By the Committee on Banking and Insurance; and Senator Broxson

	597-02621-18 20181880c1
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to public records; creating s.
3	627.352, F.S.; providing an exemption from public
4	records requirements for certain records held by the
5	Citizens Property Insurance Corporation which identify
6	detection, investigation, or response practices for
7	suspected or confirmed information technology security
8	incidents; creating an exemption from public records
9	requirements for certain portions of risk assessments,
10	evaluations, audits, and other reports of the
11	corporation's information technology security program;
12	creating an exemption from public meetings
13	requirements for portions of public meetings which
14	would reveal such data and information; providing an
15	exemption from public records requirements for a
16	specified period for the recording and transcript of a
17	closed meeting; authorizing disclosure of confidential
18	and exempt information to certain agencies and
19	officers; providing for future legislative review and
20	repeal; providing a statement of public necessity;
21	providing retroactive application; providing an
22	effective date.
23	
24	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
25	
26	Section 1. Section 627.352, Florida Statutes, is created to
27	read:
28	627.352 Security of data and information technology in
29	<u>Citizens Property Insurance Corporation</u>

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597-02621-18 20181880c1 30 (1) The following data and information from technology 31 systems owned by, under contract with, or maintained by Citizens 32 Property Insurance Corporation are confidential and exempt from 33 s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution: 34 (a) Records held by the corporation which identify 35 detection, investigation, or response practices for suspected or 36 confirmed information technology security incidents, including 37 suspected or confirmed breaches, if the disclosure of such 38 records would facilitate unauthorized access to or unauthorized 39 modification, disclosure, or destruction of: 40 1. Data or information, whether physical or virtual; or 41 2. Information technology resources, including: 42 a. Information relating to the security of the 43 corporation's technologies, processes, and practices designed to protect networks, computers, data processing software, and data 44 45 from attack, damage, or unauthorized access; or 46 b. Security information, whether physical or virtual, which 47 relates to the corporation's existing or proposed information 48 technology systems. 49 (b) Those portions of risk assessments, evaluations, 50 audits, and other reports of the corporation's information 51 technology security program for its data, information, and 52 information technology resources which are held by the 53 corporation, if the disclosure of such records would facilitate unauthorized access to or the unauthorized modification, 54 55 disclosure, or destruction of: 1. Data or information, whether physical or virtual; or 56 57 2. Information technology resources, which include: 58 a. Information relating to the security of the

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597-02621-18 20181880c1 59 corporation's technologies, processes, and practices designed to 60 protect networks, computers, data processing software, and data from attack, damage, or unauthorized access; or 61 62 b. Security information, whether physical or virtual, which 63 relates to the corporation's existing or proposed information 64 technology systems. 65 (2) Those portions of a public meeting as specified in s. 66 286.011 which would reveal data and information described in 67 subsection (1) are exempt from s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution. No exempt portion of an exempt 68 69 meeting may be off the record. All exempt portions of such a 70 meeting must be recorded and transcribed. The recording and transcript of the meeting must remain confidential and exempt 71 from disclosure under s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the 72 73 State Constitution unless a court of competent jurisdiction, 74 following an in camera review, determines that the meeting was 75 not restricted to the discussion of data and information made 76 confidential and exempt by this section. In the event of such a 77 judicial determination, only that portion of the transcript 78 which reveals nonexempt data and information may be disclosed to 79 a third party. 80 (3) The records and portions of public meeting recordings and transcripts described in subsection (2) must be available to 81 the Auditor General, the Cybercrime Office of the Department of 82 83 Law Enforcement, and the Office of Insurance Regulation. Such 84 records and portions of meetings, recordings, and transcripts 85 may be made available to a state or federal agency for security 86 purposes or in furtherance of the agency's official duties. 87 (4) The exemptions listed in this section apply to such

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88	records or portions of public meetings, recordings, and
89	transcripts held by the corporation before, on, or after July 1,
90	2018.
91	(5) This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset
92	Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed
93	on October 2, 2023, unless reviewed and saved from repeal
94	through reenactment by the Legislature.
95	Section 2. (1)(a) The Legislature finds that it is a public
96	necessity that the following data or information from technology
97	systems owned, under contract, or maintained by the corporation
98	be confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes,
99	and s. 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution:
100	1. Records held by the corporation which identify
101	detection, investigation, or response practices for suspected or
102	confirmed information technology security incidents, including
103	suspected or confirmed breaches, if the disclosure of such
104	records would facilitate unauthorized access to or unauthorized
105	modification, disclosure, or destruction of:
106	a. Data or information, whether physical or virtual; or
107	b. Information technology resources, which include:
108	(I) Information relating to the security of the
109	corporation's technologies, processes, and practices designed to
110	protect networks, computers, data processing software, and data
111	from attack, damage, or unauthorized access; or
112	(II) Security information, whether physical or virtual,
113	which relates to the corporation's existing or proposed
114	information technology systems.
115	2. Those portions of risk assessments, evaluations, audits,
116	and other reports of the corporation's information technology

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597-02621-18 20181880c1 117 security program for its data, information, and information 118 technology resources which are held by the corporation, if the 119 disclosure of such records would facilitate unauthorized access 120 to or the unauthorized modification, disclosure, or destruction 121 of: 122 a. Data or information, whether physical or virtual; or 123 b. Information technology resources, which include: 124 (I) Information relating to the security of the 125 corporation's technologies, processes, and practices designed to protect networks, computers, data processing software, and data 126 127 from attack , damage, or unauthorized access; or 128 (II) Security information, whether physical or virtual, 129 which relates to the corporation's existing or proposed 130 information technology systems. 131 (b) The Legislature also finds that those portions of a 132 public meeting as specified in s. 286.011, Florida Statutes, 133 which would reveal data and information described in subsection (1) are exempt from s. 286.011, Florida Statutes, and s. 24(b), 134 Article I of the State Constitution. The recording and 135 136 transcript of the meeting must remain confidential and exempt 137 from disclosure under s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 138 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution unless a court of 139 competent jurisdiction, following an in camera review, 140 determines that the meeting was not restricted to the discussion of data and information made confidential and exempt by this 141 section. In the event of such a judicial determination, only 142 143 that portion of the transcript which reveals nonexempt data and 144 information may be disclosed to a third party. 145 (c) The Legislature further finds that it is a public

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146	necessity that records held by the corporation which identify
147	detection, investigation, or response practices for suspected or
148	confirmed information technology security incidents, including
149	suspected or confirmed breaches, be made confidential and exempt
150	from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of
151	the State Constitution if the disclosure of such records would
152	facilitate unauthorized access to or the unauthorized
153	modification, disclosure, or destruction of:
154	1. Data or information, whether physical or virtual; or
155	2. Information technology resources, which include:
156	a. Information relating to the security of the
157	corporation's technologies, processes, and practices designed to
158	protect networks, computers, data processing software, and data
159	from attack, damage, or unauthorized access; or
160	b. Security information, whether physical or virtual, which
161	relates to the corporation's existing or proposed information
162	technology systems.
163	(d) Such records must be made confidential and exempt for
164	the following reasons:
165	1. Records held by the corporation which identify
166	information technology detection, investigation, or response
167	practices for suspected or confirmed information technology
168	security incidents or breaches are likely to be used in the
169	investigations of the incidents or breaches. The release of such
170	information could impede the investigation and impair the
171	ability of reviewing entities to effectively and efficiently
172	execute their investigative duties. In addition, the release of
173	such information before an active investigation is completed
174	could jeopardize the ongoing investigation.

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597-02621-18 20181880c1 175 2. An investigation of an information technology security 176 incident or breach is likely to result in the gathering of 177 sensitive personal information, including identification numbers 178 and personal financial and health information. Such information 179 could be used to commit identity theft or other crimes. In 180 addition, release of such information could subject possible 181 victims of the security incident or breach to further harm. 3. Disclosure of a record, including a computer forensic 182 183 analysis, or other information that would reveal weaknesses in 184 the corporation's data security could compromise that security in the future if such information were available upon conclusion 185 186 of an investigation or once an investigation ceased to be 187 active. 188 4. Such records are likely to contain proprietary 189 information about the security of the system at issue. The 190 disclosure of such information could result in the 191 identification of vulnerabilities and further breaches of that system. In addition, the release of such information could give 192 193 business competitors an unfair advantage and weaken the security 194 technology supplier supplying the proprietary information in the 195 marketplace. 196 5. The disclosure of such records could potentially 197 compromise the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of 198 the corporation's data and information technology resources. It 199 is a public necessity that this information be made confidential 200 in order to protect the technology systems, resources, and data 201 of the corporation. The Legislature further finds that this 202 public records exemption be given retroactive application 203 because it is remedial in nature.

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204	(2)(a) The Legislature also finds that it is a public
205	necessity that portions of risk assessments, evaluations,
206	audits, and other reports of the corporation's information
207	technology security program for its data, information, and
208	information technology resources which are held by the
209	corporation be made confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1),
210	Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of the State
211	Constitution if the disclosure of such portions of records would
212	facilitate unauthorized access to or the unauthorized
213	modification, disclosure, or destruction of:
214	1. Data or information, whether physical or virtual; or
215	2. Information technology resources, which include:
216	a. Information relating to the security of the
217	corporation's technologies, processes, and practices designed to
218	protect networks, computers, data processing software, and data
219	from attack, damage, or unauthorized access; or
220	b. Security information, whether physical or virtual, which
221	relates to the corporation's existing or proposed information
222	technology systems.
223	(b) The Legislature finds that it is valuable, prudent, and
224	critical to the corporation to have an independent entity
225	conduct a risk assessment, an audit, or an evaluation or
226	complete a report of the corporation's information technology
227	program or related systems. Such documents would likely include
228	an analysis of the corporation's current information technology
229	program or systems which could clearly identify vulnerabilities
230	or gaps in current systems or processes and propose
231	recommendations to remedy identified vulnerabilities.
232	(3)(a) The Legislature further finds that it is a public

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233	necessity that those portions of a public meeting which could
234	reveal information described in this section be made exempt from
235	s. 286.011, Florida Statutes, and s. 24(b), Article I of the
236	State Constitution. It is a public necessity that such meetings
237	be made exempt from the open meetings requirements in order to
238	protect the corporation's information technology systems,
239	resources, and data. The information disclosed during portions
240	of meetings would clearly identify the corporation's information
241	technology systems and its vulnerabilities. This disclosure
242	would jeopardize the information technology security of the
243	corporation and compromise the integrity and availability of the
244	corporation's data and information technology resources.
245	(b) The Legislature further finds that it is a public
246	necessity that the recording and transcript of those portions of
247	meetings specified in paragraph (a) be made confidential and
248	exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a),
249	Article I of the State Constitution unless a court determines
250	that the meeting was not restricted to the discussion of data
251	and information made confidential and exempt by this act. It is
252	a public necessity that the resulting recordings and transcripts
253	be made confidential and exempt from the public records
254	requirements in order to protect the corporation's information
255	technology systems, resources, and data. The disclosure of such
256	recordings and transcripts would clearly identify the
257	corporation's information technology systems and its
258	vulnerabilities. This disclosure would jeopardize the
259	information technology security of the corporation and
260	compromise the integrity and availability of the corporation's
261	data and information technology resources.

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262	(c) The Legislature further finds that this public meeting
263	and public records exemption must be given retroactive
264	application because it is remedial in nature.
265	Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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