Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE	ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

1 Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Justice Appropriations 2 Subcommittee 3 Representative Grant, J. offered the following: 4 5 Amendment (with title amendment) 6 Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: 7 Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 382.0255, Florida 8 Statutes, is amended to read: 9 382.0255 Fees.-10 Fees shall be established by rule. However, until (3) 11 rules are adopted, the fees assessed pursuant to this section 12 shall be the minimum fees cited. The fees established by rule 13 must be sufficient to meet the cost of providing the service. All fees shall be paid by the person requesting the record, are 14 due and payable at the time services are requested, and are 15 nonrefundable, except that, when a search is conducted and no 16 230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM Page 1 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

vital record is found, any fees paid for additional certified 17 copies shall be refunded. The department may waive all or part 18 19 of the fees required under this section for any government 20 entity. The department shall waive all fees required under this 21 section for a certified copy of a birth certificate issued for 22 purposes of an inmate acquiring a state identification card 23 before release pursuant to s. 944.605(7) and for a juvenile 24 offender who is in the custody or under the supervision of the 25 Department of Juvenile Justice and receiving services under s. 26 985.461.

27 Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 985.25, Florida 28 Statutes, is amended to read:

29

985.25 Detention intake.-

30 (1) The department shall receive custody of a child who 31 has been taken into custody from the law enforcement agency or 32 court and shall review the facts in the law enforcement report 33 or probable cause affidavit and make such further inquiry as may 34 be necessary to determine whether detention care is appropriate.

(a) During the period of time from the taking of the child into custody to the date of the detention hearing, the initial decision as to the child's placement into secure or nonsecure detention care shall be made by the department under ss. 985.24 and 985.245(1).

40 (b) The department shall base the decision whether to 41 place the child into secure or nonsecure detention care on an 230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 2 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

42 assessment of risk in accordance with the risk assessment 43 instrument and procedures developed by the department under s. 44 985.245, except that. However, a child shall be placed in secure 45 detention care until the child's detention hearing if the child 46 meets the criteria specified in s. 985.255(1)(j), is charged 47 with possessing or discharging a firearm on school property in violation of s. 790.115, or shall be placed in secure detention 48 49 care. A child who has been taken into custody on three or more 50 separate occasions within a 60-day period shall be placed in secure detention care until the child's detention hearing. 51

(c) If the final score on the child's risk assessment instrument indicates detention care is appropriate, but the department otherwise determines the child should be released, the department shall contact the state attorney, who may authorize release.

(d) If the final score on the risk assessment instrument indicates detention is not appropriate, the child may be released by the department in accordance with ss. 985.115 and 985.13.

61

62 Under no circumstances shall the department or the state 63 attorney or law enforcement officer authorize the detention of 64 any child in a jail or other facility intended or used for the 65 detention of adults, without an order of the court.

66 Section 3. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 985.255, 230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 3 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

67 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

985.255 Detention criteria; detention hearing.(1) Subject to s. 985.25(1), a child taken into custody
and placed into secure or nonsecure detention care shall be
given a hearing within 24 hours after being taken into custody.
At the hearing, the court may order continued detention if:

(a) The child is alleged to be an escapee from a residential commitment program; or an absconder from a nonresidential commitment program, a probation program, or conditional release supervision; or is alleged to have escaped while being lawfully transported to or from a residential commitment program.

(b) The child is wanted in another jurisdiction for anoffense which, if committed by an adult, would be a felony.

81 (c) The child is charged with a delinquent act or 82 violation of law and requests in writing through legal counsel 83 to be detained for protection from an imminent physical threat 84 to his or her personal safety.

85 (d) The child is charged with committing an offense of 86 domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28 and is detained as 87 provided in subsection (2).

(e) The child is charged with possession of or discharging
a firearm on school property in violation of s. 790.115 or the
illegal possession of a firearm.

91 (f) The child is charged with a capital felony, a life 230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 4 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

92 felony, a felony of the first degree, a felony of the second 93 degree that does not involve a violation of chapter 893, or a 94 felony of the third degree that is also a crime of violence, 95 including any such offense involving the use or possession of a 96 firearm.

97 (g) The child is charged with any second degree or third 98 degree felony involving a violation of chapter 893 or any third 99 degree felony that is not also a crime of violence, and the 100 child:

101 1. Has a record of failure to appear at court hearings
102 after being properly notified in accordance with the Rules of
103 Juvenile Procedure;

104

2. Has a record of law violations prior to court hearings;

105 3. Has already been detained or has been released and is106 awaiting final disposition of the case;

107 4. Has a record of violent conduct resulting in physical108 injury to others; or

109

5. Is found to have been in possession of a firearm.

(h) The child is alleged to have violated the conditions of the child's probation or conditional release supervision. However, a child detained under this paragraph may be held only in a consequence unit as provided in s. 985.439. If a consequence unit is not available, the child shall be placed on nonsecure detention with electronic monitoring.

116 (i) The child is detained on a judicial order for failure
230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx
Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 5 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

117 to appear and has previously willfully failed to appear, after 118 proper notice: 119 1. For an adjudicatory hearing on the same case regardless of the results of the risk assessment instrument; or 120 121 2. At two or more court hearings of any nature on the same 122 case regardless of the results of the risk assessment instrument. 123 124 125 A child may be held in secure detention for up to 72 hours in 126 advance of the next scheduled court hearing pursuant to this 127 paragraph. The child's failure to keep the clerk of court and 128 defense counsel informed of a current and valid mailing address 129 where the child will receive notice to appear at court 130 proceedings does not provide an adequate ground for excusal of 131 the child's nonappearance at the hearings. 132 (j) The child is a prolific juvenile offender. A child is 133 a prolific juvenile offender if the child: 134 1. Is charged with a delinquent act that would be a felony 135 if committed by an adult; 136 2. Has been adjudicated or had adjudication withheld for a 137 felony offense, or delinquent act that would be a felony if committed by an adult, before the charge under subparagraph 1.; 138 139 and 140 3. In addition to meeting the requirements of 141 subparagraphs 1. and 2., has 5 or more of any of the following, 230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 6 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

142	at least 3 of which must have been for felony offenses or
143	delinquent acts that would have been felonies if committed by an
144	adult:
145	a. An arrest event for which a disposition, as defined in
146	s. 985.26, has not been entered;
147	b. An adjudication; or
148	c. An adjudication withheld.
149	
150	As used in this subparagraph, the term "arrest event" means an
151	arrest or referral for one or more criminal offenses or
152	delinquent acts arising out of the same episode, act, or
153	transaction.
154	(3)(a) The purpose of the detention hearing required under
155	subsection (1) is to determine the existence of probable cause
156	that the child has committed the delinquent act or violation of
157	law that he or she is charged with and the need for continued
158	detention. Unless a child is detained under paragraph (1)(d) or
159	paragraph (1)(e), the court shall use the results of the risk
160	assessment performed by the department and, based on the
161	criteria in subsection (1), shall determine the need for
162	continued detention. If a child is a prolific juvenile offender
163	who is detained under s. 985.26(2)(c), the court shall use the
164	results of the risk assessment performed by the department and
165	the criteria in subsection (1) or subsection (2) only to
166	determine whether the prolific juvenile offender should be held
	230689 - Strike All HB 7059.docx
	Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM
	Page 7 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

167 in secure detention.

Except as provided in s. 790.22(8) or in s. 985.27, 168 (C) 169 when a child is placed into secure or nonsecure detention care, 170 or into a respite home or other placement pursuant to a court 171 order following a hearing, the court order must include specific 172 instructions that direct the release of the child from such placement no later than 5 p.m. on the last day of the detention 173 period specified in s. 985.26 or s. 985.27, whichever is 174 applicable, unless the requirements of such applicable provision 175 176 have been met or an order of continuance has been granted under 177 s. 985.26(4). If the court order does not include a release 178 date, the release date shall be requested from the court on the 179 same date that the child is placed in detention care. If a subsequent hearing is needed to provide additional information 180 181 to the court for safety planning, the initial order placing the 182 child in detention care shall reflect the next detention review hearing, which shall be held within 3 calendar days after the 183 child's initial detention placement. 184

Section 4. Subsections (1) through (4) of section 985.26, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

187

985.26 Length of detention.-

188 (1) A child may not be placed into or held in secure or
189 nonsecure detention care for longer than 24 hours unless the
190 court orders such detention care, and the order includes
191 specific instructions that direct the release of the child from
230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx

Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 8 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

192 such detention care, in accordance with s. 985.255. The order 193 shall be a final order, reviewable by appeal under s. 985.534 194 and the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure. Appeals of such 195 orders shall take precedence over other appeals and other 196 pending matters.

(2) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) or paragraph (c), a child may not be held in secure or nonsecure detention care under a special detention order for more than 21 days unless an adjudicatory hearing for the case has been commenced in good faith by the court.

(b) However, Upon good cause being shown that the nature of the charge requires additional time for the prosecution or defense of the case, the court may extend the length of detention for an additional 9 days if the child is charged with an offense that would be, if committed by an adult, a capital felony, a life felony, a felony of the first degree, or a felony of the second degree involving violence against any individual.

(c) A prolific juvenile offender under s. 985.255(1)(j)
shall be placed on nonsecure detention care with electronic
monitoring or in secure detention care under a special detention
order until disposition. If secure detention care is ordered by
the court, it must be authorized under this part and may not
exceed:

215 <u>1. 21 days unless an adjudicatory hearing for the case has</u> 216 <u>been commenced in good faith by the court or the period is</u> 230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 9 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

217 <u>extended by the court pursuant to paragraph (b); or</u>
218 2. 15 days following the entry of an order of

219 adjudication.

220

As used in this paragraph, the term "disposition" means a declination to file under s. 985.15(1)(h), the entry of nolle prosequi for the charges, the filing of an indictment under s. 985.56 or an information under s. 985.557, a dismissal of the case, or an order of final disposition by the court.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (2), a child may not
be held in secure or nonsecure detention care for more than 15
days following the entry of an order of adjudication.

229 (4) (a) The time limits in subsections (2) and (3) do not include periods of delay resulting from a continuance granted by 230 231 the court for cause on motion of the child or his or her counsel 232 or of the state. Upon the issuance of an order granting a 233 continuance for cause on a motion by either the child, the child's counsel, or the state, the court shall conduct a hearing 234 235 at the end of each 72-hour period, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, 236 and legal holidays, to determine the need for continued 237 detention of the child and the need for further continuance of 238 proceedings for the child or the state.

(b) The period for nonsecure detention care under this section is tolled on the date that the department or a law enforcement officer alleges that the child has violated a

230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 10 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

242 condition of the child's nonsecure detention care until the 243 court enters a ruling on the violation. Notwithstanding the 244 tolling of nonsecure detention care, the court retains 245 jurisdiction over the child for a violation of a condition of 246 nonsecure detention care during the tolling period. If the court 247 finds that a child has violated his or her nonsecure detention 248 care, the number of days that the child served in any type of detention care before commission of the violation shall be 249 250 excluded from the time limits under subsections (2) and (3). 251 Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 985.265, Florida 252 Statutes, is amended to read: 253 985.265 Detention transfer and release; education; adult 254 jails.-(2) If a child is on release status and not detained under 255 256 this part, the child may be placed into secure or nonsecure 257 detention care only pursuant to a court hearing in which the 258 original risk assessment instrument and the newly discovered 259 evidence or changed circumstances are introduced into evidence 260 with a rescored risk assessment instrument. 261 Section 6. Section 985.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to 262 read: 263 985.27 Postdisposition detention while awaiting commitment 264 placement.-(1) The court must place all children who are adjudicated 265 266 and awaiting placement in a commitment program in secure 230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 11 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

267 detention care until the placement or commitment is 268 accomplished. Children who are in nonsecure detention care may 269 be placed on electronic monitoring. 270 (a) A child who is awaiting placement in a nonsecure 271 residential program must be removed from detention within 5 272 days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays. Any 273 child held in secure detention during the 5 days must meet 274 detention admission criteria under this part. The department may 275 seek an order from the court authorizing continued detention for 276 a specific period of time necessary for the appropriate 277 residential placement of the child. However, such continued 278 detention in secure detention care may not exceed 15 days after 279 entry of the commitment order, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and 280 legal holidays, and except as otherwise provided in this section. A child who is placed in nonsecure detention care or 281 nonsecure detention care with electronic monitoring, while 282 283 awaiting placement in a nonsecure residential program, may be 284 held in secure detention care for 5 days, if the child violates 285 the conditions of the nonsecure detention care or the electronic 286 monitoring agreement. For any subsequent violation, the court 287 may impose an additional 5 days in secure detention care. 288 (b) If the child is committed to a high-risk residential 289 program, the child must be held in secure detention care until placement or commitment is accomplished. 290 291 (c) If the child is committed to a maximum-risk 230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 12 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

292	residential program, the child must be held in secure detention
293	care until placement or commitment is accomplished.
294	(2) Regardless of detention status, a child being
295	transported by the department to a residential commitment
296	facility of the department may be placed in secure detention
297	overnight, not to exceed a 24-hour period, for the specific
298	purpose of ensuring the safe delivery of the child to his or her
299	residential commitment program, court, appointment, transfer, or
300	release.
301	Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 985.35, Florida
302	Statutes, is amended to read:
303	985.35 Adjudicatory hearings; withheld adjudications;
304	orders of adjudication
305	(1) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the
306	adjudicatory hearing must be held as soon as practicable after
307	the petition alleging that a child has committed a delinquent
308	act or violation of law is filed and in accordance with the
309	Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure; but reasonable delay for
310	the purpose of investigation, discovery, or procuring counsel or
311	witnesses shall be granted. If the child is being detained, the
312	time limitations in s. 985.26(2) and (3) apply.
313	(b) If the child is a prolific juvenile offender under s.
314	985.255(1)(j), the adjudicatory hearing must be held within 45
315	days after the child is taken into custody unless a delay is
316	requested by the child.
	230689 - Strike All HB 7059.docx
	Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 13 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

317 Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 985.514, Florida 318 Statutes, is amended to read:

319

985.514 Responsibility for cost of care; fees.-

(1) When any child is placed into secure or nonsecure
detention care or into other placement for the purpose of being
supervised by the department pursuant to a court order following
a detention hearing, the court shall order the child's parents
to pay fees to the department as provided in s. 985.039.

325 Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments 326 made by this act to sections 984.25, 985.255, and 985.26, 327 Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (8) of 328 section 790.22, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

329 790.22 Use of BB guns, air or gas-operated guns, or
330 electric weapons or devices by minor under 16; limitation;
331 possession of firearms by minor under 18 prohibited; penalties.-

332 Notwithstanding s. 985.24 or s. 985.25(1), if a minor (8) 333 is charged with an offense that involves the use or possession of a firearm, including a violation of subsection (3), or is 334 335 charged for any offense during the commission of which the minor 336 possessed a firearm, the minor shall be detained in secure 337 detention, unless the state attorney authorizes the release of 338 the minor, and shall be given a hearing within 24 hours after being taken into custody. At the hearing, the court may order 339 that the minor continue to be held in secure detention in 340 341 accordance with the applicable time periods specified in s.

230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx

Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 14 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

342 985.26(1)-(5), if the court finds that the minor meets the criteria specified in s. 985.255, or if the court finds by clear 343 344 and convincing evidence that the minor is a clear and present 345 danger to himself or herself or the community. The Department of 346 Juvenile Justice shall prepare a form for all minors charged 347 under this subsection which states the period of detention and the relevant demographic information, including, but not limited 348 349 to, the gender, age, and race of the minor; whether or not the 350 minor was represented by private counsel or a public defender; 351 the current offense; and the minor's complete prior record, 352 including any pending cases. The form shall be provided to the 353 judge for determining whether the minor should be continued in 354 secure detention under this subsection. An order placing a minor 355 in secure detention because the minor is a clear and present 356 danger to himself or herself or the community must be in 357 writing, must specify the need for detention and the benefits 358 derived by the minor or the community by placing the minor in 359 secure detention, and must include a copy of the form provided 360 by the department.

361 Section 10. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 362 made by this act to sections 985.255 and 985.26, Florida 363 Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (2) of section 364 985.115, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

365

985.115 Release or delivery from custody.-

366 (2) Unless otherwise ordered by the court under s. 985.255 230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 15 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

367 or s. 985.26, and unless there is a need to hold the child, a 368 person taking a child into custody shall attempt to release the 369 child as follows:

To the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian 370 (a) 371 or, if the child's parent, quardian, or legal custodian is 372 unavailable, unwilling, or unable to provide supervision for the 373 child, to any responsible adult. Prior to releasing the child to 374 a responsible adult, other than the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, the person taking the child into custody may conduct 375 a criminal history background check of the person to whom the 376 377 child is to be released. If the person has a prior felony 378 conviction, or a conviction for child abuse, drug trafficking, 379 or prostitution, that person is not a responsible adult for the 380 purposes of this section. The person to whom the child is 381 released shall agree to inform the department or the person 382 releasing the child of the child's subsequent change of address 383 and to produce the child in court at such time as the court may direct, and the child shall join in the agreement. 384

385 (b) Contingent upon specific appropriation, to a shelter386 approved by the department or to an authorized agent.

(c) If the child is believed to be suffering from a serious physical condition which requires either prompt diagnosis or prompt treatment, to a law enforcement officer who shall deliver the child to a hospital for necessary evaluation and treatment.

230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 16 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

(d) If the child is believed to be mentally ill as defined in s. 394.463(1), to a law enforcement officer who shall take the child to a designated public receiving facility as defined in s. 394.455 for examination under s. 394.463.

(e) If the child appears to be intoxicated and has threatened, attempted, or inflicted physical harm on himself or herself or another, or is incapacitated by substance abuse, to a law enforcement officer who shall deliver the child to a hospital, addictions receiving facility, or treatment resource.

(f) If available, to a juvenile assessment center equipped and staffed to assume custody of the child for the purpose of assessing the needs of the child in custody. The center may then release or deliver the child under this section with a copy of the assessment.

406 Section 11. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 407 made by this act to sections 985.255 and 985.26, Florida 408 Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (2) of section 409 985.13, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

410

985.13 Probable cause affidavits.-

(2) A person taking a child into custody who determines, under part V, that the child should be detained or released to a shelter designated by the department, shall make a reasonable effort to immediately notify the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the child and shall, without unreasonable delay, deliver the child to the appropriate juvenile probation officer 230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx

Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 17 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

417 or, if the court has so ordered under s. 985.255 or s. 985.26, 418 to a detention center or facility. Upon delivery of the child, 419 the person taking the child into custody shall make a written 420 report or probable cause affidavit to the appropriate juvenile 421 probation officer. Such written report or probable cause 422 affidavit must:

423 (a) Identify the child and, if known, the parents,424 guardian, or legal custodian.

(b) Establish that the child was legally taken into custody, with sufficient information to establish the jurisdiction of the court and to make a prima facie showing that the child has committed a violation of law.

429 Section 12. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 430 made by this act to section 985.255, Florida Statutes, in a 431 reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 432 985.245, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

433 985.245 Risk assessment instrument.-

434 (2)

(b) The risk assessment instrument shall take into
consideration, but need not be limited to, prior history of
failure to appear, prior offenses, offenses committed pending
adjudication, any unlawful possession of a firearm, theft of a
motor vehicle or possession of a stolen motor vehicle, and
probation status at the time the child is taken into custody.
The risk assessment instrument shall also take into

230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx

Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 18 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

442 consideration appropriate aggravating and mitigating circumstances, and shall be designed to target a narrower 443 444 population of children than s. 985.255. The risk assessment 445 instrument shall also include any information concerning the 446 child's history of abuse and neglect. The risk assessment shall 447 indicate whether detention care is warranted, and, if detention 448 care is warranted, whether the child should be placed into 449 secure or nonsecure detention care.

450 Section 13. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 451 made by this act to section 985.26, Florida Statutes, in a 452 reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 985.255, Florida 453 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

454

985.255 Detention criteria; detention hearing.-

455 (2) A child who is charged with committing an offense that
456 is classified as an act of domestic violence as defined in s.
457 741.28 and whose risk assessment instrument indicates secure
458 detention is not appropriate may be held in secure detention if
459 the court makes specific written findings that:

460

(a) Respite care for the child is not available.

(b) It is necessary to place the child in secure detentionin order to protect the victim from injury.

463

464 The child may not be held in secure detention under this 465 subsection for more than 48 hours unless ordered by the court. 466 After 48 hours, the court shall hold a hearing if the state 230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx

Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 19 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

467 attorney or victim requests that secure detention be continued. 468 The child may continue to be held in detention care if the court 469 makes a specific, written finding that detention care is 470 necessary to protect the victim from injury. However, the child 471 may not be held in detention care beyond the time limits set 472 forth in this section or s. 985.26.

473 Section 14. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 474 made by this act to section 985.255, Florida Statutes, in a 475 reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 985.275, Florida 476 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

477 985.275 Detention of escapee or absconder on authority of478 the department.-

479 If an authorized agent of the department has (1)480 reasonable grounds to believe that any delinquent child 481 committed to the department has escaped from a residential 482 commitment facility or from being lawfully transported thereto 483 or therefrom, or has absconded from a nonresidential commitment facility, the agent shall notify law enforcement and, if the 484 485 offense would require notification under chapter 960, notify the 486 victim. The agent shall make every reasonable effort as 487 permitted within existing resources provided to the department 488 to locate the delinquent child, and the child may be returned to the facility or, if it is closer, to a detention center for 489 return to the facility. However, a child may not be held in 490 detention longer than 24 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, 491 230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx

Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 20 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

492 and legal holidays, unless a special order so directing is made 493 by the judge after a detention hearing resulting in a finding 494 that detention is required based on the criteria in s. 985.255. 495 The order shall state the reasons for such finding. The reasons 496 shall be reviewable by appeal or in habeas corpus proceedings in 497 the district court of appeal.

498 Section 15. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 499 made by this act to section 985.255, Florida Statutes, in a 500 reference thereto, subsection (6) of section 985.319, Florida 501 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

502

985.319 Process and service.-

503 (6) If the petition alleges that the child has committed a 504 delinquent act or violation of law and the judge deems it 505 advisable to do so, under the criteria of s. 985.255, the judge 506 may, by endorsement upon the summons and after the entry of an 507 order in which valid reasons are specified, order the child to 508 be taken into custody immediately, and in such case the person 509 serving the summons shall immediately take the child into 510 custody.

511 Section 16. This act shall take effect October 1, 2017. 512 513 \_\_\_\_\_ 514 TITLE AMENDMENT

515

Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:

230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 21 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

An act relating to juvenile justice; amending s. 382.0255, F.S.; 516 517 requiring the Department of Health to waive fees for a birth 518 certificate issued to certain juvenile offenders; amending s. 519 985.25, F.S.; revising terminology; providing that a child 520 meeting specified criteria shall be placed in secure detention care until the child's detention hearing; amending s. 985.255, 521 F.S.; revising terminology; providing criteria for a child to be 522 a prolific juvenile offender; defining the term "arrest event"; 523 specifying certain information and criteria that may be 524 525 considered by a court only when determining whether a prolific 526 juvenile offender should be held in secure detention; conforming 527 provisions; amending s. 985.26, F.S.; revising terminology; requiring the court to place a prolific juvenile offender in 528 529 certain detention care under a special detention order until 530 disposition; specifying time limitations for secure detention 531 for a prolific juvenile offender; defining the term 532 "disposition"; revising terminology; providing for the tolling of nonsecure detention care for an alleged violation of such 533 534 detention care; providing for the retention of jurisdiction by 535 the court over a child during the tolling period; revising the 536 calculation of detention care days served if a child violates 537 nonsecure detention care; amending s. 985.265, F.S.; revising terminology; amending s. 985.27, F.S.; requiring secure 538 detention for all children awaiting placement in a commitment 539 540 program until the placement or commitment is accomplished; 230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 22 of 23

Bill No. HB 7059 (2017)

Amendment No.

amending s. 985.35, F.S.; requiring the adjudicatory hearing for 541 542 a child who is a prolific juvenile offender to be held within a 543 specified period unless such child requests a delay; amending s. 544 985.514, F.S.; revising terminology; reenacting s. 790.22(8), 545 F.S., relating to secure detention for minors charged with an 546 offense involving firearms, to incorporate the amendments made by the act to ss. 985.25, 985.255, and 985.26, F.S., in 547 548 references thereto; reenacting s. 985.115(2), F.S., relating to release or delivery from custody, to incorporate the amendments 549 550 made by the act to ss. 985.255 and 985.26, F.S., in references 551 thereto; reenacting s. 985.13(2), F.S., relating to probable 552 cause affidavits, to incorporate the amendments made by the act 553 to ss. 985.255 and 985.26, F.S., in references thereto; 554 reenacting s. 985.245(2)(b), F.S., relating to risk assessment 555 instruments, to incorporate the amendment made by this act to s. 556 985.255, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting s. 985.255(2), 557 F.S., relating to detention criteria and hearings, to 558 incorporate the amendment made by this act to s. 985.26, F.S., 559 in a reference thereto; reenacting s. 985.275(1), F.S., relating 560 to detention of an escapee or absconder, to incorporate the 561 amendment made by this act to s. 985.255, F.S.; reenacting s. 562 985.319(6), F.S., relating to process and service, to incorporate the amendment made by this act to s. 985.255, F.S.; 563 providing an effective date. 564

230689 - Strike All -- HB 7059.docx Published On: 4/2/2017 3:25:51 PM

Page 23 of 23