A bill to be entitled
An act relating to infectious disease elimination
programs; providing a short title; amending s.
381.0038, F.S.; authorizing a county commission to
establish a sterile needle and syringe exchange
program; providing a definition; prohibiting the
operation of an exchange program under certain
conditions; providing requirements for establishing an
exchange program; specifying entities that may operate
an exchange program; providing requirements for
exchange programs; requiring the collection of data
and submission of reports; authorizing the Department
of Health to adopt certain rules; providing for
immunity from civil liability under certain
circumstances; authorizing the continuation of a
specified pilot program under certain circumstances;
providing severability; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Infectious
Disease Elimination Act (IDEA)."

Section 2. Subsection (4) of section 381.0038, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:
381.0038 Education; sterile needle and syringe exchange programs pilot program.—The Department of Health shall establish a program to educate the public about the threat of acquired immune deficiency syndrome.

(4) A county commission The University of Miami and its affiliates may authorize establish a single sterile needle and syringe exchange pilot program to operate within the boundaries of the in Miami-Dade county. The exchange pilot program may operate at one or more fixed locations a fixed location or through a mobile health units unit. The exchange pilot program shall offer the free exchange of clean, unused needles and hypodermic syringes for used needles and hypodermic syringes as a means to prevent the transmission of HIV, AIDS, viral hepatitis, or other blood-borne diseases among intravenous drug users and their sexual partners and offspring. Prevention of disease transmission must be the goal of the exchange program. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "exchange program" means a sterile needle and syringe exchange program established by a county commission under this subsection. A sterile needle and syringe exchange program may not operate unless it is authorized and approved by a county commission in accordance with this subsection.

(a) Before an exchange program may be established, a county commission must:
1. Authorize the program under the provisions of a county ordinance;
2. Enter into a letter of agreement with the department in which the county commission agrees that any exchange program authorized by the county commission will operate in accordance with this subsection;
3. Enlist the local county health department to provide ongoing advice, consultation, and recommendations for the operation of the program; and
4. Contract with one of the following entities to operate the program:
   a. A hospital licensed under chapter 395.
   b. A health care clinic licensed under part X of chapter 400.
   c. A medical school in this state accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education or the Commission on Osteopathic College Accreditation.
   d. A licensed addictions receiving facility as defined in s. 397.311.
   e. A nonprofit HIV/AIDS service organization that meets the qualifications of s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(b)(a) An exchange program must:
1. Develop an oversight and accountability system to ensure the program's compliance with statutory and contractual requirements. The system must include measurable objectives for
meeting the goal of the program and must track the progress in
achieving those objectives. The system must require the program
operator to routinely report its progress in achieving the
objectives and the goal of the program. The system must also
incorporate mechanisms to track the program operator's
compliance or noncompliance with contractual obligations and to
apply consequences for noncompliance. The program must receive
the county commission's approval of the oversight and
accountability system before commencing operations.

2.1. Provide for maximum security of exchange sites at
which needles and syringes are exchanged and of any equipment
used under the program, including, at a minimum, an accounting
of the number of needles and syringes in use, the number of
needles and syringes in storage, safe disposal of returned
needles, and any other measure that may be required to control
the use and dispersal of sterile needles and syringes.

3.2. Operate a one-to-one exchange, whereby the
participant shall receive one sterile needle and syringe unit in
exchange for each used one.

4.3. Make available educational materials and referrals to
education regarding the transmission of HIV, viral hepatitis,
and other blood-borne diseases. The program operator must offer
such materials to program participants whenever needles or
syringes are exchanged; provide referrals for drug abuse.
prevention and treatment; and provide or refer for HIV and viral hepatitis screening.

5. Provide onsite counseling or referrals for drug abuse prevention, education, and treatment, and provide onsite HIV and viral hepatitis screening or referrals for such screening. If such services are offered solely by referral, they must be made available to participants within 72 hours after referral. A county commission in a rural county may, under its contract with the program operator, adjust the 72-hour requirement if the commission finds that the availability of providers warrants an extended timeframe.

6. Provide kits containing an emergency opioid antagonist, as defined in s. 381.887, or provide referrals to a program that can provide such kits.

7. Collect data for annual reporting purposes. The data must include the number of participants served; the number of used needles and syringes received and the number of clean, unused needles and syringes distributed through exchange with participants; the demographic profiles of the participants served; the number of participants entering drug counseling or treatment; the number of participants receiving testing for HIV, AIDS, viral hepatitis, or other blood-borne diseases; and other data that may be required under department rule. However, a participant's personal identifying information may not be collected for any purpose. Each exchange program must submit a
report to its county commission and to the department annually by August 1. The department must submit a compilation report encompassing data from all exchange programs annually by October 1 to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The department may adopt rules to implement this subparagraph.

(c) The possession, distribution, or exchange of needles or syringes as part of an exchange program established under this subsection is not a violation of any part of chapter 893 or any other law.

(d) An exchange program staff member, volunteer, or participant is not immune from criminal prosecution for:

1. The possession of needles or syringes that are not a part of the exchange program; or

2. The redistribution of needles or syringes in any form, if acting outside the exchange program.

(e) A law enforcement officer acting in good faith who arrests or charges a person who is thereafter determined to be immune from prosecution under this section shall be immune from civil liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed by reason of the officer's actions.

(d) The pilot program must collect data for quarterly, annual, and final reporting purposes. The annual report must include information on the number of participants served, the
number of needles and syringes exchanged and distributed, the
demographic profiles of the participants served, the number of
participants entering drug counseling and treatment; the number
of participants receiving testing for HIV, AIDS, viral
hepatitis, or other blood-borne diseases; and other data
necessary for the pilot program. However, personal identifying
information may not be collected from a participant for any
purpose. Quarterly reports must be submitted to the Department
of Health in Miami-Dade County by October 15, January 15, April
15, and July 15 of each year. An annual report must be submitted
to the Department of Health by August 1 every year until the
program expires. A final report is due on August 1, 2021, to the
Department of Health and must describe the performance and
outcomes of the pilot program and include a summary of the
information in the annual reports for all pilot program years.

(f)(e) State, county, or municipal funds may not be used
to operate an exchange the pilot program. Exchange programs The
pilot program shall be funded through grants and donations from
private resources and funds.

(f) The pilot program shall expire July 1, 2021.

Section 3. Notwithstanding s. 381.0038(4), Florida
Statutes, as amended by this act, the pilot program established
in Miami-Dade County under chapter 2016-68, Laws of Florida, may
continue to operate under that chapter until the Miami-Dade
County Board of County Commissioners establishes an exchange
program as defined in s. 381.0038, as amended by this act, or
until July 1, 2021, whichever occurs first.

Section 4. If any provision of this act or its application
to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity
does not affect other provisions or applications of the act
which can be given effect without the invalid provision or
application, and to this end the provisions of this act are
severable.

Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.