By Senator Stargel

22-00667B-17 2017928

A bill to be entitled An act relating to water protection and sustainability; creating the "Heartland Headwaters Protection and Sustainability Act"; creating s. 373.462, F.S.; providing legislative findings and intent; exempting an entity created by a specified interlocal agreement from the requirement that the Secretary of Environmental Protection must approve the interlocal agreement; creating s. 373.463, F.S.; requiring the Polk Regional Water Cooperative to prepare an annual report concerning water resource projects within a specified area; specifying requirements for such report; requiring the inclusion of such report in the appropriate consolidated water management district annual report; amending s. 212.055, F.S.; authorizing certain entities to expend proceeds of local government infrastructure surtaxes for certain purposes; providing for annual appropriations; providing an effective date.

2021

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

1415

1617

18

19

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

2223

24

2526

27

28

29

Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Heartland Headwaters Protection and Sustainability Act."

Section 2. Section 373.462, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

373.462 Legislative findings and intent; exemption.—
(1) The Legislature recognizes that by law in 1979,
portions of Lake and Polk Counties were designated as the Green

22-00667B-17 2017928

Swamp area of critical state concern in acknowledgment of its regional and statewide importance in maintaining the quality and quantity of Florida's water supply and water resources for the public and the environment. The entire Green Swamp Area, which encompasses approximately 560,000 acres, is located in a regionally significant high recharge area of the Floridan Aquifer system, and it helps protect coastal communities from saltwater intrusion.

- (2) The Legislature finds that the headwaters of six major river systems in the state, including the Alafia, Hillsborough, Kissimmee, Ocklawaha, Peace, and Withlacoochee Rivers, are located in the Green Swamp Area or Polk County. In addition, due to the area's unique topography and geology in which it receives no other water inputs other than rainfall, the area is essential in maintaining the potentiometric head of the Floridan Aquifer system that directly influences the aquifer's productivity for water supply in 32 counties, including Alachua, Broward, Charlotte, Citrus, Clay, Collier, DeSoto, Duval, Glades, Hardee, Hendry, Hernando, Highlands, Hillsborough, Lake, Lee, Levy, Manatee, Marion, Martin, Miami-Dade, Monroe, Okeechobee, Orange, Osceola, Palm Beach, Pasco, Polk, Putnam, Sarasota, St. Johns, and Sumter.
- (3) The Legislature also finds that the Green Swamp Area and the surrounding areas are economically, environmentally, and socially defined by some of the most important and vulnerable water resources in the state. In addition, the Legislature recognizes that the Central Florida Water Initiative Guiding Document dated January 30, 2015, and the Southern Water Use Caution Area Recovery Strategy dated March 2006 recognized the

22-00667B-17 2017928

fact that the surface water and groundwater resources in the heartland counties of Hardee, Highlands, and Polk are integral to the health, public safety, and economic future of those regions.

- (4) The Legislature declares that there is an important state interest in partnering with regional water supply authorities and local governments, in accordance with s.

 373.705, to protect the water resources of the headwaters of the Alafia, Hillsborough, Kissimmee, Ocklawaha, Peace, and Withlacoochee Rivers and the surrounding areas. The Legislature further declares that priority funding consideration must be given to solutions to manage the water resources of these headwaters and the local Floridan Aquifer system in the most efficient, cost-effective, and environmentally beneficial way.
- (5) The Legislature finds that the Polk Regional Water Cooperative, created by interlocal agreement pursuant to s.

 373.713 to protect the water resources of the headwaters of the Alafia, Hillsborough, Kissimmee, Ocklawaha, Peace, and Withlacoochee Rivers and the surrounding area, is in the public interest and complies with the intent and purposes of part VII of this chapter. Therefore, notwithstanding s. 373.713(1), the Secretary of Environmental Protection is not required to approve this interlocal agreement.

Section 3. Section 373.463, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

373.463 Heartland headwaters annual report.

(1) The Polk Regional Water Cooperative, in coordination with all of its member county and municipal governments, shall prepare a comprehensive annual report for water resource

8990

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

98

99

100

101

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111112

113

114

115

116

22-00667B-17 2017928

projects identified for priority state funding within its
members' jurisdictions. The report must include, at a minimum:

- (a) A list of projects identified by the cooperative for priority state funding for each of the following categories. A project may be listed in more than one category:
 - 1. Drinking water supply.
 - 2. Wastewater.
 - 3. Stormwater and flood control.
 - 4. Environmental restoration.
 - 5. Conservation.
- (b) A priority ranking for each listed project that will be ready to proceed in the upcoming fiscal year within each category.
 - (c) The estimated cost of each listed project.
 - (d) The estimated completion date of each listed project.
- (e) The source and amount of financial assistance to be provided by the cooperative, the member county or municipal governments, or other entity for each listed project.
- (2) The cooperative shall coordinate with the appropriate water management district to ensure that the report is included in the consolidated water management district annual report required by s. 373.036(7).
- Section 4. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 212.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; authorization and use of proceeds.—It is the legislative intent that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the

22-00667B-17 2017928

levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as provided in s. 212.054.

- (2) LOCAL GOVERNMENT INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX.-
- (d) $\underline{1}$. The proceeds of the surtax authorized by this subsection and any accrued interest shall be expended:
 - a. By the school district; -
- <u>b. By the county for use</u> within the county and municipalities within the county, or, in the case of a negotiated joint county agreement, within another county; or,
- c. By an entity created under s. 373.713 whose purpose is to develop, recover, store, and supply water, if the county is a member of that entity,

to finance, plan, and construct infrastructure; to acquire any interest in land for public recreation, conservation, or protection of natural resources or to prevent or satisfy private property rights claims resulting from limitations imposed by the designation of an area of critical state concern; to provide loans, grants, or rebates to residential or commercial property owners who make energy efficiency improvements to their residential or commercial property, if a local government ordinance authorizing such use is approved by referendum; or to finance the closure of county-owned or municipally owned solid

147

148

149

150

151

152

153

154

155

156

157

158

159

160

161

162

163

164

165

166167

168

169

170

171

172173

174

22-00667B-17 2017928

waste landfills that have been closed or are required to be closed by order of the Department of Environmental Protection. Any use of the proceeds or interest for purposes of landfill closure before July 1, 1993, is ratified. The proceeds and any interest may not be used for the operational expenses of infrastructure, except that a county that has a population of fewer than 75,000 and that is required to close a landfill may use the proceeds or interest for long-term maintenance costs associated with landfill closure. Counties, as defined in s. 125.011, and charter counties may, in addition, use the proceeds or interest to retire or service indebtedness incurred for bonds issued before July 1, 1987, for infrastructure purposes, and for bonds subsequently issued to refund such bonds. Any use of the proceeds or interest for purposes of retiring or servicing indebtedness incurred for refunding bonds before July 1, 1999, is ratified.

- 2.1. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "infrastructure" means:
- a. Any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital outlay associated with the construction, reconstruction, or improvement of public facilities that have a life expectancy of 5 or more years, any related land acquisition, land improvement, design, and engineering costs, and all other professional and related costs required to bring the public facilities into service. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the term "public facilities" means facilities as defined in s. 163.3164(38), s. 163.3221(13), or s. 189.012(5), regardless of whether the facilities are owned by the local taxing authority or another governmental entity.
 - b. A fire department vehicle, an emergency medical service

176

177178

179

180181

182

183184

185

186

187

188

189190

191

192

193

194

195

196

197

198

199200

201

202203

22-00667B-17 2017928

vehicle, a sheriff's office vehicle, a police department vehicle, or any other vehicle, and the equipment necessary to outfit the vehicle for its official use or equipment that has a life expectancy of at least 5 years.

- c. Any expenditure for the construction, lease, or maintenance of, or provision of utilities or security for, facilities, as defined in s. 29.008.
- d. Any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital outlay associated with the improvement of private facilities that have a life expectancy of 5 or more years and that the owner agrees to make available for use on a temporary basis as needed by a local government as a public emergency shelter or a staging area for emergency response equipment during an emergency officially declared by the state or by the local government under s. 252.38. Such improvements are limited to those necessary to comply with current standards for public emergency evacuation shelters. The owner must enter into a written contract with the local government providing the improvement funding to make the private facility available to the public for purposes of emergency shelter at no cost to the local government for a minimum of 10 years after completion of the improvement, with the provision that the obligation will transfer to any subsequent owner until the end of the minimum period.
- e. Any land acquisition expenditure for a residential housing project in which at least 30 percent of the units are affordable to individuals or families whose total annual household income does not exceed 120 percent of the area median income adjusted for household size, if the land is owned by a local government or by a special district that enters into a

22-00667B-17 2017928

written agreement with the local government to provide such housing. The local government or special district may enter into a ground lease with a public or private person or entity for nominal or other consideration for the construction of the residential housing project on land acquired pursuant to this sub-subparagraph.

3.2. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "energy efficiency improvement" means any energy conservation and efficiency improvement that reduces consumption through conservation or a more efficient use of electricity, natural gas, propane, or other forms of energy on the property, including, but not limited to, air sealing; installation of insulation; installation of energy-efficient heating, cooling, or ventilation systems; installation of solar panels; building modifications to increase the use of daylight or shade; replacement of windows; installation of energy controls or energy recovery systems; installation of electric vehicle charging equipment; installation of systems for natural gas fuel as defined in s. 206.9951; and installation of efficient lighting equipment.

4.3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, a local government infrastructure surtax imposed or extended after July 1, 1998, may allocate up to 15 percent of the surtax proceeds for deposit into a trust fund within the county's accounts created for the purpose of funding economic development projects having a general public purpose of improving local economies, including the funding of operational costs and incentives related to economic development. The ballot statement must indicate the intention to make an allocation

234

235236

237

238

239

240

22-00667B-17 2017928__

under the authority of this subparagraph.

Section 5. <u>Beginning in the 2017-2018 fiscal year and ending in the 2036-2037 fiscal year, \$XX million is appropriated annually to the Department of Environmental Protection to be distributed for projects identified for priority state funding in the heartland headwaters annual report prepared pursuant to s. 373.463, Florida Statutes.</u>

Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.