House

Florida Senate - 2018 Bill No. CS for HB 7055

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LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate . Comm: WD . 02/21/2018 . .

The Committee on Education (Thurston) recommended the following:

Senate Substitute for Amendment (826696) (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 1001.10, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1001.10 Commissioner of Education; general powers and duties.-

10 (4) The Department of Education shall provide technical 11 assistance to school districts, charter schools, the Florida

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12 School for the Deaf and the Blind, and private schools that 13 accept scholarship students under s. 1002.385, s. 1002.39, or s. 1002.395, or another state scholarship program under chapter 14 15 1002 in the development of policies, procedures, and training 16 related to employment practices and standards of ethical conduct 17 for instructional personnel and school administrators, as defined in s. 1012.01. 18 19 (5) The Department of Education shall provide authorized 20 staff of school districts, charter schools, the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, and private schools that accept 21 22 scholarship students under s. 1002.385, s. 1002.39, or s. 23 1002.395, or another state scholarship program under chapter 24 1002 with access to electronic verification of information from 25 the following employment screening tools: 26 (a) The Professional Practices' Database of Disciplinary 27 Actions Against Educators; and 28 (b) The Department of Education's Teacher Certification 29 Database. 30 This subsection does not require the department to provide these 31 32 staff with unlimited access to the databases. However, the 33 department shall provide the staff with access to the data 34 necessary for performing employment history checks of the 35 instructional personnel and school administrators included in 36 the databases. 37

37 Section 2. Section 1001.4205, Florida Statutes, is amended38 to read:

39 1001.4205 Visitation of schools by an individual school
40 board or charter school governing board member. An individual

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member of a district school board may, on any day and at any 41 42 time at his or her pleasure, visit any district school in his or 43 her school district. An individual member of the State 44 Legislature may, on any day and at any time at his or her pleasure, visit any district school, including any charter 45 46 school, in his or her legislative district. An individual member 47 of a charter school governing board member may, on any day and at any time at his or her pleasure, visit any charter school 48 49 governed by the charter school's governing board.

(1) The visiting individual board member must sign in and sign out at the school's main office and wear his or her board or State Legislature identification badge, as applicable, at all times while present on school premises.

(2) The board, the school, or any other person or entity, including, but not limited to, the principal of the school, the school superintendent, or any other board member, may not require the visiting <u>individual</u> board member to provide notice before visiting the school.

(3) The school may offer, but may not require, an escort to accompany the a visiting individual board member during the visit.

62 (4) A Another board member or a district employee, 63 including, but not limited to, the superintendent, the school 64 principal, or <u>the superintendent's or the principal's</u> his or her 65 designee, may not limit the duration or scope of the visit or 66 direct <u>the</u> a visiting <u>individual</u> board member to leave the 67 premises.

68 (5) A board, district, or school administrative policy or 69 practice may not prohibit or limit the authority granted to the

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70 visiting individual a board member under this section. 71 Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 72 1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 73 1002.33 Charter schools.-74 (6) APPLICATION PROCESS AND REVIEW.-Charter school applications are subject to the following requirements: 75 76 (b) A sponsor shall receive and review all applications for 77 a charter school using the evaluation instrument developed by the Department of Education. A sponsor shall receive and 78 79 consider charter school applications received on or before August 1 of each calendar year for charter schools to be opened 80 81 at the beginning of the school district's next school year, or 82 to be opened at a time agreed to by the applicant and the 83 sponsor. A sponsor may not refuse to receive a charter school 84 application submitted before August 1 and may receive an 85 application submitted later than August 1 if it chooses. 86 Beginning in 2018 and thereafter, a sponsor shall receive and 87 consider charter school applications received on or before 88 February 1 of each calendar year for charter schools to be 89 opened 18 months later at the beginning of the school district's 90 school year, or to be opened at a time agreed to by the 91 applicant and the sponsor. A sponsor may not refuse to receive a 92 charter school application submitted before February 1 and may 93 receive an application submitted later than February 1 if it 94 chooses. A sponsor may not charge an applicant for a charter any 95 fee for the processing or consideration of an application, and a 96 sponsor may not base its consideration or approval of a final 97 application upon the promise of future payment of any kind.

98 Before approving or denying any application, the sponsor shall

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99 allow the applicant, upon receipt of written notification, at 100 least 7 calendar days to make technical or nonsubstantive 101 corrections and clarifications, including, but not limited to, 102 corrections of grammatical, typographical, and like errors or 103 missing signatures, if such errors are identified by the sponsor 104 as cause to deny the final application.

105 1. In order to facilitate an accurate budget projection 106 process, a sponsor shall be held harmless for FTE students who 107 are not included in the FTE projection due to approval of 108 charter school applications after the FTE projection deadline. 109 In a further effort to facilitate an accurate budget projection, 110 within 15 calendar days after receipt of a charter school 111 application, a sponsor shall report to the Department of 112 Education the name of the applicant entity, the proposed charter 113 school location, and its projected FTE.

2. In order to ensure fiscal responsibility, an application for a charter school shall include a full accounting of expected assets, a projection of expected sources and amounts of income, including income derived from projected student enrollments and from community support, and an expense projection that includes full accounting of the costs of operation, including start-up costs.

3.a. A sponsor shall by a majority vote approve or deny an application no later than 90 calendar days after the application is received, unless the sponsor and the applicant mutually agree in writing to temporarily postpone the vote to a specific date, at which time the sponsor shall by a majority vote approve or deny the application. If the sponsor fails to act on the application, an applicant may appeal to the State Board of

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Education as provided in paragraph (c). If an application is denied, the sponsor shall, within 10 calendar days after such denial, articulate in writing the specific reasons, based upon good cause, supporting its denial of the application and shall provide the letter of denial and supporting documentation to the applicant and to the Department of Education.

b. An application submitted by a high-performing charter
school identified pursuant to s. 1002.331 or a high-performing
charter school system identified pursuant to s. 1002.332 may be
denied by the sponsor only if the sponsor demonstrates by clear
and convincing evidence that:

(I) The application does not materially comply with the requirements in paragraph (a);

(II) The charter school proposed in the application does not materially comply with the requirements in paragraphs (9)(a)-(f);

(III) The proposed charter school's educational program does not substantially replicate that of the applicant or one of the applicant's high-performing charter schools;

(IV) The applicant has made a material misrepresentation or false statement or concealed an essential or material fact during the application process; or

(V) The proposed charter school's educational program and financial management practices do not materially comply with the requirements of this section.

Material noncompliance is a failure to follow requirements or a violation of prohibitions applicable to charter school applications, which failure is quantitatively or qualitatively

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157 significant either individually or when aggregated with other 158 noncompliance. An applicant is considered to be replicating a 159 high-performing charter school if the proposed school is 160 substantially similar to at least one of the applicant's high-161 performing charter schools and the organization or individuals 162 involved in the establishment and operation of the proposed 163 school are significantly involved in the operation of replicated 164 schools.

165 c. If the sponsor denies an application submitted by a 166 high-performing charter school or a high-performing charter 167 school system, the sponsor must, within 10 calendar days after 168 such denial, state in writing the specific reasons, based upon 169 the criteria in sub-subparagraph b., supporting its denial of 170 the application and must provide the letter of denial and 171 supporting documentation to the applicant and to the Department 172 of Education. The applicant may appeal the sponsor's denial of 173 the application in accordance with paragraph (c).

4. For budget projection purposes, the sponsor shall report to the Department of Education the approval or denial of an application within 10 calendar days after such approval or denial. In the event of approval, the report to the Department of Education shall include the final projected FTE for the approved charter school.

180 5. Upon approval of an application, the initial startup 181 shall commence with the beginning of the public school calendar 182 for the district in which the charter is granted. A charter 183 school may defer the opening of the school's operations for up 184 to <u>3</u> 2 years to provide time for adequate facility planning. The 185 charter school must provide written notice of such intent to the

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186	sponsor and the parents of enrolled students at least 30
187	calendar days before the first day of school.
188	Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 1002.331, Florida
189	Statutes, is amended to read:
190	1002.331 High-performing charter schools
191	(1) A charter school is a high-performing charter school if
192	it:
193	(a) Received at least two school grades of "A" and no
194	school grade below "B," pursuant to s. 1008.34, during each of
195	the previous 3 school years or received at least two consecutive
196	school grades of "A" in the most recent 2 school years.
197	(b) Received an unqualified opinion on each annual
198	financial audit required under s. 218.39 in the most recent 3
199	fiscal years for which such audits are available.
200	(c) Did not receive a financial audit that revealed one or
201	more of the financial emergency conditions set forth in s.
202	218.503(1) in the most recent 3 fiscal years for which such
203	audits are available. However, this requirement is deemed met
204	for a charter school-in-the-workplace if there is a finding in
205	an audit that the school has the monetary resources available to
206	cover any reported deficiency or that the deficiency does not
207	result in a deteriorating financial condition pursuant to s.
208	1002.345(1)(a)3.
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210	For purposes of determining initial eligibility, the
211	requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) only apply to the most
212	recent 2 fiscal years if the charter school earns 2 consecutive
213	grades of "A." A virtual charter school established under s.
214	1002.33 is not eligible for designation as a high-performing

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215 charter school.

> Section 5. Present subsections (11) and (12) of section 1002.333, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (12) and (13), respectively, a new subsection (11) is added to that section, and subsections (1) and (2), paragraph (a) of subsection (4), paragraphs (b), (g), and (i) of subsection (5), paragraph (a) of subsection (7), subsection (9), and paragraph (b) of subsection (10) of that section are amended, to read: 1002.333 Persistently low-performing schools.-

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(1) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Hope operator" means an entity identified by the department pursuant to subsection (2).

(b) "Persistently low-performing school" means a school that has completed 2 school years of a district-managed turnaround plan required under s. 1008.33(4)(a) and has not improved its school grade to a "C" or higher, earned three consecutive grades lower than a "C," pursuant to s. 1008.34, and a school that was closed pursuant to s. 1008.33(4) within 2 years after the submission of a notice of intent.

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(c) "School of hope" means:

235 1. A charter school operated by a hope operator which 236 serves students from one or more persistently low-performing schools, \div is located in the attendance zone of a persistently low-performing school, or within a 5-mile radius of such school, 239 whichever is greater; and is a Title I eligible school; or

240 2. A school operated by a hope operator pursuant to s. 241 1008.33(4)(b)3.b. s. 1008.33(4)(b)3.

242 (2) HOPE OPERATOR. - A hope operator is a nonprofit organization with tax exempt status under s. 501(c)(3) of the 243

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244 Internal Revenue Code which that operates three or more charter 245 schools that serve students in grades K-12 in Florida or other 246 states with a record of serving students from low-income 247 families and is designated by the State Board of Education as a 248 hope operator based on a determination that: 249 (a) The past performance of the hope operator meets or 250 exceeds the following criteria: 251 1. The achievement of enrolled students exceeds the 2.52 district and state averages of the states in which the 253 operator's schools operate; 254 2. The average college attendance rate at all schools 255 currently operated by the operator exceeds 80 percent, if such 256 data is available; 257 3. The percentage of students eligible for a free or 258 reduced price lunch under the National School Lunch Act enrolled 259 at all schools currently operated by the operator exceeds 70 260 percent; 261 4. The operator is in good standing with the authorizer in 262 each state in which it operates; 263 5. The audited financial statements of the operator are 264 free of material misstatements and going concern issues; and 265 6. Other outcome measures as determined by the State Board 266 of Education; (b) The operator was awarded a United States Department of 2.67 268 Education Charter School Program Grant for Replication and 269 Expansion of High-Quality Charter Schools within the preceding 3 270 years before applying to be a hope operator; 271 (c) The operator receives funding through the National Fund of the Charter School Growth Fund to accelerate the growth of 272

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273	the nation's best charter schools; or
274	(d) The operator is selected by a district school board in
275	accordance with s. 1008.33.
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277	An entity that meets the requirements of paragraph (b),
278	paragraph (c), or paragraph (d) before the adoption by the state
279	board of measurable criteria pursuant to paragraph (a) shall be
280	designated as a hope operator. After the adoption of the
281	measurable criteria, an entity, including a governing board that
282	operates a school established pursuant to <u>s. 1008.33(4)(b)3.b.</u>
283	s. 1008.33(4)(b)3., shall be designated as a hope operator if it
284	meets the criteria of paragraph (a).
285	(4) ESTABLISHMENT OF SCHOOLS OF HOPEA hope operator
286	seeking to open a school of hope must submit a notice of intent
287	to the school district in which a persistently low-performing
288	school has been identified by the State Board of Education
289	pursuant to subsection (10).
290	(a) The notice of intent must include <u>all of the following</u> :
291	1. An academic focus and plan.
292	2. A financial plan.
293	3. Goals and objectives for increasing student achievement
294	for the students from low-income families.
295	4. A completed or planned community outreach plan.
296	5. The organizational history of success in working with
297	students with similar demographics.
298	6. The grade levels to be served and enrollment
299	projections.
300	7. The <u>specific</u> proposed location or geographic area
301	proposed for the school and its proximity to the persistently

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302 low-performing school or the plan to use the district-owned 303 facilities of the persistently low-performing school.

8. A staffing plan.

9. An operations plan specifying the operator's intent to undertake the operations of the persistently low-performing school in its entirety or through limited components of the operations.

(5) PERFORMANCE-BASED AGREEMENT. - The following shall comprise the entirety of the performance-based agreement:

(b) The location or geographic area proposed for the school of hope and its proximity to the persistently low-performing school.

(f) (g) The grounds for termination, including failure to meet the requirements for student performance established pursuant to paragraph (d) (e), generally accepted standards of fiscal management, or material violation of terms of the agreement. The nonrenewal or termination of a performance-based agreement must comply with the requirements of s. 1002.33(8).

320 (h) (i) A provision establishing the initial term as 5 321 years. The agreement must shall be renewed, upon the request of 322 the hope operator, unless the school fails to meet the 323 requirements for student performance established pursuant to paragraph (d) (e) or generally accepted standards of fiscal 325 management or the school of hope materially violates the law or the terms of the agreement. 326

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(7) FACILITIES.-

328 (a)1. A school of hope that meets the definition under 329 subparagraph (1)(c)1. shall use facilities that comply with the 330 Florida Building Code, except for the State Requirements for

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331 Educational Facilities. A school of hope that uses school 332 district facilities must comply with the State Requirements for Educational Facilities only if the school district and the hope 333 334 operator have entered into a mutual management plan for the 335 reasonable maintenance of such facilities. The mutual management 336 plan shall contain a provision by which the district school 337 board agrees to maintain the school facilities in the same 338 manner as its other public schools within the district.

2. A school of hope that meets the definition under subparagraph (1)(c)2. and that receives funds from the hope 341 supplemental services allocation under s. 1011.62(16) shall use 342 the district-owned facilities of the persistently low-performing 343 school that the school of hope operates. A school of hope that uses district-owned facilities must enter into a mutual management plan with the school district for the reasonable maintenance of the facilities. The mutual management plan must 347 contain a provision specifying that the district school board agrees to maintain the school facilities in the same manner as 349 other public schools within the district.

351 The local governing authority shall not adopt or impose any 352 local building requirements or site-development restrictions, 353 such as parking and site-size criteria, student enrollment, and 354 occupant load, that are addressed by and more stringent than 355 those found in the State Requirements for Educational Facilities 356 of the Florida Building Code. A local governing authority must 357 treat schools of hope equitably in comparison to similar 358 requirements, restrictions, and site planning processes imposed 359 upon public schools. The agency having jurisdiction for

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360	inspection of a facility and issuance of a certificate of
361	occupancy or use shall be the local municipality or, if in an
362	unincorporated area, the county governing authority. If an
363	official or employee of the local governing authority refuses to
364	comply with this paragraph, the aggrieved school or entity has
365	an immediate right to bring an action in circuit court to
366	enforce its rights by injunction. An aggrieved party that
367	receives injunctive relief may be awarded reasonable attorney
368	fees and court costs.
369	(9) FUNDING
370	(a) Schools of hope shall be funded in accordance with s.
371	1002.33(17).
372	(b) Schools of hope shall receive priority in the
373	department's Public Charter School Grant Program competitions.
374	(c) Schools of hope shall be considered charter schools for
375	purposes of s. 1013.62, except charter capital outlay may not be
376	used to purchase real property or for the construction of school
377	facilities.
378	(d) Schools of hope that meet the definition under
379	subparagraph (1)(c)1. are eligible to receive funds from the
380	Schools of Hope Program.
381	(e) Schools of hope that meet the definition under
382	subparagraph (1)(c)2. are eligible to receive funds from the
383	hope supplemental services allocation established under s.
384	<u>1011.62(16).</u>
385	(10) SCHOOLS OF HOPE PROGRAM.—The Schools of Hope Program
386	is created within the Department of Education.
387	(b) A traditional public school that is required to submit
388	a plan for implementation pursuant to s. 1008.33(4) is eligible



389	to receive <u>funding for services authorized</u> up to \$2,000 per
390	full-time equivalent student from the hope supplemental services
391	allocation established under s. 1011.62(16) Schools of Hope
392	Program based upon the strength of the school's plan for
393	implementation and its focus on evidence-based interventions
394	that lead to student success by providing wrap-around services
395	that leverage community assets, improve school and community
396	collaboration, and develop family and community partnerships.
397	Wrap-around services include, but are not limited to, tutorial
398	and after-school programs, student counseling, nutrition
399	education, parental counseling, and adult education. Plans for
400	implementation may also include models that develop a culture of
401	attending college, high academic expectations, character
402	development, dress codes, and an extended school day and school
403	year. At a minimum, a plan for implementation must:
404	1. Establish wrap-around services that develop family and
405	community partnerships.
406	2. Establish clearly defined and measurable high academic
407	and character standards.
408	3. Increase parental involvement and engagement in the
409	child's education.
410	4. Describe how the school district will identify, recruit,
411	retain, and reward instructional personnel. The state board may
412	waive the requirements of s. 1012.22(1)(c)5., and suspend the
413	requirements of s. 1012.34, to facilitate implementation of the
414	plan.
415	5. Identify a knowledge-rich curriculum that the school
416	will use that focuses on developing a student's background
417	knowledge.

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418	6. Provide professional development that focuses on
419	academic rigor, direct instruction, and creating high academic
420	and character standards.
421	(11) SCHOOLS OF HOPE MANAGEMENTA hope operator or the
422	owner of a school of hope may not serve as the principal of any
423	school that he or she manages.
424	Section 6. Section 1002.334, Florida Statutes, is created
425	to read:
426	1002.334 Franchise model schools
427	(1) As used in this section, the term "franchise model
428	school" means a persistently low-performing school, as defined
429	in s. 1002.333(1)(b), which is led by a highly effective
430	principal in addition to the principal's currently assigned
431	school. If a franchise model school achieves a grade of "C" or
432	higher, the school may retain its status as a franchise model
433	school at the discretion of the school district.
434	(2) A school district that has one or more persistently
435	low-performing schools may use a franchise model school as a
436	school turnaround option pursuant to s. 1008.33(4)(b)4.
437	(3) A franchise model school principal:
438	(a) Must be rated as highly effective pursuant to s.
439	<u>1012.34;</u>
440	(b) May lead two or more schools, including a persistently
441	low-performing school or a school that was considered a
442	persistently low-performing school before becoming a franchise
443	<pre>model school;</pre>
444	(c) May allocate resources and personnel between the
445	schools under his or her administration; however, he or she must
446	expend hope supplemental services allocation funds, authorized

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447 under s. 1011.62(16), at the franchise model school; and 448 (d) Is eligible to receive a Best and Brightest Principal 449 award under s. 1012.732. 450 Section 7. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) and subsection 451 (8) of section 1002.385, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 452 1002.385 The Gardiner Scholarship.-453 (2) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term: (d) "Disability" means, for a 3- or 4-year-old child or for 454 455 a student in kindergarten to grade 12, autism spectrum disorder, 456 as defined in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental 457 Disorders, Fifth Edition, published by the American Psychiatric 458 Association; cerebral palsy, as defined in s. 393.063(6); Down 459 syndrome, as defined in s. 393.063(15); an intellectual 460 disability, as defined in s. 393.063(24); Phelan-McDermid 461 syndrome, as defined in s. 393.063(28); Prader-Willi syndrome, 462 as defined in s. 393.063(29); spina bifida, as defined in s. 463 393.063(40); being a high-risk child, as defined in s. 393.063(23)(a); muscular dystrophy; Williams syndrome; a rare 464 465 disease, a disorder that affects diseases which affect patient 466 populations of fewer than 200,000 individuals or fewer in the 467 United States, as defined by the Orphan Drug Act of 1983, Pub. 468 L. No. 97-414 National Organization for Rare Disorders; 469 anaphylaxis; deaf; visually impaired; traumatic brain injured; 470 hospital or homebound; or identification as dual sensory 471 impaired, as defined by rules of the State Board of Education 472 and evidenced by reports from local school districts. The term 473 "hospital or homebound" includes a student who has a medically 474 diagnosed physical or psychiatric condition or illness, as 475 defined by the state board in rule, and who is confined to the

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476 home or hospital for more than 6 months.

(8) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY AND OBLIGATIONS.—An eligible private school may be sectarian or nonsectarian and shall:

(a) Comply with all requirements for private schools participating in state school choice scholarship programs pursuant to s. 1002.421.

(b) Provide to the organization, upon request, all documentation required for the student's participation, including the private school's and student's fee schedules.

(c) Be academically accountable to the parent for meeting the educational needs of the student by:

1. At a minimum, annually providing to the parent a written explanation of the student's progress.

489 2. Annually administering or making provision for students 490 participating in the program in grades 3 through 10 to take one 491 of the nationally norm-referenced tests identified by the 492 Department of Education or the statewide assessments pursuant to 493 s. 1008.22. Students with disabilities for whom standardized 494 testing is not appropriate are exempt from this requirement. A 495 participating private school shall report a student's scores to 496 the parent.

497 3. Cooperating with the scholarship student whose parent 498 chooses to have the student participate in the statewide 499 assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22 or, if a private school 500 chooses to offer the statewide assessments, administering the 501 assessments at the school.

a. A participating private school may choose to offer and
administer the statewide assessments to all students who attend
the private school in grades 3 through 10.

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505 b. A participating private school shall submit a request in 506 writing to the Department of Education by March 1 of each year 507 in order to administer the statewide assessments in the 508 subsequent school year.

(d) Employ or contract with teachers who have regular and direct contact with each student receiving a scholarship under this section at the school's physical location.

512 (e) Provide a report from an independent certified public 513 accountant who performs the agreed-upon procedures developed under s. 1002.395(6)(o) if the private school receives more than 514 515 \$250,000 in funds from scholarships awarded under this chapter 516 section in a state fiscal year. A private school subject to this 517 paragraph must annually submit the report by September 15 to the 518 organization that awarded the majority of the school's 519 scholarship funds. The agreed-upon procedures must be conducted 520 in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. 521

523 If a private school <u>fails or refuses</u> is unable to meet the 524 requirements of this subsection or has consecutive years of 525 material exceptions listed in the report required under 526 paragraph (e), the commissioner may determine that the private 527 school is ineligible to participate in the program.

Section 8. Paragraph (f) of subsection (6) and subsection (8) of section 1002.39, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

530 1002.39 The John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with 531 Disabilities Program.—There is established a program that is 532 separate and distinct from the Opportunity Scholarship Program 533 and is named the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with

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534 Disabilities Program.

535 (6) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS.-The department 536 shall:

537 (f)1. Conduct random site visits to private schools 538 participating in the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students 539 with Disabilities Program as authorized under s. 1002.421(7). 540 The purposes purpose of the site visits are is solely to verify 541 compliance with the provisions of subsection (7) aimed at protecting the health, safety, and welfare of students and to 542 543 verify the information reported by the schools concerning the 544 enrollment and attendance of students, the credentials of 545 teachers, background screening of teachers, and teachers' 546 fingerprinting results, which information is required by rules 547 of the State Board of Education, subsection (8), and s. 548 1002.421. The Department of Education may not make followup more than three random site visits at any time to any school that has 549 550 received a notice of noncompliance or a notice of proposed 551 action within the previous 2 years pursuant to subsection (7) 552 each year and may not make more than one random site visit each 553 year to the same private school.

554 2. Annually, by December 15, report to the Governor, the 555 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 556 Representatives the Department of Education's actions with 557 respect to implementing accountability in the scholarship 558 program under this section and s. 1002.421, any substantiated 559 allegations or violations of law or rule by an eligible private 560 school under this program concerning the enrollment and 561 attendance of students, the credentials of teachers, background 562 screening of teachers, and teachers' fingerprinting results and

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563 the corrective action taken by the Department of Education. 564 (8) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY AND OBLIGATIONS.-To be eligible to participate in the John M. McKay Scholarships for 565 566 Students with Disabilities Program, a private school may be 567 sectarian or nonsectarian and must: 568 (a) Comply with all requirements for private schools 569 participating in state school choice scholarship programs 570 pursuant to s. 1002.421. (b) Provide to the department all documentation required 571 572 for a student's participation, including the private school's 573 and student's fee schedules, at least 30 days before any 574 quarterly scholarship payment is made for the student pursuant 575 to paragraph (11) (e). A student is not eligible to receive a 576 quarterly scholarship payment if the private school fails to 577 meet this deadline. 578 (c) Be academically accountable to the parent for meeting 579 the educational needs of the student by: 1. At a minimum, annually providing to the parent a written 580 581 explanation of the student's progress. 582 2. Cooperating with the scholarship student whose parent 583 chooses to participate in the statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22. 584 585 (d) Maintain in this state a physical location where a scholarship student regularly attends classes. 586

(e) If the private school that participates in a state scholarship program under this chapter receives more than \$250,000 in funds from scholarships awarded under chapter 1002 in a state fiscal year, provide an annual report from an independent certified public accountant who performs the agreed-

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592 upon procedures developed under s. 1002.395(6)(o). Such a 593 private school must annually submit the required report by 594 September 15 to the organization that awarded the majority of 595 the school's scholarship funds. The agreed-upon procedures must 596 be conducted in accordance with attestation standards 597 established by the American Institute of Certified Public 598 Accountants. 599 600 The failure or refusal inability of a private school to meet the 601 requirements of this subsection shall constitute a basis for the 602 ineligibility of the private school to participate in the 603 scholarship program as determined by the department. 604 Section 9. Paragraph (o) of subsection (6), subsection (8), 605 and paragraph (n) of subsection (9) of section 1002.395, Florida 606 Statutes, are amended to read: 607 1002.395 Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program.-608 (6) OBLIGATIONS OF ELIGIBLE NONPROFIT SCHOLARSHIP-FUNDING 609 ORGANIZATIONS. - An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding 610 organization: 611 (o)1.a. Must participate in the joint development of 612 agreed-upon procedures to be performed by an independent 613 certified public accountant as required under paragraph (8) (e) 614 if the scholarship-funding organization provided more than 615 \$250,000 in scholarship funds to an eligible private school 616 under this chapter section during the 2009-2010 state fiscal 617 year. The agreed-upon procedures must uniformly apply to all 618 private schools and must determine, at a minimum, whether the 619 private school has been verified as eligible by the Department 620 of Education under paragraph (9)(c); has an adequate accounting

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621 system, system of financial controls, and process for deposit 622 and classification of scholarship funds; and has properly 623 expended scholarship funds for education-related expenses. 624 During the development of the procedures, the participating 625 scholarship-funding organizations shall specify guidelines 626 governing the materiality of exceptions that may be found during 627 the accountant's performance of the procedures. The procedures 628 and quidelines shall be provided to private schools and the 62.9 Commissioner of Education by March 15, 2011.

630 b. Must participate in a joint review of the agreed-upon 631 procedures and guidelines developed under sub-subparagraph a., 632 by February 2013 and biennially thereafter, if the scholarship-633 funding organization provided more than \$250,000 in scholarship 634 funds to an eligible private school under this chapter section 635 during the state fiscal year preceding the biennial review. If 636 the procedures and quidelines are revised, the revisions must be 637 provided to private schools and the Commissioner of Education by 638 March 15, 2013, and biennially thereafter.

c. Must monitor the compliance of a private school with
paragraph (8) (e) if the scholarship-funding organization
provided the majority of the scholarship funding to the school.
For each private school subject to paragraph (8) (e), the
appropriate scholarship-funding organization shall notify the
Commissioner of Education by October 30, 2011, and annually
thereafter of:

646 (I) A private school's failure to submit a report required 647 under paragraph (8)(e); or

648 (II) Any material exceptions set forth in the report649 required under paragraph (8)(e).

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650 2. Must seek input from the accrediting associations that 651 are members of the Florida Association of Academic Nonpublic 652 Schools when jointly developing the agreed-upon procedures and 653 quidelines under sub-subparagraph 1.a. and conducting a review 654 of those procedures and guidelines under sub-subparagraph 1.b. 655 656 Information and documentation provided to the Department of 657 Education and the Auditor General relating to the identity of a 658 taxpayer that provides an eligible contribution under this 659 section shall remain confidential at all times in accordance 660 with s. 213.053. 661 (8) PRIVATE SCHOOL ELIGIBILITY AND OBLIGATIONS.-An eligible 662 private school may be sectarian or nonsectarian and must: 663 (a) Comply with all requirements for private schools 664 participating in state school choice scholarship programs 665 pursuant to s. 1002.421. 666 (b) Provide to the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding 667 organization, upon request, all documentation required for the student's participation, including the private school's and 668 669 student's fee schedules. 670 (c) Be academically accountable to the parent for meeting 671 the educational needs of the student by: 672 1. At a minimum, annually providing to the parent a written explanation of the student's progress. 673 674 2. Annually administering or making provision for students 675 participating in the scholarship program in grades 3 through 10 676 to take one of the nationally norm-referenced tests identified

by the Department of Education or the statewide assessmentspursuant to s. 1008.22. Students with disabilities for whom

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679 standardized testing is not appropriate are exempt from this 680 requirement. A participating private school must report a 681 student's scores to the parent. A participating private school 682 must annually report by August 15 the scores of all 683 participating students to the Learning System Institute 684 described in paragraph (9) (j).

3. Cooperating with the scholarship student whose parent chooses to have the student participate in the statewide assessments pursuant to s. 1008.22 or, if a private school chooses to offer the statewide assessments, administering the assessments at the school.

a. A participating private school may choose to offer and administer the statewide assessments to all students who attend the private school in grades 3 through 10.

b. A participating private school must submit a request in writing to the Department of Education by March 1 of each year in order to administer the statewide assessments in the subsequent school year.

(d) Employ or contract with teachers who have regular and direct contact with each student receiving a scholarship under this section at the school's physical location.

700 (e) Provide a report from an independent certified public 701 accountant who performs the agreed-upon procedures developed 702 under paragraph (6) (o) if the private school receives more than 703 \$250,000 in funds from scholarships awarded under this chapter 704 section in a state fiscal year. A private school subject to this 705 paragraph must annually submit the report by September 15 to the 706 scholarship-funding organization that awarded the majority of 707 the school's scholarship funds. The agreed-upon procedures must

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708 be conducted in accordance with attestation standards 709 established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. 710

712 If a private school fails or refuses is unable to meet the 713 requirements of this subsection or has consecutive years of 714 material exceptions listed in the report required under 715 paragraph (e), the commissioner may determine that the private 716 school is ineligible to participate in the scholarship program 717 as determined by the Department of Education.

718 (9) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS.-The Department of 719 Education shall:

(n)1. Conduct site visits to private schools participating in the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program as authorized under s. 1002.421(7). The purposes purpose of the site visits are is solely to verify compliance with the provisions of subsection (11) aimed at protecting the health, safety, and 725 welfare of students and to verify the information reported by 726 the schools concerning the enrollment and attendance of students, the credentials of teachers, background screening of teachers, and teachers' fingerprinting results. The Department 729 of Education may not make more than seven site visits each year; however, The department may make followup additional site visits 7.31 at any time to any school that, pursuant to subsection (11), has received a notice of noncompliance or a notice of proposed 733 action within the previous 2 years.

734 2. Annually, by December 15, report to the Governor, the 735 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 736 Representatives the Department of Education's actions with

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737 respect to implementing accountability in the scholarship 738 program under this section and s. 1002.421, any substantiated 739 allegations or violations of law or rule by an eligible private 740 school under this program concerning the enrollment and 741 attendance of students, the credentials of teachers, background 742 screening of teachers, and teachers' fingerprinting results and 743 the corrective action taken by the Department of Education.

Section 10. Present subsection (7) of section 1002.421, Florida Statutes, is amended and redesignated as subsection (11), a new subsection (7) and subsections (8), (9), and (10) are added to that section, and subsection (1), paragraphs (h) and (i) of subsection (2), and subsections (4) and (5) of that section are amended, to read:

1002.421 Accountability of private schools participating in state school choice scholarship programs.-

(1) (a) A Florida private school participating in the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program established pursuant to s. 1002.395 or an educational scholarship program established pursuant to this chapter must comply with all requirements of this section in addition to private school requirements outlined in s. 1002.42, specific requirements identified within respective scholarship program laws, and other provisions of Florida law that apply to private schools.

(b) For purposes of this section, the term "owner or operator" includes an owner, operator, superintendent, or principal of an eligible private school or a person with equivalent decisionmaking authority over an eligible private school.

(2) A private school participating in a scholarship program

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766 must be a Florida private school as defined in s. 1002.01(2), 767 must be registered in accordance with s. 1002.42, and must: 768 (h) Employ or contract with teachers who: 769 1. Unless otherwise specified under this paragraph, hold 770 baccalaureate or higher degrees, have at least 3 years of 771 teaching experience in public or private schools, or have 772 objectively identified special skills, knowledge, or expertise 773 that qualifies them to provide instruction in subjects taught. 774 2. Hold baccalaureate or higher degrees from a regionally 775 or nationally accredited college or university in the United 776 States or from a recognized college or university in another 777 country. This subparagraph applies to full-time teachers hired 778 after July 1, 2018, who are teaching students in grade 2 or 779 above. 780 781 The private school must report to the department, in a format 782 developed by the department, the qualifications of each teacher hired by the school, including, but not limited to, an 783 784 explanation of the objectively identified special skills or 785 expertise of such teachers, as applicable. Additionally, the 786 private school must provide to the parent of each scholarship 787 student, on the school's website or on a written form provided 788 by the school, the qualifications of each classroom teacher. 789 (i) Require each employee and contracted personnel with 790

790 direct student contact, upon employment or engagement to provide 791 services, to undergo a state and national background screening, 792 pursuant to s. 943.0542, by electronically filing with the 793 Department of Law Enforcement a complete set of fingerprints 794 taken by an authorized law enforcement agency or an employee of

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795 the private school, a school district, or a private company who 796 is trained to take fingerprints and deny employment to or 797 terminate an employee if he or she fails to meet the screening standards under s. 435.04. Results of the screening shall be 798 799 provided to the participating private school. For purposes of 800 this paragraph:

801 1. An "employee or contracted personnel with direct student 802 contact" means any employee or contracted personnel who has unsupervised access to a scholarship student for whom the 803 804 private school is responsible.

805 2. The costs of fingerprinting and the background check 806 shall not be borne by the state.

807 3. Continued employment of an employee or contracted personnel after notification that he or she has failed the 809 background screening under this paragraph shall cause a private school to be ineligible for participation in a scholarship 811 program.

812 4. An employee or contracted personnel holding a valid 813 Florida teaching certificate who has been fingerprinted pursuant 814 to s. 1012.32 and who is not ineligible for employment pursuant 815 to s. 1012.315 is not required to comply with the provisions of 816 this paragraph.

(4) A private school that accepts scholarship students under this chapter s. 1002.39 or s. 1002.395 must:

819 (a) Disqualify instructional personnel and school 820 administrators, as defined in s. 1012.01, from employment in any 821 position that requires direct contact with students if the 822 personnel or administrators are ineligible for such employment 823 under s. 1012.315.

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824 (b) Adopt and faithfully implement policies establishing 825 standards of ethical conduct for instructional personnel and 826 school administrators. The policies must require all 827 instructional personnel and school administrators, as defined in 828 s. 1012.01, to complete training on the standards; establish the 829 duty of instructional personnel and school administrators to 830 report, and procedures for reporting, alleged misconduct by 831 other instructional personnel and school administrators which affects the health, safety, or welfare of a student; and include 832 833 an explanation of the liability protections provided under ss. 834 39.203 and 768.095. A private school, or any of its employees, 835 may not enter into a confidentiality agreement regarding 836 terminated or dismissed instructional personnel or school 837 administrators, or personnel or administrators who resign in 838 lieu of termination, based in whole or in part on misconduct 839 that affects the health, safety, or welfare of a student, and 840 may not provide the instructional personnel or school 841 administrators with employment references or discuss the 842 personnel's or administrators' performance with prospective 843 employers in another educational setting, without disclosing the 844 personnel's or administrators' misconduct. Any part of an 845 agreement or contract that has the purpose or effect of 846 concealing misconduct by instructional personnel or school administrators which affects the health, safety, or welfare of a 847 848 student is void, is contrary to public policy, and may not be 849 enforced.

850 (c) Before employing instructional personnel or school 851 administrators in any position that requires direct contact with 852 students, conduct employment history checks of each of the

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853 personnel's or administrators' previous employers, screen the 854 personnel or administrators through use of the educator 855 screening tools described in s. 1001.10(5), and document the 856 findings. If unable to contact a previous employer, the private 857 school must document efforts to contact the employer. 858 859 The department shall suspend the payment of funds under this chapter ss. 1002.39 and 1002.395 to a private school that 860 861 knowingly fails or refuses to comply with this subsection, and 862 shall prohibit the school from enrolling new scholarship 863 students, for 1 fiscal year and until the school complies. 864 (5) The failure or refusal inability of a private school to 865 meet the requirements of this section shall constitute a basis 866 for the ineligibility of the private school to participate in a 867 scholarship program as determined by the department. 868 Additionally, a private school is ineligible to participate in a 869 state scholarship program under this chapter if the owner or 870 operator of the private school was a debtor in a voluntary or 871 involuntary bankruptcy petition within the most recent 5 years. 872 (7) (a) The department must annually visit at least 5 873 percent, and may annually visit up to 7 percent, of the private 874 schools that participate in the state scholarship programs under 875 this chapter. Site visits required under subsection (8) are not 876 included in the annual site visits authorized under this

878 (b) The purposes of the site visits are to verify
879 compliance with the provisions of this section aimed at
880 protecting the health, safety, and welfare of students and to
881 verify the information reported by the schools concerning the

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paragraph.

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882	enrollment and attendance of students, the credentials of
883	teachers, background screening of teachers, and teachers'
884	fingerprinting results, as required by rules of the State Board
885	of Education and this section.
886	(c) The department may make followup site visits at any
887	time to any school that has received a notice of noncompliance
888	or a notice of proposed action within the previous 2 years, or
889	for a cause that affects the health, safety, and welfare of a
890	student.
891	(8)(a) The department shall visit each private school that
892	notifies the department of the school's intent to participate in
893	a state scholarship program under this chapter.
894	(b) The purpose of the site visit is to determine that the
895	school meets the applicable state and local health, safety, and
896	welfare codes and rules pursuant to this section.
897	(9) The Division of State Fire Marshal shall annually
898	provide to the department a fire safety inspection report,
899	prepared by the local fire departments or by entities with whom
900	they contract to perform fire safety inspections of private
901	schools, for each private school that participates in a state
902	scholarship program under this chapter.
903	(10) If a private school that participates in a state
904	scholarship program under this chapter receives more than
905	\$250,000 in funds from the scholarships awarded under this
906	chapter in a state fiscal year, the school must provide to the
907	department a report of the balance sheet and statement of income
908	expenditures in accordance with generally accepted accounting
909	procedures from an independent certified public accountant who
910	performs the agreed-upon procedures.
908 909	expenditures in accordance with generally accepted accounting procedures from an independent certified public accountant who

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911 (11) (7) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer and enforce 912 this section. 913 914 Section 11. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 915 1003.41, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (f) is 916 added to that subsection, to read: 917 1003.41 Next Generation Sunshine State Standards.-918 (2) Next Generation Sunshine State Standards must meet the 919 following requirements: 920 (d) Social Studies standards must establish specific curricular content for, at a minimum, geography, United States 921 922 and world history, government, civics, humanities, and 923 economics, including financial literacy. Financial literacy 924 includes the knowledge, understanding, skills, behaviors, 925 attitudes, and values that will enable a student to make 926 responsible and effective financial decisions on a daily basis. 927 Financial literacy instruction shall be an integral part of 928 instruction throughout the entire economics course and include 929 information regarding earning income; buying goods and services; 930 saving and financial investing; taxes; the use of credit and 931 credit cards; budgeting and debt management, including student 932 loans and secured loans; banking and financial services; 933 planning for one's financial future, including higher education 934 and career planning; credit reports and scores; and fraud and 935 identity theft prevention. The requirements for financial 936 literacy specified under this paragraph do not apply to students 937 entering grade 9 in the 2018-2019 school year and thereafter. 938 (f) Effective for students entering grade 9 in the 2018-939 2019 school year and thereafter, financial literacy standards

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940	must establish specific curricular content for, at a minimum,
941	personal financial literacy and money management. Financial
942	literacy includes instruction in the areas specified in s.
943	1003.4282(3)(h).
944	Section 12. Paragraphs (d) and (g) of subsection (3) of
945	section 1003.4282, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph
946	(h) is added to that subsection, to read:
947	1003.4282 Requirements for a standard high school diploma
948	(3) STANDARD HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA; COURSE AND ASSESSMENT
949	REQUIREMENTS
950	(d) Three credits in social studies.—A student must earn
951	one credit in United States History; one credit in World
952	History; one-half credit in economics, which must include
953	financial literacy; and one-half credit in United States
954	Government. The United States History EOC assessment constitutes
955	30 percent of the student's final course grade. <u>However, for a</u>
956	student entering grade 9 in the 2018-2019 school year or
957	thereafter, financial literacy is not a required component of
958	the one-half credit in economics.
959	(g) <i>Eight Credits in Electives.</i> —School districts must
960	develop and offer coordinated electives so that a student may
961	develop knowledge and skills in his or her area of interest,
962	such as electives with a STEM or liberal arts focus. Such
963	electives must include opportunities for students to earn
964	college credit, including industry-certified career education
965	programs or series of career-themed courses that result in
966	industry certification or articulate into the award of college
967	credit, or career education courses for which there is a
968	statewide or local articulation agreement and which lead to

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969	college credit. A student entering grade 9 before the 2018-2019
970	school year must earn eight credits in electives. A student
971	entering grade 9 in the 2018-2019 school year or thereafter must
972	earn seven and one-half credits in electives.
973	(h) One-half credit in personal financial literacy.—
974	Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2018-2019 school
975	year, each student shall earn one-half credit in personal
976	financial literacy and money management. This instruction must
977	include discussion of or instruction in the following:
978	1. Types of bank accounts offered, opening and managing a
979	bank account, and assessing the quality of a depository
980	institution's services.
981	2. Balancing a checkbook.
982	3. Basic principles of money management, such as spending,
983	credit, credit scores, and managing debt, including retail and
984	credit card debt.
985	4. Completing a loan application.
986	5. Receiving an inheritance and related implications.
987	6. Basic principles of personal insurance policies.
988	7. Computing federal income taxes.
989	8. Local tax assessments.
990	9. Computing interest rates by various mechanisms.
991	10. Simple contracts.
992	11. Contesting an incorrect billing statement.
993	12. Types of savings and investments.
994	13. State and federal laws concerning finance.
995	Section 13. Section 1006.061, Florida Statutes, is amended
996	to read:
997	1006.061 Child abuse, abandonment, and neglect policyEach

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998 district school board, charter school, and private school that 999 accepts scholarship students under <u>s. 1002.385</u>, s. 1002.39<u>, or</u> 1000 s. 1002.395<u>, or another state scholarship program under chapter</u> 1001 1002 shall:

1002 (1) Post in a prominent place in each school a notice that, 1003 pursuant to chapter 39, all employees and agents of the district school board, charter school, or private school have an 1004 1005 affirmative duty to report all actual or suspected cases of 1006 child abuse, abandonment, or neglect; have immunity from 1007 liability if they report such cases in good faith; and have a 1008 duty to comply with child protective investigations and all 1009 other provisions of law relating to child abuse, abandonment, 1010 and neglect. The notice shall also include the statewide toll-1011 free telephone number of the central abuse hotline.

1012 (2) Post in a prominent place at each school site and on 1013 each school's Internet website, if available, the policies and 1014 procedures for reporting alleged misconduct by instructional 1015 personnel or school administrators which affects the health, 1016 safety, or welfare of a student; the contact person to whom the 1017 report is made; and the penalties imposed on instructional 1018 personnel or school administrators who fail to report suspected 1019 or actual child abuse or alleged misconduct by other 1020 instructional personnel or school administrators.

(3) Require the principal of the charter school or private school, or the district school superintendent, or the superintendent's designee, at the request of the Department of Children and Families, to act as a liaison to the Department of Children and Families and the child protection team, as defined in s. 39.01, when in a case of suspected child abuse,

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1027 abandonment, or neglect or an unlawful sexual offense involving 1028 a child the case is referred to such a team; except that this does not relieve or restrict the Department of Children and 1029 1030 Families from discharging its duty and responsibility under the 1031 law to investigate and report every suspected or actual case of 1032 child abuse, abandonment, or neglect or unlawful sexual offense 1033 involving a child. 1034 (4) (a) Post in a prominent place in a clearly visible 1035 location and public area of the school which is readily 1036 accessible to and widely used by students a sign in English and 1037 Spanish that contains: 1038 1. The statewide toll-free telephone number of the central 1039 abuse hotline as provided in chapter 39; 1040 2. Instructions to call 911 for emergencies; and 1041 3. Directions for accessing the Department of Children and 1042 Families Internet website for more information on reporting 1043 abuse, neglect, and exploitation. 1044 (b) The information in paragraph (a) must be put on at 1045 least one poster in each school, on a sheet that measures at 1046 least 11 inches by 17 inches, produced in large print, and 1047 placed at student eye level for easy viewing. 1048 1049 The Department of Education shall develop, and publish on the department's Internet website, sample notices suitable for 1050 1051 posting in accordance with subsections (1), (2), and (4). 1052 Section 14. Section 1007.273, Florida Statutes, is amended 1053 to read: 1054 1007.273 Structured high school acceleration programs 1055 Collegiate high school program.-

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1056 (1) Each Florida College System institution shall work with 1057 each district school board in its designated service area to 1058 establish one or more structured programs, including, but not 1059 limited to, collegiate high school programs. As used in this 1060 section, the term "structured program" means a structured high 1061 school acceleration program. (1) (2) PURPOSE.-At a minimum, structured collegiate high 1062 1063 school programs must include an option for public school 1064 students in grade 11 or grade 12 participating in the structured 1065 program, for at least 1 full school year, to earn CAPE industry 1066 certifications pursuant to s. 1008.44, and to successfully 1067 complete at least 30 credit hours through the dual enrollment 1068 program under s. 1007.271. The structured program must 1069 prioritize dual enrollment courses that are applicable toward general education core courses or common prerequisite course requirements under s. 1007.25 over dual enrollment courses applicable as electives toward at least the first year of

<u>applicable as electives</u> toward <u>at least</u> the first year of college for an associate degree or baccalaureate degree while enrolled in the <u>structured</u> program. <u>A district school board may</u> <u>not limit the number of eligible public school students who may</u> enroll in such structured programs.

(2) (3) REQUIRED STRUCTURED PROGRAM CONTRACTS.-

1078 (a) Each district school board and its local Florida
 1079 College System institution shall execute a contract to establish
 1080 one or more structured collegiate high school programs at a
 1081 mutually agreed upon location or locations. Beginning with the
 1082 2015-2016 school year, If the local Florida College System
 1083 institution does not establish a structured program with a
 1084 district school board in its designated service area, another

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Florida College System institution may execute a contract with that district school board to establish the <u>structured</u> program. The contract must be executed by January 1 of each school year for implementation of the <u>structured</u> program during the next school year. <u>By August 1, 2018, a contract entered into before</u> <u>January 1, 2018, for the 2018-2019 school year must be modified</u> to include the provisions of paragraph (b).

(b) The contract must:

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<u>1.(a)</u> Identify the grade levels to be included in the <u>structured</u> collegiate high school program; which must, at a minimum, include grade 12.

<u>2.(b)</u> Describe the <u>structured</u> collegiate high school program, including <u>a list of the meta-major academic pathways</u> <u>approved pursuant to s. 1008.30(4)</u>, which are available to <u>participating students through the partner Florida College</u> <u>System institution or other eligible partner postsecondary</u> <u>institutions;</u> the delineation of courses <u>that must, at a</u> <u>minimum, include general education core courses and common</u> <u>prerequisite course requirements pursuant to s. 1007.25;</u> and industry certifications offered, including online course availability; the high school and college credits earned for each postsecondary course completed and industry certification earned; student eligibility criteria; and the enrollment process and relevant deadlines;-

1109 <u>3.(c)</u> Describe the methods, medium, and process by which 1110 students and their parents are annually informed about the 1111 availability of the <u>structured</u> collegiate high school program, 1112 the return on investment associated with participation in the 1113 <u>structured</u> program, and the information described in



1114 subparagraphs 1. and 2.; paragraphs (a) and (b). 1115 4.(d) Identify the delivery methods for instruction and the 1116 instructors for all courses; -1117 5.(e) Identify student advising services and progress 1118 monitoring mechanisms; -1119 6.(f) Establish a program review and reporting mechanism regarding student performance outcomes; and. 1120 1121 7.(g) Describe the terms of funding arrangements to 1122 implement the structured collegiate high school program pursuant 1123 to paragraph (5)(a). 1124 (3) STUDENT PERFORMANCE CONTRACT AND NOTIFICATION.-1125 (a) (4) Each student participating in a structured 1126 collegiate high school program must enter into a student 1127 performance contract which must be signed by the student, the 1128 parent, and a representative of the school district and the applicable Florida College System institution, state university, 1129 1130 or other institution participating pursuant to subsection (4) 1131 (5). The performance contract must, at a minimum, specify include the schedule of courses, by semester, and industry 1132 certifications to be taken by the student, if any; student 1133 1134 attendance requirements; , and course grade requirements; and the 1135 applicability of such courses to an associate degree or a baccalaureate degree. 1136 11.37 (b) By September 1 of each school year, each district 1138 school board must notify each student enrolled in grades 9, 10, 1139 11, and 12 in a public school within the school district about 1140 the structured program, including, but not limited to: 1. The method for earning college credit through 1141 1142 participation in the structured program. The notification must

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include website links to the dual enrollment course equivalency 1143 1144 list approved by the State Board of Education; the common degree 1145 program prerequisite requirements published by the Articulation 1146 Coordinating Committee pursuant to s. 1007.01(3)(f); the 1147 industry certification articulation agreements adopted by the 1148 State Board of Education in rule; and the approved meta-major 1149 academic pathways of the partner Florida College System 1150 institution and other eligible partner postsecondary 1151 institutions participating pursuant to subsection (4); and

2. The estimated cost savings to students and their families resulting from students successfully completing 30 credit hours applicable toward general education core courses or common prerequisite course requirements before graduating from high school versus the cost of earning such credit hours after graduating from high school.

1158 (4) (5) AUTHORIZED STRUCTURED PROGRAM CONTRACTS.-In addition 1159 to executing a contract with the local Florida College System 1160 institution under this section, a district school board may 1161 execute a contract to establish a structured collegiate high 1162 school program with a state university or an institution that is 1163 eligible to participate in the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida 1164 Resident Access Grant Program, that is a nonprofit independent 1165 college or university located and chartered in this state, and 1166 that is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern 1167 Association of Colleges and Schools to grant baccalaureate 1168 degrees. Such university or institution must meet the 1169 requirements specified under subsections (2) (3) and (3). A 1170 charter school may execute a contract directly with the local Florida College System institution or another institution as 1171

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1172	authorized under this section to establish a structured program
1173	at a mutually agreed upon location (4).
1174	(5) FUNDING
1175	(a) (6) The structured collegiate high school program shall
1176	be funded pursuant to ss. 1007.271 and 1011.62. The State Board
1177	of Education shall enforce compliance with this section by
1178	withholding the transfer of funds for the school districts and
1179	the Florida College System institutions in accordance with s.
1180	1008.32. Annually, by December 31, the State Board of Education
1181	shall enforce compliance with this section by withholding the
1182	transfer of funds for the Florida College System institutions in
1183	accordance with s. 1008.32
1184	(b) A student who enrolls in the structured program and
1185	successfully completes at least 30 college credit hours during a
1186	school year through the dual enrollment program under s.
1187	1007.271 generates a 0.5 full-time equivalent (FTE) bonus. A
1188	student who enrolls in the structured program and successfully
1189	completes an additional 30 college credit hours during a school
1190	year, resulting in at least 60 college credit hours through the
1191	dual enrollment program under s. 1007.271 applicable toward
1192	fulfilling the requirements for an associate in arts degree or
1193	an associate in science degree or a baccalaureate degree
1194	pursuant to the student performance contract under subsection
1195	(3), before graduating from high school, generates an additional
1196	0.5 FTE bonus. Each district school board that is a contractual
1197	partner with a Florida College System institution or other
1198	eligible postsecondary institution shall report to the
1199	commissioner the total FTE bonus for each structured program for
1200	the students from that school district. The total FTE bonus

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1201	shall be added to each school district's total weighted FTE for
1202	funding in the subsequent fiscal year.
1203	(c) For any industry certification a student attains under
1204	this section, the FTE bonus shall be calculated and awarded in
1205	accordance with s. 1011.62(1)(o).
1206	(6) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
1207	(a) By September 1 of each school year, each district
1208	school superintendent shall report to the commissioner, at a
1209	minimum, the following information on each structured program
1210	administered during the prior school year:
1211	1. The number of students in public schools within the
1212	school district who enrolled in the structured program, and the
1213	partnering postsecondary institutions pursuant to subsections
1214	(2) and (4);
1215	2. The total and average number of dual enrollment courses
1216	completed, high school and college credits earned, standard high
1217	school diplomas and associate and baccalaureate degrees awarded,
1218	and the number of industry certifications attained, if any, by
1219	the students who enrolled in the structured program;
1220	3. The projected student enrollment in the structured
1221	program during the next school year; and
1222	4. Any barriers to executing contracts to establish one or
1223	more structured programs.
1224	(b) By November 30 of each school year, the commissioner
1225	must report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and
1226	the Speaker of the House of Representatives the status of
1227	structured programs, including, at a minimum, a summary of
1228	student enrollment and completion information pursuant to this
1229	subsection; barriers, if any, to establishing such programs; and

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1230 recommendations for expanding access to such programs statewide. 1231 Section 15. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) and subsection 1232 (4) of section 1008.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1233 1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement.-1234 (3) 1235 (c) The state board shall adopt by rule a differentiated 1236 matrix of intervention and support strategies for assisting 1237 traditional public schools identified under this section and 1238 rules for implementing s. 1002.33(9)(n), relating to charter 1239 schools. 1240 1. The intervention and support strategies must address 1241 efforts to improve student performance through one or more of 1242 the following strategies: and may include 1243 a. Improvement planning; 1244 b. Leadership quality improvement; 1245 c. Educator quality improvement; 1246 d. Professional development; 1247 e. Curriculum review, pacing, and alignment across grade 1248 levels to improve background knowledge in social studies, 1249 science, and the arts; and f. The use of continuous improvement and monitoring plans 1250 1251 and processes. 1252 2. In addition, The state board may prescribe reporting 1253 requirements to review and monitor the progress of the schools. 1254 The rule must define the intervention and support strategies for 1255 school improvement for schools earning a grade of "D" or "F" and 1256 the roles for the district and department. 1257 (4) (a) The state board shall apply intensive intervention 1258 and support strategies tailored to the needs of schools earning

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1259 two consecutive grades of "D" or a grade of "F." In the first 1260 full school year after a school initially earns two consecutive grades of "D" or a grade of "F," the school district must 1261 1262 immediately implement intervention and support strategies 1263 prescribed in rule under paragraph (3)(c) and, by September 1, 1264 provide the department with the memorandum of understanding 1265 negotiated pursuant to s. 1001.42(21) and, by October 1, a 1266 district-managed turnaround plan for approval by the state 1267 board. The district-managed turnaround plan may include a 1268 proposal for the district to implement an extended school day, a 1269 summer program, or a combination of an extended school day and 1270 summer program. Upon approval by the state board, the school 1271 district must implement the plan for the remainder of the school 1272 year and continue the plan for 1 full school year. The state 1273 board may allow a school an additional year of implementation 1274 before the school must implement a turnaround option required 1275 under paragraph (b) if it determines that the school is likely 1276 to improve to a grade of "C" or higher after the first full 1277 school year of implementation.

(b) Unless an additional year of implementation is provided pursuant to paragraph (a), a school that <u>has completed 2 school</u> <u>years of a district-managed turnaround plan required under</u> <u>paragraph (a) and has not improved its school grade to a "C" or</u> <u>higher, pursuant to s. 1008.34, earns three consecutive grades</u> <u>below a "C"</u> must implement one of the following <u>options</u>:

1284 1. Reassign students to another school and monitor the 1285 progress of each reassigned student.;

1286 2. Close the school and reopen the school as one or more 1287 charter schools, each with a governing board that has a

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1288	demonstrated record of effectiveness. Such charter schools are
1289	eligible for funding from the hope supplemental services
1290	allocation established by s. 1011.62(16).; or
1291	3. Contract with an outside entity that has a demonstrated
1292	record of effectiveness to operate the school. An outside entity
1293	may include:
1294	a. A district-managed charter school in which all
1295	instructional personnel are not employees of the school
1296	district, but are employees of an independent governing board
1297	composed of members who did not participate in the review or
1298	approval of the charter. <u>A district-managed charter school is</u>
1299	eligible for funding from the hope supplemental services
1300	allocation established by s. 1011.62(16); or
1301	b. A hope operator that submits to a school district a
1302	notice of intent of a performance-based agreement pursuant to s.
1303	1002.333. A school of hope established pursuant to this sub-
1304	subparagraph is eligible for funding from the hope supplemental
1305	services allocation for up to 5 years, beginning in the school
1306	year in which the school of hope is established, if the school
1307	of hope:
1308	(I) Is established at the district-owned facilities of the
1309	persistently low-performing school;
1310	(II) Gives priority enrollment to students who are enrolled
1311	in, or are eligible to attend and are living in the attendance
1312	area of, the persistently low-performing school that the school
1313	of hope operates, consistent with the enrollment lottery
1314	exemption provided under s. 1002.333(5)(c); and
1315	(III) Meets the requirements of its performance-based
1316	agreement pursuant to s. 1002.333.

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1317 4. Implement a franchise model school in which a highly effective principal, pursuant to s. 1012.34, leads the 1318 1319 persistently low-performing school in addition to the 1320 principal's currently assigned school. The franchise model 1321 school principal may allocate resources and personnel between 1322 the schools he or she leads. The persistently low-performing 1323 school is eligible for funding from the hope supplemental 1324 services allocation established under s. 1011.62(16).

(c) Implementation of the turnaround option is no longer required if the school improves to a grade of "C" or higher.

1327 (d) If a school earning two consecutive grades of "D" or a 1328 grade of "F" does not improve to a grade of "C" or higher after 1329 2 full school years of implementing the turnaround option 1330 selected by the school district under paragraph (b), the school 1331 district must implement another turnaround option. 1332 Implementation of the turnaround option must begin the school 1333 year following the implementation period of the existing 1334 turnaround option, unless the state board determines that the 1335 school is likely to improve to a grade of "C" or higher if 1336 additional time is provided to implement the existing turnaround 1337 option.

Section 16. Present subsections (16) and (17) of section 1339 1011.62, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (19) 1340 and (20), respectively, new subsections (16) and (17) and 1341 subsection (18) are added to that section, and paragraph (a) of 1342 subsection (4) and subsection (14) of that section are amended, 1343 to read:

13441011.62 Funds for operation of schools.—If the annual1345allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each

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1346 district for operation of schools is not determined in the 1347 annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing 1348 the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as 1349 follows:

(4) COMPUTATION OF DISTRICT REQUIRED LOCAL EFFORT.—The
Legislature shall prescribe the aggregate required local effort
for all school districts collectively as an item in the General
Appropriations Act for each fiscal year. The amount that each
district shall provide annually toward the cost of the Florida
Education Finance Program for kindergarten through grade 12
programs shall be calculated as follows:

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(a) Estimated taxable value calculations.-

1358 1.a. Not later than 2 working days before July 19, the 1359 Department of Revenue shall certify to the Commissioner of 1360 Education its most recent estimate of the taxable value for 1361 school purposes in each school district and the total for all 1362 school districts in the state for the current calendar year 1363 based on the latest available data obtained from the local 1364 property appraisers. The value certified shall be the taxable 1365 value for school purposes for that year, and no further 1366 adjustments shall be made, except those made pursuant to 1367 paragraphs (c) and (d), or an assessment roll change required by 1368 final judicial decisions as specified in paragraph (19) (b) 1369 (16) (b). Not later than July 19, the Commissioner of Education 1370 shall compute a millage rate, rounded to the next highest one 1371 one-thousandth of a mill, which, when applied to 96 percent of 1372 the estimated state total taxable value for school purposes, 1373 would generate the prescribed aggregate required local effort for that year for all districts. The Commissioner of Education 1374

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1375 shall certify to each district school board the millage rate, 1376 computed as prescribed in this subparagraph, as the minimum 1377 millage rate necessary to provide the district required local 1378 effort for that year.

1379 b. The General Appropriations Act shall direct the 1380 computation of the statewide adjusted aggregate amount for required local effort for all school districts collectively from 1381 1382 ad valorem taxes to ensure that no school district's revenue 1383 from required local effort millage will produce more than 90 1384 percent of the district's total Florida Education Finance 1385 Program calculation as calculated and adopted by the 1386 Legislature, and the adjustment of the required local effort 1387 millage rate of each district that produces more than 90 percent 1388 of its total Florida Education Finance Program entitlement to a 1389 level that will produce only 90 percent of its total Florida 1390 Education Finance Program entitlement in the July calculation.

2. On the same date as the certification in subsubparagraph 1.a., the Department of Revenue shall certify to the Commissioner of Education for each district:

a. Each year for which the property appraiser has certified the taxable value pursuant to s. 193.122(2) or (3), if applicable, since the prior certification under sub-subparagraph 1.a.

b. For each year identified in sub-subparagraph a., the
taxable value certified by the appraiser pursuant to s.
193.122(2) or (3), if applicable, since the prior certification
under sub-subparagraph 1.a. This is the certification that
reflects all final administrative actions of the value
adjustment board.

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1404 (14) QUALITY ASSURANCE GUARANTEE. - The Legislature may annually in the General Appropriations Act determine a 1405 percentage increase in funds per K-12 unweighted FTE as a 1406 1407 minimum quarantee to each school district. The quarantee shall 1408 be calculated from prior year base funding per unweighted FTE 1409 student which shall include the adjusted FTE dollars as provided 1410 in subsection (19) (16), quality guarantee funds, and actual 1411 nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. From the base 1412 funding per unweighted FTE, the increase shall be calculated for 1413 the current year. The current year funds from which the 1414 quarantee shall be determined shall include the adjusted FTE 1415 dollars as provided in subsection (19) (16) and potential 1416 nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. A comparison of 1417 current year funds per unweighted FTE to prior year funds per 1418 unweighted FTE shall be computed. For those school districts 1419 which have less than the legislatively assigned percentage 1420 increase, funds shall be provided to guarantee the assigned 1421 percentage increase in funds per unweighted FTE student. Should 1422 appropriated funds be less than the sum of this calculated amount for all districts, the commissioner shall prorate each 1423 1424 district's allocation. This provision shall be implemented to 1425 the extent specifically funded. 1426 (16) HOPE SUPPLEMENTAL SERVICES ALLOCATION. - The hope

supplemental services allocation is created to provide districtmanaged turnaround schools, as required under s. 1008.33(4)(a), charter schools authorized under s. 1008.33(4)(b)2., district-1430 managed charter schools authorized under s. 1008.33(4)(b)3.a., 1431 schools of hope authorized under s. 1008.33(4)(b)3.b., and 1432 franchise model schools as authorized under s. 1008.33(4)(b)4.,

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1433	with funds to offer services designed to improve the overall
1434	academic and community welfare of the schools' students and
1435	their families.
1436	(a) Services funded by the allocation may include, but are
1437	not limited to, tutorial and after-school programs, student
1438	counseling, nutrition education, and parental counseling. In
1439	addition, services may also include models that develop a
1440	culture that encourages students to complete high school and to
1441	attend college or career training, set high academic
1442	expectations, inspire character development, and include an
1443	extended school day and school year.
1444	(b) Prior to distribution of the allocation, a school
1445	district, for a district turnaround school and persistently low-
1446	performing schools that use a franchise model; a hope operator,
1447	for a school of hope; or the charter school governing board for
1448	a charter school, as applicable, shall develop and submit a plan
1449	for implementation to its respective governing body for approval
1450	no later than August 1 of the fiscal year.
1451	(c) At a minimum, the plans required under paragraph (b)
1452	<u>must:</u>
1453	1. Establish comprehensive support services that develop
1454	family and community partnerships;
1455	2. Establish clearly defined and measurable high academic
1456	and character standards;
1457	3. Increase parental involvement and engagement in the
1458	child's education;
1459	4. Describe how instructional personnel will be identified,
1460	recruited, retained, and rewarded;
1461	5. Provide professional development that focuses on

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1462	academic rigor, direct instruction, and creating high academic
1463	and character standards; and
1464	6. Provide focused instruction to improve student academic
1465	proficiency, which may include additional instruction time
1466	beyond the normal school day or school year.
1467	(d) Each school district and hope operator shall submit
1468	approved plans to the commissioner by September 1 of each fiscal
1469	year.
1470	(e) For the 2018-2019 fiscal year, a school that is
1471	selected to receive funding in the 2017-2018 fiscal year
1472	pursuant to s. 1002.333(10)(c) shall receive \$2,000 per FTE. A
1473	district-managed turnaround school required under s.
1474	1008.33(4)(a), charter school authorized under s.
1475	1008.33(4)(b)2., district-managed charter school authorized
1476	under s. 1008.33(4)(b)3.a., school of hope authorized under s.
1477	1008.33(4)(b)3.b., and franchise model school authorized under
1478	s. 1008.33(4)(b)4. are eligible for the remaining funds based on
1479	the school's unweighted FTE, up to \$2,000 per FTE or as provided
1480	in the General Appropriations Act.
1481	(f) For the 2019-2020 fiscal year and thereafter, each
1482	school district's allocation shall be based on the unweighted
1483	FTE student enrollment at the eligible schools and a per-FTE
1484	funding amount of up to \$2,000 per FTE or as provided in the
1485	General Appropriations Act. If the calculated funds for
1486	unweighted FTE student enrollment at the eligible schools exceed
1487	the per-FTE funds appropriated, the allocation of funds to each
1488	school district must be prorated based on each school district's
1489	share of the total unweighted FTE student enrollment for the
1490	eligible schools.



1491 (17) MENTAL HEALTH ASSISTANCE ALLOCATION.-The mental health assistance allocation is created to provide supplemental funding 1492 1493 to assist school districts in establishing or expanding 1494 comprehensive school-based mental health programs that increase 1495 awareness of mental health issues among children and school-age 1496 youth; train educators and other school staff in detecting and 1497 responding to mental health issues; and connect children, youth, 1498 and families who may experience behavioral health issues with appropriate services. These funds may be allocated annually in 1499 1500 the General Appropriations Act to each eligible school district and developmental research school based on each entity's 1501 1502 proportionate share of Florida Education Finance Program base 1503 funding. The district funding allocation must include a minimum 1504 amount as specified in the General Appropriations Act. Upon 1505 submission and approval of a plan that includes the elements 1506 specified in paragraph (b), charter schools are also entitled to 1507 a proportionate share of district funding for this program. The 1508 allocated funds may not supplant funds that are provided for 1509 this purpose from other operating funds and may not be used to 1510 increase salaries or provide bonuses. 1511 (a) Prior to the distribution of the allocation: 1512 1. The district must annually develop and submit a detailed 1513 plan outlining the local program and planned expenditures to the 1514 district school board for approval. 1515 2. A charter school must annually develop and submit a 1516 detailed plan outlining the local program and planned 1517 expenditures of the funds in the plan to its governing body for

1518 approval. After the plan is approved by the governing body, it 1519 must be provided to its school district for submission to the

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1520	commissioner.
1521	(b) The plans required under paragraph (a) must include, at
1522	a minimum, all of the following elements:
1523	1. A collaborative effort or partnership between the school
1524	district and at least one local community program or agency
1525	involved in mental health to provide or to improve prevention,
1526	diagnosis, and treatment services for students;
1527	2. Programs to assist students in dealing with bullying,
1528	trauma, and violence;
1529	3. Strategies or programs to reduce the likelihood of at-
1530	risk students developing social, emotional, or behavioral health
1531	problems or substance use disorders;
1532	4. Strategies to improve the early identification of
1533	social, emotional, or behavioral problems or substance use
1534	disorders and to improve the provision of early intervention
1535	services;
1536	5. Strategies to enhance the availability of school-based
1537	crisis intervention services and appropriate referrals for
1538	students in need of mental health services; and
1539	6. Training opportunities for school personnel in the
1540	techniques and supports needed to identify students who have
1541	trauma histories and who have or are at risk of having a mental
1542	illness, and in the use of referral mechanisms that effectively
1543	link such students to appropriate treatment and intervention
1544	services in the school and in the community.
1545	(c) The districts shall submit approved plans to the
1546	commissioner by August 1 of each fiscal year.
1547	(d) Beginning September 30, 2019, and by each September 30
1548	thereafter, each entity that receives an allocation under this
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1549 subsection shall submit to the commissioner, in a format prescribed by the department, a final report on its program 1550 1551 outcomes and its expenditures for each element of the program. 1552 (18) FUNDING COMPRESSION ALLOCATION. - The Legislature may 1553 provide an annual funding compression allocation in the General 1554 Appropriations Act. The allocation is created to provide 1555 additional funding to school districts and developmental 1556 research schools whose total funds per FTE in the prior year 1557 were less than the statewide average. Using the most recent 1558 prior year FEFP calculation for each eligible school district, 1559 the total funds per FTE shall be subtracted from the state 1560 average funds per FTE, not including any adjustments made 1561 pursuant to paragraph (19) (b). The resulting funds per FTE 1562 difference, or a portion thereof, as designated in the General 1563 Appropriations Act, shall then be multiplied by the school 1564 district's total unweighted FTE to provide the allocation. If 1565 the calculated funds are greater than the amount included in the 1566 General Appropriations Act, they must be prorated to the 1567 appropriation amount based on each participating school 1568 district's share. 1569 Section 17. Subsection (5) of section 1011.69, Florida 1570 Statutes, is amended to read: 1571 1011.69 Equity in School-Level Funding Act.-1572(5) After providing Title I, Part A, Basic funds to schools 1573 above the 75 percent poverty threshold, which may include high 1574 schools above the 50 percent threshold as allowed by federal 1575 law, school districts shall provide any remaining Title I, Part

1576 A, Basic funds directly to all eligible schools as provided in 1577 this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, an eligible



1578 school is a school that is eligible to receive Title I funds, 1579 including a charter school. The threshold for identifying 1580 eligible schools may not exceed the threshold established by a 1581 school district for the 2016-2017 school year or the statewide 1582 percentage of economically disadvantaged students, as determined 1583 annually. (a) Prior to the allocation of Title I funds to eligible 1584 1585 schools, a school district may withhold funds only as follows: 1586 1. One percent for parent involvement, in addition to the 1587 one percent the district must reserve under federal law for 1588 allocations to eligible schools for parent involvement; 1589 2. A necessary and reasonable amount for administration; τ 1590 3. which includes The district's approved indirect cost 1591 rate, not to exceed a total of 8 percent; and 1592 4.3. A reasonable and necessary amount to provide: 1593 a. Homeless programs; 1594 b. Delinquent and neglected programs; 1595 c. Prekindergarten programs and activities; 1596 d. Private school equitable services; and 1597 e. Transportation for foster care children to their school 1598 of origin or choice programs; and. 1599 5. A necessary and reasonable amount for eligible schools 1600 to provide: 1601 a. Extended learning opportunities, such as summer school, 1602 before-school and after-school programs, and additional class 1603 periods of instruction during the school day; and 1604 b. Supplemental academic and enrichment services, staff 1605 development, and planning and curriculum, as well as wrap-around 1606 services.

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1607 (b) All remaining Title I funds shall be distributed to all 1608 eligible schools in accordance with federal law and regulation. 1609 To maximize the efficient use of resources, school districts may 1610 allow eligible schools, not including charter schools, to An 1611 eligible school may use funds under this subsection for 1612 district-level to participate in discretionary educational 1613 services provided by the school district. 1614 Section 18. Subsection (5) of section 1011.71, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

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1011.71 District school tax.-

(5) Effective July 1, 2008, A school district may expend, subject to the provisions of s. 200.065, up to $\frac{150}{100}$ per unweighted full-time equivalent student from the revenue generated by the millage levy authorized by subsection (2) to fund, in addition to expenditures authorized in paragraphs (2) (a)-(j), expenses for the following:

(a) The purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of driver's education vehicles; motor vehicles used for the maintenance or operation of plants and equipment; security vehicles; or vehicles used in storing or distributing materials and equipment.

1628 (b) Payment of the cost of premiums, as defined in s. 1629 627.403, for property and casualty insurance necessary to insure 1630 school district educational and ancillary plants. As used in 1631 this paragraph, casualty insurance has the same meaning as in s. 1632 624.605(1)(d), (f), (g), (h), and (m). Operating revenues that 1633 are made available through the payment of property and casualty 1634 insurance premiums from revenues generated under this subsection may be expended only for nonrecurring operational expenditures 1635

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1636 of the school district.

1637 Section 19. Section 1012.315, Florida Statutes, is amended 1638 to read:

1639 1012.315 Disgualification from employment.-A person is 1640 ineligible for educator certification, and instructional 1641 personnel and school administrators, as defined in s. 1012.01, 1642 are ineligible for employment in any position that requires 1643 direct contact with students in a district school system, 1644 charter school, or private school that accepts scholarship 1645 students under s. 1002.385, s. 1002.39, or s. 1002.395, or 1646 another state scholarship program under chapter 1002, if the 1647 person, instructional personnel, or school administrator has 1648 been convicted of:

(1) Any felony offense prohibited under any of the following statutes:

(a) Section 393.135, relating to sexual misconduct with certain developmentally disabled clients and reporting of such sexual misconduct.

(b) Section 394.4593, relating to sexual misconduct with certain mental health patients and reporting of such sexual misconduct.

1657 (c) Section 415.111, relating to adult abuse, neglect, or 1658 exploitation of aged persons or disabled adults.

1659 (d) Section

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(d) Section 782.04, relating to murder.

(e) Section 782.07, relating to manslaughter, aggravated manslaughter of an elderly person or disabled adult, aggravated manslaughter of a child, or aggravated manslaughter of an officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical technician, or a paramedic.



1665	(f) Section 784.021, relating to aggravated assault.
1666	(g) Section 784.045, relating to aggravated battery.
1667	(h) Section 784.075, relating to battery on a detention or
1668	commitment facility staff member or a juvenile probation
1669	officer.
1670	(i) Section 787.01, relating to kidnapping.
1671	(j) Section 787.02, relating to false imprisonment.
1672	(k) Section 787.025, relating to luring or enticing a
1673	child.
1674	(1) Section 787.04(2), relating to leading, taking,
1675	enticing, or removing a minor beyond the state limits, or
1676	concealing the location of a minor, with criminal intent pending
1677	custody proceedings.
1678	(m) Section 787.04(3), relating to leading, taking,
1679	enticing, or removing a minor beyond the state limits, or
1680	concealing the location of a minor, with criminal intent pending
1681	dependency proceedings or proceedings concerning alleged abuse
1682	or neglect of a minor.
1683	(n) Section 790.115(1), relating to exhibiting firearms or
1684	weapons at a school-sponsored event, on school property, or
1685	within 1,000 feet of a school.
1686	(o) Section 790.115(2)(b), relating to possessing an
1687	electric weapon or device, destructive device, or other weapon
1688	at a school-sponsored event or on school property.
1689	(p) Section 794.011, relating to sexual battery.
1690	(q) Former s. 794.041, relating to sexual activity with or
1691	solicitation of a child by a person in familial or custodial
1692	authority.
1693	(r) Section 794.05, relating to unlawful sexual activity

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1694	with certain minors.
1695	(s) Section 794.08, relating to female genital mutilation.
1696	(t) Chapter 796, relating to prostitution.
1697	(u) Chapter 800, relating to lewdness and indecent
1698	exposure.
1699	(v) Section 806.01, relating to arson.
1700	(w) Section 810.14, relating to voyeurism.
1701	(x) Section 810.145, relating to video voyeurism.
1702	(y) Section 812.014(6), relating to coordinating the
1703	commission of theft in excess of \$3,000.
1704	(z) Section 812.0145, relating to theft from persons 65
1705	years of age or older.
1706	(aa) Section 812.019, relating to dealing in stolen
1707	property.
1708	(bb) Section 812.13, relating to robbery.
1709	(cc) Section 812.131, relating to robbery by sudden
1710	snatching.
1711	(dd) Section 812.133, relating to carjacking.
1712	(ee) Section 812.135, relating to home-invasion robbery.
1713	(ff) Section 817.563, relating to fraudulent sale of
1714	controlled substances.
1715	(gg) Section 825.102, relating to abuse, aggravated abuse,
1716	or neglect of an elderly person or disabled adult.
1717	(hh) Section 825.103, relating to exploitation of an
1718	elderly person or disabled adult.
1719	(ii) Section 825.1025, relating to lewd or lascivious
1720	offenses committed upon or in the presence of an elderly person
1721	or disabled person.
1722	(jj) Section 826.04, relating to incest.

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1723	(kk) Section 827.03, relating to child abuse, aggravated
1724	child abuse, or neglect of a child.
1725	(ll) Section 827.04, relating to contributing to the
1726	delinquency or dependency of a child.
1727	(mm) Section 827.071, relating to sexual performance by a
1728	child.
1729	(nn) Section 843.01, relating to resisting arrest with
1730	violence.
1731	(oo) Chapter 847, relating to obscenity.
1732	(pp) Section 874.05, relating to causing, encouraging,
1733	soliciting, or recruiting another to join a criminal street
1734	gang.
1735	(qq) Chapter 893, relating to drug abuse prevention and
1736	control, if the offense was a felony of the second degree or
1737	greater severity.
1738	(rr) Section 916.1075, relating to sexual misconduct with
1739	certain forensic clients and reporting of such sexual
1740	misconduct.
1741	(ss) Section 944.47, relating to introduction, removal, or
1742	possession of contraband at a correctional facility.
1743	(tt) Section 985.701, relating to sexual misconduct in
1744	juvenile justice programs.
1745	(uu) Section 985.711, relating to introduction, removal, or
1746	possession of contraband at a juvenile detention facility or
1747	commitment program.
1748	(2) Any misdemeanor offense prohibited under any of the
1749	following statutes:
1750	(a) Section 784.03, relating to battery, if the victim of
1751	the offense was a minor.

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1752 (b) Section 787.025, relating to luring or enticing a 1753 child. 1754 (3) Any criminal act committed in another state or under 1755 federal law which, if committed in this state, constitutes an 1756 offense prohibited under any statute listed in subsection (1) or 1757 subsection (2). 1758 (4) Any delinquent act committed in this state or any 1759 delinguent or criminal act committed in another state or under federal law which, if committed in this state, qualifies an 1760 1761 individual for inclusion on the Registered Juvenile Sex Offender 1762 List under s. 943.0435(1)(h)1.d. 1763 Section 20. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 1764 1012.731, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1765 1012.731 The Florida Best and Brightest Teacher Scholarship 1766 Program.-1767 (3)1768 (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of this subsection, for the 2017-2018, 2018-2019, and 2019-2020 school years, any 1769 1770 classroom teacher who: 1771 1. Was evaluated as highly effective pursuant to s. 1012.34 in the school year immediately preceding the year in which the 1772 1773 scholarship will be awarded shall receive a scholarship of 1774 \$1200, including a classroom teacher who received an award 1775 pursuant to paragraph (a). 1776 2. Was evaluated as effective pursuant to s. 1012.34 in the school year immediately preceding the year in which the 1777 1778 scholarship will be awarded a scholarship of up to \$800. If the 1779 number of eligible classroom teachers under this subparagraph 1780 exceeds the total allocation, the department shall prorate the

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2018 Bill No. CS for HB 7055



This paragraph expires July 1, 2020.

Section 21. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 1012.732, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1012.732 The Florida Best and Brightest Principal Scholarship Program.-

(2) There is created the Florida Best and Brightest Principal Scholarship Program to be administered by the Department of Education. The program shall provide categorical funding for scholarships to be awarded to school principals, as defined in s. 1012.01(3)(c)1., who are serving as a franchise model school principal or who have recruited and retained a high percentage of best and brightest teachers.

(3) (a) A school principal identified pursuant to s. 1012.731(4)(c) is eligible to receive a scholarship under this section if he or she has served as school principal at his or her school for at least 2 consecutive school years including the current school year and his or her school has a ratio of best and brightest teachers to other classroom teachers that is at the 80th percentile or higher for schools within the same grade group, statewide, including elementary schools, middle schools, high schools, and schools with a combination of grade levels.

(b) A principal of a franchise model school, as defined in s. 1002.334, is eligible to receive a scholarship under this section.

(4) Annually, by February 1, the department shall identify eligible school principals and disburse funds to each school district for each eligible school principal to receive a 1809

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1810	scholarship.
1811	(a) A scholarship of \$10,000 $\frac{55,000}{55,000}$ must be awarded to each
1812	franchise model school principal who is every eligible under
1813	paragraph (3) (b).
1814	(b) A scholarship of \$5,000 must be awarded to each school
1815	principal assigned to a Title I school and a scholarship of
1816	\$4,000 to each every eligible school principal who is not
1817	assigned to a Title I school and who is eligible under paragraph
1818	(3) (a).
1819	Section 22. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section
1820	1012.796, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1821	1012.796 Complaints against teachers and administrators;
1822	procedure; penalties
1823	(1)
1824	
1825	(e) If allegations arise against an employee who is
	certified under s. 1012.56 and employed in an educator-
1826	certificated position in any public school, charter school or
1827	governing board thereof, or private school that accepts
1828	scholarship students under <u>s. 1002.385</u> , s. 1002.39 <u>,</u> or s.
1829	1002.395, or another state scholarship program under chapter
1830	1002, the school shall file in writing with the department a
1831	legally sufficient complaint within 30 days after the date on
1832	which the subject matter of the complaint came to the attention
1833	of the school. A complaint is legally sufficient if it contains
1834	ultimate facts that show a violation has occurred as provided in
1835	s. 1012.795 and defined by rule of the State Board of Education.
1836	The school shall include all known information relating to the
1837	complaint with the filing of the complaint. This paragraph does
1838	not limit or restrict the power and duty of the department to

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1839 investigate complaints, regardless of the school's untimely 1840 filing, or failure to file, complaints and followup reports.

Section 23. Present paragraphs (a) through (d) of subsection (1) of section 1013.31, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (b) through (e), respectively, and a new paragraph (a) is added to that subsection, to read:

1013.31 Educational plant survey; localized need assessment; PECO project funding.-

1847 (1) At least every 5 years, each board shall arrange for an 1848 educational plant survey, to aid in formulating plans for 1849 housing the educational program and student population, faculty, 1850 administrators, staff, and auxiliary and ancillary services of 1851 the district or campus, including consideration of the local 1852 comprehensive plan. The Department of Education shall document 1853 the need for additional career and adult education programs and 1854 the continuation of existing programs before facility 1855 construction or renovation related to career or adult education 1856 may be included in the educational plant survey of a school 1857 district or Florida College System institution that delivers 1858 career or adult education programs. Information used by the 1859 Department of Education to establish facility needs must 1860 include, but need not be limited to, labor market data, needs 1861 analysis, and information submitted by the school district or 1862 Florida College System institution.

(a) Educational plant survey and localized need assessment for capital outlay purposes.—A district may only use funds from the following sources for educational, auxiliary, and ancillary plant capital outlay purposes without needing a survey recommendation:

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1868	1. The local capital outlay improvement fund, consisting of
1869	funds that come from and are a part of the district's basic
1870	operating budget;
1871	2. If a board decides to build an educational, auxiliary,
1872	or ancillary facility without a survey recommendation and the
1873	taxpayers approve a bond referendum, the voted bond referendum;
1874	3. One-half cent sales surtax revenue;
1875	4. One cent local governmental surtax revenue;
1876	5. Impact fees; and
1877	6. Private gifts or donations.
1878	Section 24. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (2) of
1879	section 1013.385, Florida Statutes, to read:
1880	1013.385 School district construction flexibility
1881	(2) A resolution adopted under this section may propose
1882	implementation of exceptions to requirements of the uniform
1883	statewide building code for the planning and construction of
1884	public educational and ancillary plants adopted pursuant to ss.
1885	553.73 and 1013.37 relating to:
1886	(e) Any other provisions that limit the ability of a school
1887	to operate in a facility on the same basis as a charter school
1888	pursuant to s. 1002.33(18) if the regional planning council
1889	determines that there is sufficient shelter capacity within the
1890	school district as documented in the Statewide Emergency Shelter
1891	Plan.
1892	Section 25. Subsection (3) of section 1013.62, Florida
1893	Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (c) is added to subsection
1894	(1) of that section, to read:
1895	1013.62 Charter schools capital outlay funding
1896	(1) Charter school capital outlay funding shall consist of

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1897 revenue resulting from the discretionary millage authorized in 1898 s. 1011.71(2) and state funds when such funds are appropriated 1899 in the General Appropriations Act. 1900 (c) It is the intent of the Legislature that the public 1901 interest be protected by prohibiting personal financial 1902 enrichment by owners, operators, managers, real estate developers, and other affiliated parties of charter schools. 1903 1904 Therefore, a charter school is not eligible for a funding 1905 allocation unless the chair of the governing board and the chief 1906 administrative officer of the charter school annually certify under oath that the funds will be used solely and exclusively 1907 1908 for constructing, renovating, or improving charter school 1909 facilities that are: 1910 1. Owned by a school district, a political subdivision of 1911 the state, a municipality, a Florida College System institution, 1912 or a state university; 1913 2. Owned by an organization that is qualified as an exempt organization under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code 1914 1915 whose articles of incorporation specify that, upon the 1916 organization's dissolution, the subject property will be 1917 transferred to a school district, a political subdivision of the 1918 state, a municipality, a Florida College System institution, or 1919 a state university; or 3. Owned by and leased, at a fair market value in the 1920 1921 school district in which the charter school is located, from a 1922 person or entity that is not an affiliated party of the charter 1923 school. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the term 1924 "affiliated party of the charter school" means the applicant for the charter school pursuant to s. 1002.33; the governing board 1925

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1926 of the charter school or a member of the governing board; the charter school owner; the charter school principal; an employee 1927 1928 of the charter school; an independent contractor of the charter 1929 school or the governing board of the charter school; a relative, 1930 as defined in s. 1002.33(24)(a)2., of a charter school governing 1931 board member, a charter school owner, a charter school 1932 principal, a charter school employee, or an independent 1933 contractor of a charter school or charter school governing 1934 board; a subsidiary corporation, a service corporation, an 1935 affiliated corporation, a parent corporation, a limited 1936 liability company, a limited partnership, a trust, a 1937 partnership, or a related party that, individually or through 1938 one or more entities, shares common ownership or control and 1939 directly or indirectly manages, administers, controls, or 1940 oversees the operation of the charter school; or any person or 1941 entity, individually or through one or more entities that share 1942 common ownership, which directly or indirectly manages, 1943 administers, controls, or oversees the operation of any of the 1944 foregoing.

(3) If the school board levies the discretionary millage authorized in s. 1011.71(2), the department shall use the following calculation methodology to determine the amount of revenue that a school district must distribute to each eligible charter school:

(a) Reduce the total discretionary millage revenue by the
school district's annual debt service obligation incurred as of
March 1, 2017, and any amount of participation requirement
pursuant to s. 1013.64(2)(a)8. that is being satisfied by
revenues raised by the discretionary millage.

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1955 (b) Divide the school district's adjusted discretionary 1956 millage revenue by the district's total capital outlay full-time 1957 equivalent membership and the total number of unweighted full-1958 time equivalent students of each eligible charter school to 1959 determine a capital outlay allocation per full-time equivalent 1960 student.

1961 (c) Multiply the capital outlay allocation per full-time 1962 equivalent student by the total number of full-time equivalent 1963 students for all of each eligible charter schools within the district school to determine the total charter school capital 1965 outlay allocation for each district charter school.

(d) If applicable, reduce the capital outlay allocation identified in paragraph (c) by the total amount of state funds allocated pursuant to subsection (2) to all each eligible charter schools within a district school in subsection (2) to determine the net total maximum calculated capital outlay allocation from local funds. If state funds are not allocated pursuant to subsection (2), the amount determined in paragraph (c) is equal to the net total calculated capital outlay allocation from local funds for each district.

1975 (e) For each charter school within each district, the net 1976 capital outlay amount from local funds shall be calculated in 1977 the same manner as the state funds in paragraphs (2)(a)-(d), except that the base charter school per weighted FTE allocation 1979 amount shall be determined by dividing the net total capital outlay amount from local funds by the total weighted FTE for all 1981 eligible charter schools within the district. The per weighted 1982 FTE allocation amount from local funds shall be multiplied by the weighted FTE for each charter school to determine each 1983



1984 charter school's capital outlay allocation from local funds. 1985 (f) (c) School districts shall distribute capital outlay funds to charter schools no later than February 1 of each year \overline{r} 1986 1987 beginning on February 1, 2018, for the 2017-2018 fiscal year. 1988 Section 26. For the 2018-2019 fiscal year, the sum of 1989 \$596,560 in recurring funds from the General Revenue Fund and 1990 the sum of \$392,134 in nonrecurring funds from the General 1991 Revenue Fund are appropriated to the Department of Education to 1992 implement this act as follows: the sum of \$596,560 in recurring 1993 funds and \$142,134 in nonrecurring funds shall be used to 1994 implement the additional oversight requirements pursuant to s. 1995 1002.421, Florida Statutes, and the sum of \$250,000 in 1996 nonrecurring funds shall be used to issue a competitive grant 1997 award pursuant to s. 1002.395(9), Florida Statutes. 1998 Section 27. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018. 1999 2000 And the title is amended as follows: 2001 2002 Delete everything before the enacting clause 2003 and insert: 2004 A bill to be entitled 2005 An act relating to education; amending s. 1001.10, 2006 F.S.; revising the private schools to which the Department of Education is required to provide 2007 2008 technical assistance and authorized staff; amending s. 2009 1001.4205, F.S.; authorizing a member of the State 2010 Legislature to visit any district school, including 2011 any charter school, in his or her legislative district; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; extending the 2012

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2013 period of time for which a charter school may defer 2014 its opening for specified reasons; amending s. 2015 1002.331, F.S.; revising the requirements for a 2016 charter school to be considered a high-performing 2017 charter school; amending s. 1002.333, F.S.; redefining 2018 the terms "persistently low-performing school" and 2019 "school of hope"; revising the required contents of a 2020 school of hope notice of intent and performance-based 2021 agreement; revising school of hope facility 2022 requirements; specifying that certain schools of hope 2023 are eligible to receive hope supplemental service 2024 allocation funds; requiring the State Board of 2025 Education to provide awards to all eligible schools 2026 that meet certain requirements; prohibiting a school 2027 of hope operator or owner from serving as the 2028 principal of a school of hope that he or she manages; 2029 conforming cross-references; creating s. 1002.334, 2030 F.S.; defining the term "franchise model school"; 2031 authorizing specified schools to use a franchise model 2032 school as a turnaround option; specifying requirements 2033 for a franchise model school principal; amending s. 2034 1002.385, F.S.; revising the meaning of a rare disease 2035 within the definition of a "disability" for purposes 2036 of the Gardiner Scholarship Program; specifying that 2037 the failure or refusal, rather than the inability of, 2038 a private school to meet certain requirements 2039 constitutes a basis for program ineligibility; 2040 amending s. 1002.39, F.S.; revising the purpose of department site visits at private schools 2041

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2042 participating in the John M. McKay Scholarships for 2043 Students with Disabilities Program; authorizing the 2044 department to make followup site visits at any time to 2045 certain private schools; requiring participating 2046 private schools to provide a specified report from an 2047 independent certified public accountant under certain 2048 circumstances; specifying that the failure or refusal, 2049 rather than the inability of, a private school to meet 2050 certain requirements constitutes a basis for program 2051 ineligibility; conforming provisions to changes made 2052 by the act; amending s. 1002.395, F.S.; revising 2053 obligations of eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding 2054 organizations participating in the Florida Tax Credit 2055 Scholarship Program; specifying that the failure or 2056 refusal, rather than the inability of, a private 2057 school to meet certain requirements constitutes a 2058 basis for program ineligibility; revising the purpose 2059 of department site visits at private schools 2060 participating in the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship 2061 Program; authorizing the department to make followup 2062 site visits at any time to certain private schools; 2063 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1002.421, F.S.; defining the term "owner 2064 or operator"; requiring a private school to employ or 2065 2066 contract with teachers who meet certain qualifications 2067 and provide information about such qualifications to 2068 the department and parents; revising the conditions 2069 under which a private school employee may be exempted 2070 from background screening requirements; specifying



2071 that a private school is ineligible to participate in 2072 certain scholarship programs under certain 2073 circumstances; requiring the department to annually 2074 visit a certain percentage of certain private schools; 2075 authorizing the department to make certain followup 2076 site visits at any time; requiring the Division of 2077 State Fire Marshal to annually provide the department 2078 with fire safety inspection reports for certain 2079 private schools; requiring that certain private 2080 schools provide the department with a report from an 2081 independent certified public accountant under certain 2082 circumstances; amending s. 1003.41, F.S.; revising the 2083 requirements for the Next Generation Sunshine State 2084 Standards to include financial literacy; amending s. 2085 1003.4282, F.S.; revising the required credits for a 2086 standard high school diploma to include one-half 2087 credit of instruction in personal financial literacy 2088 and money management and seven and one-half, rather 2089 than eight, credits in electives; amending s. 2090 1006.061, F.S.; revising the applicability of certain 2091 child abuse, abandonment, and neglect provisions; 2092 amending s. 1007.273, F.S.; defining the term 2093 "structured program"; providing additional options for 2094 students participating in a structured program; prohibiting a district school board from limiting the 2095 2096 number of public school students who may participate 2097 in a structured program; revising contract 2098 requirements; requiring each district school board to 2099 annually notify students in certain grades of certain

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2100 information about the structured program by a 2101 specified date; revising provisions relating to funding; requiring the state board to enforce 2102 2103 compliance with certain provisions by a specified date 2104 each year; providing reporting requirements; amending 2105 s. 1008.33, F.S.; revising the turnaround options 2106 available for certain schools; amending s. 1011.62, 2107 F.S.; creating the hope supplemental services 2108 allocation; providing the purpose of the allocation; 2109 specifying the services that may be funded by the 2110 allocation; providing that implementation plans may 2111 include certain models; providing requirements for 2112 implementation plans; providing for the allocation of 2113 funds in specified fiscal years; creating the mental 2114 health assistance allocation; providing the purpose of 2115 the allocation; providing for the annual allocation of 2116 such funds on a specified basis; prohibiting the use 2117 of allocated funds to supplant funds provided from 2118 other operating funds, to increase salaries, or to 2119 provide bonuses; providing requirements for school 2120 districts and charter schools; providing that required 2121 plans must include certain elements; requiring school 2122 districts to annually submit approved plans to the 2123 Commissioner of Education by a specified date; requiring that entities that receive such allocations 2124 2125 annually submit a final report on program outcomes and 2126 specific expenditures to the commissioner by a 2127 specified date; creating the funding compression 2128 allocation; providing the purpose of the allocation;

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2018 Bill No. CS for HB 7055



2129 authorizing funding for the annual allocation; 2130 providing the calculation for the allocation; amending 2131 s. 1011.69, F.S.; authorizing certain high schools to 2132 receive Title I funds; providing that a school 2133 district may withhold Title I funds for specified 2134 purposes; authorizing certain schools to use Title I 2135 funds for specified purposes; amending s. 1011.71, 2136 F.S.; increasing the amount that a school district may 2137 expend from a specified millage levy for certain 2138 expenses; amending s. 1012.315, F.S.; revising the 2139 applicability of certain provisions related to 2140 disqualification from employment for the conviction of 2141 specified offenses; amending s. 1012.731, F.S.; 2142 deleting Florida Best and Brightest Teacher 2143 Scholarship Program scholarship awards authorized for 2144 specific school years; amending s. 1012.732, F.S.; 2145 specifying that a franchise model school principal is 2146 eligible to receive a Florida Best and Brightest 2147 Principal scholarship; requiring specified awards for 2148 eligible principals; amending s. 1012.796, F.S.; 2149 revising the applicability of a requirement that 2150 certain private schools file specified reports with 2151 the department for certain allegations against its 2152 employees; amending s. 1013.31, F.S.; authorizing a 2153 district to use certain sources of funds for 2154 educational, auxiliary, and ancillary plant capital 2155 outlay purposes without needing a survey 2156 recommendation; amending s. 1013.385, F.S.; providing additional exceptions to certain building code 2157

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2158 regulations for school districts; amending s. 1013.62, 2159 F.S.; providing legislative intent; prohibiting a 2160 charter school from being eligible for capital outlay funds unless the chair of the governing board and the 2161 2162 chief administrative officer of the charter school 2163 annually certify certain information; defining the 2164 term "affiliated party of the charter school"; 2165 revising the Department of Education's calculation methodology for a school district's distribution of 2166 2167 discretionary millage to its eligible charter schools; 2168 providing appropriations; providing an effective date.