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A bill to be entitled An act relating to utilities; amending s. 337.401, F.S.; providing a short title; defining terms; prohibiting the Department of Transportation and certain local governmental entities, collectively referred to as the "authority," from prohibiting, regulating, or charging for the collocation of small wireless facilities in public rights-of-way under certain circumstances; specifying that an authority may require permit fees only under certain circumstances; requiring an authority to receive and process applications for and to issue permits subject to specified requirements; providing that approval of, and charges by, an authority are not required for routine maintenance, the replacement of certain wireless facilities, or the installation, placement, maintenance, or replacement of certain micro wireless facilities; requiring an authority to approve the collocation of small wireless facilities on authority utility poles, subject to certain requirements; providing requirements for rates, fees, and other terms related to authority utility poles; providing that specified provisions do not authorize collocations of small wireless facilities on certain property; prohibiting an authority from adopting or

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26	enforcing any regulations on the placement or
27	operation of certain communications facilities and
28	from regulating any communications services or
29	imposing or collecting any taxes, fees, or charges not
30	specifically authorized under state law; providing an
31	effective date.
32	
33	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
34	
35	Section 1. Subsection (7) is added to section 337.401,
36	Florida Statutes, to read:
37	337.401 Use of right-of-way for utilities subject to
38	regulation; permit; fees.—
39	(7)(a) This subsection shall be known as the "Advanced
40	Wireless Infrastructure Deployment Act."
41	(b) As used in this subsection, the following definitions
42	apply:
43	1. "Antenna" means communications equipment that transmits
44	or receives electromagnetic radio frequency signals used in
45	providing wireless services.
46	2. "Applicable codes" means uniform building, fire,
47	electrical, plumbing, or mechanical codes adopted by a
48	recognized national code organization, or local amendments to
49	those codes, enacted solely to address threats of destruction of
50	property or injury to persons.

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3. "Applicant" means a person who submits an application and is a wireless provider.

- 4. "Application" means a request submitted by an applicant to an authority for a permit to collocate small wireless facilities.
- 5. "Authority utility pole" means a utility pole owned or operated by an authority in the right-of-way.
- 6. "Collocate" or "collocation" means to install, mount, maintain, modify, operate, or replace one or more wireless facilities on, under, within, or adjacent to a wireless support structure or utility pole.
 - 7. "FCC" means the Federal Communications Commission.
- 8. "Micro wireless facility" means a small wireless
 facility having dimensions not larger than 24 inches in length,
 15 inches in width, and 12 inches in height and that has an
 exterior antenna, if any, no longer than 11 inches.
- 9. "Small wireless facility" means a wireless facility that meets both the following qualifications:
- a. Each antenna associated with the facility is located inside an enclosure of no more than 6 cubic feet in volume or, in the case of antennas that have exposed elements, each antenna and all of its exposed elements could fit within an enclosure of no more than 6 cubic feet in volume; and
- b. All other wireless equipment associated with the facility is cumulatively no more than 28 cubic feet in volume.

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The following types of associated ancillary equipment are not included in the calculation of equipment volume: electric meters, concealment elements, telecommunications demarcation boxes, ground-based enclosures, grounding equipment, power transfer switches, cut-off switches, vertical cable runs for the connection of power and other services, and utility poles or other support structures.

- 10. "Utility pole" means a pole or similar structure that is used in whole or in part to provide communications services or for electric distribution, lighting, traffic control, signage, or a similar function.
- 11. "Wireless facility" means equipment at a fixed location which enables wireless communications between user equipment and a communications network, including:
 - a. Equipment associated with wireless communications; and
- b. Radio transceivers, antennas, wires, coaxial or fiber optic cable or other cables, regular and backup power supplies, and comparable equipment, regardless of technological configuration. The term includes small wireless facilities. The term does not include the structure or improvements on, under, within, or adjacent to the structure on which the equipment is collocated.
- 12. "Wireless infrastructure provider" means a person certificated to provide telecommunications service in the state and who builds or installs wireless communication transmission

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equipment, wireless facilities, or wireless support structures,
but is not a wireless services provider.

- 13. "Wireless provider" means a wireless infrastructure provider or a wireless services provider.
- 14. "Wireless services" means any services provided using licensed or unlicensed spectrum, whether at a fixed location or mobile, using wireless facilities.
- 15. "Wireless services provider" means a person who provides wireless services.
- 16. "Wireless support structure" means a freestanding structure, such as a monopole, a guyed or self-supporting tower, a billboard, or another existing or proposed structure designed to support or capable of supporting wireless facilities. The term does not include a utility pole.
- (c) Except as provided in this subsection, an authority may not prohibit, regulate, or charge for the collocation of small wireless facilities in the public rights-of-way.
- (d) An authority may require permit fees only in accordance with subsection (3). An authority shall accept applications for, process, and issue permits subject to the following requirements:
- 1. An authority may not directly or indirectly require an applicant to perform services unrelated to the collocation for which approval is sought, such as in-kind contributions to the authority, including reserving fiber, conduit, or pole space for

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126 the authority.

- 2. An applicant may not be required to provide more information to obtain a permit than is required of electric service providers and other communications service providers that are not wireless service providers.
- 3. An authority may not require the placement of small wireless facilities on any specific utility pole or category of poles or require multiple antenna systems on a single utility pole.
- 4. An authority may not limit the placement of small wireless facilities by minimum separation distances or a maximum height limitation; however, an authority may limit the height of a small wireless facility to no more than 10 feet above the tallest existing utility pole, measured from grade in place within 500 feet of the proposed location of the small wireless facility. If there is no utility pole within 500 feet, the authority may limit the height of the small wireless facility to no more than 60 feet. The height limitations do not apply to the placement of any small wireless facility on a utility pole or wireless support structure constructed on or before June 30, 2017, if the small wireless facility does not extend more than 10 feet above the structure.
- 5. Within 10 days after receiving an application, an authority must determine and notify the applicant by electronic mail as to whether the application is complete. If an

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application is deemed incomplete, the authority must specifically identify the missing information. An application shall be deemed complete if the authority fails to provide notification to the applicant within 10 days or when all documents, information, and fees specifically enumerated in the authority's permit application form are submitted by the applicant to the authority.

- 6. An application must be processed on a nondiscriminatory basis. A complete application is deemed approved if the authority fails to approve or deny the application within 60 days after receipt of the application.
- 7. The authority must notify the applicant of approval or denial by electronic mail. An authority shall approve a complete application unless it does not meet the authority's applicable codes. If the application is denied, the authority must specify in writing the basis for denial, including the specific code provisions on which the denial was based, and send the documentation to the applicant by electronic mail on the day the authority denies the application. The applicant may cure the deficiencies identified by the authority and resubmit the application within 30 days after notice of the denial is sent to the application within 30 days after receipt or the application will be deemed approved. Any subsequent review shall be limited to the deficiencies cited in the denial.

<u>:</u>	8.	An	appl	icant	seek	ing t	0 C	0110	cate	sma	ll wirele	SS	
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- (e) An authority may not require approval or require fees or other charges for:
 - 1. Routine maintenance;

- 2. Replacement of existing wireless facilities with wireless facilities that are substantially similar or the same size or smaller; or
- 3. Installation, placement, maintenance, or replacement of micro wireless facilities that are suspended on messenger cables strung between existing utility poles in compliance with applicable codes by a communications service provider authorized to occupy the rights-of-way and who is remitting taxes under chapter 202.
- (f) An authority shall approve the collocation of small wireless facilities on authority utility poles, subject to the following requirements:
- 1. An authority may not enter into an exclusive arrangement with any person for the right to attach equipment to authority utility poles.
- 2. The rates and fees for collocations on authority utility poles must be nondiscriminatory, regardless of the

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201 services provided by the collocating person.

- 3. The rate to collocate equipment on authority utility poles may not exceed the lesser of the annual recurring rate that would be permitted under rules adopted by the FCC under 47 U.S.C. s. 224(d) if the collocation rate were regulated by the FCC or \$15 per year per authority utility pole.
- 4. If the authority has an existing pole attachment rate, fee, or other term that does not comply with this subsection, the authority shall, no later than January 1, 2018, revise such rate, fee, or term to be in compliance with this subsection.
- 5. Persons owning or controlling authority utility poles shall offer rates, fees, and other terms that comply with this subsection. By the later of January 1, 2018, or 3 months after receiving a request to collocate its first small wireless facility on a utility pole owned or controlled by an authority, the person owning or controlling the authority utility pole shall make available, through ordinance or otherwise, rates, fees, and terms for the collocation of small wireless facilities on the authority utility pole which comply with this subsection.
- a. The rates, fees, and terms must be nondiscriminatory, competitively neutral, and commercially reasonable and must comply with this subsection.
- <u>b.</u> For authority utility poles that support aerial
 <u>facilities used to provide communications services or electric</u>
 service, the parties shall comply with the process for make-

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ready work under 47 U.S.C. s. 224 and implementing regulations.

The good faith estimate of the person owning or controlling the pole for any make-ready work necessary to enable the pole to support the requested collocation must include pole replacement if necessary.

- c. For authority utility poles that do not support aerial facilities used to provide communications services or electric service, the authority shall provide a good faith estimate for any make-ready work necessary to enable the pole to support the requested collocation, including necessary pole replacement, within 60 days after receipt of a complete application. Make-ready work, including any pole replacement, must be completed within 60 days after written acceptance of the good faith estimate by the applicant.
- d. The authority may not require more make-ready work than is required to meet applicable codes or industry standards. Fees for make-ready work may not include costs related to preexisting damage or prior noncompliance. Fees for make-ready work, including any pole replacement, may not exceed actual costs or the amount charged to communications service providers other than wireless service providers for similar work and may not include any consultant fees or expenses.
- (g) This subsection does not authorize a person to collocate small wireless facilities on a privately owned utility pole, a privately owned wireless support structure, or other

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private property without the consent of the property owner.
(h) Except as provided in this chapter or specifically
required by state law, an authority may not adopt or enforce any
regulations on the placement or operation of communications
facilities in the rights-of-way by any provider authorized by
state law to operate in the rights-of-way and shall not regulate
any communications services or impose or collect any taxes,
fees, or charges not specifically authorized under state law.
Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.