House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 02/13/2018

The Committee on Community Affairs (Rouson) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Subsections (1), (2), (5), and (6) of section

197.502, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

197.502 Application for obtaining tax deed by holder of tax sale certificate; fees.-

(1) The holder of a tax certificate at any time after 2 years have elapsed since April 1 of the year of issuance of the

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11 tax certificate and before the cancellation of the certificate, 12 may file the certificate and an application for a tax deed with 13 the tax collector of the county where the property described in 14 the certificate is located. The tax collector may charge a tax deed application fee of \$75 and for reimbursement of the costs 15 for providing online tax deed application services. If the tax 16 17 collector charges a combined fee in excess of \$75, applicants 18 may use shall have the option of using the online electronic tax 19 deed application process or may file applications without using 20 such service.

21 (2) A certificateholder, other than the county, who applies 22 makes application for a tax deed shall pay the tax collector at 23 the time of application all amounts required for redemption or 24 purchase of all other outstanding tax certificates, plus 25 interest, any omitted taxes, plus interest, any delinquent 26 taxes, plus interest, and current taxes, if due, covering the 27 property. In addition, the certificateholder shall pay the costs 28 required to bring the property to sale as provided in ss. 197.532 and 197.542, including property information searches and 29 30 mailing costs, as well as the costs of resale, if applicable. If 31 the certificateholder fails to pay the costs to bring the 32 property to sale within 30 days after notice from the clerk, the 33 tax collector must cancel the tax deed application. All taxes 34 and costs associated with a canceled tax deed application shall 35 earn interest at the bid rate of the certificate on which the 36 tax deed application was based., and Failure to pay the such 37 costs of resale, if applicable, within 30 days after notice from 38 the clerk shall result in the clerk's entering the land on a 39 list entitled "lands available for taxes."

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40 (5) (a) For purposes of determining who must be noticed and 41 provided the information required in subsection (4), the tax 42 collector must may contract with a title company or an abstract 43 company to provide a property information report as defined in s. 627.7843(1) the minimum information required in subsection 44 45 (4), consistent with rules adopted by the department. If 46 additional information is required, the tax collector must make 47 a written request to the title or abstract company stating the 48 additional requirements. The tax collector may select any title 49 or abstract company, regardless of its location, as long as the fee is reasonable, the required minimum information is 50 51 submitted, and the title or abstract company is authorized to do 52 business in this state. The tax collector may advertise and 53 accept bids for the title or abstract company if he or she 54 considers it appropriate to do so. 55

1. The property information report must include the letterhead of the person, firm, or company that makes the search, and the signature of the individual who makes the search or of an officer of the firm. The tax collector is not liable for payment to the firm unless these requirements are met. The report may be submitted to the tax collector in an electronic format.

62 2. The tax collector may not accept or pay for <u>a property</u> 63 <u>information report</u> any title search or abstract if financial 64 responsibility is not assumed for the search. However, 65 reasonable restrictions as to the liability or responsibility of 66 the title or abstract company are acceptable. Notwithstanding s. 67 627.7843(3), the tax collector may contract for higher maximum 68 liability limits.

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69 3. In order to establish uniform prices for property 70 information reports within the county, the tax collector must ensure that the contract for property information reports 71 72 includes include all requests for property information reports 73 title searches or abstracts for a given period of time. 74 (b) Any fee paid for initial property information reports and any updates for a title search or abstract must be collected 75 76 at the time of application under subsection (1), and the amount 77 of the fee must be added to the opening bid. 78 (c) Upon receiving the tax deed application from the tax 79 collector, the clerk shall record a notice of tax deed 80 application in the official records, which constitutes notice of 81 the pendency of a tax deed application with respect to the 82 property and which remains effective for 1 year from the date of 83 recording. A person acquiring an interest in the property after 84 the tax deed application notice has been recorded is deemed to 85 be on notice of the pending tax deed sale and no additional 86 notice is required. The sale of the property automatically 87 releases any recorded notice of tax deed application for that 88 property. If the property is redeemed, the clerk must record a 89 release of the notice of tax deed application upon payment of 90 the fees as authorized in s. 28.24(8) and (12). The contents of 91 the notice must be the same as the contents of the notice of publication required by s. 197.512. The cost of recording must 92 93 be collected at the time of application under subsection (1) and 94 added to the opening bid. 95 (d) The clerk must shall advertise and administer the sale 96

96 <u>as set forth in s. 197.512</u>, administer the sale as set forth in 97 <u>s. 197.542</u>, and receive such fees for the issuance of the deed

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98 and sale of the property as provided in s. 28.24. 99 (e) A notice of the application of the tax deed in accordance with ss. 197.512 and 197.522 which is sent to the 100 101 addresses shown on the statement described in subsection (4) is 102 conclusively deemed sufficient to provide adequate notice of the 103 tax deed application and the sale at public auction. 104 (6) The opening bid: 105 (a) On county-held certificates on nonhomestead property 106 shall be the sum of the value of all outstanding certificates 107 against the property, plus omitted years' taxes, delinguent 108 taxes, current taxes, if due, interest, and all costs and fees 109 paid by the county. 110 (b) On an individual certificate must include, in addition 111 to the amount of money paid to the tax collector by the 112 certificateholder at the time of application, the amount required to redeem the applicant's tax certificate and all other 113 114 costs, and fees paid by the applicant, and any additional fees 115 or costs incurred by the clerk, plus all tax certificates that 116 were sold subsequent to the filing of the tax deed application, 117 current taxes, if due, and omitted taxes, if any. 118 (c) On property assessed on the latest tax roll as 119 homestead property shall include, in addition to the amount of 120 money required for an opening bid on nonhomestead property, an 121 amount equal to one-half of the latest assessed value of the

Section 2. Present subsection (3) of section 197.522, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (4), and a new subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

197.522 Notice to owner when application for tax deed is

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homestead.

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127 made.-(3) When sending or serving a notice under this section, 128 129 the clerk of the circuit court may rely on the addresses 130 provided by the tax collector based on the certified tax roll 131 and property information reports. The clerk of the circuit court 132 has no duty to seek further information as to the validity of 133 such addresses because property owners are presumed to know that 134 taxes are due and payable annually under s. 197.122. 135 Section 3. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 197.582, 136 Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (4) through (9) 137 are added to that section, to read: 138 197.582 Disbursement of proceeds of sale.-139 (2) (a) If the property is purchased for an amount in excess 140 of the statutory bid of the certificateholder, the surplus 141 excess must be paid over and disbursed by the clerk as set forth in subsections (3), (5), and (6). If the opening bid included 142 the homestead assessment pursuant to s. 197.502(6)(c) - If the 143 144 property purchased is homestead property and the statutory bid includes an amount equal to at least one-half of the assessed 145 146 value of the homestead, that amount must be treated as surplus 147 excess and distributed in the same manner. The clerk shall distribute the surplus excess to the governmental units for the 148 149 payment of any lien of record held by a governmental unit 150 against the property, including any tax certificates not 151 incorporated in the tax deed application and omitted taxes, if 152 any. If the excess is not sufficient to pay all of such liens in 153 full, the excess shall be paid to each governmental unit pro rata. If, after all liens of governmental units are paid in 154 155 full, there remains a balance of undistributed funds, the

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156 balance must shall be retained by the clerk for the benefit of 157 persons described in s. 197.522(1)(a), except those persons 158 described in s. 197.502(4)(h), as their interests may appear. 159 The clerk shall mail notices to such persons notifying them of 160 the funds held for their benefit at the addresses provided in s. 161 197.502(4). Such notice constitutes compliance with the requirements of s. 717.117(4). Any service charges, at the rate 162 163 prescribed in s. 28.24(10), and costs of mailing notices shall 164 be paid out of the excess balance held by the clerk. Notice must 165 be provided in substantially the following form: 166 167 NOTICE OF SURPLUS FUNDS FROM TAX DEED SALE 168 CLERK OF COURT 169 .... COUNTY, FLORIDA 170 Tax Deed #:.... 171 172 Certificate #:.... 173 Property Description:.... Pursuant to chapter 197, Florida Statutes, the above 174 175 property was sold at public sale on ... (date of sale) ..., and a 176 surplus of \$... (amount)... (subject to change) will be held by 177 this office for 120 days beginning on the date of this notice to 178 benefit the persons having an interest in this property as 179 described in section 197.502(4), Florida Statutes, as their 180 interests may appear (except for those persons described in section 197.502(4)(h), Florida Statutes). 181 To the extent possible, these funds will be used to satisfy 182 183 in full each claimant with a senior mortgage or lien in the property before distribution of any funds to any junior mortgage 184

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185	or lien claimant or to the former property owner. To be
186	considered for funds when they are distributed, you must file a
187	notarized statement of claim with this office within 120 days of
188	this notice. If you are a lienholder, your claim must include
189	the particulars of your lien and the amounts currently due. Any
190	lienholder claim that is not filed within the 120-day deadline
191	is barred.
192	A copy of this notice must be attached to your statement of
193	claim. After the office examines the filed claim statements, it
194	will notify you if you are entitled to any payment.
195	Dated:
196	<u>Clerk of Court</u>
197	
198	(b) The mailed notice must include a form for making a
199	claim under subsection (3). Service charges at the rate set
200	forth in s. 28.24(10) and the costs of mailing must be paid out
201	of the surplus funds held by the clerk. If the clerk or
202	comptroller certifies that the surplus funds are not sufficient
203	to cover the service charges and mailing costs, the clerk shall
204	receive the total amount of surplus funds as a service charge.
205	Excess proceeds shall be held and disbursed in the same manner
206	as unclaimed redemption moneys in s. 197.473. For purposes of
207	identifying unclaimed property pursuant to s. 717.113, excess
208	proceeds shall be presumed payable or distributable on the date
209	the notice is sent. <del>If excess proceeds are not sufficient to</del>
210	cover the service charges and mailing costs, the clerk shall
211	receive the total amount of excess proceeds as a service charge.
212	(3) A person receiving the notice under subsection (2) has
213	120 days from the date of the notice to file a written claim
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214	with the clerk for the surplus proceeds. A claim in
215	substantially the following form is deemed sufficient:
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217	CLAIM TO RECEIVE SURPLUS PROCEEDS OF A TAX DEED SALE
218	Complete and return to:
219	By mail:
220	By e-mail:
221	Note: The Clerk of the Court must pay all valid liens
222	before distributing surplus funds to a titleholder.
223	Claimant's name:
224	Contact name, if applicable:
225	Address:
226	Telephone Number: E-mail Address:
227	<u>Tax No.:</u>
228	Date of sale (if known):
229	I am not making a claim and waive any claim I might have to
230	the surplus funds on this tax deed sale.
231	I claim surplus proceeds resulting from the above tax deed
232	sale.
233	I am a (check one)Lienholder;Titleholder.
234	(1) LIENHOLDER INFORMATION (Complete if claim is based on a
235	lien against the sold property).
236	(a) Type of Lien:Mortgage;Court Judgment;
237	Other
238	Describe in detail:
239	If your lien is recorded in the county's official records,
240	list the following, if known:
241	Recording date:; Instrument #:; Book #:; Page
242	<u>#:</u>

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243	(b) Original amount of lien: \$
244	(c) Amounts due: \$
245	1. Principal remaining due: \$
246	2. Interest due: \$
247	3. Fees and costs due, including late fees: \$ (describe
248	costs in detail, include additional sheet if needed);
249	4. Attorney fees: \$(provide amount claimed): \$
250	(2) TITLEHOLDER INFORMATION (Complete if claim is based on
251	title formerly held on sold property.)
252	(a) Nature of title (check one):Deed;Court
253	Judgment;Other (describe in detail):
254	(b) If your former title is recorded in the county's
255	official records, list the following, if known: Recording
256	<pre>date:; Instrument#:; Book #:; Page #:</pre>
257	(c) Amount of surplus tax deed sale proceeds claimed: \$
258	(d) Does the titleholder claim the subject property was
259	homestead property?YesNo.
260	(3) I hereby swear or affirm that all of the above
261	information is true and correct.
262	Date:
263	Signature:
264	STATE OF FLORIDA
265	COUNTY.
266	Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on(date)
267	by (name of affiant)
268	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
269	(Print, Type, or Stamp Commissioned Name of Notary)
270	Personally known, or
271	Produced identification;

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272	Identification Produced:
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274	(4) A claim may be:
275	(a) Mailed using the United States Postal Service. The
276	filing date is the postmark on the mailed claim;
277	(b) Delivered using either a commercial delivery service or
278	in person. The filing date is the day of delivery; or
279	(c) Sent by fax or e-mail, as authorized by the clerk. The
280	filing date is the date the clerk receives the fax or e-mail.
281	(5) Except for claims by a property owner, claims that are
282	not filed on or before close of business on the 120th day after
283	the date of the mailed notice as required by s. 197.582(2) are
284	barred. A person, other than the property owner, who fails to
285	file a proper and timely claim is barred from receiving any
286	disbursement of the surplus funds. The failure of any person
287	described in s. 197.502(4), other than the property owner, to
288	file a claim for surplus funds within the 120 days constitutes a
289	waiver of interest in the surplus funds and all claims thereto
290	are forever barred.
291	(6) Within 90 days after the claim period expires, the
292	clerk may either file an interpleader action in circuit court to
293	determine the proper disbursement or pay the surplus funds
294	according to the clerk's determination of the priority of claims
295	using the information provided by the claimants under subsection
296	(3). The clerk may move the court to award reasonable fees and
297	costs from the interpleaded funds. An action to require payment
298	of surplus funds is not ripe until the claim and review periods
299	expire. The failure of a person described in s. 197.502(4),
300	other than the property owner, to file a claim for surplus funds

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301 within the 120 days constitutes a waiver of all interest in the 302 surplus funds and all claims for them are forever barred.

(7) A holder of a recorded governmental lien, other than a federal government lien or ad valorem tax lien, must file a request for disbursement of surplus funds within 120 days after the mailing of the notice of surplus funds. The clerk or comptroller must disburse payments to each governmental unit to pay any lien of record held by a governmental unit against the property, including any tax certificate not incorporated in the tax deed application and any omitted taxes, before disbursing the surplus funds to nongovernmental claimants.

(8) The tax deed recipient may directly pay off all liens to governmental units that could otherwise have been requested from surplus funds, and, upon filing a timely claim under subsection (3) with proof of payment, the tax deed recipient may receive the same amount of funds from the surplus funds for all amounts paid to each governmental unit in the same priority as the original lienholder.

(9) If the clerk does not receive claims for surplus funds within the 120-day claim period, as required in subsection (5), there is a conclusive presumption that the legal titleholder of record described in s. 197.502(4)(a) is entitled to the surplus funds. The clerk must process the surplus funds in the manner provided in chapter 717, regardless of whether the legal titleholder is a resident of the state or not.

326 (3) If unresolved claims against the property exist on the 327 date the property is purchased, the clerk shall ensure that the 328 excess funds are paid according to the priorities of the claims. 329 If a lien appears to be entitled to priority and the lienholder



330	has not made a claim against the excess funds, payment may not
331	be made on any lien that is junior in priority. If potentially
332	conflicting claims to the funds exist, the clerk may initiate an
333	interpleader action against the lienholders involved, and the
334	court shall determine the proper distribution of the
335	interpleaded funds. The clerk may move the court for an award of
336	reasonable fees and costs from the interpleaded funds.
337	Section 4. This act applies to tax deed applications filed
338	on or after October 1, 2018, with the tax collector pursuant to
339	s. 197.502, Florida Statutes.
340	Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.
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343	And the title is amended as follows:
344	Delete everything before the enacting clause
345	and insert:
346	A bill to be entitled
347	An act relating to tax deed sales; amending s.
348	197.502, F.S.; requiring a tax certificateholder to
349	pay specified costs required to bring the property on
350	which taxes are delinquent to sale; requiring the tax
351	collector to cancel a tax deed application if certain
352	costs are not paid within a specified period for
353	certain purposes; revising procedures for applying
354	for, recording, and releasing tax deed applications;
355	revising provisions to require property information
356	reports for certain purposes; prohibiting a tax
357	collector from accepting or paying for a property
358	information report under certain circumstances;

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359 amending s. 197.522, F.S.; authorizing a clerk to rely 360 on addresses provided by the tax collector for 361 specified purposes; amending s. 197.582, F.S.; 362 revising procedures for the disbursement of surplus 363 funds by clerks; providing forms for use in noticing 364 and claiming surplus funds; specifying methods for 365 delivering claims to the clerk's office; providing 366 deadlines for filing claims; providing procedures to 367 be used by clerks in determining disbursement of 368 surplus funds; authorizing a tax deed recipient to pay 369 specified liens; specifying procedures to be used by 370 the tax clerk if surplus funds are not claimed; 371 providing applicability; providing an effective date.