Representative Boyd offered the following:

Amendment to Amendment (872398) (with title amendment)
Remove lines 2264-2641 of the amendment and insert:

(b) An employee of the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, the United States Department of Defense, or the Indian Health Service who provides health care services pursuant to such employment and who has the authority to prescribe or dispense controlled substances shall have access to the information in the program's system upon verification of employment.

(c) The program manager or designated program and support staff to administer the system.
1. In order to calculate performance measures pursuant to subsection (14), the program manager or program and support staff members who have been directed by the program manager to calculate performance measures may have direct access to information that contains no identifying information of any patient, physician, health care practitioner, prescriber, or dispenser.

2. The program manager or designated program and support staff must provide the department, upon request, data that does not contain patient, physician, health care practitioner, prescriber, or dispenser identifying information for public health care and safety initiatives purposes.

3. The program manager, upon determining a pattern consistent with the department's rules established under subsection (16), may provide relevant information to the prescriber and dispenser.

4. The program manager, upon determining a pattern consistent with the rules established under subsection (16) and having cause to believe a violation of s. 893.13(7)(a)8., (8)(a), or (8)(b) has occurred, may provide relevant information to the applicable law enforcement agency.

The program manager and designated program and support staff must complete a level II background screening.
(5) The following entities may not directly access information in the system, but may request information from the program manager or designated program and support staff:

(a) The department and its health care regulatory boards, as appropriate, for investigations involving licensees authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances.

(b) The Attorney General for Medicaid fraud cases involving prescribed controlled substances.

(c) A law enforcement agency during active investigations of potential criminal activity, fraud, or theft regarding prescribed controlled substances.

(d) A medical examiner when conducting an authorized investigation under s. 406.11, to determine the cause of death of an individual.

(e) An impaired practitioner consultant who is retained by the department under s. 456.076 to review the system information of an impaired practitioner program participant or a referral who has agreed to be evaluated or monitored through the program and who has separately agreed in writing to the consultant's access to and review of such information.

(f) A patient or the legal guardian or designated health care surrogate of an incapacitated patient who submits a written and notarized request that includes the patient's full name, address, phone number, date of birth, and a copy of a government-issued photo identification.
(6) The department may enter into one or more reciprocal agreements or contracts to share prescription drug monitoring information with other states, districts, or territories if the prescription drug monitoring programs of such other states, districts, or territories are compatible with the Florida program.

(a) In determining compatibility, the department shall consider:

1. The safeguards for privacy of patient records and the success of the program in protecting patient privacy.

2. The persons authorized to view the data collected by the program. Comparable entities and licensed health care practitioners in other states, districts, or territories of the United States, law enforcement agencies, the Attorney General's Medicaid Fraud Control Unit, medical regulatory boards, and, as needed, management staff that have similar duties as management staff who work with the prescription drug monitoring program as authorized in s. 893.0551 are authorized access upon approval by the department.

3. The schedules of the controlled substances that are monitored by the program.

4. The data reported to or included in the program's system.

5. Any implementing criteria deemed essential for a thorough comparison.
6. The costs and benefits to the state of sharing prescription information.
(b) The department shall assess the prescription drug monitoring program's continued compatibility with other states', districts', or territories' programs every 4 years.
(c) Any agreements or contracts for sharing of prescription drug monitoring information between the department and other states, districts, or territories shall contain the same restrictions and requirements as this section or s. 893.0551, and the information must be provided according to the department's determination of compatibility.
(7) The department may enter into agreements or contracts to establish secure connections between the system and a prescribing or dispensing health care practitioner's electronic health recordkeeping system. The electronic health recordkeeping system owner or license holder will be responsible for ensuring that only authorized individuals have access to prescription drug monitoring program information.
(8) A prescriber or dispenser or a designee of a prescriber or dispenser must consult the system to review a patient's controlled substance dispensing history before prescribing or dispensing a controlled substance for a patient age 16 or older. This requirement does not apply when prescribing or dispensing a nonopioid controlled substance listed in Schedule V of s. 893.03 or 21 U.S.C. 812. For purposes
of this subsection, a "nonopioid controlled substance" is a controlled substance that does not contain any amount of a substance listed as an opioid in s. 893.03 or 21 U.S.C. 812.

(a) The duty to consult the system does not apply when the system:

1. Is determined by the department to be nonoperational;

or

2. Cannot be accessed by the prescriber or dispenser or a designee of the prescriber or dispenser because of a temporary technological or electrical failure.

(b) A prescriber or dispenser or designee of a prescriber or dispenser who does not consult the system under this subsection shall document the reason he or she did not consult the system in the patient's medical record or prescription record and shall not prescribe or dispense greater than a 3-day supply of a controlled substance to the patient.

(c) The department shall issue a nondisciplinary citation to any prescriber or dispenser who fails to consult the system as required by this subsection for an initial offense. Each subsequent offense is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to s. 456.073.

(9) A person who willfully and knowingly fails to report the dispensing of a controlled substance as required by this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
(10) Information in the prescription drug monitoring program's system may be released only as provided in this section and s. 893.0551. The content of the system is intended to be informational only. Information in the system is not subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in any civil or administrative action against a prescriber, dispenser, pharmacy, or patient arising out of matters that are the subject of information in the system. The program manager and authorized persons who participate in preparing, reviewing, issuing, or any other activity related to management of the system may not be permitted or required to testify in any such civil or administrative action as to any findings, recommendations, evaluations, opinions, or other actions taken in connection with management of the system.

(11) A prescriber or dispenser, or his or her designee, may have access to the information under this section which relates to a patient of that prescriber or dispenser as needed for the purpose of reviewing the patient's controlled drug prescription history. A prescriber or dispenser acting in good faith is immune from any civil, criminal, or administrative liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed for receiving or using information from the prescription drug monitoring program. This subsection does not create a private cause of action, and a person may not recover damages against a prescriber or dispenser authorized to access information under
this subsection for accessing or failing to access such
information.

(12)(a) All costs incurred by the department in
administering the prescription drug monitoring program shall be
funded through federal grants, private funding applied for or
received by the state, or state funds appropriated in the
General Appropriations Act. The department may not:

1. Commit funds for the monitoring program without
ensuring funding is available; or

2. Use funds provided, directly or indirectly, by
prescription drug manufacturers to implement the program.

(b) The department shall cooperate with the direct-support
organization established under subsection (15) in seeking
federal grant funds, other nonstate grant funds, gifts,
donations, or other private moneys for the department if the
costs of doing so are immaterial. Immaterial costs include, but
are not limited to, the costs of mailing and personnel assigned
to research or apply for a grant. The department may
competitively procure and contract pursuant to s. 287.057 for
any goods and services required by this section.

(13) The department shall conduct or participate in
studies to examine the feasibility of enhancing the prescription
drug monitoring program for the purposes of public health
initiatives and statistical reporting. Such studies shall
respect the privacy of the patient, the prescriber, and the
dispenser. Such studies may be conducted by the department or a contracted vendor in order to:

(a) Improve the quality of health care services and safety by improving prescribing and dispensing practices for controlled substances;

(b) Take advantage of advances in technology;

(c) Reduce duplicative prescriptions and the overprescribing of controlled substances; and

(d) Reduce drug abuse.

(14) The department shall annually report on performance measures to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1. Performance measures may include, but are not limited to, the following outcomes:

(a) Reduction of the rate of inappropriate use of controlled substances through department education and safety efforts.

(b) Reduction of the quantity of controlled substances obtained by individuals attempting to engage in fraud and deceit.

(c) Increased coordination among partners participating in the prescription drug monitoring program.

(d) Involvement of stakeholders in achieving improved patient health care and safety and reduction of controlled substance abuse and controlled substance diversion.
(15) The department may establish a direct-support organization to provide assistance, funding, and promotional support for the activities authorized for the prescription drug monitoring program.

(a) As used in this subsection, the term "direct-support organization" means an organization that is:

1. A Florida corporation not for profit incorporated under chapter 617, exempted from filing fees, and approved by the Department of State.

2. Organized and operated to conduct programs and activities; raise funds; request and receive grants, gifts, and bequests of money; acquire, receive, hold, and invest, in its own name, securities, funds, objects of value, or other property, either real or personal; and make expenditures or provide funding to or for the direct or indirect benefit of the department in the furtherance of the prescription drug monitoring program.

(b) The State Surgeon General shall appoint a board of directors for the direct-support organization.

1. The board of directors shall consist of no fewer than five members who shall serve at the pleasure of the State Surgeon General.

2. The State Surgeon General shall provide guidance to members of the board to ensure that moneys received by the direct-support organization are not received from inappropriate
sources. Inappropriate sources include, but are not limited to, donors, grantors, persons, prescription drug manufacturers, or organizations that may monetarily or substantively benefit from the purchase of goods or services by the department in furtherance of the prescription drug monitoring program.

(c) The direct-support organization shall operate under written contract with the department. The contract must, at a minimum, provide for:

1. Approval of the articles of incorporation and bylaws of the direct-support organization by the department.

2. Submission of an annual budget for the approval of the department.

3. The reversion, without penalty, to the department's grants and donations trust fund for the administration of the prescription drug monitoring program of all moneys and property held in trust by the direct-support organization for the benefit of the prescription drug monitoring program if the direct-support organization ceases to exist or if the contract is terminated.

4. The fiscal year of the direct-support organization, which must begin July 1 of each year and end June 30 of the following year.

5. The disclosure of the material provisions of the contract to donors of gifts, contributions, or bequests, including such disclosure on all promotional and fundraising
publications, and an explanation to such donors of the
distinction between the department and the direct-support
organization.

6. The direct-support organization's collecting,
expending, and providing of funds to the department for the
development, implementation, and operation of the prescription
drug monitoring program as described in this section. The
direct-support organization may collect and expend funds to be
used for the functions of the direct-support organization's
board of directors, as necessary and approved by the department.
In addition, the direct-support organization may collect and
provide funding to the department in furtherance of the
prescription drug monitoring program by:

   a. Establishing and administering the prescription drug
monitoring program's electronic system, including hardware and
software.
   
   b. Conducting studies on the efficiency and effectiveness
of the program to include feasibility studies as described in
subsection (13).
   
   c. Providing funds for future enhancements of the program
within the intent of this section.
   
   d. Providing user training of the prescription drug
monitoring program, including distribution of materials to
promote public awareness and education and conducting workshops
or other meetings for health care practitioners, pharmacists, and others as appropriate.

e. Providing funds for travel expenses.

f. Providing funds for administrative costs, including personnel, audits, facilities, and equipment.

g. Fulfilling all other requirements necessary to implement and operate the program as outlined in this section.

7. Certification by the department that the direct-support organization is complying with the terms of the contract in a manner consistent with and in furtherance of the goals and purposes of the prescription drug monitoring program and in the best interests of the state. Such certification must be made annually and reported in the official minutes of a meeting of the direct-support organization.

(d) The activities of the direct-support organization must be consistent with the goals and mission of the department, as determined by the department, and in the best interests of the state. The direct-support organization must obtain written approval from the department for any activities in support of the prescription drug monitoring program before undertaking those activities.

(e) The direct-support organization shall provide for an independent annual financial audit in accordance with s. 215.981. Copies of the audit shall be provided to the department.
and the Office of Policy and Budget in the Executive Office of
the Governor.

(f) The direct-support organization may not exercise any
power under s. 617.0302(12) or (16).

(g) The direct-support organization is not considered a
lobbying firm within the meaning of s. 11.045.

(h) The department may permit, without charge, appropriate
use of administrative services, property, and facilities of the
department by the direct-support organization, subject to this
section. The use must be directly in keeping with the approved
purposes of the direct-support organization and may not be made
at times or places that would unreasonably interfere with
opportunities for the public to use such facilities for
established purposes. Any moneys received from rentals of
facilities and properties managed by the department may be held
in a separate depository account in the name of the direct-
support organization and subject to the provisions of the letter
of agreement with the department. The letter of agreement must
provide that any funds held in the separate depository account
in the name of the direct-support organization must revert to
the department if the direct-support organization is no longer
approved by the department to operate in the best interests of
the state.

(i) The department may adopt rules under s. 120.54 to
govern the use of administrative services, property, or
facilities of the department or office by the direct-support organization.

(j) The department may not permit the use of any administrative services, property, or facilities of the state by a direct-support organization if that organization does not provide equal membership and employment opportunities to all persons regardless of race, color, religion, gender, age, or national origin.

(k) This subsection is repealed October 1, 2027, unless reviewed and saved from repeal by the Legislature.

(16) The department shall adopt rules necessary to implement this section.

Section 13. Section 893.0551, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

893.0551 Public records exemption for the prescription drug monitoring program.—

(1) For purposes of this section, the terms used in this section have the same meanings as provided in s. 893.055.

(2) The following information of a patient or patient's agent, a health care practitioner, a dispenser, an employee of the practitioner who is acting on behalf of and at the direction of the practitioner, a pharmacist, or a pharmacy that is contained in records held by the department under s. 893.055 is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution:
(a) Name.
(b) Address.
(c) Telephone number.
(d) Insurance plan number.
(e) Government-issued identification number.
(f) Provider number.
(g) Drug Enforcement Administration number.
(h) Any other unique identifying information or number.

3 The department shall disclose such confidential and exempt information to the following persons or entities upon request and after using a verification process to ensure the legitimacy of the request as provided in s. 893.055:

(a) A health care practitioner, or his or her designee, who certifies that the information is necessary to provide medical treatment to a current patient in accordance with ss. 893.04, 893.05, and 893.055.

(b) An employee of the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, the United States Department of Defense, or the Indian Health Service who provides health care services pursuant to such employment and who has the authority to prescribe or dispense controlled substances shall have access to the information in the program's system upon verification of such employment.
TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 3965-3966 of the amendment and insert:

system; providing a system for discipline of specified
persons for failing to meet such requirements; prohibiting a