By Senator Hutson

	7-00618A-19 20191668
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to school choice; amending s. 1002.33,
3	F.S.; revising the purposes that charter schools are
4	authorized to fulfill; authorizing state universities
5	to sponsor charter schools to meet regional education
6	and workforce demands by serving students from
7	multiple counties; authorizing Florida College System
8	institutions to sponsor charter schools within their
9	respective service areas for a certain purpose and to
10	offer postsecondary programs leading to industry
11	certifications to eligible students; revising sponsor
12	duties relating to an annual report submitted to the
13	Department of Education; requiring the department, in
14	collaboration with charter school sponsors and
15	operators, to develop a framework for the evaluation
16	of sponsors; providing requirements for such
17	framework; revising requirements related to the
18	receipt and consideration of charter school
19	applications; deleting obsolete language; revising the
20	areas required to be addressed by charters, which also
21	serve as the basis for approval criteria; conforming
22	provisions to changes made by the act; revising
23	requirements for an annual survey required to be
24	submitted to the department by charter schools;
25	providing that the standard charter renewal contract
26	be developed by consulting and negotiating with
27	sponsors and charter schools; revising charter school
28	reporting requirements; revising requirements for a
29	charter school system's governing board to be

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30	designated a local educational agency; requiring the
31	department to consult with sponsors, instead of school
32	districts, when recommending certain rules; making
33	technical changes; providing an effective date.
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35	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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37	Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2), subsection (5),
38	paragraph (b) of subsection (6), paragraphs (a) and (d) of
39	subsection (7), paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (8),
40	subsection (14), paragraph (c) of subsection (15), paragraphs
41	(a) and (e) of subsection (17), paragraph (e) of subsection
42	(18), and subsections (20), (21), (25), and (28) of section
43	1002.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
44	1002.33 Charter schools
45	(2) GUIDING PRINCIPLES; PURPOSE
46	(c) Charter schools may fulfill the following purposes:
47	1. Create innovative measurement tools.
48	2. Provide rigorous competition within the public school
49	system district to stimulate continual improvement in all public
50	schools.
51	3. Expand the capacity of the public school system.
52	4. Mitigate the educational impact created by the
53	development of new residential dwelling units.
54	5. Create new professional opportunities for teachers,
55	including ownership of the learning program at the school site.
56	(5) SPONSOR; DUTIES
57	(a) Sponsoring entities.—
58	1. A district school board may sponsor a charter school in
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59	the county over which the district school board has
60	jurisdiction.
61	2. A state university may grant a charter to a lab school
62	created under s. 1002.32 and shall be considered to be the
63	school's sponsor. Such school shall be considered a charter lab
64	school.
65	3. Because needs relating to educational capacity,
66	workforce qualifications, and career education opportunities are
67	constantly changing and extend beyond school district
68	boundaries:
69	a. A state university may sponsor a charter school to meet
70	regional education or workforce demands by serving students from
71	multiple counties.
72	b. A Florida College System institution may sponsor a
73	charter school in any county within its service area to meet
74	workforce demands and may offer postsecondary programs leading
75	to industry certifications to eligible students of the charter
76	school.
77	(b) Sponsor duties.—
78	1.a. The sponsor shall monitor and review the charter
79	school in its progress toward the goals established in the
80	charter.
81	b. The sponsor shall monitor the revenues and expenditures
82	of the charter school and perform the duties provided in
83	s. 1002.345.
84	c. The sponsor may approve a charter for a charter school
85	before the applicant has identified space, equipment, or
86	personnel, if the applicant indicates approval is necessary for
87	it to raise working funds.
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7-00618A-19 20191668 88 d. The sponsor shall not apply its policies to a charter 89 school unless mutually agreed to by both the sponsor and the 90 charter school. If the sponsor subsequently amends any agreed-91 upon sponsor policy, the version of the policy in effect at the 92 time of the execution of the charter, or any subsequent modification thereof, shall remain in effect and the sponsor may 93 94 not hold the charter school responsible for any provision of a 95 newly revised policy until the revised policy is mutually agreed 96 upon. 97 e. The sponsor shall ensure that the charter is innovative and consistent with the state education goals established by s. 98 99 1000.03(5). f. The sponsor shall ensure that the charter school 100 participates in the state's education accountability system. If 101 102 a charter school falls short of performance measures included in the approved charter, the sponsor shall report such shortcomings 103 104 to the Department of Education. 105 g. The sponsor shall not be liable for civil damages under 106 state law for personal injury, property damage, or death 107 resulting from an act or omission of an officer, employee, 108 agent, or governing body of the charter school. 109 h. The sponsor shall not be liable for civil damages under 110 state law for any employment actions taken by an officer, 111 employee, agent, or governing body of the charter school. i. The sponsor's duties to monitor the charter school shall 112 113 not constitute the basis for a private cause of action. 114 j. The sponsor shall not impose additional reporting 115 requirements on a charter school without providing reasonable 116 and specific justification in writing to the charter school.

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117	k. The sponsor shall submit an annual report to the
118	Department of Education in a web-based format to be determined
119	by the department.
120	(I) The report shall include the following information:
121	(A) The number of draft applications received on or before
122	May 1 and each applicant's contact information.
123	(A) (B) The number of final applications received on or
124	before <u>February 1</u> August 1 and each applicant's contact
125	information.
126	(B) (C) The date each application was approved, denied, or
127	withdrawn.
128	(C) (D) The date each final contract was executed.
129	(II) <u>Annually, by November 1</u> Beginning August 31, 2013, and
130	each year thereafter, the sponsor shall submit to the department
131	the information for the applications submitted the previous
132	year.
133	(III) The department shall compile an annual report, by
134	sponsor district, and post the report on its website by <u>January</u>
135	<u>15</u> November 1 of each year.
136	2. Immunity for the sponsor of a charter school under
137	subparagraph 1. applies only with respect to acts or omissions
138	not under the sponsor's direct authority as described in this
139	section.
140	3. This paragraph does not waive a <u>sponsor's</u> district
141	school board's sovereign immunity.
142	4. A Florida College System institution may work with the
143	school district or school districts in its designated service
144	area to develop charter schools that offer secondary education.
145	These charter schools must include an option for students to
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20191668 7-00618A-19 146 receive an associate degree upon high school graduation. If a 147 Florida College System institution operates an approved teacher 148 preparation program under s. 1004.04 or s. 1004.85, the 149 institution may operate no more than one charter school that 150 serves students in kindergarten through grade 12. In 151 kindergarten through grade 8, the charter school shall implement 152 innovative blended learning instructional models in which, for a 153 given course, a student learns in part through online delivery 154 of content and instruction with some element of student control 155 over time, place, path, or pace and in part at a supervised 156 brick-and-mortar location away from home. A student in a blended 157 learning course must be a full-time student of the charter 158 school and receive the online instruction in a classroom setting 159 at the charter school. District school boards shall cooperate 160 with and assist the Florida College System institution on the 161 charter application. Florida College System institution 162 applications for charter schools are not subject to the time 163 deadlines outlined in subsection (6) and may be approved by the 164 district school board at any time during the year. Florida 165 College System institutions may not report FTE for any students 166 who receive FTE funding through the Florida Education Finance 167 Program. 168 5. A school district may enter into nonexclusive interlocal

agreements with federal and state agencies, counties, municipalities, and other governmental entities that operate within the geographical borders of the school district to act on behalf of such governmental entities in the inspection, issuance, and other necessary activities for all necessary permits, licenses, and other permissions that a charter school

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175	needs in order for development, construction, or operation. A
176	charter school may use, but may not be required to use, a school
177	district for these services. The interlocal agreement must
178	include, but need not be limited to, the identification of fees
179	that charter schools will be charged for such services. The fees
180	must consist of the governmental entity's fees plus a fee for
181	the school district to recover no more than actual costs for
182	providing such services. These services and fees are not
183	included within the services to be provided pursuant to
184	subsection (20).
185	(c) Sponsor accountability.—
186	1. The department, in collaboration with charter school
187	sponsors and charter school operators, shall develop a sponsor
188	evaluation framework that addresses, at a minimum:
189	a. The sponsor's strategic vision for charter school
190	authorization and its progress toward realizing that vision.
191	b. The alignment of the sponsor's policies and practices to
192	authorization best practices.
193	c. The academic and financial performance of all operating
194	charter schools overseen by the sponsor.
195	d. The status of charter schools authorized by the sponsor,
196	including approved, operating, and closed schools.
197	2. The department shall compile the evaluation results by
198	district and shall include the results in the report required
199	under sub-subparagraph (b)1.k.(III).
200	(6) APPLICATION PROCESS AND REVIEWCharter school
201	applications are subject to the following requirements:
202	(b) A sponsor shall receive and review all applications for
203	a charter school using the evaluation instrument developed by
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7-00618A-19 20191668 204 the Department of Education. A sponsor shall receive and 205 consider charter school applications received on or before 206 August 1 of each calendar year for charter schools to be opened 207 at the beginning of the school district's next school year, or 208 to be opened at a time agreed to by the applicant and the 209 sponsor. A sponsor may not refuse to receive a charter school 210 application submitted before August 1 and may receive an 211 application submitted later than August 1 if it chooses. Beginning in 2018 and thereafter, A sponsor shall receive and 212 consider charter school applications received on or before 213 214 February 1 of each calendar year for charter schools to be 215 opened 18 months later at the beginning of the school district's 216 school year, or to be opened at a time determined by the 217 applicant. A sponsor may not refuse to receive a charter school 218 application submitted before February 1 and may receive an 219 application submitted later than February 1 if it chooses. A 220 sponsor may not charge an applicant for a charter any fee for 221 the processing or consideration of an application, and a sponsor 222 may not base its consideration or approval of a final 223 application upon the promise of future payment of any kind. 224 Before approving or denying any application, the sponsor shall 225 allow the applicant, upon receipt of written notification, at 226 least 7 calendar days to make technical or nonsubstantive 227 corrections and clarifications, including, but not limited to, 228 corrections of grammatical, typographical, and like errors or 229 missing signatures, if such errors are identified by the sponsor 230 as cause to deny the final application. 231

In order to facilitate an accurate budget projection
 process, a sponsor shall be held harmless for FTE students who

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233	are not included in the FTE projection due to approval of
234	charter school applications after the FTE projection deadline.
235	In a further effort to facilitate an accurate budget projection,
236	within 15 calendar days after receipt of a charter school
237	application, a sponsor shall report to the Department of
238	Education the name of the applicant entity, the proposed charter
239	school location, and its projected FTE.
240	2. In order to ensure fiscal responsibility, an application
241	for a charter school shall include a full accounting of expected
242	assets, a projection of expected sources and amounts of income,
243	including income derived from projected student enrollments and
244	from community support, and an expense projection that includes
245	full accounting of the costs of operation, including start-up
246	costs.
247	3.a. A sponsor shall by a majority vote approve or deny an
248	application no later than 90 calendar days after the application
249	is received, unless the sponsor and the applicant mutually agree
250	in writing to temporarily postpone the vote to a specific date,
251	at which time the sponsor shall by a majority vote approve or
252	deny the application. If the sponsor fails to act on the
253	application, an applicant may appeal to the State Board of
254	Education as provided in paragraph (c). If an application is
255	denied, the sponsor shall, within 10 calendar days after such
256	denial, articulate in writing the specific reasons, based upon
257	good cause, supporting its denial of the application and shall
258	provide the letter of denial and supporting documentation to the
259	applicant and to the Department of Education.
260	b. An application submitted by a high-performing charter

260 b. An application submitted by a high-performing charter 261 school identified pursuant to s. 1002.331 or a high-performing

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     charter school system identified pursuant to s. 1002.332 may be
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     denied by the sponsor only if the sponsor demonstrates by clear
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     and convincing evidence that:
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           (I) The application of a high-performing charter school
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     does not materially comply with the requirements in paragraph
267
     (a) or, for a high-performing charter school system, the
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     application does not materially comply with s. 1002.332(2)(b);
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           (II) The charter school proposed in the application does
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     not materially comply with the requirements in paragraphs
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     (9)(a) - (f);
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          (III) The proposed charter school's educational program
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     does not substantially replicate that of the applicant or one of
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     the applicant's high-performing charter schools;
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           (IV) The applicant has made a material misrepresentation or
     false statement or concealed an essential or material fact
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277
     during the application process; or
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           (V) The proposed charter school's educational program and
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     financial management practices do not materially comply with the
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     requirements of this section.
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     Material noncompliance is a failure to follow requirements or a
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     violation of prohibitions applicable to charter school
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     applications, which failure is quantitatively or qualitatively
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     significant either individually or when aggregated with other
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     noncompliance. An applicant is considered to be replicating a
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     high-performing charter school if the proposed school is
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     substantially similar to at least one of the applicant's high-
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     performing charter schools and the organization or individuals
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     involved in the establishment and operation of the proposed
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291 school are significantly involved in the operation of replicated
292 schools.
293 c. If the sponsor denies an application submitted by a
294 high-performing charter school or a high-performing charter
295 school system, the sponsor must, within 10 calendar days after
296 such denial, state in writing the specific reasons, based upon
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the criteria in sub-subparagraph b., supporting its denial of the application and must provide the letter of denial and supporting documentation to the applicant and to the Department of Education. The applicant may appeal the sponsor's denial of the application in accordance with paragraph (c).

302 4. For budget projection purposes, the sponsor shall report 303 to the Department of Education the approval or denial of an 304 application within 10 calendar days after such approval or 305 denial. In the event of approval, the report to the Department 306 of Education shall include the final projected FTE for the 307 approved charter school.

308 5. Upon approval of an application, the initial startup 309 shall commence with the beginning of the public school calendar 310 for the district in which the charter is granted. A charter 311 school may defer the opening of the school's operations for up 312 to 3 years to provide time for adequate facility planning. The 313 charter school must provide written notice of such intent to the 314 sponsor and the parents of enrolled students at least 30 315 calendar days before the first day of school.

(7) CHARTER.—The terms and conditions for the operation of a charter school shall be set forth by the sponsor and the applicant in a written contractual agreement, called a charter. The sponsor and the governing board of the charter school shall

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7-00618A-19 20191668 320 use the standard charter contract pursuant to subsection (21), 321 which shall incorporate the approved application and any addenda 322 approved with the application. Any term or condition of a 323 proposed charter contract that differs from the standard charter 324 contract adopted by rule of the State Board of Education shall 325 be presumed a limitation on charter school flexibility. The 326 sponsor may not impose unreasonable rules or regulations that 327 violate the intent of giving charter schools greater flexibility 328 to meet educational goals. The charter shall be signed by the 329 governing board of the charter school and the sponsor, following 330 a public hearing to ensure community input. 331 (a) The charter shall address, and criteria for approval of

332 the charter shall be based on:

333 1. The school's mission, the students to be served, and the 334 ages and grades to be included.

335 2. The focus of the curriculum, the instructional methods 336 to be used, any distinctive instructional techniques to be 337 employed, and identification and acquisition of appropriate 338 technologies needed to improve educational and administrative 339 performance which include a means for promoting safe, ethical, 340 and appropriate uses of technology which comply with legal and 341 professional standards.

a. The charter shall ensure that reading is a primary focus
of the curriculum and that resources are provided to identify
and provide specialized instruction for students who are reading
below grade level. The curriculum and instructional strategies
for reading must be consistent with the Next Generation Sunshine
State Standards and grounded in scientifically based reading
research.

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7-00618A-19 20191668 349 b. In order to provide students with access to diverse 350 instructional delivery models, to facilitate the integration of 351 technology within traditional classroom instruction, and to 352 provide students with the skills they need to compete in the 353 21st century economy, the Legislature encourages instructional 354 methods for blended learning courses consisting of both 355 traditional classroom and online instructional techniques. 356 Charter schools may implement blended learning courses which 357 combine traditional classroom instruction and virtual 358 instruction. Students in a blended learning course must be full-359 time students of the charter school pursuant to s. 360 1011.61(1)(a)1. Instructional personnel certified pursuant to s. 361 1012.55 who provide virtual instruction for blended learning 362 courses may be employees of the charter school or may be under contract to provide instructional services to charter school 363 364 students. At a minimum, such instructional personnel must hold 365 an active state or school district adjunct certification under 366 s. 1012.57 for the subject area of the blended learning course. 367 The funding and performance accountability requirements for 368 blended learning courses are the same as those for traditional 369 courses. 370

370 3. The current incoming baseline standard of student 371 academic achievement, the outcomes to be achieved, and the 372 method of measurement that will be used. The criteria listed in 373 this subparagraph shall include a detailed description of:

a. How the baseline student academic achievement levels andprior rates of academic progress will be established.

b. How these baseline rates will be compared to rates ofacademic progress achieved by these same students while

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20191668 7-00618A-19 378 attending the charter school. 379 c. To the extent possible, how these rates of progress will 380 be evaluated and compared with rates of progress of other 381 closely comparable student populations. 382 383 The district school board is required to provide academic 384 student performance data to charter schools for each of their 385 students coming from the district school system, as well as 386 rates of academic progress of comparable student populations in 387 the district school system. 388 4. The methods used to identify the educational strengths 389 and needs of students and how well educational goals and 390 performance standards are met by students attending the charter 391 school. The methods shall provide a means for the charter school 392 to ensure accountability to its constituents by analyzing 393 student performance data and by evaluating the effectiveness and 394 efficiency of its major educational programs. Students in 395 charter schools shall, at a minimum, participate in the 396 statewide assessment program created under s. 1008.22. 397 5. In secondary charter schools, a method for determining 398 that a student has satisfied the requirements for graduation in 399 s. 1002.3105(5), s. 1003.4281, or s. 1003.4282. 400 6. A method for resolving conflicts between the governing 401 board of the charter school and the sponsor. 402 7. The admissions procedures and dismissal procedures,

403 including the school's code of student conduct. Admission or 404 dismissal must not be based on a student's academic performance.

405 8. The ways by which the school will achieve a406 racial/ethnic balance reflective of the community it serves or

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7-00618A-1920191668_407within the racial/ethnic range of other nearby public schools in408the same school district.

409 9. The financial and administrative management of the 410 school, including a reasonable demonstration of the professional 411 experience or competence of those individuals or organizations 412 applying to operate the charter school or those hired or 413 retained to perform such professional services and the 414 description of clearly delineated responsibilities and the policies and practices needed to effectively manage the charter 415 416 school. A description of internal audit procedures and 417 establishment of controls to ensure that financial resources are 418 properly managed must be included. Both public sector and 419 private sector professional experience shall be equally valid in 420 such a consideration.

421 10. The asset and liability projections required in the 422 application which are incorporated into the charter and shall be 423 compared with information provided in the annual report of the 424 charter school.

11. A description of procedures that identify various risks 425 426 and provide for a comprehensive approach to reduce the impact of 427 losses; plans to ensure the safety and security of students and 428 staff; plans to identify, minimize, and protect others from 429 violent or disruptive student behavior; and the manner in which the school will be insured, including whether or not the school 430 431 will be required to have liability insurance, and, if so, the 432 terms and conditions thereof and the amounts of coverage.

433 12. The term of the charter, which <u>must shall</u> provide for
434 cancellation of the charter if insufficient progress has been
435 made in attaining the student achievement objectives of the

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7-00618A-19 20191668 436 charter and if it is not likely that such objectives can be 437 achieved before expiration of the charter. The initial term of a 438 charter shall be for 5 years, excluding 2 planning years. In 439 order to facilitate access to long-term financial resources for 440 charter school construction, charter schools that are operated 441 by a municipality or other public entity as provided by law are 442 eligible for up to a 15-year charter, subject to approval by the 443 sponsor district school board. A charter lab school is eligible 444 for a charter for a term of up to 15 years. In addition, to 445 facilitate access to long-term financial resources for charter school construction, charter schools that are operated by a 446 private, not-for-profit, s. 501(c)(3) status corporation are 447 448 eligible for up to a 15-year charter, subject to approval by the 449 sponsor district school board. Such long-term charters remain 450 subject to annual review and may be terminated during the term 451 of the charter, but only as provided according to the provisions 452 set forth in subsection (8). 453 13. The facilities to be used and their location. The

453 13. The facilities to be used and their location. The 454 sponsor may not require a charter school to have a certificate 455 of occupancy or a temporary certificate of occupancy for such a 456 facility earlier than 15 calendar days before the first day of 457 school.

458 14. The qualifications to be required of the teachers and 459 the potential strategies used to recruit, hire, train, and 460 retain qualified staff to achieve best value.

15. The governance structure of the school, including the
status of the charter school as a public or private employer as
required in paragraph (12)(i).

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16. A timetable for implementing the charter which

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7-00618A-19 20191668 465 addresses the implementation of each element thereof and the date by which the charter shall be awarded in order to meet this 466 467 timetable. 468 17. In the case of an existing public school that is being 469 converted to charter status, alternative arrangements for 470 current students who choose not to attend the charter school and 471 for current teachers who choose not to teach in the charter school after conversion in accordance with the existing 472 473 collective bargaining agreement or district school board rule in 474 the absence of a collective bargaining agreement. However, 475 alternative arrangements shall not be required for current 476 teachers who choose not to teach in a charter lab school, except 477 as authorized by the employment policies of the state university 478 which grants the charter to the lab school. 479 18. Full disclosure of the identity of all relatives

480 employed by the charter school who are related to the charter 481 school owner, president, chairperson of the governing board of 482 directors, superintendent, governing board member, principal, 483 assistant principal, or any other person employed by the charter 484 school who has equivalent decisionmaking authority. For the 485 purpose of this subparagraph, the term "relative" means father, 486 mother, son, daughter, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, first 487 cousin, nephew, niece, husband, wife, father-in-law, mother-in-488 law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, 489 stepfather, stepmother, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother, 490 stepsister, half brother, or half sister.

491 19. Implementation of the activities authorized under s.
492 1002.331 by the charter school when it satisfies the eligibility
493 requirements for a high-performing charter school. A high-

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494	performing charter school shall notify its sponsor in writing by
495	March 1 if it intends to increase enrollment or expand grade
496	levels the following school year. The written notice shall
497	specify the amount of the enrollment increase and the grade
498	levels that will be added, as applicable.
499	(d) A charter may be modified during its initial term or
500	any renewal term upon the recommendation of the sponsor or the
501	charter school's governing board and the approval of both
502	parties to the agreement. Modification during any term may
503	include, but is not limited to, consolidation of multiple
504	charters into a single charter if the charters are operated
505	under the same governing board, regardless of the renewal cycle.
506	A charter school that is not subject to a school improvement
507	plan and that closes as part of a consolidation shall be
508	reported by the <u>sponsor</u> school district as a consolidation.
509	(8) CAUSES FOR NONRENEWAL OR TERMINATION OF CHARTER
510	(d) When a charter is not renewed or is terminated, the
511	school shall be dissolved under the provisions of law under
512	which the school was organized, and any unencumbered public
513	funds, except for capital outlay funds and federal charter
514	school program grant funds, from the charter school shall revert
515	to the sponsor. Capital outlay funds provided pursuant to s.
516	1013.62 and federal charter school program grant funds that are
517	unencumbered shall revert to the department to be redistributed
518	among eligible charter schools. In the event a charter school is
519	dissolved or is otherwise terminated, all district school board
520	property and improvements, furnishings, and equipment purchased
521	with public funds shall automatically revert to full ownership
522	by the <u>sponsor</u> district school board , subject to complete

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7-00618A-19 20191668 523 satisfaction of any lawful liens or encumbrances. Any 524 unencumbered public funds from the charter school, district 525 school board property and improvements, furnishings, and 526 equipment purchased with public funds, or financial or other 527 records pertaining to the charter school, in the possession of 528 any person, entity, or holding company, other than the charter 529 school, shall be held in trust upon the sponsor's district 530 school board's request, until any appeal status is resolved. 531 (e) If a charter is not renewed or is terminated, the 532 charter school is responsible for all debts of the charter 533 school. The sponsor district may not assume the debt from any 534 contract made between the governing body of the school and a 535 third party, except for a debt that is previously detailed and 536 agreed upon in writing by both the sponsor district and the governing body of the school and that may not reasonably be 537 538 assumed to have been satisfied by the sponsor district. 539 (14) CHARTER SCHOOL FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS; INDEMNIFICATION 540 OF THE STATE AND SPONSOR SCHOOL DISTRICT; CREDIT OR TAXING POWER 541 NOT TO BE PLEDGED.-Any arrangement entered into to borrow or 542 otherwise secure funds for a charter school authorized in this 543 section from a source other than the state or a sponsor must 544 school district shall indemnify the state and the sponsor school district from any and all liability, including, but not limited 545 546 to, financial responsibility for the payment of the principal or interest. Any loans, bonds, or other financial agreements are 547 548 not obligations of the state or the sponsor school district but 549 are obligations of the charter school authority and are payable 550 solely from the sources of funds pledged by such agreement. The 551 credit or taxing power of the state or the sponsor school

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7-00618A-19 20191668 552 district shall not be pledged and no debts shall be payable out 553 of any moneys except those of the legal entity in possession of 554 a valid charter approved by a sponsor district school board 555 pursuant to this section. 556 (15) CHARTER SCHOOLS-IN-THE-WORKPLACE; CHARTER SCHOOLS-IN-557 A-MUNICIPALITY.-558 (c) A charter school-in-a-municipality designation may be 559 granted to a municipality that possesses a charter; enrolls 560 students based upon a random lottery that involves all of the 561 children of the residents of that municipality who are seeking 562 enrollment, as provided for in subsection (10); and enrolls 563 students according to the racial/ethnic balance provisions 564 described in subparagraph (7) (a)8. When a municipality has 565 submitted charter applications for the establishment of a 566 charter school feeder pattern, consisting of elementary, middle, 567 and senior high schools, and each individual charter application 568 is approved by the sponsor district school board, such schools 569 shall then be designated as one charter school for all purposes 570 listed pursuant to this section. Any portion of the land and 571 facility used for a public charter school shall be exempt from 572 ad valorem taxes, as provided for in s. 1013.54, for the 573 duration of its use as a public school. 574 (17) FUNDING.-Students enrolled in a charter school, 575 regardless of the sponsorship, shall be funded as if they are in

577 enrolled in other public schools in the school district. Funding 578 for a charter lab school shall be as provided in s. 1002.32.

a basic program or a special program, the same as students

579 (a) Each charter school shall report its student enrollment580 to the sponsor as required in s. 1011.62, and in accordance with

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581	the definitions in s. 1011.61. The sponsor shall include each
582	charter school's enrollment in the <u>sponsor's</u> district's report
583	of student enrollment. All charter schools submitting student
584	record information required by the Department of Education shall
585	comply with the Department of Education's guidelines for
586	electronic data formats for such data, and all sponsors
587	districts shall accept electronic data that complies with the
588	Department of Education's electronic format.
589	(e) <u>Sponsors</u> District school boards shall make timely and
590	efficient payment and reimbursement to charter schools,
591	including processing paperwork required to access special state
592	and federal funding for which they may be eligible. Payments of
593	funds under paragraph (b) shall be made monthly or twice a
594	month, beginning with the start of the <u>sponsor's</u> district school
595	board's fiscal year. Each payment shall be one-twelfth, or one
596	twenty-fourth, as applicable, of the total state and local funds
597	described in paragraph (b) and adjusted as set forth therein.
598	For the first 2 years of a charter school's operation, if a
599	minimum of 75 percent of the projected enrollment is entered
600	into the sponsor's student information system by the first day
601	of the current month, the <u>sponsor must</u> district school board
602	shall distribute funds to the school for the months of July
603	through October based on the projected full-time equivalent
604	student membership of the charter school as submitted in the
605	approved application. If less than 75 percent of the projected
606	enrollment is entered into the sponsor's student information
607	system by the first day of the current month, the sponsor \underline{must}
608	shall base payments on the actual number of student enrollment
609	entered into the sponsor's student information system.

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7-00618A-19 20191668 610 Thereafter, the results of full-time equivalent student 611 membership surveys shall be used in adjusting the amount of 612 funds distributed monthly to the charter school for the 613 remainder of the fiscal year. The payments shall be issued no 614 later than 10 working days after the sponsor district school 615 board receives a distribution of state or federal funds or the 616 date the payment is due pursuant to this subsection. If a 617 warrant for payment is not issued within 10 working days after receipt of funding by the sponsor district school board, the 618 619 sponsor school district shall pay to the charter school, in 620 addition to the amount of the scheduled disbursement, interest 621 at a rate of 1 percent per month calculated on a daily basis on 622 the unpaid balance from the expiration of the 10 working days until such time as the warrant is issued. The district school 623 624 board may not delay payment to a charter school of any portion 625 of the funds provided in paragraph (b) based on the timing of 626 receipt of local funds by the district school board. 627 (18) FACILITIES.-628 (e) If a district school board facility or property is 629 available because it is surplus, marked for disposal, or 630 otherwise unused, it shall be provided for a charter school's 631 use on the same basis as it is made available to other public

available because it is surplus, marked for disposal, or otherwise unused, it shall be provided for a charter school's use on the same basis as it is made available to other public schools in the district. A charter school receiving property from the <u>sponsor school district</u> may not sell or dispose of such property without written permission of the school <u>sponsor</u> district. Similarly, for an existing public school converting to charter status, no rental or leasing fee for the existing facility or for the property normally inventoried to the conversion school may be charged by the district school board to

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639	the parents and teachers organizing the charter school. The
640	charter school shall agree to reasonable maintenance provisions
641	in order to maintain the facility in a manner similar to
642	district school board standards. The Public Education Capital
643	Outlay maintenance funds or any other maintenance funds
644	generated by the facility operated as a conversion school shall
645	remain with the conversion school.
646	(20) SERVICES
647	(a)1. A sponsor shall provide certain administrative and
648	educational services to charter schools. These services shall
649	include contract management services; full-time equivalent and
650	data reporting services; exceptional student education
651	administration services; services related to eligibility and
652	reporting duties required to ensure that school lunch services
653	under the National School Lunch Program, consistent with the
654	needs of the charter school, are provided by the <u>sponsor</u> school
655	district at the request of the charter school, that any funds
656	due to the charter school under the National School Lunch
657	Program be paid to the charter school as soon as the charter
658	school begins serving food under the National School Lunch
659	Program, and that the charter school is paid at the same time
660	and in the same manner under the National School Lunch Program
661	as other public schools serviced by the sponsor or the school
662	district; test administration services, including payment of the
663	costs of state-required or district-required student
664	assessments; processing of teacher certificate data services;
665	and information services, including equal access to the
666	sponsor's student information systems that are used by public
667	schools in the district in which the charter school is located

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7-00618A-19 20191668 668 or by schools in the sponsor's portfolio of charter schools if 669 the sponsor is not a school district. Student performance data 670 for each student in a charter school, including, but not limited 671 to, FCAT scores, standardized test scores, previous public school student report cards, and student performance measures, 672 673 shall be provided by the sponsor to a charter school in the same 674 manner provided to other public schools in the district. 675 2. A sponsor may withhold an administrative fee for the 676 provision of such services, which shall be a percentage of the 677 available funds defined in paragraph (17)(b), calculated based 678 on weighted full-time equivalent students. If the charter school 679 serves 75 percent or more exceptional education students as 680 defined in s. 1003.01(3), the percentage shall be calculated 681 based on unweighted full-time equivalent students. The administrative fee shall be calculated as follows: 682 683 a. Up to 5 percent for: 684 (I) Enrollment of up to and including 250 students in a charter school as defined in this section. 685 686 (II) Enrollment of up to and including 500 students within 687 a charter school system which meets all of the following: 688 (A) Includes conversion charter schools and nonconversion 689 charter schools. 690 (B) Has all of its schools located in the same county. 691 (C) Has a total enrollment exceeding the total enrollment of at least one school district in the state. 692 693 (D) Has the same governing board for all of its schools. 694 (E) Does not contract with a for-profit service provider 695 for management of school operations. 696 (III) Enrollment of up to and including 250 students in a

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697
     virtual charter school.
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          b. Up to 2 percent for enrollment of up to and including
     250 students in a high-performing charter school as defined in
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700
     s. 1002.331.
701
          3. A sponsor may not charge charter schools any additional
702
     fees or surcharges for administrative and educational services
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     in addition to the maximum percentage of administrative fees
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     withheld pursuant to this paragraph.
705
          4. A sponsor shall provide to the department by September
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     15 of each year the total amount of funding withheld from
707
     charter schools pursuant to this subsection for the prior fiscal
708
     year. The department must include the information in the report
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     required under sub-subparagraph (5)(b)1.k.(III).
710
           (b) If goods and services are made available to the charter
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     school through the contract with the sponsor school district,
712
     they shall be provided to the charter school at a rate no
713
     greater than the sponsor's district's actual cost unless
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     mutually agreed upon by the charter school and the sponsor in a
715
     contract negotiated separately from the charter. When mediation
716
     has failed to resolve disputes over contracted services or
717
     contractual matters not included in the charter, an appeal may
718
     be made to an administrative law judge appointed by the Division
719
     of Administrative Hearings. The administrative law judge has
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     final order authority to rule on the dispute. The administrative
721
     law judge shall award the prevailing party reasonable attorney
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     fees and costs incurred during the mediation process,
723
     administrative proceeding, and any appeals, to be paid by the
724
     party whom the administrative law judge rules against. To
725
     maximize the use of state funds, sponsors school districts shall
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7-00618A-19 20191668_ 726 allow charter schools to participate in the sponsor's bulk 727 purchasing program if applicable. 728 (c) Transportation of charter school students shall be 729 provided by the charter school consistent with the requirements 720 af awbrart L E of charter 1006 and a 1012 45. The reversing

730 of subpart I.E. of chapter 1006 and s. 1012.45. The governing 731 body of the charter school may provide transportation through an 732 agreement or contract with the sponsor district school board, a 733 private provider, or parents. The charter school and the sponsor 734 shall cooperate in making arrangements that ensure that 735 transportation is not a barrier to equal access for all students 736 residing within a reasonable distance of the charter school as 737 determined in its charter.

(d) Each charter school shall annually complete and submit a survey, provided in a format specified by the Department of Education, to rate the timeliness and quality of services provided by the <u>sponsor</u> district in accordance with this section. The department shall compile the results, by <u>sponsor</u> district, and include the results in the report required under sub-subparagraph (5) (b)1.k.(III).

745

(21) PUBLIC INFORMATION ON CHARTER SCHOOLS.-

746 (a) The Department of Education shall provide information 747 to the public, directly and through sponsors, on how to form and 748 operate a charter school and how to enroll in a charter school once it is created. This information shall include the standard 749 750 application form, standard charter contract, standard evaluation 751 instrument, and standard charter renewal contract, which shall 752 include the information specified in subsection (7) and shall be 753 developed by consulting and negotiating with both sponsors 754 school districts and charter schools before implementation. The

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7-00618A-19 20191668 755 charter and charter renewal contracts shall be used by charter 756 school sponsors. 757 (b)1. The Department of Education shall report to each 758 charter school receiving a school grade pursuant to s. 1008.34 759 or a school improvement rating pursuant to s. 1008.341 the 760 school's student assessment data. 761 2. The charter school shall report the information in 762 subparagraph 1. to each parent of a student at the charter 763 school, the parent of a child on a waiting list for the charter 764 school, the sponsor district in which the charter school is 765 located, and the governing board of the charter school. This 766 paragraph does not abrogate the provisions of s. 1002.22, 767 relating to student records, or the requirements of 20 U.S.C. s. 768 1232g, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act. 769 (25) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY STATUS FOR CERTAIN CHARTER 770 SCHOOL SYSTEMS.-771 (a) A charter school system's governing board shall be 772 designated a local educational agency for the purpose of 773 receiving federal funds, the same as though the charter school system were a school district, if the governing board of the 774 775 charter school system has adopted and filed a resolution with 776 its sponsor sponsoring district school board and the Department 777 of Education in which the governing board of the charter school 778 system accepts the full responsibility for all local education 779 agency requirements and the charter school system meets all of 780 the following: 781 1. Has all schools located in the same county;

782 2. Has a total enrollment exceeding the total enrollment of783 at least one school district in the state; and

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784
          3. Has the same governing board.
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          (b) A charter school system's governing board may be
786
     designated a local educational agency for the purpose of
787
     receiving federal funds for all schools within a school district
788
     that are established pursuant to s. 1008.33 and are under the
789
     jurisdiction of the governing board. The governing board must
790
     adopt and file a resolution with its sponsoring district school
791
     board and the Department of Education and accept full
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     responsibility for all local educational agency requirements.
793
794
     Such designation does not apply to other provisions unless
795
     specifically provided in law.
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           (28) RULEMAKING.-The Department of Education, after
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     consultation with sponsors school districts and charter school
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     directors, shall recommend that the State Board of Education
799
     adopt rules to implement specific subsections of this section.
800
     Such rules shall require minimum paperwork and may shall not
801
     limit charter school flexibility authorized by statute. The
802
     State Board of Education shall adopt rules, pursuant to ss.
803
     120.536(1) and 120.54, to implement a standard charter
804
     application form, standard application form for the replication
805
     of charter schools in a high-performing charter school system,
806
     standard evaluation instrument, and standard charter and charter
     renewal contracts in accordance with this section.
807
808
          Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.
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