${\bf By}$ Senator Rodriguez

	37-01032-18 20181166
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to storm hardening; amending s.
3	366.8260, F.S.; defining the term "storm hardening";
4	requiring an electric utility, when petitioning the
5	Public Service Commission for a storm-recovery
6	financing order, to identify its storm hardening plan,
7	its compliance with the plan, and its overall prudence
8	in ensuring electric service reliability; requiring
9	the commission, when making a determination on a
10	petition, to consider the utility's prudence in storm
11	hardening, previously received storm hardening costs,
12	and the utility's prudence in expending such funds;
13	conforming a cross-reference; requiring that electric
14	utilities provide a discount on storm-recovery charges
15	to certain customers who have underground electric
16	utility distribution lines servicing their property or
17	who live in certain jurisdictions limiting the
18	planting of certain types of trees near certain
19	utility equipment; providing an effective date.
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21	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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23	Section 1. Present paragraphs (k) through (q) of subsection
24	(1) of section 366.8260, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
25	paragraphs (l) through (r), respectively, a new paragraph (k) is
26	added to that subsection, paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection
27	(2) and paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of that section are
28	amended, present subsections (13), (14), and (15) of that
29	section are redesignated as subsections (14), (15), and (16),

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37-01032-18 20181166 30 respectively, and a new subsection (13) is added to that 31 section, to read: 32 366.8260 Storm-recovery financing.-33 (1) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term: 34 (k) "Storm hardening" means upgraded design and 35 construction practices, as well as maintenance practices, so 36 that electric transmission and distribution systems are better 37 able to withstand high winds, storm surges, and flooding 38 resulting from storms. 39 (2) FINANCING ORDERS.-40 (a) An electric utility may petition the commission for a 41 financing order. For each petition, the electric utility shall: 42 1. Describe the storm-recovery activities that the electric 43 utility has undertaken or proposes to undertake and describe the 44 reasons for undertaking the activities. 2. Set forth the known storm-recovery costs and estimate 45 46 the costs of any storm-recovery activities that are not 47 completed, or for which the costs are not yet known, as 48 identified and requested by the electric utility. 49 3. Set forth the level of the storm-recovery reserve that 50 the utility proposes to establish or replenish and has 51 determined would be appropriate to recover through storm-52 recovery bonds and is seeking to so recover and such level that 53 the utility is funding or will seek to fund through other means, together with a description of the factors and calculations used 54 55 in determining the amounts and methods of recovery. 56 4. Indicate whether the electric utility proposes to 57 finance all or a portion of the storm-recovery costs and storm-58 recovery reserve using storm-recovery bonds. If the electric

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date the petition is filed.

89 b. No later than 135 days after the date the petition is filed, the commission shall issue a financing order or an order 90 91 rejecting the petition. A party to the commission proceeding may 92 petition the commission for reconsideration of the financing order within 5 days after the date of its issuance. The 93 94 commission shall issue a financing order authorizing financing 95 of reasonable and prudent storm-recovery costs, the stormrecovery reserve amount determined appropriate by the 96 97 commission, and financing costs if the commission finds that the 98 issuance of the storm-recovery bonds and the imposition of 99 storm-recovery charges authorized by the order are reasonably 100 expected to result in lower overall costs or would avoid or 101 significantly mitigate rate impacts to customers as compared 102 with alternative methods of financing or recovering storm-103 recovery costs and storm-recovery reserve. Any determination of 104 whether storm-recovery costs are reasonable and prudent shall be 105 made with reference to the general public interest in, and the scope of effort required to provide, the safe and expeditious 106 107 restoration of electric service. Such determination must also 108 consider whether the utility has acted prudently in adequately 109 storm hardening its electric transmission and distribution 110 service, whether the utility has already requested and previously received storm hardening costs from customers, and 111 whether such funds were expended in a prudent manner. 112

113 2. In a financing order issued to an electric utility, the commission shall: 114

115 a. Except as provided in sub-subparagraph f. and in subparagraph 4., specify the amount of storm-recovery costs and 116

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37-01032-18 20181166 117 the level of storm-recovery reserves, taking into consideration, 118 to the extent the commission deems appropriate, any other methods used to recover these costs, and describe and estimate 119 120 the amount of financing costs which may be recovered through 121 storm-recovery charges; and specify the period over which such 122 costs may be recovered. 123 b. Determine that the proposed structuring, expected 124 pricing, and financing costs of the storm-recovery bonds are reasonably expected to result in lower overall costs or would 125 126 avoid or significantly mitigate rate impacts to customers as 127 compared with alternative methods of financing or recovering 128 storm-recovery costs. 129 c. Provide that, for the period specified pursuant to sub-130 subparagraph a., the imposition and collection of storm-recovery 131 charges authorized in the financing order shall be paid by all 132 customers receiving transmission or distribution service from 133 the electric utility or its successors or assignees under 134 commission-approved rate schedules or under special contracts, 135 even if the customer elects to purchase electricity from an 136 alternative electric supplier following a fundamental change in 137 regulation of public utilities in the state. 138 d. Determine what portion, if any, of the storm-recovery 139 reserves must be held in a funded reserve and any limitations on

how the reserve may be held, accessed, or used.
e. Include a formula-based mechanism for making expeditious
periodic adjustments in the storm-recovery charges that
customers are required to pay under the financing order and for
making any adjustments that are necessary to correct for any
overcollection or undercollection of the charges or to otherwise

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37-01032-18 20181166 146 ensure the timely payment of storm-recovery bonds and financing 147 costs and other required amounts and charges payable in connection with the storm-recovery bonds. 148 f. Specify the storm-recovery property that is, or shall 149 150 be, created in favor of an electric utility or its successors or assignees and that shall be used to pay or secure storm-recovery 151 152 bonds and financing costs. 153 g. Specify the degree of flexibility to be afforded to the 154 electric utility in establishing the terms and conditions of the storm-recovery bonds, including, but not limited to, repayment 155 156 schedules, interest rates, and other financing costs. 157 h. Provide that storm-recovery charges be allocated to the 158 customer classes using the criteria set out in s. 366.06(1), in 159 the manner in which these costs or their equivalent were 160 allocated in the cost-of-service study approved in connection 161 with the electric utility's last rate case. If the electric 162 utility's last rate case was resolved by a settlement agreement, 163 the cost-of-service methodology filed by the electric utility in 164 that case shall be used. 165 i. Provide that, after the final terms of an issuance of storm-recovery bonds have been established and prior to the

166 storm-recovery bonds have been established and prior to the 167 issuance of storm-recovery bonds, the electric utility shall 168 determine the resulting initial storm-recovery charge in 169 accordance with the financing order and such initial storm-170 recovery charge shall be final and effective upon the issuance 171 of such storm-recovery bonds without further commission action.

j. Include any other conditions that the commission considers appropriate and that are not otherwise inconsistent with this section.

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In performing the responsibilities of this subparagraph and subparagraph 5., the commission may engage outside consultants or counsel. Any expenses associated with such services shall be included as part of financing costs and included in stormrecovery charges.

181 3. A financing order issued to an electric utility may 182 provide that creation of the electric utility's storm-recovery 183 property pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.f. is conditioned upon, 184 and shall be simultaneous with, the sale or other transfer of 185 the storm-recovery property to an assignee and the pledge of the 186 storm-recovery property to secure storm-recovery bonds.

187 4. If the commission issues a financing order, the electric 188 utility shall file with the commission at least biannually a 189 petition or a letter applying the formula-based mechanism 190 pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.e. and, based on estimates of 191 consumption for each rate class and other mathematical factors, 192 requesting administrative approval to make the adjustments 193 described in sub-subparagraph 2.e. The review of such a request 194 shall be limited to determining whether there is any 195 mathematical error in the application of the formula-based 196 mechanism relating to the appropriate amount of any 197 overcollection or undercollection of storm-recovery charges and 198 the amount of an adjustment. Such adjustments shall ensure the recovery of revenues sufficient to provide for the payment of 199 200 principal, interest, acquisition, defeasance, financing costs, 201 or redemption premium and other fees, costs, and charges in respect of storm-recovery bonds approved under the financing 202 order. Within 60 days after receiving an electric utility's 203

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37-01032-18 20181166 204 request pursuant to this paragraph, the commission shall either 205 approve the request or inform the electric utility of any 206 mathematical errors in its calculation. If the commission 207 informs the utility of mathematical errors in its calculation, 208 the utility may correct its error and refile its request. The 209 timeframes previously described in this paragraph shall apply to 210 a refiled request. 211 5. Within 120 days after the issuance of storm-recovery bonds, the electric utility shall file with the commission 212 213 information on the actual costs of the storm-recovery bond 214 issuance. The commission shall review such information to 215 determine if such costs incurred in the issuance of the bonds 216 resulted in the lowest overall costs that were reasonably consistent with market conditions at the time of the issuance 217 218 and the terms of the financing order. The commission may 219 disallow any incremental issuance costs in excess of the lowest 220 overall costs by requiring the utility to make a contribution to 221 the storm reserve in an amount equal to the excess of actual issuance costs incurred, and paid for out of storm-recovery bond 222 223 proceeds, and the lowest overall issuance costs as determined by 224 the commission. The commission may not make adjustments to the 225 storm-recovery charges for any such excess issuance costs. 226 6. Subsequent to the earlier of the transfer of storm-

recovery property to an assignee or the issuance of stormrecovery bonds authorized thereby, a financing order is irrevocable and, except as provided in subparagraph 4. and paragraph (c), the commission may not amend, modify, or terminate the financing order by any subsequent action or reduce, impair, postpone, terminate, or otherwise adjust storm-

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37-01032-18 20181166 233 recovery charges approved in the financing order. After the 234 issuance of a financing order, the electric utility retains sole 235 discretion regarding whether to assign, sell, or otherwise 236 transfer storm-recovery property or to cause the storm-recovery 237 bonds to be issued, including the right to defer or postpone 238 such assignment, sale, transfer, or issuance. 239 (5) STORM-RECOVERY PROPERTY.-240 (b)1. Except as specified in this section, the Uniform Commercial Code does not apply to storm-recovery property or any 241 242 right, title, or interest of a utility or assignee described in 243 subparagraph (1)(p)1. (1)(0)1, whether before or after the 244 issuance of the financing order. In addition, such right, title, 245 or interest pertaining to a financing order, including, but not 246 limited to, the associated storm-recovery property and any 247 revenues, collections, claims, rights to payment, payments, 248 money, or proceeds of or arising from storm-recovery charges 249 pursuant to such order, may shall not be deemed proceeds of any 250 right or interest other than in the financing order and the 251 storm-recovery property arising from the order. 252 2. The creation, attachment, granting, perfection,

priority, and enforcement of liens and security interests in storm-recovery property to secure storm-recovery bonds is governed solely by this section and not by the Uniform Commercial Code.

3. A valid, enforceable, and attached lien and security
interest in storm-recovery property may be created only upon the
later of:

a. The issuance of a financing order;

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b. The execution and delivery of a security agreement with

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recovery property.

37-01032-18 20181166 262 a financing party in connection with the issuance of storm-263 recovery bonds; or c. The receipt of value for the storm-recovery bonds. 264 265 266 A valid, enforceable, and attached security interest shall be 267 perfected against third parties as of the date of filing of a 268 financing statement in the Florida Secured Transaction Registry, 269 as such registry is defined in Article 9 of the Uniform 270 Commercial Code, in accordance with subparagraph 4., and shall 271 thereafter be a continuously perfected lien; and such security 272 interest in the storm-recovery property and all proceeds of such 273 storm-recovery property, whether or not billed, accrued, or 274 collected, and whether or not deposited into a deposit account 275 and however evidenced, shall have priority in accordance with 276 subparagraph 8. and take precedence over any subsequent judicial 277 or other lien creditor. No continuation statement need be filed 278 to maintain such perfection. 279 4. Financing statements required to be filed pursuant to 280 this section shall be filed, maintained, and indexed in the same 281 manner and in the same system of records maintained for the 282 filing of financing statements in the Florida Secured 283 Transaction Registry under Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial 284 Code. The filing of such a financing statement shall be the only

5. The priority of a lien and security interest perfected under this paragraph is not impaired by any later modification of the financing order or storm-recovery property or by the commingling of funds arising from storm-recovery property with

method of perfecting a lien or security interest on storm-

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37-01032-18 20181166 291 other funds, and any other security interest that may apply to 292 those funds shall be terminated as to all funds transferred to a segregated account for the benefit of an assignee or a financing 293 294 party or to an assignee or financing party directly. 295 6. If a default or termination occurs under the terms of 296 the storm-recovery bonds, the financing parties or their 297 representatives may foreclose on or otherwise enforce their lien 298 and security interest in any storm-recovery property as if they 299 were a secured party under Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial 300 Code; and a court may order that amounts arising from storm-301 recovery property be transferred to a separate account for the 302 financing parties' benefit, to which their lien and security 303 interest shall apply. On application by or on behalf of the 304 financing parties to a circuit court of this state, such court 305 shall order the sequestration and payment to the financing 306 parties of revenues arising from the storm-recovery property. 307 7. The interest of a pledgee of an interest or any rights 308 in any storm-recovery property is not perfected until filing as 309 provided in subparagraph 4. 310 8. The priority of the conflicting interests of pledgees in 311 the same interest or rights in any storm-recovery property is

312 determined as follows: 313 a. Conflicting perfected interests or rights of pledgees 314 rank according to priority in time of perfection. Priority dates 315 from the time a filing covering the interest or right is made in 316 accordance with this paragraph.

b. A perfected interest or right of a pledgee has priority
over a conflicting unperfected interest or right of a pledgee.
c. A perfected interest or right of a pledgee has priority

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320	over a person who becomes a lien creditor after the perfection
321	of such pledgee's interest or right.
322	(13) STORM-RECOVERY CHARGE DISCOUNT
323	(a) In areas where an electric utility customer or group of
324	customers, such as a homeowners' association, has underground
325	electric utility distribution lines servicing their property or
326	group of properties, the electric utility serving those
327	customers must provide a 15 percent discount on any storm-
328	recovery charge over other customers of the same class who do
329	not have underground distribution lines servicing their
330	property. This paragraph applies only when such distribution
331	lines were undergrounded at the direct request of, and upon the
332	assessment of an impact or other discrete fee to, the current or
333	previous customer or group of customers serviced at such
334	property or group of properties.
335	(b) If a local government adopts an ordinance prohibiting
336	the planting of trees, other than small trees that will reach a
337	maximum height of 10 feet, within 5 lateral feet, at ground
338	level, of any overhead utility distribution or transmission
339	line, an electric utility shall provide a 15 percent discount on
340	any storm-recovery charge to customers within such local
341	government's jurisdiction over other customers of the same class
342	who are not within such jurisdiction.
343	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

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