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CS/HB 585, Engrossed 1

2018

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to the tourist development tax; 3 amending s. 125.0104, F.S.; authorizing counties to use the tax to finance channel, estuary, or lagoon 4 5 improvements; authorizing counties imposing the tax to 6 use the tax revenues, under certain circumstances and 7 subject to certain conditions and restrictions, for 8 specified purposes and costs relating to public 9 facilities; defining the term "public facilities"; 10 specifying circumstances under which the tax revenues may be expended for such public facilities; providing 11 12 an effective date. 13 14 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 15 16 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 17 125.0104, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 125.0104 Tourist development tax; procedure for levying; 19 authorized uses; referendum; enforcement.-20 AUTHORIZED USES OF REVENUE.-21 All tax revenues received pursuant to this section by a county imposing the tourist development tax shall be used by 22 that county only after conducting an objective analysis of the 23

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benefits to the county or subcounty special taxing district from

proposed use of revenue that determines the long-term economic



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incremental tourism will exceed the tax revenues expended and for the following purposes only:

- 1. To acquire, construct, extend, enlarge, remodel, repair, improve, maintain, operate, or promote one or more:
- a. Publicly owned and operated convention centers, sports stadiums, sports arenas, coliseums, or auditoriums within the boundaries of the county or subcounty special taxing district in which the tax is levied;
- b. Auditoriums that are publicly owned but are operated by organizations that are exempt from federal taxation pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3) and open to the public, within the boundaries of the county or subcounty special taxing district in which the tax is levied; or
- c. Aquariums or museums that are publicly owned and operated or owned and operated by not-for-profit organizations and open to the public, within the boundaries of the county or subcounty special taxing district in which the tax is levied;
- 2. To promote zoological parks that are publicly owned and operated or owned and operated by not-for-profit organizations and open to the public;
- 3. To promote and advertise tourism in this state and nationally and internationally; however, if tax revenues are expended for an activity, service, venue, or event, the activity, service, venue, or event must have as one of its main purposes the attraction of tourists as evidenced by the

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promotion of the activity, service, venue, or event to tourists;

- 4. To fund convention bureaus, tourist bureaus, tourist information centers, and news bureaus as county agencies or by contract with the chambers of commerce or similar associations in the county, which may include any indirect administrative costs for services performed by the county on behalf of the promotion agency; or
- To finance beach park facilities, or beach, channel, estuary, or lagoon improvement, maintenance, renourishment, restoration, and erosion control, including construction of beach groins and shoreline protection, enhancement, cleanup, or restoration of inland lakes and rivers to which there is public access as those uses relate to the physical preservation of the beach, shoreline, channel, estuary, lagoon, or inland lake or river. However, any funds identified by a county as the local matching source for beach renourishment, restoration, or erosion control projects included in the long-range budget plan of the state's Beach Management Plan, pursuant to s. 161.091, or funds contractually obligated by a county in the financial plan for a federally authorized shore protection project may not be used or loaned for any other purpose. In counties of fewer than 100,000 population, up to 10 percent of the revenues from the tourist development tax may be used for beach park facilities; or-
- 6. To acquire, construct, extend, enlarge, remodel, repair, improve, maintain, operate, or finance public facilities

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within the boundaries of the county or subcounty special taxing district in which the tax is levied, if the public facilities are needed to increase tourist-related business activities in the county or subcounty special district and are recommended by the county tourist development council created pursuant to paragraph (4)(e). Tax revenues may be used for any related land acquisition, land improvement, design, and engineering costs and all other professional and related costs required to bring the public facilities into service. As used in this subparagraph, the term "public facilities" means major capital improvements that have a life expectancy of 5 or more years, including, but not limited to, transportation, sanitary sewer, solid waste, drainage, potable water, and pedestrian facilities. Tax revenues may be used for these purposes only if the following conditions are satisfied:

- a. In the county fiscal year immediately preceding the fiscal year in which the tax revenues were initially used for such purposes, at least \$10 million in tourist development tax revenue was received;
- b. The county governing board approves the use for the proposed public facilities by a vote of at least two-thirds of its membership;
- c. No more than 70 percent of the cost of the proposed public facilities will be paid for with tourist development tax revenues, and sources of funding for the remaining cost are

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Subparagraphs 1. and 2. may be implemented through service contracts and leases with lessees that have sufficient expertise or financial capability to operate such facilities.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

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