1	House Joint Resolution
2	A joint resolution proposing an amendment to Section 6
3	of Article VII and the creation of Section 37 of
4	Article XII of the State Constitution to increase the
5	homestead exemption by exempting the assessed
6	valuation of homestead property greater than \$75,000
7	and up to \$100,000 for all levies other than school
8	district levies, and to provide an effective date.
9	
10	Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
11	
12	That the following amendment to Section 6 of Article VII
13	and the creation of Section 37 of Article XII of the State
14	Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted to the
15	electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next
16	general election or at an earlier special election specifically
17	authorized by law for that purpose:
18	ARTICLE VII
19	FINANCE AND TAXATION
20	SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions
21	(a) Every person who has the legal or equitable title to
22	real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the
23	owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner,
24	shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for
25	special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of twenty-five
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26 thousand dollars and, for all levies other than school district 27 levies, on the assessed valuation greater than fifty thousand dollars and up to one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars, 28 29 upon establishment of right thereto in the manner prescribed by 30 law. The real estate may be held by legal or equitable title, by 31 the entireties, jointly, in common, as a condominium, or 32 indirectly by stock ownership or membership representing the 33 owner's or member's proprietary interest in a corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of ninety-eight years. 34 35 The exemption shall not apply with respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first determined to be in compliance 36 37 with the provisions of section 4 by a state agency designated by 38 general law. This exemption is repealed on the effective date of 39 any amendment to this Article which provides for the assessment of homestead property at less than just value. 40

(b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed value of the property.

48 (c) By general law and subject to conditions specified
49 therein, the Legislature may provide to renters, who are
50 permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax

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51 levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and 52 amount established by general law.

(d) The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant either or both of the following additional homestead tax exemptions:

(1) An exemption not exceeding fifty thousand dollars to a person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, who has attained age sixty-five, and whose household income, as defined by general law, does not exceed twenty thousand dollars; or

62 (2) An exemption equal to the assessed value of the 63 property to a person who has the legal or equitable title to 64 real estate with a just value less than two hundred and fifty 65 thousand dollars, as determined in the first tax year that the owner applies and is eligible for the exemption, and who has 66 67 maintained thereon the permanent residence of the owner for not 68 less than twenty-five years, who has attained age sixty-five, 69 and whose household income does not exceed the income limitation 70 prescribed in paragraph (1).

The general law must allow counties and municipalities to grant these additional exemptions, within the limits prescribed in this subsection, by ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed by general law, and must provide for the periodic adjustment of

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76 the income limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes 77 in the cost of living.

78 Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially (e) 79 or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from 80 the amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead 81 property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was 82 combat related and the veteran was honorably discharged upon 83 separation from military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to the percentage of the veteran's permanent, 84 85 service-connected disability as determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount 86 87 granted by this subsection, an applicant must submit to the county property appraiser, by March 1, an official letter from 88 89 the United States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the 90 percentage of the veteran's service-connected disability and such evidence that reasonably identifies the disability as 91 92 combat related and a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. 93 If the property appraiser denies the request for a discount, the 94 appraiser must notify the applicant in writing of the reasons 95 for the denial, and the veteran may reapply. The Legislature 96 may, by general law, waive the annual application requirement in subsequent years. This subsection is self-executing and does not 97 98 require implementing legislation.

99 (f) By general law and subject to conditions and100 limitations specified therein, the Legislature may provide ad

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101 valorem tax relief equal to the total amount or a portion of the 102 ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead property to:

103 (1) The surviving spouse of a veteran who died from
104 service-connected causes while on active duty as a member of the
105 United States Armed Forces.

106 (2) The surviving spouse of a first responder who died in107 the line of duty.

108 (3) A first responder who is totally and permanently disabled as a result of an injury or injuries sustained in the 109 line of duty. Causal connection between a disability and service 110 in the line of duty shall not be presumed but must be determined 111 112 as provided by general law. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "disability" does not include a chronic condition or 113 114 chronic disease, unless the injury sustained in the line of duty 115 was the sole cause of the chronic condition or chronic disease. 116

As used in this subsection and as further defined by general law, the term "first responder" means a law enforcement officer, a correctional officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical technician, or a paramedic, and the term "in the line of duty" means arising out of and in the actual performance of duty required by employment as a first responder.

123 124 ARTICLE XII SCHEDULE

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125	SECTION 37. Increased homestead exemptionThis section
126	and the amendment to Section 6 of Article VII increasing the
127	homestead exemption by exempting the assessed valuation of
128	homestead property greater than \$75,000 and up to \$100,000 for
129	all levies other than school district levies shall take effect
130	January 1, 2019.
131	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be
132	placed on the ballot:
133	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
134	ARTICLE VII, SECTION 6
135	ARTICLE XII, SECTION 37
136	INCREASED HOMESTEAD PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONProposing an
137	amendment to the State Constitution to increase the homestead
138	exemption by exempting the assessed valuation of homestead
139	property greater than \$75,000 and up to \$100,000 for all levies
140	other than school district levies. The amendment shall take
141	effect January 1, 2019.

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