House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 04/20/2017

Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services (Grimsley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Paragraph (g) of subsection (3) of section 20.43, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

20.43 Department of Health.-There is created a Department of Health.

(3) The following divisions of the Department of Health are established:

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11	(g) Division of Medical Quality Assurance, which is
12	responsible for the following boards and professions established
13	within the division:
14	1. The Board of Acupuncture, created under chapter 457.
15	2. The Board of Medicine, created under chapter 458.
16	3. The Board of Osteopathic Medicine, created under chapter
17	459.
18	4. The Board of Chiropractic Medicine, created under
19	chapter 460.
20	5. The Board of Podiatric Medicine, created under chapter
21	461.
22	6. Naturopathy, as provided under chapter 462.
23	7. The Board of Optometry, created under chapter 463.
24	8. The Board of Nursing, created under part I of chapter
25	464.
26	9. Nursing assistants, as provided under part II of chapter
27	464.
28	10. The Board of Pharmacy, created under chapter 465.
29	11. The Board of Dentistry, created under chapter 466.
30	12. Midwifery, as provided under chapter 467.
31	13. The Board of Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology,
32	created under part I of chapter 468.
33	14. The Board of Nursing Home Administrators, created under
34	part II of chapter 468.
35	15. The Board of Occupational Therapy, created under part
36	III of chapter 468.
37	16. Respiratory therapy, as provided under part V of
38	chapter 468.
39	17. Dietetics and nutrition practice, as provided under

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40	part X of chapter 468.
41	18. The Board of Athletic Training, created under part XIII
42	of chapter 468.
43	19. The Board of Orthotists and Prosthetists, created under
44	part XIV of chapter 468.
45	20. Electrolysis, as provided under chapter 478.
46	21. The Board of Massage Therapy, created under chapter
47	480.
48	22. The Board of Clinical Laboratory Personnel, created
49	under part <u>II</u> III of chapter 483.
50	23. Medical physicists, as provided under part IV of
51	chapter 483.
52	24. The Board of Opticianry, created under part I of
53	chapter 484.
54	25. The Board of Hearing Aid Specialists, created under
55	part II of chapter 484.
56	26. The Board of Physical Therapy Practice, created under
57	chapter 486.
58	27. The Board of Psychology, created under chapter 490.
59	28. School psychologists, as provided under chapter 490.
60	29. The Board of Clinical Social Work, Marriage and Family
61	Therapy, and Mental Health Counseling, created under chapter
62	491.
63	30. Emergency medical technicians and paramedics, as
64	provided under part III of chapter 401.
65	Section 2. Section 154.13, Florida Statutes, is created to
66	read:
67	154.13 Designated facilities; jurisdictionAny designated
68	facility owned or operated by a public health trust and located

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69 within the boundaries of a municipality is under the exclusive 70 jurisdiction of the county creating the public health trust and is not within the jurisdiction of the municipality. 71 72 Section 3. Paragraph (k) of subsection (2) of section 73 220.1845, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 74 220.1845 Contaminated site rehabilitation tax credit.-75 (2) AUTHORIZATION FOR TAX CREDIT; LIMITATIONS.-76 (k) In order to encourage the construction and operation of a new health care facility as defined in s. 408.032 or s. 77 78 408.07, or a health care provider as defined in s. 408.07 or s. 79 408.7056, on a brownfield site, an applicant for a tax credit 80 may claim an additional 25 percent of the total site 81 rehabilitation costs, not to exceed \$500,000, if the applicant 82 meets the requirements of this paragraph. In order to receive 83 this additional tax credit, the applicant must provide 84 documentation indicating that the construction of the health 85 care facility or health care provider by the applicant on the 86 brownfield site has received a certificate of occupancy or a 87 license or certificate has been issued for the operation of the health care facility or health care provider. 88 89 Section 4. Paragraph (f) of subsection (3) of section 376.30781, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 90 91 376.30781 Tax credits for rehabilitation of drycleaningsolvent-contaminated sites and brownfield sites in designated 92 93 brownfield areas; application process; rulemaking authority; 94 revocation authority.-95 (3) 96 (f) In order to encourage the construction and operation of a new health care facility or a health care provider, as defined 97

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98 in s. 408.032 or, s. 408.07, or s. 408.7056, on a brownfield 99 site, an applicant for a tax credit may claim an additional 25 100 percent of the total site rehabilitation costs, not to exceed 101 \$500,000, if the applicant meets the requirements of this 102 paragraph. In order to receive this additional tax credit, the 103 applicant must provide documentation indicating that the 104 construction of the health care facility or health care provider 105 by the applicant on the brownfield site has received a 106 certificate of occupancy or a license or certificate has been 107 issued for the operation of the health care facility or health 108 care provider.

Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 376.86, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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376.86 Brownfield Areas Loan Guarantee Program.-

112 (1) The Brownfield Areas Loan Guarantee Council is created 113 to review and approve or deny, by a majority vote of its 114 membership, the situations and circumstances for participation 115 in partnerships by agreements with local governments, financial 116 institutions, and others associated with the redevelopment of 117 brownfield areas pursuant to the Brownfields Redevelopment Act 118 for a limited state guaranty of up to 5 years of loan guarantees 119 or loan loss reserves issued pursuant to law. The limited state 120 loan guaranty applies only to 50 percent of the primary lenders loans for redevelopment projects in brownfield areas. If the 121 122 redevelopment project is for affordable housing, as defined in 123 s. 420.0004, in a brownfield area, the limited state loan 124 quaranty applies to 75 percent of the primary lender's loan. If 125 the redevelopment project includes the construction and operation of a new health care facility or a health care 126

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127 provider, as defined in s. 408.032 or, s. 408.07, or s. 128 408.7056, on a brownfield site and the applicant has obtained documentation in accordance with s. 376.30781 indicating that 129 130 the construction of the health care facility or health care 131 provider by the applicant on the brownfield site has received a 132 certificate of occupancy or a license or certificate has been 133 issued for the operation of the health care facility or health 134 care provider, the limited state loan guaranty applies to 75 percent of the primary lender's loan. A limited state quaranty 135 136 of private loans or a loan loss reserve is authorized for 137 lenders licensed to operate in the state upon a determination by 138 the council that such an arrangement would be in the public 139 interest and the likelihood of the success of the loan is great. 140 Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 381.0031, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

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381.0031 Epidemiological research; report of diseases of public health significance to department.-

(2) Any practitioner licensed in this state to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, naturopathy, or veterinary medicine; any hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395; or any laboratory appropriately certified by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments and the federal rules adopted thereunder which licensed under chapter 483 that diagnoses or suspects the existence of a disease of public health significance shall immediately report the fact to 153 the Department of Health.

154 Section 7. Subsection (3) of section 381.0034, Florida 155 Statutes, is amended to read:

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156 381.0034 Requirement for instruction on HIV and AIDS.-157 (3) The department shall require, as a condition of 158 granting a license under chapter 467 or part II III of chapter 159 483, that an applicant making initial application for licensure 160 complete an educational course acceptable to the department on 161 human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency 162 syndrome. Upon submission of an affidavit showing good cause, an 163 applicant who has not taken a course at the time of licensure 164 shall be allowed 6 months to complete this requirement.

Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 381.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.004 HIV testing.-

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(4) HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS TESTING REQUIREMENTS; REGISTRATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH; EXEMPTIONS FROM REGISTRATION.—No county health department and no other person in this state shall conduct or hold themselves out to the public as conducting a testing program for acquired immune deficiency syndrome or human immunodeficiency virus status without first registering with the Department of Health, reregistering each year, complying with all other applicable provisions of state law, and meeting the following requirements:

(c) The program shall have all laboratory procedures
performed in a laboratory <u>appropriately certified by the Centers</u>
<u>for Medicare and Medicaid Services under the federal Clinical</u>
<u>Laboratory Improvement Amendments and the federal rules adopted</u>
<u>thereunder licensed under the provisions of chapter 483</u>.
Section 9. Paragraph (f) of subsection (4) of section

183 381.0405, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 184 381.0405 Office of Rural Health.-

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185 (4) COORDINATION. - The office shall: 186 (f) Assume responsibility for state coordination of the 187 Rural Hospital Transition Grant Program, the Essential Access 188 Community Hospital Program, and other federal rural health care 189 programs. 190 Section 10. Section 383.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to 191 read: 192 383.30 Birth Center Licensure Act; short title.-Sections 193 383.30-383.332 383.335 shall be known and may be cited as the 194 "Birth Center Licensure Act." 195 Section 11. Section 383.301, Florida Statutes, is amended 196 to read: 197 383.301 Licensure and regulation of birth centers; 198 legislative intent.-It is the intent of the Legislature to 199 provide for the protection of public health and safety in the establishment, maintenance, and operation of birth centers by 200 201 providing for licensure of birth centers and for the 202 development, establishment, and enforcement of minimum standards 203 with respect to birth centers. The requirements of part II of 204 chapter 408 shall apply to the provision of services that 205 require licensure pursuant to ss. 383.30-383.332 383.335 and 206 part II of chapter 408 and to entities licensed by or applying 207 for such licensure from the Agency for Health Care Administration pursuant to ss. 383.30-383.332 383.335. A license 2.08 209 issued by the agency is required in order to operate a birth center in this state. 210 211 Section 12. Section 383.302, Florida Statutes, is amended 212 to read: 213 383.302 Definitions of terms used in ss. 383.30-383.332



214 383.335.—As used in ss. 383.30-<u>383.332</u> 383.335, the term: 215 (1) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care 216 Administration.

(2) "Birth center" means any facility, institution, or place, which is not an ambulatory surgical center or a hospital or in a hospital, in which births are planned to occur away from the mother's usual residence following a normal, uncomplicated, low-risk pregnancy.

(3) "Clinical staff" means individuals employed full time or part time by a birth center who are licensed or certified to provide care at childbirth.

(4) "Consultant" means a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 who agrees to provide advice and services to a birth center and who either:

(a) Is certified or eligible for certification by the American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology, or

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(b) Has hospital obstetrical privileges.

(5) "Governing body" means any individual, group, corporation, or institution which is responsible for the overall operation and maintenance of a birth center.

(6) "Governmental unit" means the state or any county, municipality, or other political subdivision or any department, division, board, or other agency of any of the foregoing.

(7) "Licensed facility" means a facility licensed in accordance with s. 383.305.

(8) "Low-risk pregnancy" means a pregnancy which is expected to result in an uncomplicated birth, as determined through risk criteria developed by rule of the department, and which is accompanied by adequate prenatal care.

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243 (9) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company, association, institution, or joint stock 244 245 association and means any legal successor of any of the 246 foregoing. 247 (10) "Premises" means those buildings, beds, and facilities 248 located at the main address of the licensee and all other buildings, beds, and facilities for the provision of maternity 249 250 care located in such reasonable proximity to the main address of 251 the licensee as to appear to the public to be under the dominion 252 and control of the licensee. 253 Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 383.305, Florida 254 Statutes, is amended to read: 255 383.305 Licensure; fees.-256 (1) In accordance with s. 408.805, an applicant or a 257 licensee shall pay a fee for each license application submitted 258 under ss. 383.30-383.332 383.335 and part II of chapter 408. The 259 amount of the fee shall be established by rule. 260 Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 383.309, Florida 261 Statutes, is amended to read: 262 383.309 Minimum standards for birth centers; rules and 263 enforcement.-264 (1) The agency shall adopt and enforce rules to administer 265 ss. 383.30-383.332 383.335 and part II of chapter 408, which rules shall include, but are not limited to, reasonable and fair 266

267 minimum standards for ensuring that:

(a) Sufficient numbers and qualified types of personnel and
occupational disciplines are available at all times to provide
necessary and adequate patient care and safety.

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(b) Infection control, housekeeping, sanitary conditions,



272 disaster plan, and medical record procedures that will 273 adequately protect patient care and provide safety are 274 established and implemented.

(c) Licensed facilities are established, organized, and operated consistent with established programmatic standards.

Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 383.313, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

383.313 Performance of laboratory and surgical services; use of anesthetic and chemical agents.-

(1) LABORATORY SERVICES.—A birth center may collect specimens for those tests that are requested under protocol. A birth center <u>must obtain and continuously maintain certification</u> by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvements Amendments and rules adopted thereunder in order to <u>may</u> perform <u>simple</u> laboratory tests <u>specified</u>, as defined by rule of the agency, and <u>which are</u> appropriate to meet the needs of the patient is exempt from the requirements of chapter 483, provided no more than five physicians are employed by the birth center and testing is conducted exclusively in connection with the diagnosis and treatment of clients of the birth center.

Section 16. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 383.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

383.33 Administrative penalties; moratorium on admissions.-

(1) In addition to the requirements of part II of chapter 408, the agency may impose an administrative fine not to exceed \$500 per violation per day for the violation of any provision of ss. 383.30-<u>383.332</u> 383.335, part II of chapter 408, or applicable rules.

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301 (2) In determining the amount of the fine to be levied for 302 a violation, as provided in this section, the following factors 303 shall be considered:

(a) The severity of the violation, including the probability that death or serious harm to the health or safety of any person will result or has resulted; the severity of the actual or potential harm; and the extent to which the provisions of ss. 383.30-<u>383.332</u> 383.335, part II of chapter 408, or applicable rules were violated.

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Section 17. <u>Section 383.335</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 18. Section 384.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

313 384.31 Testing of pregnant women; duty of the attendant.-314 Every person, including every physician licensed under chapter 315 458 or chapter 459 or midwife licensed under part I of chapter 316 464 or chapter 467, attending a pregnant woman for conditions 317 relating to pregnancy during the period of gestation and 318 delivery shall cause the woman to be tested for sexually 319 transmissible diseases, including HIV, as specified by 320 department rule. Testing shall be performed by a laboratory 321 appropriately certified by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid 322 Services under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement 323 Amendments and the federal rules adopted thereunder approved for 324 such purposes under part I of chapter 483. The woman shall be 325 informed of the tests that will be conducted and of her right to 326 refuse testing. If a woman objects to testing, a written 327 statement of objection, signed by the woman, shall be placed in 328 the woman's medical record and no testing shall occur. 329 Section 19. Subsection (2) of section 385.211, Florida

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330 Statutes, is amended to read:

331 385.211 Refractory and intractable epilepsy treatment and research at recognized medical centers.-332

333 (2) Notwithstanding chapter 893, medical centers recognized 334 pursuant to s. 381.925, or an academic medical research 335 institution legally affiliated with a licensed children's 336 specialty hospital as defined in s. 395.002(27) s. 395.002(28) 337 that contracts with the Department of Health, may conduct research on cannabidiol and low-THC cannabis. This research may 338 339 include, but is not limited to, the agricultural development, 340 production, clinical research, and use of liquid medical 341 derivatives of cannabidiol and low-THC cannabis for the 342 treatment for refractory or intractable epilepsy. The authority 343 for recognized medical centers to conduct this research is 344 derived from 21 C.F.R. parts 312 and 316. Current state or privately obtained research funds may be used to support the 345 346 activities described in this section.

347 Section 20. Subsection (7) of section 394.4787, Florida 348 Statutes, is amended to read:

394.4787 Definitions; ss. 394.4786, 394.4787, 394.4788, and 394.4789.-As used in this section and ss. 394.4786, 394.4788, and 394.4789:

(7) "Specialty psychiatric hospital" means a hospital 353 licensed by the agency pursuant to s. 395.002(27) s. 395.002(28) and part II of chapter 408 as a specialty psychiatric hospital.

355 Section 21. Section 395.001, Florida Statutes, is amended 356 to read:

357 395.001 Legislative intent.-It is the intent of the 358 Legislature to provide for the protection of public health and

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359 safety in the establishment, construction, maintenance, and 360 operation of hospitals <u>and</u>, ambulatory surgical centers, and 361 mobile surgical facilities by providing for licensure of same 362 and for the development, establishment, and enforcement of 363 minimum standards with respect thereto.

Section 22. Present subsections (22) through (33) of section 395.002, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (21) through (32), respectively, and subsections (3) and (16) and present subsections (21) and (23) of that section are amended, to read:

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395.002 Definitions.-As used in this chapter:

370 (3) "Ambulatory surgical center" or "mobile surgical 371 facility" means a facility the primary purpose of which is to 372 provide elective surgical care, in which the patient is admitted 373 to and discharged from such facility within the same working day 374 and is not permitted to stay overnight, and which is not part of a hospital. However, a facility existing for the primary purpose 375 376 of performing terminations of pregnancy, an office maintained by a physician for the practice of medicine, or an office 377 378 maintained for the practice of dentistry shall not be construed 379 to be an ambulatory surgical center, provided that any facility 380 or office which is certified or seeks certification as a 381 Medicare ambulatory surgical center shall be licensed as an 382 ambulatory surgical center pursuant to s. 395.003. Any structure 383 or vehicle in which a physician maintains an office and 384 practices surgery, and which can appear to the public to be a 385 mobile office because the structure or vehicle operates at more 386 than one address, shall be construed to be a mobile surgical 387 facility.

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388 (16) "Licensed facility" means a hospital <u>or</u>, ambulatory 389 surgical center, or mobile surgical facility licensed in 390 accordance with this chapter.

391 (21) "Mobile surgical facility" is a mobile facility in 392 which licensed health care professionals provide elective surgical care under contract with the Department of Corrections 393 394 or a private correctional facility operating pursuant to chapter 395 957 and in which inmate patients are admitted to and discharged 396 from said facility within the same working day and are not 397 permitted to stay overnight. However, mobile surgical facilities 398 may only provide health care services to the inmate patients of 399 the Department of Corrections, or inmate patients of a private 400 correctional facility operating pursuant to chapter 957, and not 401 to the general public.

402 (22) (23) "Premises" means those buildings, beds, and 403 equipment located at the address of the licensed facility and 404 all other buildings, beds, and equipment for the provision of hospital or τ ambulatory surgical τ or mobile surgical care 405 406 located in such reasonable proximity to the address of the 407 licensed facility as to appear to the public to be under the 408 dominion and control of the licensee. For any licensee that is a teaching hospital as defined in s. $408.07(44) = \frac{408.07(45)}{5.408.07(45)}$, 409 410 reasonable proximity includes any buildings, beds, services, 411 programs, and equipment under the dominion and control of the 412 licensee that are located at a site with a main address that is 413 within 1 mile of the main address of the licensed facility; and 414 all such buildings, beds, and equipment may, at the request of a 415 licensee or applicant, be included on the facility license as a 416 single premises.

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417 Section 23. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 395.003, Florida 418 Statutes, are amended to read: 419

395.003 Licensure; denial, suspension, and revocation.-

421 (1) (a) The requirements of part II of chapter 408 apply to 422 the provision of services that require licensure pursuant to ss. 423 395.001-395.1065 and part II of chapter 408 and to entities 424 licensed by or applying for such licensure from the Agency for 42.5 Health Care Administration pursuant to ss. 395.001-395.1065. A 426 license issued by the agency is required in order to operate a 427 hospital or τ ambulatory surgical center, or mobile surgical 428 facility in this state.

(b)1. It is unlawful for a person to use or advertise to the public, in any way or by any medium whatsoever, any facility as a "hospital_{au}" or "ambulatory surgical center_{au}" or "mobile surgical facility" unless such facility has first secured a 433 license under the provisions of this part.

2. This part does not apply to veterinary hospitals or to commercial business establishments using the word "hospital τ " or "ambulatory surgical center," or "mobile surgical facility" as a part of a trade name if no treatment of human beings is performed on the premises of such establishments.

(2)

(b) The agency shall, at the request of a licensee that is 440 441 a teaching hospital as defined in s. 408.07(44) s. 408.07(45), 442 issue a single license to a licensee for facilities that have 443 been previously licensed as separate premises, provided such 444 separately licensed facilities, taken together, constitute the same premises as defined in s. 395.002(22) s. 395.002(23). Such 445

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446 license for the single premises shall include all of the beds, 447 services, and programs that were previously included on the 448 licenses for the separate premises. The granting of a single 449 license under this paragraph shall not in any manner reduce the 450 number of beds, services, or programs operated by the licensee. 451 Section 24. Subsection (1) of section 395.009, Florida 452 Statutes, is amended to read: 395.009 Minimum standards for clinical laboratory test 453 454 results and diagnostic X-ray results; prerequisite for issuance 455 or renewal of license.-456 (1) As a requirement for issuance or renewal of its 457 license, each licensed facility shall require that all clinical 458 laboratory tests performed by or for the licensed facility be 459 performed by a clinical laboratory appropriately certified by 460 the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services under the federal 461 Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments and the federal rules adopted thereunder licensed under the provisions of chapter 483. 462 463 Section 25. Section 395.0091, Florida Statutes, is created 464 to read: 465 395.0091 Alternate-site testing.-The agency, in 466 consultation with the Board of Clinical Laboratory Personnel, 467 shall adopt by rule the criteria for alternate-site testing to 468 be performed under the supervision of a clinical laboratory director. At a minimum, the criteria must address: hospital 469 470 internal needs assessment; a protocol for implementation, 471 including the identification of tests to be performed and who 472 will perform them; selection of the method of testing to be used 473 for alternate-site testing; minimum training and education 474 requirements for those who will perform alternate-site testing,

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475	such as documented training, licensure, certification, or other
476	medical professional background not limited to laboratory
477	professionals; documented inservice training and initial and
478	ongoing competency validation; an appropriate internal and
479	external quality control protocol; an internal mechanism for the
480	central laboratory to identify and track alternate-site testing;
481	and recordkeeping requirements. Alternate-site testing locations
482	must register when the hospital applies to renew its license.
483	For purposes of this section, the term "alternate-site testing"
484	means any laboratory testing done under the administrative
485	control of a hospital, but performed out of the physical or
486	administrative confines of the central laboratory.
487	Section 26. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section
488	395.0161, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
489	395.0161 Licensure inspection
490	(1) In addition to the requirement of s. 408.811, the
491	agency shall make or cause to be made such inspections and
492	investigations as it deems necessary, including:
493	(f) Inspections of mobile surgical facilities at each time
494	a facility establishes a new location, prior to the admission of
495	patients. However, such inspections shall not be required when a
496	mobile surgical facility is moved temporarily to a location
497	where medical treatment will not be provided.
498	Section 27. Subsection (3) of section 395.0163, Florida
499	Statutes, is amended to read:
500	395.0163 Construction inspections; plan submission and
501	approval; fees
502	(3) In addition to the requirements of s. 408.811, the
503	agency shall inspect a mobile surgical facility at initial
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504	licensure and at each time the facility establishes a new
505	location, prior to admission of patients. However, such
506	inspections shall not be required when a mobile surgical
507	facility is moved temporarily to a location where medical
508	treatment will not be provided.
509	Section 28. Subsection (2), paragraph (c) of subsection
510	(6), and subsections (16) and (17) of section 395.0197, Florida
511	Statutes, are amended to read:
512	395.0197 Internal risk management program.—
513	(2) The internal risk management program is the
514	responsibility of the governing board of the health care
515	facility. Each licensed facility shall hire a risk manager $_{m au}$
516	licensed under s. 395.10974, who is responsible for
517	implementation and oversight of such facility's internal risk
518	management program and who demonstrates competence, by education
519	or experience, in all of the following areas: as required by
520	this section. A risk manager must not be made responsible for
521	more than four internal risk management programs in separate
522	licensed facilities, unless the facilities are under one
523	corporate ownership or the risk management programs are in rural
524	hospitals.
525	(a) Applicable standards of health care risk management.
526	(b) Applicable federal, state, and local health and safety
527	laws and rules.
528	(c) General risk management administration.
529	(d) Patient care.
530	(e) Medical care.
531	(f) Personal and social care.
532	(g) Accident prevention.

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(h) Departmental organization and management.

(i) Community interrelationships.

(j) Medical terminology.

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537 (c) The report submitted to the agency shall also contain 538 the name and license number of the risk manager of the licensed 539 facility, a copy of its policy and procedures which govern the 540 measures taken by the facility and its risk manager to reduce 541 the risk of injuries and adverse incidents, and the results of 542 such measures. The annual report is confidential and is not 543 available to the public pursuant to s. 119.07(1) or any other 544 law providing access to public records. The annual report is not 545 discoverable or admissible in any civil or administrative 546 action, except in disciplinary proceedings by the agency or the 547 appropriate regulatory board. The annual report is not available 548 to the public as part of the record of investigation for and 549 prosecution in disciplinary proceedings made available to the 550 public by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board. 551 However, the agency or the appropriate regulatory board shall 552 make available, upon written request by a health care 553 professional against whom probable cause has been found, any 554 such records which form the basis of the determination of 555 probable cause.

(16) There shall be no monetary liability on the part of, and no cause of action for damages shall arise against, any risk manager, licensed under s. 395.10974, for the implementation and oversight of the internal risk management program in a facility licensed under this chapter or chapter 390 as required by this section, for any act or proceeding undertaken or performed

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562 within the scope of the functions of such internal risk 563 management program if the risk manager acts without intentional fraud. 564 565 (17) A privilege against civil liability is hereby granted 566 to any licensed risk manager or licensed facility with regard to 567 information furnished pursuant to this chapter, unless the 568 licensed risk manager or facility acted in bad faith or with 569 malice in providing such information. 570 Section 29. Section 395.1046, Florida Statutes, is 571 repealed. 572 Section 30. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 395.1055, 573 Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (i) is added to 574 subsection (1), to read: 575 395.1055 Rules and enforcement.-576 (1) The agency shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) 577 and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this part, which shall 578 include reasonable and fair minimum standards for ensuring that: 579 (i) All hospitals providing pediatric cardiac 580 catheterization, pediatric open-heart surgery, organ 581 transplantation, neonatal intensive care services, psychiatric 582 services, or comprehensive medical rehabilitation meet the 583 minimum licensure requirements adopted by the agency. Such 584 licensure requirements must include quality of care, nurse 585 staffing, physician staffing, physical plant, equipment, 586 emergency transportation, and data reporting standards. 587 (2) Separate standards may be provided for general and 588 specialty hospitals, ambulatory surgical centers, mobile 589 surgical facilities, and statutory rural hospitals as defined in

s. 395.602.

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591	(3) The agency shall adopt rules with respect to the care
592	and treatment of patients residing in distinct part nursing
593	units of hospitals which are certified for participation in
594	Title XVIII (Medicare) and Title XIX (Medicaid) of the Social
595	Security Act skilled nursing facility program. Such rules shall
596	take into account the types of patients treated in hospital
597	skilled nursing units, including typical patient acuity levels
598	and the average length of stay in such units, and shall be
599	limited to the appropriate portions of the Omnibus Budget
600	Reconciliation Act of 1987 (Pub. L. No. 100-203) (December 22,
601	1987), Title IV (Medicare, Medicaid, and Other Health-Related
602	Programs), Subtitle C (Nursing Home Reform), as amended. The
603	agency shall require level 2 background screening as specified
604	in s. 408.809(1)(e) pursuant to s. 408.809 and chapter 435 for
605	personnel of distinct part nursing units.
606	Section 31. Section 395.10971, Florida Statutes, is
607	repealed.
608	Section 32. Section 395.10972, Florida Statutes, is
609	repealed.
610	Section 33. Section 395.10973, Florida Statutes, is amended
611	to read:
612	395.10973 Powers and duties of the agency.—It is the
613	function of the agency to:
614	(1) Adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to
615	implement the provisions of this part and part II of chapter 408
616	conferring duties upon it.
617	(2) Develop, impose, and enforce specific standards within
618	the scope of the general qualifications established by this part
619	which must be met by individuals in order to receive licenses as

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620	health care risk managers. These standards shall be designed to
621	ensure that health care risk managers are individuals of good
622	character and otherwise suitable and, by training or experience
623	in the field of health care risk management, qualified in
624	accordance with the provisions of this part to serve as health
625	care risk managers, within statutory requirements.
626	(3) Develop a method for determining whether an individual
627	meets the standards set forth in s. 395.10974.
628	(4) Issue licenses to qualified individuals meeting the
629	standards set forth in s. 395.10974.
630	(5) Receive, investigate, and take appropriate action with
631	respect to any charge or complaint filed with the agency to the
632	effect that a certified health care risk manager has failed to
633	comply with the requirements or standards adopted by rule by the
634	agency or to comply with the provisions of this part.
635	(6) Establish procedures for providing periodic reports on
636	persons certified or disciplined by the agency under this part.
637	<u>(2)</u> Develop a model risk management program for health
638	care facilities which will satisfy the requirements of s.
639	395.0197.
640	(3)(8) Enforce the special-occupancy provisions of the
641	Florida Building Code which apply to hospitals, intermediate
642	residential treatment facilities, and ambulatory surgical
643	centers in conducting any inspection authorized by this chapter
644	and part II of chapter 408.
645	Section 34. Section 395.10974, Florida Statutes, is
646	repealed.
647	Section 35. Section 395.10975, Florida Statutes, is
648	repealed.

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649	Section 36. Subsection (2) of section 395.602, Florida
650	Statutes, is amended to read:
651	395.602 Rural hospitals
652	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this part, the term:
653	(a) "Emergency care hospital" means a medical facility
654	which provides:
655	1. Emergency medical treatment; and
656	2. Inpatient care to ill or injured persons prior to their
657	transportation to another hospital or provides inpatient medical
658	care to persons needing care for a period of up to 96 hours. The
659	96-hour limitation on inpatient care does not apply to respite,
660	skilled nursing, hospice, or other nonacute care patients.
661	(b) "Essential access community hospital" means any
662	facility which:
663	1. Has at least 100 beds;
664	2. Is located more than 35 miles from any other essential
665	access community hospital, rural referral center, or urban
666	hospital meeting criteria for classification as a regional
667	referral center;
668	3. Is part of a network that includes rural primary care
669	hospitals;
670	4. Provides emergency and medical backup services to rural
671	primary care hospitals in its rural health network;
672	5. Extends staff privileges to rural primary care hospital
673	physicians in its network; and
674	6. Accepts patients transferred from rural primary care
675	hospitals in its network.
676	(c) "Inactive rural hospital bed" means a licensed acute
677	care hospital bed, as defined in s. 395.002(13), that is
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inactive in that it cannot be occupied by acute care inpatients. 678 679 (a) (d) "Rural area health education center" means an area 680 health education center (AHEC), as authorized by Pub. L. No. 94-681 484, which provides services in a county with a population 682 density of up to no greater than 100 persons per square mile. 683 (b) (e) "Rural hospital" means an acute care hospital 684 licensed under this chapter, having 100 or fewer licensed beds 685 and an emergency room, which is: 1. The sole provider within a county with a population 686 687 density of up to 100 persons per square mile; 688 2. An acute care hospital, in a county with a population 689 density of up to 100 persons per square mile, which is at least 690 30 minutes of travel time, on normally traveled roads under 691 normal traffic conditions, from any other acute care hospital 692 within the same county; 693 3. A hospital supported by a tax district or subdistrict 694 whose boundaries encompass a population of up to 100 persons per 695 square mile; 696 4. A hospital classified as a sole community hospital under 697 42 C.F.R. s. 412.92 which has up to 175 licensed beds; 698 5. A hospital with a service area that has a population of 699 up to 100 persons per square mile. As used in this subparagraph, 700 the term "service area" means the fewest number of zip codes 701 that account for 75 percent of the hospital's discharges for the 702 most recent 5-year period, based on information available from 703 the hospital inpatient discharge database in the Florida Center 704 for Health Information and Transparency at the agency; or 705

705 6. A hospital designated as a critical access hospital, as706 defined in s. 408.07.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2017 Bill No. SB 1760



Population densities used in this paragraph must be based upon 708 709 the most recently completed United States census. A hospital 710 that received funds under s. 409.9116 for a quarter beginning no 711 later than July 1, 2002, is deemed to have been and shall 712 continue to be a rural hospital from that date through June 30, 713 2021, if the hospital continues to have up to 100 licensed beds 714 and an emergency room. An acute care hospital that has not previously been designated as a rural hospital and that meets 715 716 the criteria of this paragraph shall be granted such designation 717 upon application, including supporting documentation, to the 718 agency. A hospital that was licensed as a rural hospital during 719 the 2010-2011 or 2011-2012 fiscal year shall continue to be a 720 rural hospital from the date of designation through June 30, 721 2021, if the hospital continues to have up to 100 licensed beds 722 and an emergency room.

(f) "Rural primary care hospital" means any facility meeting the criteria in paragraph (e) or s. 395.605 which provides:

1. Twenty-four-hour emergency medical care;

2. Temporary inpatient care for periods of 72 hours or less to patients requiring stabilization before discharge or transfer to another hospital. The 72-hour limitation does not apply to respite, skilled nursing, hospice, or other nonacute care patients; and

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3. Has no more than six licensed acute care inpatient beds. (c) (g) "Swing-bed" means a bed which can be used interchangeably as either a hospital, skilled nursing facility (SNF), or intermediate care facility (ICF) bed pursuant to 42

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2017 Bill No. SB 1760

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736	C.F.R. parts 405, 435, 440, 442, and 447.
737	Section 37. Section 395.603, Florida Statutes, is amended
738	to read:
739	395.603 Deactivation of general hospital beds; Rural
740	hospital impact statement
741	(1) The agency shall establish, by rule, a process by which
742	a rural hospital, as defined in s. 395.602, that seeks licensure
743	as a rural primary care hospital or as an emergency care
744	hospital, or becomes a certified rural health clinic as defined
745	in Pub. L. No. 95-210, or becomes a primary care program such as
746	a county health department, community health center, or other
747	similar outpatient program that provides preventive and curative
748	services, may deactivate general hospital beds. Rural primary
749	care hospitals and emergency care hospitals shall maintain the
750	number of actively licensed general hospital beds necessary for
751	the facility to be certified for Medicare reimbursement.
752	Hospitals that discontinue inpatient care to become rural health
753	care clinics or primary care programs shall deactivate all
754	licensed general hospital beds. All hospitals, clinics, and
755	programs with inactive beds shall provide 24-hour emergency
756	medical care by staffing an emergency room. Providers with
757	inactive beds shall be subject to the criteria in s. 395.1041.
758	The agency shall specify in rule requirements for making 24-hour
759	emergency care available. Inactive general hospital beds shall
760	be included in the acute care bed inventory, maintained by the
761	agency for certificate-of-need purposes, for 10 years from the
762	date of deactivation of the beds. After 10 years have elapsed,
763	inactive beds shall be excluded from the inventory. The agency
764	shall, at the request of the licensee, reactivate the inactive

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765 general beds upon a showing by the licensee that licensure 766 requirements for the inactive general beds are met.

(2) In formulating and implementing policies and rules that may have significant impact on the ability of rural hospitals to continue to provide health care services in rural communities, the agency, the department, or the respective regulatory board adopting policies or rules regarding the licensure or certification of health care professionals shall provide a rural hospital impact statement. The rural hospital impact statement shall assess the proposed action in light of the following questions:

(1) (a) Do the health personnel affected by the proposed action currently practice in rural hospitals or are they likely to in the near future?

(2)(b) What are the current numbers of the affected health personnel in this state, their geographic distribution, and the number practicing in rural hospitals?

(3)(c) What are the functions presently performed by the affected health personnel, and are such functions presently performed in rural hospitals?

(4) (d) What impact will the proposed action have on the ability of rural hospitals to recruit the affected personnel to practice in their facilities?

(5)(e) What impact will the proposed action have on the limited financial resources of rural hospitals through increased salaries and benefits necessary to recruit or retain such health personnel?

(6) (f) Is there a less stringent requirement which could apply to practice in rural hospitals?

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794	<u>(7)</u> Will this action create staffing shortages, which
795	could result in a loss to the public of health care services in
796	rural hospitals or result in closure of any rural hospitals?
797	Section 38. Section 395.604, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
798	Section 39. Section 395.605, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
799	Section 40. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section
800	395.701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
801	395.701 Annual assessments on net operating revenues for
802	inpatient and outpatient services to fund public medical
803	assistance; administrative fines for failure to pay assessments
804	when due; exemption
805	(1) For the purposes of this section, the term:
806	(c) "Hospital" means a health care institution as defined
807	in s. 395.002(12), but does not include any hospital operated by
808	a state the agency or the Department of Corrections.
809	Section 41. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
810	395.7015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
811	395.7015 Annual assessment on health care entities
812	(2) There is imposed an annual assessment against certain
813	health care entities as described in this section:
814	(b) For the purpose of this section, "health care entities"
815	include the following:
816	1. Ambulatory surgical centers and mobile surgical
817	facilities licensed under s. 395.003. This subsection shall only
818	apply to mobile surgical facilities operating under contracts
819	entered into on or after July 1, 1998.
820	2. Clinical laboratories licensed under s. 483.091,
821	excluding any hospital laboratory defined under s. 483.041(6),
822	any clinical laboratory operated by the state or a political

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823 subdivision of the state, any clinical laboratory which 824 qualifies as an exempt organization under s. 501(c)(3) of the 825 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and which receives 70 826 percent or more of its gross revenues from services to charity 827 patients or Medicaid patients, and any blood, plasma, or tissue 828 bank procuring, storing, or distributing blood, plasma, or 829 tissue either for future manufacture or research or distributed 830 on a nonprofit basis, and further excluding any clinical 8.31 laboratory which is wholly owned and operated by 6 or fewer 832 physicians who are licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 833 459 and who practice in the same group practice, and at which no 834 clinical laboratory work is performed for patients referred by 835 any health care provider who is not a member of the same group.

836 2.3. Diagnostic-imaging centers that are freestanding 837 outpatient facilities that provide specialized services for the 838 identification or determination of a disease through examination 839 and also provide sophisticated radiological services, and in 840 which services are rendered by a physician licensed by the Board of Medicine under s. 458.311, s. 458.313, or s. 458.317, or by 841 842 an osteopathic physician licensed by the Board of Osteopathic 843 Medicine under s. 459.0055 or s. 459.0075. For purposes of this 844 paragraph, "sophisticated radiological services" means the 845 following: magnetic resonance imaging; nuclear medicine; angiography; arteriography; computed tomography; positron 846 847 emission tomography; digital vascular imaging; bronchography; 848 lymphangiography; splenography; ultrasound, excluding ultrasound 849 providers that are part of a private physician's office practice 850 or when ultrasound is provided by two or more physicians 851 licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who are members of the

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852 same professional association and who practice in the same 853 medical specialties; and such other sophisticated radiological 854 services, excluding mammography, as adopted in rule by the 855 board.

856 Section 42. Subsection (1) of section 400.0625, Florida 857 Statutes, is amended to read:

400.0625 Minimum standards for clinical laboratory test results and diagnostic X-ray results.-

860 (1) Each nursing home, as a requirement for issuance or 861 renewal of its license, shall require that all clinical 862 laboratory tests performed for the nursing home be performed by 863 a clinical laboratory appropriately certified by the Centers for 864 Medicare and Medicaid Services under the federal Clinical 865 Laboratory Improvement Amendments and the federal rules adopted 866 thereunder licensed under the provisions of chapter 483, except 867 for such self-testing procedures as are approved by the agency 868 by rule. Results of clinical laboratory tests performed prior to 869 admission which meet the minimum standards provided in s. 870 483.181(3) shall be accepted in lieu of routine examinations 871 required upon admission and clinical laboratory tests which may 872 be ordered by a physician for residents of the nursing home.

873 Section 43. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (b), (e), and (f) 874 of subsection (4) of section 400.464, Florida Statutes, are 875 amended, and subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

876 400.464 Home health agencies to be licensed; expiration of 877 license; exemptions; unlawful acts; penalties.-

878 (1) The requirements of part II of chapter 408 apply to the
879 provision of services that require licensure pursuant to this
880 part and part II of chapter 408 and entities licensed or

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881 registered by or applying for such licensure or registration 882 from the Agency for Health Care Administration pursuant to this 883 part. A license issued by the agency is required in order to 884 operate a home health agency in this state. A license issued on 885 or after July 1, 2017, must specify the home health services the 886 organization is authorized to perform and indicate whether such 887 specified services are considered skilled care. The provision or 888 advertising of services that require licensure pursuant to this 889 part without such services being specified on the face of the 890 license issued on or after July 1, 2017, constitutes unlicensed 891 activity as prohibited under s. 408.812.

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893 (b) The operation or maintenance of an unlicensed home 894 health agency or the performance of any home health services in 895 violation of this part is declared a nuisance, inimical to the 896 public health, welfare, and safety. The agency or any state 897 attorney may, in addition to other remedies provided in this 898 part, bring an action for an injunction to restrain such 899 violation, or to enjoin the future operation or maintenance of 900 the home health agency or the provision of home health services in violation of this part or part II of chapter 408, until 901 902 compliance with this part or the rules adopted under this part 903 has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the agency.

904 (e) Any person who owns, operates, or maintains an 905 unlicensed home health agency and who, within 10 working days 906 after receiving notification from the agency, fails to cease 907 operation and apply for a license under this part commits a 908 misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 909 775.082 or s. 775.083. Each day of continued operation is a

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910 separate offense.

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911 (f) Any home health agency that fails to cease operation 912 after agency notification may be fined in accordance with s. 913 408.812 \$500 for each day of noncompliance.

914 (6) Any person, entity, or organization providing home 915 health services which is exempt from licensure under subsection 916 (5) may voluntarily apply for a certificate of exemption from 917 licensure under its exempt status with the agency on a form that 918 specifies its name or names and addresses, a statement of the 919 reasons why it is exempt from licensure as a home health agency, 920 and other information deemed necessary by the agency. A 921 certificate of exemption is valid for a period of not more than 922 2 years and is not transferable. The agency may charge an 923 applicant for a certificate of exemption \$100 or the actual cost 924 of processing the certificate.

Section 44. Subsections (7) through (10) of section 400.471, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (6) through (9), respectively, and subsection (2) and present subsections (6) and (10) of that section are amended, to read:

400.471 Application for license; fee.-

930 (2) In addition to the requirements of part II of chapter 408, the initial applicant, the applicant for a change of 931 ownership, and the applicant for the addition of skilled care services must file with the application satisfactory proof that the home health agency is in compliance with this part and 935 applicable rules, including:

936 (a) A listing of services to be provided, either directly 937 by the applicant or through contractual arrangements with 938 existing providers.

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939 (b) The number and discipline of professional staff to be 940 employed.

(c) Completion of questions concerning volume data on the 941 942 renewal application as determined by rule.

943 (c) (d) A business plan, signed by the applicant, which details the home health agency's methods to obtain patients and 945 its plan to recruit and maintain staff.

(d) (e) Evidence of contingency funding as required under s. 408.8065 equal to 1 month's average operating expenses during the first year of operation.

949 (e) (f) A balance sheet, income and expense statement, and 950 statement of cash flows for the first 2 years of operation which 951 provide evidence of having sufficient assets, credit, and 952 projected revenues to cover liabilities and expenses. The 953 applicant has demonstrated financial ability to operate if the 954 applicant's assets, credit, and projected revenues meet or 955 exceed projected liabilities and expenses. An applicant may not 956 project an operating margin of 15 percent or greater for any 957 month in the first year of operation. All documents required 958 under this paragraph must be prepared in accordance with 959 generally accepted accounting principles and compiled and signed 960 by a certified public accountant.

961 (f) (g) All other ownership interests in health care 962 entities for each controlling interest, as defined in part II of 963 chapter 408.

964 (g) (h) In the case of an application for initial licensure, 965 an application for a change of ownership, or an application for 966 the addition of skilled care services, documentation of 967 accreditation, or an application for accreditation, from an

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968 accrediting organization that is recognized by the agency as 969 having standards comparable to those required by this part and 970 part II of chapter 408. A home health agency that is not 971 Medicare or Medicaid certified and does not provide skilled care 972 is exempt from this paragraph. Notwithstanding s. 408.806, an 973 initial applicant that has applied for accreditation must 974 provide proof of accreditation that is not conditional or 975 provisional and a survey demonstrating compliance with the requirements of this part, part II of chapter 408, and 976 977 applicable rules from an accrediting organization that is 978 recognized by the agency as having standards comparable to those 979 required by this part and part II of chapter 408 within 120 days 980 after the date of the agency's receipt of the application for 981 licensure or the application shall be withdrawn from further 982 consideration. Such accreditation must be continuously 983 maintained by the home health agency to maintain licensure. The 984 agency shall accept, in lieu of its own periodic licensure 985 survey, the submission of the survey of an accrediting 986 organization that is recognized by the agency if the 987 accreditation of the licensed home health agency is not 988 provisional and if the licensed home health agency authorizes 989 releases of, and the agency receives the report of, the 990 accrediting organization.

(6) The agency may not issue a license designated as certified to a home health agency that fails to satisfy the 993 requirements of a Medicare certification survey from the agency.

994 (9) (10) The agency may not issue a renewal license for a 995 home health agency in any county having at least one licensed 996 home health agency and that has more than one home health agency

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997 per 5,000 persons, as indicated by the most recent population 998 estimates published by the Legislature's Office of Economic and 999 Demographic Research, if the applicant or any controlling 1000 interest has been administratively sanctioned by the agency 1001 during the 2 years prior to the submission of the licensure 1002 renewal application for one or more of the following acts:

(a) An intentional or negligent act that materially affects the health or safety of a client of the provider;

(b) Knowingly providing home health services in an unlicensed assisted living facility or unlicensed adult familycare home, unless the home health agency or employee reports the unlicensed facility or home to the agency within 72 hours after providing the services;

(c) Preparing or maintaining fraudulent patient records, such as, but not limited to, charting ahead, recording vital signs or symptoms which were not personally obtained or observed by the home health agency's staff at the time indicated, borrowing patients or patient records from other home health agencies to pass a survey or inspection, or falsifying signatures;

(d) Failing to provide at least one service directly to a patient for a period of 60 days;

1019 (e) Demonstrating a pattern of falsifying documents 1020 relating to the training of home health aides or certified 1021 nursing assistants or demonstrating a pattern of falsifying health statements for staff who provide direct care to patients. A pattern may be demonstrated by a showing of at least three fraudulent entries or documents;

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(f) Demonstrating a pattern of billing any payor for

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1026 services not provided. A pattern may be demonstrated by a
1027 showing of at least three billings for services not provided
1028 within a 12-month period;

(g) Demonstrating a pattern of failing to provide a service specified in the home health agency's written agreement with a patient or the patient's legal representative, or the plan of care for that patient, <u>except unless a reduction in service is</u> <u>mandated by Medicare, Medicaid, or a state program or</u> as provided in s. 400.492(3). A pattern may be demonstrated by a showing of at least three incidents, regardless of the patient or service, in which the home health agency did not provide a service specified in a written agreement or plan of care during a 3-month period;

(h) Giving remuneration to a case manager, discharge planner, facility-based staff member, or third-party vendor who is involved in the discharge planning process of a facility licensed under chapter 395, chapter 429, or this chapter from whom the home health agency receives referrals or gives remuneration as prohibited in s. 400.474(6)(a);

(i) Giving cash, or its equivalent, to a Medicare orMedicaid beneficiary;

(j) Demonstrating a pattern of billing the Medicaid program for services to Medicaid recipients which are medically unnecessary as determined by a final order. A pattern may be demonstrated by a showing of at least two such medically unnecessary services within one Medicaid program integrity audit period;

(k) Providing services to residents in an assisted livingfacility for which the home health agency does not receive fair

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1055 market value remuneration; or

(1) Providing staffing to an assisted living facility for which the home health agency does not receive fair market value remuneration.

Section 45. Subsection (5) of section 400.474, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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400.474 Administrative penalties.-

1062 (5) The agency shall impose a fine of \$5,000 against a home 1063 health agency that demonstrates a pattern of failing to provide 1064 a service specified in the home health agency's written 1065 agreement with a patient or the patient's legal representative, 1066 or the plan of care for that patient, except unless a reduction 1067 in service is mandated by Medicare, Medicaid, or a state program 1068 or as provided in s. 400.492(3). A pattern may be demonstrated by a showing of at least three incidences, regardless of the 1069 1070 patient or service, where the home health agency did not provide 1071 a service specified in a written agreement or plan of care 1072 during a 3-month period. The agency shall impose the fine for 1073 each occurrence. The agency may also impose additional 1074 administrative fines under s. 400.484 for the direct or indirect 1075 harm to a patient, or deny, revoke, or suspend the license of 1076 the home health agency for a pattern of failing to provide a 1077 service specified in the home health agency's written agreement 1078 with a patient or the plan of care for that patient.

1079 Section 46. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 1080 400.476, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1081 400.476 Staffing requirements; notifications; limitations
1082 on staffing services.-

(2) DIRECTOR OF NURSING.-

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1084 (c) A home health agency that provides skilled nursing care must is not Medicare or Medicaid certified and does not provide 1085 skilled care or provides only physical, occupational, or speech 1086 1087 therapy is not required to have a director of nursing and is 1088 exempt from paragraph (b). 1089 Section 47. Section 400.484, Florida Statutes, is amended 1090 to read: 1091 400.484 Right of inspection; violations deficiencies; 1092 fines.-1093 (1) In addition to the requirements of s. 408.811, the 1094 agency may make such inspections and investigations as are 1095 necessary in order to determine the state of compliance with 1096 this part, part II of chapter 408, and applicable rules. 1097 (2) The agency shall impose fines for various classes of 1098 violations deficiencies in accordance with the following 1099 schedule: 1100 (a) Class I violations are defined in s. 408.813 A class I deficiency is any act, omission, or practice that results in a 1101 1102 patient's death, disablement, or permanent injury, or places a 1103 patient at imminent risk of death, disablement, or permanent 1104 injury. Upon finding a class I violation deficiency, the agency 1105 shall impose an administrative fine in the amount of \$15,000 for 1106 each occurrence and each day that the violation deficiency 1107 exists. 1108

(b) <u>Class II violations are defined in s. 408.813</u> A class <u>II deficiency is any act, omission, or practice that has a</u> direct adverse effect on the health, safety, or security of a <u>patient</u>. Upon finding a class II <u>violation</u> deficiency, the agency shall impose an administrative fine in the amount of

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1113 \$5,000 for each occurrence and each day that the violation
1114 deficiency exists.

(c) <u>Class III violations are defined in s. 408.813</u> A class <u>III deficiency is any act, omission, or practice that has an</u> <u>indirect, adverse effect on the health, safety, or security of a</u> <u>patient</u>. Upon finding an uncorrected or repeated class III <u>violation deficiency</u>, the agency shall impose an administrative fine not to exceed \$1,000 for each occurrence and each day that the uncorrected or repeated <u>violation deficiency</u> exists.

(d) <u>Class IV violations are defined in s. 408.813</u> A class <u>IV deficiency is any act, omission, or practice related to</u> required reports, forms, or documents which does not have the potential of negatively affecting patients. These violations are of a type that the agency determines do not threaten the health, safety, or security of patients. Upon finding an uncorrected or repeated class IV <u>violation</u> deficiency, the agency shall impose an administrative fine not to exceed \$500 for each occurrence and each day that the uncorrected or repeated <u>violation</u> deficiency exists.

(3) In addition to any other penalties imposed pursuant to this section or part, the agency may assess costs related to an investigation that results in a successful prosecution, excluding costs associated with an attorney's time.

Section 48. Subsection (4) of section 400.497, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:

1138 400.497 Rules establishing minimum standards.—The agency 1139 shall adopt, publish, and enforce rules to implement part II of 1140 chapter 408 and this part, including, as applicable, ss. 400.506 1141 and 400.509, which must provide reasonable and fair minimum



1142 standards relating to:

1143 (4) Licensure application and renewal and certificates of 1144 exemption.

Section 49. Subsection (5) and paragraph (a) of subsection (15) of section 400.506, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 400.506 Licensure of nurse registries; requirements;

penalties.-

(5) (a) In addition to the requirements of s. 408.812, any person who owns, operates, or maintains an unlicensed nurse registry and who, within 10 working days after receiving notification from the agency, fails to cease operation and apply for a license under this part commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Each day of continued operation is a separate offense.

(b) If a nurse registry fails to cease operation after agency notification, the agency may impose a fine <u>in accordance</u> with s. 408.812 of \$500 for each day of noncompliance.

(15)(a) The agency may deny, suspend, or revoke the license of a nurse registry and shall impose a fine of \$5,000 against a nurse registry that:

1. Provides services to residents in an assisted living facility for which the nurse registry does not receive fair market value remuneration.

2. Provides staffing to an assisted living facility for which the nurse registry does not receive fair market value remuneration.

3. Fails to provide the agency, upon request, with copies of all contracts with assisted living facilities which were executed within the last 5 years.

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1171 remuneration to a case manager, discharge planner, 4. Gives 1172 facility-based staff member, or third-party vendor who is 1173 involved in the discharge planning process of a facility 1174 licensed under chapter 395 or this chapter and from whom the 1175 nurse registry receives referrals. A nurse registry is exempt from this subparagraph if it does not bill the Florida Medicaid 1176 1177 program or the Medicare program or share a controlling interest 1178 with any entity licensed, registered, or certified under part II of chapter 408 that bills the Florida Medicaid program or the 1179 1180 Medicare program.

5. Gives remuneration to a physician, a member of the physician's office staff, or an immediate family member of the physician, and the nurse registry received a patient referral in the last 12 months from that physician or the physician's office staff. A nurse registry is exempt from this subparagraph if it does not bill the Florida Medicaid program or the Medicare program or share a controlling interest with any entity licensed, registered, or certified under part II of chapter 408 that bills the Florida Medicaid program or the Medicare program.

Section 50. Subsection (1) of section 400.606, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.606 License; application; renewal; conditional license or permit; certificate of need.-

(1) In addition to the requirements of part II of chapter 408, the initial application and change of ownership application must be accompanied by a plan for the delivery of home, residential, and homelike inpatient hospice services to terminally ill persons and their families. Such plan must contain, but need not be limited to:

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1200	(a) The estimated average number of terminally ill persons
1201	to be served monthly.
1202	(b) The geographic area in which hospice services will be
1203	available.
1204	(c) A listing of services which are or will be provided,
1205	either directly by the applicant or through contractual
1206	arrangements with existing providers.
1207	(d) Provisions for the implementation of hospice home care
1208	within 3 months after licensure.
1209	(e) Provisions for the implementation of hospice homelike
1210	inpatient care within 12 months after licensure.
1211	(f) The number and disciplines of professional staff to be
1212	employed.
1213	(g) The name and qualifications of any existing or
1214	potential contractee.
1215	(h) A plan for attracting and training volunteers.
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1217	If the applicant is an existing licensed health care provider,
1218	the application must be accompanied by a copy of the most recent
1219	profit-loss statement and, if applicable, the most recent
1220	licensure inspection report.
1221	Section 51. Subsection (6) of section 400.925, Florida
1222	Statutes, is amended to read:
1223	400.925 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
1224	(6) "Home medical equipment" includes any product as
1225	defined by the Federal Drug Administration's Drugs, Devices and
1226	Cosmetics Act, any products reimbursed under the Medicare Part B
1227	Durable Medical Equipment benefits, or any products reimbursed
1228	under the Florida Medicaid durable medical equipment program.

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1229	Home medical equipment includes:
1230	(a) Oxygen and related respiratory equipment; manual,
1231	motorized, or customized wheelchairs and related seating and
1232	positioning, but does not include prosthetics or orthotics or
1233	any splints, braces, or aids custom fabricated by a licensed
1234	health care practitioner;
1235	(b) Motorized scooters;
1236	(c) Personal transfer systems; and
1237	(d) Specialty beds, for use by a person with a medical
1238	need; and
1239	(e) Manual, motorized, or customized wheelchairs and
1240	related seating and positioning, but does not include
1241	prosthetics or orthotics or any splints, braces, or aids custom
1242	fabricated by a licensed health care practitioner.
1243	Section 52. Subsection (4) of section 400.931, Florida
1244	Statutes, is amended to read:
1245	400.931 Application for license; fee
1246	(4) When a change of the general manager of a home medical
1247	equipment provider occurs, the licensee must notify the agency
1248	of the change within the timeframes established in part II of
1249	chapter 408 and applicable rules 45 days.
1250	Section 53. Subsection (2) of section 400.933, Florida
1251	Statutes, is amended to read:
1252	400.933 Licensure inspections and investigations
1253	(2) The agency shall accept, in lieu of its own periodic
1254	inspections for licensure, submission of the following:
1255	(a) The survey or inspection of an accrediting
1256	organization, provided the accreditation of the licensed home
1257	medical equipment provider is not provisional and provided the
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1258 licensed home medical equipment provider authorizes release of, 1259 and the agency receives the report of, the accrediting 1260 organization; or

(b) A copy of a valid medical oxygen retail establishment permit issued by the Department of <u>Business and Professional</u> Regulation Health, pursuant to chapter 499.

Section 54. Subsection (2) of section 400.980, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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400.980 Health care services pools.-

1267 (2) The requirements of part II of chapter 408 apply to the 1268 provision of services that require licensure or registration 1269 pursuant to this part and part II of chapter 408 and to entities 1270 registered by or applying for such registration from the agency 1271 pursuant to this part. Registration or a license issued by the 1272 agency is required for the operation of a health care services 1273 pool in this state. In accordance with s. 408.805, an applicant 1274 or licensee shall pay a fee for each license application 1275 submitted using this part, part II of chapter 408, and 1276 applicable rules. The agency shall adopt rules and provide forms 1277 required for such registration and shall impose a registration 1278 fee in an amount sufficient to cover the cost of administering 1279 this part and part II of chapter 408. In addition to the 1280 requirements in part II of chapter 408, the registrant must 1281 provide the agency with any change of information contained on 1282 the original registration application within the timeframes 1283 established in this part, part II of chapter 408, and applicable

1284 rules 14 days prior to the change.

1285 Section 55. Paragraphs (a) through (d) of subsection (4) of 1286 section 400.9905, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:



1287 1288 400.9905 Definitions.-

(4) "Clinic" means an entity where health care services are provided to individuals and which tenders charges for reimbursement for such services, including a mobile clinic and a portable equipment provider. As used in this part, the term does not include and the licensure requirements of this part do not apply to:

1294 (a) Entities licensed or registered by the state under 1295 chapter 395; entities licensed or registered by the state and 1296 providing only health care services within the scope of services 1297 authorized under their respective licenses under ss. 383.30-1298 383.332 383.335, chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this 1299 chapter except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, 1300 chapter 466, chapter 478, part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or 1301 chapter 651; end-stage renal disease providers authorized under 1302 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; providers certified under 42 1303 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that 1304 provides neonatal or pediatric hospital-based health care 1305 services or other health care services by licensed practitioners 1306 solely within a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

1307 (b) Entities that own, directly or indirectly, entities 1308 licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 395; 1309 entities that own, directly or indirectly, entities licensed or 1310 registered by the state and providing only health care services 1311 within the scope of services authorized pursuant to their 1312 respective licenses under ss. 383.30-383.332 383.335, chapter 1313 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, 1314 part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter 651; end-stage 1315



1316 renal disease providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, 1317 subpart U; providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart 1318 B or subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or 1319 pediatric hospital-based health care services by licensed 1320 practitioners solely within a hospital licensed under chapter 1321 395.

(c) Entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, by an 1322 1323 entity licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 1324 395; entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, by an 1325 entity licensed or registered by the state and providing only 1326 health care services within the scope of services authorized 1327 pursuant to their respective licenses under ss. 383.30-383.332 383.335, chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter 1328 1329 except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 1330 466, chapter 478, part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter 1331 651; end-stage renal disease providers authorized under 42 1332 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; providers certified under 42 C.F.R. 1333 part 485, subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that provides 1334 neonatal or pediatric hospital-based health care services by 1335 licensed practitioners solely within a hospital under chapter 1336 395.

1337 (d) Entities that are under common ownership, directly or indirectly, with an entity licensed or registered by the state 1338 1339 pursuant to chapter 395; entities that are under common 1340 ownership, directly or indirectly, with an entity licensed or 1341 registered by the state and providing only health care services 1342 within the scope of services authorized pursuant to their respective licenses under ss. 383.30-383.332 383.335, chapter 1343 1344 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part X,



1345 chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter 651; end-stage 1346 1347 renal disease providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, 1348 subpart U; providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart 1349 B or subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or 1350 pediatric hospital-based health care services by licensed 1351 practitioners solely within a hospital licensed under chapter 395. 1352

Notwithstanding this subsection, an entity shall be deemed a clinic and must be licensed under this part in order to receive reimbursement under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, ss. 627.730-627.7405, unless exempted under s. 627.736(5)(h).

Section 56. Subsection (6) of section 400.9935, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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400.9935 Clinic responsibilities.-

1361 (6) Any person or entity providing health care services which is not a clinic, as defined under s. 400.9905, may 1362 1363 voluntarily apply for a certificate of exemption from licensure 1364 under its exempt status with the agency on a form that sets 1365 forth its name or names and addresses, a statement of the 1366 reasons why it cannot be defined as a clinic, and other 1367 information deemed necessary by the agency. An exemption is 1368 valid for a period of not more than 2 years and is not 1369 transferable. The agency may charge an applicant for a 1370 certificate of exemption in an amount equal to \$100 or the 1371 actual cost of processing the certificate, whichever is less. An entity seeking a certificate of exemption must publish and 1372 1373 maintain a schedule of charges for the medical services offered

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1374 to patients. The schedule must include the prices charged to an 1375 uninsured person paying for such services by cash, check, credit 1376 card, or debit card. The schedule must be posted in a 1377 conspicuous place in the reception area of the entity and must 1378 include, but is not limited to, the 50 services most frequently 1379 provided by the entity. The schedule may group services by three 1380 price levels, listing services in each price level. The posting 1381 must be at least 15 square feet in size. As a condition 1382 precedent to receiving a certificate of exemption, an applicant 1383 must provide to the agency documentation of compliance with 1384 these requirements.

Section 57. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 408.033, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.033 Local and state health planning.-

(2) FUNDING.-

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1389 (a) The Legislature intends that the cost of local health 1390 councils be borne by assessments on selected health care 1391 facilities subject to facility licensure by the Agency for 1392 Health Care Administration, including abortion clinics, assisted 1393 living facilities, ambulatory surgical centers, birthing 1394 centers, clinical laboratories except community nonprofit blood 1395 banks and clinical laboratories operated by practitioners for 1396 exclusive use regulated under s. 483.035, home health agencies, 1397 hospices, hospitals, intermediate care facilities for the 1398 developmentally disabled, nursing homes, health care clinics, and multiphasic testing centers and by assessments on 1399 1400 organizations subject to certification by the agency pursuant to chapter 641, part III, including health maintenance 1401 1402 organizations and prepaid health clinics. Fees assessed may be



1403 collected prospectively at the time of licensure renewal and 1404 prorated for the licensure period.

Section 58. Paragraphs (e) and (p) of subsection (3) of section 408.036, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

408.036 Projects subject to review; exemptions.-

(3) EXEMPTIONS.-Upon request, the following projects are subject to exemption from the provisions of subsection (1):

(c) For mobile surgical facilities and related health care services provided under contract with the Department of Corrections or a private correctional facility operating pursuant to chapter 957.

(0) (p) For replacement of a licensed nursing home on the same site, or within 5 miles of the same site if within the same subdistrict, if the number of licensed beds does not increase except as permitted under paragraph (e) (f).

Section 59. Subsection (4) of section 408.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.061 Data collection; uniform systems of financial reporting; information relating to physician charges; confidential information; immunity.-

(4) Within 120 days after the end of its fiscal year, each
health care facility, excluding continuing care facilities,
hospitals operated by state agencies, and nursing homes as
defined in <u>s. 408.07(13) and (36)</u> s. 408.07(14) and (37), shall
file with the agency, on forms adopted by the agency and based
on the uniform system of financial reporting, its actual
financial experience for that fiscal year, including
expenditures, revenues, and statistical measures. Such data may
be based on internal financial reports which are certified to be

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1432 complete and accurate by the provider. However, hospitals' 1433 actual financial experience shall be their audited actual 1434 experience. Every nursing home shall submit to the agency, in a 1435 format designated by the agency, a statistical profile of the 1436 nursing home residents. The agency, in conjunction with the 1437 Department of Elderly Affairs and the Department of Health, shall review these statistical profiles and develop 1438 1439 recommendations for the types of residents who might more 1440 appropriately be placed in their homes or other noninstitutional 1441 settings.

Section 60. Subsection (11) of section 408.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.07 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, with the exception of ss. 408.031-408.045, the term:

1446 (11) "Clinical laboratory" means a facility licensed under 1447 s. 483.091, excluding: any hospital laboratory defined under 483.041(6); any clinical laboratory operated by the state or a 1448 political subdivision of the state; any blood or tissue bank 1449 1450 where the majority of revenues are received from the sale of 1451 blood or tissue and where blood, plasma, or tissue is procured 1452 from volunteer donors and donated, processed, stored, or 1453 distributed on a nonprofit basis; and any clinical laboratory 1454 which is wholly owned and operated by physicians who are 1455 licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 and who practice 1456 in the same group practice, and at which no clinical laboratory 1457 work is performed for patients referred by any health care 1458 provider who is not a member of that same group practice. 1459 Section 61. Subsection (4) of section 408.20, Florida

1460 Statutes, is amended to read:

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1461	408.20 Assessments; Health Care Trust Fund
1462	(4) Hospitals operated by <u>a state agency</u> the Department of
1463	Children and Families, the Department of Health, or the
1464	Department of Corrections are exempt from the assessments
1465	required under this section.
1466	Section 62. Section 408.7056, Florida Statutes, is
1467	repealed.
1468	Section 63. Subsections (10), (11), and (27) of section
1469	408.802, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1470	408.802 ApplicabilityThe provisions of this part apply to
1471	the provision of services that require licensure as defined in
1472	this part and to the following entities licensed, registered, or
1473	certified by the agency, as described in chapters 112, 383, 390,
1474	394, 395, 400, 429, 440, 483, and 765:
1475	(10) Mobile surgical facilities, as provided under part I
1476	of chapter 395.
1477	(11) Health care risk managers, as provided under part I of
1478	chapter 395.
1479	(27) Clinical laboratories, as provided under part I of
1480	chapter 483.
1481	Section 64. Subsections (12) and (13) of section 408.803,
1482	Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (13) and (14),
1483	respectively, and a new subsection (12) is added to that
1484	section, to read:
1485	408.803 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
1486	(12) "Relative" means an individual who is the father,
1487	mother, stepfather, stepmother, son, daughter, brother, sister,
1488	grandmother, grandfather, great-grandmother, great-grandfather,
1489	grandson, granddaughter, uncle, aunt, first cousin, nephew,

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	niece, husband, wife, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law,
1491	daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, stepson,
1492	stepdaughter, stepbrother, stepsister, half-brother, or half-
1493	sister of a patient or client.
1494	Section 65. Paragraph (c) of subsection (7) of section
1495	408.806, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (9) is
1496	added to that section, to read:
1497	408.806 License application process
1498	(7)
1499	(c) If an inspection is required by the authorizing statute
1500	for a license application other than an initial application, the
1501	inspection must be unannounced. This paragraph does not apply to
1502	inspections required pursuant to ss. 383.324, 395.0161(4) and,
1503	$429.67(6)_{7}$ and $483.061(2)$.
1504	(9) A licensee that holds a license for multiple providers
1505	licensed by the agency may request that all related license
1506	expiration dates be aligned. Upon such request, the agency may
1507	issue a license for an abbreviated licensure period with a
1508	prorated licensure fee.
1509	Section 66. Paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (1) of
1510	section 408.809, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1511	408.809 Background screening; prohibited offenses
1512	(1) Level 2 background screening pursuant to chapter 435
1513	must be conducted through the agency on each of the following
1514	persons, who are considered employees for the purposes of
1515	conducting screening under chapter 435:
1516	(d) Any person who is a controlling interest if the agency
1517	has reason to believe that such person has been convicted of any
1518	offense prohibited by s. 435.04. For each controlling interest



1519 who has been convicted of any such offense, the licensee shall 1520 submit to the agency a description and explanation of the 1521 conviction at the time of license application.

1522 (e) Any person, as required by authorizing statutes, 1523 seeking employment with a licensee or provider who is expected 1524 to, or whose responsibilities may require him or her to, provide 1525 personal care or services directly to clients or have access to 1526 client funds, personal property, or living areas; and any 1527 person, as required by authorizing statutes, contracting with a 1528 licensee or provider whose responsibilities require him or her 1529 to provide personal care or personal services directly to 1530 clients, or contracting with a licensee or provider to work 20 1531 hours a week or more who will have access to client funds, 1532 personal property, or living areas. Evidence of contractor 1533 screening may be retained by the contractor's employer or the 1534 licensee.

1535 Section 67. Subsection (8) of section 408.810, Florida 1536 Statutes, is amended, and subsections (11), (12), and (13) are 1537 added to that section, to read:

408.810 Minimum licensure requirements.—In addition to the licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing statutes, and applicable rules, each applicant and licensee must comply with the requirements of this section in order to obtain and maintain a license.

(8) Upon application for initial licensure or change of ownership licensure, the applicant shall furnish satisfactory proof of the applicant's financial ability to operate in accordance with the requirements of this part, authorizing statutes, and applicable rules. The agency shall establish

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1548 standards for this purpose, including information concerning the 1549 applicant's controlling interests. The agency shall also establish documentation requirements, to be completed by each 1550 1551 applicant, that show anticipated provider revenues and 1552 expenditures, the basis for financing the anticipated cash-flow 1553 requirements of the provider, and an applicant's access to 1554 contingency financing. A current certificate of authority, 1555 pursuant to chapter 651, may be provided as proof of financial 1556 ability to operate. The agency may require a licensee to provide 1557 proof of financial ability to operate at any time if there is evidence of financial instability, including, but not limited 1558 1559 to, unpaid expenses necessary for the basic operations of the 1560 provider. An applicant applying for change of ownership 1561 licensure is exempt from furnishing proof of financial ability 1562 to operate if the provider has been licensed for at least 5 1563 years, and: 1564 (a) The ownership change is a result of a corporate 1565 reorganization under which the controlling interest is unchanged 1566 and the applicant submits organizational charts that represent 1567 the current and proposed structure of the reorganized 1568 corporation; or 1569 (b) The ownership change is due solely to the death of a 1570 person holding a controlling interest, and the surviving 1571 controlling interests continue to hold at least 51 percent of 1572 ownership after the change of ownership. 1573 (11) The agency may adopt rules that govern the 1574 circumstances under which a controlling interest, an 1575 administrator, an employee, or a contractor, or a representative 1576 thereof, who is not a relative of the client may act as an agent

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1577	of a client in authorizing consent for medical treatment,
1578	assignment or benefits, and release of information. Such rules
1579	may include requirements related to disclosure, bonding,
1580	restrictions, and client protections.
1581	(12) The licensee shall ensure that no person holds any
1582	ownership interest, either directly or indirectly, regardless of
1583	ownership structure, who:
1584	(a) Has a disqualifying offense pursuant to s. 408.809; or
1585	(b) Holds or has held any ownership interest, either
1586	directly or indirectly, regardless of ownership structure, in a
1587	provider that had a license revoked or an application denied
1588	pursuant to s. 408.815.
1589	(13) If the licensee is a publicly traded corporation or is
1590	wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by a publicly traded
1591	corporation, subsection (12) does not apply to those persons
1592	whose sole relationship with the corporation is as a shareholder
1593	of publicly traded shares. As used in this subsection, a
1594	publicly traded corporation is a corporation that issues
1595	securities traded on an exchange registered with the United
1596	States Securities and Exchange Commission as a national
1597	securities exchange.
1598	Section 68. Section 408.812, Florida Statutes, is amended
1599	to read:
1600	408.812 Unlicensed activity
1601	(1) A person or entity may not offer or advertise services
1602	that require licensure as defined by this part, authorizing
1603	statutes, or applicable rules to the public without obtaining a
1604	valid license from the agency. A licenseholder may not advertise
1605	or hold out to the public that he or she holds a license for

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1606 other than that for which he or she actually holds the license. 1607 (2) The operation or maintenance of an unlicensed provider 1608 or the performance of any services that require licensure 1609 without proper licensure is a violation of this part and 1610 authorizing statutes. Unlicensed activity constitutes harm that 1611 materially affects the health, safety, and welfare of clients, and constitutes abuse and neglect, as defined in s. 415.102. The 1612 agency or any state attorney may, in addition to other remedies 1613 1614 provided in this part, bring an action for an injunction to 1615 restrain such violation, or to enjoin the future operation or 1616 maintenance of the unlicensed provider or the performance of any 1617 services in violation of this part and authorizing statutes, 1618 until compliance with this part, authorizing statutes, and 1619 agency rules has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the 1620 agency.

1621 (3) It is unlawful for any person or entity to own, 1622 operate, or maintain an unlicensed provider. If, after receiving 1623 notification from the agency, such person or entity fails to 1624 cease operation and apply for a license under this part and 1625 authorizing statutes, the person or entity is shall be subject 1626 to penalties as prescribed by authorizing statutes and 1627 applicable rules. Each day of continued operation is a separate 1628 offense.

1629 (4) Any person or entity that fails to cease operation 1630 after agency notification may be fined \$1,000 for each day of 1631 noncompliance.

(5) When a controlling interest or licensee has an interest in more than one provider and fails to license a provider rendering services that require licensure, the agency may revoke

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1635 all licenses, and impose actions under s. 408.814, and 1636 regardless of correction, impose a fine of \$1,000 per day, unless otherwise specified by authorizing statutes, against each 1637 1638 licensee until such time as the appropriate license is obtained 1639 or the unlicensed activity ceases for the unlicensed operation.

(6) In addition to granting injunctive relief pursuant to 1641 subsection (2), if the agency determines that a person or entity 1642 is operating or maintaining a provider without obtaining a license and determines that a condition exists that poses a 1643 threat to the health, safety, or welfare of a client of the 1645 provider, the person or entity is subject to the same actions 1646 and fines imposed against a licensee as specified in this part, 1647 authorizing statutes, and agency rules.

(7) Any person aware of the operation of an unlicensed provider must report that provider to the agency.

Section 69. Subsections (10), (11) and (26) of section 408.820, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (12) through (25) and (27) and (28) are redesignated as subsections (10) through (23) and (24) and (25), respectively, to read:

408.820 Exemptions.-Except as prescribed in authorizing statutes, the following exemptions shall apply to specified requirements of this part:

(10) Mobile surgical facilities, as provided under part I of chapter 395, are exempt from s. 408.810(7)-(10).

(11) Health care risk managers, as provided under part I of chapter 395, are exempt from ss. 408.806(7), 408.810(4)-(10), and 408.811.

1662 (26) Clinical laboratories, as provided under part I of chapter 483, are exempt from s. 408.810(5)-(10). 1663

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Statutes, is amended to read:

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Section 70. Subsection (7) of section 409.905, Florida

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1666 409.905 Mandatory Medicaid services.-The agency may make 1667 payments for the following services, which are required of the 1668 state by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, furnished by 1669 Medicaid providers to recipients who are determined to be 1670 eligible on the dates on which the services were provided. Any 1671 service under this section shall be provided only when medically 1672 necessary and in accordance with state and federal law. 1673 Mandatory services rendered by providers in mobile units to 1674 Medicaid recipients may be restricted by the agency. Nothing in 1675 this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency 1676 from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, 1677 number of visits, number of services, or any other adjustments 1678 necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any 1679 limitations or directions provided for in the General 1680 Appropriations Act or chapter 216.

1681 (7) INDEPENDENT LABORATORY SERVICES.-The agency shall pay 1682 for medically necessary diagnostic laboratory procedures ordered 1683 by a licensed physician or other licensed practitioner of the 1684 healing arts which are provided for a recipient in a laboratory 1685 that meets the requirements for Medicare participation and is 1686 appropriately certified by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement 1687 1688 Amendments and the federal rules adopted thereunder licensed 1689 under chapter 483, if required.

1690 Section 71. Subsection (10) of section 409.907, Florida 1691 Statutes, is amended to read:

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409.907 Medicaid provider agreements.-The agency may make



1693 payments for medical assistance and related services rendered to 1694 Medicaid recipients only to an individual or entity who has a 1695 provider agreement in effect with the agency, who is performing 1696 services or supplying goods in accordance with federal, state, 1697 and local law, and who agrees that no person shall, on the 1698 grounds of handicap, race, color, or national origin, or for any 1699 other reason, be subjected to discrimination under any program 1700 or activity for which the provider receives payment from the 1701 agency.

(10) The agency may consider whether the provider, or any officer, director, agent, managing employee, or affiliated person, or any partner or shareholder having an ownership interest equal to 5 percent or greater in the provider if the provider is a corporation, partnership, or other business entity, has:

(a) Made a false representation or omission of any material fact in making the application, including the submission of an application that conceals the controlling or ownership interest of any officer, director, agent, managing employee, affiliated person, or partner or shareholder who may not be eligible to participate;

(b) Been or is currently excluded, suspended, terminated from, or has involuntarily withdrawn from participation in, Florida's Medicaid program or any other state's Medicaid program, or from participation in any other governmental or private health care or health insurance program;

1719 (c) Been convicted of a criminal offense relating to the
1720 delivery of any goods or services under Medicaid or Medicare or
1721 any other public or private health care or health insurance

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1722	program including the performance of management or
1723	administrative services relating to the delivery of goods or
1724	services under any such program;
1725	(d) Been convicted under federal or state law of a criminal
1726	offense related to the neglect or abuse of a patient in
1727	connection with the delivery of any health care goods or
1728	services;
1729	(c) Been convicted under federal or state law of a criminal
1730	offense relating to the unlawful manufacture, distribution,
1731	prescription, or dispensing of a controlled substance;
1732	(f) Been convicted of any criminal offense relating to
1733	fraud, theft, embezzlement, breach of fiduciary responsibility,
1734	or other financial misconduct;
1735	(g) Been convicted under federal or state law of a crime
1736	punishable by imprisonment of a year or more which involves
1737	moral turpitude;
1738	(h) Been convicted in connection with the interference or
1739	obstruction of any investigation into any criminal offense
1740	listed in this subsection;
1741	(i) Been found to have violated federal or state laws,
1742	rules, or regulations governing Florida's Medicaid program or
1743	any other state's Medicaid program, the Medicare program, or any
1744	other publicly funded federal or state health care or health
1745	insurance program, and been sanctioned accordingly;
1746	<u>(c)</u> Been previously found by a licensing, certifying, or
1747	professional standards board or agency to have violated the
1748	standards or conditions relating to licensure or certification
1749	or the quality of services provided; or
1750	<u>(d)(k)</u> Failed to pay any fine or overpayment properly

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1751 assessed under the Medicaid program in which no appeal is 1752 pending or after resolution of the proceeding by stipulation or 1753 agreement, unless the agency has issued a specific letter of 1754 forgiveness or has approved a repayment schedule to which the 1755 provider agrees to adhere.

Section 72. Subsection (6) of section 409.9116, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1758 409.9116 Disproportionate share/financial assistance 1759 program for rural hospitals.-In addition to the payments made 1760 under s. 409.911, the Agency for Health Care Administration 1761 shall administer a federally matched disproportionate share 1762 program and a state-funded financial assistance program for 1763 statutory rural hospitals. The agency shall make 1764 disproportionate share payments to statutory rural hospitals 1765 that qualify for such payments and financial assistance payments 1766 to statutory rural hospitals that do not qualify for 1767 disproportionate share payments. The disproportionate share 1768 program payments shall be limited by and conform with federal 1769 requirements. Funds shall be distributed quarterly in each 1770 fiscal year for which an appropriation is made. Notwithstanding 1771 the provisions of s. 409.915, counties are exempt from 1772 contributing toward the cost of this special reimbursement for 1773 hospitals serving a disproportionate share of low-income 1774 patients.

(6) This section applies only to hospitals that were defined as statutory rural hospitals, or their successor-ininterest hospital, prior to January 1, 2001. Any additional hospital that is defined as a statutory rural hospital, or its successor-in-interest hospital, on or after January 1, 2001, is



1780 not eligible for programs under this section unless additional 1781 funds are appropriated each fiscal year specifically to the 1782 rural hospital disproportionate share and financial assistance 1783 programs in an amount necessary to prevent any hospital, or its 1784 successor-in-interest hospital, eligible for the programs prior 1785 to January 1, 2001, from incurring a reduction in payments 1786 because of the eligibility of an additional hospital to 1787 participate in the programs. A hospital, or its successor-in-1788 interest hospital, which received funds pursuant to this section 1789 before January 1, 2001, and which qualifies under s. 395.602(2)(b) s. 395.602(2)(e), shall be included in the 1790 1791 programs under this section and is not required to seek 1792 additional appropriations under this subsection.

Section 73. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of section 409.975, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.975 Managed care plan accountability.-In addition to the requirements of s. 409.967, plans and providers participating in the managed medical assistance program shall comply with the requirements of this section.

(1) PROVIDER NETWORKS.—Managed care plans must develop and maintain provider networks that meet the medical needs of their enrollees in accordance with standards established pursuant to s. 409.967(2)(c). Except as provided in this section, managed care plans may limit the providers in their networks based on credentials, quality indicators, and price.

(a) Plans must include all providers in the region that are
classified by the agency as essential Medicaid providers, unless
the agency approves, in writing, an alternative arrangement for
securing the types of services offered by the essential

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1809 providers. Providers are essential for serving Medicaid 1810 enrollees if they offer services that are not available from any 1811 other provider within a reasonable access standard, or if they 1812 provided a substantial share of the total units of a particular 1813 service used by Medicaid patients within the region during the 1814 last 3 years and the combined capacity of other service 1815 providers in the region is insufficient to meet the total needs 1816 of the Medicaid patients. The agency may not classify physicians 1817 and other practitioners as essential providers. The agency, at a 1818 minimum, shall determine which providers in the following 1819 categories are essential Medicaid providers:

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1. Federally qualified health centers.

2. Statutory teaching hospitals as defined in <u>s. 408.07(44)</u> s. 408.07(45).

3. Hospitals that are trauma centers as defined in s. 395.4001(14).

4. Hospitals located at least 25 miles from any other hospital with similar services.

1828 Managed care plans that have not contracted with all essential 1829 providers in the region as of the first date of recipient 1830 enrollment, or with whom an essential provider has terminated 1831 its contract, must negotiate in good faith with such essential 1832 providers for 1 year or until an agreement is reached, whichever 1833 is first. Payments for services rendered by a nonparticipating 1834 essential provider shall be made at the applicable Medicaid rate 1835 as of the first day of the contract between the agency and the plan. A rate schedule for all essential providers shall be 1836 1837 attached to the contract between the agency and the plan. After



1838 1 year, managed care plans that are unable to contract with 1839 essential providers shall notify the agency and propose an alternative arrangement for securing the essential services for 1840 1841 Medicaid enrollees. The arrangement must rely on contracts with 1842 other participating providers, regardless of whether those 1843 providers are located within the same region as the nonparticipating essential service provider. If the alternative 1844 1845 arrangement is approved by the agency, payments to 1846 nonparticipating essential providers after the date of the 1847 agency's approval shall equal 90 percent of the applicable 1848 Medicaid rate. Except for payment for emergency services, if the 1849 alternative arrangement is not approved by the agency, payment 1850 to nonparticipating essential providers shall equal 110 percent 1851 of the applicable Medicaid rate.

(b) Certain providers are statewide resources and essential providers for all managed care plans in all regions. All managed care plans must include these essential providers in their networks. Statewide essential providers include:

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1. Faculty plans of Florida medical schools.

2. Regional perinatal intensive care centers as defined in s. 383.16(2).

3. Hospitals licensed as specialty children's hospitals as defined in s. 395.002(27) s. 395.002(28).

4. Accredited and integrated systems serving medically 1861 1862 complex children which comprise separately licensed, but 1863 commonly owned, health care providers delivering at least the 1864 following services: medical group home, in-home and outpatient nursing care and therapies, pharmacy services, durable medical 1865 1866 equipment, and Prescribed Pediatric Extended Care.

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1868 Managed care plans that have not contracted with all statewide 1869 essential providers in all regions as of the first date of 1870 recipient enrollment must continue to negotiate in good faith. 1871 Payments to physicians on the faculty of nonparticipating 1872 Florida medical schools shall be made at the applicable Medicaid 1873 rate. Payments for services rendered by regional perinatal 1874 intensive care centers shall be made at the applicable Medicaid 1875 rate as of the first day of the contract between the agency and 1876 the plan. Except for payments for emergency services, payments 1877 to nonparticipating specialty children's hospitals shall equal 1878 the highest rate established by contract between that provider 1879 and any other Medicaid managed care plan.

Section 74. Subsections (5) and (17) of section 429.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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429.02 Definitions.-When used in this part, the term:

(5) "Assisted living facility" means any building or buildings, section or distinct part of a building, private home, boarding home, home for the aged, or other residential facility, <u>regardless of</u> whether operated for profit or not, which, <u>undertakes through its ownership or management, provides to</u> <u>provide housing, meals, and one or more personal services for a</u> period exceeding 24 hours to one or more adults who are not relatives of the owner or administrator.

(17) "Personal services" means direct physical assistance with or supervision of the activities of daily living, and the self-administration of medication, or and other similar services which the department may define by rule. <u>The term may</u> "Personal services" shall not be construed to mean the provision of

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1896	medical, nursing, dental, or mental health services.
1897	Section 75. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (2) of
1898	section 429.04, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection
1899	(3) is added that section, to read:
1900	429.04 Facilities to be licensed; exemptions
1901	(2) The following are exempt from licensure under this
1902	part:
1903	(b) Any facility or part of a facility licensed by the
1904	Agency for Persons with Disabilities under chapter 393, a mental
1905	health facility licensed under or chapter 394, a hospital
1906	licensed under chapter 395, a nursing home licensed under part
1907	II of chapter 400, an inpatient hospice licensed under part IV
1908	of chapter 400, a home for special services licensed under part
1909	V of chapter 400, an intermediate care facility licensed under
1910	part VIII of chapter 400, or a transitional living facility
1911	licensed under part XI of chapter 400.
1912	(d) Any person who provides housing, meals, and one or more
1913	personal services on a 24-hour basis in the person's own home to
1914	not more than two adults who do not receive optional state
1915	supplementation. The person who provides the housing, meals, and
1916	personal services must own or rent the home and <u>must have</u>
1917	established the home as his or her permanent residence. For
1918	purposes of this paragraph, any person holding a homestead
1919	exemption at an address other than that at which the person
1920	asserts this exemption is presumed to not have established
1921	permanent residence reside therein. This exemption does not
1922	apply to a person or entity that previously held a license
1923	issued by the agency which was revoked or for which renewal was
1924	denied by final order of the agency, or when the person or
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1925	entity voluntarily relinquished the license during agency
1926	enforcement proceedings.
1927	(3) Upon agency investigation of unlicensed activity, any
1928	person or entity that claims that it is exempt under this
1929	section must provide documentation substantiating entitlement to
1930	the exemption.
1931	Section 76. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (1) of
1932	section 429.08, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1933	429.08 Unlicensed facilities; referral of person for
1934	residency to unlicensed facility; penalties
1935	(1)
1936	(b) Except as provided under paragraph (d), Any person who
1937	owns, rents, or otherwise maintains a building or property that
1938	operates $_{m{ au}}$ or maintains an unlicensed assisted living facility
1939	commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
1940	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Each day of continued
1941	operation is a separate offense.
1942	(d) In addition to the requirements of s. 408.812, any
1943	person who owns, operates, or maintains an unlicensed assisted
1944	living facility after receiving notice from the agency due to a
1945	change in this part or a modification in rule within 6 months
1946	after the effective date of such change and who, within 10
1947	working days after receiving notification from the agency, fails
1948	to cease operation or apply for a license under this part
1949	commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
1950	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Each day of continued
1951	operation is a separate offense.
1952	Section 77. Subsection(7) of section 429.19, Florida
1953	Statutes, is amended to read:

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1954 429.19 Violations; imposition of administrative fines; 1955 grounds.-1956 (7) In addition to any administrative fines imposed, the 1957 agency may assess a survey fee, equal to the lesser of one half 1958 of the facility's biennial license and bed fee or \$500, to cover

the cost of conducting initial complaint investigations that result in the finding of a violation that was the subject of the complaint or monitoring visits conducted under s. 429.28(3)(c) to verify the correction of the violations.

Section 78. Section 429.176, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

429.176 Notice of change of administrator.-If, during the period for which a license is issued, the owner changes administrators, the owner must notify the agency of the change within 10 days and provide documentation within 90 days that the new administrator has completed the applicable core educational requirements under s. 429.52. <u>A facility may not be operated for</u> <u>more than 120 consecutive days without an administrator who has</u> completed the core educational requirements.

Section 79. Subsection (2) of section 429.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

429.24 Contracts.-

1976 (2) Each contract must contain express provisions
1977 specifically setting forth the services and accommodations to be
1978 provided by the facility; the rates or charges; provision for at
1979 least 30 days' written notice of a rate increase; the rights,
1980 duties, and obligations of the residents, other than those
1981 specified in s. 429.28; and other matters that the parties deem
1982 appropriate. <u>A new service or accommodation amended to, or</u>

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1983 <u>implemented in, a resident's contract for which the resident was</u> 1984 <u>not previously charged, does not require a 30-day written notice</u> 1985 <u>of a rate increase.</u> Whenever money is deposited or advanced by a 1986 resident in a contract as security for performance of the 1987 contract agreement or as advance rent for other than the next 1988 immediate rental period:

(a) Such funds shall be deposited in a banking institution
in this state that is located, if possible, in the same
community in which the facility is located; shall be kept
separate from the funds and property of the facility; may not be
represented as part of the assets of the facility on financial
statements; and shall be used, or otherwise expended, only for
the account of the resident.

(b) The licensee shall, within 30 days of receipt of advance rent or a security deposit, notify the resident or residents in writing of the manner in which the licensee is holding the advance rent or security deposit and state the name and address of the depository where the moneys are being held. The licensee shall notify residents of the facility's policy on advance deposits.

Section 80. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 429.256, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

429.256 Assistance with self-administration of medication.-

(3) Assistance with self-administration of medication
includes:

(b) In the presence of the resident, reading <u>aloud the</u> name, medication, and dosage indicated on the label, opening the container, removing a prescribed amount of medication from the container, and closing the container.

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2012 Section 81. Paragraphs (e) and (j) of subsection (1) and 2013 paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) of subsection (3) of section 2014 429.28, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2015 429.28 Resident bill of rights.-(1) No resident of a facility shall be deprived of any 2016 2017 civil or legal rights, benefits, or privileges guaranteed by 2018 law, the Constitution of the State of Florida, or the 2019 Constitution of the United States as a resident of a facility. 2020 Every resident of a facility shall have the right to: 2021 (e) Freedom to participate in and benefit from community 2022 services and activities and to pursue achieve the highest 2023 possible level of independence, autonomy, and interaction within 2024 the community. 2025 (j) Assistance with obtaining access to adequate and 2026 appropriate health care. For purposes of this paragraph, the 2027 term "adequate and appropriate health care" means the management 2028 of medications, assistance in making appointments for health 2029 care services, the provision of or arrangement of transportation 2030 to health care appointments, and the performance of health care 2031 services in accordance with s. 429.255 which are consistent with 2032 established and recognized standards within the community. 2033 (3) 2034 (c) During any calendar year in which no survey is 2035 conducted, the agency shall conduct at least one monitoring 2036 visit of each facility cited in the previous year for a class I 2037 or class II violation, or more than three uncorrected class III 2038 violations.

2039(d) The agency may conduct periodic followup inspections as2040necessary to monitor the compliance of facilities with a history

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2041 any class I, class II, or class III violations that threaten of 2042 the health, safety, or security of residents. 2043 (e) The agency may conduct complaint investigations as 2044 warranted to investigate any allegations of noncompliance with 2045 requirements required under this part or rules adopted under 2046 this part. 2047 Section 82. Subsection (1) of section 429.294, Florida 2048 Statutes, is amended to read: 2049 429.294 Availability of facility records for investigation 2050 of resident's rights violations and defenses; penalty.-2051 (1) Failure to provide complete copies of a resident's 2052 records, including, but not limited to, all medical records and 2053 the resident's chart, within the control or possession of the 2054 facility within 10 days, in accordance with the provisions of s. 2055 400.145, shall constitute evidence of failure of that party to 2056 comply with good faith discovery requirements and shall waive 2057 the good faith certificate and presuit notice requirements under 2058 this part by the requesting party. Section 83. Subsection (2) of section 429.34, Florida 2059 2060 Statutes, is amended to read: 2061 429.34 Right of entry and inspection.-2062 (2) (a) In addition to the requirements of s. 408.811, the 2063 agency may inspect and investigate facilities as necessary to determine compliance with this part, part II of chapter 408, and 2064 rules adopted thereunder. The agency shall inspect each licensed 2065 2066 assisted living facility at least once every 24 months to 2067 determine compliance with this chapter and related rules. If an 2068 assisted living facility is cited for a class I violation or three or more class II violations arising from separate surveys 2069

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2070 within a 60-day period or due to unrelated circumstances during 2071 the same survey, the agency must conduct an additional licensure 2072 inspection within 6 months.

(b) During any calendar year in which a survey is not conducted, the agency may conduct at least one monitoring visit of each facility cited in the previous year for a class I or class II violation, or more than three uncorrected class III violations.

Section 84. Subsection (4) of section 429.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

429.52 Staff training and educational programs; core educational requirement.-

2082 (4) Effective January 1, 2004, a new facility administrator 2083 must complete the required training and education, including the 2084 competency test, within 90 days of the date of employment $\frac{1}{4}$ 2085 reasonable time after being employed as an administrator, as 2086 determined by the department. Failure to do so is a violation of 2087 this part and subjects the violator to an administrative fine as prescribed in s. 429.19. Administrators licensed in accordance 2088 2089 with part II of chapter 468 are exempt from this requirement. 2090 Other licensed professionals may be exempted, as determined by 2091 the department by rule.

2092 Section 85. Subsection (3) of section 435.04, Florida 2093 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (4) is added to that 2094 section, to read:

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435.04 Level 2 screening standards.-

(3) The security background investigations under this
section must ensure that no person subject to this section has
been arrested for and is awaiting final disposition of, been

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2099	found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea
2100	of nolo contendere or guilty to, any offense that constitutes
2101	domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28, whether such act was
2102	committed in this state or in another jurisdiction.
2103	(4) For the purpose of screening applicability to
2104	participate in the Medicaid program, the security background
2105	investigations under this section must ensure that a person
2106	subject to screening under this section has not been arrested
2107	for and is not awaiting final disposition of; has not been found
2108	guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo
2109	contendere or guilty to; and has not been adjudicated delinquent
2110	and the record sealed or expunged for, any of the following
2111	offenses:
2112	(a) Federal law or a law in any state which creates a
2113	criminal offense relating to:
2114	1. The delivery of any goods or services under Medicaid or
2115	Medicare or any other public or private health care or health
2116	insurance program, including the performance of management or
2117	administrative services relating to the delivery of goods or
2118	services under any such program;
2119	2. Neglect or abuse of a patient in connection with the
2120	delivery of any health care good or service;
2121	3. Unlawful manufacture, distribution, prescription, or
2122	dispensing of a controlled substance;
2123	4. Fraud, theft, embezzlement, breach of fiduciary
2124	responsibility, or other financial misconduct;
2125	5. Moral turpitude, if punishable by imprisonment of a year
2126	or more;
2127	6. Section 817.569, criminal use of a public record or

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2128	information contained in a public record;
2129	7. Section 838.016, unlawful compensation or reward for
2130	official behavior;
2131	8. Section 838.021, corruption by threat against a public
2132	servant;
2133	9. Section 838.022, official misconduct;
2134	10. Section 838.22, bid tampering;
2135	11. Section 839.13, falsifying records;
2136	12. Section 839.26, misuse of confidential information; or
2137	13. Interfering with or obstructing an investigation into
2138	any criminal offense identified in this subsection.
2139	(b) Violation of a federal or state law, rule, or
2140	regulation governing the Florida Medicaid program or any other
2141	state Medicaid program, the Medicare program, or any other
2142	publicly funded federal or state health care or health insurance
2143	program, and has been sanctioned accordingly.
2144	Section 86. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
2145	435.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2146	435.12 Care Provider Background Screening Clearinghouse
2147	(2)(a) To ensure that the information in the clearinghouse
2148	is current, the fingerprints of an employee required to be
2149	screened by a specified agency and included in the clearinghouse
2150	must be:
2151	1. Retained by the Department of Law Enforcement pursuant
2152	to s. 943.05(2)(g) and (h) and (3), and the Department of Law
2153	Enforcement must report the results of searching those
2154	fingerprints against state incoming arrest fingerprint
2155	submissions to the Agency for Health Care Administration for
2156	inclusion in the clearinghouse.

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2157 2. Retained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation in the 2158 national retained print arrest notification program as soon as the Department of Law Enforcement begins participation in such 2159 2160 program. Arrest prints will be searched against retained prints 2161 at the Federal Bureau of Investigation and notification of 2162 arrests will be forwarded to the Florida Department of Law 2163 Enforcement and reported to the Agency for Health Care 2164 Administration for inclusion in the clearinghouse. 2165 3. Resubmitted for a Federal Bureau of Investigation 2166 national criminal history check every 5 years until such time as 2167 the fingerprints are retained by the Federal Bureau of 2168 Investigation. 2169 4. Subject to retention on a 5-year renewal basis with fees 2170 collected at the time of initial submission or resubmission of 2171 fingerprints. 2172 a. A person who passed a level 2 screening under s. 435.04 2173 after December 31, 2012, by a specified agency may extend the screening renewal period until January 1, 2020, unless the 2174 2175 Department of Law Enforcement begins participation in the 2176 national retained print arrest notification program before that 2177 date. 2178 b. The retention of fingerprints by the Department of Law 2179 Enforcement pursuant to s. 943.05(2)(g) and (h) and (3) is extended until the earlier of January 1, 2020, or the date that 2180 2181 the Department of Law Enforcement begins participation in the 2182 national retained print arrest notification program. 2183 5. Submitted with a photograph of the person taken at the 2184 time the fingerprints are submitted. 2185 Section 87. Subsection (4) of section 456.001, Florida

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S6 Statutes, is amended to read:

456.001 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, the term: (4) "Health care practitioner" means any person licensed under chapter 457; chapter 458; chapter 459; chapter 460; chapter 461; chapter 462; chapter 463; chapter 464; chapter 465; chapter 466; chapter 467; part I, part II, part III, part V, part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468; chapter 478; chapter 480; part <u>II or part</u> III or part IV of chapter 483; chapter 484; chapter 486; chapter 490; or chapter 491.

Section 88. Paragraph (i) of subsection (2) of section 456.057, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.057 Ownership and control of patient records; report or copies of records to be furnished; disclosure of information.-

(2) As used in this section, the terms "records owner," "health care practitioner," and "health care practitioner's employer" do not include any of the following persons or entities; furthermore, the following persons or entities are not authorized to acquire or own medical records, but are authorized under the confidentiality and disclosure requirements of this section to maintain those documents required by the part or chapter under which they are licensed or regulated:

(i) Medical physicists licensed under part $\underline{III} = \underline{IV}$ of chapter 483.

9 Section 89. Subsection (2) of section 458.307, Florida 0 Statutes, is amended to read:

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458.307 Board of Medicine.-

(2) Twelve members of the board must be licensed physicians
in good standing in this state who are residents of the state
and who have been engaged in the active practice or teaching of

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2215 medicine for at least 4 years immediately preceding their 2216 appointment. One of the physicians must be on the full-time 2217 faculty of a medical school in this state, and one of the 2218 physicians must be in private practice and on the full-time 2219 staff of a statutory teaching hospital in this state as defined 2220 in s. 408.07. At least one of the physicians must be a graduate 2221 of a foreign medical school. The remaining three members must be 2222 residents of the state who are not, and never have been, 2223 licensed health care practitioners. One member must be a health care risk manager licensed under s. 395.10974. At least one 2224 2225 member of the board must be 60 years of age or older.

Section 90. Subsection (1) of section 458.345, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.345 Registration of resident physicians, interns, and fellows; list of hospital employees; prescribing of medicinal drugs; penalty.-

2231 (1) Any person desiring to practice as a resident 2232 physician, assistant resident physician, house physician, 2233 intern, or fellow in fellowship training which leads to 2234 subspecialty board certification in this state, or any person 2235 desiring to practice as a resident physician, assistant resident 2236 physician, house physician, intern, or fellow in fellowship 2237 training in a teaching hospital in this state as defined in s. 2238 408.07(44) s. 408.07(45) or s. 395.805(2), who does not hold a 2239 valid, active license issued under this chapter shall apply to 2240 the department to be registered and shall remit a fee not to 2241 exceed \$300 as set by the board. The department shall register 2242 any applicant the board certifies has met the following 2243 requirements:

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2244 (a) Is at least 21 years of age. 2245 (b) Has not committed any act or offense within or without the state which would constitute the basis for refusal to 2246 2247 certify an application for licensure pursuant to s. 458.331. 2248 (c) Is a graduate of a medical school or college as 2249 specified in s. 458.311(1)(f). 2250 Section 91. Subsection (1) of s. 459.021, Florida Statutes, 2251 is amended to read: 2252 459.021 Registration of resident physicians, interns, and 2253 fellows; list of hospital employees; penalty.-2254 (1) Any person who holds a degree of Doctor of Osteopathic 2255 Medicine from a college of osteopathic medicine recognized and 2256 approved by the American Osteopathic Association who desires to 2257 practice as a resident physician, intern, or fellow in 2258 fellowship training which leads to subspecialty board 2259 certification in this state, or any person desiring to practice 2260 as a resident physician, intern, or fellow in fellowship 2261 training in a teaching hospital in this state as defined in s. 408.07(44) s. 408.07(45) or s. 395.805(2), who does not hold an 2262 2263 active license issued under this chapter shall apply to the 2264 department to be registered, on an application provided by the 2265 department, before commencing such a training program and shall 2266 remit a fee not to exceed \$300 as set by the board. 2267 Section 92. Part I of chapter 483, Florida Statutes, 2268 consisting of sections 483.011, 483.021, 483.031, 483.035, 2269 483.041, 483.051, 483.061, 483.091, 483.101, 483.111, 483.172, 2270 483.181, 483.191, 483.201, 483.221, 483.23, 483.245, and 483.26, 2271 is repealed. 2272 Section 93. Section 483.294, Florida Statutes, is amended



2273	to read:
2274	483.294 Inspection of centersIn accordance with s.
2275	408.811, the agency shall, at least once annually, inspect the
2276	premises and operations of all centers subject to licensure
2277	under this part.
2278	Section 94. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 483.801,
2279	Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (6) is added to
2280	that section, to read:
2281	483.801 ExemptionsThis part applies to all clinical
2282	laboratories and clinical laboratory personnel within this
2283	state, except:
2284	(3) Persons engaged in testing performed by laboratories
2285	that are wholly owned and operated by one or more practitioners
2286	licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter
2287	461, chapter 462, chapter 463, or chapter 466 who practice in
2288	the same group practice, and in which no clinical laboratory
2289	work is performed for patients referred by any health care
2290	provider who is not a member of that group practice regulated
2291	under s. 483.035(1) or exempt from regulation under s.
2292	483.031(2).
2293	(5) Advanced registered nurse practitioners licensed under
2294	part I of chapter 464 who perform provider-performed microscopy
2295	procedures (PPMP) in <u>a</u> an exclusive-use laboratory setting
2296	pursuant to subsection (3).
2297	(6) Persons performing laboratory testing within a
2298	physician office practice for patients referred by a health care
2299	provider who is a member of the same physician office practice,
2300	if the laboratory or entity operating the laboratory within a
2301	physician office practice is under common ownership, directly or

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2302	indirectly, with an entity licensed pursuant to chapter 395.
2303	Section 95. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section
2304	483.803, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2305	483.803 DefinitionsAs used in this part, the term:
2306	(2) "Clinical laboratory" means the physical location in
2307	which one or more of the following services are performed to
2308	provide information or materials for use in the diagnosis,
2309	prevention, or treatment of a disease or the identification or
2310	assessment of a medical or physical condition:
2311	(a) Clinical laboratory services, which entail the
2312	examination of fluids or other materials taken from the human
2313	body.
2314	(b) Anatomic laboratory services, which entail the
2315	examination of tissue taken from the human body.
2316	(c) Cytology laboratory services, which entail the
2317	examination of cells from individual tissues or fluid taken from
2318	the human body a clinical laboratory as defined in s. 483.041.
2319	(3) "Clinical laboratory examination" means a procedure
2320	performed to deliver the services identified in subsection (2),
2321	including the oversight or interpretation of such services
2322	clinical laboratory examination as defined in s. 483.041.
2323	(4) "Clinical laboratory personnel" includes a clinical
2324	laboratory director, supervisor, technologist, blood gas
2325	analyst, or technician who performs or is responsible for
2326	laboratory test procedures, but the term does not include
2327	trainees, persons who perform screening for blood banks or
2328	plasmapheresis centers, phlebotomists, or persons employed by a
2329	clinical laboratory to perform manual pretesting duties or
2330	clerical, personnel, or other administrative responsibilities $_{m au}$
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2331 persons engaged in testing performed by laboratories or 2332 regulated under s. 483.035(1) or exempt from regulation under s. 2333 483.031(2).

Section 96. Section 483.813, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2336 483.813 Clinical laboratory personnel license.-A person may 2337 not conduct a clinical laboratory examination or report the results of such examination unless such person is licensed under 2339 this part to perform such procedures. However, this provision does not apply to any practitioner of the healing arts 2341 authorized to practice in this state or to persons engaged in testing performed by laboratories regulated under s. 483.035(1) or exempt from regulation under s. 483.031(2). The department may grant a temporary license to any candidate it deems properly qualified, for a period not to exceed 1 year.

Section 97. Subsection (2) of section 483.823, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

483.823 Qualifications of clinical laboratory personnel.-

(2) Personnel qualifications may require appropriate education, training, or experience or the passing of an examination in appropriate subjects or any combination of these, but a no practitioner of the healing arts licensed to practice in this state is not required to obtain any license under this part or to pay any fee under this part hereunder except the fee required for clinical laboratory licensure.

Section 98. Paragraph (c) of subsection (7), paragraph (c) 2357 of subsection (8), and paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of section 491.003, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 491.003 Definitions.-As used in this chapter:

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2360 (7) The "practice of clinical social work" is defined as 2361 the use of scientific and applied knowledge, theories, and 2362 methods for the purpose of describing, preventing, evaluating, 2363 and treating individual, couple, marital, family, or group 2364 behavior, based on the person-in-situation perspective of 2365 psychosocial development, normal and abnormal behavior, 2366 psychopathology, unconscious motivation, interpersonal 2367 relationships, environmental stress, differential assessment, 2368 differential planning, and data gathering. The purpose of such 2369 services is the prevention and treatment of undesired behavior 2370 and enhancement of mental health. The practice of clinical 2371 social work includes methods of a psychological nature used to 2372 evaluate, assess, diagnose, treat, and prevent emotional and 2373 mental disorders and dysfunctions (whether cognitive, affective, 2374 or behavioral), sexual dysfunction, behavioral disorders, 2375 alcoholism, and substance abuse. The practice of clinical social 2376 work includes, but is not limited to, psychotherapy, 2377 hypnotherapy, and sex therapy. The practice of clinical social 2378 work also includes counseling, behavior modification, 2379 consultation, client-centered advocacy, crisis intervention, and 2380 the provision of needed information and education to clients, 2381 when using methods of a psychological nature to evaluate, 2382 assess, diagnose, treat, and prevent emotional and mental 2383 disorders and dysfunctions (whether cognitive, affective, or 2384 behavioral), sexual dysfunction, behavioral disorders, 2385 alcoholism, or substance abuse. The practice of clinical social 2386 work may also include clinical research into more effective 2387 psychotherapeutic modalities for the treatment and prevention of 2388 such conditions.

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2389 (c) The terms "diagnose" and "treat," as used in this 2390 chapter, when considered in isolation or in conjunction with any 2391 provision of the rules of the board, may shall not be construed 2392 to permit the performance of any act which clinical social 2393 workers are not educated and trained to perform, including, but 2394 not limited to, admitting persons to hospitals for treatment of 2395 the foregoing conditions, treating persons in hospitals without 2396 medical supervision, prescribing medicinal drugs as defined in 2397 chapter 465, authorizing clinical laboratory procedures pursuant 2398 to chapter 483, or radiological procedures, or use of 2399 electroconvulsive therapy. In addition, this definition shall 2400 may not be construed to permit any person licensed, 2401 provisionally licensed, registered, or certified pursuant to 2402 this chapter to describe or label any test, report, or procedure 2403 as "psychological," except to relate specifically to the definition of practice authorized in this subsection. 2404 2405 (8) The term "practice of marriage and family therapy"

2406 means is defined as the use of scientific and applied marriage 2407 and family theories, methods, and procedures for the purpose of 2408 describing, evaluating, and modifying marital, family, and 2409 individual behavior, within the context of marital and family 2410 systems, including the context of marital formation and 2411 dissolution, and is based on marriage and family systems theory, marriage and family development, human development, normal and 2412 2413 abnormal behavior, psychopathology, human sexuality, 2414 psychotherapeutic and marriage and family therapy theories and 2415 techniques. The practice of marriage and family therapy includes methods of a psychological nature used to evaluate, assess, 2416 diagnose, treat, and prevent emotional and mental disorders or 2417



2418 dysfunctions (whether cognitive, affective, or behavioral), 2419 sexual dysfunction, behavioral disorders, alcoholism, and 2420 substance abuse. The practice of marriage and family therapy 2421 includes, but is not limited to, marriage and family therapy, 2422 psychotherapy, including behavioral family therapy, 2423 hypnotherapy, and sex therapy. The practice of marriage and family therapy also includes counseling, behavior modification, 2424 2425 consultation, client-centered advocacy, crisis intervention, and 2426 the provision of needed information and education to clients, 2427 when using methods of a psychological nature to evaluate, 2428 assess, diagnose, treat, and prevent emotional and mental 2429 disorders and dysfunctions (whether cognitive, affective, or 2430 behavioral), sexual dysfunction, behavioral disorders, 2431 alcoholism, or substance abuse. The practice of marriage and 2432 family therapy may also include clinical research into more 2433 effective psychotherapeutic modalities for the treatment and 2434 prevention of such conditions.

2435 (c) The terms "diagnose" and "treat," as used in this 2436 chapter, when considered in isolation or in conjunction with any 2437 provision of the rules of the board, may shall not be construed 2438 to permit the performance of any act that which marriage and 2439 family therapists are not educated and trained to perform, 2440 including, but not limited to, admitting persons to hospitals 2441 for treatment of the foregoing conditions, treating persons in 2442 hospitals without medical supervision, prescribing medicinal 2443 drugs as defined in chapter 465, authorizing clinical laboratory 2444 procedures pursuant to chapter 483_r or radiological procedures ror the use of electroconvulsive therapy. In addition, this 2445 definition <u>may</u> shall not be construed to permit any person 2446



2447 licensed, provisionally licensed, registered, or certified 2448 pursuant to this chapter to describe or label any test, report, 2449 or procedure as "psychological," except to relate specifically 2450 to the definition of practice authorized in this subsection.

2451 (9) The term "practice of mental health counseling" means is defined as the use of scientific and applied behavioral 2452 science theories, methods, and techniques for the purpose of 2453 2454 describing, preventing, and treating undesired behavior and 2455 enhancing mental health and human development and is based on 2456 the person-in-situation perspectives derived from research and 2457 theory in personality, family, group, and organizational 2458 dynamics and development, career planning, cultural diversity, 2459 human growth and development, human sexuality, normal and 2460 abnormal behavior, psychopathology, psychotherapy, and 2461 rehabilitation. The practice of mental health counseling 2462 includes methods of a psychological nature used to evaluate, assess, diagnose, and treat emotional and mental dysfunctions or 2463 2464 disorders, (whether cognitive, affective, or behavioral), 2465 behavioral disorders, interpersonal relationships, sexual 2466 dysfunction, alcoholism, and substance abuse. The practice of 2467 mental health counseling includes, but is not limited to, 2468 psychotherapy, hypnotherapy, and sex therapy. The practice of 2469 mental health counseling also includes counseling, behavior 2470 modification, consultation, client-centered advocacy, crisis 2471 intervention, and the provision of needed information and 2472 education to clients, when using methods of a psychological 2473 nature to evaluate, assess, diagnose, treat, and prevent emotional and mental disorders and dysfunctions (whether 2474 cognitive, affective, or behavioral), behavioral disorders, 2475



2476 sexual dysfunction, alcoholism, or substance abuse. The practice 2477 of mental health counseling may also include clinical research 2478 into more effective psychotherapeutic modalities for the 2479 treatment and prevention of such conditions.

2480 (c) The terms "diagnose" and "treat," as used in this 2481 chapter, when considered in isolation or in conjunction with any provision of the rules of the board, may shall not be construed 2482 2483 to permit the performance of any act that which mental health 2484 counselors are not educated and trained to perform, including, 2485 but not limited to, admitting persons to hospitals for treatment 2486 of the foregoing conditions, treating persons in hospitals 2487 without medical supervision, prescribing medicinal drugs as 2488 defined in chapter 465, authorizing clinical laboratory 2489 procedures pursuant to chapter 483, or radiological procedures, 2490 or the use of electroconvulsive therapy. In addition, this 2491 definition may shall not be construed to permit any person licensed, provisionally licensed, registered, or certified 2492 2493 pursuant to this chapter to describe or label any test, report, 2494 or procedure as "psychological," except to relate specifically 2495 to the definition of practice authorized in this subsection.

Section 99. Paragraph (h) of subsection (4) of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.-

(4) MEDICAL MALPRACTICE RISK APPORTIONMENT.-

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(h) As used in this subsection:

2501 1. "Health care provider" means hospitals licensed under 2502 chapter 395; physicians licensed under chapter 458; osteopathic 2503 physicians licensed under chapter 459; podiatric physicians 2504 licensed under chapter 461; dentists licensed under chapter 466;

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2505 chiropractic physicians licensed under chapter 460; naturopaths 2506 licensed under chapter 462; nurses licensed under part I of chapter 464; midwives licensed under chapter 467; clinical 2507 2508 laboratories registered under chapter 483; physician assistants 2509 licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; physical therapists 2510 and physical therapist assistants licensed under chapter 486; 2511 health maintenance organizations certificated under part I of 2512 chapter 641; ambulatory surgical centers licensed under chapter 2513 395; other medical facilities as defined in subparagraph 2.; 2514 blood banks, plasma centers, industrial clinics, and renal 2515 dialysis facilities; or professional associations, partnerships, 2516 corporations, joint ventures, or other associations for 2517 professional activity by health care providers.

2518 2. "Other medical facility" means a facility the primary 2519 purpose of which is to provide human medical diagnostic services 2520 or a facility providing nonsurgical human medical treatment, to 2521 which facility the patient is admitted and from which facility 2522 the patient is discharged within the same working day, and which 2523 facility is not part of a hospital. However, a facility existing 2524 for the primary purpose of performing terminations of pregnancy 2525 or an office maintained by a physician or dentist for the 2526 practice of medicine shall not be construed to be an "other 2527 medical facility."

3. "Health care facility" means any hospital licensed under chapter 395, health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641, ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395, or other medical facility as defined in subparagraph 2.

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Section 100. Paragraph (h) of subsection (1) of section



627.602, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 627.602 Scope, format of policy.-

(1) Each health insurance policy delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state must comply with all applicable provisions of this code and all of the following requirements:

(h) Section 641.312 and the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as implemented by 29 C.F.R. s. 2560.503-1, relating to internal grievances. This paragraph does not apply to a health insurance policy that is subject to the Subscriber Assistance Program under s. 408.7056 or to the types of benefits or coverages provided under s. 627.6513(1)-(14) issued in any market.

Section 101. Subsection (1) of section 627.6406, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.6406 Maternity care.-

(1) Any policy of health insurance which that provides coverage for maternity care must also cover the services of certified nurse-midwives and midwives licensed pursuant to chapter 467, and the services of birth centers licensed under ss. 383.30-383.332 383.335.

Section 102. Paragraphs (b) and (e) of subsection (1) of section 627.64194, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

627.64194 Coverage requirements for services provided by nonparticipating providers; payment collection limitations.-

(1) As used in this section, the term:

(b) "Facility" means a licensed facility as defined in s. 395.002(16) and an urgent care center as defined in s. 395.002(29) s. 395.002(30).

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2563 (e) "Nonparticipating provider" means a provider who is not 2564 a preferred provider as defined in s. 627.6471 or a provider who 2565 is not an exclusive provider as defined in s. 627.6472. For 2566 purposes of covered emergency services under this section, a 2567 facility licensed under chapter 395 or an urgent care center 2568 defined in s. 395.002(29) s. 395.002(30) is a nonparticipating 2569 provider if the facility has not contracted with an insurer to 2570 provide emergency services to its insureds at a specified rate. 2571 Section 103. Section 627.6513, Florida Statutes, is amended 2572 to read: 2573 627.6513 Scope.-Section 641.312 and the provisions of the 2574 Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as implemented 2575 by 29 C.F.R. s. 2560.503-1, relating to internal grievances, 2576 apply to all group health insurance policies issued under this 2577 part. This section does not apply to a group health insurance 2578 policy that is subject to the Subscriber Assistance Program in 2579 s. 408.7056 or to: 2580 (1) Coverage only for accident insurance, or disability 2581 income insurance, or any combination thereof. 2582 (2) Coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance. 2583 (3) Liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance. 2584 2585 (4) Workers' compensation or similar insurance. 2586 (5) Automobile medical payment insurance. 2587 (6) Credit-only insurance. 2588 (7) Coverage for onsite medical clinics, including prepaid 2589 health clinics under part II of chapter 641. 2590 (8) Other similar insurance coverage, specified in rules adopted by the commission, under which benefits for medical care 2591



2592 are secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits. To the 2593 extent possible, such rules must be consistent with regulations 2594 adopted by the United States Department of Health and Human 2595 Services.

(9) Limited scope dental or vision benefits, if offered separately.

(10) Benefits for long-term care, nursing home care, home health care, or community-based care, or any combination thereof, if offered separately.

(11) Other similar, limited benefits, if offered separately, as specified in rules adopted by the commission.

(12) Coverage only for a specified disease or illness, if offered as independent, noncoordinated benefits.

(13) Hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity insurance, if offered as independent, noncoordinated benefits.

(14) Benefits provided through a Medicare supplemental health insurance policy, as defined under s. 1882(g)(1) of the Social Security Act, coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under 10 U.S.C. chapter 55, and similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a group health plan, which are offered as a separate insurance policy and as independent, noncoordinated benefits.

Section 104. Subsection (1) of section 627.6574, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.6574 Maternity care.-

(1) Any group, blanket, or franchise policy of health
insurance which that provides coverage for maternity care must
also cover the services of certified nurse-midwives and midwives
licensed pursuant to chapter 467, and the services of birth

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2621 centers licensed under ss. 383.30-383.332 383.335. 2622 Section 105. Paragraph (j) of subsection (1) of section 2623 641.185, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2624 641.185 Health maintenance organization subscriber 2625 protections.-2626 (1) With respect to the provisions of this part and part 2627 III, the principles expressed in the following statements shall 2628 serve as standards to be followed by the commission, the office, 2629 the department, and the Agency for Health Care Administration in 2630 exercising their powers and duties, in exercising administrative 2631 discretion, in administrative interpretations of the law, in 2632 enforcing its provisions, and in adopting rules: 2633 (j) A health maintenance organization should receive timely 2634 and, if necessary, urgent review by an independent state 2635 external review organization for unresolved grievances and 2636 appeals pursuant to s. 408.7056. 2637 Section 106. Paragraph (a) of subsection (18) of section 2638 641.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2639 641.31 Health maintenance contracts.-2640 (18) (a) Health maintenance contracts that provide coverage, 2641 benefits, or services for maternity care must provide, as an 2642 option to the subscriber, the services of nurse-midwives and

midwives licensed pursuant to chapter 467, and the services of birth centers licensed pursuant to ss. 383.30-<u>383.332</u> 383.335, if such services are available within the service area.

2646 Section 107. Section 641.312, Florida Statutes, is amended 2647 to read:

2648 641.312 Scope.—The Office of Insurance Regulation may adopt 2649 rules to administer the provisions of the National Association

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2650 of Insurance Commissioners' Uniform Health Carrier External 2651 Review Model Act, issued by the National Association of 2652 Insurance Commissioners and dated April 2010. This section does 2653 not apply to a health maintenance contract that is subject to 2654 the Subscriber Assistance Program under s. 408.7056 or to the 2655 types of benefits or coverages provided under s. 627.6513(1)-2656 (14) issued in any market. 2657 Section 108. Subsection (4) of section 641.3154, Florida 2658 Statutes, is amended to read: 2659 641.3154 Organization liability; provider billing 2660 prohibited.-2661 (4) A provider or any representative of a provider, 2662 regardless of whether the provider is under contract with the 2663 health maintenance organization, may not collect or attempt to 2664 collect money from, maintain any action at law against, or 2665 report to a credit agency a subscriber of an organization for 2666 payment of services for which the organization is liable, if the 2667 provider in good faith knows or should know that the 2668 organization is liable. This prohibition applies during the 2669 pendency of any claim for payment made by the provider to the 2670 organization for payment of the services and any legal 2671 proceedings or dispute resolution process to determine whether 2672 the organization is liable for the services if the provider is 2673 informed that such proceedings are taking place. It is presumed 2674 that a provider does not know and should not know that an 2675 organization is liable unless:

2676 (a) The provider is informed by the organization that it 2677 accepts liability;

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(b) A court of competent jurisdiction determines that the



2679 organization is liable; or

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(c) The office or agency makes a final determination that the organization is required to pay for such services subsequent to a recommendation made by the Subscriber Assistance Panel pursuant to s. 408.7056; or 2683

(c) (d) The agency issues a final order that the organization is required to pay for such services subsequent to a recommendation made by a resolution organization pursuant to s. 408.7057.

Section 109. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section 641.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

641.51 Quality assurance program; second medical opinion requirement.-

(5)

2693 (c) For second opinions provided by contract physicians the organization is prohibited from charging a fee to the subscriber 2694 2695 in an amount in excess of the subscriber fees established by 2696 contract for referral contract physicians. The organization 2697 shall pay the amount of all charges, which are usual, 2698 reasonable, and customary in the community, for second opinion 2699 services performed by a physician not under contract with the 2700 organization, but may require the subscriber to be responsible 2701 for up to 40 percent of such amount. The organization may 2702 require that any tests deemed necessary by a noncontract 2703 physician shall be conducted by the organization. The 2704 organization may deny reimbursement rights granted under this 2705 section in the event the subscriber seeks in excess of three 2706 such referrals per year if such subsequent referral costs are deemed by the organization to be evidence that the subscriber 2707

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2708 has unreasonably overutilized the second opinion privilege. A 2709 subscriber thus denied reimbursement under this section has 2710 shall have recourse to grievance procedures as specified in ss. 2711 408.7056, 641.495, and 641.511. The organization's physician's 2712 professional judgment concerning the treatment of a subscriber 2713 derived after review of a second opinion is shall be controlling 2714 as to the treatment obligations of the health maintenance 2715 organization. Treatment not authorized by the health maintenance 2716 organization is shall be at the subscriber's expense.

Section 110. Subsection (1), paragraph (e) of subsection (3), paragraph (d) of subsection (4), paragraphs (g) and (h) of subsection (6), and subsections (7) through (12) of section 641.511, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

641.511 Subscriber grievance reporting and resolution requirements.-

2723 (1) Every organization must have a grievance procedure 2724 available to its subscribers for the purpose of addressing 2725 complaints and grievances. Every organization must notify its 2726 subscribers that a subscriber must submit a grievance within 1 year after the date of occurrence of the action that initiated 2727 2728 the grievance, and may submit the grievance for review to the 2729 Subscriber Assistance Program panel as provided in s. 408.7056 2730 after receiving a final disposition of the grievance through the 2731 organization's grievance process. An organization shall maintain 2732 records of all grievances and shall report annually to the 2733 agency the total number of grievances handled, a categorization 2734 of the cases underlying the grievances, and the final 2735 disposition of the grievances.

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(3) Each organization's grievance procedure, as required

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2737 under subsection (1), must include, at a minimum: 2738 (e) A notice that a subscriber may voluntarily pursue 2739 binding arbitration in accordance with the terms of the contract 2740 if offered by the organization, after completing the 2741 organization's grievance procedure and as an alternative to the 2742 Subscriber Assistance Program. Such notice shall include an 2743 explanation that the subscriber may incur some costs if the 2744 subscriber pursues binding arbitration, depending upon the terms of the subscriber's contract. 2745

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(d) In any case when the review process does not resolve a difference of opinion between the organization and the subscriber or the provider acting on behalf of the subscriber, the subscriber or the provider acting on behalf of the subscriber may submit a written grievance to the Subscriber Assistance Program.

(6)

(g) In any case when the expedited review process does not resolve a difference of opinion between the organization and the subscriber or the provider acting on behalf of the subscriber, the subscriber or the provider acting on behalf of the subscriber may submit a written grievance to the Subscriber Assistance Program.

<u>(g)(h)</u> An organization shall not provide an expedited retrospective review of an adverse determination.

(7) Each organization shall send to the agency a copy of its quarterly grievance reports submitted to the office pursuant to s. 408.7056(12).

(7) (8) The agency shall investigate all reports of

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2766 unresolved quality of care grievances received from: 2767 (a) annual and quarterly grievance reports submitted by the 2768 organization to the office. 2769 (b) Review requests of subscribers whose grievances remain 2770 unresolved after the subscriber has followed the full grievance 2771 procedure of the organization. (9) (a) The agency shall advise subscribers with grievances 2772 2773 to follow their organization's formal grievance process for 2774 resolution prior to review by the Subscriber Assistance Program. 2775 The subscriber may, however, submit a copy of the grievance to 2776 the agency at any time during the process. 2777 (b) Requiring completion of the organization's grievance 2778 process before the Subscriber Assistance Program panel's review 2779 does not preclude the agency from investigating any complaint or 2780 grievance before the organization makes its final determination. 2781 (10) Each organization must notify the subscriber in a 2782 final decision letter that the subscriber may request review of 2783 the organization's decision concerning the grievance by the

2784 Subscriber Assistance Program, as provided in s. 408.7056, if 2785 the grievance is not resolved to the satisfaction of the subscriber. The final decision letter must inform the subscriber 2786 2787 that the request for review must be made within 365 days after 2788 receipt of the final decision letter, must explain how to 2789 initiate such a review, and must include the addresses and toll-2790 free telephone numbers of the agency and the Subscriber 2791 Assistance Program.

2792 <u>(8) (11)</u> Each organization, as part of its contract with any 2793 provider, must require the provider to post a consumer 2794 assistance notice prominently displayed in the reception area of

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2795 the provider and clearly noticeable by all patients. The 2796 consumer assistance notice must state the addresses and toll-2797 free telephone numbers of the Agency for Health Care 2798 Administration, the Subscriber Assistance Program, and the 2799 Department of Financial Services. The consumer assistance notice 2800 must also clearly state that the address and toll-free telephone 2801 number of the organization's grievance department shall be 2802 provided upon request. The agency may adopt rules to implement 2803 this section.

(9) (12) The agency may impose administrative sanction, in accordance with s. 641.52, against an organization for noncompliance with this section.

Section 111. Subsection (1) of section 641.515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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641.515 Investigation by the agency.-

2810 (1) The agency shall investigate further any quality of 2811 care issue contained in recommendations and reports submitted 2812 pursuant to s. ss. 408.7056 and 641.511. The agency shall also 2813 investigate further any information that indicates that the 2814 organization does not meet accreditation standards or the 2815 standards of the review organization performing the external 2816 quality assurance assessment pursuant to reports submitted under 2817 s. 641.512. Every organization shall submit its books and 2818 records and take other appropriate action as may be necessary to 2819 facilitate an examination. The agency shall have access to the 2820 organization's medical records of individuals and records of 2821 employed and contracted physicians, with the consent of the 2822 subscriber or by court order, as necessary to carry out the 2823 provisions of this part.

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2824 Section 112. Subsection (2) of section 641.55, Florida 2825 Statutes, is amended to read: 2826 641.55 Internal risk management program.-2827 (2) The risk management program shall be the responsibility 2828 of the governing authority or board of the organization. Every 2829 organization which has an annual premium volume of \$10 million 2830 or more and which directly provides health care in a building 2831 owned or leased by the organization shall hire a risk manager $_{\boldsymbol{\tau}}$ certified under ss. 395.10971-395.10975, who is shall be 2832 2833 responsible for implementation of the organization's risk 2834 management program required by this section. A part-time risk 2835 manager may shall not be responsible for risk management 2836 programs in more than four organizations or facilities. Every 2837 organization that which does not directly provide health care in 2838 a building owned or leased by the organization and every 2839 organization with an annual premium volume of less than \$10 2840 million shall designate an officer or employee of the 2841 organization to serve as the risk manager. 2842 2843 The gross data compiled under this section or s. 395.0197 shall 2844 be furnished by the agency upon request to organizations to be 2845 utilized for risk management purposes. The agency shall adopt 2846 rules necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. Section 113. Section 641.60, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 2847 2848 Section 114. Section 641.65, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 2849 Section 115. Section 641.67, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 2850 Section 116. Section 641.68, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 2851 Section 117. Section 641.70, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

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Section 118. Section 641.75, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

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Section 119. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 766.118, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.118 Determination of noneconomic damages.-

(6) LIMITATION ON NONECONOMIC DAMAGES FOR NEGLIGENCE OF A PRACTITIONER PROVIDING SERVICES AND CARE TO A MEDICAID RECIPIENT.-Notwithstanding subsections (2), (3), and (5), with respect to a cause of action for personal injury or wrongful death arising from medical negligence of a practitioner committed in the course of providing medical services and medical care to a Medicaid recipient, regardless of the number of such practitioner defendants providing the services and care, noneconomic damages may not exceed \$300,000 per claimant, unless the claimant pleads and proves, by clear and convincing evidence, that the practitioner acted in a wrongful manner. A practitioner providing medical services and medical care to a Medicaid recipient is not liable for more than \$200,000 in noneconomic damages, regardless of the number of claimants, unless the claimant pleads and proves, by clear and convincing evidence, that the practitioner acted in a wrongful manner. The fact that a claimant proves that a practitioner acted in a wrongful manner does not preclude the application of the limitation on noneconomic damages prescribed elsewhere in this section. For purposes of this subsection:

(b) The term "practitioner," in addition to the meaning
prescribed in subsection (1), includes any hospital <u>or</u>
ambulatory surgical center, or mobile surgical facility as
defined and licensed under chapter 395.

2880 Section 120. Subsection (4) of section 766.202, Florida 2881 Statutes, is amended to read:

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2882 766.202 Definitions; ss. 766.201-766.212.-As used in ss. 2883 766.201-766.212, the term:

2884 (4) "Health care provider" means any hospital or \overline{r} 2885 ambulatory surgical center, or mobile surgical facility as 2886 defined and licensed under chapter 395; a birth center licensed 2887 under chapter 383; any person licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, 2888 2889 part I of chapter 464, chapter 466, chapter 467, part XIV of chapter 468, or chapter 486; a clinical lab licensed under 2890 2891 chapter 483; a health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641; a blood bank; a plasma center; an 2892 2893 industrial clinic; a renal dialysis facility; or a professional 2894 association partnership, corporation, joint venture, or other 2895 association for professional activity by health care providers.

Section 121. Section 945.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

945.36 Exemption from health testing regulations for Law enforcement personnel authorized to conduct conducting drug tests on inmates and releasees.-

(1) Any law enforcement officer, state or county probation 2902 officer, or employee of the Department of Corrections $_{T}$ who is 2903 certified by the Department of Corrections pursuant to subsection (2) may administer, is exempt from part I of chapter 483, for the limited purpose of administering a urine screen 2906 drug test to:

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(a) Persons during incarceration;

(b) Persons released as a condition of probation for either 2909 a felony or misdemeanor;

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(c) Persons released as a condition of community control;

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2911 (d) Persons released as a condition of conditional release; 2912 (e) Persons released as a condition of parole; 2913 (f) Persons released as a condition of provisional release; 2914 (q) Persons released as a condition of pretrial release; or 2915 (h) Persons released as a condition of control release. 2916 (2) The Department of Corrections shall develop a procedure 2917 for certification of any law enforcement officer, state or 2918 county probation officer, or employee of the Department of 2919 Corrections to perform a urine screen drug test on the persons 2920 specified in subsection (1). 2921 Section 122. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 2922 1009.65, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2923 1009.65 Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment 2924 Program.-2925 (2) From the funds available, the Department of Health 2926 shall make payments to selected medical professionals as 2927 follows: 2928 (b) All payments are shall be contingent on continued proof 2929 of primary care practice in an area defined in s. 395.602(2)(b) 2930 s. 395.602(2)(e), or an underserved area designated by the 2931 Department of Health, provided the practitioner accepts Medicaid 2932 reimbursement if eligible for such reimbursement. Correctional 2933 facilities, state hospitals, and other state institutions that 2934 employ medical personnel shall be designated by the Department 2935 of Health as underserved locations. Locations with high 2936 incidences of infant mortality, high morbidity, or low Medicaid 2937 participation by health care professionals may be designated as 2938 underserved.

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Section 123. Subsection (2) of section 1011.52, Florida



2940 Statutes, is amended to read:

Statutes, is amended to read.

1011.52 Appropriation to first accredited medical school.-

(2) In order for a medical school to qualify under the provisions of this section and to be entitled to the benefits herein, such medical school:

(a) Must be primarily operated and established to offer,afford, and render a medical education to residents of the statequalifying for admission to such institution;

(b) Must be operated by a municipality or county of this state, or by a nonprofit organization heretofore or hereafter established exclusively for educational purposes;

(c) Must, upon the formation and establishment of an accredited medical school, transmit and file with the Department of Education documentary proof evidencing the facts that such institution has been certified and approved by the council on medical education and hospitals of the American Medical Association and has adequately met the requirements of that council in regard to its administrative facilities, administrative plant, clinical facilities, curriculum, and all other such requirements as may be necessary to qualify with the council as a recognized, approved, and accredited medical school;

(d) Must certify to the Department of Education the name, address, and educational history of each student approved and accepted for enrollment in such institution for the ensuing school year; and

(e) Must have in place an operating agreement with a government-owned hospital that is located in the same county as the medical school and that is a statutory teaching hospital as

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2969	defined in <u>s. 408.07(44)</u> s. $408.07(45)$. The operating agreement
2970	must shall provide for the medical school to maintain the same
2971	level of affiliation with the hospital, including the level of
2972	services to indigent and charity care patients served by the
2973	hospital, which was in place in the prior fiscal year. Each
2974	year, documentation demonstrating that an operating agreement is
2975	in effect shall be submitted jointly to the Department of
2976	Education by the hospital and the medical school prior to the
2977	payment of moneys from the annual appropriation.
2978	Section 124. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.
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2980	=========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ============
2981	And the title is amended as follows:
2982	Delete everything before the enacting clause
2983	and insert:
2984	A bill to be entitled
2985	An act relating to health care facility regulation;
2986	creating s. 154.13, F.S.; providing that a designated
2987	facility owned or operated by a public health trust
2988	and located within the boundaries of a municipality is
2989	under the exclusive jurisdiction of the county
2990	creating the public health trust; amending ss.
2991	381.0031, 381.004, 384.31, 395.009, 400.0625, and
2992	409.905, F.S.; eliminating state licensure
2993	requirements for clinical laboratories; requiring
2994	clinical laboratories to be federally certified;
2995	amending s. 383.313, F.S.; revising requirements that
2996	a birth center perform certain laboratory tests;
2997	repealing s. 383.335, F.S., relating to partial

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2998 exemptions from licensure requirements for certain 2999 facilities that provide obstetrical and gynecological 3000 surgical services; amending s. 395.002, F.S.; revising 3001 and deleting definitions; creating s. 395.0091, F.S.; 3002 authorizing the Agency for Health Care Administration 3003 to adopt rules establishing criteria for alternate-3004 site laboratory testing; defining the term "alternate-3005 site testing"; amending ss. 395.0161 and 395.0163, 3006 F.S.; deleting licensure and inspection requirements 3007 for mobile surgical facilities to conform to changes 3008 made by the act; amending s. 408.809, F.S.; making 3009 additional persons subject to background screening 3010 requirements; amending s. 409.907, F.S.; removing the 3011 agency's authority to consider certain factors in 3012 determining whether to enter into, and in maintaining, 3013 a Medicaid provider agreement; amending s. 435.04 3014 F.S.; providing that security background investigations must ensure that a person has not been 3015 3016 arrested for, and is not awaiting final disposition 3017 of, certain offenses; specifying offenses under 3018 federal law or any state law that security background 3019 investigations must screen for; requiring that 3020 security background investigations screen for 3021 violations of federal or state law, rule, or 3022 regulation governing any state Medicaid program, the 3023 Medicare program, or any other publicly funded federal 3024 or state health care or health insurance program; 3025 amending s. 395.0197, F.S.; requiring the manager of a hospital or ambulatory surgical center internal risk 3026



3027 management program to demonstrate competence in 3028 certain administrative and health care service areas; 3029 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 3030 repealing s. 395.1046, F.S., relating to hospital 3031 complaint investigation procedures; amending s. 3032 395.1055, F.S.; requiring hospitals that provide 3033 specified services to meet agency licensure 3034 requirements; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; repealing ss. 395.10971 and 395.10972, 3035 3036 F.S., relating to the purpose and establishment of the 3037 Health Care Risk Manager Advisory Council; amending s. 3038 395.10973, F.S.; deleting duties of the agency 3039 relating to health care risk managers, to conform to 3040 changes made by the act; repealing s. 395.10974, F.S., 3041 relating to licensure of health care risk managers; 3042 repealing s. 395.10975, F.S., relating to grounds for 3043 denial, suspension, or revocation of a health care 3044 risk manager's license; amending s. 395.602, F.S.; 3045 deleting definitions; amending s. 395.603, F.S.; 3046 deleting provisions relating to deactivation of 3047 general hospital beds by certain rural and emergency 3048 care hospitals; repealing s. 395.604, F.S., relating 3049 to other rural hospital programs; repealing s. 3050 395.605, F.S., relating to emergency care hospitals; 3051 amending s. 395.701, F.S.; revising the definition of 3052 the term "hospital" to exclude hospitals operated by 3053 state agencies; amending s. 400.464, F.S.; requiring 3054 that a license issued on or after a specified date to 3055 a home health agency specify the services the



3056 organization is authorized to perform and whether the 3057 services constitute skilled are; providing that the provision or advertising of certain services 3058 3059 constitutes unlicensed activity; providing that 3060 certain persons, entities or organizations providing 3061 home health services may voluntarily apply for a 3062 certificate of exemption from licensure; requiring that certain information be provided to the agency; 3063 3064 specifying the duration of the certificate of 3065 exemption; providing that the certificate is 3066 nontransferable; authorizing the agency to charge a 3067 fee for the certificate, not to exceed a certain 3068 amount; amending s. 400.471, F.S.; revising home 3069 health agency licensure requirements; providing 3070 requirements for proof of accreditation for home 3071 health agencies applying for change of ownership or 3072 the addition of skilled care services; amending s. 400.474, F.S.; revising conditions for the imposition 3073 3074 of a fine against a home health agency; amending s. 3075 400.476, F.S.; requiring a home health agency 3076 providing skilled nursing care to have a director of 3077 nursing; amending s. 400.484, F.S.; providing for the 3078 imposition of administrative fines on home health 3079 agencies for specified classes of violations; amending 3080 s. 400.497, F.S.; requiring the agency to adopt, 3081 publish, and enforce rules establishing standards for 3082 certificates of exemption; amending s. 400.506, F.S.; 3083 revising provisions imposing a fine on nurse 3084 registries that fail to cease operation after

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3085 notification by the agency; revising circumstances 3086 under which the agency may take certain action or must 3087 impose a fine; amending s. 400.606, F.S.; revising 3088 content requirements of the plan accompanying an 3089 initial or change-of-ownership application for a 3090 hospice; amending s. 400.925, F.S.; revising the 3091 definition of the term "home medical equipment"; 3092 amending s. 400.931, F.S.; providing a timeframe for a 3093 home medical equipment provider to notify the agency 3094 of certain personnel changes; amending s. 400.933, 3095 F.S.; authorizing the agency to accept certain medical 3096 oxygen permits issued by the Department of Business 3097 and Professional Regulation in lieu of agency 3098 licensure inspections; amending s. 400.980, F.S.; 3099 revising the timeframe within which a health care 3100 services pool registrant must provide the agency with 3101 certain changes of information; amending s. 400.9935, F.S.; providing that a voluntary certificate of 3102 3103 exemption is not valid for more than 2 years; amending 3104 s. 408.061, F.S.; excluding hospitals operated by 3105 state agencies from certain financial reporting 3106 requirements; conforming a cross-reference; amending 3107 s. 408.07, F.S.; deleting the term "clinical laboratory"; amending s. 408.20, F.S.; exempting 3108 3109 hospitals operated by state agencies from assessments 3110 against the Health Care Trust Fund to fund certain 3111 agency activities; repealing s. 408.7056, F.S., relating to the Subscriber Assistance Program; 3112 amending s. 408.803, F.S.; defining the term 3113

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3114 "relative" for the Health Care Licensing Procedures Act; amending s. 408.806, F.S.; authorizing licensees 3115 3116 who hold licenses for multiple providers to request 3117 that the agency align related license expiration 3118 dates; authorizing the agency to issue licenses for an 3119 abbreviated licensure period and to charge prorated fees; amending s. 408.810, F.S.; exempting an 3120 3121 applicant for change of ownership from furnishing 3122 proof of financial ability to operate under certain 3123 conditions; authorizing the agency to adopt rules 3124 governing circumstances under which a controlling 3125 interest may act in certain legal capacities on behalf 3126 of a patient or client; amending s. 408.812, F.S.; 3127 providing that certain unlicensed activity by a 3128 provider constitutes abuse and neglect; authorizing 3129 the agency to impose a fine under certain 3130 circumstances; amending s. 408.820, F.S.; deleting 3131 certain exemptions from part II of ch. 408, F.S. for 3132 specified providers; amending s. 429.02, F.S.; revising definitions; amending s. 429.04, F.S.; 3133 3134 providing additional exemptions from licensure as an 3135 assisted living facility; requiring a person or entity 3136 asserting the exemption to provide documentation that 3137 substantiates the claim; amending s. 429.08, F.S.; 3138 providing criminal penalties and fines for a person 3139 who rents or otherwise maintains a building or 3140 property that operates or maintains an unlicensed assisted living facility; amending s. 429.176, F.S.; 3141 3142 prohibiting an assisted living facility from operating

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3143 without an administrator who has completed certain educational requirements for more than a specified 3144 period of time; amending s. 429.24, F.S.; providing 3145 3146 that 30-day written notice of rate increase is not 3147 required in certain situations; amending s. 429.256, 3148 F.S.; requiring that certain information on a 3149 medication label be read aloud in the presence of a 3150 resident; amending s. 429.28, F.S.; revising the 3151 resident bill of rights to include assistance with 3152 obtaining access to adequate and appropriate health 3153 care; defining the term "adequate and appropriate 3154 health care"; deleting a requirement that the agency 3155 conduct at least one monitoring visit in certain 3156 circumstances; removing the authority of the agency to 3157 perform followup inspections in certain circumstances; 3158 removing the authority of the agency to conduct 3159 complaint investigations; amending s. 429.294, F.S.; 3160 deleting a specified timeframe within which a facility 3161 must provide certain records; amending s. 429.34, 3162 F.S.; authorizing the agency to perform inspections 3163 and investigations to ensure compliance; authorizing 3164 the agency to perform monitoring visits in certain 3165 circumstances; amending s. 429.52, F.S.; requiring a 3166 facility administrator to complete required training 3167 and education within a certain timeframe; amending s. 3168 435.12, F.S.; extending the screening renewal period 3169 for individuals screened after a certain date in 3170 certain circumstances; extending the period for which 3171 fingerprints must be retained by the Department of Law

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3172 Enforcement; repealing part I of ch. 483, F.S., 3173 relating to clinical laboratories; amending s. 3174 483.294, F.S.; revising agency inspection schedules 3175 for multiphasic health testing centers; amending s. 3176 483.801, F.S.; providing an exemption from regulation for persons employed by certain laboratories; amending 3177 s. 483.803, F.S.; revising definitions; conforming a 3178 3179 cross-reference; amending s. 641.511, F.S.; revising 3180 health maintenance organization subscriber grievance 3181 reporting requirements; repealing s. 641.60, F.S., 3182 relating to the Statewide Managed Care Ombudsman 3183 Committee; repealing s. 641.65, F.S., relating to 3184 district managed care ombudsman committees; repealing 3185 s. 641.67, F.S., relating to a district managed care 3186 ombudsman committee, exemption from public records 3187 requirements, and exceptions; repealing s. 641.68, 3188 F.S., relating to a district managed care ombudsman 3189 committee and exemption from public meeting 3190 requirements; repealing s. 641.70, F.S., relating to 3191 agency duties relating to the Statewide Managed Care 3192 Ombudsman Committee and the district managed care 3193 ombudsman committees; repealing s. 641.75, F.S., 3194 relating to immunity from liability and limitation on testimony; amending s. 945.36, F.S.; authorizing law 3195 3196 enforcement personnel to conduct drug tests on certain 3197 inmates and releasees; amending ss. 20.43, 220.1845, 3198 376.30781, 376.86, 381.0034, 381.0405, 383.30, 3199 383.301, 383.302, 383.305, 383.309, 383.33, 385.211, 394.4787, 395.001, 395.003, 395.7015, 400.9905, 3200

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3201 408.033, 408.036, 408.802, 409.9116, 409.975, 429.19, 3202 456.001, 456.057, 458.307, 458.345, 459.021, 483.813, 483.823, 491.003, 627.351, 627.602, 627.6406, 3203 3204 627.64194, 627.6513, 627.6574, 641.185, 641.31, 641.312, 641.3154, 641.51, 641.515, 641.55, 766.118, 3205 3206 766.202, 1009.65, and 1011.52, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an 3207 3208 effective date.