1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to homestead exemption implementation; 3 amending s. 196.031, F.S.; increasing the homestead 4 exemption from all taxes other than school district 5 taxes; amending s. 200.065, F.S.; specifying 6 calculation of the rolled-back rate for purposes of 7 the 2019 tax roll; providing a repeal date; amending 8 s. 218.125, F.S.; requiring the Legislature to 9 appropriate moneys to offset reductions in tax 10 revenues in certain fiscally constrained counties 11 resulting from increased exemptions; providing a 12 contingent effective date. 13 14 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 15 16 Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 17 196.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 196.031 Exemption of homesteads.-19 (1)Every person who qualifies to receive the exemption 20 (b) 21 provided in paragraph (a) is entitled to an additional exemption 22 of up to \$50,000 \$25,000 on the assessed valuation greater than \$50,000 for all levies other than school district levies. 23 24 Subsection (15) of section 200.065, Florida Section 2. 25 Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (16), and a new subsection

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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26 (15) is added to that section to read: 200.065 Method of fixing millage.-

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- (15) (a) Notwithstanding the method of computing the rolled-back rate in subsection (1), the taxable value that is used in computing the rolled-back rate in subsection (1) and the maximum millage rate under subsection (5) shall be increased by an amount equal to the reduction in taxable value occurring as a result of the revision to s. 6(a) of Art. VII of the State Constitution approved in November 2018 which authorizes an additional exemption of up to \$25,000 for all levies other than school district levies. For purposes of this paragraph, the taxable value shall be based on value as of January 1, 2019, within each taxing authority.
- This subsection is repealed on December 31, 2019. Section 3. Section 218.125, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 218.125 Offset for tax loss associated with certain constitutional amendments affecting fiscally constrained counties.-
- (1)(a) Beginning in the 2010-2011 fiscal year, the Legislature shall appropriate moneys to offset the reductions in ad valorem tax revenue experienced by fiscally constrained counties, as defined in s. 218.67(1), which occur as a direct result of the implementation of revisions of ss. 3(f) and 4(b) of Art. VII of the State Constitution which were approved in the

general election held in November 2008. The moneys appropriated for this purpose shall be distributed in January of each fiscal year among the fiscally constrained counties based on each county's proportion of the total reduction in ad valorem tax revenue resulting from the implementation of the revisions.

- (b) Beginning in the 2019-2020 fiscal year, the

 Legislature shall appropriate moneys to offset reductions in ad valorem tax revenue experienced by fiscally constrained counties, as defined in s. 218.67(1), which occur as a direct result of implementation of the revision to s. 6(a) of Art. VII of the State Constitution approved in November 2018 which authorizes an additional exemption of up to \$25,000 for all levies other than school district levies. The moneys appropriated for this purpose shall be distributed in January of each fiscal year among the fiscally constrained counties based on each county's proportion of the total reduction in ad valorem tax revenue resulting from the implementation of the revisions.
- (2) On or before November 15 of each year, each fiscally constrained county shall apply to the Department of Revenue to participate in the distribution of the appropriation and provide documentation supporting the county's estimated reduction in ad valorem tax revenue in the form and manner prescribed by the department of Revenue. The documentation must include an estimate of the reduction in taxable value directly attributable to revisions of Art. VII of the State Constitution for all

county taxing jurisdictions within the county and shall be prepared by the property appraiser in each fiscally constrained county. The documentation must also include the county millage rates applicable in all such jurisdictions for the current year and the prior year, rolled-back rates determined as provided in s. 200.065 for each county taxing jurisdiction, and maximum millage rates that could have been levied by majority vote pursuant to s. 200.065(5).

- (a) For purposes of paragraph (1)(a) this section, each fiscally constrained county's reduction in ad valorem tax revenue shall be calculated as 95 percent of the estimated reduction in taxable value multiplied by the lesser of the 2010 applicable millage rate or the applicable millage rate for each county taxing jurisdiction in the current year. If a fiscally constrained county fails to apply for the distribution, its share shall revert to the fund from which the appropriation was made.
- (b) For purposes of paragraph (1) (b), each fiscally constrained county's reduction in ad valorem tax revenue shall be calculated as 95 percent of the estimated reduction in taxable value multiplied by the lesser of the 2017 applicable millage rate or the applicable millage rate for each county taxing jurisdiction in the current year. If a fiscally constrained county fails to apply for the distribution, its share shall revert to the fund from which the appropriation was

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Section 4. This act shall take effect on the effective date of the amendment to the State Constitution proposed by HJR 7105 or a similar joint resolution having substantially the same specific intent and purpose, if such amendment to the State Constitution is approved at the general election held in November 2018 and shall apply to the 2019 tax roll.

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