By the Committees on Appropriations; and Children, Families, and Elder Affairs; and Senator Baxley

576-03295-18 2018960c2

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to mental health and substance abuse; amending s. 397.321, F.S.; deleting a provision requiring the Department of Children and Families to develop a certification process by rule for community substance abuse prevention coalitions; amending s. 397.403, F.S.; excluding certain substance abuse programs from specified licensure requirements; amending ss. 916.13 and 916.15, F.S.; requiring the department to request a defendant's medical information from a jail within a certain timeframe after receiving a commitment order and other required documentation; requiring the jail to provide such information within a certain timeframe; requiring the continued administration of psychotropic medication to a defendant if he or she is receiving such medication at a mental health facility at the time that he or she is discharged and transferred to the jail; providing an exception; requiring the jail and department physicians to collaborate on a defendant's medication changes for certain purposes; specifying that the jail physician has the final authority regarding the administering of medication to an inmate; providing an effective date.

2425

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

1415

1617

18

1920

21

22

23

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

2728

29

26

Section 1. Subsection (16) of section 397.321, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

576-03295-18 2018960c2

397.321 Duties of the department.—The department shall:

(16) Develop a certification process by rule for community substance abuse prevention coalitions.

Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 397.403, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

397.403 License application.

(3) Applications for licensure renewal must include proof of application for accreditation for each licensed service component providing clinical treatment by an accrediting organization that is acceptable to the department for the first renewal, and proof of accreditation for any subsequent renewals. This subsection does not apply to inmate substance abuse programs operated by or under exclusive contract with the Department of Corrections or jails.

Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 916.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

916.13 Involuntary commitment of defendant adjudicated incompetent.—

(2) A defendant who has been charged with a felony, and who has been adjudicated incompetent to proceed due to mental illness, and who meets the criteria for involuntary commitment under this chapter, may be committed to the department, and the department shall retain and treat the defendant. Within 2 business days after receipt of a commitment order and other required documents as stipulated in rule, the department must request from the jail any and all medical information pertaining to the defendant. Within 3 business days after receipt of such a request, the jail shall provide such information to the department.

576-03295-18 2018960c2

- (b) A competency hearing <u>must</u> <u>shall</u> be held within 30 days after the court receives notification that the defendant is competent to proceed or no longer meets the criteria for continued commitment. The defendant must be transported to the committing court's jurisdiction for the hearing. <u>If the</u> defendant is receiving psychotropic medication at a mental health facility at the time he or she is discharged and transferred to the jail, the administering of such medication must continue unless the jail physician documents the need to change or discontinue it. The jail and department physicians shall collaborate to ensure that medication changes do not adversely affect the defendant's mental health status or his or her ability to continue with court proceedings; however, the final authority regarding the administering of medication to an inmate in jail rests with the jail physician.
- Section 4. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 916.15, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 916.15 Involuntary commitment of defendant adjudicated not quilty by reason of insanity.—
- (3) Every defendant acquitted of criminal charges by reason of insanity and found to meet the criteria for involuntary commitment may be committed and treated in accordance with the

88

89

90

91

92

9394

95

9697

98

99

100101

102103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111112

113

114

115

116

576-03295-18 2018960c2

provisions of this section and the applicable Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure. The department shall admit a defendant so adjudicated to an appropriate facility or program for treatment and shall retain and treat such defendant. No later than 6 months after the date of admission, prior to the end of any period of extended commitment, or at any time that the administrator or his or her designee determines shall have determined that the defendant no longer meets the criteria for continued commitment placement, the administrator or designee shall file a report with the court pursuant to the applicable Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure. Within 2 business days after receipt of a commitment order and other required documents as stipulated in rule, the department must request from the jail any and all medical information pertaining to the defendant. Within 3 business days after receipt of such a request, the jail shall provide such information to the department.

(5) The commitment hearing shall be held within 30 days after the court receives notification that the defendant no longer meets the criteria for continued commitment. The defendant must be transported to the committing court's jurisdiction for the hearing. If the defendant is receiving psychotropic medication at a mental health facility at the time he or she is discharged and transferred to the jail, the administering of such medication must continue unless the jail physician documents the need to change or discontinue it. The jail and department physicians shall collaborate to ensure that medication changes do not adversely affect the defendant's mental health status or his or her ability to continue with court proceedings; however, the final authority regarding the

2018960c2 576-03295-18 administering of medication to an inmate in jail rests with the 117 118 jail physician. 119 Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

Page 5 of 5