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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMI	TTEE ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Commerce Committee Representative Moraitis offered the following:

## Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 633.2225, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

633.2225 Condominium and cooperative buildings without sprinkler systems; notice requirements; enforcement.—

(1) The board of a condominium or cooperative association that operates a building of three stories or more that has not installed a sprinkler system in the common areas of the building shall mark the building with a sign or symbol approved by the State Fire Marshal in a manner sufficient to warn persons conducting fire control and other emergency operations of the lack of a sprinkler system in the common areas.

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17	(2) The State Fire Marshal shall ensure that the
18	dimensions and placement of the sign or symbol do not diminish
19	the aesthetic value of building and shall adopt rules necessary
20	to implement the provisions of this section, including, but not
21	<pre>limited to:</pre>
22	(a) The dimensions and color of such sign or symbol.
23	(b) The time within which the condominium or cooperative
24	buildings without sprinkler systems shall be marked as required
25	by this section.
26	(c) The location on each condominium or cooperative
27	building without a sprinkler system where such sign or symbol
28	must be posted.
29	(3) The State Fire Marshal, and local fire officials in
30	accordance with s. 633.118, shall enforce this section. An
31	association that fails to comply with the requirements of this
32	section is subject to penalties as provided in s. 633.228.
33	Section 2. Subsections (12) and (13) of section 718.111,
34	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
35	718.111 The association.—
36	(12) OFFICIAL RECORDS.—
37	(a) From the inception of the association, the association
38	shall maintain each of the following items, if applicable, which
39	constitutes the official records of the association:
40	1. A copy of the plans, permits, warranties, and other

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items provided by the developer pursuant to s. 718.301(4).

- 2. A photocopy of the recorded declaration of condominium of each condominium operated by the association and each amendment to each declaration.
- 3. A photocopy of the recorded bylaws of the association and each amendment to the bylaws.
- 4. A certified copy of the articles of incorporation of the association, or other documents creating the association, and each amendment thereto.
  - 5. A copy of the current rules of the association.
- 6. A book or books that contain the minutes of all meetings of the association, the board of administration, and the unit owners, which minutes must be retained for at least 7 years.
- 7. A current roster of all unit owners and their mailing addresses, unit identifications, <u>and</u> voting certifications, and, if known, telephone numbers. The association shall also maintain the electronic mailing addresses and facsimile numbers of unit owners consenting to receive notice by electronic transmission. The electronic mailing addresses and facsimile numbers are not accessible to unit owners if consent to receive notice by electronic transmission is not provided in accordance with subparagraph (c) 5. However, the association is not liable for an inadvertent disclosure of the electronic mail address or facsimile number for receiving electronic transmission of notices.

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limited to:

- 8. All current insurance policies of the association and condominiums operated by the association.
- 9. A current copy of any management agreement, lease, or other contract to which the association is a party or under which the association or the unit owners have an obligation or responsibility.
- 10. Bills of sale or transfer for all property owned by the association.
- 11. Accounting records for the association and separate accounting records for each condominium that the association operates. All accounting records must be maintained for at least 7 years. Any person who knowingly or intentionally defaces or destroys such records, or who knowingly or intentionally fails to create or maintain such records, with the intent of causing harm to the association or one or more of its members, is personally subject to a civil penalty pursuant to s. 718.501(1)(d). The accounting records must include, but are not
- a. Accurate, itemized, and detailed records of all receipts and expenditures.
- b. A current account and a monthly, bimonthly, or quarterly statement of the account for each unit designating the name of the unit owner, the due date and amount of each assessment, the amount paid on the account, and the balance due.

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- c. All audits, reviews, accounting statements, and financial reports of the association or condominium.
- d. All contracts for work to be performed. Bids for work to be performed are also considered official records and must be maintained by the association for 1 year.
- 12. Ballots, sign-in sheets, voting proxies, and all other papers and electronic records relating to voting by unit owners, which must be maintained for 1 year from the date of the election, vote, or meeting to which the document relates, notwithstanding paragraph (b).
- 13. All rental records if the association is acting as agent for the rental of condominium units.
- 14. A copy of the current question and answer sheet as described in s. 718.504.
- 15. All other written records of the association not specifically included in the foregoing which are related to the operation of the association.
- 16. A copy of the inspection report as described in s. 718.301(4)(p).
- (b) The official records of the association must be maintained within the state for at least 7 years. The records of the association shall be made available to a unit owner within 45 miles of the condominium property or within the county in which the condominium property is located within  $\underline{10}$  5 working days after receipt of a written request by the board or its

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designee. However, such distance requirement does not apply to an association governing a timeshare condominium. This paragraph may be complied with by having a copy of the official records of the association available for inspection or copying on the condominium property or association property, or the association may offer the option of making the records available to a unit owner electronically via the Internet or by allowing the records to be viewed in electronic format on a computer screen and printed upon request. The association is not responsible for the use or misuse of the information provided to an association member or his or her authorized representative pursuant to the compliance requirements of this chapter unless the association has an affirmative duty not to disclose such information pursuant to this chapter.

(c) The official records of the association are open to inspection by any association member or the authorized representative of such member at all reasonable times. The right to inspect the records includes the right to make or obtain copies, at the reasonable expense, if any, of the member. The association may adopt reasonable rules regarding the frequency, time, location, notice, and manner of record inspections and copying. The failure of an association to provide the records within 10 working days after receipt of a written request creates a rebuttable presumption that the association willfully failed to comply with this paragraph. A unit owner who is denied

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# COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. CS/CS/HB 653 (2017)

#### Amendment No. 1

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access to official records is entitled to the actual damages or minimum damages for the association's willful failure to comply. Minimum damages are \$50 per calendar day for up to 10 days, beginning on the 11th working day after receipt of the written request. The failure to permit inspection entitles any person prevailing in an enforcement action to recover reasonable attorney fees from the person in control of the records who, directly or indirectly, knowingly denied access to the records. Any person who knowingly or intentionally defaces or destroys accounting records that are required by this chapter to be maintained during the period for which such records are required to be maintained, or who knowingly or intentionally fails to create or maintain accounting records that are required to be created or maintained, with the intent of causing harm to the association or one or more of its members, is personally subject to a civil penalty pursuant to s. 718.501(1)(d). The association shall maintain an adequate number of copies of the declaration, articles of incorporation, bylaws, and rules, and all amendments to each of the foregoing, as well as the question and answer sheet as described in s. 718.504 and year-end financial information required under this section, on the condominium property to ensure their availability to unit owners and prospective purchasers, and may charge its actual costs for preparing and furnishing these documents to those requesting the documents. An association shall allow a member or his or her

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authorized representative to use a portable device, including a smartphone, tablet, portable scanner, or any other technology capable of scanning or taking photographs, to make an electronic copy of the official records in lieu of the association's providing the member or his or her authorized representative with a copy of such records. The association may not charge a member or his or her authorized representative for the use of a portable device. Notwithstanding this paragraph, the following records are not accessible to unit owners:

- 1. Any record protected by the lawyer-client privilege as described in s. 90.502 and any record protected by the work-product privilege, including a record prepared by an association attorney or prepared at the attorney's express direction, which reflects a mental impression, conclusion, litigation strategy, or legal theory of the attorney or the association, and which was prepared exclusively for civil or criminal litigation or for adversarial administrative proceedings, or which was prepared in anticipation of such litigation or proceedings until the conclusion of the litigation or proceedings.
- 2. Information obtained by an association in connection with the approval of the lease, sale, or other transfer of a unit.
- 3. Personnel records of association or management company employees, including, but not limited to, disciplinary, payroll, health, and insurance records. For purposes of this

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subparagraph, the term "personnel records" does not include written employment agreements with an association employee or management company, or budgetary or financial records that indicate the compensation paid to an association employee.

- 4. Medical records of unit owners.
- Social security numbers, driver license numbers, credit card numbers, e-mail addresses, telephone numbers, facsimile numbers, emergency contact information, addresses of a unit owner other than as provided to fulfill the association's notice requirements, and other personal identifying information of any person, excluding the person's name, unit designation, mailing address, property address, and any address, e-mail address, or facsimile number provided to the association to fulfill the association's notice requirements. Notwithstanding the restrictions in this subparagraph, an association may print and distribute to parcel owners a directory containing the name, parcel address, and all telephone numbers of each parcel owner. However, an owner may exclude his or her telephone numbers from the directory by so requesting in writing to the association. An owner may consent in writing to the disclosure of other contact information described in this subparagraph. The association is not liable for the inadvertent disclosure of information that is protected under this subparagraph if the information is included in an official record of the association and is voluntarily provided by an owner and not requested by the association.

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- 216 Electronic security measures that are used by the association to safeguard data, including passwords.
  - The software and operating system used by the association which allow the manipulation of data, even if the owner owns a copy of the same software used by the association. The data is part of the official records of the association.
  - The association shall prepare a question and answer sheet as described in s. 718.504, and shall update it annually.
  - The association or its authorized agent is not required to provide a prospective purchaser or lienholder with information about the condominium or the association other than information or documents required by this chapter to be made available or disclosed. The association or its authorized agent may charge a reasonable fee to the prospective purchaser, lienholder, or the current unit owner for providing good faith responses to requests for information by or on behalf of a prospective purchaser or lienholder, other than that required by law, if the fee does not exceed \$150 plus the reasonable cost of photocopying and any attorney's fees incurred by the association in connection with the response.
  - 2. An association and its authorized agent are not liable for providing such information in good faith pursuant to a written request if the person providing the information includes a written statement in substantially the following form: "The

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responses herein are made in good faith and to the best of my ability as to their accuracy."

- (f) An outgoing board or committee member must relinquish all official records and property of the association in his or her possession or under his or her control to the incoming board within 5 days after the election. The division shall impose a civil penalty as set forth in s. 718.501(1)(d)6. against an outgoing board or committee member who willfully and knowingly fails to relinquish such records and property.
- (13) FINANCIAL REPORTING.-Within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year, or annually on a date provided in the bylaws, the association shall prepare and complete, or contract for the preparation and completion of, a financial report for the preceding fiscal year. Within 21 days after the final financial report is completed by the association or received from the third party, but not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year or other date as provided in the bylaws, the association shall mail to each unit owner at the address last furnished to the association by the unit owner, or hand deliver to each unit owner, a copy of the financial report or a notice that a copy of the financial report will be mailed or hand delivered to the unit owner, without charge, upon receipt of a written request from the unit owner. The division shall adopt rules setting forth uniform accounting principles and standards to be used by all associations and addressing the financial

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reporting requirements for multicondominium associations. The rules must include, but not be limited to, standards for presenting a summary of association reserves, including a good faith estimate disclosing the annual amount of reserve funds that would be necessary for the association to fully fund reserves for each reserve item based on the straight-line accounting method. This disclosure is not applicable to reserves funded via the pooling method. In adopting such rules, the division shall consider the number of members and annual revenues of an association. Financial reports shall be prepared as follows:

- (a) An association that meets the criteria of this paragraph shall prepare a complete set of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The financial statements must be based upon the association's total annual revenues, as follows:
- 1. An association with total annual revenues of \$150,000 or more, but less than \$300,000, shall prepare compiled financial statements.
- 2. An association with total annual revenues of at least \$300,000, but less than \$500,000, shall prepare reviewed financial statements.
- 3. An association with total annual revenues of \$500,000 or more shall prepare audited financial statements.

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	(b)1.	An assoc	ciation	wit	th total	L ar	nnual	revenues	of less
than	\$150,00	00 shall	prepare	a a	report	of	cash	receipts	and
exper	nditures	S .							

- 2. An association that operates fewer than 50 units, regardless of the association's annual revenues, shall prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of financial statements required by paragraph (a).
- 2.3. A report of cash receipts and disbursements must disclose the amount of receipts by accounts and receipt classifications and the amount of expenses by accounts and expense classifications, including, but not limited to, the following, as applicable: costs for security, professional and management fees and expenses, taxes, costs for recreation facilities, expenses for refuse collection and utility services, expenses for lawn care, costs for building maintenance and repair, insurance costs, administration and salary expenses, and reserves accumulated and expended for capital expenditures, deferred maintenance, and any other category for which the association maintains reserves.
- (c) An association may prepare, without a meeting of or approval by the unit owners:
- 1. Compiled, reviewed, or audited financial statements, if the association is required to prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures;

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2.	Revie	wed of	audi	ited	financ	cial	state	ements,	if	the
associat	ion is	requ	ired t	to pi	repare	comp	iled	financi	ial	
statement	ts; or									

- 3. Audited financial statements if the association is required to prepare reviewed financial statements.
- (d) If approved by a majority of the voting interests present at a properly called meeting of the association, an association may prepare:
- 1. A report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of a compiled, reviewed, or audited financial statement;
- 2. A report of cash receipts and expenditures or a compiled financial statement in lieu of a reviewed or audited financial statement; or
- 3. A report of cash receipts and expenditures, a compiled financial statement, or a reviewed financial statement in lieu of an audited financial statement.

Such meeting and approval must occur before the end of the fiscal year and is effective only for the fiscal year in which the vote is taken, except that the approval may also be effective for the following fiscal year. If the developer has not turned over control of the association, all unit owners, including the developer, may vote on issues related to the preparation of the association's financial reports, from the date of incorporation of the association through the end of the

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second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which the
certificate of a surveyor and mapper is recorded pursuant to s.
718.104(4)(e) or an instrument that transfers title to a unit in
the condominium which is not accompanied by a recorded
assignment of developer rights in favor of the grantee of such
unit is recorded, whichever occurs first. Thereafter, all unit
owners except the developer may vote on such issues until
control is turned over to the association by the developer. Any
audit or review prepared under this section shall be paid for by
the developer if done before turnover of control of the
association. An association may not waive the financial
reporting requirements of this section for more than 3
consecutive years.

Section 3. Paragraphs (c) and (l) of subsection (2) of section 718.112, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

718.112 Bylaws.-

- (2) REQUIRED PROVISIONS.—The bylaws shall provide for the following and, if they do not do so, shall be deemed to include the following:
- (c) Board of administration meetings.—Meetings of the board of administration at which a quorum of the members is present are open to all unit owners. Members of the board of administration may use e-mail as a means of communication but may not cast a vote on an association matter via e-mail. A unit owner may tape record or videotape the meetings. The right to

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attend such meetings includes the right to speak at such meetings with reference to all designated agenda items. The division shall adopt reasonable rules governing the tape recording and videotaping of the meeting. The association may adopt written reasonable rules governing the frequency, duration, and manner of unit owner statements.

1. Adequate notice of all board meetings, which must specifically identify all agenda items, must be posted conspicuously on the condominium property at least 48 continuous hours before the meeting except in an emergency. If 20 percent of the voting interests petition the board to address an item of business, the board, within 60 days after receipt of the petition, shall place the item on the agenda at its next regular board meeting or at a special meeting called for that purpose. An item not included on the notice may be taken up on an emergency basis by a vote of at least a majority plus one of the board members. Such emergency action must be noticed and ratified at the next regular board meeting. Notice of any meeting in which a regular or special assessment against unit owners is to be considered must specifically state that assessments will be considered and provide the estimated amount and a description of the purposes for such assessments. However, Written notice of a meeting at which a nonemergency special assessment or an amendment to rules regarding unit use will be considered must be mailed, delivered, or electronically

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transmitted to the unit owners and posted conspicuously on the condominium property at least 14 days before the meeting. Evidence of compliance with this 14-day notice requirement must be made by an affidavit executed by the person providing the notice and filed with the official records of the association. Upon notice to the unit owners, the board shall, by duly adopted rule, designate a specific location on the condominium or association property where all notices of board meetings must be posted. If there is no condominium property or association property where notices can be posted, notices shall be mailed, delivered, or electronically transmitted to each unit owner at least 14 days before the meeting. In lieu of or in addition to the physical posting of the notice on the condominium property, the association may, by reasonable rule, adopt a procedure for conspicuously posting and repeatedly broadcasting the notice and the agenda on a closed-circuit cable television system serving the condominium association. However, if broadcast notice is used in lieu of a notice physically posted on condominium property, the notice and agenda must be broadcast at least four times every broadcast hour of each day that a posted notice is otherwise required under this section. If broadcast notice is provided, the notice and agenda must be broadcast in a manner and for a sufficient continuous length of time so as to allow an average reader to observe the notice and read and comprehend the entire content of the notice and the agenda. In addition to any

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of the authorized means of providing hotice of a meeting of the
board, the association may, by rule, adopt a procedure for
conspicuously posting the meeting notice and the agenda on a
website serving the condominium association for at least the
minimum period of time for which a notice of a meeting is also
required to be physically posted on the condominium property.
Any rule adopted shall, in addition to other matters, include a
requirement that the association send an electronic notice in
the same manner as notice for a meeting of the members, which
must include a hypertext link to the website where the notice is
posted, to unit owners whose e-mail addresses are part of the
association's official records. Notice of any meeting in which
regular or special assessments against unit owners are to be
considered must specifically state that assessments will be
considered and provide the nature, estimated cost, and
description of the purposes for such assessments.

2. Meetings of a committee to take final action on behalf of the board or make recommendations to the board regarding the association budget are subject to this paragraph. Meetings of a committee that does not take final action on behalf of the board or make recommendations to the board regarding the association budget are subject to this section, unless those meetings are exempted from this section by the bylaws of the association.

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- 3. Notwithstanding any other law, the requirement that board meetings and committee meetings be open to the unit owners does not apply to:
- a. Meetings between the board or a committee and the association's attorney, with respect to proposed or pending litigation, if the meeting is held for the purpose of seeking or rendering legal advice; or
- b. Board meetings held for the purpose of discussing personnel matters.
- Certificate of compliance. A provision that a (1)certificate of compliance from a licensed electrical contractor, or electrician, or professional engineer may be accepted by the association's board as evidence of compliance of the condominium units with the applicable fire and life safety code must be included. Notwithstanding chapter 633 or of any other code, statute, ordinance, administrative rule, or regulation, or any interpretation of the foregoing, an association, residential condominium, or unit owner is not obligated to retrofit the common elements, association property, or units of a residential condominium with a fire sprinkler system or other engineered lifesafety system in a building that is 75 feet or less in height. There is no obligation to retrofit for a building greater than 75 feet in height, calculated from the lowest level of fire department vehicle access to the floor of the highest occupiable story has been certified for occupancy by the

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applicable governmental entity if the unit owners have voted to forego such retrofitting by the affirmative vote of two-thirds a majority of all voting interests in the affected condominium. There is no requirement that owners in condominiums of 75 feet or less conduct an opt-out vote and such condominiums are exempt from fire sprinkler or other engineered lifesafety retrofitting. The preceding sentence is intended to clarify existing law. The local authority having jurisdiction may not require completion of retrofitting with a fire sprinkler system or other engineered lifesafety system before January 1, 2022 <del>2020</del>. By December 31, 2018 <del>2016</del>, an <del>a residential condominium</del> association that operates a residential condominium that is not in compliance with the requirements for a fire sprinkler system or other engineered lifesafety system and has not voted to forego retrofitting of such a system must initiate an application for a building permit for the required installation with the local government having jurisdiction demonstrating that the association will become compliant by December 31, 2021 2019.

1. A vote to forego <u>required</u> retrofitting may be obtained by limited proxy or by a ballot personally cast at a duly called membership meeting, or by execution of a written consent by the member, <u>or by electronic voting</u>, and is effective upon recording a certificate <u>executed by an officer or agent of the association</u> attesting to such vote in the public records of the county where the condominium is located. When an opt-out vote is to be

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conducted at a meeting, the association shall mail or hand deliver to each unit owner written notice at least 14 days before the membership meeting in which the vote to forego retrofitting of the required fire sprinkler system or other engineered lifesafety system is to take place. Within 30 days after the association's opt-out vote, notice of the results of the opt-out vote must be mailed or hand delivered to all unit owners. Evidence of compliance with this notice requirement must be made by affidavit executed by the person providing the notice and filed among the official records of the association. Failure to provide timely notice to unit owners does not invalidate an otherwise valid opt-out vote if notice of the results is provided to the owners. After notice is provided to each owner, a copy must be provided by the current owner to a new owner before closing and by a unit owner to a renter before signing a lease.

2. If there has been a previous vote to forego retrofitting, a vote to require retrofitting may be obtained at a special meeting of the unit owners called by a petition of at least 10 percent of the voting interests or by a majority of the board of directors. The vote to require retrofitting requires a two-thirds vote of all voting interests in the affected condominium. Such a vote may only be called once every 3 years. Notice shall be provided as required for any regularly called meeting of the unit owners, and must state the purpose of the

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meeting.	El	<del>ectronic</del>	transm	SS	<del>ion ma</del> y	<del>r nc</del>	<del>ot b</del>	e use	ed to	<del>prov</del>	<del>vide</del>
notice o	<del>f a</del>	-meeting	called	in	-whole	or	in	<del>part</del>	for	this	<del>purpose.</del>

- 3. As part of the information collected annually from condominiums, the division shall require condominium associations to report the membership vote and recording of a certificate under this subsection and, if retrofitting has been undertaken, the per-unit cost of such work. The division shall annually report to the Division of State Fire Marshal of the Department of Financial Services the number of condominiums that have elected to forego retrofitting. Compliance with this administrative reporting requirement does not affect the validity of an opt-out vote.
- 4. Notwithstanding s. 553.509, a residential association may not be obligated to, and may forego the retrofitting of, any improvements required by s. 553.509(2) upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting interests in the affected condominium.
- 5. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to timeshare condominium associations, which shall be governed by s. 721.24.

Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 718.113, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 718.113 Maintenance; limitation upon improvement; display of flag; hurricane shutters and protection; display of religious decorations.—
- (2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, there shall be no material alteration or substantial additions to the common elements or to real property which is association property, except in a manner provided in the declaration as originally recorded or as amended under the procedures provided therein. If the declaration as originally recorded or as amended under the procedures provided therein does not specify the procedure for approval of material alterations or substantial additions, 75 percent of the total voting interests of the association must approve the alterations or additions before the material alterations or substantial additions are commenced. This paragraph is intended to clarify existing law and applies to associations existing on the effective date of this act October 1, 2008.
- (b) There shall not be any material alteration of, or substantial addition to, the common elements of any condominium operated by a multicondominium association unless approved in the manner provided in the declaration of the affected condominium or condominiums as originally recorded or as amended under the procedures provided therein. If a declaration as originally recorded or as amended under the procedures provided therein does not specify a procedure for approving such an

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alteration or addition, the approval of 75 percent of the total voting interests of each affected condominium is required <a href="before">before</a> the material alterations or substantial additions are commenced. This subsection does not prohibit a provision in any declaration, articles of incorporation, or bylaws as originally recorded or as amended under the procedures provided therein requiring the approval of unit owners in any condominium operated by the same association or requiring board approval before a material alteration or substantial addition to the common elements is permitted. This paragraph is intended to clarify existing law and applies to associations existing on the effective date of this act.

(c) There shall not be any material alteration or substantial addition made to association real property operated by a multicondominium association, except as provided in the declaration, articles of incorporation, or bylaws as originally recorded or as amended under the procedures provided therein. If the declaration, articles of incorporation, or bylaws as originally recorded or as amended under the procedures provided therein do not specify the procedure for approving an alteration or addition to association real property, the approval of 75 percent of the total voting interests of the association is required before the material alterations or substantial additions are commenced. This paragraph is intended to clarify

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existing law and applies to associations existing on the effective date of this act.

Section 5. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 718.117, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (21) is added to that section, to read:

718.117 Termination of condominium.

- (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.—The Legislature finds that:
- (a) Condominiums are created as authorized by statute and are subject to covenants that encumber the land and restrict the use of real property.
- (b) In some circumstances, the continued enforcement of those covenants that may create economic waste, areas of disrepair that threaten the safety and welfare of the public, or cause obsolescence of the a condominium property for its intended use and thereby lower property tax values, and the Legislature further finds that it is the public policy of this state to provide by statute a method to preserve the value of the property interests and the rights of alienation thereof that owners have in the condominium property before and after termination.
- (c) The Legislature further finds that It is contrary to the public policy of this state to require the continued operation of a condominium when to do so constitutes economic waste or when the ability to do so is made impossible by law or regulation.

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	(d)	Ιt	is	in	the	best	inte	ere	est	of	the	state	to	provide	for
termi	nati	on c	of ·	the	COVE	enants	s of	a	de	clar	ratio	n of	con	dominium	in
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- 1. Ensure the continued maintenance, management, and repair of stormwater management systems, conservation areas, and conservation easements.
- 2. Avoid transferring the expense of maintaining infrastructure serving the condominium property, including, but not limited to, stormwater systems and conservation areas, to the general tax bases of the state and local governments.
- 3. Prevent covenants from impairing the continued productive use of the property.
- 4. Protect state residents from health and safety hazards created by derelict, damaged, obsolete, or abandoned condominium properties.
- 5. Provide for fair treatment and just compensation for individuals, preserve property values, and preserve the local property tax base.
- 6. Preserve the state's long history of protecting homestead property and homestead property rights by ensuring that such protection is extended to homestead property owners in the context of a termination of the covenants of a declaration of condominium. This section applies to all condominiums in this state in existence on or after July 1, 2007.

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(3) OPTIONAL TERMINATION.—Except as provided in subsection
(2) or unless the declaration provides for a lower percentage,
The condominium form of ownership may be terminated for all or a
portion of the condominium property pursuant to a plan of
termination meeting the requirements of this section and
approved by the division. Before a residential association
submits a plan to the division, the plan must be approved by at
least 80 percent of the total voting interests of the
condominium. However, if $5$ 10 percent or more of the total
voting interests of the condominium have rejected the plan of
termination by negative vote or by providing written objections,
the plan of termination may not proceed.

- (a) The termination of the condominium form of ownership is subject to the following conditions:
- 1. The total voting interests of the condominium must include all voting interests for the purpose of considering a plan of termination. A voting interest of the condominium may not be suspended for any reason when voting on termination pursuant to this subsection.
- 2. If  $\underline{5}$  10 percent or more of the total voting interests of the condominium reject a plan of termination, a subsequent plan of termination pursuant to this subsection may not be considered for 24  $\underline{18}$  months after the date of the rejection.
- (b) This subsection does not apply to any condominium created pursuant to part VI of this chapter until  $\underline{10}$  5 years

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 after the recording of the declaration of condominium, unless there is no objection to the plan of termination.

- means the single holder of such voting interests or an owner together with a related entity or entities that would be considered an insider, as defined in s. 726.102, holding such voting interests. If the condominium association is a residential association proposed for termination pursuant to this section and, at the time of recording the plan of termination, at least 80 percent of the total voting interests are owned by a bulk owner, the plan of termination is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
- 1. If the former condominium units are offered for lease to the public after the termination, each unit owner in occupancy immediately before the date of recording of the plan of termination may lease his or her former unit and remain in possession of the unit for 12 months after the effective date of the termination on the same terms as similar unit types within the property are being offered to the public. In order to obtain a lease and exercise the right to retain exclusive possession of the unit owner's former unit, the unit owner must make a written request to the termination trustee to rent the former unit within 90 days after the date the plan of termination is recorded. Any unit owner who fails to timely make such written request and sign a lease within 15 days after being presented

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with a lease is deemed to have waived his or her right to retain possession of his or her former unit and shall be required to vacate the former unit upon the effective date of the termination, unless otherwise provided in the plan of termination.

- 2. Any former unit owner whose unit was granted homestead exemption status by the applicable county property appraiser as of the date of the recording of the plan of termination shall be paid a relocation payment in an amount equal to 1 percent of the termination proceeds allocated to the owner's former unit. Any relocation payment payable under this subparagraph shall be paid by the single entity or related entities owning at least 80 percent of the total voting interests. Such relocation payment shall be in addition to the termination proceeds for such owner's former unit and shall be paid no later than 10 days after the former unit owner vacates his or her former unit.
- 3. For their respective units, all unit owners other than the bulk owner must be compensated at least 100 percent of the fair market value of their units. The fair market value shall be determined as of a date that is no earlier than 90 days before the date that the plan of termination is recorded and shall be determined by an independent appraiser selected by the termination trustee. For a person an original purchaser from the developer who rejects the plan of termination and whose unit was granted homestead exemption status by the applicable county

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property appraiser, or was an owner-occupied operating business, as of the date that the plan of termination is recorded and who is current in payment of both assessments and other monetary obligations to the association and any mortgage encumbering the unit as of the date the plan of termination is recorded, the fair market value for the unit owner rejecting the plan shall be at least the original purchase price paid for the unit. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "fair market value" means the price of a unit that a seller is willing to accept and a buyer is willing to pay on the open market in an arms-length transaction based on similar units sold in other condominiums, including units sold in bulk purchases but excluding units sold at wholesale or distressed prices. The purchase price of units acquired in bulk following a bankruptcy or foreclosure shall not be considered for purposes of determining fair market value.

4. The plan of termination must provide for payment of a first mortgage encumbering a unit to the extent necessary to satisfy the lien, but the payment may not exceed the unit's share of the proceeds of termination under the plan. If the unit owner is current in payment of both assessments and other monetary obligations to the association and any mortgage encumbering the unit as of the date the plan of termination is recorded, the receipt by the holder of the unit's share of the proceeds of termination under the plan or the outstanding

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balance of the mortgage, whichever is less, shall be deemed to have satisfied the first mortgage in full.

- 5. Before a plan of termination is presented to the unit owners for consideration pursuant to this paragraph, the plan must include the following written disclosures in a sworn statement:
- a. The identity of any person or entity that owns or controls  $\underline{25}$  50 percent or more of the units in the condominium and, if the units are owned by an artificial entity or entities, a disclosure of the natural person or persons who, directly or indirectly, manage or control the entity or entities and the natural person or persons who, directly or indirectly, own or control  $\underline{10}$  20 percent or more of the artificial entity or entities that constitute the bulk owner.
- b. The units acquired by any bulk owner, the date each unit was acquired, and the total amount of compensation paid to each prior unit owner by the bulk owner, regardless of whether attributed to the purchase price of the unit.
- c. The relationship of any board member to the bulk owner or any person or entity affiliated with the bulk owner subject to disclosure pursuant to this subparagraph.
- d. The factual circumstances that show that the plan complies with the requirements of this section and that the plan supports the expressed public policies of this section.

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(d) If the members of the board of administration are
elected by the bulk owner, unit owners other than the bulk owner
may elect at least one-third of the members of the board of
administration before the approval of any plan of termination.

- (e) The provisions of subsection (2) do not apply to optional termination pursuant to this subsection.
- (21) APPLICABILITY.—This section applies to all condominiums in this state in existence on or after July 1, 2007.

Section 6. The amendments made by Section 5 of this act are intended to clarify existing law, are remedial in nature and intended to address the rights and liabilities of the affected parties, and apply to all condominiums created under the Condominium Act.

Section 7. Section 718.707, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.707 Time limitation for classification as bulk assignee or bulk buyer.—A person acquiring condominium parcels may not be classified as a bulk assignee or bulk buyer unless the condominium parcels were acquired on or after July 1,  $2010_{7}$  but before July 1, 2018. The date of such acquisition shall be determined by the date of recording a deed or other instrument of conveyance for such parcels in the public records of the county in which the condominium is located, or by the date of

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issuing a certificate of title in a foreclosure proceeding with respect to such condominium parcels.

Section 8. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) and paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (4) of section 719.104, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

719.104 Cooperatives; access to units; records; financial reports; assessments; purchase of leases.—

- (2) OFFICIAL RECORDS.
- (a) From the inception of the association, the association shall maintain a copy of each of the following, where applicable, which shall constitute the official records of the association:
- 1. The plans, permits, warranties, and other items provided by the developer pursuant to s. 719.301(4).
  - 2. A photocopy of the cooperative documents.
  - 3. A copy of the current rules of the association.
- 4. A book or books containing the minutes of all meetings of the association, of the board of directors, and of the unit owners, which minutes shall be retained for a period of not less than 7 years.
- 5. A current roster of all unit owners and their mailing addresses, unit identifications, voting certifications, and, if known, telephone numbers. The association shall also maintain the electronic mailing addresses and the numbers designated by unit owners for receiving notice sent by electronic transmission

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 of those unit owners consenting to receive notice by electronic transmission. The electronic mailing addresses and numbers provided by unit owners to receive notice by electronic transmission shall be removed from association records when consent to receive notice by electronic transmission is revoked. However, the association is not liable for an erroneous disclosure of the electronic mail address or the number for receiving electronic transmission of notices.

- 6. All current insurance policies of the association.
- 7. A current copy of any management agreement, lease, or other contract to which the association is a party or under which the association or the unit owners have an obligation or responsibility.
- 8. Bills of sale or transfer for all property owned by the association.
- 9. Accounting records for the association and separate accounting records for each unit it operates, according to good accounting practices. All accounting records shall be maintained for a period of not less than 7 years. The accounting records shall include, but not be limited to:
- a. Accurate, itemized, and detailed records of all receipts and expenditures.
- b. A current account and a monthly, bimonthly, or quarterly statement of the account for each unit designating the name of the unit owner, the due date and amount of each

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assessment, the amount paid upon the account, and the balance due.

- c. All audits, reviews, accounting statements, and financial reports of the association.
- d. All contracts for work to be performed. Bids for work to be performed shall also be considered official records and shall be maintained for a period of 1 year.
- 10. Ballots, sign-in sheets, voting proxies, and all other papers and electronic records relating to voting by unit owners, which shall be maintained for a period of 1 year after the date of the election, vote, or meeting to which the document relates.
- 11. All rental records where the association is acting as agent for the rental of units.
- 12. A copy of the current question and answer sheet as described in s. 719.504.
- 13. All other written records of the association not specifically included in the foregoing which are related to the operation of the association.
- (b) The official records of the association must be maintained within the state for at least 7 years. The records of the association shall be made available to a unit owner within 45 miles of the cooperative property or within the county in which the cooperative property is located within  $\underline{10}$  5 working days after receipt of written request by the board or its designee. This paragraph may be complied with by having a copy

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of the official records of the association available for inspection or copying on the cooperative property or the association may offer the option of making the records available to a unit owner electronically via the Internet or by allowing the records to be viewed in an electronic format on a computer screen and printed upon request. The association is not responsible for the use or misuse of the information provided to an association member or his or her authorized representative pursuant to the compliance requirements of this chapter unless the association has an affirmative duty not to disclose such information pursuant to this chapter.

- (4) FINANCIAL REPORT.-
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), an association whose total annual revenues meet the criteria of this paragraph shall prepare or cause to be prepared a complete set of financial statements according to the generally accepted accounting principles adopted by the Board of Accountancy. The financial statements shall be as follows:
- 1. An association with total annual revenues between \$150,000 and \$299,999 shall prepare a compiled financial statement.
- 2. An association with total annual revenues between \$300,000 and \$499,999 shall prepare a reviewed financial statement.

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- 3. An association with total annual revenues of \$500,000 or more shall prepare an audited financial statement.
- 4. The requirement to have the financial statement compiled, reviewed, or audited does not apply to an association if a majority of the voting interests of the association present at a duly called meeting of the association have voted to waive this requirement for the fiscal year. In an association in which turnover of control by the developer has not occurred, the developer may vote to waive the audit requirement for the first 2 years of operation of the association, after which time waiver of an applicable audit requirement shall be by a majority of voting interests other than the developer. The meeting shall be held prior to the end of the fiscal year, and the waiver shall be effective for only one fiscal year. An association may not waive the financial reporting requirements of this section for more than 3 consecutive years.
- (c)1. An association with total annual revenues of less than \$150,000 shall prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures.
- 2. An association in a community of fewer than 50 units, regardless of the association's annual revenues, shall prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of the financial statements required by paragraph (b), unless the declaration or other recorded governing documents provide otherwise.

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2.3. A report of cash receipts and expenditures must disclose the amount of receipts by accounts and receipt classifications and the amount of expenses by accounts and expense classifications, including the following, as applicable: costs for security, professional, and management fees and expenses; taxes; costs for recreation facilities; expenses for refuse collection and utility services; expenses for lawn care; costs for building maintenance and repair; insurance costs; administration and salary expenses; and reserves, if maintained by the association.

Section 9. Subsection (5) of section 719.1055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

719.1055 Amendment of cooperative documents; alteration and acquisition of property.—

- (5) The bylaws must include a provision whereby a certificate of compliance from a licensed electrical contractor, or electrician, or professional engineer may be accepted by the association's board as evidence of compliance of the cooperative units with the applicable fire and life safety code.
- (a)1. Notwithstanding chapter 633 or any other code, statute, ordinance, administrative rule, or regulation, or any interpretation of the foregoing, an association a cooperative or unit owner is not obligated to retrofit the common elements or units of a residential cooperative with a fire sprinkler system or other engineered lifesafety system in a building that is 75

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feet or less in height. There is no obligation to retrofit for a building greater than 75 feet in height, calculated from the lowest level of fire department vehicle access to the floor of the highest occupiable story has been certified for occupancy by the applicable governmental entity if the unit owners have voted to forego such retrofitting by the affirmative vote of twothirds a majority of all voting interests in the affected cooperative. There is no requirement that owners in cooperatives of 75 feet or less conduct an opt-out vote and such cooperatives are exempt from fire sprinkler or other engineered life safety retrofitting. The preceding sentence is intended to clarify existing law. The local authority having jurisdiction may not require completion of retrofitting with a fire sprinkler system or other engineered life safety system before January 1, 2022 the end of 2019. By December 31, 2018 2016, a cooperative that is not in compliance with the requirements for a fire sprinkler system or other engineered lifesafety system and has not voted to forego retrofitting of such a system must initiate an application for a building permit for the required installation with the local government having jurisdiction demonstrating that the cooperative will become compliant by December 31, 2021 2019.

2. A vote to forego <u>required</u> retrofitting may be obtained by limited proxy or by a ballot personally cast at a duly called membership meeting, or by execution of a written consent by the member, or by electronic voting, and is effective upon recording

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a certificate executed by an officer or agent of the association attesting to such vote in the public records of the county where the cooperative is located. When the opt-out vote is to be conducted at a meeting, the cooperative shall mail or hand deliver to each unit owner written notice at least 14 days before the membership meeting in which the vote to forego retrofitting of the required fire sprinkler system or other engineered lifesafety system is to take place. Within 30 days after the cooperative's opt-out vote, notice of the results of the opt-out vote must be mailed or hand delivered to all unit owners. Evidence of compliance with this notice requirement must be made by affidavit executed by the person providing the notice and filed among the official records of the cooperative. Failure to provide timely notice to unit owners does not invalidate an otherwise valid opt-out vote if notice of the results is provided to the owners. After notice is provided to each owner, a copy must be provided by the current owner to a new owner before closing and by a unit owner to a renter before signing a lease.

(b) If there has been a previous vote to forego retrofitting, a vote to require retrofitting may be obtained at a special meeting of the unit owners called by a petition of least 10 percent of the voting interests or by a majority of the board of directors. The vote to require retrofitting requires a two-thirds vote of all voting interests in the affected

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<u>cooperative.</u> Such vote may only be called once every 3 years.
Notice must be provided as required for any regularly called
meeting of the unit owners, and the notice must state the
purpose of the meeting. Electronic transmission may not be used
to provide notice of a meeting called in whole or in part for
this purpose.

(c) As part of the information collected annually from cooperatives, the division shall require associations to report the membership vote and recording of a certificate under this subsection and, if retrofitting has been undertaken, the perunit cost of such work. The division shall annually report to the Division of State Fire Marshal of the Department of Financial Services the number of cooperatives that have elected to forego retrofitting. Compliance with this administrative reporting requirement does not affect the validity of an opt-out vote.

Section 10. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 719.106, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (m) is added to that subsection, to read:

719.106 Bylaws; cooperative ownership.-

- (1) MANDATORY PROVISIONS.—The bylaws or other cooperative documents shall provide for the following, and if they do not, they shall be deemed to include the following:
  - (a) Administration.

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1. The form of administration of the association shall be
described, indicating the titles of the officers and board of
administration and specifying the powers, duties, manner of
selection and removal, and compensation, if any, of officers and
board members. In the absence of such a provision, the board of
administration shall be composed of five members, except in the
case of cooperatives having five or fewer units, in which case
in not-for-profit corporations, the board shall consist of not
fewer than three members. In a residential cooperative
association of more than 10 units, co-owners of a unit may not
serve as members of the board of directors at the same time
unless the co-owners own more than one unit or unless there are
not enough eligible candidates to fill the vacancies on the
board at the time of the vacancy. In the absence of provisions
to the contrary, the board of administration shall have a
president, a secretary, and a treasurer, who shall perform the
duties of those offices customarily performed by officers of
corporations. Unless prohibited in the bylaws, the board of
administration may appoint other officers and grant them those
duties it deems appropriate. Unless otherwise provided in the
bylaws, the officers shall serve without compensation and at the
pleasure of the board. Unless otherwise provided in the bylaws,
the members of the board shall serve without compensation.

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2. A person who has been suspended or removed by the

division under this chapter, or who is delinquent in the payment

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of any monetary obligation due to the association, is not eligible to be a candidate for board membership and may not be listed on the ballot. A director or officer charged by information or indictment with a felony theft or embezzlement offense involving the association's funds or property is suspended from office. The board shall fill the vacancy according to general law until the end of the period of the suspension or the end of the director's term of office, whichever occurs first. However, if the charges are resolved without a finding of guilt or without acceptance of a plea of quilty or nolo contendere, the director or officer shall be reinstated for any remainder of his or her term of office. A member who has such criminal charges pending may not be appointed or elected to a position as a director or officer. A person who has been convicted of any felony in this state or in any United States District Court, or who has been convicted of any offense in another jurisdiction which would be considered a felony if committed in this state, is not eligible for board membership unless such felon's civil rights have been restored for at least 5 years as of the date such person seeks election to the board. The validity of an action by the board is not affected if it is later determined that a board member is ineligible for board membership due to having been convicted of a felony.

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- When a unit owner files a written inquiry by certified mail with the board of administration, the board shall respond in writing to the unit owner within 30 days of receipt of the inquiry. The board's response shall either give a substantive response to the inquirer, notify the inquirer that a legal opinion has been requested, or notify the inquirer that advice has been requested from the division. If the board requests advice from the division, the board shall, within 10 days of its receipt of the advice, provide in writing a substantive response to the inquirer. If a legal opinion is requested, the board shall, within 60 days after the receipt of the inquiry, provide in writing a substantive response to the inquirer. The failure to provide a substantive response to the inquirer as provided herein precludes the board from recovering attorney's fees and costs in any subsequent litigation, administrative proceeding, or arbitration arising out of the inquiry. The association may, through its board of administration, adopt reasonable rules and regulations regarding the frequency and manner of responding to the unit owners' inquiries, one of which may be that the association is obligated to respond to only one written inquiry per unit in any given 30-day period. In such case, any additional inquiry or inquiries must be responded to in the subsequent 30-day period, or periods, as applicable.
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of administration may use e-mail as a means of communication but

Board of administration meetings. - Members of the board

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may not cast a vote on an association matter via e-mail. Meetings of the board of administration at which a quorum of the members is present shall be open to all unit owners. Any unit owner may tape record or videotape meetings of the board of administration. The right to attend such meetings includes the right to speak at such meetings with reference to all designated agenda items. The division shall adopt reasonable rules governing the tape recording and videotaping of the meeting. The association may adopt reasonable written rules governing the frequency, duration, and manner of unit owner statements. Adequate notice of all meetings shall be posted in a conspicuous place upon the cooperative property at least 48 continuous hours preceding the meeting, except in an emergency. Any item not included on the notice may be taken up on an emergency basis by at least a majority plus one of the members of the board. Such emergency action shall be noticed and ratified at the next regular meeting of the board. Notice of any meeting in which regular or special assessments against unit owners are to be considered must specifically state that assessments will be considered and provide the estimated amount and description of the purposes for such assessments. However, Written notice of any meeting at which nonemergency special assessments, or at which amendment to rules regarding unit use, will be considered shall be mailed, delivered, or electronically transmitted to the unit owners and posted conspicuously on the cooperative property

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# COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. CS/CS/HB 653 (2017)

#### Amendment No. 1

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not less than 14 days before the meeting. Evidence of compliance with this 14-day notice shall be made by an affidavit executed by the person providing the notice and filed among the official records of the association. Upon notice to the unit owners, the board shall by duly adopted rule designate a specific location on the cooperative property upon which all notices of board meetings shall be posted. In lieu of or in addition to the physical posting of notice of any meeting of the board of administration on the cooperative property, the association may, by reasonable rule, adopt a procedure for conspicuously posting and repeatedly broadcasting the notice and the agenda on a closed-circuit cable television system serving the cooperative association. However, if broadcast notice is used in lieu of a notice posted physically on the cooperative property, the notice and agenda must be broadcast at least four times every broadcast hour of each day that a posted notice is otherwise required under this section. When broadcast notice is provided, the notice and agenda must be broadcast in a manner and for a sufficient continuous length of time so as to allow an average reader to observe the notice and read and comprehend the entire content of the notice and the agenda. In addition to any of the authorized means of providing notice of a meeting of the board, the association may, by rule, adopt a procedure for conspicuously posting the meeting notice and the agenda on a website serving the cooperative association for at least the

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# COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. CS/CS/HB 653 (2017)

#### Amendment No. 1

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minimum period of time for which a notice of a meeting is also required to be physically posted on the cooperative property. Any rule adopted shall, in addition to other matters, include a requirement that the association send an electronic notice in the same manner as notice for a meeting of the members, which must include a hypertext link to the website where the notice is posted, to unit owners whose e-mail addresses are part of the association's official records. Notice of any meeting in which regular assessments against unit owners are to be considered for any reason shall specifically contain a statement that assessments will be considered and the nature of any such assessments. Meetings of a committee to take final action on behalf of the board or to make recommendations to the board regarding the association budget are subject to the provisions of this paragraph. Meetings of a committee that does not take final action on behalf of the board or make recommendations to the board regarding the association budget are subject to the provisions of this section, unless those meetings are exempted from this section by the bylaws of the association. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the requirement that board meetings and committee meetings be open to the unit owners does not apply to board or committee meetings held for the purpose of discussing personnel matters or meetings between the board or a committee and the association's attorney, with

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(m) Director or officer delinquencies.—A director or officer more than 90 days delinquent in the payment of any monetary obligation due the association shall be deemed to have abandoned the office, creating a vacancy in the office to be filled according to law.

Section 11. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 719.107, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

719.107 Common expenses; assessment.

1161 (1)

- (b) If so provided in the bylaws, the cost of communications services as defined in chapter 202, information services, or Internet services a master antenna television system or duly franchised cable television service obtained pursuant to a bulk contract shall be deemed a common expense, and if not obtained pursuant to a bulk contract, such cost shall be considered common expense if it is designated as such in a written contract between the board of administration and the company providing the communications services as defined in chapter 202, information services, or Internet services master television antenna system or the cable television service. The contract shall be for a term of not less than 2 years.
- 1. Any contract made by the board after April 2, 1992, for a community antenna system or duly franchised cable television

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 service, communications services as defined in chapter 202, information services, or Internet services may be canceled by a majority of the voting interests present at the next regular or special meeting of the association. Any member may make a motion to cancel the contract, but if no motion is made or if such motion fails to obtain the required majority at the next regular or special meeting, whichever is sooner, following the making of the contract, then such contract shall be deemed ratified for the term therein expressed.

2. Any such contract shall provide, and shall be deemed to provide if not expressly set forth, that any hearing impaired or legally blind unit owner who does not occupy the unit with a nonhearing impaired or sighted person may discontinue the service without incurring disconnect fees, penalties, or subsequent service charges, and as to such units, the owners shall not be required to pay any common expenses charge related to such service. If less than all members of an association share the expenses of cable television, the expense shall be shared equally by all participating unit owners. The association may use the provisions of s. 719.108 to enforce payment of the shares of such costs by the unit owners receiving cable television.

Section 12. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (2) and subsection (7) of section 720.303, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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720.303 Association powers and duties; meetings of board; official records; budgets; financial reporting; association funds; recalls.—

- (2) BOARD MEETINGS.-
- Members of the board of administration may use e-mail as a means of communication, but may not cast a vote on an association matter via e-mail. A meeting of the board of directors of an association occurs whenever a quorum of the board gathers to conduct association business. Meetings of the board must be open to all members, except for meetings between the board and its attorney with respect to proposed or pending litigation where the contents of the discussion would otherwise be governed by the attorney-client privilege. A meeting of the board must be held at a location that is accessible to a physically handicapped person if requested by a physically handicapped person who has a right to attend the meeting. The provisions of this subsection shall also apply to the meetings of any committee or other similar body when a final decision will be made regarding the expenditure of association funds and to meetings of any body vested with the power to approve or disapprove architectural decisions with respect to a specific parcel of residential property owned by a member of the community.
- (c) The bylaws shall provide the following for giving notice to parcel owners and members of all board meetings and,

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if they do not do so, shall be deemed to <u>include</u> provide the following:

Notices of all board meetings must be posted in a conspicuous place in the community at least 48 hours in advance of a meeting, except in an emergency. In the alternative, if notice is not posted in a conspicuous place in the community, notice of each board meeting must be mailed or delivered to each member at least 7 days before the meeting, except in an emergency. Notwithstanding this general notice requirement, for communities with more than 100 members, the association bylaws may provide for a reasonable alternative to posting or mailing of notice for each board meeting, including publication of notice, provision of a schedule of board meetings, or the conspicuous posting and repeated broadcasting of the notice on a closed-circuit cable television system serving the homeowners' association. However, if broadcast notice is used in lieu of a notice posted physically in the community, the notice must be broadcast at least four times every broadcast hour of each day that a posted notice is otherwise required. When broadcast notice is provided, the notice and agenda must be broadcast in a manner and for a sufficient continuous length of time so as to allow an average reader to observe the notice and read and comprehend the entire content of the notice and the agenda. The association may provide notice by electronic transmission in a manner authorized by law for meetings of the board of directors,

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committee meetings requiring notice under this section, and annual and special meetings of the members to any member who has provided a facsimile number or e-mail address to the association to be used for such purposes; however, a member must consent in writing to receiving notice by electronic transmission.

- 2. An assessment may not be levied at a board meeting unless the notice of the meeting includes a statement that assessments will be considered and the nature of the assessments. Written notice of any meeting at which special assessments will be considered or at which amendments to rules regarding parcel use will be considered must be mailed, delivered, or electronically transmitted to the members and parcel owners and posted conspicuously on the property or broadcast on closed-circuit cable television not less than 14 days before the meeting.
- 3. Directors may not vote by proxy or by secret ballot at board meetings, except that secret ballots may be used in the election of officers. This subsection also applies to the meetings of any committee or other similar body, when a final decision will be made regarding the expenditure of association funds, and to any body vested with the power to approve or disapprove architectural decisions with respect to a specific parcel of residential property owned by a member of the community.

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(7) FINANCIAL REPORTING.—Within 90 days after the end of
the fiscal year, or annually on the date provided in the bylaws,
the association shall prepare and complete, or contract with a
third party for the preparation and completion of, a financial
report for the preceding fiscal year. Within 21 days after the
final financial report is completed by the association or
received from the third party, but not later than 120 days after
the end of the fiscal year or other date as provided in the
bylaws, the association shall, within the time limits set forth
in subsection (5), provide each member with a copy of the annual
financial report or a written notice that a copy of the
financial report is available upon request at no charge to the
member. Financial reports shall be prepared as follows:

- (a) An association that meets the criteria of this paragraph shall prepare or cause to be prepared a complete set of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as adopted by the Board of Accountancy. The financial statements shall be based upon the association's total annual revenues, as follows:
- 1. An association with total annual revenues of \$150,000 or more, but less than \$300,000, shall prepare compiled financial statements.
- 2. An association with total annual revenues of at least \$300,000, but less than \$500,000, shall prepare reviewed financial statements.

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- 3. An association with total annual revenues of \$500,000 or more shall prepare audited financial statements.
- (b)1. An association with total annual revenues of less than \$150,000 shall prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures.
- 2. An association in a community of fewer than 50 parcels, regardless of the association's annual revenues, may prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of financial statements required by paragraph (a) unless the governing documents provide otherwise.
- 2.3. A report of cash receipts and disbursement must disclose the amount of receipts by accounts and receipt classifications and the amount of expenses by accounts and expense classifications, including, but not limited to, the following, as applicable: costs for security, professional, and management fees and expenses; taxes; costs for recreation facilities; expenses for refuse collection and utility services; expenses for lawn care; costs for building maintenance and repair; insurance costs; administration and salary expenses; and reserves if maintained by the association.
- (c) If 20 percent of the parcel owners petition the board for a level of financial reporting higher than that required by this section, the association shall duly notice and hold a meeting of members within 30 days of receipt of the petition for the purpose of voting on raising the level of reporting for that

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fiscal year. Upon approval of a majority of the total voting	
interests of the parcel owners, the association shall prepare	01
cause to be prepared, shall amend the budget or adopt a special	al
assessment to pay for the financial report regardless of any	
provision to the contrary in the governing documents, and shall	11
provide within 90 days of the meeting or the end of the fiscal	1
year, whichever occurs later:	

- 1. Compiled, reviewed, or audited financial statements, if the association is otherwise required to prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures;
- 2. Reviewed or audited financial statements, if the association is otherwise required to prepare compiled financial statements; or
- 3. Audited financial statements if the association is otherwise required to prepare reviewed financial statements.
- (d) If approved by a majority of the voting interests present at a properly called meeting of the association, an association may prepare or cause to be prepared:
- 1. A report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of a compiled, reviewed, or audited financial statement;
- 2. A report of cash receipts and expenditures or a compiled financial statement in lieu of a reviewed or audited financial statement; or

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- 3. A report of cash receipts and expenditures, a compiled financial statement, or a reviewed financial statement in lieu of an audited financial statement.
- Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of section 720.306, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 720.306 Meetings of members; voting and election procedures; amendments.—
  - (9) ELECTIONS AND BOARD VACANCIES.-
- (a) Elections of directors must be conducted in accordance with the procedures set forth in the governing documents of the association. Except as provided in paragraph (b), all members of the association are eliqible to serve on the board of directors, and a member may nominate himself or herself as a candidate for the board at a meeting where the election is to be held; provided, however, that if the election process allows candidates to be nominated in advance of the meeting, the association is not required to allow nominations at the meeting. An election is not required unless more candidates are nominated than vacancies exist. If an election is not required because there are either an equal number or fewer qualified candidates than vacancies exist, and if nominations from the floor are not required pursuant to this section or the bylaws, write-in nominations are not permitted and such candidates shall commence service on the board of directors, regardless of whether a quorum is attained at the annual meeting. Except as otherwise

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provided in the governing documents, boards of directors must be elected by a plurality of the votes cast by eligible voters. Any challenge to the election process must be commenced within 60 days after the election results are announced.

Section 14. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 720.3085, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

720.3085 Payment for assessments; lien claims.-

- (3) Assessments and installments on assessments that are not paid when due bear interest from the due date until paid at the rate provided in the declaration of covenants or the bylaws of the association, which rate may not exceed the rate allowed by law. If no rate is provided in the declaration or bylaws, interest accrues at the rate of 18 percent per year.
- (b) Any payment received by an association and accepted shall be applied first to any interest accrued, then to any administrative late fee, then to any costs and reasonable attorney fees incurred in collection, and then to the delinquent assessment. This paragraph applies notwithstanding any restrictive endorsement, designation, or instruction placed on or accompanying a payment. A late fee is not subject to the provisions of chapter 687 and is not a fine. The foregoing is applicable notwithstanding s. 673.3111, any purported accord and satisfaction, or any restrictive endorsement, designation, or instruction placed on or accompanying a payment. The preceding sentence is intended to clarify existing law.

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Section 15. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.

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# 1401 TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert: An act relating to community associations; creating s. 633.2225, F.S.; requiring certain condominium or cooperative associations to post certain signs or symbols on buildings; requiring the State Fire Marshal to adopt rules governing such signs or symbols; providing for enforcement; providing penalties; amending s. 718.111, F.S.; revising reporting requirements; amending s. 718.112, F.S.; authorizing an association to adopt rules for posting certain notices on a website; revising provisions relating to required condominium and cooperative association bylaws; revising provisions relating to evidence of condominium and cooperative association compliance with the fire and life safety code; revising unit and common elements required to be retrofitted; revising provisions relating to an association vote to forego retrofitting; providing applicability; amending s. 718.113, F.S.; revising voting requirements relating to alterations and additions to certain common elements or association property; amending s. 718.117, F.S.; providing legislative findings; revising voting requirements for the rejection of a plan of

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termination; increasing the amount of time to consider a plan of termination under certain conditions; revising applicability; revising the requirements to qualify for payment as a homestead owner if the owner has rejected a plan of termination; revising and providing notice requirements; amending s. 718.707, F.S.; revising the time period for classification as bulk assignee or bulk buyer; amending s. 719.104, F.S.; revising recordkeeping and reporting requirements; amending s. 719.1055, F.S.; revising provisions relating to required condominium and cooperative association bylaws; revising provisions relating to evidence of condominium and cooperative association compliance with the fire and life safety code; revising unit and common elements required to be retrofitted; revising provisions relating to an association vote to forego retrofitting; providing applicability; amending s. 719.106, F.S.; revising requirements to serve as a board member; prohibiting a board member from voting via e-mail; requiring that directors who are delinquent in certain payments owed in excess of certain periods of time be deemed to have abandoned their offices; authorizing an association to adopt rules for posting certain notices on a website; amending s. 719.107, F.S.; specifying certain services which are obtained pursuant to a bulk contract to be deemed a common expense; amending s. 720.303, F.S.;

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# COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. CS/CS/HB 653 (2017)

## Amendment No. 1

1448	prohibiting a board member from voting via e-mail; revising
1449	certain notice requirements relating to board meetings;
1450	revising financial reporting requirements; authorizing an
1451	association to adopt rules for posting certain notices on a
1452	website; amending s. 720.306, F.S.; revising elections
1453	requirements; amending s. 720.3085, F.S.; providing
1454	applicability; providing an effective date.

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