Bill No. HB 17 (2019)

Amendment No.

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION (Y/N) ADOPTED ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N) ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N) FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N) (Y/N) WITHDRAWN OTHER Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Civil Justice Subcommittee 1 2 Representative Leek offered the following: 3 Amendment (with title amendment) 4 Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Section 768.755, Florida Statutes, is created 5 6 to read: 7 768.755 Damages recoverable for cost of medical or health 8 care services; evidence of amount of damages; applicability.-9 (1) In a personal injury or wrongful death action to which 10 this part applies, damages for the cost of medical or health 11 care services provided to a claimant shall be calculated as 12 follows: 13 (a) If a claimant received and paid a health care provider for medical or health care services, and there is no outstanding 14 balance for those services, the actual amount remitted to the 15 provider is the maximum amount recoverable. Any difference 16 032137 - h0017-strikeall.docx Published On: 3/5/2019 6:33:26 PM

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17	between the amount originally billed by the provider and the
18	actual amount remitted to the provider is not recoverable or
19	admissible in evidence.
20	(b) If a claimant received medical or health care services
21	that were paid by a government program or private health
22	insurance for which there is no outstanding balance due to the
23	provider other than a copayment or deductible owed by the
24	claimant, the actual amount remitted to the provider by the
25	government program or private health insurance, plus any
26	copayment or deductible owed by the claimant, is the maximum
27	amount recoverable. Any difference between the amount originally
28	billed by the provider and the sum of the actual amount remitted
29	to the provider and the copayment or deductible owed by the
30	claimant is not recoverable or admissible in evidence.
31	(c) If a health care provider provided medical or health
32	care services to a claimant for which an outstanding balance is
33	due to the health care provider, and for claims asserted for
34	medical or health care services to be provided to the claimant
35	in the future, the maximum amount recoverable is the amount
36	accepted from Medicare in payment for such services by other
37	health care providers in the same geographic area. This
38	limitation also applies to any lien asserted for such services
39	in the action, with the exception of liens identified in
40	subsection (3).

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41	(2) An individual contract between a health care provider
42	and an authorized insurer offering health insurance, as defined
43	in s. 624.603, or health maintenance organization, as defined in
44	s. 641.19, is not subject to discovery or disclosure in an
45	action under this part, and such information is not admissible
46	in evidence in an action to which this part applies.
47	(3) Notwithstanding this section, if a Medicaid managed
48	care plan, Medicare, or a payor regulated under the Florida
49	Insurance Code covered or is covering the cost of a claimant's
50	medical or health care services and has given notice of its
51	intent to assert a lien or subrogate a claim for past medical
52	expenses in the action, the amount of the lien or subrogation
53	claim, in addition to the amount of a copayment or deductible
54	paid or payable by the claimant, is the maximum amount
55	recoverable and admissible into evidence with respect to the
56	covered medical or health care services.
57	(4) This section applies only to those actions for
58	personal injury or wrongful death to which this part applies
59	arising on or after July 1, 2019, and has no other application
60	or effect regarding compensation paid to providers of medical or
61	health care services.
62	Section 2. Section 768.82, Florida Statutes, is created to
63	read:
64	768.82 Limit on noneconomic damages
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(a) In any civil action, damages for noneconomic losses to
compensate for pain and suffering, inconvenience, mental
anguish, disfigurement, loss of capacity for enjoyment of life,
loss of consortium, loss of a decedent's companionship and
protection, lost parental companionship, instruction and
guidance, and other nonpecuniary damages may not exceed \$1
million.
(b) The jury shall not be informed of this limit.
(c) This section does not apply to:
1. Punitive damages; or
2. Damages for an intentional tort.
Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.
TITLE AMENDMENT
Remove lines 2-19 and insert:
An act relating to damages; creating s. 768.755, F.S.; providing
for the calculation of damages under specified circumstances;
specifying that certain contracts are not subject to discovery
or disclosure in certain actions; limiting the amount of damages
in certain actions involving liens or subrogation claims by
certain payors; creating s. 768.82, F.S.; limiting noneconomic
damages in civil actions; providing that a jury may not be
informed of such limit; providing exceptions; providing an
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