1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to charter schools; amending s. 3 1002.33, F.S.; requiring a sponsor to honor irrevocable instructions by a charter school to 4 5 deposit certain funds; providing that certain sponsor 6 policies and charter contract provisions are void and 7 unenforceable; providing legislative intent; requiring 8 a sponsor to honor security interests, liens, and 9 encumbrances on charter school property, including 10 security interests and liens on public funds, before 11 it reverts to the sponsor; authorizing a charter 12 school to enter into certain financial arrangements; providing for liberal construction; providing that a 13 14 charter school that pledges or assigns future payment of its funding is not pledging the credit or taxing 15 16 power of the state or a school district; providing an 17 exception to the requirement that a district school board make timely and efficient payment and 18 19 reimbursement to a charter school; requiring that a 20 district school board issue payment within a specified 21 period after receiving funds distributed through the 22 Florida Education Finance Program; providing an effective date. 23

24

25

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Page 1 of 10

2627

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

3839

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

4950

Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5), paragraph (e) of subsection (8), subsection (14), and paragraph (e) of subsection (17) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.33 Charter schools.-

- (5) SPONSOR; DUTIES.-
- (b) Sponsor duties.—
- 1.a. The sponsor shall monitor and review the charter school in its progress toward the goals established in the charter.
- b. The sponsor shall monitor the revenues and expenditures of the charter school and perform the duties provided in s. 1002.345.
- c. The sponsor may approve a charter for a charter school before the applicant has identified space, equipment, or personnel, if the applicant indicates approval is necessary for it to raise working funds.
- d. The sponsor shall not apply its policies to a charter school unless mutually agreed to by both the sponsor and the charter school. If the sponsor subsequently amends any agreed-upon sponsor policy, the version of the policy in effect at the time of the execution of the charter, or any subsequent modification thereof, shall remain in effect and the sponsor may not hold the charter school responsible for any provision of a

Page 2 of 10

newly revised policy until the revised policy is mutually agreed upon.

- e. The sponsor shall ensure that the charter is innovative and consistent with the state education goals established by s. 1000.03(5).
- f. The sponsor shall ensure that the charter school participates in the state's education accountability system. If a charter school falls short of performance measures included in the approved charter, the sponsor shall report such shortcomings to the Department of Education.
- g. The sponsor shall not be liable for civil damages under state law for personal injury, property damage, or death resulting from an act or omission of an officer, employee, agent, or governing body of the charter school.
- h. The sponsor shall not be liable for civil damages under state law for any employment actions taken by an officer, employee, agent, or governing body of the charter school.
- i. The sponsor's duties to monitor the charter school shall not constitute the basis for a private cause of action.
- j. The sponsor shall not impose additional reporting requirements on a charter school without providing reasonable and specific justification in writing to the charter school.
- k. The sponsor shall submit an annual report to the Department of Education in a web-based format to be determined by the department.

Page 3 of 10

- (I) The report shall include the following information:
- (A) The number of draft applications received on or before May 1 and each applicant's contact information.
- (B) The number of final applications received on or before August 1 and each applicant's contact information.
- (C) The date each application was approved, denied, or withdrawn.
 - (D) The date each final contract was executed.

- (II) Beginning August 31, 2013, and each year thereafter, the sponsor shall submit to the department the information for the applications submitted the previous year.
- (III) The department shall compile an annual report, by district, and post the report on its website by November 1 of each year.
- 1. The sponsor shall honor irrevocable instructions by a charter school to deposit funds due to the charter school pursuant to subsection (17). Any sponsor policy or provision in a charter contract that conflicts with this sub-subparagraph is void and unenforceable. It is the intent of the Legislature that charter schools be authorized to enter into financial arrangements that are consistent with this sub-subparagraph and the guiding principles described in subsection (2).
- 2. Immunity for the sponsor of a charter school under subparagraph 1. applies only with respect to acts or omissions not under the sponsor's direct authority as described in this

101 section.

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

113114

115

116

117

118

119

120

121

122

123

124

125

- 3. This paragraph does not waive a district school board's sovereign immunity.
- A Florida College System institution may work with the school district or school districts in its designated service area to develop charter schools that offer secondary education. These charter schools must include an option for students to receive an associate degree upon high school graduation. If a Florida College System institution operates an approved teacher preparation program under s. 1004.04 or s. 1004.85, the institution may operate no more than one charter school that serves students in kindergarten through grade 12. In kindergarten through grade 8, the charter school shall implement innovative blended learning instructional models in which, for a given course, a student learns in part through online delivery of content and instruction with some element of student control over time, place, path, or pace and in part at a supervised brick-and-mortar location away from home. A student in a blended learning course must be a full-time student of the charter school and receive the online instruction in a classroom setting at the charter school. District school boards shall cooperate with and assist the Florida College System institution on the charter application. Florida College System institution applications for charter schools are not subject to the time deadlines outlined in subsection (6) and may be approved by the

Page 5 of 10

district school board at any time during the year. Florida

College System institutions may not report FTE for any students
who receive FTE funding through the Florida Education Finance

Program.

126

127

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136137

138

139

140

141

142

143

144

145

146

147

148

149150

- A school district may enter into nonexclusive interlocal agreements with federal and state agencies, counties, municipalities, and other governmental entities that operate within the geographical borders of the school district to act on behalf of such governmental entities in the inspection, issuance, and other necessary activities for all necessary permits, licenses, and other permissions that a charter school needs in order for development, construction, or operation. A charter school may use, but may not be required to use, a school district for these services. The interlocal agreement must include, but need not be limited to, the identification of fees that charter schools will be charged for such services. The fees must consist of the governmental entity's fees plus a fee for the school district to recover no more than actual costs for providing such services. These services and fees are not included within the services to be provided pursuant to subsection (20).
 - (8) CAUSES FOR NONRENEWAL OR TERMINATION OF CHARTER.-
- (e) When a charter is not renewed or is terminated, the school shall be dissolved under the provisions of law under which the school was organized, and any unencumbered public

Page 6 of 10

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

151

152

153

154

155

156

157

158

159

160

161

162

163164

165

166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173

174

175

funds, except for capital outlay funds and federal charter school program grant funds, from the charter school shall revert to the sponsor. Capital outlay funds provided pursuant to s. 1013.62 and federal charter school program grant funds that are unencumbered shall revert to the department to be redistributed among eligible charter schools. In the event a charter school is dissolved or is otherwise terminated, all district school board property and improvements, furnishings, and equipment purchased with public funds shall automatically revert to full ownership by the district school board, subject to complete satisfaction of any lawful liens or encumbrances. Any unencumbered public funds from the charter school, district school board property and improvements, furnishings, and equipment purchased with public funds, or financial or other records pertaining to the charter school, in the possession of any person, entity, or holding company, other than the charter school, shall be held in trust upon the district school board's request, until any appeal status is resolved. The sponsor shall honor any lawful security interests, liens, and encumbrances on property, including security interests and liens on public funds, held by a charter school before such property reverts to the sponsor.

- (14) CHARTER SCHOOL FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS;
 INDEMNIFICATION OF THE STATE AND SCHOOL DISTRICT; CREDIT OR
 TAXING POWER NOT TO BE PLEDGED.—
 - (a) In addition to the powers prescribed in s. 617.0302,

Page 7 of 10

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

and notwithstanding any other provision of law, a charter school authorized in this section may enter into arrangements to borrow or otherwise secure funds and to assign, pledge, and encumber its assets consistent with s. 617.0302(7). This paragraph shall be liberally construed.

176

177

178

179

180

181

182

183

184

185

186187

188189

190

191

192

193

194

195

196

197

198

199

200

Any arrangement entered into to borrow or otherwise secure funds for a charter school authorized in this section from a source other than the state or a school district shall indemnify the state and the school district from any and all liability, including, but not limited to, financial responsibility for the payment of the principal or interest. Any loans, bonds, or other financial agreements are not obligations of the state or the school district but are obligations of the charter school authority and are payable solely from the sources of funds pledged by such agreement. The credit or taxing power of the state or the school district shall not be pledged and no debts shall be payable out of any moneys except those of the legal entity in possession of a valid charter approved by a district school board pursuant to this section. A charter school that pledges or assigns the future payment of its funding is not deemed to be pledging the credit or taxing power of the state or a school district. This paragraph does not relieve the sponsor of its obligations to fund a charter school pursuant to this section or to honor any lawful security interests, liens, and encumbrances on property, including security interests and liens

on public funds, held by the charter school in accordance with paragraph (8)(e).

201

202

203

204

205

206

207

208

209

210

211212

213

214

215

216

217

218

219

220

221

222

223

224225

- (17) FUNDING.—Students enrolled in a charter school, regardless of the sponsorship, shall be funded as if they are in a basic program or a special program, the same as students enrolled in other public schools in the school district. Funding for a charter lab school shall be as provided in s. 1002.32.
- District school boards shall make timely and efficient payment and reimbursement to charter schools, including processing paperwork required to access special state and federal funding for which they may be eligible, unless a charter school's contract has been terminated and the charter school has failed to file a timely appeal pursuant to subsection (8). Payments of funds under paragraph (b) shall be made monthly or twice a month, beginning with the start of the district school board's fiscal year. Each payment shall be one-twelfth, or one twenty-fourth, as applicable, of the total state and local funds described in paragraph (b) and adjusted as set forth therein. For the first 2 years of a charter school's operation, if a minimum of 75 percent of the projected enrollment is entered into the sponsor's student information system by the first day of the current month, the district school board shall distribute funds to the school for the months of July through October based on the projected full-time equivalent student membership of the charter school as submitted in the approved application. If less

226

227

228

229

230

231

232

233

234

235

236

237

238

239

240

241

242

243

244

245

246

247

248

249

than 75 percent of the projected enrollment is entered into the sponsor's student information system by the first day of the current month, the sponsor shall base payments on the actual number of student enrollment entered into the sponsor's student information system. Thereafter, the results of full-time equivalent student membership surveys shall be used in adjusting the amount of funds distributed monthly to the charter school for the remainder of the fiscal year. The payments shall be issued no later than 10 working days after the district school board receives a distribution of state or federal funds, including funds distributed through the Florida Education Finance Program pursuant to s. 1011.66, or the date the payment is due pursuant to this subsection. If a warrant for payment is not issued within 10 working days after receipt of funding by the district school board, the school district shall pay to the charter school, in addition to the amount of the scheduled disbursement, interest at a rate of 1 percent per month calculated on a daily basis on the unpaid balance from the expiration of the 10 working days until such time as the warrant is issued. The district school board may not delay payment to a charter school of any portion of the funds provided in paragraph (b) based on the timing of receipt of local funds by the district school board.

Page 10 of 10

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.