Amendment No. 1

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Education Committee
Representative Rodrigues offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. This act shall be cited as the "Florida Excellence in Higher Education Act of 2018."

Section 2. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (5) of section 1001.706, Florida Statutes, are amended and paragraph (h) of that section is added to read:

1001.706 Powers and duties of the Board of Governors.—
(5) POWERS AND DUTIES RELATING TO ACCOUNTABILITY.—
(b) The Board of Governors shall develop a strategic plan specifying goals and objectives for the State University System and each constituent university, including each university's
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contribution to overall system goals and objectives. The strategic plan must:

1. Include performance metrics and standards common for all institutions and metrics and standards unique to institutions depending on institutional core missions, including, but not limited to, student admission requirements, retention, graduation, percentage of graduates who have attained employment, percentage of graduates enrolled in continued education, licensure passage, average wages of employed graduates, average cost per graduate, excess hours, student loan burden and default rates, faculty awards, total annual research expenditures, patents, licenses and royalties, intellectual property, startup companies, annual giving, endowments, and well-known, highly respected national rankings for institutional and program achievements.

2. Consider reports and recommendations of the Higher Education Coordinating Council pursuant to s. 1004.015 and the Articulation Coordinating Committee pursuant to s. 1007.01.

3. Include student enrollment and performance data delineated by method of instruction, including, but not limited to, traditional, online, and distance learning instruction.

4. Include criteria for designating baccalaureate degree and master's degree programs at specified universities as high-demand programs of emphasis. Fifty percent of the criteria for designation as high-demand programs of emphasis must be based on...
achievement of performance outcome thresholds determined by the Board of Governors, and 50 percent of the criteria must be based on achievement of performance outcome thresholds specifically linked to:

a. Job placement in employment of 36 hours or more per week and average full-time wages of graduates of the degree programs 1 year and 5 years after graduation, based in part on data provided in the economic security report of employment and earning outcomes produced annually pursuant to s. 445.07.

b. Data-driven gap analyses, conducted by the Board of Governors, of the state's job market demands and the outlook for jobs that require a baccalaureate or higher degree. Each state university must use the gap analyses to identify internship opportunities for students to benefit from mentorship by industry experts, earn industry certifications, and become employed in high-demand fields.

c. The Board of Governors shall develop an accountability plan for the State University System and each constituent university. The accountability plan must address institutional and system achievement of goals and objectives specified in the strategic plan adopted pursuant to paragraph (b) and must be submitted as part of its legislative budget request. Each university shall submit, as a component of the university's annual accountability plan, information on the effectiveness of its plan for improving 4-year graduation rates and the level of
financial assistance provided to students pursuant to paragraph (h).

(h) By June 1, 2018, each university board of trustees shall submit a comprehensive proposal to improve undergraduate 4-year graduation rates to the Board of Governors for implementation beginning in the fall 2018 academic semester. The proposal must:

1. Identify academic, financial, policy, and curricular incentives and disincentives for timely graduation.

2. Outline the implementation of a proactive financial aid program to enable full-time students with financial need to take at least 15 credit hours in the fall and spring semesters.

3. Include assurances that there will be no increased cost to students.

Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2), paragraph (c) of subsection (5), and subsections (6), (7), and (8) of section 1001.7065, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1001.7065 Preeminent state research universities program.—

(2) ACADEMIC AND RESEARCH EXCELLENCE STANDARDS.—The following academic and research excellence standards are established for the preeminent state research universities program:

(d) A 4-year graduation rate of 60 percent or higher for full-time, first-time-in-college students, as reported annually to the IPEDS. However, for the 2018 determination of a state
university's preeminence designation and the related
distribution of the 2018-2019 fiscal year appropriation
associated with preeminence and emerging preeminence, a
university is considered to have satisfied this graduation rate
measure by attaining a 6-year graduation rate of 70 percent or
higher by October 1, 2017, for full-time, first-time-in-college
students, as reported annually to the IPEDS and confirmed by the
Board of Governors.

(5) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITIES PROGRAM

SUPPORT.—

(c) The award of funds under this subsection is contingent
upon funding provided by the Legislature in the General
Appropriations Act to support the preeminent state research
universities program created under this section. Funding
increases appropriated beyond the amounts funded in the previous
fiscal year shall be distributed as follows:

1. Each designated preeminent state research university
that meets the criteria in paragraph (a) shall receive an equal
amount of funding.

2. Each designated emerging preeminent state research
university that meets the criteria in paragraph (b) shall,
beginning in the 2018-2019 fiscal year, receive an amount of
funding that is equal to one-fourth one-half of the total
increased amount awarded to each designated preeminent state
research university.
(6) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY SPECIAL COURSE REQUIREMENT AUTHORITY.—In order to provide a jointly shared educational experience, a university that is designated a preeminent state research university may require its incoming first-time-in-college students to take a six-credit set of unique courses specifically determined by the university and published on the university's website. The university may stipulate that credit for such courses may not be earned through any acceleration mechanism pursuant to s. 1007.27 or s. 1007.271 or any other transfer credit. All accelerated credits earned up to the limits specified in ss. 1007.27 and 1007.271 shall be applied toward graduation at the student's request.

(6)(7) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY FLEXIBILITY AUTHORITY.—The Board of Governors is encouraged to identify and grant all reasonable, feasible authority and flexibility to ensure that each designated preeminent state research university and each designated emerging preeminent state research university is free from unnecessary restrictions.

(7)(8) PROGRAMS OF EXCELLENCE THROUGHOUT THE STATE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM.—The Board of Governors shall is encouraged to establish standards and measures whereby individual undergraduate, graduate, and professional degree programs in state universities which that objectively reflect national excellence can be identified and make recommendations to the
Legislature by September 1, 2018, as to how any such programs could be enhanced and promoted.

Section 4. Section 1001.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.92 State University System Performance-Based Incentive.—

(1) A State University System Performance-Based Incentive shall be awarded to state universities using performance-based metrics adopted by the Board of Governors of the State University System. Beginning with the Board of Governors' determination of each university's performance improvement and achievement ratings for 2018, and the related distribution of the 2018-2019 fiscal year appropriation, the performance-based metrics must include 4-year graduation rates; retention rates; postgraduation education rates; degree production; affordability; postgraduation employment and salaries, including wage thresholds that reflect the added value of a baccalaureate degree; access rate, based on the percentage of undergraduate students enrolled during the fall term who received a Pell Grant during the fall term; and other metrics approved by the board in a formally noticed meeting. The board shall adopt benchmarks to evaluate each state university's performance on the metrics to measure the state university's achievement of institutional excellence or need for improvement and minimum requirements for eligibility to receive performance funding. Access rate
benchmarks must be differentiated and scored to reflect the varying access rate levels among the state universities; however, the scoring system may not include bonus points.

(2) Each fiscal year, the amount of funds available for allocation to the state universities based on the performance-based funding model shall consist of the state's investment in performance funding plus institutional investments consisting of funds deducted from the base funding of each state university in the State University System in an amount provided by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The Board of Governors shall establish minimum performance funding eligibility thresholds for the state's investment and the institutional investments. A state university that meets the minimum institutional investment eligibility threshold, but fails to meet the minimum state investment eligibility threshold, shall have its institutional investment restored but is ineligible for a share of the state's investment in performance funding. The institutional investment shall be restored for each institution eligible for the state's investment under the performance-based funding model.

(4) Distributions of performance funding, as provided in this section, shall be made by the Legislature to each of the state universities listed in the Education and General Activities category in the General Appropriations Act.
(5) By October 1 of each year, the Board of Governors shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report on the previous fiscal year's performance funding allocation which must reflect the rankings and award distributions.

(6) The Board of Governors shall adopt regulations to administer this section.

Section 5. Section 1004.097, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1004.097.— Free expression on campus.—
(1) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Campus Free Expression Act."
(2) DEFINITIONS.—
(a) "Commercial speech" means speech where the individual is engaged in commerce, where the intended audience is commercial or actual or potential consumers, and where the content of the message is commercial.
(b) "Free speech zone" means an area on a public institution of higher education's campus designated for the purpose of engaging in expressive activities.
(c) "Material and substantial disruption" means any conduct that intentionally and significantly hinders another person's or group's expressive rights. The term does not include conduct that is protected under the First Amendment to the United States Constitution and Art. I of the State Constitution,
including, but not limited to, lawful protests and counter-protests in the outdoor areas of campus or minor, brief, or fleeting nonviolent disruptions that are isolated or brief in duration.

(d) "Outdoor areas of campus" means generally accessible areas of a public institution of higher education's campus where members of the campus community are commonly allowed, including grassy areas, walkways, or other similar common areas. The term does not include outdoor areas of campus where access is restricted.

(e) "Public institution of higher education" means any public technical center, state college, state university, law school, medical school, dental school, or other Florida College System institution as defined in s. 1000.21.

(3) RIGHT TO FREE SPEECH ACTIVITIES.—

(a) Expressive activities protected under the First Amendment to the United States Constitution and Art. I of the State Constitution include, but are not limited to, any lawful oral or written communication of ideas, including all forms of peaceful assembly, protests, and speeches; distributing literature; carrying signs; circulating petitions; and the recording and publication, including the Internet publication, of video or audio recorded in outdoor areas of campus of public institutions of higher education. Expressive activities protected by this section do not include commercial speech.
(b) A person who wishes to engage in an expressive activity in the outdoor areas of campus may do so freely, spontaneously, and contemporaneously as long as the person's conduct is lawful and does not materially and substantially disrupt the functioning of the public institution of higher education or infringe upon the rights of other individuals or organizations to engage in expressive activities.

(c) The outdoor areas of campus are considered traditional public forums for individuals, organizations, and guest speakers. A public institution of higher education may create and enforce restrictions that are reasonable and content-neutral on time, place, and manner of expression and that are narrowly tailored to a significant institutional interest. Restrictions must be clear, published, and provide for ample alternative means of expression.

(d) A public institution of higher education may not designate any area of campus as a free speech zone or otherwise create policies restricting expressive activities to a particular outdoor area of campus, except as provided in paragraph (c).

(e) Students, faculty, or staff of a public institution of higher education may not materially disrupt previously scheduled or reserved activities on campus occurring at the same time.

(4) CAUSE OF ACTION.—Any person whose expressive rights are violated by an action prohibited under this section may
bring an action against a public institution of higher education
in a court of competent jurisdiction to obtain declaratory and
injunctive relief, reasonable court costs, and attorney fees.

Section 6. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) and paragraph (b)
of subsection (5) of section 1004.28, Florida Statutes, are
amended to read:

1004.28 Direct-support organizations; use of property;
board of directors; activities; audit; facilities.—

(2) USE OF PROPERTY.—

(b) The board of trustees, in accordance with regulations
rules and guidelines of the Board of Governors, shall prescribe
by regulation rule conditions with which a university direct-
support organization must comply in order to use property,
facilities, or personal services at any state university,
including that personal services must comply with the
requirements of s. 1012.976. Such regulations rules shall
provide for budget and audit review and oversight by the board
of trustees, including thresholds for approval of purchases,
acquisitions, projects, and issuance of debt. No later than July
1, 2019, the transfer of a state appropriation by the board of
to any direct-support organization may only include
funds pledged for capital projects. Beginning July 1, 2019, and
annually thereafter, each university board of trustees shall
report to the Legislature the amount of state appropriations
transferred to any direct-support organization during the
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previous fiscal year, the purpose for which the funds were transferred, and the remaining balance of any funds transferred.

(c) The board of trustees may not transfer any funds to and shall not permit the use of property, facilities, or personal services at any state university by any university direct-support organization that does not provide equal employment opportunities to all persons regardless of race, color, religion, gender, age, or national origin.

(d) The board of trustees may not permit the use of state funds for travel expenses by any university direct-support organization.

(3) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—The chair of the university board of trustees shall appoint at least one representative to the board of directors and the executive committee of any direct-support organization established under this section. The president of the university for which the direct-support organization is established, or his or her designee, shall also serve on the board of directors and the executive committee of any direct-support organization established to benefit that university. The university board of trustees shall approve all appointments to any direct-support organization not authorized by this subsection.

(4) ACTIVITIES; RESTRICTION.—A university direct-support organization is prohibited from giving, either directly or indirectly, any gift to a political committee as defined in s.

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106.011 for any purpose other than those certified by a majority
roll call vote of the governing board of the direct-support
organization at a regularly scheduled meeting as being directly
related to the educational mission of the university.

(5) ANNUAL AUDIT; PUBLIC RECORDS EXEMPTION; PUBLIC
MEETINGS EXEMPTION.—

(b) All records of the organization Other than the
auditor's report, management letter, any records related to the
expenditure of state funds, any records related to the
expenditure of private funds for travel, all records of the
organization and any supplemental data requested by the Board of
Governors, the university board of trustees, the Auditor
General, and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and
Government Accountability shall be confidential and exempt from
s. 119.07(1).

Section 7. Section 1004.6497, Florida Statutes, is created
to read:

1004.6497 World Class Faculty and Scholar Program.—

(1) PURPOSE AND LEGISLATIVE INTENT.—The World Class
Faculty and Scholar Program is established to fund and support
the efforts of state universities to recruit and retain
exemplary faculty and research scholars. It is the intent of the
Legislature to elevate the national competitiveness of Florida's
state universities through faculty and scholar recruitment and
retention.
(2) INVESTMENTS.—Retention, recruitment, and recognition efforts, activities, and investments may include, but are not limited to, investments in research-centric cluster hires, faculty research and research commercialization efforts, instructional and research infrastructure, undergraduate student participation in research, professional development, awards for outstanding performance, and postdoctoral fellowships.

(3) FUNDING AND USE.—Funding for the program shall be as provided by the Legislature. Each state university shall use the funds only for the purpose and investments authorized under this section. These funds may not be used to construct buildings.

(4) ACCOUNTABILITY.—By March 15 of each year, the Board of Governors shall provide to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report summarizing information from the universities in the State University System, including, but not limited to:

(a) Specific expenditure information as it relates to the investments identified in subsection (2).

(b) The impact of those investments in elevating the national competitiveness of the universities, specifically relating to:

1. The success in recruiting research faculty and the resulting research funding;

2. The 4-year graduation rate for undergraduate students;
3. The number of undergraduate courses offered with fewer than 50 students; and

4. The increase in national academic standing of targeted programs, specifically advancement in ranking of the targeted programs among top 50 universities in well-known and highly respected national public university rankings, including, but not limited to, the U.S. News and World Report rankings, which reflect national preeminence, using the most recent rankings.

Section 8. Section 1004.6498, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1004.6498 State University Professional and Graduate Degree Excellence Program.—

(1) PURPOSE.—The State University Professional and Graduate Degree Excellence Program is established to fund and support the efforts of state universities to enhance the quality and excellence of professional and graduate schools and degree programs in medicine, law, and business and expand the economic impact of state universities.

(2) INVESTMENTS.—Quality improvement efforts may include, but are not limited to, targeted investments in faculty, students, research, infrastructure, and other strategic endeavors to elevate the national and global prominence of state university medicine, law, and graduate-level business programs.

(3) FUNDING AND USE.—Funding for the program shall be as provided by the Legislature. Each state university shall use the
funds only for the purpose and investments authorized under this section. These funds may not be used to construct buildings.

(4) ACCOUNTABILITY.—By March 15 of each year, the Board of Governors shall provide to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report summarizing information from the universities in the State University System, including, but not limited to:

(a) Specific expenditure information as it relates to the investments identified in subsection (2).

(b) The impact of those investments in elevating the national and global prominence of the state university medicine, law, and graduate-level business programs, specifically relating to:

1. The first-time pass rate on the United States Medical Licensing Examination;

2. The first-time pass rate on The Florida Bar Examination;

3. The percentage of graduates enrolled or employed at a wage threshold that reflects the added value of a graduate-level business degree;

4. The advancement in the rankings of the state university medicine, law, and graduate-level programs in well-known and highly respected national graduate-level university rankings, including, but not limited to, the U.S. News and World Report
rankings, which reflect national preeminence, using the most recent rankings; and

5. The added economic benefit of the universities to the state.

Section 9. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section 1008.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.30 Common placement testing for public postsecondary education.—

(5)  

(c) A university board of trustees may contract with a Florida College System institution board of trustees for the Florida College System institution to provide developmental education on the state university campus. Any state university in which the percentage of incoming students requiring developmental education equals or exceeds the average percentage of such students for the Florida College System may offer developmental education without contracting with a Florida College System institution; however, any state university offering college-preparatory instruction as of January 1, 1996, may continue to provide developmental education instruction as defined in s. 1008.02(1) such services.

Section 10. Subsection (7) of section 1009.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.22 Workforce education postsecondary student fees.—
(7) Each district school board and Florida College System institution board of trustees is authorized to establish a separate fee for technology, not to exceed 5 percent of tuition per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for resident students and not to exceed 5 percent of tuition and the out-of-state fee per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for nonresident students. Revenues generated from the technology fee shall be used to enhance instructional technology resources for students and faculty and shall not be included in any award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program. Fifty percent of technology fee revenues may be pledged by a Florida College System institution board of trustees as a dedicated revenue source for the repayment of debt, including lease-purchase agreements, not to exceed the useful life of the asset being financed. Revenues generated from the technology fee may not be bonded.

Section 11. Subsection (10) of section 1009.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.23 Florida College System institution student fees.—
(10) Each Florida College System institution board of trustees is authorized to establish a separate fee for technology, which may not exceed 5 percent of tuition per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for resident students and may not exceed 5 percent of tuition and the out-of-state fee per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for nonresident students.
Revenues generated from the technology fee shall be used to enhance instructional technology resources for students and faculty. The technology fee may apply to both college credit and developmental education and shall not be included in any award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program. Fifty percent of technology fee revenues may be pledged by a Florida College System institution board of trustees as a dedicated revenue source for the repayment of debt, including lease-purchase agreements, not to exceed the useful life of the asset being financed. Revenues generated from the technology fee may not be bonded.

Section 12. Subsection (13), paragraph (r) of subsection (14), paragraphs (a), (b), and (e) of subsection (16), and subsection (20) of section 1009.24, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1009.24 State university student fees.—

(13) Each university board of trustees may establish a technology fee of up to 5 percent of the tuition per credit hour. The revenue from this fee shall be used to enhance instructional technology resources for students and faculty. The technology fee may not be included in any award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program established pursuant to ss. 1009.53–1009.538.
(14) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (15), each university board of trustees is authorized to establish the following fees:

(r) Traffic and parking fines, charges for parking decals, and transportation access fees. Only universitywide transportation access fees may be included in any state financial assistance award authorized under part III of this chapter, as specifically authorized by law or the General Appropriations Act.

With the exception of housing rental rates and except as otherwise provided, fees assessed pursuant to paragraphs (h)-(s) shall be based on reasonable costs of services. The Board of Governors shall adopt regulations and timetables necessary to implement the fees and fines authorized under this subsection. The fees assessed under this subsection may be used for debt only as authorized under s. 1010.62.

(16) Each university board of trustees may establish a tuition differential for undergraduate courses upon receipt of approval from the Board of Governors. However, beginning July 1, 2014, the Board of Governors may only approve the establishment of or an increase in tuition differential for a state research university designated as a preeminent state research university pursuant to s. 1001.7065(3). The tuition differential shall promote improvements in the quality of undergraduate education.
and shall provide financial aid to undergraduate students who exhibit financial need.

(a) Seventy percent of the revenues from the tuition differential shall be expended for purposes of undergraduate education. Such expenditures may include, but are not limited to, increasing course offerings, improving graduation rates, increasing the percentage of undergraduate students who are taught by faculty, decreasing student-faculty ratios, providing salary increases for faculty who have a history of excellent teaching in undergraduate courses, improving the efficiency of the delivery of undergraduate education through academic advisement and counseling, and reducing the percentage of students who graduate with excess hours. This expenditure for undergraduate education may not be used to pay the salaries of graduate teaching assistants. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the remaining 30 percent of the revenues from the tuition differential, or the equivalent amount of revenue from private sources, shall be expended to provide financial aid to undergraduate students who exhibit financial need, including students who are scholarship recipients under s. 1009.984, to meet the cost of university attendance. This expenditure for need-based financial aid shall not supplant the amount of need-based aid provided to undergraduate students in the preceding fiscal year from financial aid fee revenues, the direct appropriation for financial assistance provided to state
universities in the General Appropriations Act, or from private sources. The total amount of tuition differential waived under subparagraph (b)7. (b)8. may be included in calculating the expenditures for need-based financial aid to undergraduate students required by this subsection. If the entire tuition and fee costs of resident students who have applied for and received Pell Grant funds have been met and the university has excess funds remaining from the 30 percent of the revenues from the tuition differential required to be used to assist students who exhibit financial need, the university may expend the excess portion in the same manner as required for the other 70 percent of the tuition differential revenues.

(b) Each tuition differential is subject to the following conditions:

1. The tuition differential may be assessed on one or more undergraduate courses or on all undergraduate courses at a state university.

2. The tuition differential may vary by course or courses, by campus or center location, and by institution. Each university board of trustees shall strive to maintain and increase enrollment in degree programs related to math, science, high technology, and other state or regional high-need fields when establishing tuition differentials by course.

3. For each state university that is designated as a preeminent state research university by the Board of Governors,
pursuant to s. 1001.7065, the aggregate sum of tuition and the
 tuition differential may be increased by no more than 6 percent
 of the total charged for the aggregate sum of these fees in the
 preceding fiscal year. The tuition differential may be increased
 if the university meets or exceeds performance standard targets
 for that university established annually by the Board of
 Governors for the following performance standards, amounting to
 no more than a 2-percent increase in the tuition differential
 for each performance standard:

 a. An increase in the 4-year 6-year graduation rate for
 full-time, first-time-in-college students, as reported annually
 to the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System.

 b. An increase in the total annual research expenditures.

 c. An increase in the total patents awarded by the United
 States Patent and Trademark Office for the most recent years.

 4. The aggregate sum of undergraduate tuition and fees per
 credit hour, including the tuition differential, may not exceed
 the national average of undergraduate tuition and fees at 4-year
 degree-granting public postsecondary educational institutions.

 5. The tuition differential shall not be included in any
 award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program
 established pursuant to ss. 1009.53-1009.538.

 5.6. Beneficiaries having prepaid tuition contracts
 pursuant to s. 1009.98(2)(b) which were in effect on July 1,
2007, and which remain in effect, are exempt from the payment of the tuition differential.

6.7. The tuition differential may not be charged to any student who was in attendance at the university before July 1, 2007, and who maintains continuous enrollment.

7. The tuition differential may be waived by the university for students who meet the eligibility requirements for the Florida public student assistance grant established in s. 1009.50.

8. Subject to approval by the Board of Governors, the tuition differential authorized pursuant to this subsection may take effect with the 2009 fall term.

(e) The Board of Governors shall submit a report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor describing the implementation of the provisions of this subsection no later than February 1 of each year. The report shall summarize proposals received by the board during the preceding fiscal year and actions taken by the board in response to such proposals. In addition, the report shall provide the following information for each university that has been approved by the board to assess a tuition differential:

1. The course or courses for which the tuition differential was assessed and the amount assessed.

2. The total revenues generated by the tuition differential.
3. With respect to waivers authorized under subparagraph (b), the number of students eligible for a waiver, the number of students receiving a waiver, and the value of waivers provided.

4. Detailed expenditures of the revenues generated by the tuition differential.

5. Changes in retention rates, graduation rates, the percentage of students graduating with more than 110 percent of the hours required for graduation, pass rates on licensure examinations, the number of undergraduate course offerings, the percentage of undergraduate students who are taught by faculty, student-faculty ratios, and the average salaries of faculty who teach undergraduate courses.

(20) Each state university shall publicly notice and notify all enrolled students of any proposal to increase tuition or fees at least 28 days before its consideration at a board of trustees meeting. The notice must:

(a) Include the date and time of the meeting at which the proposal will be considered.

(b) Specifically outline the details of existing tuition and fees, the rationale for the proposed increase, and how the funds from the proposed increase will be used.

(c) Be posted on the university's website and issued in a press release.
Section 13. Subsection (9) of section 1009.53, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.53 Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program.—
(9) A student may use a Florida Academic Scholars award for summer term enrollment beginning in the 2018 summer term, as funded by the Legislature. A student may use a Florida Medallion Scholars award for summer term enrollment beginning in the 2019 summer term, as funded by the Legislature. A student may use other Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program awards for summer term enrollment, if funded by the Legislature if funds are available.

Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 1009.534, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.534 Florida Academic Scholars award.—
(2) A Florida Academic Scholar who is enrolled in a certificate, diploma, associate, or baccalaureate degree program at a public or nonpublic postsecondary education institution is eligible, beginning in the 2017-2018 academic year, for an award equal to the amount necessary to pay 100 percent of tuition and fees established under ss. 1009.22(3), (5), (6), and (7); 1009.23(3), (4), (7), (8), (10), and (11); and 1009.24(4), (7)-(13), (14)(r), and (16), as applicable, and is eligible for an additional $300 each fall and spring academic semester or the equivalent for textbooks, specified in the General
Section 15. Subsection (2) of section 1009.535, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.535 Florida Medallion Scholars award.—
(2) A Florida Medallion Scholar who is enrolled in a certificate, diploma, associate, or baccalaureate degree program at a public or nonpublic postsecondary education institution is eligible, beginning in the fall 2018 semester, for an award equal to the amount necessary to pay 75 percent of tuition and fees established under ss. 1009.22(3), (5), (6), and (7); 1009.23(3), (4), (7), (8), (10), and (11); and 1009.24(4), (7)-(13), (14)(r), and (16), as applicable specified in the General Appropriations Act to assist with the payment of educational expenses.

Section 16. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) and paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section 1009.701, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1009.701 First Generation Matching Grant Program.—
(1) The First Generation Matching Grant Program is created to enable each state university and Florida College System institution to provide donors with a matching grant incentive for contributions that will create grant-based student financial aid for undergraduate students who demonstrate financial need and whose parents, as defined in s. 1009.21(1), have not earned
a baccalaureate degree. In the case of any individual who
regularly resided with and received support from only one
parent, an individual whose only such parent did not complete a
baccalaureate degree would also be eligible.

(2) Funds appropriated by the Legislature for the program
shall be allocated by the Office of Student Financial Assistance
to match private contributions on a dollar-for-dollar basis;
however, beginning in the 2018-2019 fiscal year, such funds
shall be allocated at a ratio of $2 of state funds to $1 of
private contributions. Contributions made to a state university
or a Florida College System institution and pledged for the
purposes of this section are eligible for state matching funds
appropriated for this program and are not eligible for any other
state matching grant program. Pledged contributions are not
eligible for matching prior to the actual collection of the
total funds. The Office of Student Financial Assistance shall
reserve a proportionate allocation of the total appropriated
funds for each state university and Florida College System
institution on the basis of full-time equivalent enrollment.
Funds that remain unmatched as of December 1 shall be
reallocated to state universities and colleges that have
remaining unmatched private contributions for the program on the
basis of full-time equivalent enrollment.

(4) Each participating state university and Florida
College System institution shall establish an application
process, determine student eligibility for initial and renewal awards in conformance with subsection (5), identify the amount awarded to each recipient, and notify recipients of the amount of their awards.

(5) In order to be eligible to receive a grant pursuant to this section, an applicant must:

(c) Be accepted at a state university or Florida College System institution.

Section 17. Subsections (2), (4), and (5) of section 1009.893, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1009.893 Benacquisto Scholarship Program.—

(2) The Benacquisto Scholarship Program is created to reward any Florida high school graduate who receives recognition as a National Merit Scholar or National Achievement Scholar and who initially enrolls in the 2014-2015 academic year or, later, in a baccalaureate degree program at an eligible Florida public or independent postsecondary educational institution.

(4) In order to be eligible for an award under the scholarship program, a student must meet the requirements of paragraph (a) or paragraph (b).+

(a) A student who is a resident of the state, Be a state resident as determined in s. 1009.40 and rules of the State Board of Education, must:+
1. (b) Earn a standard Florida high school diploma or its equivalent pursuant to s. 1002.3105, s. 1003.4281, s. 1003.4282, or s. 1003.435 unless:
   a. The student completes a home education program according to s. 1002.41; or
   b. The student earns a high school diploma from a non-Florida school while living with a parent who is on military or public service assignment out of this state;
2. (c) Be accepted by and enroll in a Florida public or independent postsecondary educational institution that is regionally accredited; and
3. (d) Be enrolled full-time in a baccalaureate degree program at an eligible regionally accredited Florida public or independent postsecondary educational institution during the fall academic term following high school graduation.

(b) A student who initially enrolls in a baccalaureate degree program in the 2018-2019 academic year or later and who is not a resident of this state, as determined in s. 1009.40 and rules of the State Board of Education, must:
   1. Physically reside in this state on or near the campus of the postsecondary educational institution in which the student is enrolled;
   2. Earn a high school diploma from a school outside Florida which is comparable to a standard Florida high school diploma or its equivalent pursuant to s. 1002.3105, s.
3. Be accepted by and enrolled full-time in a baccalaureate degree program at an eligible regionally accredited Florida public or independent postsecondary educational institution during the fall academic term following high school graduation.

(5)(a)1. An eligible student who meets the requirements of paragraph (4)(a), who is a National Merit Scholar or National Achievement Scholar, and who attends a Florida public postsecondary educational institution shall receive a scholarship award equal to the institutional cost of attendance minus the sum of the student's Florida Bright Futures Scholarship and National Merit Scholarship or National Achievement Scholarship.

2. An eligible student who meets the requirements under paragraph (4)(b), who is a National Merit Scholar, and who attends a Florida public postsecondary educational institution shall receive a scholarship award equal to the institutional cost of attendance for a resident of this state minus the student's National Merit Scholarship. Such student is exempt from the payment of out-of-state fees.

(b) An eligible student who is a National Merit Scholar or National Achievement Scholar and who attends a Florida independent postsecondary educational institution shall receive
a scholarship award equal to the highest cost of attendance for a resident of this state enrolled at a Florida public university, as reported by the Board of Governors of the State University System, minus the sum of the student's Florida Bright Futures Scholarship and National Merit Scholarship or National Achievement Scholarship.

Section 18. Section 1009.894, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1009.894 Florida Farmworker Student Scholarship Program.— The Legislature recognizes the vital contribution of farmworkers to the economy of this state. The Florida Farmworker Student Scholarship Program is created to provide scholarships for farmworkers, as defined in s. 420.503, and the children of such farmworkers.

(1) The Department of Education shall administer the Florida Farmworker Student Scholarship Program according to rules and procedures established by the State Board of Education. Up to 50 scholarships shall be awarded annually according to the criteria established in subsection (2) and contingent upon an appropriation by the Legislature.

(2)(a) To be eligible for an initial scholarship, a student must, at a minimum:

1. Have a resident status as required by s. 1009.40 and rules of the State Board of Education;
2. Earn a minimum cumulative weighted grade point average of 3.5 for all high school courses creditable toward a diploma;
3. Complete a minimum of 30 hours of community service; and
4. Have at least a 90 percent attendance rate and not have had any disciplinary action brought against him or her, as documented on the student's high school transcript.

For purposes of this section, students who are undocumented for federal immigration purposes are not eligible for an award.

(b) The department shall rank eligible initial applicants for the purposes of awarding scholarships based on need, as determined by the department.

(c) To renew a scholarship awarded pursuant to this section, a student must maintain at least a cumulative grade point average of 2.5 or higher on a 4.0 scale for college coursework.

(3) A scholarship recipient must enroll in a minimum of 12 credit hours per term, or the equivalent, at a public postsecondary educational institution in this state to receive funding.

(4) A scholarship recipient may receive an award for a maximum of 100 percent of the number of credit hours required to complete an associate or baccalaureate degree program or receive an award for a maximum of 100 percent of the credit hours or
clock hours required to complete up to 90 credit hours of a
program that terminates in a career certificate. The scholarship
recipient is eligible for an award equal to the amount required
to pay the tuition and fees established under ss. 1009.22(3),
(5), (6), and (7); 1009.23(3), (4), (7), (8), (10), and (11);
and 1009.24(4), (7)-(13), (14)(r), and (16), as applicable, at a
public postsecondary educational institution in this state.
Renewal scholarship awards must take precedence over new
scholarship awards in a year in which funds are not sufficient
to accommodate both initial and renewal awards. The scholarship
must be prorated for any such year.

(5) Subject to appropriation by the Legislature, the
department shall annually issue awards from the scholarship
program. Before the registration period each semester, the
department shall transmit payment for each award to the
president or director of the postsecondary educational
institution, or his or her representative. However, the
department may withhold payment if the receiving institution
fails to submit the following reports or make the following
refunds to the department:

(a) Each institution shall certify to the department the
eligibility status of each student to receive a disbursement
within 30 days before the end of its regular registration
period, inclusive of a drop and add period. An institution is
(b) An institution that receives funds from the scholarship program must certify to the department the amount of funds disbursed to each student and remit to the department any undisbursed advance within 60 days after the end of the regular registration period.

(6) The department shall allocate funds to the appropriate institutions and collect and maintain data regarding the scholarship program within the student financial assistance database as specified in s. 1009.94.

Section 19. Present paragraphs (e) and (f) of subsection (10) of section 1009.98, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (f) and (g), respectively, and a new paragraph (e) is added to that subsection, to read:

1009.98 Stanley G. Tate Florida Prepaid College Program.—
(10) PAYMENTS ON BEHALF OF QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES.—
(e) Notwithstanding the number of credit hours used by a state university to assess the amount for registration fees, tuition, tuition differential, or local fees, the amount paid by the board to any state university on behalf of a qualified beneficiary of an advance payment contract purchased before July 1, 2024, may not exceed the number of credit hours taken by that qualified beneficiary at the state university.
Section 20. The Division of Law Revision and Information is directed to substitute the term "Effective Access to Student Education Grant Program" for "Florida Resident Access Grant Program" and the term "Effective Access to Student Education grant" for "Florida resident access grant" wherever those terms appear in the Florida Statutes.

Section 21. By October 1, 2019, the Board of Governors, in consultation with the state universities, shall submit to the Legislature recommendations for future consideration on the most efficient process to achieve a complete performance-based continuous improvement model focused on outcomes that provides for the equitable distribution of performance funds. In addition to recommendations submitted by the Board of Governors, the Legislature shall review recommendations from an independent entity that consults with the Board of Governors for the purpose of receiving input on behalf of the state university system. Implementation of any recommendations shall not occur unless affirmatively enacted by the Legislature.

Section 22. For the 2018-2019 fiscal year, $121,776,631 in recurring funds from the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund and $1,736,404 in recurring funds from the General Revenue Fund are appropriated to the Department of Education to implement this act. Of these funds, $1,737,223 from the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund shall be used for 2019 summer term awards for Florida Bright Futures Academic Scholars, $28,416,515 from the
Educational Enhancement Trust Fund shall be used for 2019 summer term awards for Florida Bright Futures Medallion Scholars, $91,622,893 from the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund shall be used for Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program awards, $1,236,404 from the General Revenue Fund shall be used for the Benacquisto Scholarship Program, and $500,000 from the General Revenue Fund shall be used for the Florida Farmworker Student Scholarship Program.

Section 23. Effective July 1, 2020, sections 1004.33 and 1004.34, Florida Statutes, are repealed.

Section 24. Section 1004.335, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1004.335 Accreditation consolidation of University of South Florida branch campuses.—

(1) No later than January 15, 2019, the Board of Trustees of the University of South Florida must adopt and submit to the Board of Governors an implementation plan to orderly phase out the separate accreditation of the University of South Florida St. Petersburg campus and the University of South Florida Sarasota/Manatee campus, which were conferred by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges (SACSCOC) pursuant to ss. 1004.33 and 1004.34, respectively.

(2) The implementation plan must:

(a) Detail any necessary steps, and the timeline for such steps, to ensure that the separate accreditation for each campus
is terminated no later than June 30, 2020. The implementation
plan must also ensure that there is no lapse in institutional
accreditation for any campus during the phasing-out process.

(b) Be designed and carried out in a manner that, to the
extent possible, minimizes any disruption to students attending
any University of South Florida campus, with an emphasis on
ensuring that each student's opportunity to graduate from the
university within 4 years of his or her initial first-time-in-
college enrollment is not impeded as a result of the
consolidation of SACSCOC accreditation.

(c) Provide that on or before July 1, 2020, the entirety
of the University of South Florida, including all campuses and
other component units of the university, shall operate under a
single institutional accreditation from the SACSCOC.

(d) Provide that on each regularly scheduled submission
date subsequent to July 1, 2020, the University of South Florida
shall report consolidated data for all of the university's
campuses and students to the Integrated Postsecondary Education
Data System and to the Board of Governors. The Board of
Governors shall use the consolidated data for purposes of
determining eligibility for funding pursuant to ss. 1001.7065
and 1001.92.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of ss. 1001.7065 and
1001.92 or any Board of Governors regulation to the contrary
relating to the calculation of graduation rates and retention
rates, a student who meets all of the following criteria may not be counted by the Board of Governors when calculating or confirming the graduation rate or the retention rate of the University of South Florida under those sections:

(a) The student was admitted to and initially enrolled before the spring 2019 semester as a first-time-in-college student at the University of South Florida St. Petersburg or the University of South Florida Sarasota/Manatee.

(b) The student voluntarily disenrolled from all University of South Florida campuses without graduating before the date of termination of the separate SACSCOC accreditation of his or her admitting campus.

(4) This section expires July 1, 2020.

Section 25. Subsection (1) of section 1004.344, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.344 The Florida Center for the Partnerships for Arts Integrated Teaching.—

(1) The Florida Center for the Partnerships for Arts Integrated Teaching is created within the University of South Florida and shall be physically headquartered at the University of South Florida Sarasota/Manatee.

Section 26. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.
TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:

An act relating to higher education; providing a short title; amending s. 1001.706, F.S.; requiring state universities to identify internship opportunities in high-demand fields; revising requirements for state university accountability plans; requiring state university boards of trustees to submit a proposal to improve graduation rates by a specified date; providing requirements for such proposals; amending s. 1001.7065, F.S.; revising the preeminent state research universities program graduation rate requirements and funding distributions; specifying funding as provided by the Legislature; deleting the authority for such universities to stipulate a special course requirement for incoming students; requiring the Board of Governors to establish certain standards by a specified date; amending s. 1001.92, F.S.; requiring certain performance-based metrics to include specified graduation rates and access benchmarks; specifying funding as provided by the Legislature; creating s. 1004.097, F.S.; providing a short title; providing definitions; providing applicability; authorizing a public institution of higher education
to create and enforce certain restrictions relating to
expressive activities on campus; providing a cause of
action for violations of the act; amending s. 1004.28,
F.S.; directing a state university board of trustees
to limit the services, activities, and expenses of its
direct-support organizations; requiring the chair of
the board of trustees to appoint at least one
representative to the board of directors and executive
committee of a university direct-support organization;
requiring the disclosure of certain financial
documents; creating s. 1004.6497, F.S.; establishing
the World Class Faculty and Scholar Program; providing
the purpose and intent; authorizing state university
investments in certain faculty retention, recruitment,
and recognition activities; specifying funding as
provided by the Legislature; requiring an annual
report to the Governor and the Legislature by a
specified date; creating s. 1004.6498, F.S.;
establishing the State University Professional and
Graduate Degree Excellence Program; providing the
purpose; listing the quality improvement efforts that
may be used to elevate the prominence of state
university medicine, law, and graduate-level business
programs; specifying funding as provided by the
Legislature; requiring an annual report to the
Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; amending s. 1008.30, F.S.; authorizing certain state universities to continue to provide developmental education instruction; amending s. 1009.22, F.S.; removing the prohibition on the inclusion of a technology fee in the funds for the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program award; amending s. 1009.23, F.S.; removing the prohibition on the inclusion of a technology fee in the funds for the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program award; amending s. 1009.24, F.S.; removing the prohibition on the inclusion of a technology fee and a tuition differential fee in the funds for the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program award; amending s. 1009.53, F.S.; authorizing students to use certain Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program awards for summer term enrollment beginning in specified years; specifying funding as provided by the Legislature; amending s. 1009.534, F.S.; specifying Florida Academic Scholars award amounts to cover tuition, fees, textbooks, and other educational expenses; amending s. 1009.535, F.S.; specifying Florida Medallion Scholars award amounts to cover specified tuition and fees; amending s. 1009.701, F.S.; revising the state-to-private match requirement for
contributions to the First Generation Matching Grant Program beginning in a specified fiscal year; extending the program to include Florida College System institution students; amending s. 1009.893, F.S.; extending coverage of the Benacquisto Scholarship Program to include tuition and fees for qualified nonresident students; creating s. 1009.894, F.S.; creating the Florida Farmworker Student Scholarship Program; providing a purpose; requiring the Department of Education to administer the scholarship program; providing student eligibility criteria; specifying award amounts and distributions; amending s. 1009.98, F.S.; providing that certain payments from the Florida Prepaid College Board to a state university on behalf of a qualified beneficiary may not exceed a specified amount; providing a directive to the Division of Law Revision and Information; requiring the Board of Governors, in consultation with the state universities and by a specified date, to submit recommendations on a process to achieve a complete performance-based continuous improvement funding model; requiring the Legislature to review recommendations from an independent entity; requiring such entity to consult with the Board of Governors; requiring legislative action before
implementation of any recommendations; providing appropriations; providing for the future repeal of ss. 1004.33 and 1004.34, F.S., relating to the University of South Florida St. Petersburg and Manatee/Sarasota, respectively; creating s. 1004.335, F.S.; requiring the University of South Florida to adopt and submit a plan to phase out the separate accreditations of the University of South Florida St. Petersburg and the University of South Florida Manatee/Sarasota by a specified date; providing requirements for such plan; providing that certain students may not be included in specified graduation and retention rate calculations; amending s. 1004.344; requiring the University of South Florida's Florida Center for the Partnership for Arts Integrated Teaching to be located at a certain branch campus; providing appropriations; providing an effective date.