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By the Committee on Judiciary; and Senator Grimsley

590-03186-18 2018918c1

A bill to be entitled An act relating to clerks of the court; repealing s. 43.19, F.S., relating to the disposition of certain money paid into a court which is unclaimed; amending s. 45.031, F.S.; revising the time periods within which certain persons must file claims for certain unclaimed surplus funds; amending s. 45.032, F.S.; deleting provisions defining and specifying the powers of a "surplus trustee"; specifying procedures for the clerk to use in handling surpluses that remain unclaimed; specifying the entities eligible for the surplus once the funds have been remitted to the Department of Financial Services; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 45.033, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; repealing s. 45.034, F.S., relating to qualifications and appointment of a surplus trustee in foreclosure actions; amending s. 45.035, F.S.; revising service charges that a clerk may receive and deduct from surplus amounts; amending s. 318.1451, F.S.; requiring all driver improvement course providers to transmit, within a specified timeframe, the individual completion certificate and citation number through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal governed by the Florida Courts E-Filing Authority to the clerk of the circuit court in the county where the citation was issued; amending s. 717.113, F.S.; providing that certain funds remaining after a judicial sale and held in a court registry are not

payable or distributable and are not subject to certain reporting requirements; amending ss. 717.124, 717.138, and 717.1401, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 43.19, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (f) of subsection (2), and paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of section 45.031, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

45.031 Judicial sales procedure.—In any sale of real or personal property under an order or judgment, the procedures provided in this section and ss. 45.0315-45.035 may be followed as an alternative to any other sale procedure if so ordered by the court.

- (1) FINAL JUDGMENT.-
- (a) In the order or final judgment, the court shall direct the clerk to sell the property at public sale on a specified day that shall be not less than 20 days or more than 35 days after the date thereof, on terms and conditions specified in the order or judgment. A sale may be held more than 35 days after the date of final judgment or order if the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney consents to such time. The final judgment shall contain the following statement in conspicuous type:

IF THIS PROPERTY IS SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, THERE MAY BE
ADDITIONAL MONEY FROM THE SALE AFTER PAYMENT OF PERSONS WHO ARE
ENTITLED TO BE PAID FROM THE SALE PROCEEDS PURSUANT TO THIS

FINAL JUDGMENT.

IF YOU ARE A SUBORDINATE LIENHOLDER CLAIMING A RIGHT TO FUNDS REMAINING AFTER THE SALE, <u>IF ANY</u>, YOU MUST FILE A CLAIM WITH THE CLERK NO LATER THAN <u>THE DATE THAT THE CLERK REPORTS THE FUNDS AS UNCLAIMED</u> 60 DAYS AFTER THE SALE. IF YOU FAIL TO FILE A <u>TIMELY</u> CLAIM, YOU WILL NOT BE ENTITLED TO ANY REMAINING FUNDS.

- (2) PUBLICATION OF SALE.—Notice of sale shall be published once a week for 2 consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation, as defined in chapter 50, published in the county where the sale is to be held. The second publication shall be at least 5 days before the sale. The notice shall contain:
- (f) A statement that any person claiming an interest in the surplus from the sale, if any, other than the property owner as of the date of the lis pendens must file a claim <u>before the clerk reports the surplus as unclaimed</u> within 60 days after the sale.

The court, in its discretion, may enlarge the time of the sale. Notice of the changed time of sale shall be published as provided herein.

80 (7) DISBURSEMENT

- (7) DISBURSEMENTS OF PROCEEDS.—
- (b) The certificate of disbursements shall be in substantially the following form:

(Caption of Action)

CERTIFICATE OF DISBURSEMENTS

590-03186-18 2018918c1 88 The undersigned clerk of the court certifies that he or she 89 disbursed the proceeds received from the sale of the property as 90 provided in the order or final judgment to the persons and in the amounts as follows: 91 92 Name Amount 93 94 Total disbursements: \$.... 95 Surplus retained by clerk, if any: \$.... 96 97 IF YOU ARE A PERSON CLAIMING A RIGHT TO FUNDS REMAINING AFTER 98 THE SALE, YOU MUST FILE A CLAIM WITH THE CLERK NO LATER THAN THE 99 DATE THAT THE CLERK REPORTS THE FUNDS AS UNCLAIMED 60 DAYS AFTER 100 THE SALE. IF YOU FAIL TO FILE A CLAIM, YOU WILL NOT BE ENTITLED 101 TO ANY REMAINING FUNDS. AFTER THE FUNDS ARE REPORTED AS 102 UNCLAIMED 60 DAYS, ONLY THE OWNER OF RECORD AS OF THE DATE OF 103 THE LIS PENDENS MAY CLAIM THE SURPLUS. 104 105 WITNESS my hand and the seal of the court on ...., ... (year).... 106 ...(Clerk)... 107 By ... (Deputy Clerk) ... 108 109 Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and subsections 110 (3) and (4) of section 45.032, Florida Statutes, are amended, to 111 read: 45.032 Disbursement of surplus funds after judicial sale.-112 113 (1) For purposes of ss. 45.031-45.035, the term: 114 (d) "Surplus trustee" means a person qualifying as a 115 surplus trustee pursuant to s. 45.034. 116 (3) During the period that <del>60 days after</del> the clerk holds

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590-03186-18 2018918c1 117 issues a certificate of disbursements, the clerk shall hold the 118 surplus pending a court order: -119 (a) If the owner of record claims the surplus before the 120 date that the clerk reports it as unclaimed during the 60-day 121 period and there is no subordinate lienholder, the court shall 122 order the clerk to deduct any applicable service charges from 123 the surplus and pay the remainder to the owner of record. The 124 clerk may establish a reasonable requirement that the owner of 125 record prove his or her identity before receiving the 126 disbursement. The clerk may assist an owner of record in making 127 a claim. An owner of record may use the following form in making 128 a claim: 129 130 (Caption of Action) 131 132 OWNER'S CLAIM FOR 133 MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SURPLUS 134 135 State of .... 136 County of .... 137 Under penalty of perjury, I (we) hereby certify that: 138 1. I was (we were) the owner of the following described 139 real property in .... County, Florida, prior to the foreclosure 140 sale and as of the date of the filing of the lis pendens: 141 ... (Legal description of real property) ... 142 143 144 2. I (we) do not owe any money on any mortgage on the

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property that was foreclosed other than the one that was paid

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146 off by the foreclosure. 147 3. I (we) do not owe any money that is the subject of an 148 unpaid judgment, tax warrant, condominium lien, cooperative 149 lien, or homeowners' association. 150 4. I am (we are) not currently in bankruptcy. 151 5. I (we) have not sold or assigned my (our) right to the 152 mortgage surplus. 153 6. My (our) new address is: ..... 154 7. If there is more than one owner entitled to the surplus, 155 we have agreed that the surplus should be paid .... jointly, or 156 to: ...., at the following address: ..... 157 8. I (WE) UNDERSTAND THAT I (WE) AM (ARE) NOT REQUIRED TO 158 HAVE A LAWYER OR ANY OTHER REPRESENTATION AND I (WE) DO NOT HAVE 159 TO ASSIGN MY (OUR) RIGHTS TO ANYONE ELSE IN ORDER TO CLAIM ANY 160 MONEY TO WHICH I (WE) MAY BE ENTITLED. 161 9. I (WE) UNDERSTAND THAT THIS STATEMENT IS GIVEN UNDER 162 OATH, AND IF ANY STATEMENTS ARE UNTRUE THAT I (WE) MAY BE 163 PROSECUTED CRIMINALLY FOR PERJURY. 164 165 ...(Signatures)... 166 167 Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me this .... day of ...., ... (year) ..., by ... (name of person making 168 169 statement) .... 170 ... (Signature of Notary Public - State of Florida) ... 171 ... (Print, Type, or Stamp Commissioned Name of Notary 172 Public) ... 173 174 Personally Known .... OR Produced Identification ....

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Type of Identification Produced.....

(b) If any person other than the owner of record claims an interest in the proceeds prior to the date that the clerk reports the surplus as unclaimed during the 60-day period or if the owner of record files a claim for the surplus but acknowledges that one or more other persons may be entitled to part or all of the surplus, the court shall set an evidentiary hearing to determine entitlement to the surplus. At the evidentiary hearing, an equity assignee has the burden of proving that he or she is entitled to some or all of the surplus funds. The court may grant summary judgment to a subordinate lienholder prior to or at the evidentiary hearing. The court shall consider the factors in s. 45.033 when hearing a claim that any person other than a subordinate lienholder or the owner of record is entitled to the surplus funds.

(c) One year after the sale, any surplus remaining with the clerk of the court which has not been disbursed as provided in this section is presumed unclaimed as set forth in s. 717.113 and must be reported and remitted to the department in accordance with ss. 717.117 and 717.119, unless there is a pending court proceeding regarding entitlement to the surplus. At the conclusion of any court proceeding and any appeal regarding entitlement to the surplus, the clerk of the court shall, if directed by the court order, report and remit the unclaimed property to the department or to another entity, as applicable, or, if not directed by the court order, to the owner of record. For purposes of establishing entitlement to the surplus after the property has been remitted to the department,

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...(Clerk)...

By ... (Deputy Clerk) ...

204 only the owner of record reported by the clerk of the court or 205 the beneficiary of a deceased owner of record reported by the 206 clerk is entitled to the surplus. A surplus of less than \$10 207 escheats to the clerk. For purposes of this paragraph, the term 208 "beneficiary" has the same meaning as in s. 731.201. If no claim 209 is filed during the 60-day period, the clerk shall appoint a 210 surplus trustee from a list of qualified surplus trustees as 211 authorized in s. 45.034. Upon such appointment, the clerk shall 212 prepare a notice of appointment of surplus trustee and shall 213 furnish a copy to the surplus trustee. The form of the notice may be as follows: 214 215 216 (Caption of Action) 217 218 NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT 219 OF SURPLUS TRUSTEE 220 221 The undersigned clerk of the court certifies that he or she 222 disbursed the proceeds received from the sale of the property as 223 provided in the order or final judgment to the persons named in 224 the certificate of disbursements, and that surplus funds of 225 \$.... remain and are subject to disbursement to the owner of 226 record. You have been appointed as surplus trustee for the 227 purpose of finding the owner of record in order for the clerk to 228 disburse the surplus, after deducting costs, to the owner of 229 record. 230 WITNESS my hand and the seal of the court on ...., ... (year)....

(4) If the surplus trustee is unable to locate the owner of record entitled to the surplus within 1 year after appointment, the appointment shall terminate and the clerk shall notify the surplus trustee that his or her appointment was terminated. Thirty days after termination of the appointment of the surplus trustee, the clerk shall treat the remaining funds as unclaimed property to be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to chapter 717.

Section 4. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 45.033, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 45.033 Sale or assignment of rights to surplus funds in a property subject to foreclosure.—
- (3) A voluntary transfer or assignment shall be a transfer or assignment qualified under this subsection, thereby entitling the transferee or assignee to the surplus funds or a portion or percentage of the surplus funds, if:
- (d) The transferor or assignee is qualified as a surplus trustee, or could qualify as a surplus trustee, pursuant to s. 45.034.
- Section 5. Section 45.034, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

  Section 6. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (2) of section 45.035, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 45.035 Clerk's fees.—In addition to other fees or service charges authorized by law, the clerk shall receive service charges related to the judicial sales procedure set forth in ss. 45.031-45.034 and this section:
- (2) If there is a surplus resulting from the sale, the clerk may receive the following service charges, which shall be

deducted from the surplus:

2.72

- (b) The clerk is entitled to a service charge of \$15 for notifying a surplus trustee of his or her appointment.
- (d) The clerk is entitled to a service charge of \$15 for appointing a surplus trustee, furnishing the surplus trustee with a copy of the final judgment and the certificate of disbursements, and disbursing to the surplus trustee the trustee's cost advance.

Section 7. Paragraph (h) of subsection (6) of section 318.1451, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

318.1451 Driver improvement schools.

- (6) The department shall adopt rules establishing and maintaining policies and procedures to implement the requirements of this section. These policies and procedures may include, but shall not be limited to, the following:
- (h) *Miscellaneous requirements.*—The department shall require that all course providers:
- 1. Disclose all fees associated with courses offered by the provider and associated driver improvement schools and not charge any fees that are not disclosed during registration.
- 2. Provide proof of ownership, copyright, or written permission from the course owner to use the course in this state.
- 3. Ensure that any course that is offered in a classroom setting, by the provider or a school authorized by the provider to teach the course, is offered at locations that are free from distractions and reasonably accessible to most applicants.
- 4. Issue a certificate to persons who successfully complete the course.

the well.

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5. Within 7 business days after a person successfully completes the course, transmit the individual completion certificate together with the citation number through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal governed by the Florida Courts E-Filing Authority to the clerk of the circuit court of the county where the citation is issued.

Section 8. Section 717.113, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

717.113 Property held by courts and public agencies.—All intangible property held for the owner by any court, government or governmental subdivision or agency, public corporation, or public authority that has not been claimed by the owner for more than 1 year after it became payable or distributable is presumed unclaimed. Except as provided in s. 45.032(3)(c), money held in the court registry for which a court order has not been issued to determine an owner does not become payable or distributable and is not subject to reporting under this chapter.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, funds deposited in the Minerals Trust Fund pursuant to s. 377.247 are presumed unclaimed only if the funds have not been claimed by the owner for more than 5 years after the date of first production from

Section 9. Subsection (8) of section 717.124, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

717.124 Unclaimed property claims.

(8) This section applies to all unclaimed property reported and remitted to the Chief Financial Officer, including, but not limited to, property reported pursuant to <u>ss. 45.032, 732.107,</u> 733.816, and 744.534 <u>ss. 43.19, 45.032, 732.107, 733.816, and</u>

320 <del>744.534</del>.

Section 10. Section 717.138, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

717.138 Rulemaking authority.—The department shall administer and provide for the enforcement of this chapter. The department has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this chapter. The department may adopt rules to allow for electronic filing of fees, forms, and reports required by this chapter. The authority to adopt rules pursuant to this chapter applies to all unclaimed property reported and remitted to the Chief Financial Officer, including, but not limited to, property reported and remitted pursuant to ss. 45.032, 732.107, 733.816, and 744.534.

Section 11. Section 717.1401, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

717.1401 Repeal.—This chapter shall not repeal, but shall be additional and supplemental to the existing provisions of <u>ss.</u>
43.18 and 402.17 <u>ss. 43.18, 43.19, and 402.17</u> and chapter 716.

Section 12. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.

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