1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to publicly funded defined benefit 3 retirement plans; reordering and amending s. 112.625, 4 F.S.; defining the term "long-range return rate"; 5 amending s. 112.63, F.S.; providing additional 6 requirements for actuarial reports submitted by a 7 retirement plan or system subject to part VII of ch. 8 112, F.S.; amending ss. 175.261 and 185.221, F.S.; 9 conforming cross-references; providing a declaration 10 of important state interest; providing an effective 11 date. 12 13 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 14 Section 112.625, Florida Statutes, is reordered 15 Section 1. 16 and amended to read: 112.625 Definitions.—As used in this act: 17 18 (9) (1) "Retirement system or plan" means any employee 19 pension benefit plan supported in whole or in part by public 20 funds, provided such plan is not: 21 An employee benefit plan described in s. 4(a) of the 22 Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, which is not 23 exempt under s. 4(b)(1) of such act; 24 A plan which is unfunded and is maintained by an

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employer primarily for the purpose of providing deferred

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compensation for a select group of management or highly compensated employees;

- (c) A coverage agreement entered into pursuant to s. 218 of the Social Security Act;
- (d) An individual retirement account or an individual retirement annuity within the meaning of s. 408, or a retirement bond within the meaning of s. 409, of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954;
- (e) A plan described in s. 401(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954; or
- (f) An individual account consisting of an annuity contract described in s. 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.
- $\underline{(7)}$ "Plan administrator" means the person so designated by the terms of the instrument or instruments, ordinance, or statute under which the plan is operated. If no plan administrator has been designated, the plan sponsor shall be considered the plan administrator.
- (2)(3) "Enrolled actuary" means an actuary who is enrolled under Subtitle C of Title III of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and who is a member of the Society of Actuaries or the American Academy of Actuaries.
- $\underline{(1)}$ "Benefit increase" means a change or amendment in the plan design or benefit structure which results in increased benefits for plan members or beneficiaries.

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(3)(5) "Governmental entity" means the state, for the Florida Retirement System, and the county, municipality, special district, or district school board which is the employer of the member of a local retirement system or plan.

- (6) "Pension or retirement benefit" means any benefit, including a disability benefit, paid to a member or beneficiary of a retirement system or plan as defined in subsection (9) (1).
- (10) (7) "Statement value" means the value of assets in accordance with s. 302(c)(2) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and as permitted under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury as amended by Pub. L. No. 100-203, as such sections are in effect on August 16, 2006. Assets for which a fair market value is not provided shall be excluded from the assets used in the determination of annual funding cost.
- (5) (8) "Named fiduciary," "board," or "board of trustees" means the person or persons so designated by the terms of the instrument or instruments, ordinance, or statute under which the plan is operated.
- (8) "Plan sponsor" means the local governmental entity that has established or that may establish a local retirement system or plan.
- (4) "Long-range return rate" means an actuarial assumed rate of return that is expected to be realized at least 50 percent of the time over the next 30-year period.

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Section 2. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 112.63, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (h), and a new paragraph (g) is added to that subsection, to read:

112.63 Actuarial reports and statements of actuarial impact; review.—

- (1) Each retirement system or plan subject to the provisions of this act shall have regularly scheduled actuarial reports prepared and certified by an enrolled actuary. The actuarial report shall consist of, but is not limited to, the following:
- (g) The plan's long-range return rate. Any plan that has an actuarial assumed rate of return greater than the long-range return rate must include:
- 1. The difference between the plan's actuarial assumed rate of return and long-range return rate.
- 2. A description of actions taken to reduce the actuarial assumed rate of return.
- 3. Any change to the plan investment strategy, including, but not limited to, changes to asset class allocations, and any change to actuarial methodology which results in a change to either the long-range return rate or the actuarial assumed rate of return of the plan.
- 4. An estimate of the additional cost to the plan or system that would result if the plan used the long-range return rate as the plan's actuarial assumed rate of return.

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The actuarial cost methods utilized for establishing the amount of the annual actuarial normal cost to support the promised benefits shall only be those methods approved in the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and as permitted under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 175.261, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

175.261 Annual report to Division of Retirement; actuarial valuations.—For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter plan, local law municipality, local law special fire control district, or local law plan under this chapter, the board of trustees for every chapter plan and local law plan shall submit the following reports to the division:

- (2) With respect to local law plans:
- (b) In addition to annual reports provided under paragraph (a), an actuarial valuation of the retirement plan must be made at least once every 3 years, as provided in s. 112.63, commencing 3 years from the last actuarial valuation of the plan or system for existing plans, or commencing 3 years from issuance of the initial actuarial impact statement submitted under s. 112.63 for newly created plans. Such valuation shall be prepared by an enrolled actuary, subject to the following conditions:
 - 1. The assets shall be valued as provided in s.

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126 112.625(10) s. 112.625(7).

- 2. The cost of the actuarial valuation must be paid by the individual firefighters' retirement fund or by the sponsoring municipality or special fire control district.
- 3. A report of the valuation, including actuarial assumptions and type and basis of funding, shall be made to the division within 3 months after the date of valuation. If any benefits are insured with a commercial insurance company, the report must include a statement of the relationship of the retirement plan benefits to the insured benefits, the name of the insurer, the basis of premium rates, and the mortality table, interest rate, and method used in valuing the retirement benefits.
- Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 185.221, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 185.221 Annual report to Division of Retirement; actuarial valuations.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter, the board of trustees for every chapter plan and local law plan shall submit the following reports to the division:
 - (2) With respect to local law plans:
- (b) In addition to annual reports provided under paragraph (a), an actuarial valuation of the retirement plan must be made at least once every 3 years, as provided in s. 112.63, commencing 3 years from the last actuarial valuation of the plan

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or system for existing plans, or commencing 3 years from issuance of the initial actuarial impact statement submitted under s. 112.63 for newly created plans. Such valuation shall be prepared by an enrolled actuary, subject to the following conditions:

1. The assets shall be valued as provided in \underline{s} . 112.625(10) \underline{s} . 112.625(7).

- 2. The cost of the actuarial valuation must be paid by the individual police officer's retirement trust fund or by the sponsoring municipality.
- 3. A report of the valuation, including actuarial assumptions and type and basis of funding, shall be made to the division within 3 months after the date of the valuation. If any benefits are insured with a commercial insurance company, the report must include a statement of the relationship of the retirement plan benefits to the insured benefits, the name of the insurer, the basis of premium rates, and the mortality table, interest rate, and method used in valuing the retirement benefits.
- Section 5. The Legislature finds that a proper and legitimate state purpose is served when employees and retirees of the state and its political subdivisions, and the dependents, survivors, and beneficiaries of such employees and retirees, are extended the basic protections afforded by governmental retirement systems that provide fair and adequate benefits and

that are managed, administered, and funded in an actuarially
sound manner as required by s. 14, Article X of the State
Constitution and part VII of chapter 112, Florida Statutes.
Therefore, the Legislature determines and declares that this ac
fulfills an important state interest.
Section 6 This act shall take effect July 1 2017

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