House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 01/10/2018

The Committee on Banking and Insurance (Lee) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause

and insert:

Section 1. <u>Sections 627.730, 627.731, 627.7311, 627.732,</u> 627.733, 627.734, 627.736, 627.737, 627.739, 627.7401, 627.7403, and 627.7405, Florida Statutes, which comprise the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, are repealed.

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Section 2. <u>Section 627.7407</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 316.646, Florida

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11 Statutes, is amended to read:

12 316.646 Security required; proof of security and display 13 thereof.-

14 (1) An owner of a motor vehicle required to be registered 15 in this state and an operator of a motor vehicle licensed in 16 this state Any person required by s. 324.022 to maintain property damage liability security, required by s. 324.023 to 17 18 maintain liability security for bodily injury or death, or required by s. 627.733 to maintain personal injury protection 19 security on a motor vehicle shall have in his or her immediate 20 21 possession at all times while operating such motor vehicle 22 proper proof of maintenance of the required security required 23 under s. 324.021(7).

(a) Such proof <u>must</u> shall be in a uniform paper or
electronic format, as prescribed by the department, a valid
insurance policy, an insurance policy binder, a certificate of
insurance, or such other proof as may be prescribed by the
department.

(b)1. The act of presenting to a law enforcement officer an electronic device displaying proof of insurance in an electronic format does not constitute consent for the officer to access any information on the device other than the displayed proof of insurance.

34 2. The person who presents the device to the officer35 assumes the liability for any resulting damage to the device.

36 Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 37 318.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

38 318.18 Amount of penalties.—The penalties required for a 39 noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 or a criminal



40 offense listed in s. 318.17 are as follows: 41 (2) Thirty dollars for all nonmoving traffic violations 42 and:

43 (b) For all violations of ss. 320.0605, 320.07(1), 322.065, 44 and 322.15(1). A Any person who is cited for a violation of s. 45 320.07(1) shall be charged a delinguent fee pursuant to s. 46 320.07(4).

47 1. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 320.0605 48 or s. 320.07 can show proof of having a valid registration at 49 the time of arrest, the clerk of the court may dismiss the case and may assess a dismissal fee of up to \$10. A person who finds 50 51 it impossible or impractical to obtain a valid registration 52 certificate must submit an affidavit detailing the reasons for 53 the impossibility or impracticality. The reasons may include, 54 but are not limited to, the fact that the vehicle was sold, 55 stolen, or destroyed; that the state in which the vehicle is 56 registered does not issue a certificate of registration; or that 57 the vehicle is owned by another person.

2. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 322.03, 59 s. 322.065, or s. 322.15 can show a driver license issued to him 60 or her and valid at the time of arrest, the clerk of the court may dismiss the case and may assess a dismissal fee of up to \$10.

3. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 316.646 63 64 can show proof of security as required by s. 324.021(7) s. 65 627.733, issued to the person and valid at the time of arrest, 66 the clerk of the court may dismiss the case and may assess a 67 dismissal fee of up to \$10. A person who finds it impossible or impractical to obtain proof of security must submit an affidavit 68

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2018 Bill No. SB 150

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543534

detailing the reasons for the impracticality. The reasons may include, but are not limited to, the fact that the vehicle has since been sold, stolen, or destroyed; that the owner or registrant of the vehicle is not required by s. 627.733 to maintain personal injury protection insurance; or that the vehicle is owned by another person.

Section 5. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (5) of section 320.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

320.02 Registration required; application for registration; forms.-

79 (5) (a) Proof that bodily injury liability coverage and 80 property damage liability coverage personal injury protection benefits have been purchased if required under s. 324.022, s. 81 82 324.032, or s. 627.742, that medical payments coverage has been 83 purchased if required under s. 627.7265 s. 627.733, that 84 property damage liability coverage has been purchased as 85 required under s. 324.022, that bodily injury liability or death coverage has been purchased if required under s. 324.023, and 86 that combined bodily liability insurance and property damage 87 liability insurance have been purchased if required under s. 88 89 627.7415 must shall be provided in the manner prescribed by law 90 by the applicant at the time of application for registration of 91 any motor vehicle that is subject to such requirements. The issuing agent may not shall refuse to issue registration if such 92 93 proof of purchase is not provided. Insurers shall furnish 94 uniform proof-of-purchase cards in a paper or electronic format 95 in a form prescribed by the department and include the name of 96 the insured's insurance company, the coverage identification 97 number, and the make, year, and vehicle identification number of

Page 4 of 103



98 the vehicle insured. The card must contain a statement notifying 99 the applicant of the penalty specified under s. 316.646(4). The 100 card or insurance policy, insurance policy binder, or 101 certificate of insurance or a photocopy of any of these; an 102 affidavit containing the name of the insured's insurance 103 company, the insured's policy number, and the make and year of the vehicle insured; or such other proof as may be prescribed by 104 105 the department constitutes shall constitute sufficient proof of 106 purchase. If an affidavit is provided as proof, it must be in 107 substantially the following form: 108 109 Under penalty of perjury, I ... (Name of insured) ... do hereby 110 certify that I have ... (bodily injury liability and Personal 111 Injury Protection, property damage liability coverage, and 112 medical payments coverage, and, if required, Bodily Injury Liability) ... Insurance currently in effect with ... (Name of 113 114 insurance company)... under ... (policy number)... covering ... (make, year, and vehicle identification number of 115 116 vehicle) (Signature of Insured) ... 117 118 Such affidavit must include the following warning: 119 120 WARNING: GIVING FALSE INFORMATION IN ORDER TO OBTAIN A VEHICLE 121 REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE UNDER FLORIDA 122 LAW. ANYONE GIVING FALSE INFORMATION ON THIS AFFIDAVIT IS 123 SUBJECT TO PROSECUTION. 124 125 If an application is made through a licensed motor vehicle dealer as required under s. 319.23, the original or a photocopy 126



127 photostatic copy of such card, insurance policy, insurance policy binder, or certificate of insurance or the original 128 129 affidavit from the insured must shall be forwarded by the dealer to the tax collector of the county or the Department of Highway 130 131 Safety and Motor Vehicles for processing. By executing the 132 aforesaid affidavit, a no licensed motor vehicle dealer is not 133 will be liable in damages for any inadequacy, insufficiency, or 134 falsification of any statement contained therein. A card must 135 also indicate the existence of any bodily injury liability 136 insurance voluntarily purchased.

137 (d) The verifying of proof of personal injury protection 138 insurance, proof of property damage liability insurance, proof 139 of combined bodily liability insurance and property damage 140 liability insurance, or proof of financial responsibility 141 insurance and the issuance or failure to issue the motor vehicle 142 registration under the provisions of this chapter may not be 143 construed in any court as a warranty of the reliability or accuracy of the evidence of such proof, or that the provisions 144 145 of any insurance policy furnished as proof of financial 146 responsibility comply with state law. Neither The department or 147 nor any tax collector is not liable in damages for any inadequacy, insufficiency, falsification, or unauthorized 148 149 modification of any item of the proof of personal injury 150 protection insurance, proof of property damage liability insurance, proof of combined bodily liability insurance and 151 152 property damage liability insurance, or proof of financial 153 responsibility before insurance prior to, during, or subsequent 154 to the verification of the proof. The issuance of a motor 155 vehicle registration does not constitute prima facie evidence or

Page 6 of 103



156	a presumption of insurance coverage.
157	Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
158	320.0609, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
159	320.0609 Transfer and exchange of registration license
160	plates; transfer fee
161	(1)
162	(b) The transfer of a license plate from a vehicle disposed
163	of to a newly acquired vehicle does not constitute a new
164	registration. The application for transfer shall be accepted
165	without requiring proof of personal injury protection or
166	liability insurance.
167	Section 7. Paragraph (g) is added to subsection (1) of
168	section 320.27, Florida Statutes, and subsection (3) of that
169	section is amended, to read:
170	320.27 Motor vehicle dealers
171	(1) DEFINITIONS.—The following words, terms, and phrases
172	when used in this section have the meanings respectively
173	ascribed to them in this subsection, except where the context
174	clearly indicates a different meaning:
175	(g) "Garage liability insurance" means combined single-
176	limit liability coverage, including property damage and bodily
177	injury liability coverage, in the amount of:
178	1. Beginning January 1, 2019, and continuing through
179	December 31, 2020, at least \$50,000.
180	2. Beginning January 1, 2021, and continuing through
181	December 31, 2022, at least \$60,000.
182	3. Beginning January 1, 2023 and thereafter, at least
183	\$70,000.
184	(3) APPLICATION AND FEE.—The application for the license

543534

185 application must shall be in such form as may be prescribed by 186 the department and is shall be subject to such rules with 187 respect thereto as may be so prescribed by the department it. 188 Such application must shall be verified by oath or affirmation 189 and must shall contain a full statement of the name and birth 190 date of the person or persons applying for the license therefor; 191 the name of the firm or copartnership, with the names and places 192 of residence of all members thereof, if such applicant is a firm 193 or copartnership; the names and places of residence of the 194 principal officers, if the applicant is a body corporate or 195 other artificial body; the name of the state under whose laws 196 the corporation is organized; the present and former place or 197 places of residence of the applicant; and the prior business in 198 which the applicant has been engaged and its the location 199 thereof. The Such application must shall describe the exact 200 location of the place of business and must shall state whether 201 the place of business is owned by the applicant and when 202 acquired, or, if leased, a true copy of the lease must shall be attached to the application. The applicant shall certify that 203 204 the location provides an adequately equipped office and is not a 205 residence; that the location affords sufficient unoccupied space 206 upon and within which adequately to store all motor vehicles 207 offered and displayed for sale; and that the location is a 208 suitable place where the applicant can in good faith carry on 209 such business and keep and maintain books, records, and files 210 necessary to conduct such business, which must shall be 211 available at all reasonable hours to inspection by the 212 department or any of its inspectors or other employees. The applicant shall certify that the business of a motor vehicle 213

Page 8 of 103



214 dealer is the principal business that will which shall be 215 conducted at that location. The application must shall contain a statement that the applicant is either franchised by a 216 manufacturer of motor vehicles, in which case the name of each 217 218 motor vehicle that the applicant is franchised to sell must 219 shall be included, or an independent (nonfranchised) motor 220 vehicle dealer. The application must shall contain other 221 relevant information as may be required by the department. The applicant must furnish, including evidence, in a form approved 2.2.2 223 by the department, that the applicant is insured under a garage 224 liability insurance policy or a general liability insurance 225 policy coupled with a business automobile policy having the 226 garage liability insurance coverage required by this subsection \overline{r} 227 which shall include, at a minimum, \$25,000 combined single-limit 228 liability coverage including bodily injury and property damage 229 protection and \$10,000 personal injury protection. However, a 230 salvage motor vehicle dealer as defined in subparagraph (1)(c)5. 231 is exempt from the requirements for garage liability insurance 232 and medical payments coverage insurance and personal injury 233 protection insurance on those vehicles that cannot be legally 234 operated on roads, highways, or streets in this state. Franchise 235 dealers must submit a garage liability insurance policy, and all 236 other dealers must submit a garage liability insurance policy or a general liability insurance policy coupled with a business 237 238 automobile policy. Such policy must shall be for the license 239 period, and evidence of a new or continued policy must shall be 240 delivered to the department at the beginning of each license period. Upon making an initial application, the applicant shall 241 pay to the department a fee of \$300 in addition to any other 242

Page 9 of 103



243 fees required by law. Applicants may choose to extend the 244 licensure period for 1 additional year for a total of 2 years. An initial applicant shall pay to the department a fee of \$300 245 246 for the first year and \$75 for the second year, in addition to 247 any other fees required by law. An applicant for renewal shall 248 pay to the department \$75 for a 1-year renewal or \$150 for a 2-249 year renewal, in addition to any other fees required by law. 250 Upon making an application for a change of location, the applicant person shall pay a fee of \$50 in addition to any other 251 252 fees now required by law. The department shall, in the case of 253 every application for initial licensure, verify whether certain 254 facts set forth in the application are true. Each applicant, 255 general partner in the case of a partnership, or corporate 256 officer and director in the case of a corporate applicant shall τ 257 must file a set of fingerprints with the department for the 258 purpose of determining any prior criminal record or any 259 outstanding warrants. The department shall submit the 260 fingerprints to the Department of Law Enforcement for state 261 processing and forwarding to the Federal Bureau of Investigation 262 for federal processing. The actual cost of state and federal 263 processing must shall be borne by the applicant and is in 264 addition to the fee for licensure. The department may issue a 265 license to an applicant pending the results of the fingerprint investigation, which license is fully revocable if the 266 267 department subsequently determines that any facts set forth in 268 the application are not true or correctly represented. 269

Section 8. Paragraph (j) of subsection (3) of section 270 320.771, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 271

320.771 License required of recreational vehicle dealers.-

543534

272 (3) APPLICATION.-The application for such license shall be 273 in the form prescribed by the department and subject to such 274 rules as may be prescribed by it. The application shall be 275 verified by oath or affirmation and shall contain: 276 (j) A statement that the applicant is insured under a garage liability insurance policy in accordance with s. 277 278 320.27(1)(g), which shall include, at a minimum, \$25,000 279 combined single-limit liability coverage, including bodily injury and property damage protection, and \$10,000 personal 280 281 injury protection, if the applicant is to be licensed as a 282 dealer in, or intends to sell, recreational vehicles. 283 284 The department shall, if it deems necessary, cause an 285 investigation to be made to ascertain if the facts set forth in 286 the application are true and shall not issue a license to the 287 applicant until it is satisfied that the facts set forth in the 288 application are true. 289 Section 9. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 322.251, 290 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 291 322.251 Notice of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or 292 disqualification of license.-293 (1) All orders of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or 294 disqualification issued under the provisions of this chapter, chapter 318, or chapter 324 must, or ss. 627.732-627.734 shall 295 296 be given either by personal delivery thereof to the licensee 297 whose license is being canceled, suspended, revoked, or 298 disqualified or by deposit in the United States mail in an 299 envelope, first class, postage prepaid, addressed to the 300 licensee at his or her last known mailing address furnished to

Page 11 of 103



301 the department. Such mailing by the department constitutes 302 notification, and any failure by the person to receive the 303 mailed order will not affect or stay the effective date or term 304 of the cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification 305 of the licensee's driving privilege.

306 (2) The giving of notice and an order of cancellation, 307 suspension, revocation, or disqualification by mail is complete 308 upon expiration of 20 days after deposit in the United States 309 mail for all notices except those issued under chapter 324 or 310 ss. 627.732-627.734, which are complete 15 days after deposit in 311 the United States mail. Proof of the giving of notice and an 312 order of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or 313 disqualification in either manner must shall be made by entry in 314 the records of the department that such notice was given. The 315 entry is admissible in the courts of this state and constitutes 316 sufficient proof that such notice was given.

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 322.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.34 Driving while license suspended, revoked, canceled, or disqualified.-

(8) (a) Upon the arrest of a person for the offense of driving while the person's driver license or driving privilege is suspended or revoked, the arresting officer shall determine:

1. Whether the person's driver license is suspended or revoked.

326 2. Whether the person's driver license has remained 327 suspended or revoked since a conviction for the offense of 328 driving with a suspended or revoked license.

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3. Whether the suspension or revocation was made under s.

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330 316.646 or s. 627.733, relating to failure to maintain required 331 security, or under s. 322.264, relating to habitual traffic 332 offenders. 333 4. Whether the driver is the registered owner or coowner of

333 4. Whether the driver is the registered owner or coowner of334 the vehicle.

335 Section 11. Section 324.011, Florida Statutes, is amended 336 to read:

337 324.011 Legislative intent and purpose of chapter.-It is the Legislature's intent of this chapter to ensure that the 338 339 privilege of owning or operating a motor vehicle in this state 340 be exercised recognize the existing privilege to own or operate 341 a motor vehicle on the public streets and highways of this state 342 when such vehicles are used with due consideration for others' 343 safety others and their property, and to promote safety, and to 344 provide financial security requirements for such owners and or 345 operators whose responsibility it is to recompense others for 346 injury to person or property caused by the operation of a motor 347 vehicle. Therefore, this chapter requires that owners and operators of motor vehicles establish, maintain, and it is 348 349 required herein that the operator of a motor vehicle involved in 350 a crash or convicted of certain traffic offenses meeting the 351 operative provisions of s. 324.051(2) shall respond for such 352 damages and show proof of financial ability to respond for 353 damages arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a 354 motor vehicle in future accidents as a requisite to owning or 355 operating a motor vehicle in this state his or her future 356 exercise of such privileges.

357 Section 12. Subsections (1) and (7) and paragraph (c) of 358 subsection (9) of section 324.021, Florida Statutes, are

Page 13 of 103

543534

359 amended, and subsection (12) is added to that section, to read: 360 324.021 Definitions; minimum insurance required.-The 361 following words and phrases when used in this chapter shall, for 362 the purpose of this chapter, have the meanings respectively 363 ascribed to them in this section, except in those instances 364 where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

365 (1) MOTOR VEHICLE.-Every self-propelled vehicle that is 366 designed and required to be licensed for use upon a highway, 367 including trailers and semitrailers designed for use with such 368 vehicles, except traction engines, road rollers, farm tractors, 369 power shovels, and well drillers, and every vehicle that is 370 propelled by electric power obtained from overhead wires but not 371 operated upon rails, but not including any personal delivery 372 device as defined in s. 316.003, bicycle, or moped. However, the 373 term "motor vehicle" does not include a motor vehicle as defined 374 in s. 627.732(3) when the owner of such vehicle has complied with the requirements of ss. 627.730-627.7405, inclusive, unless 375 the provisions of s. 324.051 apply; and, in such case, the 376 377 applicable proof of insurance provisions of s. 320.02 apply.

(7) PROOF OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY.-That Proof of 379 ability to respond in damages for liability on account of crashes arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle:

(a) With respect to a motor vehicle that is not a commercial motor vehicle, nonpublic sector bus, or for-hire passenger transportation vehicle:

385 1. Beginning January 1, 2019, and continuing through 386 December 31, 2020, in the amount of: 387 a. Twenty thousand dollars for \$10,000 because of bodily

Page 14 of 103

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2018 Bill No. SB 150

543534

388	injury to, or the death of, one person in any one crash and, $ au$
389	(b) subject to such limits for one person, in the amount of
390	$\frac{40,000 \text{ for}}{40,000 \text{ for}}$
391	of, two or more persons in any one crash; and
392	b. Ten thousand dollars for damage to, or destruction of,
393	property of others in any one crash.
394	2. Beginning January 1, 2021, and continuing through
395	December 31, 2022, in the amount of:
396	a. Twenty-five thousand dollars for bodily injury to, or
397	the death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such
398	limits for one person, in the amount of \$50,000 for bodily
399	injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in any one
400	crash; and
401	b. Ten thousand dollars for damage to, or destruction of,
402	property of others in any one crash.
403	3. Beginning January 1, 2023, and continuing thereafter, in
404	the amount of:
405	a. Thirty thousand dollars for bodily injury to, or the
406	death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such
407	limits for one person, in the amount of \$60,000 for bodily
408	injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in any one
409	crash; and
410	<u>b.(c)</u> Ten thousand dollars for damage In the amount of
411	\$10,000 because of injury to, or destruction of, property of
412	others in any one crash <u>.; and</u>
413	(b) (d) With respect to commercial motor vehicles and
414	nonpublic sector buses, in the amounts specified in <u>s. 627.7415</u>
415	ss. 627.7415 and 627.742, respectively.
416	(c) With respect to nonpublic sector buses, in the amounts
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Page 15 of 103



417 <u>specified in s. 627.742.</u>
418 <u>(d) With respect to for-hire passenger transportation</u>
419 <u>vehicles, in the amounts specified in s. 324.032.</u>
420 (9) OWNER; OWNER/LESSOR.—

(c) Application.-

422 1. The limits on liability in subparagraphs (b)2. and 3. do not apply to an owner of motor vehicles that are used for 423 424 commercial activity in the owner's ordinary course of business, 42.5 other than a rental company that rents or leases motor vehicles. 426 For purposes of this paragraph, the term "rental company" 427 includes only an entity that is engaged in the business of 428 renting or leasing motor vehicles to the general public and that 429 rents or leases a majority of its motor vehicles to persons with 430 no direct or indirect affiliation with the rental company. The 431 term also includes a motor vehicle dealer that provides 432 temporary replacement vehicles to its customers for up to 10 433 days. The term "rental company" also includes:

a. A related rental or leasing company that is a subsidiary of the same parent company as that of the renting or leasing company that rented or leased the vehicle.

437 b. The holder of a motor vehicle title or an equity 438 interest in a motor vehicle title if the title or equity 439 interest is held pursuant to or to facilitate an asset-backed 440 securitization of a fleet of motor vehicles used solely in the 441 business of renting or leasing motor vehicles to the general 442 public and under the dominion and control of a rental company, 443 as described in this subparagraph, in the operation of such 444 rental company's business.

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2. Furthermore, with respect to commercial motor vehicles

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446 as defined in s. 207.002 or s. 320.01 s. 627.732, the limits on liability in subparagraphs (b)2. and 3. do not apply if, at the 447 448 time of the incident, the commercial motor vehicle is being used 449 in the transportation of materials found to be hazardous for the 450 purposes of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Authorization 451 Act of 1994, as amended, 49 U.S.C. ss. 5101 et seq., and that is 452 required pursuant to such act to carry placards warning others 453 of the hazardous cargo, unless at the time of lease or rental 454 either:

a. The lessee indicates in writing that the vehicle will
not be used to transport materials found to be hazardous for the
purposes of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Authorization
Act of 1994, as amended, 49 U.S.C. ss. 5101 et seq.; or

b. The lessee or other operator of the commercial motor vehicle has in effect insurance with limits of at least $\frac{55}{1000,000}$ combined property damage and bodily injury liability.

(12) FOR-HIRE PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION VEHICLE.-Every "forhire vehicle" as defined in s. 320.01(15) which is offered or used to provide transportation for persons, including taxicabs, limousines, and jitneys.

467 Section 13. Section 324.022, Florida Statutes, is amended 468 to read:

469 324.022 Financial responsibility <u>requirements</u> for property 470 damage.-

(1) (a) Every owner or operator of a motor vehicle required to be registered in this state shall establish and <u>continuously</u> maintain the ability to respond in damages for liability on account of accidents arising out of the use of the motor vehicle

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543534

475	in the amount of:
476	1. Beginning January 1, 2019, and continuing through
477	December 31, 2020:
478	a. Twenty thousand dollars for bodily injury to, or the
479	death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such
480	limits for one person, in the amount of \$40,000 for bodily
481	injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in any one
482	crash; and
483	b. Ten thousand dollars for damage to, or destruction of,
484	property of others in any one crash.
485	2. Beginning January 1, 2021, and continuing through
486	December 31, 2022:
487	a. Twenty-five thousand dollars for bodily injury to, or
488	the death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such
489	limits for one person, in the amount of \$50,000 for bodily
490	injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in any one
491	crash; and
492	b. Ten thousand dollars for damage to, or destruction of,
493	property of others in any one crash.
494	3. Beginning January 1, 2023, and continuing thereafter:
495	a. Thirty thousand dollars for bodily injury to, or the
496	death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such
497	limits for one person, in the amount of \$60,000 for bodily
498	injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in any one
499	crash; and
500	<u>b. Ten thousand dollars for</u> \$10,000 because of damage to,
501	or destruction of, property of others in any one crash.
502	(b) The requirements of paragraph (a) this section may be
503	met by one of the methods established in s. 324.031; by self-

543534

504	insuring as authorized by s. 768.28(16); or by maintaining
505	medical payments coverage under s. 627.7265 and a motor vehicle
506	liability insurance policy that an insurance policy providing
507	coverage for property damage liability in the amount of at least
508	\$10,000 because of damage to, or destruction of, property of
509	others in any one accident arising out of the use of the motor
510	vehicle. The requirements of this section may also be met by
511	having a policy which provides combined property damage
512	liability and bodily injury liability coverage for any one crash
513	arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor
514	vehicle which conforms to the requirements of s. 324.151 in the
515	amount of:
516	1. At least \$50,000 for every owner and operator subject to
517	the financial responsibility required in subparagraph (1)(a)1.
518	2. At least \$60,000 for every owner and operator subject to
519	the financial responsibility required in subparagraph (1)(a)2.
520	3. At least \$70,000 for every owner and operator subject to
521	the financial responsibility required in subparagraph (1)(a)3.
522	\$30,000 for combined property damage liability and bodily injury
523	liability for any one crash arising out of the use of the motor
524	vehicle. The policy, with respect to coverage for property
525	damage liability, must meet the applicable requirements of s.
526	324.151, subject to the usual policy exclusions that have been
527	approved in policy forms by the Office of Insurance Regulation.
528	No insurer shall have any duty to defend uncovered claims
529	irrespective of their joinder with covered claims.
530	(2) As used in this section, the term:
531	(a) "Motor vehicle" means any self-propelled vehicle that
532	has four or more wheels and that is of a type designed and

Page 19 of 103

543534

533	required to be licensed for use on the highways of this state,
534	and any trailer or semitrailer designed for use with such
535	vehicle. The term does not include the following:
536	1. A mobile home as defined in s. 320.01.
537	2. A motor vehicle that is used in mass transit and
538	designed to transport more than five passengers, exclusive of
539	the operator of the motor vehicle, and that is owned by a
540	municipality, transit authority, or political subdivision of the
541	state.
542	3. A school bus as defined in s. 1006.25, which shall
543	maintain security as required under s. 316.615.
544	4. A commercial motor vehicle as defined in s. 207.002 or
545	s. 320.01, which shall maintain security as required under ss.
546	324.031 and 627.7415.
547	5. A nonpublic sector bus, which shall maintain security as
548	required under ss. 324.031 and 627.742.
549	<u>6.4.</u> A vehicle providing for-hire <u>passenger</u> transportation
550	vehicle, which that is subject to the provisions of s. 324.031.
551	A taxicab shall maintain security as required under <u>s. 324.032</u>
552	s. 324.032(1) .
553	7.5. A personal delivery device as defined in s. 316.003.
554	(b) "Owner" means the person who holds legal title to a
555	motor vehicle or the debtor or lessee who has the right to
556	possession of a motor vehicle that is the subject of a security
557	agreement or lease with an option to purchase.
558	(3) Each nonresident owner or registrant of a motor vehicle
559	that, whether operated or not, has been physically present
560	within this state for more than 90 days during the preceding 365
561	days shall maintain security as required by subsection (1). The

Page 20 of 103



562 <u>security must be</u> that is in effect continuously throughout the 563 period the motor vehicle remains within this state.

(4) An The owner or registrant of a motor vehicle who is 564 565 exempt from the requirements of this section if she or he is a 566 member of the United States Armed Forces and is called to or on 567 active duty outside the United States in an emergency situation 568 is exempt from this section while he or she. The exemption 569 provided by this subsection applies only as long as the member 570 of the Armed Forces is on such active duty. This exemption 571 outside the United States and applies only while the vehicle 572 covered by the security is not operated by any person. Upon 573 receipt of a written request by the insured to whom the 574 exemption provided in this subsection applies, the insurer shall 575 cancel the coverages and return any unearned premium or suspend 576 the security required by this section. Notwithstanding s. 577 324.0221(2) = 324.0221(3), the department may not suspend the 578 registration or operator's license of an any owner or registrant 579 of a motor vehicle during the time she or he qualifies for the an exemption under this subsection. An Any owner or registrant 580 581 of a motor vehicle who qualifies for the an exemption under this 582 subsection shall immediately notify the department before prior 583 to and at the end of the expiration of the exemption.

Section 14. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 324.0221, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

324.0221 Reports by insurers to the department; suspension of driver license and vehicle registrations; reinstatement.-

588 (1) (a) Each insurer that has issued a policy providing 589 <u>medical payments coverage or personal injury protection coverage</u> 590 or property damage liability coverage shall report the

Page 21 of 103

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591 cancellation or nonrenewal thereof to the department within 10 592 days after the processing date or effective date of each cancellation or nonrenewal. Upon the issuance of a policy 593 594 providing medical payments coverage or personal injury 595 protection coverage or property damage liability coverage to a 596 named insured not previously insured by the insurer during that calendar year, the insurer shall report the issuance of the new 597 598 policy to the department within 10 days. The report must shall 599 be in the form and format and contain any information required 600 by the department and must be provided in a format that is 601 compatible with the data processing capabilities of the 602 department. Failure by an insurer to file proper reports with 603 the department as required by this subsection constitutes a 604 violation of the Florida Insurance Code. These records may shall 605 be used by the department only for enforcement and regulatory 606 purposes, including the generation by the department of data 607 regarding compliance by owners of motor vehicles with the 608 requirements for financial responsibility coverage.

609 (b) With respect to an insurance policy providing medical 610 payments coverage or personal injury protection coverage or 611 property damage liability coverage, each insurer shall notify 612 the named insured, or the first-named insured in the case of a 613 commercial fleet policy, in writing that any cancellation or 614 nonrenewal of the policy will be reported by the insurer to the 615 department. The notice must also inform the named insured that 616 failure to maintain medical payments coverage, bodily injury 617 liability personal injury protection coverage, and property 618 damage liability coverage on a motor vehicle when required by 619 law may result in the loss of registration and driving

Page 22 of 103

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620 privileges in this state and inform the named insured of the 621 amount of the reinstatement fees required by this section. This 622 notice is for informational purposes only, and an insurer is not 623 civilly liable for failing to provide this notice.

(2) The department shall suspend, after due notice and an opportunity to be heard, the registration and driver license of any owner or registrant of a motor vehicle <u>for with respect to</u> which security is required under <u>s. 324.022</u>, <u>s. 324.032</u>, <u>s.</u> <u>627.7415</u>, or <u>s. 627.742</u> <u>ss. 324.022</u> and <u>627.733</u> upon:

(a) The department's records showing that the owner or registrant of such motor vehicle did not have <u>the</u> in full force and effect when required security <u>in full force and effect</u> that complies with the requirements of ss. 324.022 and 627.733; or

(b) Notification by the insurer to the department, in a form approved by the department, of cancellation or termination of the required security.

Section 15. Section 324.023, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

638 324.023 Financial responsibility for bodily injury or 639 death.-In addition to any other financial responsibility 640 required by law, every owner or operator of a motor vehicle that 641 is required to be registered in this state, or that is located 642 within this state, and who, regardless of adjudication of guilt, 643 has been found guilty of or entered a plea of guilty or nolo 644 contendere to a charge of driving under the influence under s. 645 316.193 after October 1, 2007, shall, by one of the methods 646 established in s. 324.031(1)(a) or (b) s. 324.031(1) or (2), 647 establish and maintain the ability to respond in damages for liability on account of accidents arising out of the use of a 648

Page 23 of 103



649 motor vehicle in the amount of \$100,000 because of bodily injury 650 to, or death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such limits for one person, in the amount of \$300,000 because of 651 652 bodily injury to, or death of, two or more persons in any one 653 crash and in the amount of \$50,000 because of property damage in 654 any one crash. If the owner or operator chooses to establish and 655 maintain such ability by furnishing a certificate of deposit 656 pursuant to s. $324.031(1)(b) = \frac{324.031(2)}{5.324.031(2)}$, such certificate of deposit must be at least \$350,000. Such higher limits must be 657 658 carried for a minimum period of 3 years. If the owner or 659 operator has not been convicted of driving under the influence 660 or a felony traffic offense for a period of 3 years from the 661 date of reinstatement of driving privileges for a violation of 662 s. 316.193, the owner or operator shall be exempt from this 663 section.

Section 16. Section 324.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

324.031 Manner of proving financial responsibility.-

667 (1) The owner or operator of a taxicab, limousine, jitney, 668 or any other for-hire passenger transportation vehicle may prove 669 financial responsibility by providing satisfactory evidence of 670 holding a motor vehicle liability policy as defined in s. 324.021(8) or s. 324.151, which policy is issued by an insurance 671 672 carrier which is a member of the Florida Insurance Guaranty 673 Association. The operator or owner of a motor vehicle other than 674 a for-hire passenger transportation vehicle any other vehicle 675 may prove his or her financial responsibility by:

676 <u>(a)(1)</u> Furnishing satisfactory evidence of holding a motor 677 vehicle liability policy as defined in ss. 324.021(8) and

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678 324.151; 679 (b) (2) Furnishing a certificate of self-insurance showing a 680 deposit of cash in accordance with s. 324.161; or 681 (c) (3) Furnishing a certificate of self-insurance issued by 682 the department in accordance with s. 324.171. 683 (2) (a) Any person, including any firm, partnership, 684 association, corporation, or other person, other than a natural 685 person, electing to use the method of proof specified in 686 paragraph (1) (b) subsection (2) shall furnish a certificate of 687 deposit equal to the number of vehicles owned times: 688 1. Fifty thousand dollars, to a maximum of \$200,000, from 689 January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2020. 690 2. Sixty thousand dollars, to a maximum of \$240,000, from 691 January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2022. 692 3. Seventy thousand dollars, \$30,000, to a maximum of \$280,000, from January 1, 2023, and thereafter. \$120,000; 693 694 (b) In addition, any such person, other than a natural 695 person, shall maintain insurance providing coverage conforming 696 to the requirements of s. 324.151 in excess of the amount of the 697 certificate of deposit, with limits of at least: 698 1. One hundred twenty-five thousand dollars for bodily 699 injury to, or the death of, one person in any one crash and, 700 subject to such limits for one person, in the amount of \$250,000 701 for bodily injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in 702 any one crash, and \$50,000 for damage to, or destruction of, 703 property of others in any one crash; or \$10,000/20,000/10,000 or 704 \$30,000 combined single limits, and such excess insurance shall provide minimum limits of \$125,000/250,000/50,000 or \$300,000 705 706 combined single limits. These increased limits shall not affect

Page 25 of 103

543534

707	the requirements for proving financial responsibility under s.
708	324.032(1).
709	2. Three hundred thousand dollars for combined bodily
710	injury liability and property damage liability for any one
711	crash.
712	Section 17. Section 324.032, Florida Statutes, is amended
713	to read:
714	324.032 Manner of proving Financial responsibility <u>for</u> +
715	for-hire passenger transportation vehiclesNotwithstanding the
716	provisions of s. 324.031:
717	(1) An owner or lessee of a for-hire passenger
718	transportation vehicle that is required to be registered in this
719	state shall establish and continuously maintain the ability to
720	respond in damages for liability on account of accidents arising
721	out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of the for-hire
722	passenger transportation vehicle, in the amount of:
723	(a) One hundred twenty-five thousand dollars for bodily
724	injury to, or the death of, one person in any one crash and,
725	subject to such limits for one person, in the amount of \$250,000
726	for bodily injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in
727	any one crash; and A person who is either the owner or a lessee
728	required to maintain insurance under s. 627.733(1)(b) and who
729	operates one or more taxicabs, limousines, jitneys, or any other
730	for-hire passenger transportation vehicles may prove financial
731	responsibility by furnishing satisfactory evidence of holding a
732	motor vehicle liability policy, but with minimum limits of
733	\$125,000/250,000/50,000.
734	(b) Fifty thousand dollars for damage to, or destruction
735	of, property of others in any one crash A person who is either

Page 26 of 103

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543534

736 owner or a lessee required to maintain insurance under the 737 324.021(9)(b) and who operates limousines, jitneys, or any other 738 for-hire passenger vehicles, other than taxicabs, may prove 739 financial responsibility by furnishing satisfactory evidence of 740 holding a motor vehicle liability policy as defined in s. 324.031. 741 742 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), the requirements 743 of this section must be met by the owner or lessee providing satisfactory evidence of holding a motor vehicle liability 744

policy conforming to the requirements of s. 324.151 which is issued by an insurance carrier that is a member of the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association.

748 (3) (2) An owner or a lessee who is required to maintain 749 insurance under s. 324.021(9)(b) and who operates at least 300 750 taxicabs, limousines, jitneys, or any other for-hire passenger 751 transportation vehicles may provide financial responsibility by 752 complying with the provisions of s. 324.171, such compliance to 753 be demonstrated by maintaining at its principal place of 754 business an audited financial statement, prepared in accordance 755 with generally accepted accounting principles, and providing to 756 the department a certification issued by a certified public 757 accountant that the applicant's net worth is at least equal to the requirements of s. 324.171 as determined by the Office of 758 759 Insurance Regulation of the Financial Services Commission, 760 including claims liabilities in an amount certified as adequate 761 by a Fellow of the Casualty Actuarial Society.

763 Upon request by the department, the applicant <u>shall</u> <u>must</u> provide 764 the department at the applicant's principal place of business in



765 this state access to the applicant's underlying financial 766 information and financial statements that provide the basis of 767 the certified public accountant's certification. The applicant 768 shall reimburse the requesting department for all reasonable 769 costs incurred by it in reviewing the supporting information. 770 The maximum amount of self-insurance permissible under this 771 subsection is \$300,000 and must be stated on a per-occurrence 772 basis, and the applicant shall maintain adequate excess insurance issued by an authorized or eligible insurer licensed 773 774 or approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation. All risks 775 self-insured shall remain with the owner or lessee providing it, 776 and the risks are not transferable to any other person, unless a 777 policy complying with subsections (1) and (2) subsection (1) is 778 obtained.

Section 18. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 324.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

324.051 Reports of crashes; suspensions of licenses and registrations.-

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(b) This subsection <u>does</u> shall not apply:

1. To such operator or owner if such operator or owner had in effect at the time of such crash or traffic conviction <u>a</u> <u>motor vehicle</u> an <u>automobile</u> liability policy with respect to all of the registered motor vehicles owned by such operator or owner.

790 2. To such operator, if not the owner of such motor 791 vehicle, if there was in effect at the time of such crash or 792 traffic conviction <u>a motor vehicle</u> an automobile liability 793 policy or bond with respect to his or her operation of motor

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794 vehicles not owned by him or her. 795 3. To such operator or owner if the liability of such operator or owner for damages resulting from such crash is, in 796 797 the judgment of the department, covered by any other form of 798 liability insurance or bond. 799 4. To any person who has obtained from the department a certificate of self-insurance, in accordance with s. 324.171, or 800 801 to any person operating a motor vehicle for such self-insurer. 802 803 No such policy or bond shall be effective under this subsection unless it contains limits of not less than those specified in s. 804 805 324.021(7). 806 Section 19. Section 324.071, Florida Statutes, is amended 807 to read: 808 324.071 Reinstatement; renewal of license; reinstatement 809 fee.-An Any operator or owner whose license or registration has 810 been suspended pursuant to s. 324.051(2), s. 324.072, s. 811 324.081, or s. 324.121 may effect its reinstatement upon 812 compliance with the provisions of s. 324.051(2)(a)3. or 4., or 813 s. 324.081(2) and (3), as the case may be, and with one of the 814 provisions of s. 324.031 and upon payment to the department of a 815 nonrefundable reinstatement fee of \$15. Only one such fee may 816 shall be paid by any one person regardless irrespective of the number of licenses and registrations to be then reinstated or 817 818 issued to such person. All Such fees must shall be deposited to 819 a department trust fund. If When the reinstatement of any 820 license or registration is effected by compliance with s. 821 324.051(2)(a)3. or 4., the department may shall not renew the 822 license or registration within a period of 3 years after from

Page 29 of 103

543534

823 such reinstatement, nor may shall any other license or 824 registration be issued in the name of such person, unless the operator continues is continuing to comply with one of the 825 826 provisions of s. 324.031.

827 Section 20. Subsection (1) of section 324.091, Florida 828 Statutes, is amended to read:

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324.091 Notice to department; notice to insurer.-

830 (1) Each owner and operator involved in a crash or 831 conviction case within the purview of this chapter shall furnish 832 evidence of automobile liability insurance or motor vehicle 833 liability insurance within 14 days after the date of the mailing 834 of notice of crash by the department in the form and manner as 835 it may designate. Upon receipt of evidence that a an automobile 836 liability policy or motor vehicle liability policy was in effect 837 at the time of the crash or conviction case, the department 838 shall forward to the insurer such information for verification 839 in a method as determined by the department. The insurer shall 840 respond to the department within 20 days after the notice as to whether or not such information is valid. If the department 841 842 determines that a an automobile liability policy or motor 843 vehicle liability policy was not in effect and did not provide 844 coverage for both the owner and the operator, it must shall take 845 action as it is authorized to do under this chapter.

Section 21. Section 324.151, Florida Statutes, is amended 846 847 to read:

324.151 Motor vehicle liability policies; required 849 provisions.-

850 (1) A motor vehicle liability policy that serves as to be 851 proof of financial responsibility under s. 324.031(1) must_{\pmb{\tau}}



852 shall be issued to owners or operators of motor vehicles under 853 the following provisions:

854 (a) A motor vehicle An owner's liability insurance policy 855 issued to an owner of a motor vehicle registered in this state 856 must shall designate by explicit description or by appropriate 857 reference all motor vehicles for with respect to which coverage 858 is thereby granted. The policy must and shall insure the person 859 or persons owner named therein and any other person as operator 860 using such motor vehicle or motor vehicles with the express or 861 implied permission of such owner against loss from the liability 862 imposed by law for damage arising out of the ownership, 863 maintenance, or use of any such motor vehicle or motor vehicles 864 within the United States or the Dominion of Canada, subject to 865 limits, exclusive of interest and costs with respect to each 866 such motor vehicle as is provided for under s. 324.021(7). 867 Insurers may make available, with respect to property damage 868 liability coverage, a deductible amount not to exceed \$500. In 869 the event of a property damage loss covered by a policy 870 containing a property damage deductible provision, the insurer 871 shall pay to the third-party claimant the amount of any property 872 damage liability settlement or judgment, subject to policy 873 limits, as if no deductible existed.

(b) An operator's motor vehicle liability policy of insurance <u>must</u> shall insure the person <u>or persons</u> named therein against loss from the liability imposed upon him or her by law for damages arising out of the use by the person of any motor vehicle not owned by him or her, with the same territorial limits and subject to the same limits of liability as referred to above with respect to an owner's policy of liability

Page 31 of 103



881 insurance.

882 (c) All such motor vehicle liability policies must shall 883 state the name and address of the named insured, the coverage 884 afforded by the policy, the premium charged therefor, the policy 885 period, the limits of liability, and must shall contain an 886 agreement or be endorsed that insurance is provided in 887 accordance with the coverage defined in this chapter as respects 888 bodily injury and death or property damage or both and is subject to all provisions of this chapter. The Said policies 889 890 must shall also contain a provision that the satisfaction by an 891 insured of a judgment for such injury or damage may shall not be 892 a condition precedent to the right or duty of the insurance 893 carrier to make payment on account of such injury or damage, and 894 must shall also contain a provision that bankruptcy or 895 insolvency of the insured or of the insured's estate may shall 896 not relieve the insurance carrier of any of its obligations 897 under the said policy.

(2) The provisions of This section is shall not be 898 899 applicable to any automobile liability policy unless and until 900 it is furnished as proof of financial responsibility for the 901 future pursuant to s. 324.031, and then only from and after the 902 date the said policy is so furnished.

903 Section 22. Section 324.161, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 904

905 324.161 Proof of financial responsibility; deposit.-If a person elects to prove his or her financial responsibility under 907 the method of proof specified in s. 324.031(1)(b), he or she 908 must obtain proof of a certificate of deposit annually, in the 909 amount required under s. 324.031(2), from a financial

Page 32 of 103

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institution insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation 910 or the National Credit Union Administration. Proof of such 911 912 certificate of deposit Annually, before any certificate of 913 insurance may be issued to a person, including any firm, 914 partnership, association, corporation, or other person, other 915 than a natural person, proof of a certificate of deposit of \$30,000 issued and held by a financial institution must be 916 917 submitted to the department annually. A power of attorney will be issued to and held by the department and may be executed upon 918 919 a judgment issued against such person making the deposit, for 920 damages for because of bodily injury to or death of any person or for damages for because of injury to or destruction of 921 922 property resulting from the use or operation of any motor 923 vehicle occurring after such deposit was made. Money so 924 deposited is shall not be subject to attachment or execution 925 unless such attachment or execution arises shall arise out of a 926 lawsuit suit for such damages as aforesaid.

Section 23. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 324.171, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

324.171 Self-insurer.-

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(1) A Any person may qualify as a self-insurer by obtaining 931 a certificate of self-insurance from the department. which may, in its discretion and Upon application of such a person, the department may issue a said certificate of self-insurance if the applicant when such person has satisfied the requirements of 935 this section to qualify as a self-insurer under this section:

936 (a) A private individual with private passenger vehicles 937 must shall possess a net unencumbered worth: of 938 1. Beginning January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2020, of

Page 33 of 103

543534

939	<u>at least \$80,000.</u>
940	2. Beginning January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2022, of
941	<u>at least \$100,000.</u>
942	3. Beginning January 1, 2023, and thereafter, of at least
943	<u>\$120,000</u> \$40,000 .
944	(b) A person, including any firm, partnership, association,
945	corporation, or other person, other than a natural person, <u>must</u>
946	shall:
947	1. Possess a net unencumbered worth <u>:</u> of
948	a. Beginning January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2020, of
949	at least \$80,000 for the first motor vehicle and \$40,000 for
950	each additional motor vehicle.
951	b. Beginning January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2022, of
952	at least \$100,000 for the first motor vehicle and \$50,000 for
953	each additional motor vehicle.
954	c. Beginning January 1, 2023, and thereafter, of at least
955	\$120,000 \$40,000 for the first motor vehicle and \$60,000 \$20,000
956	for each additional motor vehicle; or
957	2. Maintain sufficient net worth, in an amount determined
958	by the department, to be financially responsible for potential
959	losses. The department shall annually determine the minimum net
960	worth sufficient to satisfy this subparagraph as determined
961	annually by the department, pursuant to rules adopted
962	$rac{ extsf{promulgated}}{ extsf{by}}$ by the department $_{ au}$ with the assistance of the Office
963	of Insurance Regulation of the Financial Services Commission , to
964	be financially responsible for potential losses. The rules <u>must</u>
965	consider any shall take into consideration excess insurance
966	carried by the applicant. The department's determination <u>must</u>
967	shall be based upon reasonable actuarial principles considering



968 the frequency, severity, and loss development of claims incurred 969 by casualty insurers writing coverage on the type of motor 970 vehicles for which a certificate of self-insurance is desired. 971 (c) The owner of a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in 972 s. 207.002 or s. 320.01, may qualify as a self-insurer subject 973 to the standards provided for in subparagraph (b)2. 974 (2) The self-insurance certificate must shall provide 975 limits of liability insurance in the amounts specified under s. 324.021(7) or s. 627.7415 and shall provide personal injury 976 977 protection coverage under s. 627.733(3)(b). 978 Section 24. Section 324.251, Florida Statutes, is amended 979 to read: 980 324.251 Short title.-This chapter may be cited as the 981 "Financial Responsibility Law of 2018 1955" and is shall become 982 effective at 12:01 a.m., January 1, 2019 October 1, 1955. 983 Section 25. Subsection (4) of section 400.9905, Florida 984 Statutes, is amended to read: 985 400.9905 Definitions.-(4) "Clinic" means an entity where health care services are 986 987 provided to individuals and which tenders charges for 988 reimbursement for such services, including a mobile clinic and a 989 portable equipment provider. As used in this part, the term does 990 not include and the licensure requirements of this part do not 991 apply to: 992 (a) Entities licensed or registered by the state under 993 chapter 395; entities licensed or registered by the state and 994 providing only health care services within the scope of services 995 authorized under their respective licenses under ss. 383.30-996 383.335, chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter

Page 35 of 103



997 except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 998 466, chapter 478, part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter 651; end-stage renal disease providers authorized under 42 999 1000 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; providers certified under 42 C.F.R. 1001 part 485, subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that provides 1002 neonatal or pediatric hospital-based health care services or other health care services by licensed practitioners solely 1003 1004 within a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

1005 (b) Entities that own, directly or indirectly, entities 1006 licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 395; 1007 entities that own, directly or indirectly, entities licensed or 1008 registered by the state and providing only health care services 1009 within the scope of services authorized pursuant to their 1010 respective licenses under ss. 383.30-383.335, chapter 390, 1011 chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, part I 1012 of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter 651; end-stage renal 1013 1014 disease providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart 1015 U; providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or 1016 subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or pediatric 1017 hospital-based health care services by licensed practitioners solely within a hospital licensed under chapter 395. 1018

(c) Entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, by an entity licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 395; entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, by an entity licensed or registered by the state and providing only health care services within the scope of services authorized pursuant to their respective licenses under ss. 383.30-383.335, chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part



1026 X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 1027 478, part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter 651; end-1028 stage renal disease providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 1029 405, subpart U; providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, 1030 subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or 1031 pediatric hospital-based health care services by licensed 1032 practitioners solely within a hospital under chapter 395.

1033 (d) Entities that are under common ownership, directly or 1034 indirectly, with an entity licensed or registered by the state 1035 pursuant to chapter 395; entities that are under common 1036 ownership, directly or indirectly, with an entity licensed or 1037 registered by the state and providing only health care services 1038 within the scope of services authorized pursuant to their 1039 respective licenses under ss. 383.30-383.335, chapter 390, 1040 chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, part I 1041 of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter 651; end-stage renal 1042 1043 disease providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart 1044 U; providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or 1045 subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or pediatric hospital-based health care services by licensed practitioners 1046 1047 solely within a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

(e) An entity that is exempt from federal taxation under 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3) or (4), an employee stock ownership plan under 26 U.S.C. s. 409 that has a board of trustees at least two-thirds of which are Florida-licensed health care practitioners and provides only physical therapy services under physician orders, any community college or university clinic, and any entity owned or operated by the federal or state

Page 37 of 103



1055 government, including agencies, subdivisions, or municipalities 1056 thereof.

(f) A sole proprietorship, group practice, partnership, or corporation that provides health care services by physicians covered by s. 627.419, that is directly supervised by one or more of such physicians, and that is wholly owned by one or more of those physicians or by a physician and the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of that physician.

1063 (g) A sole proprietorship, group practice, partnership, or 1064 corporation that provides health care services by licensed 1065 health care practitioners under chapter 457, chapter 458, 1066 chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, 1067 chapter 466, chapter 467, chapter 480, chapter 484, chapter 486, 1068 chapter 490, chapter 491, or part I, part III, part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468, or s. 464.012, and that is 1069 1070 wholly owned by one or more licensed health care practitioners, 1071 or the licensed health care practitioners set forth in this 1072 paragraph and the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of a 1073 licensed health care practitioner if one of the owners who is a 1074 licensed health care practitioner is supervising the business 1075 activities and is legally responsible for the entity's 1076 compliance with all federal and state laws. However, a health 1077 care practitioner may not supervise services beyond the scope of 1078 the practitioner's license, except that, for the purposes of 1079 this part, a clinic owned by a licensee in s. 456.053(3)(b) 1080 which provides only services authorized pursuant to s. 1081 456.053(3)(b) may be supervised by a licensee specified in s. 456.053(3)(b). 1082

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(h) Clinical facilities affiliated with an accredited

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1084 medical school at which training is provided for medical 1085 students, residents, or fellows.

(i) Entities that provide only oncology or radiation therapy services by physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or entities that provide oncology or radiation therapy services by physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 which are owned by a corporation whose shares are publicly traded on a recognized stock exchange.

(j) Clinical facilities affiliated with a college of chiropractic accredited by the Council on Chiropractic Education at which training is provided for chiropractic students.

(k) Entities that provide licensed practitioners to staff emergency departments or to deliver anesthesia services in facilities licensed under chapter 395 and that derive at least 90 percent of their gross annual revenues from the provision of such services. Entities claiming an exemption from licensure under this paragraph must provide documentation demonstrating compliance.

1102 (1) Orthotic, prosthetic, pediatric cardiology, or 1103 perinatology clinical facilities or anesthesia clinical 1104 facilities that are not otherwise exempt under paragraph (a) or 1105 paragraph (k) and that are a publicly traded corporation or are 1106 wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by a publicly traded 1107 corporation. As used in this paragraph, a publicly traded 1108 corporation is a corporation that issues securities traded on an 1109 exchange registered with the United States Securities and 1110 Exchange Commission as a national securities exchange.

1111 (m) Entities that are owned by a corporation that has \$250 1112 million or more in total annual sales of health care services



1113 provided by licensed health care practitioners where one or more 1114 of the persons responsible for the operations of the entity is a 1115 health care practitioner who is licensed in this state and who 1116 is responsible for supervising the business activities of the 1117 entity and is responsible for the entity's compliance with state 1118 law for purposes of this part.

1119 (n) Entities that employ 50 or more licensed health care 1120 practitioners licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 where 1121 the billing for medical services is under a single tax 1122 identification number. The application for exemption under this 1123 subsection must include shall contain information that includes: 1124 the name, residence, and business address and telephone phone 1125 number of the entity that owns the practice; a complete list of 1126 the names and contact information of all the officers and 1127 directors of the corporation; the name, residence address, 1128 business address, and medical license number of each licensed 1129 Florida health care practitioner employed by the entity; the 1130 corporate tax identification number of the entity seeking an 1131 exemption; a listing of health care services to be provided by 1132 the entity at the health care clinics owned or operated by the 1133 entity; and a certified statement prepared by an independent 1134 certified public accountant which states that the entity and the 1135 health care clinics owned or operated by the entity have not 1136 received payment for health care services under medical payments 1137 personal injury protection insurance coverage for the preceding year. If the agency determines that an entity that which is 1138 1139 exempt under this subsection has received payments for medical services under medical payments personal injury protection 1140 insurance coverage, the agency may deny or revoke the exemption 1141

Page 40 of 103

543534

1142	from licensure under this subsection.
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1144	Notwithstanding this subsection, an entity shall be deemed a
1145	clinic and must be licensed under this part in order to receive
1146	medical payments coverage reimbursement under s. 627.7265 the
1147	Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, ss. 627.730-627.7405, unless
1148	exempted under s. 627.736(5)(h).
1149	Section 26. Subsection (6) of section 400.991, Florida
1150	Statutes, is amended to read:
1151	400.991 License requirements; background screenings;
1152	prohibitions
1153	(6) All agency forms for licensure application or exemption
1154	from licensure under this part must contain the following
1155	statement:
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1157	INSURANCE FRAUD NOTICEA person commits a fraudulent
1158	insurance act, as defined in s. 626.989, Florida
1159	Statutes, if the person who knowingly submits a false,
1160	misleading, or fraudulent application or other
1161	document when applying for licensure as a health care
1162	clinic, seeking an exemption from licensure as a
1163	health care clinic, or demonstrating compliance with
1164	part X of chapter 400, Florida Statutes, with the
1165	intent to use the license, exemption from licensure,
1166	or demonstration of compliance to provide services or
1167	seek reimbursement under <u>a motor vehicle liability</u>
1168	insurance policy's medical payments coverage the
1169	Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, commits a
1170	fraudulent insurance act, as defined in s. 626.989,

Page 41 of 103

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1171 Florida Statutes. A person who presents a claim for 1172 benefits under medical payments coverage, personal 1173 injury protection benefits knowing that the payee 1174 knowingly submitted such health care clinic 1175 application or document, commits insurance fraud, as 1176 defined in s. 817.234, Florida Statutes. Section 27. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 1177 1178 400.9935, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.9935 Clinic responsibilities.-

(1) Each clinic shall appoint a medical director or clinic director who shall agree in writing to accept legal responsibility for the following activities on behalf of the clinic. The medical director or the clinic director shall:

1184 (q) Conduct systematic reviews of clinic billings to ensure 1185 that the billings are not fraudulent or unlawful. Upon discovery 1186 of an unlawful charge, the medical director or clinic director 1187 shall take immediate corrective action. If the clinic performs 1188 only the technical component of magnetic resonance imaging, 1189 static radiographs, computed tomography, or positron emission 1190 tomography, and provides the professional interpretation of such 1191 services, in a fixed facility that is accredited by a national 1192 accrediting organization that is approved by the Centers for 1193 Medicare and Medicaid Services for magnetic resonance imaging 1194 and advanced diagnostic imaging services and if, in the 1195 preceding quarter, the percentage of scans performed by that 1196 clinic which was billed to motor vehicle all personal injury 1197 protection insurance carriers under medical payments coverage was less than 15 percent, the chief financial officer of the 1198 clinic may, in a written acknowledgment provided to the agency, 1199

Page 42 of 103

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1200 assume the responsibility for the conduct of the systematic 1201 reviews of clinic billings to ensure that the billings are not 1202 fraudulent or unlawful.

1203 Section 28. Subsection (28) of section 409.901, Florida 1204 Statutes, is amended to read:

409.901 Definitions; ss. 409.901-409.920.—As used in ss. 409.901-409.920, except as otherwise specifically provided, the term:

1208 (28) "Third-party benefit" means any benefit that is or may 1209 be available at any time through contract, court award, 1210 judgment, settlement, agreement, or any arrangement between a 1211 third party and any person or entity, including, without 1212 limitation, a Medicaid recipient, a provider, another third 1213 party, an insurer, or the agency, for any Medicaid-covered 1214 injury, illness, goods, or services, including costs of medical 1215 services related thereto, for bodily personal injury or for death of the recipient, but specifically excluding policies of 1216 1217 life insurance policies on the recipient, unless available under 1218 terms of the policy to pay medical expenses before prior to 1219 death. The term includes, without limitation, collateral, as 1220 defined in this section, health insurance, any benefit under a 1221 health maintenance organization, a preferred provider 1222 arrangement, a prepaid health clinic, liability insurance, 1223 uninsured motorist insurance, medical payments coverage or 1224 personal injury protection coverage, medical benefits under 1225 workers' compensation, and any obligation under law or equity to 1226 provide medical support.

1227 Section 29. Paragraph (f) of subsection (11) of section 1228 409.910, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1229 409.910 Responsibility for payments on behalf of Medicaid-1230 eligible persons when other parties are liable.-

(11) The agency may, as a matter of right, in order to enforce its rights under this section, institute, intervene in, 1233 or join any legal or administrative proceeding in its own name 1234 in one or more of the following capacities: individually, as 1235 subrogee of the recipient, as assignee of the recipient, or as 1236 lienholder of the collateral.

(f) Notwithstanding any provision in this section to the contrary, in the event of an action in tort against a third party in which the recipient or his or her legal representative is a party which results in a judgment, award, or settlement from a third party, the amount recovered shall be distributed as follows:

1. After attorney attorney's fees and taxable costs as defined by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, one-half of the remaining recovery shall be paid to the agency up to the total amount of medical assistance provided by Medicaid.

2. The remaining amount of the recovery shall be paid to the recipient.

1249 3. For purposes of calculating the agency's recovery of 1250 medical assistance benefits paid, the fee for services of an attorney retained by the recipient or his or her legal representative shall be calculated at 25 percent of the 1253 judgment, award, or settlement.

1254 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to 1255 the contrary, the agency shall be entitled to all medical coverage benefits up to the total amount of medical assistance 1256 1257 provided by Medicaid. For purposes of this paragraph, the term

Page 44 of 103



1258 "medical coverage" means any benefits under health insurance, a 1259 health maintenance organization, a preferred provider 1260 arrangement, or a prepaid health clinic, and the portion of 1261 benefits designated for medical payments under coverage for 1262 workers' compensation coverage, motor vehicle insurance 1263 coverage, personal injury protection, and casualty coverage. 1264 Section 30. Paragraph (k) of subsection (2) of section 1265 456.057, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1266 456.057 Ownership and control of patient records; report or 1267 copies of records to be furnished; disclosure of information.-1268 (2) As used in this section, the terms "records owner," 1269 "health care practitioner," and "health care practitioner's 1270 employer" do not include any of the following persons or 1271 entities; furthermore, the following persons or entities are not 1272 authorized to acquire or own medical records, but are authorized 1273 under the confidentiality and disclosure requirements of this 1274 section to maintain those documents required by the part or 1275 chapter under which they are licensed or regulated: 1276

(k) Persons or entities practicing under <u>s. 627.7265</u> s. 627.736(7).

Section 31. Paragraphs (ee) and (ff) of subsection (1) of section 456.072, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.-

(1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be taken:

(ee) With respect to making a <u>medical payments coverage</u> personal injury protection claim <u>under s. 627.7265</u> as required by s. 627.736, intentionally submitting a claim, statement, or

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1287 bill that has been upcoded. As used in this paragraph, the term 1288 "upcoded" means an action that submits a billing code that would 1289 result in payment greater in amount than would be paid using a 1290 billing code that accurately describes the services performed. 1291 The term does not include an otherwise lawful bill by a magnetic 1292 resonance imaging facility, which globally combines both 1293 technical and professional components, if the amount of the 1294 global bill is not more than the components if billed separately; however, payment of such a bill constitutes payment 1295 1296 in full for all components of such service "upcoded" as defined in s. 627.732. 1297

(ff) With respect to making a <u>medical payments coverage</u> personal injury protection claim as required <u>under s. 627.7265</u> by s. 627.736, intentionally submitting a claim, statement, or bill for payment of services that were not rendered.

Section 32. Paragraphs (i) and (o) of subsection (1) of section 626.9541, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

626.9541 Unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices defined.-

(1) UNFAIR METHODS OF COMPETITION AND UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE ACTS.-The following are defined as unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices:

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(i) Unfair claim settlement practices.-

1310 1. Attempting to settle claims on the basis of an 1311 application, when serving as a binder or intended to become a 1312 part of the policy, or any other material document which was 1313 altered without notice to, or knowledge or consent of, the 1314 insured;

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2. A material misrepresentation made to an insured or any

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1316 other person having an interest in the proceeds payable under such contract or policy, for the purpose and with the intent of 1317 1318 effecting settlement of such claims, loss, or damage under such 1319 contract or policy on less favorable terms than those provided 1320 in, and contemplated by, such contract or policy; or 1321 3. Committing or performing with such frequency as to 1322 indicate a general business practice any of the following: 1323 a. Failing to adopt and implement standards for the proper 1.32.4 investigation of claims; 1325 b. Misrepresenting pertinent facts or insurance policy 1326 provisions relating to coverages at issue; 1327 c. Failing to acknowledge and act promptly upon 1328 communications with respect to claims; 1329 d. Denying claims without conducting reasonable 1330 investigations based upon available information; 1331 e. Failing to affirm or deny full or partial coverage of claims, and, as to partial coverage, the dollar amount or extent 1332 of coverage, or failing to provide a written statement that the 1333 1334 claim is being investigated, upon the written request of the 1335 insured within 30 days after proof-of-loss statements have been 1336 completed; f. Failing to promptly provide a reasonable explanation in 1337 1338 writing to the insured of the basis in the insurance policy, in relation to the facts or applicable law, for denial of a claim 1339 1340 or for the offer of a compromise settlement; 1341 q. Failing to promptly notify the insured of any additional 1342 information necessary for the processing of a claim; or

h. Failing to clearly explain the nature of the requestedinformation and the reasons why such information is necessary.

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1345 i. Failing to pay personal injury protection insurance claims within the time periods required by s. 627.736(4)(b). The 1346 1347 office may order the insurer to pay restitution to a 1348 policyholder, medical provider, or other claimant, including interest at a rate consistent with the amount set forth in s. 1349 1350 55.03(1), for the time period within which an insurer fails to pay claims as required by law. Restitution is in addition to any 1351 1352 other penalties allowed by law, including, but not limited to, 1353 the suspension of the insurer's certificate of authority.

1354 4. Failing to pay undisputed amounts of partial or full 1355 benefits owed under first-party property insurance policies 1356 within 90 days after an insurer receives notice of a residential 1357 property insurance claim, determines the amounts of partial or 1358 full benefits, and agrees to coverage, unless payment of the 1359 undisputed benefits is prevented by an act of God, prevented by 1360 the impossibility of performance, or due to actions by the 1361 insured or claimant that constitute fraud, lack of cooperation, or intentional misrepresentation regarding the claim for which 1362 1363 benefits are owed.

(o) Illegal dealings in premiums; excess or reduced charges for insurance.-

1. Knowingly collecting any sum as a premium or charge for insurance, which is not then provided, or is not in due course to be provided, subject to acceptance of the risk by the insurer, by an insurance policy issued by an insurer as permitted by this code.

1371 2. Knowingly collecting as a premium or charge for 1372 insurance any sum in excess of or less than the premium or 1373 charge applicable to such insurance, in accordance with the

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1374 applicable classifications and rates as filed with and approved 1375 by the office, and as specified in the policy; or, in cases when 1376 classifications, premiums, or rates are not required by this 1377 code to be so filed and approved, premiums and charges collected 1378 from a Florida resident in excess of or less than those 1379 specified in the policy and as fixed by the insurer. 1380 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, this provision shall 1381 not be deemed to prohibit the charging and collection, by 1382 surplus lines agents licensed under part VIII of this chapter, 1383 of the amount of applicable state and federal taxes, or fees as 1384 authorized by s. 626.916(4), in addition to the premium required 1385 by the insurer or the charging and collection, by licensed 1386 agents, of the exact amount of any discount or other such fee 1387 charged by a credit card facility in connection with the use of 1388 a credit card, as authorized by subparagraph (q)3., in addition 1389 to the premium required by the insurer. This subparagraph shall 1390 not be construed to prohibit collection of a premium for a 1391 universal life or a variable or indeterminate value insurance 1392 policy made in accordance with the terms of the contract. 1393 3.a. Imposing or requesting an additional premium for 1394

bodily injury liability coverage, property damage liability coverage a policy of motor vehicle liability, personal injury 1395 1396 protection, medical payment coverage, or collision coverage in a 1397 motor vehicle liability insurance policy insurance or any 1398 combination thereof or refusing to renew the policy solely 1399 because the insured was involved in a motor vehicle accident unless the insurer's file contains information from which the 1400 insurer in good faith determines that the insured was 1401 1402 substantially at fault in the accident.

Page 49 of 103

543534

1403	b. An insurer which imposes and collects such a surcharge
1404	or which refuses to renew such policy shall, in conjunction with
1405	the notice of premium due or notice of nonrenewal, notify the
1406	named insured that he or she is entitled to reimbursement of
1407	such amount or renewal of the policy under the conditions listed
1408	below and will subsequently reimburse him or her or renew the
1409	policy, if the named insured demonstrates that the operator
1410	involved in the accident was:
1411	(I) Lawfully parked;
1412	(II) Reimbursed by, or on behalf of, a person responsible
1413	for the accident or has a judgment against such person;
1414	(III) Struck in the rear by another vehicle headed in the
1415	same direction and was not convicted of a moving traffic
1416	violation in connection with the accident;
1417	(IV) Hit by a "hit-and-run" driver, if the accident was
1418	reported to the proper authorities within 24 hours after
1419	discovering the accident;
1420	(V) Not convicted of a moving traffic violation in
1421	connection with the accident, but the operator of the other
1422	automobile involved in such accident was convicted of a moving
1423	traffic violation;
1424	(VI) Finally adjudicated not to be liable by a court of
1425	competent jurisdiction;
1426	(VII) In receipt of a traffic citation which was dismissed
1427	or nolle prossed; or
1428	(VIII) Not at fault as evidenced by a written statement
1429	from the insured establishing facts demonstrating lack of fault
1430	which are not rebutted by information in the insurer's file from
1431	which the insurer in good faith determines that the insured was



1432 substantially at fault.

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c. In addition to the other provisions of this 1433 1434 subparagraph, an insurer may not fail to renew a policy if the 1435 insured has had only one accident in which he or she was at 1436 fault within the current 3-year period. However, an insurer may 1437 nonrenew a policy for reasons other than accidents in accordance 1438 with s. 627.728. This subparagraph does not prohibit nonrenewal 1439 of a policy under which the insured has had three or more 1440 accidents, regardless of fault, during the most recent 3-year 1441 period.

4. Imposing or requesting an additional premium for, or refusing to renew, a policy for motor vehicle insurance solely because the insured committed a noncriminal traffic infraction as described in s. 318.14 unless the infraction is:

a. A second infraction committed within an 18-month period, or a third or subsequent infraction committed within a 36-month period.

b. A violation of s. 316.183, when such violation is a result of exceeding the lawful speed limit by more than 15 miles per hour.

5. Upon the request of the insured, the insurer and licensed agent shall supply to the insured the complete proof of fault or other criteria which justifies the additional charge or cancellation.

1456 6. No insurer shall impose or request an additional premium 1457 for motor vehicle insurance, cancel or refuse to issue a policy, 1458 or refuse to renew a policy because the insured or the applicant 1459 is a handicapped or physically disabled person, so long as such 1460 handicap or physical disability does not substantially impair

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1461 such person's mechanically assisted driving ability.

1462 7. No insurer may cancel or otherwise terminate any 1463 insurance contract or coverage, or require execution of a 1464 consent to rate endorsement, during the stated policy term for 1465 the purpose of offering to issue, or issuing, a similar or 1466 identical contract or coverage to the same insured with the same 1467 exposure at a higher premium rate or continuing an existing 1468 contract or coverage with the same exposure at an increased 1469 premium.

8. No insurer may issue a nonrenewal notice on any 1471 insurance contract or coverage, or require execution of a consent to rate endorsement, for the purpose of offering to 1473 issue, or issuing, a similar or identical contract or coverage to the same insured at a higher premium rate or continuing an existing contract or coverage at an increased premium without 1476 meeting any applicable notice requirements.

9. No insurer shall, with respect to premiums charged for motor vehicle insurance, unfairly discriminate solely on the basis of age, sex, marital status, or scholastic achievement.

10. Imposing or requesting an additional premium for motor vehicle comprehensive or uninsured motorist coverage solely because the insured was involved in a motor vehicle accident or was convicted of a moving traffic violation.

11. No insurer shall cancel or issue a nonrenewal notice on any insurance policy or contract without complying with any applicable cancellation or nonrenewal provision required under the Florida Insurance Code.

12. No insurer shall impose or request an additional 1488 premium, cancel a policy, or issue a nonrenewal notice on any 1489

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1490	insurance policy or contract because of any traffic infraction
1491	when adjudication has been withheld and no points have been
1492	assessed pursuant to s. 318.14(9) and (10). However, this
1493	subparagraph does not apply to traffic infractions involving
1494	accidents in which the insurer has incurred a loss due to the
1495	fault of the insured.
1496	Section 33. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
1497	626.989, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1498	626.989 Investigation by department or Division of
1499	Investigative and Forensic Services; compliance; immunity;
1500	confidential information; reports to division; division
1501	investigator's power of arrest
1502	(1) For the purposes of this section:
1503	(a) A person commits a "fraudulent insurance act" if the
1504	person:
1505	1. Knowingly and with intent to defraud presents, causes to
1506	be presented, or prepares with knowledge or belief that it will
1507	be presented, to or by an insurer, self-insurer, self-insurance
1508	fund, servicing corporation, purported insurer, broker, or any
1509	agent thereof, any written statement as part of, or in support
1510	of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating of, any
1511	insurance policy, or a claim for payment or other benefit
1512	pursuant to any insurance policy, which the person knows to
1513	contain materially false information concerning any fact
1514	material thereto or if the person conceals, for the purpose of
1515	misleading another, information concerning any fact material
1516	thereto.

2. Knowingly submits:

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Page 53 of 103

a. A false, misleading, or fraudulent application or other

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2018 Bill No. SB 150

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1519 document when applying for licensure as a health care clinic, 1520 seeking an exemption from licensure as a health care clinic, or demonstrating compliance with part X of chapter 400 with an 1521 1522 intent to use the license, exemption from licensure, or 1523 demonstration of compliance to provide services or seek 1524 reimbursement under a motor vehicle liability insurance policy's 1525 medical payments coverage the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault 1526 Law.

b. A claim for payment or other benefit under medical payments coverage pursuant to a personal injury protection 1529 insurance policy under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law if 1530 the person knows that the payee knowingly submitted a false, misleading, or fraudulent application or other document when applying for licensure as a health care clinic, seeking an exemption from licensure as a health care clinic, or 1534 demonstrating compliance with part X of chapter 400.

Section 34. Subsection (1) of section 627.06501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.06501 Insurance discounts for certain persons completing driver improvement course.-

1539 (1) Any rate, rating schedule, or rating manual for the 1540 liability, medical payments personal injury protection, and 1541 collision coverages of a motor vehicle insurance policy filed 1542 with the office may provide for an appropriate reduction in 1543 premium charges as to such coverages if when the principal 1544 operator on the covered vehicle has successfully completed a 1545 driver improvement course approved and certified by the 1546 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles which is effective in reducing crash or violation rates, or both, as 1547

Page 54 of 103

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1548 determined pursuant to s. 318.1451(5). Any discount, not to 1549 exceed 10 percent, used by an insurer is presumed to be 1550 appropriate unless credible data demonstrates otherwise.

1551 Section 35. Subsection (1) of section 627.0652, Florida
1552 Statutes, is amended to read:

627.0652 Insurance discounts for certain persons completing safety course.-

(1) Any rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals for the liability, <u>medical payments</u> personal injury protection, and collision coverages of a motor vehicle insurance policy filed with the office <u>must shall</u> provide for an appropriate reduction in premium charges as to such coverages <u>if</u> when the principal operator on the covered vehicle is an insured 55 years of age or older who has successfully completed a motor vehicle accident prevention course approved by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. Any discount used by an insurer is presumed to be appropriate unless credible data demonstrates otherwise.

Section 36. Subsections (1), (3), and (6) of section 627.0653, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

627.0653 Insurance discounts for specified motor vehicle equipment.-

(1) Any rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals for the liability, <u>medical payments</u> personal injury protection, and collision coverages of a motor vehicle insurance policy filed with the office <u>must shall</u> provide a premium discount if the insured vehicle is equipped with factory-installed, four-wheel antilock brakes.

1575 (3) Any rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals for
 1576 personal injury protection coverage and medical payments

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1577 coverage, if offered, of a motor vehicle insurance policy filed 1578 with the office <u>must shall</u> provide a premium discount if the 1579 insured vehicle is equipped with one or more air bags <u>that which</u> 1580 are factory installed.

1581 (6) The Office of Insurance Regulation may approve a 1582 premium discount to any rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals for the liability, medical payments personal injury 1583 1584 protection, and collision coverages of a motor vehicle insurance 1585 policy filed with the office if the insured vehicle is equipped 1586 with autonomous driving technology or electronic vehicle 1587 collision avoidance technology that is factory installed or a 1588 retrofitted system and that complies with National Highway 1589 Traffic Safety Administration standards.

Section 37. Section 627.4132, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.4132 Stacking of coverages prohibited.-If an insured or 1592 1593 named insured is protected by any type of motor vehicle 1594 insurance policy for bodily injury and property damage 1595 liability, personal injury protection, or other coverage, the 1596 policy must shall provide that the insured or named insured is 1597 protected only to the extent of the coverage she or he has on 1598 the vehicle involved in the accident. However, if none of the 1599 insured's or named insured's vehicles are is involved in the 1600 accident, coverage is available only to the extent of coverage 1601 on any one of the vehicles with applicable coverage. Coverage on any other vehicles may shall not be added to or stacked upon 1602 1603 that coverage. This section does not apply:

1604 (1) To uninsured motorist coverage <u>that</u> which is separately 1605 governed by s. 627.727.

Page 56 of 103

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1606	(2) To reduce the coverage available by reason of insurance
1607	policies insuring different named insureds.
1608	Section 38. Section 627.7263, Florida Statutes, is amended
1609	to read:
1610	627.7263 Rental and leasing driver's insurance to be
1611	primary; exception
1612	(1) The valid and collectible liability insurance and
1613	medical payments coverage or personal injury protection
1614	insurance providing coverage for the lessor of a motor vehicle
1615	for rent or lease is primary unless otherwise stated in at least
1616	10-point type on the face of the rental or lease agreement. Such
1617	insurance is primary for the limits of liability and personal
1618	injury protection coverage as required by s. 324.021(7) and
1619	medical payments coverage as required under s. 627.7265 ss.
1620	324.021(7) and 627.736 .
1621	(2) If the lessee's coverage is to be primary, the rental
1622	or lease agreement must contain the following language, in at
1623	least 10-point type:
1624	
1625	"The valid and collectible liability insurance and
1626	medical payments coverage personal injury protection
1627	insurance of <u>an</u> any authorized rental or leasing
1628	driver is primary for the limits of liability and
1629	personal injury protection coverage and medical
1630	payments coverage required under ss. 324.021(7) and
1631	<u>627.7265</u> by ss. 324.021(7) and 627.736 , Florida
1632	Statutes."
1633	Section 39. Section 627.7265, Florida Statutes, is created
1634	to read:

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1635 627.7265 Motor vehicle insurance; medical payments 1636 coverage.-1637 (1) MEDICAL PAYMENTS COVERAGE REQUIRED.-A motor vehicle 1638 liability insurance policy that is furnished as proof of 1639 financial responsibility pursuant to s. 324.031 must include 1640 medical payments coverage as provided in this section. The medical payments coverage must protect the named insured, 1641 1642 resident relatives, persons operating the insured motor vehicle, 1643 passengers in the insured motor vehicle, and persons who are 1644 struck by the insured motor vehicle and suffer bodily injury 1645 while not an occupant of a self-propelled motor vehicle, to a 1646 limit of at least \$5,000 per person for medical expense incurred 1647 due to bodily injury, sickness, or disease arising out of the 1648 ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle. The medical 1649 payments coverage must also provide each such person with a death benefit of at least \$5,000. This section may not be 1650 1651 construed to limit any other coverage made available by an 1652 insurer. An insurer may not offer medical payments coverage with 1653 a deductible to an applicant or policyholder. 1654 (2) REQUIRED BENEFITS.-Medical payments coverage must 1655 provide coverage for all of the following if medically necessary 1656 and the individual initially receives such treatment within 14 1657 days after the motor vehicle accident: 1658 (a) Emergency transport and treatment by a provider 1659 licensed under chapter 401. 1660 (b) Emergency services and care provided by a hospital 1661 licensed under chapter 395. 1662 (c) Emergency services and care as defined in s. 395.002, provided in a facility licensed under chapter 395 and rendered 1663

Page 58 of 103

543534

1664	by a physician or dentist, and related hospital inpatient
1665	services rendered by a physician or dentist.
1666	(d) Hospital inpatient services, other than emergency
1667	services and care.
1668	(e) Hospital outpatient services, other than emergency
1669	services and care.
1670	(3) AUTHORIZED EXCLUSIONSNotwithstanding any other
1671	requirement in this section, an insurer may exclude medical
1672	payment benefits:
1673	(a) For injury sustained by the named insured or a resident
1674	relative while occupying another motor vehicle owned by the
1675	named insured and not insured under the policy, unless such
1676	vehicle qualifies as a newly acquired vehicle or temporary
1677	substitute vehicle.
1678	(b) For injury sustained by any person operating the
1679	insured motor vehicle without the express or implied consent of
1680	the insured.
1681	(c) For any person who intentionally causes injury to
1682	himself or herself.
1683	(d) For any person injured while committing a felony.
1684	(4) PAYMENT OF BENEFITS
1685	(a) Benefits due from an insurer under medical payments
1686	coverage are primary to any health insurance benefit of a person
1687	injured in a motor vehicle accident and apply to any coinsurance
1688	or deductible amount required by the injured person's health
1689	insurance policy, except that:
1690	1. Benefits received under any workers' compensation law
1691	must be credited against medical payments coverage benefits, and
1692	are due and payable as losses accrue, upon reasonable proof of

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1693	such losses and the amount of expenses and losses incurred which
1694	are covered by the policy issued under this section.
1695	2. When the Agency for Health Care Administration provides,
1696	pays for, or becomes liable for medical assistance under the
1697	Medicaid program which is related to injury, sickness, disease,
1698	or death arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a
1699	motor vehicle, medical payments benefits are subject to the
1700	provisions of the Medicaid program, and, within 30 days after
1701	receiving notice that the Medicaid program paid such benefits,
1702	the insurer must repay the full amount of the benefits to the
1703	Medicaid program.
1704	(b) A medical payments insurance policy may include a
1705	provision allowing subrogation for medical payments benefits
1706	paid, if the expenses giving rise to the payments were caused by
1707	wrongful act or omission of another.
1708	(c) Upon receiving notice of an accident that is
1709	potentially covered by medical payments coverage benefits, the
1710	insurer must reserve \$2,500 of medical payments coverage
1711	benefits for payment to physicians licensed under chapter 458 or
1712	chapter 459 or dentists licensed under chapter 466 who provide
1713	emergency services and care, as defined in s. 395.002, or who
1714	provide hospital inpatient care. The amount required to be held
1715	in reserve may be used only to pay claims from such physicians
1716	or dentists until 30 days after the date the insurer receives
1717	notice of the accident. After the 30-day period, any amount of
1718	the reserve for which the insurer has not received notice of
1719	such claims may be used by the insurer to pay other claims. This
1720	paragraph does not require an insurer to establish a claim
1721	reserve for insurance accounting purposes.
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Page 60 of 103

543534

1722 (5) CHARGES FOR CARE OF INJURED PERSONS.-(a) A physician, hospital, clinic, or other person or 1723 1724 institution lawfully providing medical care to an injured person 1725 for a bodily injury covered by medical payments coverage may 1726 charge the insurer and injured party only a reasonable amount 1727 pursuant to this section. However, such charges may not exceed the amount the person or institution customarily charges for 1728 1729 like medical care. In determining whether a charge for a 1730 particular service, treatment, supply, or prescription is 1731 reasonable, consideration may be given to evidence of usual and 1732 customary charges and payments accepted by the provider involved 1733 in the dispute; reimbursement levels in the community and 1734 various federal and state medical fee schedules applicable to 1735 motor vehicle and other insurance coverages; and other 1736 information relevant to the reasonableness of the reimbursement 1737 for the service, treatment, supply, or prescription. 1. The insurer may limit reimbursement to the following 1738 1739 schedule of maximum charges: 1740 a. For emergency transport and treatment by providers 1741 licensed under chapter 401, 200 percent of Medicare. 1742 b. For emergency services and care provided by a hospital 1743 licensed under chapter 395, 75 percent of the hospital's usual 1744 and customary charges. 1745 c. For emergency services and care, as defined in s. 1746 395.002, provided in a facility licensed under chapter 395 and 1747 rendered by a physician or dentist, and related hospital 1748 inpatient services rendered by a physician or dentist, the usual 1749 and customary charges in the community. d. For hospital inpatient services other than emergency 1750

Page 61 of 103

543534

1751	services and care, 200 percent of the Medicare Part A
1752	prospective payment applicable to the specific hospital
1753	providing the inpatient services.
1754	e. For hospital outpatient services other than emergency
1755	services and care, 200 percent of the Medicare Part A Ambulatory
1756	Payment Classification for the specific hospital providing the
1757	outpatient services.
1758	
1759	However, if such services, supplies, or care is not reimbursable
1760	under Medicare Part B as provided in this sub-subparagraph, the
1761	insurer may limit reimbursement to 80 percent of the maximum
1762	reimbursable allowance under workers' compensation. Services,
1763	supplies, or care that is not reimbursable under Medicare or
1764	workers' compensation is not required to be reimbursed by the
1765	insurer.
1766	2. For purposes of subparagraph 1., the applicable fee
1767	schedule or payment limitation under Medicare is the fee
1768	schedule or payment limitation in effect on March 1 of the
1769	service year in which the services, supplies, or care is
1770	rendered and for the area in which the services, supplies, or
1771	care is rendered. The applicable fee schedule or payment
1772	limitation applies to services, supplies, or care rendered
1773	during that service year notwithstanding any subsequent change
1774	made to the fee schedule or payment limitation; however, it may
1775	not be less than the allowable amount under the applicable
1776	schedule of Medicare Part B for 2007 for medical services,
1777	supplies, and care subject to Medicare Part B. For purposes of
1778	this subparagraph, the term "service year" means the period from
1779	March 1 through the end of February of the following year.

Page 62 of 103

543534

1780 3. For purposes of subparagraph 1., the applicable fee 1781 schedule or payment limitation under workers' compensation is 1782 determined under s. 440.13 and rules adopted thereunder which 1783 are in effect at the time such services, supplies, or care is 1784 provided. 1785 4. Subparagraph 1. does not authorize the insurer to apply any limitation on the number of treatments or other utilization 1786 1787 limits that apply under Medicare or workers' compensation. An 1788 insurer that applies the allowable payment limitations of 1789 subparagraph 1. must reimburse a provider who lawfully provided 1790 medical care under the scope of his or her license, regardless 1791 of whether the provider is entitled to reimbursement under 1792 Medicare or workers' compensation due to restrictions or 1793 limitations on the types or discipline of health care providers 1794 who may be reimbursed for particular procedures or procedure 1795 codes. However, subparagraph 1. does not prohibit an insurer 1796 from using the Medicare coding policies and payment 1797 methodologies of the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid 1798 Services, including applicable modifiers, to determine the 1799 appropriate amount of reimbursement for medical services, 1800 supplies, or care, if the coding policy or payment methodology 1801 does not constitute a utilization limit. 1802 5. If an insurer limits payment as authorized by 1803 subparagraph 1., the person providing such medical care may not 1804 bill or attempt to collect from the insured any amount in excess 1805 of such limits, except for amounts that are not covered by the 1806 insured's medical payments benefits due to the maximum policy 1807 limits. 6. An insurer may limit payment as authorized by this 1808

Page 63 of 103

543534

1809	paragraph only if the insurance policy includes a notice at the
1810	time of issuance or renewal that the insurer may limit payment
1811	pursuant to the schedule of charges specified in this paragraph.
1812	A policy form approved by the office satisfies this requirement.
1813	If a provider submits a charge for an amount less than the
1814	amount allowed under subparagraph 1., the insurer may pay the
1815	amount of the charge submitted.
1816	(b)1. An insurer or insured is not required to pay a claim
1817	or charges:
1818	a. For any service or treatment that was not lawful at the
1819	time rendered;
1820	b. To any person who knowingly submits a false or
1821	misleading statement relating to the claim or charges; or
1822	c. For any treatment or service that is upcoded or that is
1823	unbundled when the treatment or services should be bundled. To
1824	facilitate prompt payment of lawful services, an insurer may
1825	change codes that it determines have been improperly or
1826	incorrectly upcoded or unbundled and may make payment based on
1827	the changed codes, without affecting the right of the provider
1828	to dispute the change by the insurer, if, before doing so, the
1829	insurer contacts the health care provider and discusses the
1830	reasons for the insurer's change and the health care provider's
1831	reason for the coding, or makes a reasonable good faith effort
1832	to do so, as documented in the insurer's file.
1833	2. The Department of Health, in consultation with the
1834	appropriate professional licensing boards, shall adopt by rule a
1835	list of diagnostic tests deemed not to be medically necessary
1836	for use in the treatment of persons sustaining bodily injury
1837	covered by medical payments benefits under this section. The
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Page 64 of 103

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1838 list must be revised from time to time as determined by the 1839 Department of Health in consultation with the respective professional licensing boards. Inclusion of a test on the list 1840 1841 must be based on a lack of demonstrated medical value and a 1842 level of general acceptance by the relevant provider community 1843 and may not be dependent on results based entirely upon subjective patient response. Notwithstanding its inclusion on a 1844 1845 fee schedule in this subsection, an insurer or insured is not 1846 required to pay any charges or reimburse claims for an invalid 1847 diagnostic test as determined by the Department of Health.

(c) With respect to any medical care other than medical services billed by a hospital or other provider for emergency services and care, as defined in s. 395.002, or inpatient services rendered at a hospital-owned facility, the statement of charges must be furnished to the insurer by the provider.

(d) All statements and bills for medical services rendered by a physician, hospital, clinic, or other person or institution must be submitted to the insurer on a properly completed Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Form CMS-1500, a UB-92 form, or any other standard form approved by the office and adopted by the commission for purposes of this paragraph. All billings for such services rendered by providers must, to the extent applicable, comply with the Form CMS-1500 instructions, the codes established by the American Medical Association's Current Procedural Terminology Editorial Panel, and the Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) and must follow the Physicians' Current Procedural Terminology (CPT), the HCPCS in effect for the year in which services are rendered, and the International Classification of Diseases adopted by the United

Page 65 of 103

543534

1867 States Department of Health and Human Services in effect for the 1868 year in which services are rendered. The guidance for 1869 determining compliance with applicable CPT and HCPCS coding must 1870 be provided by the CPT or the HCPCS in effect for the year in 1871 which services were rendered, the Office of the Inspector 1872 General, Physicians Compliance Guidelines, and other 1873 authoritative treatises designated by rule by the Agency for 1874 Health Care Administration. A statement of medical services may 1875 not include charges for medical services of a person or entity 1876 that performed such services without possessing the valid 1877 licenses required to perform such services. 1878 (6) CIVIL ACTION FOR INSURANCE FRAUD.-An insurer has a 1879 cause of action against any person convicted of, or who, 1880 regardless of adjudication of guilt, pleads guilty or nolo 1881 contendere to, insurance fraud under s. 817.234, patient brokering under s. 817.505, or kickbacks under s. 456.054, 1882 1883 associated with a claim for medical payments coverage benefits 1884 in accordance with this section. An insurer prevailing in an 1885 action brought under this subsection may recover compensatory, 1886 consequential, and punitive damages subject to the requirements 1887 and limitations of part II of chapter 768 and attorney fees and 1888 costs incurred in litigating a cause of action against any 1889 person convicted of, or who, regardless of adjudication of 1890 guilt, pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, insurance fraud 1891 under s. 817.234, patient brokering under s. 817.505, or 1892 kickbacks under s. 456.054, associated with a claim for medical 1893 payments coverage benefits in accordance with this section. 1894 (7) FRAUD ADVISORY NOTICE.-Upon receiving notice of a claim under this section, an insurer shall provide a notice to the 1895

Page 66 of 103

543534

1896	insured or to a person for whom a claim for reimbursement for
1897	diagnosis or treatment of injuries has been filed, advising
1898	that:
1899	(a) Pursuant to s. 626.9892, the department may pay rewards
1900	of up to \$25,000 to persons who provide information leading to
1901	the arrest and conviction of persons committing crimes
1902	investigated by the Division of Investigative and Forensic
1903	Services arising from violations of s. 440.105, s. 624.15, s.
1904	626.9541, s. 626.989, or s. 817.234.
1905	(b) Solicitation of a person injured in a motor vehicle
1906	crash for purposes of filing medical payments coverage or tort
1907	claims could be a violation of s. 817.234, s. 817.505, or the
1908	rules regulating The Florida Bar and should be immediately
1909	reported to the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services
1910	if such conduct has taken place.
1911	(8) NONREIMBURSABLE CLAIMSClaims generated as a result of
1912	activities that are unlawful pursuant to s. 817.505 are not
1913	reimbursable.
1914	(9) SECURE ELECTRONIC DATA TRANSFERA notice,
1915	documentation, transmission, or communication of any kind
1916	required or authorized under this section may be transmitted
1917	electronically if it is transmitted by secure electronic data
1918	transfer that is consistent with state and federal privacy and
1919	security laws.
1920	Section 40. Subsections (1) and (7) of section 627.727,
1921	Florida Statutes, are amended, and present subsections (8), (9),
1922	and (10) of that section are redesignated as subsections (7),
1923	(8), and (9), respectively, to read:
1924	627.727 Motor vehicle insurance; uninsured and underinsured



vehicle coverage; insolvent insurer protection.-(1) A No motor vehicle liability insurance policy that which provides bodily injury liability coverage may not shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this state with respect to any specifically insured or identified motor vehicle registered or principally garaged in this state, unless uninsured motor vehicle coverage is provided therein or supplemental thereto for the protection of persons insured thereunder who are legally entitled to recover damages from owners or operators of uninsured motor vehicles because of bodily injury, sickness, or disease, including death, resulting therefrom. However, the coverage required under this section is not applicable if when, or to the extent that, an insured named in the policy makes a written rejection of the coverage on behalf of all insureds under the policy. If When a motor vehicle is leased for a period of 1 year or longer and the lessor of such vehicle, by the terms of the lease contract, provides liability coverage on the leased vehicle, the lessee of such vehicle has shall have the sole privilege to reject uninsured motorist coverage or to select lower limits than the bodily injury liability limits, regardless of whether the lessor is qualified as a self-insurer pursuant to s. 324.171. Unless an insured, or lessee having the privilege of rejecting uninsured motorist coverage, requests such coverage or requests higher uninsured motorist limits in writing, the coverage or such higher uninsured motorist limits need not be provided in or supplemental to any other policy which renews, extends, changes, supersedes, or replaces an existing policy with the same bodily injury liability limits when an insured or lessee had rejected the coverage. When an insured or lessee has

Page 68 of 103



1954 initially selected limits of uninsured motorist coverage lower 1955 than her or his bodily injury liability limits, higher limits of 1956 uninsured motorist coverage need not be provided in or 1957 supplemental to any other policy that which renews, extends, 1958 changes, supersedes, or replaces an existing policy with the 1959 same bodily injury liability limits unless an insured requests 1960 higher uninsured motorist coverage in writing. The rejection or 1961 selection of lower limits must shall be made on a form approved 1962 by the office. The form must shall fully advise the applicant of 1963 the nature of the coverage and must shall state that the coverage is equal to bodily injury liability limits unless lower 1964 1965 limits are requested or the coverage is rejected. The heading of 1966 the form must shall be in 12-point bold type and must shall 1967 state: "You are electing not to purchase certain valuable 1968 coverage that which protects you and your family or you are purchasing uninsured motorist limits less than your bodily 1969 1970 injury liability limits when you sign this form. Please read 1971 carefully." If this form is signed by a named insured, it will 1972 be conclusively presumed that there was an informed, knowing rejection of coverage or election of lower limits on behalf of 1973 1974 all insureds. The insurer shall notify the named insured at 1975 least annually of her or his options as to the coverage required 1976 by this section. Such notice must shall be part of, and attached to, the notice of premium, must shall provide for a means to 1977 1978 allow the insured to request such coverage, and must shall be 1979 given in a manner approved by the office. Receipt of this notice 1980 does not constitute an affirmative waiver of the insured's right to uninsured motorist coverage if where the insured has not 1981 signed a selection or rejection form. The coverage described 1982



1983 under this section must shall be over and above, but may shall 1984 not duplicate, the benefits available to an insured under any 1985 workers' compensation law, personal injury protection benefits, 1986 disability benefits law, or similar law; under any automobile 1987 medical payments expense coverage; under any motor vehicle liability insurance coverage; or from the owner or operator of 1988 1989 the uninsured motor vehicle or any other person or organization 1990 jointly or severally liable together with such owner or operator 1991 for the accident; and such coverage must shall cover the 1992 difference, if any, between the sum of such benefits and the 1993 damages sustained, up to the maximum amount of such coverage 1994 provided under this section. The amount of coverage available 1995 under this section may shall not be reduced by a setoff against 1996 any coverage, including liability insurance. Such coverage does 1997 shall not inure directly or indirectly to the benefit of any 1998 workers' compensation or disability benefits carrier or any 1999 person or organization qualifying as a self-insurer under any 2000 workers' compensation or disability benefits law or similar law.

(7) The legal liability of an uninsured motorist coverage insurer does not include damages in tort for pain, suffering, mental anguish, and inconvenience unless the injury or disease is described in one or more of paragraphs (a)-(d) of s. 627.737(2).

Section 41. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of section 627.7275, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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627.7275 Motor vehicle liability.-

2010 (1) A motor vehicle insurance policy providing personal
 2011 injury protection as set forth in s. 627.736 may not be

Page 70 of 103

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2012 delivered or issued for delivery in this state <u>for a</u> with 2013 respect to any specifically insured or identified motor vehicle 2014 registered or principally garaged in this state <u>must provide</u> 2015 <u>bodily injury liability coverage and unless the policy also</u> 2016 provides coverage for property damage liability <u>coverage</u> as 2017 required <u>under by</u> s. 324.022, <u>and medical payments coverage as</u> 2018 required under s. 627.7265.

(2) (a) Insurers writing motor vehicle insurance in this state shall make available, subject to the insurers' usual underwriting restrictions:

1. Coverage under policies as described in subsection (1) to an applicant for private passenger motor vehicle insurance coverage who is seeking the coverage in order to reinstate the applicant's driving privileges in this state if the driving privileges were revoked or suspended pursuant to s. 316.646 or s. 324.0221 due to the failure of the applicant to maintain required security.

2029 2. Coverage under policies as described in subsection (1), 2030 which includes bodily injury also provides liability coverage 2031 and property damage liability coverage for bodily injury, death, 2032 and property damage arising out of the ownership, maintenance, 2033 or use of the motor vehicle in an amount not less than the 2034 minimum limits required under described in s. 324.021(7) or s. 2035 324.023 and which conforms to the requirements of s. 324.151, to 2036 an applicant for private passenger motor vehicle insurance 2037 coverage who is seeking the coverage in order to reinstate the 2038 applicant's driving privileges in this state after such 2039 privileges were revoked or suspended under s. 316.193 or s. 322.26(2) for driving under the influence. 2040

Page 71 of 103



(b) The policies described in paragraph (a) must shall be

2041 issued for at least 6 months and, as to the minimum coverages 2042 2043 required under this section, may not be canceled by the insured 2044 for any reason or by the insurer after 60 days, during which 2045 period the insurer is completing the underwriting of the policy. 2046 After the insurer has completed underwriting the policy, the 2047 insurer shall notify the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 2048 Vehicles that the policy is in full force and effect and is not 2049 cancelable for the remainder of the policy period. A premium 2050 must shall be collected and the coverage is in effect for the 2051 60-day period during which the insurer is completing the 2052 underwriting of the policy, whether or not the person's driver 2053 license, motor vehicle tag, and motor vehicle registration are 2054 in effect. Once the noncancelable provisions of the policy 2055 become effective, the bodily injury liability and property damage liability coverages for bodily injury, property damage, 2056 2057 and personal injury protection may not be reduced below the 2058 minimum limits required under s. 324.021 or s. 324.023 during 2059 the policy period, and the medical payments coverage may not be 2060 reduced below the minimum limit required under s. 627.7265. 2061 2062 627.728, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2063 2064 2065 2066 2067 2068 2069

627.728 Cancellations; nonrenewals.-

(1) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Policy" means the bodily injury and property damage liability, personal injury protection, medical payments, comprehensive, collision, and uninsured motorist coverage portions of a policy of motor vehicle insurance delivered or issued for delivery in this state:

Page 72 of 103

Section 42. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section

543534

2070 1. Insuring a natural person as named insured or one or 2071 more related individuals who are residents resident of the same 2072 household; and 2073 2. Insuring only a motor vehicle of the private passenger 2074 type or station wagon type which is not used as a public or 2075 livery conveyance for passengers or rented to others; or 2076 insuring any other four-wheel motor vehicle having a load 2077 capacity of 1,500 pounds or less which is not used in the occupation, profession, or business of the insured other than 2078 2079 farming; other than any policy issued under an automobile 2080 insurance assigned risk plan or covering garage, automobile 2081 sales agency, repair shop, service station, or public parking 2082 place operation hazards. 2083 2084 The term "policy" does not include a binder as defined in s. 2085 627.420 unless the duration of the binder period exceeds 60 2086 days. 2087 Section 43. Subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection 2088 (5), and subsections (6) and (7) of section 627.7295, Florida 2089 Statutes, are amended to read: 2090 627.7295 Motor vehicle insurance contracts.-2091 (1) As used in this section, the term: 2092 (a) "Policy" means a motor vehicle insurance policy that provides bodily injury liability personal injury protection 2093 2094 coverage, property damage liability coverage, and medical 2095 payments coverage or both. 2096 (b) "Binder" means a binder that provides motor vehicle 2097 bodily injury liability coverage, personal injury protection and property damage liability coverage, and medical payments 2098



2099 coverage.

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(5) (a) A licensed general lines agent may charge a perpolicy fee up to not to exceed \$10 to cover the administrative costs of the agent associated with selling the motor vehicle insurance policy if the policy covers only bodily injury liability coverage, personal injury protection coverage as provided by s. 627.736 and property damage liability coverage, and medical payments coverage as provided by s. 627.7275 and if no other insurance is sold or issued in conjunction with or collateral to the policy. The fee is not considered part of the 2109 premium.

(6) If a motor vehicle owner's driver license, license plate, and registration have previously been suspended pursuant to s. 316.646 or s. 627.733, an insurer may cancel a new policy only as provided in s. 627.7275.

2114 (7) A policy of private passenger motor vehicle insurance 2115 or a binder for such a policy may be initially issued in this 2116 state only if, before the effective date of such binder or 2117 policy, the insurer or agent has collected from the insured an 2118 amount equal to 2 months' premium from the insured. An insurer, 2119 agent, or premium finance company may not, directly or 2120 indirectly, take any action that results resulting in the 2121 insured paying having paid from the insured's own funds an 2122 amount less than the 2 months' premium required by this 2123 subsection. This subsection applies without regard to whether the premium is financed by a premium finance company or is paid 2124 2125 pursuant to a periodic payment plan of an insurer or an insurance agent.

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(a) This subsection does not apply:

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1. If an insured or member of the insured's family is 2129 renewing or replacing a policy or a binder for such policy written by the same insurer or a member of the same insurer group. This subsection does not apply

2. To an insurer that issues private passenger motor vehicle coverage primarily to active duty or former military personnel or their dependents. This subsection does not apply

3. If all policy payments are paid pursuant to a payroll deduction plan, an automatic electronic funds transfer payment plan from the policyholder, or a recurring credit card or debit card agreement with the insurer.

(b) This subsection and subsection (4) do not apply if: 1. All policy payments to an insurer are paid pursuant to an automatic electronic funds transfer payment plan from an agent, a managing general agent, or a premium finance company and if the policy includes, at a minimum, bodily injury liability coverage, personal injury protection pursuant to ss. 627.730-627.7405; motor vehicle property damage liability coverage, and medical payments coverage pursuant to s. 627.7275; or and bodily injury liability in at least the amount of \$10,000 because of bodily injury to, or death of, one person in any one accident and in the amount of \$20,000 because of bodily injury to, or death of, two or more persons in any one accident. This subsection and subsection (4) do not apply if

2152 2. An insured has had a policy in effect for at least 6 2153 months, the insured's agent is terminated by the insurer that 2154 issued the policy, and the insured obtains coverage on the policy's renewal date with a new company through the terminated 2155 2156 agent.

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2157	Section 44. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 627.7415,
2158	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2159	627.7415 Commercial motor vehicles; additional liability
2160	insurance coverageCommercial motor vehicles, as defined in s.
2161	207.002 or s. 320.01, operated upon the roads and highways of
2162	this state shall be insured with the following minimum levels of
2163	combined bodily liability insurance and property damage
2164	liability insurance <u>under subsections (1) and (2)</u> in addition to
2165	any other insurance requirements <u>.</u> +
2166	(1) Fifty thousand dollars per occurrence For a commercial
2167	motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of 26,000 pounds or
2168	more, but less than 35,000 pounds <u>:</u>
2169	(a) Beginning January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2020,
2170	no less than \$50,000 per occurrence.
2171	(b) Beginning January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2022,
2172	no less than \$60,000 per occurrence.
2173	(c) Beginning January 1, 2023, and thereafter, no less than
2174	\$70,000 per occurrence.
2175	(2) One hundred thousand dollars per occurrence For a
2176	commercial motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of 35,000
2177	pounds or more, but less than 44,000 pounds <u>:</u>
2178	(a) Beginning January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2020,
2179	no less than \$100,000 per occurrence.
2180	(b) Beginning January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2022,
2181	no less than \$120,000 per occurrence.
2182	(c) Beginning January 1, 2023, and thereafter, no less than
2183	\$140,000 per occurrence.
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2185	A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction,
	Page 76 of 103

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2186 punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 318.
2187 Section 45. Section 627.8405, Florida Statutes, is amended
2188 to read:

627.8405 Prohibited acts; financing companies.—<u>A</u> No premium finance company shall, in a premium finance agreement or other agreement, <u>may not</u> finance the cost of or otherwise provide for the collection or remittance of dues, assessments, fees, or other periodic payments of money for the cost of:

(1) A membership in an automobile club. The term "automobile club" means a legal entity <u>that</u> which, in consideration of dues, assessments, or periodic payments of money, promises its members or subscribers to assist them in matters relating to the ownership, operation, use, or maintenance of a motor vehicle; however, <u>the term this</u> <u>definition of "automobile club"</u> does not include persons, associations, or corporations which are organized and operated solely for the purpose of conducting, sponsoring, or sanctioning motor vehicle races, exhibitions, or contests upon racetracks, or upon racecourses established and marked as such for the duration of such particular events. The <u>term</u> words "motor vehicle" used herein <u>has</u> have the same meaning as defined in chapter 320.

(2) An accidental death and dismemberment policy sold in combination with a <u>policy providing only medical payments</u> <u>coverage, bodily injury liability coverage, personal injury</u> <u>protection</u> and property damage <u>liability coverage</u> only policy.

(3) Any product not regulated under the provisions of this insurance code.

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This section also applies to premium financing by any insurance agent or insurance company under part XVI. The commission shall adopt rules to assure disclosure, at the time of sale, of coverages financed with personal injury protection and shall prescribe the form of such disclosure.

2220 Section 46. Subsection (1) of section 627.915, Florida 2221 Statutes, is amended to read:

627.915 Insurer experience reporting.-

2223 (1) Each insurer transacting private passenger automobile 2224 insurance in this state shall report certain information 2225 annually to the office. The information will be due on or before 2226 July 1 of each year. The information must shall be divided into 2227 the following categories: bodily injury liability; property 2228 damage liability; uninsured motorist; personal injury protection 2229 benefits; medical payments; and comprehensive and collision. The 2230 information given must shall be on direct insurance writings in 2231 the state alone and shall represent total limits data. The 2232 information set forth in paragraphs (a) - (f) is applicable to 2233 voluntary private passenger and Joint Underwriting Association 2234 private passenger writings and must shall be reported for each 2235 of the latest 3 calendar-accident years, with an evaluation date 2236 of March 31 of the current year. The information set forth in 2237 paragraphs (g)-(j) is applicable to voluntary private passenger 2238 writings and must shall be reported on a calendar-accident year 2239 basis ultimately seven times at seven different stages of 2240 development.

2241 (a) Premiums earned for the latest 3 calendar-accident 2242 years.

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(b) Loss development factors and the historic development

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2244	of those factors.
2245	(c) Policyholder dividends incurred.
2246	(d) Expenses for other acquisition and general expense.
2247	(e) Expenses for agents' commissions and taxes, licenses,
2248	and fees.
2249	(f) Profit and contingency factors as utilized in the
2250	insurer's automobile rate filings for the applicable years.
2251	(g) Losses paid.
2252	(h) Losses unpaid.
2253	(i) Loss adjustment expenses paid.
2254	(j) Loss adjustment expenses unpaid.
2255	Section 47. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 628.909,
2256	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2257	628.909 Applicability of other laws
2258	(2) The following provisions of the Florida Insurance Code
2259	apply to captive insurance companies who are not industrial
2260	insured captive insurance companies to the extent that such
2261	provisions are not inconsistent with this part:
2262	(a) Chapter 624, except for ss. 624.407, 624.408, 624.4085,
2263	624.40851, 624.4095, 624.411, 624.425, and 624.426.
2264	(b) Chapter 625, part II.
2265	(c) Chapter 626, part IX.
2266	(d) Sections 627.730-627.7405, when no-fault coverage is
2267	provided.
2268	(e) Chapter 628.
2269	(3) The following provisions of the Florida Insurance Code
2270	shall apply to industrial insured captive insurance companies to
2271	the extent that such provisions are not inconsistent with this
2272	part:



2273 (a) Chapter 624, except for ss. 624.407, 624.408, 624.4085, 2274 624.40851, 624.4095, 624.411, 624.425, 624.426, and 624.609(1). 2275 (b) Chapter 625, part II, if the industrial insured captive 2276 insurance company is incorporated in this state. 2277 (c) Chapter 626, part IX. 2278 (d) Sections 627.730-627.7405 when no-fault coverage is 2279 provided. 2280 (e) Chapter 628, except for ss. 628.341, 628.351, and 2281 628.6018. 2282 Section 48. Subsections (2), (6), and (7) of section 2283 705.184, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2284 705.184 Derelict or abandoned motor vehicles on the 2285 premises of public-use airports.-2286 (2) The airport director or the director's designee shall 2287 contact the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to 2288 notify that department that the airport has possession of the 2289 abandoned or derelict motor vehicle and to determine the name 2290 and address of the owner of the motor vehicle, the insurance 2291 company insuring the motor vehicle, notwithstanding the 2292 provisions of s. 627.736, and any person who has filed a lien on 2293 the motor vehicle. Within 7 business days after receipt of the 2294 information, the director or the director's designee shall send 2295 notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the owner 2296 of the motor vehicle, the insurance company insuring the motor 2297 vehicle, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, and all 2298 persons of record claiming a lien against the motor vehicle. The 2299 notice must shall state the fact of possession of the motor vehicle, that charges for reasonable towing, storage, and 2300 2301 parking fees, if any, have accrued and the amount thereof, that

Page 80 of 103



2302 a lien as provided in subsection (6) will be claimed, that the 2303 lien is subject to enforcement pursuant to law, that the owner 2304 or lienholder, if any, has the right to a hearing as set forth 2305 in subsection (4), and that any motor vehicle which, at the end 2306 of 30 calendar days after receipt of the notice, has not been 2307 removed from the airport upon payment in full of all accrued charges for reasonable towing, storage, and parking fees, if 2308 2309 any, may be disposed of as provided in s. 705.182(2)(a), (b), 2310 (d), or (e), including, but not limited to, the motor vehicle 2311 being sold free of all prior liens after 35 calendar days after 2312 the time the motor vehicle is stored if any prior liens on the 2313 motor vehicle are more than 5 years of age or after 50 calendar 2314 days after the time the motor vehicle is stored if any prior 2315 liens on the motor vehicle are 5 years of age or less.

2316 (6) The airport pursuant to this section or, if used, a 2317 licensed independent wrecker company pursuant to s. 713.78 shall have a lien on an abandoned or derelict motor vehicle for all 2318 2319 reasonable towing, storage, and accrued parking fees, if any, 2320 except that no storage fee may shall be charged if the motor 2321 vehicle is stored less than 6 hours. As a prerequisite to 2322 perfecting a lien under this section, the airport director or 2323 the director's designee must serve a notice in accordance with 2324 subsection (2) on the owner of the motor vehicle, the insurance 2325 company insuring the motor vehicle, notwithstanding the 2326 provisions of s. 627.736, and all persons of record claiming a 2327 lien against the motor vehicle. If attempts to notify the owner, 2328 the insurance company insuring the motor vehicle, 2329 notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, or lienholders are 2330 not successful, the requirement of notice by mail shall be

Page 81 of 103

543534

2331	considered met. Serving of the notice does not dispense with
2332	recording the claim of lien.
2333	(7)(a) For the purpose of perfecting its lien under this
2334	section, the airport shall record a claim of lien which states
2335	shall state:
2336	1. The name and address of the airport.
2337	2. The name of the owner of the motor vehicle, the
2338	insurance company insuring the motor vehicle, notwithstanding
2339	the provisions of s. 627.736_r and all persons of record claiming
2340	a lien against the motor vehicle.
2341	3. The costs incurred from reasonable towing, storage, and
2342	parking fees, if any.
2343	4. A description of the motor vehicle sufficient for
2344	identification.
2345	(b) The claim of lien <u>must</u> shall be signed and sworn to or
2346	affirmed by the airport director or the director's designee.
2347	(c) The claim of lien <u>is</u> shall be sufficient if it is in
2348	substantially the following form:
2349	
2350	CLAIM OF LIEN
2351	State of
2352	County of
2353	Before me, the undersigned notary public, personally appeared
2354	, who was duly sworn and says that he/she is the
2355	of; whose address is; and that the
2356	following described motor vehicle:
2357	(Description of motor vehicle)
2358	owned by, whose address is, has accrued
2359	\$ in fees for a reasonable tow, for storage, and for
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Page 82 of 103



2360	parking, if applicable; that the lienor served its notice to the
2361	owner, the insurance company insuring the motor vehicle
2362	notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, Florida Statutes,
2363	and all persons of record claiming a lien against the motor
2364	vehicle on,(year), by
2365	(Signature)
2366	Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me this day of
2367	,(year), by(name of person making statement)
2368	(Signature of Notary Public)(Print, Type, or Stamp
2369	Commissioned name of Notary Public)
2370	Personally KnownOR Producedas identification.
2371	
2372	However, the negligent inclusion or omission of any information
2373	in this claim of lien which does not prejudice the owner does
2374	not constitute a default that operates to defeat an otherwise
2375	valid lien.
2376	(d) The claim of lien <u>must</u> shall be served on the owner of
2377	the motor vehicle, the insurance company insuring the motor
2378	vehicle, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, and all
2379	persons of record claiming a lien against the motor vehicle. If
2380	attempts to notify the owner, the insurance company insuring the
2381	motor vehicle notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, or
2382	lienholders are not successful, the requirement of notice by
2383	mail shall be considered met. The claim of lien <u>must</u> shall be so
2384	served before recordation.
2385	(e) The claim of lien <u>must</u> shall be recorded with the clerk
2386	of court in the county where the airport is located. The
2387	recording of the claim of lien shall be constructive notice to

Page 83 of 103

all persons of the contents and effect of such claim. The lien

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543534

2389 <u>attaches</u> shall attach at the time of recordation and <u>takes</u> shall 2390 take priority as of that time.

2391 Section 49. Subsection (4) of section 713.78, Florida 2392 Statutes, is amended to read:

2393 713.78 Liens for recovering, towing, or storing vehicles 2394 and vessels.-

2395 (4) (a) Any person regularly engaged in the business of 2396 recovering, towing, or storing vehicles or vessels who comes 2397 into possession of a vehicle or vessel pursuant to subsection 2398 (2), and who claims a lien for recovery, towing, or storage 2399 services, shall give notice to the registered owner, the 2400 insurance company insuring the vehicle notwithstanding the 2401 provisions of s. 627.736, and to all persons claiming a lien 2402 thereon, as disclosed by the records in the Department of 2403 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles or as disclosed by the records 2404 of any corresponding agency in any other state in which the 2405 vehicle is identified through a records check of the National 2406 Motor Vehicle Title Information System or an equivalent 2407 commercially available system as being titled or registered.

2408 (b) If a Whenever any law enforcement agency authorizes the 2409 removal of a vehicle or vessel or if a whenever any towing 2410 service, garage, repair shop, or automotive service, storage, or 2411 parking place notifies the law enforcement agency of possession 2412 of a vehicle or vessel pursuant to s. 715.07(2)(a)2., the law 2413 enforcement agency of the jurisdiction where the vehicle or 2414 vessel is stored shall contact the Department of Highway Safety 2415 and Motor Vehicles, or the appropriate agency of the state of registration, if known, within 24 hours through the medium of 2416 electronic communications, giving the full description of the 2417



2418 vehicle or vessel. Upon receipt of the full description of the 2419 vehicle or vessel, the department shall search its files to 2420 determine the owner's name, the insurance company insuring the 2421 vehicle or vessel, and whether any person has filed a lien upon 2422 the vehicle or vessel as provided in s. 319.27(2) and (3) and 2423 notify the applicable law enforcement agency within 72 hours. 2424 The person in charge of the towing service, garage, repair shop, 2425 or automotive service, storage, or parking place shall obtain 2426 such information from the applicable law enforcement agency 2427 within 5 days after the date of storage and shall give notice 2428 pursuant to paragraph (a). The department may release the 2429 insurance company information to the requestor notwithstanding 2430 the provisions of s. 627.736.

2431 (c) Notice by certified mail must shall be sent within 7 2432 business days after the date of storage of the vehicle or vessel 2433 to the registered owner, the insurance company insuring the 2434 vehicle notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, and all 2435 persons of record claiming a lien against the vehicle or vessel. 2436 The notice must It shall state the fact of possession of the 2437 vehicle or vessel, that a lien as provided in subsection (2) is 2438 claimed, that charges have accrued and the amount thereof, that 2439 the lien is subject to enforcement pursuant to law, and that the 2440 owner or lienholder, if any, has the right to a hearing as set 2441 forth in subsection (5), and that any vehicle or vessel which remains unclaimed, or for which the charges for recovery, 2442 2443 towing, or storage services remain unpaid, may be sold free of 2444 all prior liens after 35 days if the vehicle or vessel is more than 3 years of age or after 50 days if the vehicle or vessel is 2445 2446 3 years of age or less.

Page 85 of 103



(d) If attempts to locate the name and address of the owner or lienholder prove unsuccessful, the towing-storage operator must shall, after 7 working days, excluding Saturday and Sunday, of the initial tow or storage, notify the public agency of jurisdiction where the vehicle or vessel is stored in writing by certified mail or acknowledged hand delivery that the towingstorage company has been unable to locate the name and address of the owner or lienholder and a physical search of the vehicle or vessel has disclosed no ownership information and a good faith effort has been made, including records checks of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles database and the National Motor Vehicle Title Information System or an equivalent commercially available system. As used in For purposes of this paragraph and subsection (9), the term "good faith effort" means that the following checks have been performed by the company to establish prior state of registration and for title:

1. Check of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles database for the owner and any lienholder.

2. Check of the electronic National Motor Vehicle Title Information System or an equivalent commercially available system to determine the state of registration when there is not a current registration record for the vehicle on file with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

3. Check of vehicle or vessel for any type of tag, tag record, temporary tag, or regular tag.

4. Check of law enforcement report for tag number or other information identifying the vehicle or vessel, if the vehicle or vessel was towed at the request of a law enforcement officer.
5. Check of trip sheet or tow ticket of tow truck operator

Page 86 of 103



2476 to see if a tag was on vehicle or vessel at beginning of tow, if 2477 private tow.

2478 6. If there is no address of the owner on the impound 2479 report, check of law enforcement report to see if an out-of-2480 state address is indicated from driver license information.

2481 7. Check of vehicle or vessel for inspection sticker or 2482 other stickers and decals that may indicate a state of possible 2483 registration.

8. Check of the interior of the vehicle or vessel for any papers that may be in the glove box, trunk, or other areas for a state of registration.

9. Check of vehicle for vehicle identification number.

10. Check of vessel for vessel registration number.

11. Check of vessel hull for a hull identification number which should be carved, burned, stamped, embossed, or otherwise permanently affixed to the outboard side of the transom or, if there is no transom, to the outmost seaboard side at the end of the hull that bears the rudder or other steering mechanism.

Section 50. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (c) of subsection (7), paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (8), and subsections (9) and (10) of section 817.234, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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817.234 False and fraudulent insurance claims.-

(1)(a) A person commits insurance fraud punishable as provided in subsection (11) if that person, with the intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer:

2502 1. Presents or causes to be presented any written or oral 2503 statement as part of, or in support of, a claim for payment or 2504 other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy or a health

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2505 maintenance organization subscriber or provider contract, 2506 knowing that such statement contains any false, incomplete, or misleading information concerning any fact or thing material to 2507 2508 such claim;

2509 2. Prepares or makes any written or oral statement that is 2510 intended to be presented to an any insurer in connection with, or in support of, any claim for payment or other benefit 2511 2512 pursuant to an insurance policy or a health maintenance 2513 organization subscriber or provider contract, knowing that such 2514 statement contains any false, incomplete, or misleading 2515 information concerning any fact or thing material to such claim;

3.a. Knowingly presents, causes to be presented, or prepares or makes with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to an any insurer, purported insurer, servicing corporation, insurance broker, or insurance agent, or any employee or agent thereof, any false, incomplete, or misleading 2521 information or a written or oral statement as part of, or in support of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating 2523 of, any insurance policy, or a health maintenance organization subscriber or provider contract; or

b. Knowingly conceals information concerning any fact material to such application; or

2527 4. Knowingly presents, causes to be presented, or prepares 2528 or makes with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to 2529 any insurer a claim for payment or other benefit under medical 2530 payments coverage in a motor vehicle a personal injury 2531 protection insurance policy if the person knows that the payee 2532 knowingly submitted a false, misleading, or fraudulent 2533 application or other document when applying for licensure as a

Page 88 of 103

543534

2534 health care clinic, seeking an exemption from licensure as a 2535 health care clinic, or demonstrating compliance with part X of 2536 chapter 400.

(7)

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(c) An insurer, or any person acting at the direction of or on behalf of an insurer, may not change an opinion in a mental or physical report prepared under s. 627.736(7) or direct the physician preparing the report to change such opinion; however, this provision does not preclude the insurer from calling to the attention of the physician errors of fact in the report based upon information in the claim file. Any person who violates this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

2547 (8) (a) It is unlawful for any person intending to defraud 2548 any other person to solicit or cause to be solicited any 2549 business from a person involved in a motor vehicle accident for 2550 the purpose of making, adjusting, or settling motor vehicle tort 2551 claims or claims for benefits under medical payments coverage in 2552 a motor vehicle insurance policy personal injury protection 2553 benefits required by s. 627.736. Any person who violates the 2554 provisions of this paragraph commits a felony of the second 2555 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 2556 775.084. A person who is convicted of a violation of this 2557 subsection shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment 2558 of 2 years.

(b) A person may not solicit or cause to be solicited any business from a person involved in a motor vehicle accident by any means of communication other than advertising directed to the public for the purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims



or claims for <u>benefits under medical payments coverage in a</u> <u>motor vehicle insurance policy personal injury protection</u> <u>benefits required by s. 627.736</u>, within 60 days after the occurrence of the motor vehicle accident. Any person who violates this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

2569 (c) A lawyer, health care practitioner as defined in s. 2570 456.001, or owner or medical director of a clinic required to be 2571 licensed pursuant to s. 400.9905 may not, at any time after 60 2572 days have elapsed from the occurrence of a motor vehicle 2573 accident, solicit or cause to be solicited any business from a 2574 person involved in a motor vehicle accident by means of in 2575 person or telephone contact at the person's residence, for the 2576 purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims or claims for 2577 benefits under medical payments coverage in a motor vehicle 2578 insurance policy personal injury protection benefits required by 2579 s. 627.736. Any person who violates this paragraph commits a 2580 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 2581

2582 (9) A person may not organize, plan, or knowingly 2583 participate in an intentional motor vehicle crash or a scheme to create documentation of a motor vehicle crash that did not occur 2584 2585 for the purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims or claims 2586 for benefits under medical payments coverage in a motor vehicle 2587 insurance policy personal injury protection benefits as required 2588 by s. 627.736. Any person who violates this subsection commits a 2589 felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 2590 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. A person who is convicted of a violation of this subsection shall be sentenced to a minimum 2591

543534

2592	term of imprisonment of 2 years.
2593	(10) A licensed health care practitioner who is found
2594	guilty of insurance fraud under this section for an act relating
2595	to a <u>motor vehicle</u> personal injury protection insurance policy
2596	loses his or her license to practice for 5 years and may not
2597	receive reimbursement <u>under medical payments coverage in a motor</u>
2598	vehicle insurance policy for personal injury protection benefits
2599	for 10 years.
2600	Section 51. Applicability and construction; notice to
2601	policyholders
2602	(1) As used in this section, the term "minimum security
2603	requirements" means security that enables a person to respond in
2604	damages for liability on account of crashes arising out of the
2605	ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle in the amounts
2606	required by s. 324.021(7), Florida Statutes.
2607	(2) Effective January 1, 2019:
2608	(a) Motor vehicle insurance policies issued or renewed on
2609	or after that date may not include personal injury protection.
2610	(b) All persons subject to s. 324.022, s. 324.032, s.
2611	627.7415, or s. 627.742, Florida Statutes, must maintain at
2612	least minimum security requirements.
2613	(c) Any new or renewal motor vehicle insurance policy
2614	delivered or issued for delivery in this state must provide
2615	coverage that complies with minimum security requirements.
2616	(d) Any new or renewal motor vehicle insurance policy
2617	furnished to an owner or operator of a motor vehicle as proof of
2618	financial responsibility pursuant to s. 324.022 or s. 324.031,
2619	Florida Statutes, must provide medical payments coverage that
2620	complies with s. 627.7265, Florida Statutes.

Page 91 of 103

543534

2621 (e) An existing motor vehicle insurance policy issued 2622 before that date which provides personal injury protection and 2623 property damage liability coverage that meets the requirements 2624 of s. 324.022, Florida Statutes, on December 31, 2018, but which 2625 does not meet minimum security requirements on or after January 2626 1, 2019, is deemed to meet the security requirements of s. 2627 324.022, Florida Statutes, and the medical payments coverage 2628 requirements of s. 627.7265, Florida Statutes, until such policy is renewed, nonrenewed, or canceled on or after January 1, 2019. 2629 2630 (3) Each insurer shall allow each insured who has a new or 2631 renewal policy providing personal injury protection, which 2632 becomes effective before January 1, 2019, and whose policy does 2633 not meet minimum security requirements on or after January 1, 2634 2019, to change coverages so as to eliminate personal injury 2635 protection and obtain coverage providing minimum security 2636 requirements, which shall be effective on or after January 1, 2637 2019. The insurer is not required to provide coverage complying 2638 with minimum security requirements in such policies if the 2639 insured does not pay the required premium, if any, by January 1, 2640 2019, or such later date as the insurer may allow. Any reduction 2641 in the premium must be refunded by the insurer. The insurer may 2642 not impose on the insured an additional fee or charge that 2643 applies solely to a change in coverage; however, the insurer may 2644 charge an additional required premium that is actuarially 2645 indicated. 2646 (4) By September 1, 2018, each motor vehicle insurer shall 2647 provide notice of this section to each motor vehicle 2648 policyholder who is subject to this section. The notice is subject to approval by the Office of Insurance Regulation and 2649

Page 92 of 103



2650 must clearly inform the policyholder that: 2651 (a) The Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law is repealed, effective January 1, 2019, and that on or after that date, the 2652 insured is no longer required to maintain personal injury 2653 2654 protection insurance coverage, that personal injury protection 2655 coverage is no longer available for purchase in this state, and 2656 that all new or renewal policies issued on or after that date do 2657 not contain such coverage. (b) Effective January 1, 2019, a person subject to the 2658 2659 financial responsibility requirements of s. 324.022, Florida Statutes, must maintain minimum security requirements that 2660 2661 enable the person to respond in damages for liability on account 2662 of accidents arising out of the use of a motor vehicle in the 2663 following amounts: 2664 1. Beginning January 1, 2019, and continuing through 2665 December 31, 2020: 2666 a. Twenty thousand dollars for bodily injury to, or the 2667 death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such 2668 limits for one person, in the amount of \$40,000 for bodily 2669 injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in any one 2670 crash; and b. Ten thousand dollars for damage to, or destruction of, 2671 2672 the property of others in any one crash. 2673 2. Beginning January 1, 2021, and continuing through 2674 December 31, 2022: a. Twenty-five thousand dollars for bodily injury to, or 2675 2676 the death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such 2677 limits for one person, in the amount of \$50,000 for bodily injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in any one 2678

Page 93 of 103

543534

2679	crash; and
2680	b. Ten thousand dollars for damage to, or destruction of,
2681	the property of others in any one crash.
2682	3. Beginning January 1, 2023, and continuing thereafter:
2683	a. Thirty thousand dollars for bodily injury to, or the
2684	death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such
2685	limits for one person, in the amount of \$60,000 for bodily
2686	injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in any one
2687	crash; and
2688	b. Ten thousand dollars for damage to, or destruction of,
2689	the property of others in any one crash.
2690	(c) Personal injury protection insurance paid covered
2691	medical expenses for injuries sustained in a motor vehicle crash
2692	by the policyholder, passengers, and relatives residing in the
2693	policyholder's household.
2694	(d) Bodily injury liability coverage protects the insured,
2695	up to the coverage limits, against loss if the insured is
2696	legally responsible for the death of or bodily injury to others
2697	in a motor vehicle accident.
2698	(e) Effective January 1, 2019, a person who purchases a
2699	motor vehicle liability insurance policy as proof of financial
2700	responsibility must maintain medical payments coverage that
2701	complies with s. 627.7265, Florida Statutes. Medical payments
2702	coverage pays covered medical expenses, up to the limits of such
2703	coverage, for injuries sustained in a motor vehicle crash by the
2704	policyholder, passengers, and relatives residing in the
2705	policyholder's household, as provided in s. 627.7265, Florida
2706	Statutes. Medical payments coverage also provides a death
2707	benefit of at least \$5,000. Medical payments coverage reimburses

Page 94 of 103

543534

2708	fewer medical services and care than were reimbursable under
2709	personal injury protection. Medical payments coverage provides
2710	reimbursement for the following if medically necessary and if an
2711	individual initially receives such treatment within 14 days
2712	after the motor vehicle accident:
2713	1. Emergency transportation and treatment.
2714	2. Emergency services and care provided by a hospital.
2715	3. Emergency services and care provided by a licensed
2716	physician or licensed dentist in a hospital, ambulatory surgical
2717	center, or mobile surgical facility licensed under chapter 395,
2718	Florida Statutes, and related hospital inpatient care.
2719	4. Hospital inpatient services, other than emergency
2720	services and care.
2721	5. Hospital outpatient services, other than emergency
2722	services and care.
2723	(f) The policyholder may obtain underinsured motorist
2724	coverage, which provides benefits, up to the limits of such
2725	coverage, to a policyholder or other insured entitled to recover
2726	damages for bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death resulting
2727	from a motor vehicle accident with an uninsured or underinsured
2728	owner or operator of a motor vehicle.
2729	(g) If the policyholder's new or renewal motor vehicle
2730	insurance policy is effective before January 1, 2019, and
2731	contains personal injury protection and property damage
2732	liability coverage as required by state law before January 1,
2733	2019, but does not meet minimum security requirements on or
2734	after January 1, 2019, the policy is deemed to meet minimum
2735	security requirements until it is renewed, nonrenewed, or
2736	canceled on or after January 1, 2019.

Page 95 of 103

543534

2737 (h) A policyholder whose new or renewal policy becomes effective before January 1, 2019, but does not meet minimum 2738 security requirements on or after January 1, 2019, may change 2739 2740 coverages under the policy so as to eliminate personal injury 2741 protection and to obtain coverage providing minimum security 2742 requirements, including bodily injury liability coverage, which 2743 are effective on or after January 1, 2019. 2744 (i) If the policyholder has any questions, he or she should 2745 contact the person named at the telephone number provided in the 2746 notice. 2747 (5) This section takes effect upon this act becoming a law. 2748 Section 52. Application of suspensions for failure to 2749 maintain security; reinstatement.-All suspensions for failure to 2750 maintain required security as required by law in effect before 2751 January 1, 2019, remain in full force and effect after January 2752 1, 2019. A driver may reinstate a suspended driver license or 2753 registration as provided under s. 324.0221, Florida Statutes. 2754 Section 53. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this 2755 act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon 2756 this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect January 1, 2757 2019. 2758 2759 2760 And the title is amended as follows: 2761 Delete everything before the enacting clause 2762 and insert: 2763 A bill to be entitled 2764 An act relating to motor vehicle insurance; repealing ss. 627.730, 627.731, 627.7311, 627.732, 627.733, 2765

Page 96 of 103



2766 627.734, 627.736, 627.737, 627.739, 627.7401, 2767 627.7403, and 627.7405, F.S., which comprise the 2768 Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law; repealing s. 2769 627.7407, F.S., relating to application of the Florida 2770 Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law; amending s. 316.646, F.S.; revising a requirement for proof of security on a 2771 2772 motor vehicle and the applicability of the requirement; amending s. 318.18, F.S.; conforming a 2773 2774 provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 2775 320.02, F.S.; revising the motor vehicle insurance 2776 coverages that an applicant must show to register 2777 certain vehicles with the Department of Highway Safety 2778 and Motor Vehicles; deleting a requirement that 2779 specified information be included on a certain 2780 insurance proof-of-purchase card; revising 2781 construction; amending s. 320.0609, F.S.; conforming a 2782 provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 320.27, F.S.; defining the term "garage liability 2783 2784 insurance"; revising garage liability insurance 2785 requirements for motor vehicle dealer applicants; 2786 conforming a provision to changes made by the act; 2787 amending s. 320.771, F.S.; revising garage liability 2788 insurance requirements for recreational vehicle dealer 2789 license applicants; amending ss. 322.251 and 322.34, 2790 F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the 2791 act; amending s. 324.011, F.S.; revising legislative 2792 intent; amending s. 324.021, F.S.; revising 2793 definitions of the terms "motor vehicle" and "proof of financial responsibility"; revising, at specified 2794

Page 97 of 103



2795 timeframes, minimum coverage requirements for proof of 2796 financial responsibility for specified motor vehicles; 2797 defining the term "for-hire passenger transportation 2798 vehicle"; conforming provisions to changes made by the 2799 act; amending s. 324.022, F.S.; revising, at specified 2800 timeframes, minimum liability coverage requirements 2801 for motor vehicle owners and operators; revising 2802 authorized methods for meeting such requirements; 2803 revising the vehicles that are excluded from the 2804 definition of the term "motor vehicle" and providing 2805 security requirements for certain excluded vehicles; 2806 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 2807 conforming cross-references; amending s. 324.0221, 2808 F.S.; revising applicability of certain insurer 2809 reporting and notice requirements as to policies 2810 providing certain coverages; conforming provisions to 2811 changes made by the act; amending s. 324.023, F.S.; 2812 conforming cross-references; amending s. 324.031, 2813 F.S.; revising applicability of a provision 2814 authorizing certain methods of proving financial 2815 responsibility; revising, at specified timeframes, the 2816 amount of a certificate of deposit required for a 2817 specified method of proof of financial responsibility; 2818 revising excess liability coverage requirements for a 2819 person electing to use such method; amending s. 2820 324.032, F.S.; revising financial responsibility 2821 requirements for owners or lessees of for-hire 2822 passenger transportation vehicles and the 2823 applicability of such requirements; revising a



2824 requirement for a motor vehicle liability policy 2825 obtained to comply with such requirements; amending 2826 ss. 324.051, 324.071, 324.091, and 324.151, F.S.; 2827 making technical changes; amending s. 324.161, F.S.; 2828 revising requirements for a certificate of deposit 2829 that is required if a person elects a certain method 2830 of providing financial responsibility; amending s. 2831 324.171, F.S.; revising, at specified timeframes, the 2832 minimum net worth requirements to qualify certain 2833 persons as self-insurers; conforming provisions to 2834 changes made by the act; amending s. 324.251, F.S.; 2835 revising the short title and an effective date; 2836 amending s. 400.9905, F.S.; revising the definition of 2837 the term "clinic"; amending ss. 400.991 and 400.9935, 2838 F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the 2839 act; amending s. 409.901, F.S.; revising the 2840 definition of the term "third-party benefit"; amending 2841 s. 409.910, F.S.; revising the definition of the term 2842 "medical coverage"; making technical changes; amending s. 456.057, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; 2843 2844 amending s. 456.072, F.S.; revising specified grounds 2845 for discipline for certain health professions; 2846 amending s. 626.9541, F.S.; conforming a provision to 2847 changes made by the act; revising the type of 2848 insurance coverage applicable to a certain prohibited 2849 act; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 2850 626.989, F.S.; revising the definition of the term 2851 "fraudulent insurance act"; amending s. 627.06501, F.S.; revising coverages that may provide for a 2852



2853 reduction in motor vehicle insurance policy premium 2854 charges under certain circumstances; amending s. 2855 627.0652, F.S.; revising coverages that must provide a 2856 premium charge reduction under certain circumstances; 2857 amending s. 627.0653, F.S.; revising coverages subject 2858 to premium discounts for specified motor vehicle 2859 equipment; amending s. 627.4132, F.S.; revising the 2860 coverages of a motor vehicle policy which are subject 2861 to a stacking prohibition; amending s. 627.7263, F.S.; 2862 revising provisions relating to designation of primary 2863 coverages for rental and leasing driver's insurance; 2864 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 2865 creating s. 627.7265, F.S.; requiring specified motor 2866 vehicle liability insurance policies to include 2867 medical payments coverage; specifying persons such 2868 coverage must protect; specifying the minimum medical 2869 expense coverage and minimum death benefit required 2870 under such coverage; providing construction relating 2871 to limits on certain other coverages; prohibiting 2872 insurers from offering such coverage to an applicant 2873 or policyholder with a deductible; specifying medical 2874 services and care required under such coverage; 2875 authorizing insurers to exclude medical payment 2876 benefits under certain circumstances; providing that 2877 medical payments benefits are primary to certain 2878 health insurance benefits and apply to the coinsurance 2879 or deductible amounts required by certain health 2880 insurance policies, except under certain 2881 circumstances; providing that a medical payments

Page 100 of 103



2882 insurance policy, under certain circumstances, may 2883 include a subrogation provision for medical payments 2884 benefits paid; requiring insurers, upon receiving a 2885 certain notice, to hold a specified reserve for 2886 certain purposes for a specified time; providing that 2887 the reserve requirement does not require insurers to 2888 establish a claim reserve for accounting purposes; 2889 specifying requirements, procedures, limitations, and 2890 prohibitions relating to charges and billing for care 2891 of bodily injuries under medical payments coverage; 2892 defining the term "service year"; requiring the 2893 Department of Health to adopt a certain rule; 2894 providing insurers a civil cause of action against 2895 certain persons who are convicted of or plead quilty 2896 or nolo contendre to certain acts of insurance fraud 2897 associated with claims for medical payments coverage 2898 benefits; requiring insurers receiving notice of a 2899 claim to provide a specified fraud advisory notice to 2900 certain persons; providing that claims generated as a 2901 result of certain patient brokering activities are 2902 nonreimbursable; authorizing notices, documentation, 2903 transmissions, or communications to be transferred 2904 electronically in a secure manner; amending s. 2905 627.727, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made 2906 by the act; amending s. 627.7275, F.S.; revising 2907 applicability and required coverages for a motor 2908 vehicle insurance policy; conforming provisions to 2909 changes made by the act; amending s. 627.728, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; 2910

Page 101 of 103



2911 amending s. 627.7295, F.S.; revising the definitions 2912 of the terms "policy" and "binder"; revising the 2913 coverages of a motor vehicle insurance policy for 2914 which a licensed general lines agent may charge a 2915 specified fee; revising applicability; conforming a 2916 cross-reference; amending s. 627.7415, F.S.; revising, 2917 at specified intervals, the minimum levels of certain 2918 liability insurance required for commercial motor 2919 vehicles; amending s. 627.8405, F.S.; revising 2920 coverages in a policy sold in combination with an 2921 accidental death and dismemberment policy, which a 2922 premium finance company may not finance; revising 2923 rulemaking authority of the commission; amending ss. 2924 627.915, 628.909, 705.184, and 713.78, F.S.; 2925 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 2926 amending s. 817.234, F.S.; revising coverages that are 2927 the basis of specified prohibited false and fraudulent 2928 insurance claims; conforming a provision to changes 2929 made by the act; conforming a cross-reference; 2930 providing applicability and construction relating to 2931 changes made by the act; defining the term "minimum security requirements"; providing requirements and 2932 2933 procedures relating to motor vehicle insurance 2934 policies that include personal injury protection as of 2935 a specified date; requiring an insurer to provide, by 2936 a specified date, a specified notice to policyholders 2937 relating to requirements under the act; providing for 2938 construction relating to suspensions for failure to maintain required security in effect before a 2939



2940

specified date; providing effective dates.