By the Committees on Appropriations; and Banking and Insurance; and Senator Brandes

	576-03479-17 2017454c2
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the regulation of insurance
3	companies; amending s. 177.041, F.S.; providing that a
4	specified property information report, rather than a
5	specified certification by an abstractor or a title
6	company, may be submitted as part of certain
7	information required in relation to the plat or replat
8	of a subdivision; amending ss. 177.091 and 197.502,
9	F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the
10	act; amending s. 215.555, F.S.; deleting a future
11	repeal of an exemption of medical malpractice
12	insurance premiums from certain emergency assessments
13	by the State Board of Administration relating to the
14	Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund; amending s.
15	624.407, F.S.; specifying the minimum surplus as to
16	policyholders for insurers that only transact in
17	specified forms of residential property insurance;
18	amending s. 624.424, F.S.; revising a requirement for
19	audit committees established by the boards of
20	directors of insurers, relating to relationships that
21	would interfere with the exercise of independent
22	judgment of committee members; amending s. 625.012,
23	F.S.; revising the allowable assets of insurers
24	relating to specified levied assessments; amending s.
25	627.062, F.S.; revising requirements for certain rate
26	filings by medical malpractice insurers; amending s.
27	627.0645, F.S.; adding certain medical malpractice
28	insurance to casualty insurance excluded from an
29	annual base rate filing requirement for rating

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30	organizations; amending s. 627.4035, F.S.; revising
31	the methods of paying premiums for insurance
32	contracts; authorizing an insurer to impose a
33	specified insufficient funds fee if certain premium
34	payment methods are returned, are declined, or cannot
35	be processed; providing an exception; amending s.
36	627.421, F.S.; providing that an electronically
37	delivered document in an insurance policy meets
38	formatting requirements for printed documents under
39	certain conditions; amending s. 627.7295, F.S.;
40	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
41	amending s. 627.7843, F.S.; replacing provisions
42	relating to ownership and encumbrance reports with
43	provisions relating to property information reports;
44	defining the term "property information report";
45	prohibiting property information reports from setting
46	forth or implying certain assurances; providing
47	construction; specifying a limitation on the
48	contractual liability of issuers of property
49	information reports; requiring a specified disclosure
50	in property information reports; providing
51	applicability; providing an effective date.
52	
53	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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55	Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 177.041, Florida
56	Statutes, is amended to read:
57	177.041 Boundary survey and title certification required
58	Every plat or replat of a subdivision submitted to the approving
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576-03479-17 2017454c2 59 agency of the local governing body must be accompanied by: 60 (2) A title opinion of an attorney at law licensed in 61 Florida or a property information report certification by an abstractor or a title company showing that record title to the 62 63 land as described and shown on the plat is in the name of the 64 person, persons, corporation, or entity executing the 65 dedication. The title opinion or property information report 66 must certification shall also show all mortgages not satisfied 67 or released of record nor otherwise terminated by law. 68 Section 2. Subsection (16) of section 177.091, Florida 69 Statutes, is amended to read: 70 177.091 Plats made for recording.-Every plat of a 71 subdivision offered for recording shall conform to the 72 following: 73 (16) Location and width of proposed easements and existing 74 easements identified in the title opinion or property 75 information report certification required by s. 177.041(2) must 76 shall be shown on the plat or in the notes or legend, and their 77 intended use shall be clearly stated. Where easements are not 78 coincident with property lines, they must be labeled with 79 bearings and distances and tied to the principal lot, tract, or 80 right-of-way. 81 Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 82 197.502, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 83 197.502 Application for obtaining tax deed by holder of tax sale certificate; fees.-84 85 (5) (a) The tax collector may contract with a title company 86 or an abstract company to provide the minimum information required in subsection (4), consistent with rules adopted by the 87

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576-03479-17 2017454c2 88 department. If additional information is required, the tax 89 collector must make a written request to the title or abstract 90 company stating the additional requirements. The tax collector 91 may select any title or abstract company, regardless of its 92 location, as long as the fee is reasonable, the minimum information is submitted, and the title or abstract company is 93 94 authorized to do business in this state. The tax collector may 95 advertise and accept bids for the title or abstract company if 96 he or she considers it appropriate to do so.

97 1. The property information ownership and encumbrance 98 report must include the letterhead of the person, firm, or 99 company that makes the search, and the signature of the 100 individual who makes the search or of an officer of the firm. 101 The tax collector is not liable for payment to the firm unless 102 these requirements are met. The report may be submitted to the 103 tax collector in an electronic format.

2. The tax collector may not accept or pay for any title search or abstract if financial responsibility is not assumed for the search. However, reasonable restrictions as to the liability or responsibility of the title or abstract company are acceptable. Notwithstanding s. 627.7843(3), the tax collector may contract for higher maximum liability limits.

110 3. In order to establish uniform prices for property 111 <u>information</u> ownership and encumbrance reports within the county, 112 the tax collector must ensure that the contract for property 113 <u>information</u> ownership and encumbrance reports include all 114 requests for title searches or abstracts for a given period of 115 time.

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Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section

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576-03479-17 2017454c2 117 215.555, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 215.555 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.-118 119 (6) REVENUE BONDS.-120 (b) Emergency assessments.-121 1. If the board determines that the amount of revenue 122 produced under subsection (5) is insufficient to fund the 123 obligations, costs, and expenses of the fund and the 124 corporation, including repayment of revenue bonds and that 125 portion of the debt service coverage not met by reimbursement 126 premiums, the board shall direct the Office of Insurance Regulation to levy, by order, an emergency assessment on direct 127 128 premiums for all property and casualty lines of business in this 129 state, including property and casualty business of surplus lines 130 insurers regulated under part VIII of chapter 626, but not 131 including any workers' compensation premiums or medical 132 malpractice premiums. As used in this subsection, the term 133 "property and casualty business" includes all lines of business identified on Form 2, Exhibit of Premiums and Losses, in the 134 135 annual statement required of authorized insurers by s. 624.424 136 and any rule adopted under this section, except for those lines 137 identified as accident and health insurance and except for 138 policies written under the National Flood Insurance Program. The 139 assessment shall be specified as a percentage of direct written 140 premium and is subject to annual adjustments by the board in 141 order to meet debt obligations. The same percentage applies to all policies in lines of business subject to the assessment 142 143 issued or renewed during the 12-month period beginning on the 144 effective date of the assessment. 145 2. A premium is not subject to an annual assessment under

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146 this paragraph in excess of 6 percent of premium with respect to 147 obligations arising out of losses attributable to any one 148 contract year, and a premium is not subject to an aggregate 149 annual assessment under this paragraph in excess of 10 percent 150 of premium. An annual assessment under this paragraph continues 151 as long as the revenue bonds issued with respect to which the 152 assessment was imposed are outstanding, including any bonds the 153 proceeds of which were used to refund the revenue bonds, unless 154 adequate provision has been made for the payment of the bonds 155 under the documents authorizing issuance of the bonds.

156 3. Emergency assessments shall be collected from 157 policyholders. Emergency assessments shall be remitted by 158 insurers as a percentage of direct written premium for the 159 preceding calendar guarter as specified in the order from the 160 Office of Insurance Regulation. The office shall verify the 161 accurate and timely collection and remittance of emergency 162 assessments and shall report the information to the board in a 163 form and at a time specified by the board. Each insurer 164 collecting assessments shall provide the information with 165 respect to premiums and collections as may be required by the 166 office to enable the office to monitor and verify compliance 167 with this paragraph.

4. With respect to assessments of surplus lines premiums, each surplus lines agent shall collect the assessment at the same time as the agent collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 626.932, and the surplus lines agent shall remit the assessment to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office created by s. 626.921 at the same time as the agent remits the surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. The

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576-03479-17 2017454c2 175 emergency assessment on each insured procuring coverage and 176 filing under s. 626.938 shall be remitted by the insured to the 177 Florida Surplus Lines Service Office at the time the insured 178 pays the surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service 179 Office. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall remit the 180 collected assessments to the fund or corporation as provided in 181 the order levied by the Office of Insurance Regulation. The 182 Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify the proper application of such emergency assessments and shall assist the 183 184 board in ensuring the accurate and timely collection and 185 remittance of assessments as required by the board. The Florida 186 Surplus Lines Service Office shall annually calculate the 187 aggregate written premium on property and casualty business, 188 other than workers' compensation and medical malpractice, 189 procured through surplus lines agents and insureds procuring 190 coverage and filing under s. 626.938 and shall report the 191 information to the board in a form and at a time specified by 192 the board.

193 5. Any assessment authority not used for a particular 194 contract year may be used for a subsequent contract year. If, 195 for a subsequent contract year, the board determines that the 196 amount of revenue produced under subsection (5) is insufficient 197 to fund the obligations, costs, and expenses of the fund and the 198 corporation, including repayment of revenue bonds and that 199 portion of the debt service coverage not met by reimbursement 200 premiums, the board shall direct the Office of Insurance 201 Regulation to levy an emergency assessment up to an amount not 202 exceeding the amount of unused assessment authority from a 203 previous contract year or years, plus an additional 4 percent

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576-03479-172017454c2204provided that the assessments in the aggregate do not exceed the205limits specified in subparagraph 2.

206 6. The assessments otherwise payable to the corporation 207 under this paragraph shall be paid to the fund unless the Office 208 of Insurance Regulation and the Florida Surplus Lines Service 209 Office received a notice from the corporation and the fund, 210 which shall be conclusive and upon which they may rely without 211 further inquiry, that the corporation has issued bonds and the fund has no agreements in effect with local governments under 212 213 paragraph (c). On or after the date of the notice and until the 214 date the corporation has no bonds outstanding, the fund shall 215 have no right, title, or interest in or to the assessments, 216 except as provided in the fund's agreement with the corporation.

7. Emergency assessments are not premium and are not subject to the premium tax, to the surplus lines tax, to any fees, or to any commissions. An insurer is liable for all assessments that it collects and must treat the failure of an insured to pay an assessment as a failure to pay the premium. An insurer is not liable for uncollectible assessments.

8. If an insurer is required to return an unearned premium, it shall also return any collected assessment attributable to the unearned premium. A credit adjustment to the collected assessment may be made by the insurer with regard to future remittances that are payable to the fund or corporation, but the insurer is not entitled to a refund.

9. If a surplus lines insured or an insured who has procured coverage and filed under s. 626.938 is entitled to the return of an unearned premium, the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall provide a credit or refund to the agent or such

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233	insured for the collected assessment attributable to the
234	unearned premium before remitting the emergency assessment
235	collected to the fund or corporation.
236	10. The exemption of medical malpractice insurance premiums
237	from emergency assessments under this paragraph is repealed May
238	31, 2019, and medical malpractice insurance premiums shall be
239	subject to emergency assessments attributable to loss events
240	occurring in the contract years commencing on June 1, 2019.
241	Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 624.407, Florida
242	Statutes, is amended to read:
243	624.407 Surplus required; new insurers
244	(1) To receive authority to transact any one kind or
245	combinations of kinds of insurance, as defined in part V of this
246	chapter, an insurer applying for its original certificate of
247	authority in this state shall possess surplus as to
248	policyholders at least the greater of:
249	(a) For a property and casualty insurer, \$5 million, or
250	\$2.5 million for any other insurer;
251	(b) For life insurers, 4 percent of the insurer's total
252	liabilities;
253	(c) For life and health insurers, 4 percent of the
254	insurer's total liabilities, plus 6 percent of the insurer's
255	liabilities relative to health insurance;
256	(d) For all insurers other than life insurers and life and
257	health insurers, 10 percent of the insurer's total liabilities;
258	(e) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) or paragraph (d), for a
259	domestic insurer that transacts residential property insurance
260	and is:
261	1. Not a wholly owned subsidiary of an insurer domiciled in

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262	any other state, \$15 million.
263	2. A wholly owned subsidiary of an insurer domiciled in any
264	other state, \$50 million; or
265	(f) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a), (d), and (e), for a
266	domestic insurer that only transacts limited sinkhole coverage
267	insurance for personal lines residential property pursuant to s.
268	627.7151, \$7.5 million <u>; or</u>
269	(g) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a), (b), and (e), for an
270	insurer that only transacts residential property insurance in
271	the form of renter's insurance, tenant's coverage, cooperative
272	unit owner insurance, or any combination thereof, \$10 million.
273	Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (8) of section
274	624.424, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
275	624.424 Annual statement and other information
276	(8)
277	(c) The board of directors of an insurer shall hire the
278	certified public accountant that prepares the audit required by
279	this subsection and the board shall establish an audit committee
280	of three or more directors of the insurer or an affiliated
281	company. The audit committee shall be responsible for discussing
282	audit findings and interacting with the certified public
283	accountant with regard to her or his findings. The audit
284	committee shall be comprised solely of members who are free from
285	any relationship that, in the opinion of its board of directors,
286	would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment as a
287	committee member. The audit committee shall report to the board
288	any findings of adverse financial conditions or significant
289	deficiencies in internal controls that have been noted by the
290	accountant. The insurer may request the office to waive this

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576-03479-17 2017454c2 291 requirement of the audit committee membership based upon unusual hardship to the insurer. 292 293 Section 7. Subsection (15) of section 625.012, Florida 294 Statutes, is amended to read: 625.012 "Assets" defined.-In any determination of the 295 296 financial condition of an insurer, there shall be allowed as 297 "assets" only such assets as are owned by the insurer and which 298 consist of: 299 (15) (a) Assessments levied pursuant to s. 631.57(3) (a) and 300 (e) or s. 631.914 which that are paid before policy surcharges 301 are collected and result in a receivable for policy surcharges 302 to be collected in the future. This amount, to the extent it is likely that it will be realized, meets the definition of an 303 304 admissible asset as specified in the National Association of 305 Insurance Commissioners' Statement of Statutory Accounting 306 Principles No. 4. The asset shall be established and recorded 307 separately from the liability regardless of whether it is based 308 on a retrospective or prospective premium-based assessment. If 309 an insurer is unable to fully recoup the amount of the 310 assessment because of a reduction in writings or withdrawal from 311 the market, the amount recorded as an asset shall be reduced to 312 the amount reasonably expected to be recouped.

(b) Assessments levied as monthly installments pursuant to
s. 631.57(3)(e)3. or s. 631.914 which that are paid after policy
surcharges are collected so that the recognition of assets is
based on actual premium written offset by the obligation to the
Florida Insurance Guaranty Association or the Florida Workers'
<u>Compensation Insurance Guaranty Association, Incorporated</u>.
Section 8. Paragraph (e) of subsection (7) of section

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320	627.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
321	627.062 Rate standards
322	(7) The provisions of this subsection apply only to rates
323	for medical malpractice insurance and control to the extent of
324	any conflict with other provisions of this section.
325	(e) For medical malpractice rates subject to paragraph
326	(2)(a), the medical malpractice insurer shall make an annual
327	base a rate filing in accordance with s. 627.0645 under this
328	section, sworn to by at least two executive officers of the
329	insurer, at least once each calendar year.
330	Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 627.0645, Florida
331	Statutes, is amended to read:
332	627.0645 Annual filings.—
333	(1) Each rating organization filing rates for, and each
334	insurer writing, any line of property or casualty insurance to
335	which this part applies, except:
336	(a) Workers' compensation and employer's liability
337	insurance;
338	(b) Insurance as defined in ss. 624.604 and 624.605,
339	limited to coverage of commercial risks other than commercial
340	residential multiperil and medical malpractice insurance that is
341	subject to s. 627.062(2)(a) and (f); or
342	(c) Travel insurance, if issued as a master group policy
343	with a situs in another state where each certificateholder pays
344	less than \$30 in premium for each covered trip and where the
345	insurer has written less than \$1 million in annual written
346	premiums in the travel insurance product in this state during
347	the most recent calendar year,
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349
     shall make an annual base rate filing for each such line with
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     the office no later than 12 months after its previous base rate
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     filing, demonstrating that its rates are not inadequate.
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          Section 10. Section 627.4035, Florida Statutes, is amended
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     to read:
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          627.4035 Cash Payment of premiums; claims.-
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          (1) (a) The premiums for insurance contracts issued in this
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     state or covering risk located in this state must shall be paid
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     in cash consisting of coins, currency, checks, electronic
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     checks, drafts, or money orders or by using a debit card, credit
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     card, automatic electronic funds transfer, or payroll deduction
360
     plan. By July 1, 2007, Insurers issuing personal lines
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     residential and commercial property policies shall provide a
362
     premium payment plan option to their policyholders which allows
363
     for a minimum of quarterly and semiannual payment of premiums.
364
     Insurers may, but are not required to, offer monthly payment
365
     plans. Insurers issuing such policies must submit their premium
366
     payment plan option to the office for approval before use.
367
          (b) If, due to insufficient funds, a payment of premium
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     under this subsection by debit card, credit card, electronic
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     funds transfer, or electronic check is returned, is declined, or
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     cannot be processed, the insurer may impose an insufficient
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     funds fee of up to $15 per occurrence pursuant to the policy
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     terms. However, the insurer may not charge the policyholder an
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     insufficient funds fee if the failure in payment resulted from
374
     fraud or misuse on the policyholder's account from which the
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     payment was made and such fraud or misuse was not attributed to
376
     the policyholder.
377
          (2) Subsection (1) is not applicable to:
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576-03479-17 2017454c2 378 (a) Reinsurance agreements; 379 (b) Pension plans; 380 (c) Premium loans, whether or not subject to an automatic 381 provision; 382 (d) Dividends, whether to purchase additional paid-up 383 insurance or to shorten the dividend payment period; 384 (e) Salary deduction plans; 385 (f) Preauthorized check plans; 386 (g) Waivers of premiums on disability; 387 (h) Nonforfeiture provisions affording benefits under 388 supplementary contracts; or 389 (i) Such other methods of paying for life insurance as may 390 be permitted by the commission pursuant to rule or regulation. 391 (3) All payments of claims made in this state under any 392 contract of insurance shall be paid: 393 (a) In cash consisting of coins, currency, checks, drafts, 394 or money orders and, if by check or draft, shall be in such form 395 as will comply with the standards for cash items adopted by the 396 Federal Reserve System to facilitate the sorting, routing, and 397 mechanized processing of such items; or 398 (b) If authorized in writing by the recipient or the 399 recipient's representative, by debit card or any other form of 400 electronic transfer. Any fees or costs to be charged against the 401 recipient must be disclosed in writing to the recipient or the 402 recipient's representative at the time of written authorization. 403 However, the written authorization requirement may be waived by 404 the recipient or the recipient's representative if the insurer 405 verifies the identity of the insured or the insured's recipient 406 and does not charge a fee for the transaction. If the funds are

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407	misdirected, the insurer remains liable for the payment of the
408	claim.
409	Section 11. Subsection (5) is added to section 627.421,
410	Florida Statutes, to read:
411	627.421 Delivery of policy
412	(5) An electronically delivered document satisfies any
413	font, size, color, spacing, or other formatting requirement for
414	printed documents if the format in the electronically delivered
415	document has reasonably similar proportions or emphasis of the
416	characters relative to the rest of the electronic document or is
417	otherwise displayed in a reasonably conspicuous manner.
418	Section 12. Subsection (9) of section 627.7295, Florida
419	Statutes, is amended to read:
420	627.7295 Motor vehicle insurance contracts
421	(9)(a) In addition to the methods provided in s.
422	627.4035(1), premium for motor vehicle insurance contracts
423	issued in this state or covering risk located in this state may
424	be paid in cash in the form of a draft or drafts.
425	(b) If, due to insufficient funds, payment of premium under
426	this subsection by debit card, credit card, electronic funds
427	transfer, or electronic check is returned, is declined, or
428	cannot be processed, the insurer may impose an insufficient
429	funds fee of up to \$15 per occurrence pursuant to the policy
430	terms.
431	Section 13. Section 627.7843, Florida Statutes, is amended
432	to read:
433	627.7843 Property information reports Ownership and
434	encumbrance-reports
435	(1) As used in this section, the term <u>"property information</u>
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436	report" means any report that contains the limitations of this
437	section and discloses documents or information appearing in the
438	Official Records as described in s. 28.222, in the records of a
439	county tax collector pertaining to ad valorem real property
440	taxes and special assessments imposed by a governmental
441	authority against real property, in the Secretary of State
442	filing office, or in another governmental filing office
443	pertaining to real or personal property. A property information
444	report may be issued by any person, including a Florida-licensed
445	title insurer, title agent, or title agency <i>"ownership and</i>
446	encumbrance report" means a report that discloses certain
447	defined documents imparting constructive notice and appearing in
448	the official records relating to specified real property.
449	(2) <u>A property information</u> An ownership and encumbrance
450	report may not directly or indirectly set forth or imply any
451	opinion, warranty, guarantee, insurance, or other similar
452	assurance and does not constitute title insurance as defined in
453	s. 624.608 as to the status of title to real property.
454	(3) The contractual liability of the issuer of a property
455	information report is limited to the person or persons expressly
456	identified by name in the property information report as the
457	recipient or recipients of the property information report and
458	may not exceed the amount paid for the property information
459	report. Only contractual remedies are available for an error or
460	omission that arises from a property information report. A
461	property information report must contain the following language:
462	
463	"This report is not title insurance. Pursuant to s. 627.7843,
464	Florida Statutes, the maximum liability of the issuer of this

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465	property information report for errors or omissions in this
466	property information report is limited to the amount paid for
467	this property information report, and is further limited to the
468	person(s) expressly identified by name in the property
469	information report as the recipient(s) of the property
470	information report." Any ownership and encumbrance report or
471	similar report that is relied on or intended to be relied on by
472	a consumer must be on forms approved by the office, and must
473	provide for a maximum liability for incorrect information of not
474	more than \$1,000.
475	(4) This section is not applicable to an opinion of title
476	issued by an attorney.

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Section 14. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.