By Senator Baxley

12-00670-17

	12-006/0-1/ 201/680
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to bail bonds; amending s. 903.045,
3	F.S.; revising legislative intent concerning the
4	obligations of a bail bond agent; requiring that
5	anyone charging a fee or premium to post a cash or
6	surety bail bond must be licensed under specified
7	provisions; amending s. 903.26, F.S.; specifying that
8	a defendant's failure to appear before the court in a
9	proceeding for which the surety bond was posted
10	requires the bond and any bonds or money deposited as
11	bail to be forfeited; revising the circumstances that
12	require a forfeiture to be discharged; amending s.
13	903.28, F.S.; clarifying the amount of forfeiture to
14	be remitted under different specified conditions;
15	amending s. 903.31, F.S.; specifying that certain
16	provisions concerning the cancellation of a bond do
17	not apply if the bond is forfeited within a specified
18	period after it has been posted; providing that an
19	original appearance bond does not guarantee placement
20	in a court-ordered program; providing an effective
21	date.
22	
23	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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25	Section 1. Section 903.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to
26	read:
27	903.045 Nature of criminal surety bail bonds.—It is the
28	public policy of this state and the intent of the Legislature
29	that a criminal surety bail bond, executed by a bail bond agent
30	licensed pursuant to chapter 648 in connection with the pretrial
31	or appellate release of a criminal defendant, shall be construed
32	as a commitment by and an obligation upon the bail bond agent to

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12-00670-17 2017680 33 ensure that the defendant appears at all subsequent criminal 34 proceedings for which the surety bond was posted. A person, 35 corporation, company, or other entity that charges a fee or 36 premium to facilitate the release of an accused defendant from 37 jail through the posting of a cash or surety bail bond must be 38 licensed pursuant to chapter 648 and otherwise fulfills all 39 conditions of the bond. The failure of a defendant to appear at 40 any subsequent criminal proceeding or the breach by the defendant of any other condition of the bond constitutes a 41 42 breach by the bail bond agent of this commitment and obligation. Section 2. Subsections (2), (5), (6), (7), and (8) of 43 44 section 903.26, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 903.26 Forfeiture of the bond; when and how directed; 45 46 discharge; how and when made; effect of payment.-47 (2)(a) If there is a failure of the defendant to appear as required breach of the bond, the court shall declare the bond 48 49 and any bonds or money deposited as bail forfeited. The clerk of 50 the court shall mail or electronically transmit a notice to the 51 surety agent and surety company within 5 days after the 52 forfeiture. A certificate signed by the clerk of the court or 53 the clerk's designee, certifying that the notice required herein 54 was mailed or electronically transmitted on a specified date and 55 accompanied by a copy of the required notice, shall constitute 56 sufficient proof that such mailing or electronic transmission 57 was properly accomplished as indicated therein. If such mailing 58 or electronic transmission was properly accomplished as 59 evidenced by such certificate, the failure of the surety agent, 60 of a company, or of a defendant to receive such notice shall not constitute a defense to such forfeiture and shall not be grounds 61

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12-00670-17 2017680 62 for discharge, remission, reduction, set aside, or continuance 63 of such forfeiture. The forfeiture shall be paid within 60 days 64 after of the date the notice was mailed or electronically 65 transmitted. 66 (b) Failure of the defendant to appear at the time, date, 67 and place of required appearance shall result in forfeiture of 68 the bond. Such forfeiture shall be automatically entered by the 69 clerk upon such failure to appear, and the clerk shall follow 70 the procedures outlined in paragraph (a). However, the court may determine, in its discretion, in the interest of justice, that 71 72 an appearance by the defendant on the same day as required does 73 not warrant forfeiture of the bond; and the court may direct the 74 clerk to set aside any such forfeiture which may have been 75 entered. Any appearance by the defendant later than the required 76 day constitutes forfeiture of the bond, and the court shall not 77 preclude entry of such forfeiture by the clerk.

(c) If there is a <u>forfeiture</u> breach of the bond, the clerk shall provide, upon request, a certified copy of the warrant or capias to the bail bond agent or surety company.

81 (5) The court shall discharge a forfeiture within 60 days 82 upon:

(a) A determination that it was impossible for the defendant to appear as required <u>or within 60 days after the date</u> of the required appearance due to circumstances beyond the defendant's control. The potential adverse economic consequences of appearing as required <u>may shall</u> not be considered as constituting a ground for such a determination;

(b) A determination that, at the time of the requiredappearance or within 60 days after the date of the required

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91	appearance, the defendant was adjudicated insane and confined in
92	an institution or hospital <u>;</u>
93	state, federal, or immigration detention facility; was deported;
94	or is deceased a jail or prison;
95	(c) Surrender or arrest of the defendant if the delay has
96	not thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant. If the
97	forfeiture has been before discharge, the court shall direct
98	remission of the forfeiture. The court shall condition a
99	discharge or remission on the payment of costs and the expenses
100	incurred by an official in returning the defendant to the
101	jurisdiction of the court; or
102	(d) A determination that the state is unwilling to seek
103	extradition of the fugitive defendant within 10 days after a
104	request by the surety to do so, and contingent upon the surety
105	agent's consent to pay all transportation costs incurred by an
106	official in returning the defendant to the jurisdiction of the
107	court, up to the penal amount of the bond.
108	(6) The discharge of a forfeiture shall not be ordered for
109	any reason other than as specified herein.
110	<u>(6)</u> The payment by a surety of a forfeiture under the
111	provisions of this law shall have the same effect on the bond as
112	payment of a judgment.
113	(7) (8) If the defendant is arrested and returned to the
114	county of jurisdiction of the court <u>or has posted a new bond for</u>
115	the case at issue before prior to judgment, the clerk, upon
116	affirmation by the sheriff or the chief correctional officer,
117	shall, without further <u>hearing or</u> order of the court, discharge
118	the forfeiture of the bond. However, if the surety agent fails
119	to pay the costs and expenses incurred in returning the

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     defendant to the county of jurisdiction, the clerk shall not
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     discharge the forfeiture of the bond. If the surety agent and
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     the sheriff fail to agree on the amount of said costs, then the
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     court, after notice to the sheriff and the state attorney, shall
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     determine the amount of the costs.
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          Section 3. Subsections (2), (3), (4), (5), and (6) of
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     section 903.28, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
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          903.28 Remission of forfeiture; conditions.-
           (2) If the defendant surrenders or is apprehended within 90
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     days after forfeiture, the court, on motion at a hearing upon
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     notice having been given to the clerk of the circuit court and
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     the state attorney as required in subsection (8), shall direct
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     remission of up to, but not more than, 100 percent of a
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     forfeiture if the surety apprehended and surrendered the
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     defendant or if the apprehension or surrender of the defendant
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     was substantially procured or caused by the surety, or the
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     surety has substantially attempted to procure or cause the
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     apprehension or surrender of the defendant, and the delay has
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     not thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant. In
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     addition, remission shall be granted when the surety did not
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     substantially participate or attempt to participate in the
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     apprehension or surrender of the defendant when the costs of
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     returning the defendant to the jurisdiction of the court have
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     been deducted from the remission and when the delay has not
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     thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant.
145
           (3) If the defendant surrenders or is apprehended within
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146 180 days after forfeiture, the court, on motion at a hearing 147 upon notice having been given to the clerk of the circuit court 148 and the state attorney as required in subsection (8), shall

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12-00670-17 2017680 149 direct remission of up to, but not more than, 95 percent of a 150 forfeiture if the surety apprehended and surrendered the 151 defendant or if the apprehension or surrender of the defendant 152 was substantially procured or caused by the surety, or the 153 surety has substantially attempted to procure or cause the 154 apprehension or surrender of the defendant, and the delay has 155 not thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant. In 156 addition, remission shall be granted when the surety did not 157 substantially participate or attempt to participate in the 158 apprehension or surrender of the defendant when the costs of 159 returning the defendant to the jurisdiction of the court have 160 been deducted from the remission and when the delay has not 161 thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant.

162 (4) If the defendant surrenders or is apprehended within 163 270 days after forfeiture, the court, on motion at a hearing 164 upon notice having been given to the clerk of the circuit court 165 and the state attorney as required in subsection (8), shall 166 direct remission of up to, but not more than, 90 percent of a 167 forfeiture if the surety apprehended and surrendered the 168 defendant or if the apprehension or surrender of the defendant 169 was substantially procured or caused by the surety, or the 170 surety has substantially attempted to procure or cause the 171 apprehension or surrender of the defendant, and the delay has 172 not thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant. In addition, remission shall be granted when the surety did not 173 174 substantially participate or attempt to participate in the 175 apprehension or surrender of the defendant when the costs of 176 returning the defendant to the jurisdiction of the court have 177 been deducted from the remission and when the delay has not

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179 (5) If the defendant surrenders or is apprehended within 1 180 year after forfeiture, the court, on motion at a hearing upon notice having been given to the clerk of the circuit court and 181 182 the state attorney as required in subsection (8), shall direct 183 remission of up to, but not more than, 85 percent of a 184 forfeiture if the surety apprehended and surrendered the 185 defendant or if the apprehension or surrender of the defendant was substantially procured or caused by the surety, or the 186 187 surety has substantially attempted to procure or cause the 188 apprehension or surrender of the defendant, and the delay has 189 not thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant. In 190 addition, remission shall be granted when the surety did not 191 substantially participate or attempt to participate in the 192 apprehension or surrender of the defendant when the costs of 193 returning the defendant to the jurisdiction of the court have 194 been deducted from the remission and when the delay has not 195 thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant.

thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant.

196 (6) If the defendant surrenders or is apprehended within 2 197 years after forfeiture, the court, on motion at a hearing upon notice having been given to the clerk of the circuit court and 198 199 the state attorney as required in subsection (8), shall direct 200 remission of up to, but not more than, 50 percent of a 201 forfeiture if the surety apprehended and surrendered the 202 defendant or if the apprehension or surrender of the defendant 203 was substantially procured or caused by the surety, or the 204 surety has substantially attempted to procure or cause the 205 apprehension or surrender of the defendant, and the delay has 206 not thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant. In

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208	substantially participate or attempt to participate in the
209	apprehension or surrender of the defendant when the costs of
210	returning the defendant to the jurisdiction of the court have
211	been deducted from the remission and when the delay has not
212	thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant.
213	Section 4. Section 903.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to
214	read:
215	903.31 Canceling the bond
216	(1) Within 10 business days after the conditions of a bond
217	have been satisfied or the forfeiture discharged or remitted,
218	the court shall order the bond canceled and, if the surety has
219	attached a certificate of cancellation to the original bond, the
220	clerk of the court shall mail or electronically furnish an
221	executed certificate of cancellation to the surety without cost.
222	An adjudication of guilt or innocence, an acquittal, <u>if a period</u>
223	of 36 months has passed since the original bond was posted, or a
224	withholding of an adjudication of guilt shall satisfy the
225	conditions of the bond. The original appearance bond shall
226	expire 36 months after such bond has been posted for the release
227	of the defendant from custody. This subsection does not apply to
228	cases in which a bond has been declared forfeited <u>before the 36-</u>
229	month expiration.
230	(2) The original appearance bond does not guarantee <u>a</u>
231	deferred <u>sentence;</u> sentences, appearance during or after a
232	presentence investigation; $_{ au}$ appearance during or after appeals; $_{ au}$
233	conduct during or appearance after admission to a pretrial
234	intervention program; $_{ au}$ placement in a court-ordered program,

235 <u>including a residential mental health facility;</u> payment of

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236	fines $_{; au}$ or attendance at educational or rehabilitation
237	facilities the court otherwise provides in the judgment. If the
238	original appearance bond has been forfeited or revoked, the bond
239	shall not be reinstated without approval from the surety on the
240	original bond.
241	(3) <u>If</u> In any case where no formal charges <u>are</u> have been
242	brought against the defendant within 365 days after arrest, the
243	court shall order the bond canceled unless good cause is shown
244	by the state.
245	Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.