#### The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT (This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Pre	pared By: The Professional	Staff of the Comm	ttee on Judicia	У
BILL:	CS/SB 141	12			
INTRODUCER:	Judiciary Committee and Senator Simmons				
SUBJECT: Office of t		he Judges of Compensat	ion Claims		
DATE:	January 26	, 2018 REVISED:			
ANALYST		STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
. Stallard		Cibula	JU	Fav/CS	
2.			AGG		
3.			AP		

# Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

## I. Summary:

CS/SB 1412 requires that the judges of compensation claims be paid "a salary equal to that of a county court judge," which is currently \$27,527.80 higher than the salary of a judge of compensation claims. County court judges are currently paid \$151,822 per year. The salary of the Deputy Chief Judge of Compensation Claims, however, is set by the bill at \$1,000 more than that of a county court judge. Accordingly, if the salary of the county court judges rises or falls, so will that of the judges of compensation claims.

## II. Present Situation:

The judges of compensation claims have exclusive jurisdiction over workers' compensation cases.<sup>1</sup> When an employer disputes an employee's claim for workers' compensation, the employee may initiate litigation of the matter by filing a petition with the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims (OJCC). Even after a petition is filed, a workers' compensation dispute may be resolved through mediation<sup>2</sup> or arbitration.<sup>3</sup> But, when necessary, a judge of compensation claims may hold a hearing to resolve the matter.<sup>4</sup> Upon the conclusion of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Sanders v. City of Orlando, 997 So. 2d 1089, 1094 (Fla. 2008).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See s. 440.25, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See s. 440.1926, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See s. 440.25(4), F.S.

hearing, the judge's order may be appealed to the First District Court of Appeal, which has sole appellate jurisdiction.<sup>5</sup>

The OJCC is headed by the Deputy Chief Judge, who reports to the director and Chief Judge of the Division of Administrative Hearings (DOAH). The DOAH Chief Judge acts as the OJCC's "agency head for all purposes."<sup>6</sup>

Judges of compensation claims are nominated by a statewide nominating commission and appointed by the Governor to a 4-year term. The Governor may re-appoint a judge to successive 4-year terms and may remove a judge for cause during any term.<sup>7</sup>

Judges of compensation claims are paid \$124,564.20 per year, except the Deputy Chief Judge, who is paid \$127,422.12 per year.<sup>8</sup>

These salaries are roughly equivalent to those of administrative law judges (ALJs), who preside at the DOAH. The standard ALJ salary is \$123,070 per year, while Senior ALJs are paid \$124,320 per year and the Deputy Chief ALJ is paid \$125,820 per year. The Chief Judge determines these salaries, except for his own, which is \$131,409.36 and was set by the Florida Cabinet upon his hiring.<sup>9</sup>

Until January 1, 1994, the salary of the judges of compensation claims was linked to the salary of Circuit Court judges, who are now paid \$160,688.04 annually.<sup>10</sup> But since 1994, the salary of judges of compensation claims has increased only when the Legislature has appropriated general state-employee salary increases. The salaries and other expenses of the OJCC are paid from the Workers' Compensation Administration Trust Fund.<sup>11</sup>

## III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill requires that the judges of compensation claims be paid "a salary equal to that of a county court judge," which is currently \$27,527.80 higher than the salary of a judge of compensation claims. County court judges are currently paid \$151,822 per year. The salary of the Deputy Chief Judge of Compensation Claims, however, is set by the bill at \$1,000 more than that of a county court judge. Accordingly, if the salary of the county court judges rises or falls, so will that of the judges of compensation claims.

The bill does not appear to affect the salary of the Chief Judge of the Division of Administrative Hearings. Though the Chief Judge serves as the "agency head" of the OJCC, he is not listed as a judge of compensation claims on the OJCC's website, nor does the statutory description of his

<sup>9</sup> Conversation with Cindy Ardoin, Budget Officer, Florida Division of Administrative Hearings (Jan. 22, 2018).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Section 440.271, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Section 440.45(1)(a), F.S. DOAH and the OJCC exist within the Department of Management Services, but the department may not direct DOAH or the OJCC in any way. Instead the department must "provide administrative support and service to the office to the extent requested by the director of the Division of Administrative Hearings." Section 440.45(1)(a), F.S. <sup>7</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Div. of Admin. Hearings, Analysis of Senate Bill 1412 (Jan. 4, 2018) (on file with the Senate Committee on Judiciary).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Ch. 2017-88, s. 17, Laws of Fla.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Div. of Admin. Hearings, Analysis of Senate Bill 1412 (Jan. 4, 2018) (on file with the Senate Committee on Judiciary).

position include service as a JCC.<sup>12</sup> Under the bill, the salary of the current DOAH Chief Judge will be approximately \$7,500 less than that of the Deputy Chief Judge of Compensation Claims.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2018.

## IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

This bill does not require counties or municipalities to spend funds or limit their authority to raise revenue or receive state-shared revenues as specified in Article VII, s. 18 of the Florida Constitution.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

# V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

According the Division of Administrative Hearings, increasing the salaries of the judges of compensation claims will increase expenditures from the Workers' Compensation Administration Trust Fund by \$539,742 for each of the next 3 fiscal years.<sup>13</sup>

## VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

## VII. Related Issues:

None.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims, *Judges of Compensation Claims*, <u>https://www.jcc.state.fl.us/JCC/judges/</u> (last visited Jan. 22, 2018).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Div. of Admin. Hearings, Analysis of Senate Bill 1412 (Jan. 4, 2018) (on file with the Senate Committee on Judiciary).

# VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 440.45 of the Florida Statutes.

#### IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

#### CS by Judiciary on January 25, 2018:

The committee substitute removed the provision of the bill that would have increased the initial term of a judge of compensation claims to 6 years, which is 2 more than under current law.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.