form initiating the involuntary examination 2040 is not required for a receiving facility to accept such an 2041 individual or for transfers from one facility to another. 2042 (1) The appropriate facility within the designated receiving system pursuant to a transportation plan or an

2043 receiving system pursuant to a transportation plan or an 2044 exception under subsection (4), or the nearest receiving 2045 facility if neither apply, must provide persons brought by law 2046 enforcement officers, or an emergency medical transport service 2047 or a private transport company authorized by the county, 2048 pursuant to s. 397.675, a basic screening or triage sufficient 2049 to refer the person to the appropriate services.

(m) Each law enforcement agency designated pursuant to paragraph (a) shall establish a policy that reflects a single set of protocols for the safe and secure transportation and transfer of custody of the <u>individual person</u>. Each law enforcement agency shall provide a copy of the protocols to the managing entity.

(n) <u>If</u> When a jurisdiction has entered into a contract with an emergency medical transport service or a private transport company for transportation of <u>individuals</u> <del>persons</del> to facilities within the designated receiving system, such service or company

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2060	shall be given preference for transportation of <u>individuals</u>
2061	persons from nursing homes, assisted living facilities, adult
2062	day care centers, or adult family-care homes, unless the
2063	behavior of the <u>individual</u> <del>person</del> being transported is such that
2064	transportation by a law enforcement officer is necessary.
2065	(o) This section <u>does not</u> may not be construed to limit
2066	emergency examination and treatment of incapacitated persons
2067	provided in accordance with s. 401.445.
2068	(p) A law enforcement officer may transport an individual
2069	who appears to meet the criteria for voluntary admission under
2070	s. 394.4625(1)(a) to a receiving facility at the individual's
2071	request.
2072	(2) TRANSPORTATION TO A TREATMENT FACILITY
2073	(a) If the individual held for examination or admitted for
2074	treatment under this part or <del>neither the patient nor</del> any person
2075	legally obligated or responsible for the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> is
2076	<u>not</u> able to pay for the expense of transporting <u>an individual</u> $a$
2077	voluntary or involuntary patient to a treatment facility, the
2078	transportation plan established by the governing board of the
2079	county or counties must specify how the hospitalized patient
2080	will be transported to, from, and between facilities in a safe
2081	and dignified manner.
2082	(b) A company that transports <u>an individual</u> <del>a patient</del>
2083	pursuant to this subsection is considered an independent
2084	contractor and is solely liable for the safe and dignified
2085	transportation of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> . <u>The</u> <del>Such</del> company must
2086	be insured and provide <u>at least</u> <del>no less than</del> \$100,000 in
2087	liability insurance <u>for such</u> <del>with respect to the</del> transport <del>of</del>
2088	patients.

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2089 (c) A company that contracts with one or more counties to 2090 transport patients in accordance with this section shall comply 2091 with the applicable rules of the department to ensure the safety 2092 and dignity of patients.

2093 <u>(c) (d)</u> County or municipal law enforcement and correctional 2094 personnel and equipment may not be used to transport <u>an</u> 2095 <u>individual patients</u> adjudicated incapacitated or found by the 2096 court to meet the criteria for involuntary <u>services under</u> 2097 <u>placement pursuant to</u> s. 394.467, except in small rural counties 2098 where there are no cost-efficient alternatives.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} & (3) & \text{TRANSFER OF CUSTODY.-Custody of } an individual & a person \\ & 2100 & \text{who is transported pursuant to this part } and, & along with related \\ & 2101 & documentation, & shall be relinquished to a responsible & person \\ & 2102 & individual & at the appropriate receiving or treatment facility. \end{array}$ 

(4) EXCEPTIONS.—An exception to the requirements of this section may be granted by the secretary of the department for the purposes of improving service coordination or better meeting the special needs of individuals. A proposal for an exception <u>shall</u> must be submitted to the department after being approved by the governing boards of any affected counties.

(a) A proposal for an exception must identify the specific provision from which an exception is requested; describe how the proposal will be implemented by participating law enforcement agencies and transportation authorities; and provide a plan for the coordination of services.

2114

(b) An The exception may be granted only for:

2115 1. An arrangement centralizing and improving the provision 2116 of services within a <u>county</u>, <u>circuit</u>, <u>or local area</u> <del>district</del>, 2117 which may include an exception to the requirement for

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1	36-01520-17 20171756
2118	transportation to the nearest receiving facility;
2119	2. An arrangement whereby <del>by which</del> a facility may provide,
2120	in addition to required psychiatric or substance use disorder
2121	services, an environment and services that which are uniquely
2122	tailored to the needs of an identified group of individuals who
2123	<u>have</u> <del>persons with</del> special needs, such as persons <u>who have</u> <del>with</del>
2124	hearing impairments or visual impairments, or elderly persons
2125	who have with physical frailties; or
2126	3. A specialized transportation system that provides an
2127	efficient and humane method of transporting <u>individuals</u> <del>patients</del>
2128	to <u>and among</u> receiving facilities, among receiving facilities,
2129	and to treatment facilities.
2130	
2131	The exceptions provided in this subsection shall expire on June
2132	30, 2017, and no new exceptions shall be granted after that
2133	date. After June 30, 2017, the transport of a patient to a
2134	facility that is not the nearest facility must be made pursuant
2135	to a plan as provided in this section.
2136	Section 18. Section 394.4625, Florida Statutes, is amended
2137	to read:
2138	394.4625 Voluntary admissions.—
2139	(1) EXAMINATION AND TREATMENT AUTHORITY TO RECEIVE
2140	PATIENTS
2141	(a) <u>In order to be admitted to a facility on a voluntary</u>
2142	basis:
2143	1. An individual must show evidence of mental illness.
2144	2. An individual must be suitable for treatment by the
2145	facility.
2146	3. An adult must provide express and informed consent, and
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2147	must be competent to do so.
2148	4. A minor may only be admitted on the basis of the express
2149	and informed consent of the minor's guardian in conjunction with
2150	the assent of the minor.
2151	a. The assent of the minor is an affirmative agreement by
2152	the minor to remain at the facility for examination or
2153	treatment. Mere failure to object is not assent.
2154	b. The minor's assent must be verified through a clinical
2155	assessment that is documented in the clinical record and
2156	conducted within 12 hours after arrival at the facility by a
2157	licensed professional authorized to initiate an involuntary
2158	examination pursuant to s. 394.463.
2159	c. In verifying the minor's assent, the examining
2160	professional must first provide the minor with an explanation as
2161	to why the minor will be examined and treated, what the minor
2162	can expect while in the facility, and when the minor may expect
2163	to be released, using language that is appropriate to the
2164	minor's age, experience, maturity, and condition. The examining
2165	professional must determine and document that the minor is able
2166	to understand this information.
2167	d. Unless the minor's assent is verified pursuant to this
2168	section, a petition for involuntary services must be filed with
2169	the court or the minor must be released to his or her guardian
2170	within 24 hours after arrival A facility may receive for
2171	observation, diagnosis, or treatment any person 18 years of age
2172	or older making application by express and informed consent for
2173	admission or any person age 17 or under for whom such
2174	application is made by his or her guardian. If found to show
2175	evidence of mental illness, to be competent to provide express

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36-01520-17 20171756 2176 and informed consent, and to be suitable for treatment, such 2177 person 18 years of age or older may be admitted to the facility. A person age 17 or under may be admitted only after a hearing to 2178 2179 verify the voluntariness of the consent. 2180 (b) A mental health overlay program or a mobile crisis response service or a licensed professional who is authorized to 2181 2182 initiate an involuntary examination pursuant to s. 394.463 and 2183 is employed by a community mental health center or clinic shall must, pursuant to district procedure approved by the respective 2184 district administrator, conduct an initial assessment of the 2185 2186 ability of the following individuals persons to give express and 2187 informed consent to treatment before such individuals persons 2188 may be admitted voluntarily: 1. An individual A person 60 years of age or older for whom 2189 2190 transfer is being sought from a nursing home, assisted living 2191 facility, adult day care center, or adult family-care home, if 2192 the individual when such person has been diagnosed with as 2193 suffering from dementia. 2. An individual A person 60 years of age or older for whom 2194 2195 transfer is being sought from a nursing home pursuant to s. 2196 400.0255(11) 400.0255(12). 3. An individual who resides in a facility licensed under 2197 chapter 400 or chapter 429 A person for whom all decisions 2198 2199 concerning medical treatment are currently being lawfully made 2200 by a the health care surrogate or proxy designated under chapter 2201 765. 2202 (c) If When an initial assessment of the ability of an 2203 individual a person to give express and informed consent to

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treatment is required under this part section, and a mobile

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      crisis response service does not respond to the request for an
2206
      assessment within 2 hours after the request is made or informs
2207
      the requesting facility that it will not be able to respond
2208
      within 2 hours after the request is made, the requesting
2209
      facility may arrange for assessment by a any licensed
2210
      professional authorized to initiate an involuntary examination
2211
      under <del>pursuant to</del> s. 394.463. The professional may not be who is
2212
      not employed by, or under contract with, or and does not have a
2213
      financial interest in, either the facility initiating the
2214
      transfer or the receiving facility to which the transfer may be
2215
      made and may not have a financial interest in the outcome of the
2216
      assessment.
2217
            (d) A facility may not admit an individual on voluntary
2218
      status or transfer an individual to voluntary status as a
2219
      voluntary patient a person who has been adjudicated
2220
      incapacitated, unless the condition of incapacity has been
2221
      judicially removed, except when a court authorized a legal
2222
      guardian in strict adherence to s. 744.3725. If a facility
2223
      admits an individual on voluntary status who is later determined
2224
      to have been adjudicated incapacitated, the facility shall
2225
      discharge the individual or transfer the individual to
2226
      involuntary status unless there is a court order pursuant to s.
2227
      744.3725 as a voluntary patient a person who is later determined
2228
      to have been adjudicated incapacitated, and the condition of
2229
      incapacity had not been removed by the time of the admission,
2230
      the facility must either discharge the patient or transfer the
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(e) The health care surrogate or proxy of <u>an individual on</u>
voluntary status <del>a voluntary patient</del> may not consent to the

patient to involuntary status.

2231

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2234	provision of mental health treatment for <u>that individual</u> <del>the</del>
2235	<del>patient</del> . <u>An individual on voluntary status</u> <del>A voluntary patient</del>
2236	who is unwilling or unable to provide express and informed
2237	consent to mental health treatment must <del>either</del> be discharged or
2238	transferred to involuntary status.
2239	(f) Within 24 hours after <u>an individual's voluntary</u>
2240	admission, a physician or psychologist admission of a voluntary
2241	patient, the admitting physician shall document in the patient's
2242	clinical record <u>whether the individual</u> <del>that the patient</del> is able
2243	to give express and informed consent for admission. If the
2244	individual patient is not able to give express and informed
2245	consent for admission, the facility <u>must</u> <del>shall either</del> discharge
2246	the patient or transfer the individual patient to involuntary
2247	status pursuant to subsection (5).
2248	(2) <u>release or</u> discharge <del>of voluntary patients</del>
2249	(a) A facility shall discharge <u>an individual on voluntary</u>
2250	status who a voluntary patient:
2251	1. Who Has sufficiently improved so that retention in the
2252	facility is no longer <u>clinically appropriate</u> <del>desirable</del> . <u>The</u>
2253	<u>individual</u> <del>A patient</del> may <del>also</del> be discharged to the care of a
2254	community facility.
2255	2. <u>Has revoked</u> <del>Who revokes</del> consent to admission or requests
2256	discharge. <u>The individual or his or her</u> <del>A voluntary patient or a</del>
2257	relative, friend, or attorney <del>of the patient</del> may request
2258	discharge either orally or in writing at any time following
2259	admission to the facility. The patient must be discharged within
2260	24 hours <u>after</u> <del>of</del> the request, unless the request is rescinded
2261	or the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> is transferred to involuntary status
2262	pursuant to this section. The 24-hour time period may be

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2263	extended by a treatment facility <u>if</u> when necessary for adequate
2264	discharge planning, but <u>may</u> <del>shall</del> not exceed 3 days <u>excluding</u>
2265	exclusive of weekends and holidays. If the individual patient,
2266	or another on the <u>individual's</u> <del>patient's</del> behalf, makes an oral
2267	request for discharge to a staff member, <u>the</u> such request must
2268	shall be immediately entered in the patient's clinical record.
2269	If the request for discharge is made by a person other than the
2270	individual patient, the discharge may be conditioned upon the
2271	individual's express and informed consent of the patient.
2272	(b) <u>An individual on voluntary status</u> <del>A voluntary patient</del>
2273	who has been admitted to a facility and who refuses to consent
2274	to or revokes consent to treatment <u>must</u> shall be discharged
2275	within 24 hours after such refusal or revocation, unless <u>he or</u>
2276	she is transferred to involuntary status pursuant to this
2277	section or unless the refusal or revocation is freely and
2278	voluntarily rescinded by the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> .
2279	(c) An individual on voluntary status who is currently
2280	charged with a crime shall be discharged to the custody of a law
2281	enforcement officer upon release or discharge from a facility,
2282	unless the individual has been released from law enforcement
2283	custody by posting of a bond, by a pretrial conditional release,
2284	or by other judicial release.
2285	(3) NOTICE OF RIGHT TO DISCHARGEAt the time of admission
2286	and at least every 3 $ frac{3}{6}$ months thereafter, an individual on
2287	voluntary status a voluntary patient shall be notified in
2288	writing of his or her right to apply for a discharge.
2289	(4) TRANSFER TO VOLUNTARY STATUS.—An individual on
2290	involuntary status who has been assessed and certified by a
2291	physician or psychologist as competent to provide or refuse to
I	

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2292provide express and informed consent and involuntary patient who2293applies to be transferred to voluntary status shall be2294transferred to voluntary status immediately, unless the2295individual has been ordered to involuntary services patient has2296been charged with a crime, or has been involuntarily placed for2297treatment by a court pursuant to s. 394.467 and continues to2298meet the criteria for involuntary services placement. When2299transfer to voluntary status occurs, notice shall be given as2201(5) TRANSFER TO INVOLUNTARY STATUSIf an individual on2302voluntary status When a voluntary patient, or an authorized2303person on the individual's patient's behalf, makes a request for2304discharge, the request for discharge, unless freely and2305voluntarily rescinded, must be communicated to a physician,2306elinical psychologist, or psychiatrist as quickly as possible,2307but within not later than 12 hours after the request is made. If2308the individual patient meets the criteria for involuntary2309services, the individual must be transferred to a designated2301receiving facility or governmental facility and the2311administrator of the receiving or governmental facility where2312the individual is held placement, the administrator of the2313facility must file with the court a petition for involuntary2314services placement, within 2 court working days after the2315request for discharge is made. If t		36-01520-17 20171756
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2295individual has been ordered to involuntary services patient has been charged with a crime, or has been involuntarily placed for treatment by a court pursuant to s. 394.467 and continues to meet the criteria for involuntary services placement. When transfer to voluntary status occurs, notice shall be given as provided in s. 394.4599.2301(5) TRANSFER TO INVOLUNTARY STATUSIf an individual on voluntary status When a voluntary patient, or an authorized person on the individual's patient's behalf, makes a request for discharge, the request for discharge, unless freely and voluntarily rescinded, must be communicated to a physician, elinical psychologist, or psychiatrist as quickly as possible, but within not later than 12 hours after the request is made. If the individual patient meets the criteria for involuntary services, the individual must be transferred to a designated receiving facility or governmental facility where the individual is held placement, the administrator of the facility must file with the court a petition for involuntary services placement, within 2 court working days after the request for discharge is made. If the petition is not filed within 2 court working days, the individual must patient shall be discharged. Pending the filing of the petition, the individual patient may be held and emergency mental health treatment rendered in the least restrictive manner, upon the	2293	applies to be transferred to voluntary status shall be
2296 been charged with a crime, or has been involuntarily placed for 2297 treatment by a court pursuant to s. 394.467 and continues to 2298 meet the criteria for involuntary <u>services</u> placement. When 2299 transfer to voluntary status occurs, notice shall be given as 2300 provided in s. 394.4599. 2301 (5) TRANSFER TO INVOLUNTARY STATUS.— <u>If an individual on</u> 2302 voluntary status When a voluntary patient, or an authorized 2303 person on the <u>individual's patient's</u> behalf, makes a request for 2304 discharge, the request for discharge, unless freely and 2305 voluntarily rescinded, must be communicated to a physician, 2306 <del>clinical</del> psychologist, or psychiatrist as quickly as possible, 2307 but <u>within not later than</u> 12 hours after the request is made. If 2308 the <u>individual patient</u> meets the criteria for involuntary 2309 <u>services, the individual must be transferred to a designated</u> 2310 <u>receiving facility or governmental facility and the</u> 2311 <u>administrator of the receiving or governmental facility where</u> 2312 <u>the individual is held placement, the administrator of the</u> 2313 facility must file with the court a petition for involuntary 2314 <u>services placement</u> , within 2 court working days after the 2315 request <del>for discharge</del> is made. If the petition is not filed 2316 within 2 court working days, the <u>individual must patient shall</u> 2317 be discharged. Pending the filing of the petition, the 2318 <u>individual patient</u> may be held and emergency <u>mental health</u> 2319 treatment rendered in the least restrictive manner, upon the	2294	transferred to voluntary status immediately, unless the
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2309 <u>services, the individual must be transferred to a designated</u> 2310 <u>receiving facility or governmental facility and the</u> 2311 <u>administrator of the receiving or governmental facility where</u> 2312 <u>the individual is held placement, the administrator of the</u> 2313 <u>facility must file with the court a petition for involuntary</u> 2314 <u>services placement, within 2 court working days after the</u> 2315 request for discharge is made. If the petition is not filed 2316 within 2 court working days, the <u>individual must patient shall</u> 2317 be discharged. Pending the filing of the petition, the 2318 <u>individual patient may be held and emergency mental health</u> 2319 treatment rendered in the least restrictive manner, upon the	2307	but <u>within</u> <del>not later than</del> 12 hours after the request is made. If
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2317 be discharged. Pending the filing of the petition, the 2318 <u>individual</u> patient may be held and emergency <u>mental health</u> 2319 treatment rendered in the least restrictive manner, upon the	2315	request <del>for discharge</del> is made. If the petition is not filed
2318 <u>individual</u> patient may be held and emergency <u>mental health</u> 2319 treatment rendered in the least restrictive manner, upon the	2316	within 2 court working days, the <u>individual must</u> <del>patient shall</del>
2319 treatment rendered in the least restrictive manner, upon the	2317	be discharged. Pending the filing of the petition, the
	2318	individual patient may be held and emergency mental health
2320 written order of a physician, if it is determined that such	2319	treatment rendered in the least restrictive manner, upon the
	2320	written order of a physician, if it is determined that such

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36-01520-17 20171756 2321 treatment is necessary for the safety of the individual patient 2322 or others. Section 19. Section 394.463, Florida Statutes, is amended 2323 2324 to read: 2325 394.463 Involuntary examination.-2326 (1) CRITERIA.-An individual may be subject to A person may 2327 be taken to a receiving facility for involuntary examination if 2328 there is reason to believe that he or she the person has a 2329 mental illness and because of this his or her mental illness: 2330 (a)1. The individual person has refused voluntary 2331 examination after conscientious explanation and disclosure of 2332 the purpose of the examination; or 2333 2. The individual person is unable to determine for himself 2334 or herself whether examination is necessary; and 2335 (b)  $\frac{1}{1}$ . Without care or treatment:  $\tau$ 2336 1. The individual person is likely to suffer from neglect 2337 or refuse to care for himself or herself; such neglect or 2338 refusal poses a real and present threat of substantial physical 2339 or mental harm to his or her well-being; and it is not apparent 2340 that the such harm may be avoided through the help of willing 2341 family members or friends or the provision of other services; or 2342 2. There is a substantial likelihood that individual 2343 without care or treatment the person will cause serious bodily 2344 harm to self himself or herself or others in the near future, as 2345 evidenced by recent behavior. 2346 (2) INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION.-2347 (a) An involuntary examination may be initiated by any one 2348 of the following means: 2349 1. A circuit or county court may enter an ex parte order

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2350	—
	stating that <u>an individual</u> <del>a person</del> appears to meet the criteria
2351	for involuntary examination and specifying the findings on which
2352	that conclusion is based. The ex parte order for involuntary
2353	examination must be based on written or oral sworn testimony
2354	that includes specific facts that support the findings. <del>If other</del>
2355	less restrictive means are not available, such as voluntary
2356	appearance for outpatient evaluation, A law enforcement officer,
2357	or other designated agent of the court, shall take the
2358	<u>individual</u> <del>person</del> into custody and deliver him or her to an
2359	appropriate, or the nearest, facility within the designated
2360	receiving system pursuant to s. 394.462 for involuntary
2361	examination. The <del>order of the</del> court <u>order must</u> <del>shall</del> be made a
2362	part of the <del>patient's</del> clinical record. A fee may not be charged
2363	for the filing of <u>a petition</u> <del>an order</del> under this subsection. A
2364	facility accepting the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> based on <u>the</u> <del>this</del>
2365	order must send a copy of the order to the department the next
2366	working day. The order may be submitted electronically through
2367	existing data systems, if available. The order <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del> valid
2368	only until the <u>individual</u> <del>person</del> is delivered to the facility or
2369	for the period specified in the order itself, whichever comes
2370	first. If <u>a</u> <del>no</del> time limit is <u>not</u> specified in the order, the
2371	order <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del> valid for 7 days after the date <u>it</u> <del>that the</del>
2372	<del>order</del> was signed.
2373	a. A law enforcement officer acting in accordance with an
2374	ex parte order issued pursuant to this subsection may serve and
2375	execute such order on any day of the week, at any time of the

2376 <u>day or night.</u>
2377 <u>b. A law enforcement officer acting in accordance with an</u>

### 2378 ex parte order issued pursuant to this subsection may use

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2379	reasonable physical force if necessary to gain entry to the
2380	premises and any dwellings, buildings, or other structures
2381	located on the premises, and to take custody of the individual
2382	who is the subject of the ex parte order.
2383	2. A law enforcement officer shall take <u>an individual</u> <del>a</del>
2384	<del>person</del> who appears to meet the criteria for involuntary
2385	examination into custody and deliver or arrange for the delivery
2386	of the individual <del>the person or have him or her delivered</del> to an
2387	appropriate, or the nearest, facility within the designated
2388	receiving system pursuant to s. 394.462 for examination. The
2389	officer shall <u>complete</u> <del>execute</del> a written report detailing the
2390	circumstances under which the <u>individual</u> <del>person</del> was taken into
2391	custody, which must be made a part of the <del>patient's</del> clinical
2392	record. <u>A</u> Any facility accepting the <u>individual</u> patient based on
2393	this report must send a copy of the report to the department the
2394	next working day.
2395	3. A physician, <del>clinical</del> psychologist, <u>school psychologist,</u>
2396	psychiatric nurse, mental health counselor, marriage and family
2397	therapist, <del>or</del> clinical social worker <u>, or physician assistant</u> may
2398	<u>complete</u> execute a certificate stating that he or she has
2399	examined <u>the individual</u> <del>a person</del> within the preceding 48 hours
2400	and finds that the <u>individual</u> <del>person</del> appears to meet the
2401	criteria for involuntary examination and stating <u>his or her</u> <del>the</del>
2402	observations upon which that conclusion is based. <u>The</u>
2403	certificate shall include specific facts indicating that the
2404	individual would benefit from services. The certificate shall be
2405	executed immediately. If other less restrictive means, such as
2406	voluntary appearance for outpatient evaluation, are not
2407	available, A law enforcement officer shall take into custody the

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2408	individual person named in the certificate and deliver him or
2409	her to the appropriate, or nearest, facility within the
2410	designated receiving system pursuant to s. 394.462 for
2411	involuntary examination. A law enforcement officer may only take
2412	an individual into custody on the basis of a certificate within
2413	7 calendar days after the certificate is signed. The law
2414	enforcement officer shall <u>complete</u> <del>execute</del> a written report
2415	detailing the circumstances under which the <u>individual</u> <del>person</del>
2416	was taken into custody. The report and certificate shall be made
2417	a part of the <del>patient's</del> clinical record. <u>A</u> Any facility
2418	accepting the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> based on <u>the</u> <del>this</del> certificate
2419	must send a copy of the certificate to the department the next
2420	working day. The document may be submitted electronically
2421	through existing data systems, if applicable.
2422	(b) A law enforcement officer who initiates an involuntary
2423	examination of an individual pursuant to subparagraph (a)2., or
2424	a professional who initiates an involuntary examination of an
2425	individual pursuant to subparagraph (a)3., may notify the
2426	individual's guardian, representative, or health care surrogate
2427	or proxy of such examination. A receiving facility accepting an
2428	individual for involuntary examination shall make and document
2429	immediate attempts to notify the individual's guardian,
2430	representative, or health care surrogate or proxy upon the
2431	individual's arrival.
2432	<u>(c)</u> An individual A person may not be removed from any
2433	program or residential <u>services</u> <del>placement</del> licensed under chapter
2434	400 or chapter 429 and transported to a receiving facility for

2434 400 or chapter 429 and transported to a receiving facility for 2435 involuntary examination unless an ex parte order, a professional 2436 certificate, or a law enforcement officer's report is first

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2464 pursuant to s. 394.467, professional certificates, and law 2465 enforcement officers' reports. These documents <u>are shall be</u>

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2466	considered part of the clinical record, governed by the
2467	provisions of s. 394.4615. These documents shall be used to
2468	prepare annual reports analyzing the data obtained from these
2469	documents, without information identifying <u>individuals held for</u>
2470	examination or admitted for treatment patients, and shall
2471	provide copies of reports to the department, the President of
2472	the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the
2473	minority leaders of the Senate and the House of Representatives.
2474	(e) (f) An individual held for examination A patient shall
2475	be examined by a physician <u>,</u> <del>or a clinical</del> psychologist, or <del>by a</del>
2476	psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of an
2477	established protocol with a psychiatrist at a facility without
2478	unnecessary delay to determine if the criteria for involuntary
2479	services are met. Emergency treatment may be provided upon the
2480	order of a physician if the physician determines that such
2481	treatment is necessary for the safety of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del>
2482	or others.
2483	(f) An individual may not be held for involuntary
2484	examination for more than 72 hours after the time of the
2485	individual's arrival at the facility. Based on the individual's
2486	needs, one of the following actions must be taken within the
2487	involuntary examination period:
2488	1. The individual shall be released with the approval of a
2489	psychiatrist, psychiatric nurse, or psychologist. However, if
2490	the examination is conducted in a hospital, an attending
2491	emergency department physician may approve release. The
2492	professional approving release must have personally conducted
2493	the involuntary examination;
2494	2. The individual shall be asked to give express and

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2495	informed consent for voluntary admission if a physician or
2496	psychologist has determined that the individual is competent to
2497	consent to treatment; or
2498	3. A petition for involuntary services shall be completed
2499	and filed within 72 hours after the time of the individual's
2500	arrival at the facility in the circuit court by the receiving
2501	facility administrator if involuntary services are deemed
2502	necessary. If electronic filing of the petition is not available
2503	in the county and the 72-hour period ends on a weekend or legal
2504	holiday, the petition must be filed by the next working day. If
2505	involuntary services are deemed necessary, the least restrictive
2506	treatment consistent with the optimum improvement of the
2507	individual's condition must be made available.
2508	(g) An individual discharged from a receiving or treatment
2509	facility on a voluntary or involuntary basis who is currently
2510	charged with a crime shall be released to the custody of a law
2511	enforcement officer, unless the individual has been released
2512	from law enforcement custody by posting of a bond, by a pretrial
2513	conditional release, or by other judicial release.
2514	The patient may not be released by the receiving facility or
2515	its contractor without the documented approval of a psychiatrist
2516	or a clinical psychologist or, if the receiving facility is
2517	owned or operated by a hospital or health system, the release
2518	may also be approved by a psychiatric nurse performing within
2519	the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist, or
2520	an attending emergency department physician with experience in
2521	the diagnosis and treatment of mental illness after completion
2522	of an involuntary examination pursuant to this subsection. A
2523	psychiatric nurse may not approve the release of a patient if

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2524	
2524	the involuntary examination was initiated by a psychiatrist
	unless the release is approved by the initiating psychiatrist.
2526	(g) Within the 72-hour examination period or, if the 72
2527	hours ends on a weekend or holiday, no later than the next
2528	working day thereafter, one of the following actions must be
2529	taken, based on the individual needs of the patient:
2530	1. The patient shall be released, unless he or she is
2531	charged with a crime, in which case the patient shall be
2532	returned to the custody of a law enforcement officer;
2533	2. The patient shall be released, subject to the provisions
2534	of subparagraph 1., for voluntary outpatient treatment;
2535	3. The patient, unless he or she is charged with a crime,
2536	shall be asked to give express and informed consent to placement
2537	as a voluntary patient and, if such consent is given, the
2538	patient shall be admitted as a voluntary patient; or
2539	4. A petition for involuntary services shall be filed in
2540	the circuit court if inpatient treatment is deemed necessary or
2541	with the criminal county court, as defined in s. 394.4655(1), as
2542	applicable. When inpatient treatment is deemed necessary, the
2543	least restrictive treatment consistent with the optimum
2544	improvement of the patient's condition shall be made available.
2545	When a petition is to be filed for involuntary outpatient
2546	placement, it shall be filed by one of the petitioners specified
2547	in s. 394.4655(4)(a). A petition for involuntary inpatient
2548	placement shall be filed by the facility administrator.
2549	(h) <u>If an individual</u> <del>A person</del> for whom an involuntary
2550	examination has been initiated <del>who</del> is <u>also</u> being evaluated or
2551	treated at a hospital for an emergency medical condition <u>as</u>
2552	defined specified in s. 395.002, the involuntary examination
1	

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36-01520-17 20171756 2553 must be examined by a facility within 72 hours. The 72-hour 2554 period begins when the individual patient arrives at the 2555 hospital and ceases when a the attending physician documents 2556 that the individual patient has an emergency medical condition. 2557 The 72-hour period resumes when the physician documents that the 2558 emergency medical condition has stabilized or does not exist. If 2559 the patient is examined at a hospital providing emergency 2560 medical services by a professional qualified to perform an 2561 involuntary examination and is found as a result of that 2562 examination not to meet the criteria for involuntary outpatient 2563 services pursuant to s. 394.4655(2) or involuntary inpatient 2564 placement pursuant to s. 394.467(1), the patient may be offered 2565 voluntary services or placement, if appropriate, or released 2566 directly from the hospital providing emergency medical services. 2567 The finding by the professional that the patient has been 2568 examined and does not meet the criteria for involuntary 2569 inpatient services or involuntary outpatient placement must be 2570 entered into the patient's clinical record. This paragraph is 2571 not intended to prevent A hospital providing emergency medical 2572 services may transfer an individual from appropriately 2573 transferring a patient to another hospital before stabilization 2574 if the requirements of s. 395.1041(3)(c) are have been met. 2575 (i) One of the following must occur within 12 hours after a 2576 the patient's attending physician documents that the

2577 <u>individual's</u> patient's medical condition has stabilized or that 2578 an emergency medical condition <u>has been stabilized or</u> does not 2579 exist:

25801. The individual shall be examined by a physician,2581psychiatric nurse, or psychologist and, if found not to meet the

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2582	
2583	shall be released directly from the hospital providing the
2584	emergency medical services. The results of the examination,
2585	including the final disposition, shall be entered into the
2586	clinical record patient must be examined by a facility and
2587	released; or
2588	2. The individual shall be transferred to a receiving
2589	facility for examination if patient must be transferred to a
2590	designated facility in which appropriate medical and mental
2591	health treatment is available. However, the receiving facility
2592	must be notified of the transfer within 2 hours after the
2593	individual's patient's condition has been stabilized or after
2594	determination that an emergency medical condition does not
2595	exist.
2596	(3) NOTICE OF RELEASENotice of the release shall be given
2597	to the <u>individual's</u> <del>patient's</del> guardian, health care surrogate or
2598	proxy, or representative, to any person who executed a
2599	<del>certificate admitting the patient to the receiving facility,</del> and
2600	to any court that ordered the individual's examination which
2601	ordered the patient's evaluation.
2602	Section 20. Section 394.4655, Florida Statutes, is
2603	repealed.
2604	Section 21. Section 394.467, Florida Statutes, is amended
2605	to read:
2606	394.467 Involuntary services inpatient placement
2607	(1) CRITERIA.— <u>An individual</u> <del>A person</del> may be ordered for
2608	involuntary <u>services</u> inpatient placement for treatment upon a
2609	finding of the court by clear and convincing evidence that:
2610	(a) He or she has a mental illness and because of his or

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2611	her mental illness:
2612	1.a. He or she has refused voluntary <u>services</u> inpatient
2613	placement for treatment after sufficient and conscientious
2614	explanation and disclosure of the purpose of <u>services or</u>
2615	inpatient placement for treatment; or
2616	b. He or she is unable to determine for himself or herself
2617	whether inpatient <u>services are</u> <del>placement is</del> necessary; and
2618	2.a. He or she is incapable of surviving alone or with <del>the</del>
2619	help of willing and responsible family or friends, including
2620	available alternative services, and, without treatment, is
2621	likely to suffer from neglect or refuse to care for himself or
2622	herself, and such neglect or refusal poses a real and present
2623	threat of substantial physical or mental harm to his or her
2624	well-being; or
2625	b. There is substantial likelihood that in the near future
2626	he or she will inflict serious bodily harm on self or others, as
2627	evidenced by recent behavior causing, attempting, or threatening
2628	such harm; and
2629	(b) All available less restrictive <del>treatment</del> alternatives
2630	that would offer an opportunity for improvement of his or her
2631	condition have been judged to be inappropriate.
2632	(2) ADMISSION TO A TREATMENT FACILITY.—An individual $A$
2633	<del>patient</del> may be retained by a facility or involuntarily <u>ordered</u>
2634	to <del>placed in</del> a treatment facility upon the recommendation of the
2635	administrator of the facility where the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> has
2636	been examined and after adherence to the notice and hearing
2637	procedures provided in s. 394.4599. The recommendation must be
2638	supported by the opinion of a psychiatrist and the second
2639	opinion of a <del>clinical</del> psychologist or another psychiatrist, both
•	

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36-01520-17 20171756 2640 of whom have personally examined the individual patient within 2641 the preceding 72 hours, that the criteria for involuntary 2642 services inpatient placement are met. However, if the 2643 administrator certifies that a psychiatrist or <del>clinical</del> 2644 psychologist is not available to provide the second opinion, the 2645 second opinion may be provided by a licensed physician who has 2646 postgraduate training and experience in diagnosis and treatment 2647 of mental illness or by a psychiatric nurse. Any opinion 2648 authorized in this subsection may be conducted through a face-2649 to-face examination, in person, or by electronic means. Such 2650 recommendation shall be entered on a petition for involuntary 2651 services inpatient placement certificate that authorizes the 2652 facility to retain the individual being held patient pending 2653 transfer to a treatment facility or completion of a hearing. 2654 (3) PETITION FOR INVOLUNTARY SERVICES INPATIENT PLACEMENT.-2655 (a) The administrator of the receiving facility shall file 2656 a petition for involuntary services inpatient placement in the 2657 court in the county where the individual patient is located. 2658 Upon filing, the clerk of the court shall provide copies to the

department, the <u>individual</u>, his or her <u>patient</u>, the patient's guardian, <u>guardian advocate</u>, health care surrogate or proxy, or representative, and the state attorney and public defender of the judicial circuit in which the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> is located. A fee may not be charged for the filing of a petition under this subsection.

2665 (b) A receiving or treatment facility filing a petition for 2666 involuntary services shall send a copy of the petition to the 2667 Agency for Health Care Administration by the next working day. 2668 (4) APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL.-

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36-01520-17 20171756 2669 (a) Within 1 court working day after the filing of a 2670 petition for involuntary services inpatient placement, the court 2671 shall appoint the public defender to represent the individual 2672 person who is the subject of the petition, unless the person is 2673 otherwise represented by counsel. The clerk of the court shall 2674 immediately notify the public defender of the such appointment. 2675 Any attorney representing the individual patient shall have 2676 access to the individual patient, witnesses, and records 2677 relevant to the presentation of the individual's patient's case 2678 and shall represent the interests of the individual patient, 2679 regardless of the source of payment to the attorney. If services 2680 are ordered, the least restrictive treatment shall be sought. 2681 (b) The state attorney for the circuit in which the 2682 individual is located shall represent the state rather than the 2683 petitioning facility administrator as the real party in interest 2684 in the proceeding. The state attorney shall have access to the 2685 individual's clinical record and witnesses and shall have the 2686 authority to independently evaluate the sufficiency and 2687 appropriateness of the petition for involuntary services. If the 2688 state attorney finds the case insufficient, the state attorney 2689 shall withdraw the petition. The state attorney may not use clinical records obtained under this part for the purpose of 2690

2691 <u>criminal investigation or prosecution</u>, or for any other purpose 2692 <u>not authorized under this part.</u>

(5) CONTINUANCE OF HEARING.—The <u>individual</u> patient is entitled, with the concurrence of the <u>individual's</u> patient's counsel, to at least one continuance of the hearing for up to 4 weeks. <u>Following consultation with a client concerning his or</u> <u>her available options, an attorney may seek to continue the</u>

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2727 interests of the individual patient, and the individual's 2728 patient's counsel does not object, the court may waive the 2729 presence of the individual patient from all or any portion of 2730 the hearing. Alternatively, if the individual wishes to 2731 voluntarily waive his or her attendance at the hearing, the 2732 court must determine that the individual's waiver is knowing, 2733 intelligent, and voluntary before waiving the presence of the 2734 individual from all or any portion of the hearing. The state 2735 attorney for the circuit in which the patient is located shall 2736 represent the state, rather than the petitioning facility administrator, as the real party in interest in the proceeding. 2737

2738 3. The court may appoint a magistrate to preside at the 2739 hearing. One of the two professionals who executed the petition 2740 for involuntary services inpatient placement certificate shall 2741 be a witness. The court shall ensure that the individual and his 2742 or her guardian, guardian advocate, health care surrogate or 2743 proxy, or representative are informed patient and the patient's 2744 guardian or representative shall be informed by the court of the 2745 right to an independent expert examination. If the individual 2746 patient cannot afford such an examination, the court shall 2747 ensure that one is provided, as otherwise provided for by law. 2748 The independent expert's report is confidential and not 2749 discoverable, unless the expert is to be called as a witness for 2750 the individual patient at the hearing. The testimony in the 2751 hearing must be given under oath, and the proceedings must be 2752 recorded. The individual patient may refuse to testify at the 2753 hearing.

27544. Consistent with the notice provisions in s. 394.4599,2755the court shall allow testimony from persons, including family

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2756	members, deemed by the court to be relevant regarding the
2757	individual's prior history and how that prior history relates to
2758	the individual's current condition.
2759	(b) If the court concludes that the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del>
2760	meets the criteria for involuntary services inpatient placement,
2761	it may order that the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> be transferred to a
2762	treatment facility or, if the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> is at a
2763	treatment facility, that the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> be retained
2764	there or be treated at any other appropriate facility, or that
2765	the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> receive services, on an involuntary
2766	basis, for up to 90 days. However, any order for involuntary
2767	mental health services in a treatment facility may be for up to
2768	6 months. The order must shall specify the nature and extent of
2769	the <u>individual's</u> <del>patient's</del> mental illness. The court may not
2770	order an individual with traumatic brain injury or dementia who
2771	lacks a co-occurring mental illness to be involuntarily placed
2772	in a state treatment facility. The facility shall discharge <u>the</u>
2773	<u>individual</u> a patient any time the <u>individual</u> patient no longer
2774	meets the criteria for involuntary inpatient placement, unless
2775	the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> has transferred to voluntary status.
2776	(c) The court may not enter an order of involuntary
2777	inpatient services in a state treatment facility for an
2778	individual with dementia, Alzheimer's disease, or traumatic
2779	brain-injury who lacks a co-occurring mental illness.
2780	(d) An individual may be ordered to involuntary services on
2781	an outpatient basis if found to meet the criteria in s.
2782	394.467(1) and upon a finding of the court by clear and
2783	convincing evidence based upon a clinical determination that the
2784	individual is unlikely to survive safely in the community

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2785	without supervision and that the individual is in need of such
2786	services to prevent a relapse or deterioration that would likely
2787	result in serious harm to the individual or others.
2788	1. The court may not order involuntary services on an
2789	outpatient basis if the service is not available, or if there is
2790	no space available in the service for the individual, or if
2791	funding is not available. After the order for services is
2792	entered, the service provider and the individual may modify
2793	provisions of the service plan. For any material modification of
2794	the service plan to which the individual or the individual's
2795	guardian advocate, if appointed, agree, the service provider
2796	shall send notice of the modification to the court. Any material
2797	modifications of the service plan which are contested by the
2798	individual or the guardian advocate must be approved or
2799	disapproved by the court consistent with subsection (3).
2800	2. If, in the clinical judgment of a physician, the
2801	individual has failed or has refused to comply with the
2802	outpatient services ordered by the court, and, in the clinical
2803	judgment of the physician, efforts were made to solicit
2804	compliance and the individual appears to meet the criteria for
2805	involuntary examination, the individual may be brought to a
2806	receiving facility pursuant to s. 394.463. If, after
2807	examination, the individual does not meet the criteria for
2808	involuntary services under this section, the individual must be
2809	discharged from the receiving facility. The involuntary services
2810	order shall remain in effect unless the service provider
2811	determines that the individual no longer meets the criteria for
2812	involuntary services or until the order expires. The service
2813	provider must determine whether modifications should be made to

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2814	the existing treatment plan and must attempt to continue to
2815	engage the individual in services. For any material modification
2816	of the service plan to which the individual or the individual's
2817	guardian advocate, if appointed, does agree, the service
2818	provider shall send notice of the modification to the court. Any
2819	material modifications of the service plan which are contested
2820	by the individual or his or her guardian advocate, if appointed,
2821	must be approved or disapproved by the court consistent with
2822	subsection (3).
2823	<u>(e)</u> If at any time before the conclusion of the hearing
2824	on involuntary <u>services</u> inpatient placement it appears to the
2825	court that the <u>individual</u> <del>person</del> does not meet the criteria for
2826	involuntary <u>services</u> inpatient placement under this section, but
2827	instead meets the criteria for involuntary outpatient services,
2828	the court may order the person evaluated for involuntary
2829	outpatient services pursuant to s. 394.4655. The petition and

10.2827 Instead meets the criteria for involuntary outpatient services, 2828 the court may order the person evaluated for involuntary 2829 outpatient services pursuant to s. 394.4655. The petition and 2830 hearing procedures set forth in s. 394.4655 shall apply. If the 2831 person instead meets the criteria for involuntary assessment, 2832 protective custody, or involuntary admission pursuant to s. 2833 397.675, then the court may order the person to be admitted for 2834 involuntary assessment for a period of 5 days pursuant to s. 2835 397.6811. Thereafter, all proceedings are governed by chapter 2836 397.

2837 <u>(f)</u>(d) At the hearing on involuntary services inpatient 2838 placement, the court shall consider testimony and evidence 2839 regarding the <u>individual's patient's</u> competence to consent to 2840 treatment. If the court finds that the <u>individual patient</u> is 2841 incompetent to consent to treatment, it shall appoint a guardian 2842 advocate as provided in s. 394.4598.

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36-01520-17 20171756 2843 (g) (e) The administrator of the petitioning facility shall 2844 provide a copy of the court order and adequate documentation of 2845 an individual's a patient's mental illness to the administrator 2846 of a treatment facility if the individual patient is ordered for 2847 involuntary services inpatient placement, whether by civil or criminal court. The documentation must include any advance 2848 2849 directives made by the individual patient, a psychiatric 2850 evaluation of the individual patient, and any evaluations of the 2851 individual patient performed by a psychiatric nurse, a clinical 2852 psychologist, a marriage and family therapist, a mental health 2853 counselor, or a clinical social worker. The administrator of a 2854 treatment facility may refuse admission to an individual any 2855 patient directed to its facilities on an involuntary basis, 2856 whether by civil or criminal court order, who is not accompanied 2857 by adequate orders and documentation.

2858 (7) PROCEDURE FOR CONTINUED INVOLUNTARY <u>SERVICES</u> INPATIENT 2859 PLACEMENT.-

2860 (a) Hearings on petitions for continued involuntary 2861 services inpatient placement of an individual placed at any 2862 treatment facility are administrative hearings and must be 2863 conducted in accordance with s. 120.57(1), except that any order 2864 entered by the administrative law judge is final and subject to 2865 judicial review in accordance with s. 120.68. Orders concerning 2866 individuals patients committed after successfully pleading not 2867 guilty by reason of insanity are governed by s. 916.15.

2868 <u>1.(b)</u> If the <u>individual</u> patient continues to meet the 2869 criteria for involuntary <u>services</u> inpatient placement and is 2870 <u>placed in</u> being treated at a treatment facility, the 2871 administrator shall, before the expiration of the period the

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36-01520-17 20171756 2872 treatment facility is authorized to retain the individual 2873 patient, file a petition requesting authorization for continued 2874 involuntary services inpatient placement. The request must be 2875 accompanied by a statement from the individual's patient's 2876 physician, psychiatrist, psychiatric nurse, or <del>clinical</del> 2877 psychologist justifying the request, a brief description of the 2878 individual's patient's treatment during the time he or she was 2879 involuntarily placed, and an individualized plan of continued 2880 treatment. The state attorney for the circuit in which the 2881 individual is located shall represent the state, rather than the 2882 petitioning facility administrator, as the real party in 2883 interest in the proceeding. Notice of the hearing must be 2884 provided as provided in accordance with s. 394.4599. If an 2885 individual's attendance at the hearing is voluntarily waived, 2886 the administrative law judge must determine that the waiver is 2887 knowing, intelligent, and voluntary before waiving the presence 2888 of the individual from all or a portion of the hearing. 2889 Alternatively, if an individual's a patient's attendance at the 2890 hearing is voluntarily waived, the administrative law judge must 2891 determine that the waiver is knowing and voluntary before 2892 waiving the presence of the individual patient from all or a 2893 portion of the hearing. Alternatively, if at the hearing the 2894 administrative law judge finds that attendance at the hearing is 2895 not consistent with the individual's best interests of the 2896 patient, the administrative law judge may waive the presence of the individual patient from all or any portion of the hearing, 2897 2898 unless the individual patient, through counsel, objects to the 2899 waiver of presence. The testimony in the hearing must be under 2900 oath, and the proceedings must be recorded.

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2901
           2.(c) Unless the individual patient is otherwise
2902
      represented or is ineligible, he or she shall be represented at
2903
      the hearing on the petition for continued involuntary services
2904
      inpatient placement by the public defender of the circuit in
2905
      which the facility is located.
2906
           3. The Division of Administrative Hearings shall ensure
2907
      that the individual who is the subject of the petition and his
2908
      or her guardian, guardian advocate, health care surrogate or
2909
      proxy, or representative are informed of the individual's right
      to an independent expert examination. If the individual cannot
2910
2911
      afford such an examination, the court shall ensure that one is
2912
      provided as otherwise provided for by law.
2913
           4.(d) If at a hearing it is shown that the individual
2914
      patient continues to meet the criteria for involuntary services
2915
      inpatient placement, the administrative law judge shall sign the
2916
      order for continued involuntary services inpatient placement for
2917
      up to 90 days. However, any order for involuntary mental health
2918
      services in a treatment facility may be for up to 6 months. The
2919
      same procedure must shall be repeated before the expiration of
2920
      each additional period the individual patient is retained.
2921
           5.(e) If continued involuntary services inpatient placement
2922
      is necessary for an individual a patient admitted while serving
2923
      a criminal sentence, but his or her sentence is about to expire,
2924
      or for a minor involuntarily placed, but who is about to reach
2925
      the age of 18, the administrator shall petition the
2926
      administrative law judge for an order authorizing continued
      involuntary services inpatient placement.
2927
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2928 <u>6.(f)</u> If the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> has been previously found 2929 incompetent to consent to treatment, the administrative law

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2930	judge shall consider testimony and evidence regarding the
2931	individual's patient's competence. If the administrative law
2932	judge finds evidence that the individual <del>patient</del> is now
2933	competent to consent to treatment, the administrative law judge
2934	may issue a recommended order to the court that found the
2935	individual <del>patient</del> incompetent to consent to treatment that the
2936	individual's patient's competence be restored and that any
2937	guardian advocate previously appointed be discharged.
2938	7. <del>(g)</del> If the individual <del>patient</del> has been ordered to undergo
2939	involuntary services inpatient placement and has previously been
2940	found incompetent to consent to treatment, the court shall
2941	consider testimony and evidence regarding the individual's
2942	patient's incompetence. If the individual's patient's competency
2943	to consent to treatment is restored, the discharge of the
2944	guardian advocate shall be governed by s. 394.4598.
2945	
2946	The procedure required in this <u>paragraph</u> subsection must be
2947	followed before the expiration of each additional period the
2948	<u>individual is</u> <del>patient is involuntarily</del> receiving <u>involuntary</u>
2949	services.
2950	(b) A hearing on a petition for continued involuntary
2951	services of an individual placed at a receiving facility or
2952	nonstate treatment facility, to extend the current services or
2953	to modify the involuntary services order to authorize services
2954	in any state treatment facility, are not administrative
2955	hearings.
2956	1. If such an individual continues to meet the criteria for
2957	involuntary services, the service provider shall, before the
2958	expiration of the period during which the services are ordered,
·	

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file in the circuit court a petition for continued involuntary
services. The petition must be filed no later than one week
before the expiration of that current involuntary period, unless
the order for services was for 30 days or less, in which case
the petition must be filed within a reasonable time before the
expiration of the current involuntary service order.
2. The existing involuntary service order remains in effect
until disposition of the petition for continued involuntary
service.
3. The petition must be accompanied by a statement from the
individual's physician or psychologist justifying the request, a
brief description of the individual's treatment during the time
he or she was involuntarily served, and a personalized plan of
continued services.
4. Within 1 court working day after the filing of a
petition for continued involuntary services, the court shall
appoint the public defender to represent the individual who is
the subject of the petition, unless the individual is otherwise
represented by counsel. The clerk of the court shall immediately
notify the public defender of such appointment. The public
defender shall represent the individual until the petition is
dismissed, the court order expires, or the individual is
discharged from involuntary status. An attorney representing the
individual must have access to the individual, witnesses, and
records relevant to the presentation of the individual's case
and shall represent the interests of the individual, regardless
of the source of payment to the attorney.
5. The court shall ensure that the individual who is the
subject of the petition and his or her guardian, guardian

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2988	advocate, health care surrogate or proxy, or representative are
2989	informed of the individual's right to an independent expert
2990	examination. If the individual cannot afford such an
2991	examination, the court shall ensure that one is provided, as
2992	otherwise provided for by law.
2993	6. Hearings on petitions for continued involuntary services
2994	are before the circuit court. The court may appoint a magistrate
2995	to preside at the hearing. The procedures for obtaining an order
2996	pursuant to this paragraph must be in accordance with
2997	subsections (4), (5), and (6).
2998	7. Notice of the hearing shall be provided in accordance
2999	with s. 394.4599. The individual being served and the
3000	individual's attorney may agree to a period of continued
3001	involuntary services without a court hearing, unless the
3002	petition for continued services seeks to authorize services in
3003	any state treatment facility.
3004	8. The same procedure must be repeated before the
3005	expiration of each additional period the individual being served
3006	is involuntarily served.
3007	9. If the individual who has been ordered to undergo
3008	involuntary services has previously been found incompetent to
3009	consent to treatment, the court shall consider testimony and
3010	evidence regarding the individual's competence. Section 394.4598
3011	governs the discharge of the guardian advocate if the
3012	individual's competency to consent to treatment has been
3013	restored.
3014	(8) RETURN TO FACILITYIf <u>an individual</u> a patient
3015	involuntarily held at a treatment facility under this part
3016	leaves the facility without the administrator's authorization,

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3017	the administrator may authorize a search for the individual
3018	<del>patient</del> and his or her return to the facility. The administrator
3019	may request the assistance of a law enforcement agency in this
3020	regard.
3021	Section 22. Section 394.46715, Florida Statutes, is amended
3022	to read:
3023	394.46715 Rulemaking authorityThe department may adopt
3024	rules to administer this part. <u>These rules are for the purpose</u>
3025	of protecting the health, safety, and well-being of individuals
3026	examined, treated, or placed under this part.
3027	Section 23. Section 394.4672, Florida Statutes, is amended
3028	to read:
3029	394.4672 Procedure for <u>services</u> <del>placement</del> of veteran with
3030	federal agency
3031	(1) A facility owned, operated, or administered by the
3032	United States Department of Veterans Affairs that provides
3033	mental health services shall have authority as granted by the
3034	Department of Veterans' Affairs to:
3035	(a) Initiate and conduct involuntary examination pursuant
3036	to s. 394.463.
3037	(b) Provide voluntary admission and treatment pursuant to
3038	s. 394.4625.
3039	(c) Petition for involuntary services pursuant to s.
3040	394.467.
3041	(2) <del>(1)</del> If the court determines that an individual meets the
3042	<u>criteria for involuntary service and he or she</u> <del>Whenever it is</del>
3043	determined by the court that a person meets the criteria for
3044	involuntary placement and it appears that such person is
3045	eligible for care or treatment by the United States Department
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36-01520-17 20171756 3046 of Veterans Affairs or other agency of the United States 3047 Government, the court, upon receipt of documentation a 3048 certificate from the United States Department of Veterans 3049 Affairs or another such other agency showing that facilities are 3050 available and that the individual person is eligible for care or 3051 treatment therein, may place that individual person with the 3052 United States Department of Veterans Affairs or other federal 3053 agency. The individual person whose placement is sought shall be 3054 personally served with notice of the pending involuntary service 3055 <del>placement</del> proceeding in the manner as provided in this part.<sub>au</sub> 3056 and nothing in This section does not shall affect the 3057 individual's his or her right to appear and be heard in the proceeding. Upon being placed, the individual is placement, the 3058 3059 person shall be subject to the rules and regulations of the 3060 United States Department of Veterans Affairs or other federal 3061 agency. 3062 (3) (2) The judgment or order for services issued of

3063 placement by a court of competent jurisdiction of another state 3064 or of the District of Columbia, which places an individual 3065 placing a person with the United States Department of Veterans 3066 Affairs or other federal agency for care or treatment,  $has_{T}$ 3067 shall have the same force and effect in this state as in the 3068 jurisdiction of the court entering the judgment or making the 3069 order.; and The courts of the placing state or of the District 3070 of Columbia shall retain be deemed to have retained jurisdiction 3071 over the individual of the person so placed. Consent is hereby 3072 given to the application of the law of the placing state or 3073 district with respect to the authority of the chief officer of 3074 any facility of the United States Department of Veterans Affairs

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36-01520-17 20171756 or other federal agency operated in this state to retain custody 3075 3076 or to transfer, parole, or discharge the individual person. 3077 (4) (3) Upon receipt of documentation from a certificate of 3078 the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or another such 3079 other federal agency that facilities are available for the care 3080 or treatment of individuals who have mental illness and that the 3081 individual mentally ill persons and that the person is eligible 3082 for that care or treatment, the administrator of the receiving 3083 or treatment facility may cause the transfer of that individual 3084 person to the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or 3085 other federal agency. Upon effecting such transfer, the 3086 committing court shall be notified by the transferring agency. 3087 An individual may not be transferred No person shall be transferred to the United States Department of Veterans Affairs 3088 3089 or other federal agency if he or she is confined pursuant to the 3090 conviction of any felony or misdemeanor or if he or she has been 3091 acquitted of the charge solely on the ground of insanity, unless 3092 before prior to transfer the court placing the individual such 3093 person enters an order for the transfer after appropriate motion 3094 and hearing and without objection by the United States 3095 Department of Veterans Affairs. 3096 (5) (4) An individual Any person transferred as provided in 3097 this section shall be deemed to be placed with the United States 3098 Department of Veterans Affairs or other federal agency pursuant to the original order placement. 3099

3100 Section 24. Section 394.4685, Florida Statutes, is amended 3101 to read:

394.4685 Transfer of patients among facilities.-

(1) TRANSFER BETWEEN PUBLIC FACILITIES.-

3102

3103

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36-01520-17 20171756 3104 (a) An individual A patient who has been accepted at 3105 admitted to a public receiving facility, or his or her the family member, guardian, or guardian advocate, or health care 3106 3107 surrogate or proxy of such patient, may request the transfer of 3108 the individual patient to another public receiving facility. An individual A patient who has been accepted at admitted to a 3109 public treatment facility, or his or her the family member, 3110 guardian, or guardian advocate, or health care surrogate or 3111 proxy of such patient, may request the transfer of the 3112 3113 individual patient to another public treatment facility. 3114 Depending on the medical treatment or mental health treatment 3115 needs of the individual patient and the availability of 3116 appropriate facility resources, the individual patient may be 3117 transferred at the discretion of the department. If the 3118 department approves the transfer of an individual on involuntary status, notice in accordance with involuntary patient, notice 3119 3120 according to the provisions of s. 394.4599 must be given before 3121 shall be given prior to the transfer by the transferring 3122 facility. The department shall respond to the request for 3123 transfer within 2 working days after receipt of the request by 3124 the facility administrator. 3125 (b) If When required by the medical treatment or mental 3126 health treatment needs of the individual patient or the efficient use utilization of a public receiving or public 3127 treatment facility, an individual a patient may be transferred 3128 from one receiving facility to another  $\overline{r}$  or from one treatment 3129

facility to another, at the department's discretion, or, with the express and informed consent of the <u>individual or the</u> individual's guardian, guardian advocate, or health care

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3133	surrogate or proxy <del>patient or the patient's guardian or guardian</del>
3134	advocate, to a facility in another state. Notice <u>in accordance</u>
3135	with according to the provisions of s. 394.4599 must shall be
3136	given <u>before</u> <del>prior to</del> the transfer by the transferring facility.
3137	If prior notice is not possible, notice of the transfer shall be
3138	provided as soon as practicable after the transfer.
3139	(2) TRANSFER FROM PUBLIC TO PRIVATE FACILITIES
3140	(a) <u>An individual</u> <del>A patient</del> who has been <u>accepted at</u>
3141	admitted to a public receiving or public treatment facility and
3142	has requested, <del>cither</del> personally or through his or her guardian <u>,</u>
3143	<del>or</del> guardian advocate <u>, or health care surrogate or proxy</u> , and is
3144	able to pay for treatment in a private facility shall be
3145	transferred at the <u>individual's</u> <del>patient's</del> expense to a private
3146	facility upon acceptance of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> by the
3147	private facility.
3148	(b) A public receiving facility initiating <u>the</u> <del>a patient</del>
3149	transfer of an individual to a licensed hospital for acute care
3150	mental health services not accessible through the public
3151	receiving facility shall notify the hospital of such transfer
3152	and send the hospital all records relating to the emergency
3153	psychiatric or medical condition.
3154	(3) TRANSFER FROM PRIVATE TO PUBLIC FACILITIES
3155	(a) An individual or the individual's A patient or the
3156	<del>patient's</del> guardian <u>,</u> <del>or</del> guardian advocate <u>, or health care</u>
3157	surrogate or proxy may request the transfer of the individual
3158	<del>patient</del> from a private to a public facility, and the <u>individual</u>
3159	<del>patient</del> may be so transferred upon acceptance of the <u>individual</u>
3160	patient by the public facility.

3161

(b) A private facility may request the transfer of <u>an</u>

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3162	individual a patient from the facility to a public facility, and
3163	the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> may be so transferred upon acceptance of
3164	the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> by the public facility. The cost of such
3165	transfer <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del> the responsibility of the transferring
3166	facility.
3167	(c) A public facility must respond to a request for the
3168	transfer of <u>an individual</u> <del>a patient</del> within <u>24 hours</u> <del>2 working</del>
3169	days after receipt of the request.
3170	(4) TRANSFER BETWEEN PRIVATE FACILITIES
3171	(a) An individual being held A patient in a private
3172	facility or <u>his or her</u> <del>the patient's</del> guardian <u>,</u> <del>or</del> guardian
3173	advocate, or health care surrogate or proxy may request the
3174	transfer of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> to another private facility
3175	at any time, and the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> shall be transferred
3176	upon acceptance of the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> by the facility to
3177	which transfer is sought.
3178	(b) A private facility may request the transfer of an
3179	individual from the facility to another private facility, and
3180	the individual may be transferred upon acceptance of the
3181	individual by the facility to which the individual is being
3182	transferred.
3183	Section 25. Section 394.469, Florida Statutes, is amended
3184	to read:
3185	394.469 Discharge <u>from</u> <del>of</del> involuntary <u>services</u> <del>patients</del>
3186	(1) POWER TO DISCHARGE.—At any time <u>an individual</u> <del>a patient</del>
3187	is found to no longer meet the criteria for involuntary <u>services</u>
3188	placement, the administrator shall:
3189	(a) Discharge the <u>individual</u> <del>patient, unless the patient is</del>
3190	under a criminal charge, in which case the patient shall be
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3191	transferred to the custody of the appropriate law enforcement
3192	officer;
3193	(b) Transfer the <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> to voluntary status on
3194	the administrator's his or her own authority or at the
3195	individual's patient's request, unless the individual is patient
3196	is under criminal charge or adjudicated incapacitated;
3197	(c) Discharge the individual to the custody of a law
3198	enforcement officer, if the individual is currently charged with
3199	any crime and has not been released from law enforcement custody
3200	by posting of a bond, or by a pretrial conditional release or by
3201	other judicial release; or
3202	<u>(d)</u> Place an improved <u>individual</u> <del>patient</del> , except
3203	individuals described in paragraph (c) a patient under a
3204	<del>criminal charge</del> , on convalescent status in the care of a
3205	community facility.
3206	(2) NOTICE.—Notice of discharge or transfer of <u>an</u>
3207	individual must be provided in accordance with a patient shall
3208	<del>be given as provided in</del> s. 394.4599.
3209	Section 26. Section 394.473, Florida Statutes, is amended
3210	to read:
3211	394.473 <u>Attorney</u> Attorney's fee; expert witness fee
3212	(1) <del>In the case of an indigent person for whom</del> An attorney
3213	<del>is</del> appointed <u>to represent an individual</u> pursuant to <del>the</del>
3214	<del>provisions of</del> this part <del>, the attorney</del> shall be compensated by
3215	the state pursuant to s. 27.5304. A public defender appointed to
3216	represent an indigent individual may not <del>In the case of an</del>
3217	indigent person, the court may appoint a public defender. The
3218	<del>public defender shall</del> receive <del>no</del> additional compensation other
3219	than that usually paid his or her office.

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36-01520-17 20171756 3220 (2) If an indigent individual's case requires In the case 3221 of an indigent person for whom expert testimony is required in a 3222 court hearing pursuant to the provisions of this part act, the 3223 expert shall be compensated by the state pursuant to s. 27.5303 3224 or s. 27.5304, as applicable, unless the expert, except one who 3225 is classified as a full-time employee of the state or who is 3226 receiving remuneration from the state for his or her time in 3227 attendance at the hearing, shall be compensated by the state 3228 pursuant to s. 27.5304. 3229 Section 27. Section 394.475, Florida Statutes, is amended 3230 to read: 3231 394.475 Acceptance, examination, and involuntary services 3232 placement of Florida residents from out-of-state mental health 3233 authorities.-3234 (1) Upon the request of the state mental health authority 3235 of another state, the department may is authorized to accept an 3236 individual as a patient, for up to a period of not more than 15 3237 days, a person who is and has been a bona fide resident of this 3238 state for at least a period of not less than 1 year. 3239 (2) An individual Any person received pursuant to 3240 subsection (1) shall be examined by the staff of the state 3241 facility where the individual such patient has been admitted 3242 accepted, which examination shall be completed during the 15-day 3243 period. 3244 (3) If, upon examination, the individual such a person 3245 requires continued involuntary services placement, a petition 3246 for a hearing regarding involuntary services placement shall be 3247 filed with the court of the county where wherein the treatment facility receiving the individual patient is located or the 3248

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3249
      county where the individual patient is a resident.
3250
            (4) During the pendency of the examination period and the
3251
      pendency of the involuntary services placement proceedings, an
3252
      individual such person may continue to be held in the treatment
3253
      facility unless the court having jurisdiction enters an order to
3254
      the contrary.
3255
           Section 28. Section 394.4785, Florida Statutes, is amended
3256
      to read:
3257
           394.4785 Children and adolescents; admission and services
3258
      placement in mental health facilities.-
3259
            (1) A child or adolescent as defined as a minor in s.
3260
      394.455(31) in s. 394.492 may not be admitted to a state-owned
3261
      or state-operated mental health treatment facility. A minor
3262
      child may be admitted pursuant to s. 394.4625, s. 394.463, or s.
      394.467 to a crisis stabilization unit or a residential
3263
3264
      treatment center licensed under this chapter or a hospital
3265
      licensed under chapter 395. The treatment center, unit, or
3266
      hospital must provide the least restrictive available treatment
3267
      that is appropriate to the individual needs of the minor child
3268
      or adolescent and must adhere to the guiding principles, system
3269
      of care, and service planning provisions of contained in part
3270
      III of this chapter.
3271
            (2) A minor who is younger than 14 years of age person
3272
      under the age of 14 who is admitted to a any hospital licensed
3273
      pursuant to chapter 395 may not be admitted to a bed in a room
3274
      or ward with an adult patient in a mental health unit or share
3275
      common areas with an adult patient in a mental health unit.
3276
      However, a minor person 14 years of age or older may be admitted
3277
      to a bed in a room or ward in the mental health unit with an
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3278	adult if <u>a</u> <del>the admitting</del> physician documents in the <u>clinical</u>
3279	<del>case</del> record that <u>the services are</u> <del>such placement is</del> medically
3280	indicated or for reasons of safety. <u>The</u> <del>Such</del> placement shall be
3281	reviewed by <u>a</u> <del>the attending</del> physician or a designee or on-call
3282	physician each day and documented in the <u>clinical</u> <del>case</del> record.
3283	Section 29. Section 394.4786, Florida Statutes, is
3284	repealed.
3285	Section 30. Section 394.47865, Florida Statutes, is
3286	repealed.
3287	Section 31. Section 394.4787, Florida Statutes, is
3288	repealed.
3289	Section 32. Section 394.4788, Florida Statutes, is
3290	repealed.
3291	Section 33. <u>Section 394.4789</u> , Florida Statutes, is
3292	repealed.
3293	Section 34. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section
3294	20.425, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3295	20.425 Agency for Health Care Administration; trust funds
3296	The following trust funds shall be administered by the Agency
3297	for Health Care Administration:
3298	(5) Public Medical Assistance Trust Fund.
3299	(a) Funds to be credited to and uses of the trust fund
3300	shall be administered in accordance with <u>s.</u> the provisions of
3301	<del>ss. 394.4786 and</del> 409.918.
3302	Section 35. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) and subsection
3303	(6) of section 39.407, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
3304	39.407 Medical, psychiatric, and psychological examination
3305	and treatment of child; physical, mental, or substance abuse
3306	examination of person with or requesting child custody
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36-01520-17 20171756 3307 (3) (a) 1. Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (b) 1. 3308 or paragraph (e), before the department provides psychotropic 3309 medications to a child in its custody, the prescribing physician 3310 shall attempt to obtain express and informed consent, as defined 3311 in s. 394.455(15) and as described in s. 394.459(3) (a), from the 3312 child's parent or legal guardian. The department must take steps 3313 necessary to facilitate the inclusion of the parent in the 3314 child's consultation with the physician. However, if the 3315 parental rights of the parent have been terminated, the parent's 3316 location or identity is unknown or cannot reasonably be 3317 ascertained, or the parent declines to give express and informed 3318 consent, the department may, after consultation with the 3319 prescribing physician, seek court authorization to provide the 3320 psychotropic medications to the child. Unless parental rights 3321 have been terminated and if it is possible to do so, the 3322 department shall continue to involve the parent in the 3323 decisionmaking process regarding the provision of psychotropic 3324 medications. If, at any time, a parent whose parental rights 3325 have not been terminated provides express and informed consent 3326 to the provision of a psychotropic medication, the requirements 3327 of this section that the department seek court authorization do 3328 not apply to that medication until such time as the parent no 3329 longer consents.

3330 2. Any time the department seeks a medical evaluation to 3331 determine the need to initiate or continue a psychotropic 3332 medication for a child, the department must provide to the 3333 evaluating physician all pertinent medical information known to 3334 the department concerning that child.

3335

(6) Children who are in the legal custody of the department

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3336	may be placed by the department, without prior approval of the
3337	court, in a residential treatment center licensed under s.
3338	394.875 or a hospital licensed under chapter 395 for residential
3339	mental health treatment only pursuant to this section or may be
3340	placed by the court in accordance with an order of involuntary
3341	examination or involuntary <u>services</u> <del>placement</del> entered pursuant
3342	to s. 394.463 or s. 394.467. All children placed in a
3343	residential treatment program under this subsection must have a
3344	guardian ad litem appointed.
3345	(a) As used in this subsection, the term:
3346	1. "Residential treatment" means placement for observation,
3347	diagnosis, or treatment of an emotional disturbance in a
3348	residential treatment center licensed under s. 394.875 or a
3349	hospital licensed under chapter 395.
3350	2. "Least restrictive alternative" means the treatment and
3351	conditions of treatment that, separately and in combination, are
3352	no more intrusive or restrictive of freedom than reasonably
3353	necessary to achieve a substantial therapeutic benefit or to
3354	protect the child or adolescent or others from physical injury.
3355	3. "Suitable for residential treatment" or "suitability"
3356	means a determination concerning a child or adolescent with an
3357	emotional disturbance as defined in s. 394.492(5) or a serious
3358	emotional disturbance as defined in s. 394.492(6) that each of
3359	the following criteria is met:
3360	a. The child requires residential treatment.
3361	b. The child is in need of a residential treatment program
3362	and is expected to benefit from mental health treatment.
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3363 c. An appropriate, less restrictive alternative to 3364 residential treatment is unavailable.

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36-01520-17 20171756 3365 (b) Whenever the department believes that a child in its 3366 legal custody is emotionally disturbed and may need residential 3367 treatment, an examination and suitability assessment must be 3368 conducted by a qualified evaluator who is appointed by the 3369 Agency for Health Care Administration. This suitability 3370 assessment must be completed before the placement of the child 3371 in a residential treatment center for emotionally disturbed 3372 children and adolescents or a hospital. The qualified evaluator 3373 must be a psychiatrist or a psychologist licensed in Florida who 3374 has at least 3 years of experience in the diagnosis and 3375 treatment of serious emotional disturbances in children and 3376 adolescents and who has no actual or perceived conflict of 3377 interest with any inpatient facility or residential treatment 3378 center or program. 3379 (c) Before a child is admitted under this subsection, the 3380 child shall be assessed for suitability for residential 3381 treatment by a qualified evaluator who has conducted a personal

3382 examination and assessment of the child and has made written 3383 findings that:

3384 1. The child appears to have an emotional disturbance 3385 serious enough to require residential treatment and is 3386 reasonably likely to benefit from the treatment.

3387 2. The child has been provided with a clinically 3388 appropriate explanation of the nature and purpose of the 3389 treatment.

3390 3. All available modalities of treatment less restrictive 3391 than residential treatment have been considered, and a less 3392 restrictive alternative that would offer comparable benefits to 3393 the child is unavailable.

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A copy of the written findings of the evaluation and suitability assessment must be provided to the department, to the guardian ad litem, and, if the child is a member of a Medicaid managed care plan, to the plan that is financially responsible for the child's care in residential treatment, all of whom must be provided with the opportunity to discuss the findings with the evaluator.

(d) Immediately upon placing a child in a residential treatment program under this section, the department must notify the guardian ad litem and the court having jurisdiction over the child and must provide the guardian ad litem and the court with a copy of the assessment by the qualified evaluator.

3407 (e) Within 10 days after the admission of a child to a 3408 residential treatment program, the director of the residential 3409 treatment program or the director's designee must ensure that an 3410 individualized plan of treatment has been prepared by the 3411 program and has been explained to the child, to the department, 3412 and to the guardian ad litem, and submitted to the department. 3413 The child must be involved in the preparation of the plan to the 3414 maximum feasible extent consistent with his or her ability to 3415 understand and participate, and the guardian ad litem and the 3416 child's foster parents must be involved to the maximum extent 3417 consistent with the child's treatment needs. The plan must 3418 include a preliminary plan for residential treatment and aftercare upon completion of residential treatment. The plan 3419 3420 must include specific behavioral and emotional goals against 3421 which the success of the residential treatment may be measured. 3422 A copy of the plan must be provided to the child, to the

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3423
      quardian ad litem, and to the department.
3424
           (f) Within 30 days after admission, the residential
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      treatment program must review the appropriateness and
3426
      suitability of the child's placement in the program. The
3427
      residential treatment program must determine whether the child
3428
      is receiving benefit toward the treatment goals and whether the
3429
      child could be treated in a less restrictive treatment program.
3430
      The residential treatment program shall prepare a written report
3431
      of its findings and submit the report to the guardian ad litem
3432
      and to the department. The department must submit the report to
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      the court. The report must include a discharge plan for the
3434
      child. The residential treatment program must continue to
3435
      evaluate the child's treatment progress every 30 days thereafter
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      and must include its findings in a written report submitted to
3437
      the department. The department may not reimburse a facility
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      until the facility has submitted every written report that is
3439
      due.
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(g)1. The department must submit, at the beginning of each month, to the court having jurisdiction over the child, a written report regarding the child's progress toward achieving the goals specified in the individualized plan of treatment.

2. The court must conduct a hearing to review the status of the child's residential treatment plan no later than 3 months after the child's admission to the residential treatment program. An independent review of the child's progress toward achieving the goals and objectives of the treatment plan must be completed by a qualified evaluator and submitted to the court before its 3-month review.

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3. For any child in residential treatment at the time a

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36-01520-17 20171756 3452 judicial review is held pursuant to s. 39.701, the child's 3453 continued placement in residential treatment must be a subject 3454 of the judicial review. 3455 4. If at any time the court determines that the child is 3456 not suitable for continued residential treatment, the court 3457 shall order the department to place the child in the least 3458 restrictive setting that is best suited to meet his or her 3459 needs. 3460 (h) After the initial 3-month review, the court must 3461 conduct a review of the child's residential treatment plan every 3462 90 days. 3463 (i) The department must adopt rules for implementing 3464 timeframes for the completion of suitability assessments by 3465 qualified evaluators and a procedure that includes timeframes 3466 for completing the 3-month independent review by the qualified 3467 evaluators of the child's progress toward achieving the goals 3468 and objectives of the treatment plan which review must be 3469 submitted to the court. The Agency for Health Care 3470 Administration must adopt rules for the registration of 3471 qualified evaluators, the procedure for selecting the evaluators 3472 to conduct the reviews required under this section, and a 3473 reasonable, cost-efficient fee schedule for qualified 3474 evaluators. 3475 Section 36. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 394.492, 3476 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 3477 394.492 Definitions.-As used in ss. 394.490-394.497, the 3478 term:

3479 (5) "Child or adolescent who has an emotional disturbance"3480 means a person under 18 years of age who is diagnosed with a

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3481	mental, emotional, or behavioral disorder of sufficient duration
3482	to meet one of the diagnostic categories specified in the most
3483	recent edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of the
3484	American Psychiatric Association, but who does not exhibit
3485	behaviors that substantially interfere with or limit his or her
3486	role or ability to function in the family, school, or community.
3487	The emotional disturbance must not be considered to be a
3488	temporary response to a stressful situation. The term does not
3489	include a child or adolescent who meets the criteria for
3490	involuntary <u>services</u> <del>placement</del> under s. 394.467(1).
3491	(6) "Child or adolescent who has a serious emotional
3492	disturbance or mental illness" means a person under 18 years of
3493	age who:
3494	(a) Is diagnosed as having a mental, emotional, or
3495	behavioral disorder that meets one of the diagnostic categories
3496	specified in the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and
3497	Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders of the American
3498	Psychiatric Association; and
3499	(b) Exhibits behaviors that substantially interfere with or
3500	limit his or her role or ability to function in the family,
3501	school, or community, which behaviors are not considered to be a
3502	temporary response to a stressful situation.
3503	
3504	The term includes a child or adolescent who meets the criteria
3505	for involuntary <u>services</u> <del>placement</del> under s. 394.467(1).
3506	Section 37. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (3) of
3507	section 394.495, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
3508	394.495 Child and adolescent mental health system of care;
3509	programs and services
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3510	(3) Assessments must be performed by:
3511	(a) A professional as defined in s. <u>394.455(7), (33), (36),</u>
3512	<u>or (37)</u>
3513	(c) A person who is under the direct supervision of a
3514	qualified professional as defined in s. <u>394.455(7), (33), (36),</u>
3515	<u>or (37)</u>
3516	licensed under chapter 491.
3517	Section 38. Subsection (5) of section 394.496, Florida
3518	Statutes, is amended to read:
3519	394.496 Service planning
3520	(5) A professional as defined in s. <u>394.455(7), (33), (36),</u>
3521	<u>or (37)</u>
3522	licensed under chapter 491 must be included among those persons
3523	developing the services plan.
3524	Section 39. Paragraph (b) of subsection (10) of section
3525	394.9082, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3526	394.9082 Behavioral health managing entities
3527	(10) ACUTE CARE SERVICES UTILIZATION DATABASE.—The
3528	department shall develop, implement, and maintain standards
3529	under which a managing entity shall collect utilization data
3530	from all public receiving facilities situated within its
3531	geographical service area and all detoxification and addictions
3532	receiving facilities under contract with the managing entity. As
3533	used in this subsection, the term "public receiving facility"
3534	means an entity that meets the licensure requirements of, and is
3535	designated by, the department to operate as a public receiving
3536	facility under s. 394.875 and that is operating as a licensed
3537	crisis stabilization unit.
3538	(b) A managing entity shall require providers specified in

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36-01520-17 20171756 3539 paragraph (a) to submit data, in real time or at least daily, to 3540 the managing entity for: 3541 1. All admissions and discharges of clients receiving 3542 public receiving facility services who qualify as indigent, as 3543 defined in s. 394.4787. 3544 1.2. All admissions and discharges of clients receiving 3545 substance abuse services in an addictions receiving facility or 3546 detoxification facility pursuant to parts IV and V of chapter 3547 397 who qualify as indigent. 3548 2.3. The current active census of total licensed and 3549 utilized beds, the number of beds purchased by the department, 3550 the number of clients qualifying as indigent who occupy any of 3551 those beds, the total number of unoccupied licensed beds, 3552 regardless of funding, and the number in excess of licensed 3553 capacity. Crisis units licensed for both adult and child use 3554 will report as a single unit. 3555 Section 40. Subsection (6) of section 394.9085, Florida 3556 Statutes, is amended to read: 3557 394.9085 Behavioral provider liability.-3558 (6) For purposes of this section, the terms "detoxification 3559 services," "addictions receiving facility," and "receiving 3560 facility" have the same meanings as those provided in ss. 3561 397.311(25)(a)4., 397.311(25)(a)1., and 394.455(41) <del>394.455(39)</del>, 3562 respectively. 3563 Section 41. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 3564 409.972, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3565 409.972 Mandatory and voluntary enrollment.-3566 (1) The following Medicaid-eligible persons are exempt from 3567 mandatory managed care enrollment required by s. 409.965, and

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may voluntarily choose to participate in the managed medical
assistance program:
(b) Medicaid recipients residing in residential commitment
facilities operated through the Department of Juvenile Justice
or a treatment facility as defined in s. <u>394.455(51)</u>
<del>394.455(47)</del> .
Section 42. Subsection (7) of section 744.2007, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:
744.2007 Powers and duties
(7) A public guardian may not commit a ward to a treatment
facility, as defined in s. <u>394.455(51)</u>
involuntary placement proceeding as provided by law.
Section 43. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
790.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
790.065 Sale and delivery of firearms
(2) Upon receipt of a request for a criminal history record
check, the Department of Law Enforcement shall, during the
licensee's call or by return call, forthwith:
(a) Review any records available to determine if the
potential buyer or transferee:
1. Has been convicted of a felony and is prohibited from
receipt or possession of a firearm pursuant to s. 790.23;
2. Has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic
violence, and therefore is prohibited from purchasing a firearm;
3. Has had adjudication of guilt withheld or imposition of
sentence suspended on any felony or misdemeanor crime of
domestic violence unless 3 years have elapsed since probation or
any other conditions set by the court have been fulfilled or
expunction has occurred; or

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36-01520-17 20171756 3597 4. Has been adjudicated mentally defective or has been 3598 committed to a mental institution by a court or as provided in 3599 sub-sub-subparagraph b.(II), and as a result is prohibited by 3600 state or federal law from purchasing a firearm. 3601 a. As used in this subparagraph, "adjudicated mentally 3602 defective" means a determination by a court that a person, as a 3603 result of marked subnormal intelligence, or mental illness, 3604 incompetency, condition, or disease, is a danger to himself or 3605 herself or to others or lacks the mental capacity to contract or 3606 manage his or her own affairs. The phrase includes a judicial 3607 finding of incapacity under s. 744.331(6)(a), an acquittal by 3608 reason of insanity of a person charged with a criminal offense, 3609 and a judicial finding that a criminal defendant is not 3610 competent to stand trial. 3611 b. As used in this subparagraph, "committed to a mental 3612 institution" means: 3613 (I) Involuntary commitment, commitment for mental 3614 defectiveness or mental illness, and commitment for substance 3615 abuse. The phrase includes involuntary services inpatient 3616 placement as defined in s. 394.467, involuntary outpatient 3617 placement as defined in s. 394.4655, involuntary assessment and 3618 stabilization under s. 397.6818, and involuntary substance abuse 3619 treatment under s. 397.6957, but does not include a person in a 3620 mental institution for observation or discharged from a mental 3621 institution based upon the initial review by the physician or a 3622 voluntary admission to a mental institution; or 3623 (II) Notwithstanding sub-sub-subparagraph (I), voluntary 3624

admission to a mental institution for outpatient or inpatient treatment of a person who had an involuntary examination under

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3626
      s. 394.463, where each of the following conditions have been
3627
      met:
3628
            (A) An examining physician found that the person is an
3629
      imminent danger to himself or herself or others.
3630
            (B) The examining physician certified that if the person
3631
      did not agree to voluntary treatment, a petition for involuntary
3632
      outpatient or inpatient treatment would have been filed under s.
3633
      394.463(2)(f)3. <del>394.463(2)(i)4.</del>, or the examining physician
3634
      certified that a petition was filed and the person subsequently
3635
      agreed to voluntary treatment prior to a court hearing on the
3636
      petition.
3637
            (C) Before agreeing to voluntary treatment, the person
3638
      received written notice of that finding and certification, and
3639
      written notice that as a result of such finding, he or she may
3640
      be prohibited from purchasing a firearm, and may not be eligible
3641
      to apply for or retain a concealed weapon or firearms license
3642
      under s. 790.06 and the person acknowledged such notice in
3643
      writing, in substantially the following form:
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3644 "I understand that the doctor who examined me believes I am a 3645 danger to myself or to others. I understand that if I do not 3646 agree to voluntary treatment, a petition will be filed in court 3647 to require me to receive involuntary treatment. I understand 3648 that if that petition is filed, I have the right to contest it. 3649 In the event a petition has been filed, I understand that I can 3650 subsequently agree to voluntary treatment prior to a court 3651 hearing. I understand that by agreeing to voluntary treatment in 3652 either of these situations, I may be prohibited from buying 3653 firearms and from applying for or retaining a concealed weapons or firearms license until I apply for and receive relief from 3654

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3655
      that restriction under Florida law."
3656
            (D) A judge or a magistrate has, pursuant to sub-sub-
3657
      subparagraph c.(II), reviewed the record of the finding,
3658
      certification, notice, and written acknowledgment classifying
3659
      the person as an imminent danger to himself or herself or
3660
      others, and ordered that such record be submitted to the
3661
      department.
3662
           c. In order to check for these conditions, the department
3663
      shall compile and maintain an automated database of persons who
3664
      are prohibited from purchasing a firearm based on court records
3665
      of adjudications of mental defectiveness or commitments to
3666
      mental institutions.
```

(I) Except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraph (II), clerks of court shall submit these records to the department within 1 month after the rendition of the adjudication or commitment. Reports shall be submitted in an automated format. The reports must, at a minimum, include the name, along with any known alias or former name, the sex, and the date of birth of the subject.

3673 (II) For persons committed to a mental institution pursuant 3674 to sub-sub-subparagraph b.(II), within 24 hours after the 3675 person's agreement to voluntary admission, a record of the 3676 finding, certification, notice, and written acknowledgment must 3677 be filed by the administrator of the receiving or treatment 3678 facility, as defined in s. 394.455, with the clerk of the court 3679 for the county in which the involuntary examination under s. 3680 394.463 occurred. No fee shall be charged for the filing under 3681 this sub-subparagraph. The clerk must present the records to 3682 a judge or magistrate within 24 hours after receipt of the 3683 records. A judge or magistrate is required and has the lawful

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3684	authority to review the records ex parte and, if the judge or
3685	magistrate determines that the record supports the classifying
3686	of the person as an imminent danger to himself or herself or
3687	others, to order that the record be submitted to the department.
3688	If a judge or magistrate orders the submittal of the record to
3689	the department, the record must be submitted to the department
3690	within 24 hours.
3691	d. A person who has been adjudicated mentally defective or
3692	committed to a mental institution, as those terms are defined in
3693	this paragraph, may petition the court that made the
3694	adjudication or commitment, or the court that ordered that the
3695	record be submitted to the department pursuant to sub-sub-
3696	subparagraph c.(II), for relief from the firearm disabilities
3697	imposed by such adjudication or commitment. A copy of the
3698	petition shall be served on the state attorney for the county in
3699	which the person was adjudicated or committed. The state
3700	attorney may object to and present evidence relevant to the
3701	relief sought by the petition. The hearing on the petition may
3702	be open or closed as the petitioner may choose. The petitioner
3703	may present evidence and subpoena witnesses to appear at the
3704	hearing on the petition. The petitioner may confront and cross-
3705	examine witnesses called by the state attorney. A record of the
3706	hearing shall be made by a certified court reporter or by court-
3707	approved electronic means. The court shall make written findings
3708	of fact and conclusions of law on the issues before it and issue
3709	a final order. The court shall grant the relief requested in the
3710	petition if the court finds, based on the evidence presented
3711	with respect to the petitioner's reputation, the petitioner's
3712	mental health record and, if applicable, criminal history

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3713	record, the circumstances surrounding the firearm disability,
3714	and any other evidence in the record, that the petitioner will
3715	not be likely to act in a manner that is dangerous to public
3716	safety and that granting the relief would not be contrary to the
3717	public interest. If the final order denies relief, the
3718	petitioner may not petition again for relief from firearm
3719	disabilities until 1 year after the date of the final order. The
3720	petitioner may seek judicial review of a final order denying
3721	relief in the district court of appeal having jurisdiction over
3722	the court that issued the order. The review shall be conducted
3723	de novo. Relief from a firearm disability granted under this
3724	sub-subparagraph has no effect on the loss of civil rights,
3725	including firearm rights, for any reason other than the
3726	particular adjudication of mental defectiveness or commitment to
3727	a mental institution from which relief is granted.
3728	e. Upon receipt of proper notice of relief from firearm
3729	disabilities granted under sub-subparagraph d., the department
3730	shall delete any mental health record of the person granted
3731	relief from the automated database of persons who are prohibited
3732	from purchasing a firearm based on court records of

3733 adjudications of mental defectiveness or commitments to mental 3734 institutions.

3735 f. The department is authorized to disclose data collected 3736 pursuant to this subparagraph to agencies of the Federal 3737 Government and other states for use exclusively in determining 3738 the lawfulness of a firearm sale or transfer. The department is 3739 also authorized to disclose this data to the Department of 3740 Agriculture and Consumer Services for purposes of determining 3741 eligibility for issuance of a concealed weapons or concealed

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36-01520-17 20171756 3742 firearms license and for determining whether a basis exists for 3743 revoking or suspending a previously issued license pursuant to 3744 s. 790.06(10). When a potential buyer or transferee appeals a 3745 nonapproval based on these records, the clerks of court and 3746 mental institutions shall, upon request by the department, 3747 provide information to help determine whether the potential 3748 buyer or transferee is the same person as the subject of the 3749 record. Photographs and any other data that could confirm or 3750 negate identity must be made available to the department for 3751 such purposes, notwithstanding any other provision of state law 3752 to the contrary. Any such information that is made confidential 3753 or exempt from disclosure by law shall retain such confidential 3754 or exempt status when transferred to the department. 3755 Section 44. Subsection (1) of section 945.46, Florida 3756 Statutes, is amended to read: 3757 945.46 Initiation of involuntary services placement 3758 proceedings with respect to a mentally ill inmate scheduled for 3759 release.-3760 (1) If an inmate who is receiving mental health treatment 3761 in the department is scheduled for release through expiration of 3762 sentence or any other means, but continues to be mentally ill 3763 and in need of care and treatment, as defined in s. 945.42, the 3764 warden is authorized to initiate procedures for involuntary 3765 services placement pursuant to s. 394.467, 60 days prior to such release. 3766 3767 Section 45. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.

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