**By** Senator Powell

	30-00994A-19 20191724
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to student discipline; creating s.
3	1006.01, F.S.; providing definitions; amending s.
4	1006.07, F.S.; revising the duties of the district
5	school boards relating to student discipline and
6	school safety; requiring school districts to adopt
7	standards for intervention, rather than a code of
8	student conduct, which include specified requirements;
9	requiring a school district to meaningfully involve
10	parents, students, teachers, and the community in
11	creating and applying certain policies; requiring a
12	school district to fund and support the implementation
13	of school-based restorative justice practices;
14	requiring a school district to provide funding to hire
15	staff members to improve the school climate and
16	safety; requiring a school district to annually survey
17	parents, students, and teachers regarding school
18	safety and disciplinary issues; making technical
19	changes; amending s. 1006.12, F.S.; revising the
20	qualifications of a school resource officer and a
21	school safety officer; authorizing such officers to
22	arrest a student only for certain violations of law;
23	requiring such officers to immediately notify the
24	principal or the principal's designee if the officer
25	arrests a student in a school-related incident;
26	prohibiting such officers from arresting or referring
27	a student to the criminal justice system or juvenile
28	justice system for petty acts of misconduct; providing
29	an exception; requiring written documentation of an

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30-00994A-19 20191724 30 arrest or referral to the criminal justice system or 31 juvenile justice system; requiring each law 32 enforcement agency that serves a school district to enter into a cooperative agreement with the district 33 34 school board, ensure the training of school resource 35 officers and school safety officers as specified, and 36 develop minimum qualifications for the selection of 37 such officers; amending s. 1006.13, F.S.; requiring 38 each district school board to adopt a policy on 39 referrals to the criminal justice system or the 40 juvenile justice system, rather than a policy of zero tolerance for crime and victimization; revising and 41 42 providing requirements for a policy on referrals to the criminal justice system or the juvenile justice 43 44 system; providing that a school's authority and discretion to use other disciplinary consequences and 45 46 interventions is not limited by specified provisions; 47 conforming terminology; requiring each district school board, in collaboration with students, educators, 48 49 parents, and stakeholders, to enter into cooperative agreements with a county sheriff's office and a local 50 51 police department for specified purposes; revising the 52 requirements for such agreements; requiring each 53 school district to annually review the cost, 54 effectiveness, and necessity of its school safety programs and to submit findings annually to the 55 56 Department of Education by a specified date; requiring 57 a school district to arrange and pay for 58 transportation for a student in certain circumstances;

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59	requiring, rather than encouraging, a school district
60	to use alternatives to expulsion or referral to a law
61	enforcement agency unless the use of such alternatives
62	poses a threat to school safety; requiring each school
63	district to submit to the department its policies and
64	agreements by a specified date each year; requiring
65	the department to develop by a specified date a model
66	policy for referrals to the criminal justice system or
67	the juvenile justice system; requiring the
68	Commissioner of Education to report by a specified
69	date each year to the Governor and the Legislature on
70	the implementation of policies on referrals to law
71	enforcement agencies; amending ss. 16.555, 1001.42,
72	1002.20, 1002.23, 1002.33, 1002.40, 1003.02, 1003.32,
73	1003.53, 1003.57, 1006.08, 1006.09, 1006.10, 1006.147,
74	1006.15, 1006.195, 1007.271, and 1012.98, F.S.;
75	conforming cross-references and provisions to changes
76	made by the act; providing an effective date.
77	
78	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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80	Section 1. Section 1006.01, Florida Statutes, is created to
81	read:
82	1006.01 Definitions.—As used in part I of this chapter, the
83	term:
84	(1) "Exclusionary consequence" means a consequence of a
85	student's serious breach of the standards for intervention, as
86	provided in s. 1006.07(2), which results in the student being
87	barred from attending school.

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88	(2) "Exclusionary discipline" means a disciplinary,
89	punitive practice that removes a student from instruction time
90	in his or her regular classrooms and may include in-school
91	suspension during class time, out-of-school suspension, transfer
92	to an alternative school, or expulsion. Absences due to
93	exclusionary discipline are considered excused absences.
94	(3) "Restorative circle" means a common space where at
95	least one individual guides a discussion in which each
96	participant has an equal opportunity to speak and in which
97	participants take turns speaking about a topic using a talking
98	piece. As used in this subsection, the term "talking piece"
99	means a physical object that is used to assist communication
100	between participants.
101	(4) "Restorative group conferencing" means an intervention
102	in which a facilitator leads the individuals who were involved
103	in an incident, whether they were harmed or caused the harm, as
104	well as their families or other supporters, in a face-to-face
105	process designed to address the harm, resolve any conflict, and
106	prevent recurrence of the harm based on the ideas of restorative
107	justice practices and mutual accountability.
108	(5) "Restorative justice" means an intervening approach to
109	justice which addresses root causes of harm that is a result of
110	unjust behavior; emphasizes repair of the harm; and gives equal
111	attention to accountability, growth, community safety, the
112	harmed student's needs, and the student offender's needs.
113	Section 2. Section 1006.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to
114	read:
115	1006.07 District school board duties relating to student
116	discipline and school safetyThe district school board shall
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30-00994A-19 20191724 117 provide for the proper accounting for all students;  $\tau$  for the 118 attendance and control of students at school; for the creation 119 of a safe and effective learning environment, regardless of the 120 student's race, ethnicity, religion, disability, sexual 121 orientation, or gender identity;  $\tau$  and for the proper attention 122 to health, safety, and other matters relating to the welfare of 123 students, including the use of: 124 (1) INTERVENTIONS FOR AND DISCIPLINE CONTROL OF STUDENTS.-125 Each school district shall: 126 (a) Adopt rules for the control, discipline, in-school 127 suspension, suspension, and expulsion of students and decide all 128 cases recommended for expulsion. Suspension hearings are exempt 129 exempted from the provisions of chapter 120. Expulsion hearings 130 are shall be governed by ss. 120.569 and 120.57(2) and are 131 exempt from s. 286.011. However, the student's parent must be 132 given notice of the provisions of s. 286.011 and may elect to 133 have the hearing held in compliance with that section. The 134 district school board may prohibit the use of corporal 135 punishment<sub>au</sub> if the district school board adopts or has adopted a 136 written program of alternative control or discipline. In order 137 to fulfill the paramount duty of this state to make adequate 138 provisions for the education of all children residing within its borders in accordance with s. 1, Art. IX of the State 139 140 Constitution, the district school board shall make every effort to reduce exclusionary discipline for minor misbehavior. 141 142 (b) Require each student at the time of initial 143 registration for school in the school district to note previous 144 school expulsions, arrests resulting in a charge, juvenile 145 justice actions, and referrals to mental health services the

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30-00994A-19 20191724 146 student has had, and have the authority as the district school 147 board of a receiving school district to honor the final order of 148 expulsion or dismissal of a student by any in-state or out-of-149 state public district school board or private school, or lab 150 school, for an act that which would have been grounds for 151 expulsion according to the receiving district school board's 152 standards for intervention code of student conduct, in 153 accordance with the following procedures: 154 1. A final order of expulsion shall be recorded in the 155 records of the receiving school district. 2. The expelled student applying for admission to the 156 157 receiving school district shall be advised of the final order of 158 expulsion. 159 3. The district school superintendent of the receiving 160 school district may recommend to the district school board that 161 the final order of expulsion be waived and the student be 162 admitted to the school district, or that the final order of expulsion be honored and the student not be admitted to the 163 164 school district. If the student is admitted by the district 165 school board, with or without the recommendation of the district 166 school superintendent, the student may be placed in an 167 appropriate educational program and referred to mental health 168 services identified by the school district pursuant to s. 169 1012.584(4), when appropriate, at the direction of the district school board. 170 171 (2) STANDARDS FOR INTERVENTION CODE OF STUDENT CONDUCT.-172 Each school district shall adopt clear standards for 173 intervention, formerly known as a code of student conduct, which 174 create a safe, supportive, and positive school climate and

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175	address misbehavior with interventions and consequences aimed at
176	understanding and addressing the causes of misbehavior,
177	resolving conflicts, meeting students' needs, keeping students
178	in school, and teaching students to respond in age-appropriate
179	ways a code of student conduct for elementary schools and a code
180	of student conduct for middle and high schools and distribute
181	the appropriate code to all teachers, school personnel,
182	students, and parents, at the beginning of every school year.
183	The process for adopting standards for intervention must include
184	meaningful involvement among parents, students, teachers, and
185	the community. The standards for intervention must be organized
186	and written in language that is understandable to students and
187	parents and translated into all languages represented by the
188	students and their parents; discussed at the beginning of every
189	school year in student classes, school advisory council
190	meetings, and parent and teacher association or organization
191	meetings; made available at the beginning of every school year
192	in the student handbook or similar publication distributed to
193	all teachers, school personnel, students, and parents; and
194	posted on the school district's website. The standards for
195	intervention must Each code shall be organized and written in
196	language that is understandable to students and parents and
197	shall be discussed at the beginning of every school year in
198	student classes, school advisory council meetings, and parent
199	and teacher association or organization meetings. Each code
200	shall be based on the rules governing student conduct and
201	discipline adopted by the district school board and shall be
202	made available in the student handbook or similar publication.
203	Each code shall include, but <u>need</u> is not <u>be</u> limited to <u>, the</u>

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204	30-00994A-19 20191724
204	<u>following</u> :
205	(a) Consistent policies and specific grounds for
206	disciplinary action, including in-school suspension, out-of-
207	school suspension, expulsion, <u>intervention, support,</u> and any
208	disciplinary action that may be imposed for the possession or
209	use of alcohol on school property or while attending a school
210	function or for the illegal use, sale, or possession of
211	controlled substances as defined in chapter 893.
212	(b) Procedures to be followed for acts requiring
213	discipline, including corporal punishment.
214	(c) A discipline chart or matrix indicating that a student
215	is not subject to exclusionary discipline for unexcused
216	tardiness, lateness, absence, or truancy; for violation of the
217	school dress code or rules regarding school uniforms; or for
218	behavior infractions that do not endanger the physical safety of
219	other students or staff members, including, but not limited to,
220	insubordination, defiance, disobedience, disrespect, or minor
221	classroom disruptions. The discipline chart or matrix must also:
222	1. Provide guidance on appropriate interventions and
223	consequences to be applied to behaviors or behavior categories
224	as provided in subparagraph 2. The school district may define
225	specific interventions and provide a list of interventions that
226	must be used and documented before exclusionary discipline is
227	considered unless a behavior poses a serious threat to school
228	safety. The interventions may include, but need not be limited
229	<u>to:</u>
230	a. Having a private conversation with the student about his
231	or her behavior and underlying issues that may have precipitated
232	the behavior.

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233	b. Providing an opportunity for the student's anger, fear,
234	or anxiety to subside.
235	c. Providing restorative justice practices using a
236	schoolwide approach of informal and formal techniques to foster
237	a sense of school community and to manage conflict by repairing
238	harm and restoring positive relationships.
239	d. Providing reflective activities, such as requiring the
240	student to write an essay about his or her behavior.
241	e. Participating in skill building and conflict resolution
242	activities, such as social-emotional cognitive skill building,
243	restorative circles, and restorative group conferencing.
244	f. Revoking student privileges.
245	g. Referring the student to a school counselor or social
246	worker.
247	h. Speaking to the student's parent.
248	i. Referring the student to intervention outside the school
249	setting.
250	j. Ordering in-school detention or in-school suspension
251	during lunch, after school, or on the weekends.
252	2. Outline specific behaviors or behavior categories. Each
253	behavior or behavior category must include clear maximum
254	consequences to prevent inappropriate exclusionary consequences
255	for minor misbehavior and petty acts of misconduct and set clear
256	requirements that must be satisfied before the school imposes
257	exclusionary discipline. The chart or matrix must show that
258	exclusionary discipline is a last resort to be used only in
259	cases of serious misconduct when in-school interventions and
260	consequences that do not lead to exclusionary consequences are
261	insufficient. The following behaviors, which must be accompanied

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262	by appropriate intervention services, such as substance abuse
263	counseling, anger management counseling, or restorative justice
264	practices, may result in exclusionary discipline and in
265	notification of a law enforcement agency if the behavior is a
266	felony or a serious threat to school safety:
267	a. Illegal sale of a controlled substance, as defined in
268	chapter 893, by a student on school property or in attendance at
269	a school function.
270	b. Violation of the district school board's sexual
271	harassment policy.
272	<u>c. Possession, display, transmission, use, or sale of a</u>
273	firearm or weapon, as defined in s. 790.001 or 18 U.S.C. s. 921,
274	or an object that is used as, or is intended to function as, a
275	weapon, while on school property or in attendance at a school
276	function.
277	d. Making a threat or intimidation using any pointed or
278	sharp object or the use of any substance or object as a weapon
279	with the threat or intent to inflict bodily harm.
280	e. Making a threat or a false report, as provided in ss.
281	790.162 and 790.163, respectively.
282	f. Homicide.
283	g. Sexual battery.
284	h. Armed robbery.
285	i. Aggravated battery.
286	j. Battery or aggravated battery on a teacher, other school
287	personnel, or district school board personnel.
288	k. Kidnapping.
289	<u>l. Arson.</u>
290	(d) A glossary of clearly defined terms and behaviors.
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291	(e) An explanation of the responsibilities, dignity, and
292	rights of and respect for students, including, but not limited
293	to, a student's right not to be discriminated against based on
294	race, ethnicity, religion, disability, sexual orientation, or
295	gender identity; a student's right to participate in student
296	publications, school programs, and school activities; and a
297	student's right to exercise free speech, to assemble, and to
298	maintain privacy.
299	(f) An explanation of the school's dress code or rules
300	regarding school uniforms and notice that students have the
301	right to dress in accordance with their stated gender within the
302	constraints of the school's dress code.
303	(g) Notice that violation of transportation policies of a
304	district school board by a student, including disruptive
305	behavior on a school bus or at a school bus stop, is grounds for
306	disciplinary action by the school.
307	(h) Notice that a student who is determined to have brought
308	a firearm or weapon, as defined in s. 790.001 or 18 U.S.C. s.
309	921, to school, to a school function, or onto school-sponsored
310	transportation, or to have possessed a firearm or weapon at
311	school, will be expelled from the student's regular school for
312	at least 1 full year and referred to the criminal justice system
313	or juvenile justice system. A district school superintendent may
314	consider the requirement of 1-year expulsion on a case-by-case
315	basis and may request the district school board to modify the
316	requirement by assigning the student to a disciplinary program
317	or second chance school if:
318	1. The request for modification is in writing; and
319	2. The modification is determined to be in the best

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20191724 30-00994A-19 320 interest of the student and the school district. 321 (i) Notice that a student who is determined to have made a threat or false report, as provided in ss. 790.162 and 790.163, 322 323 respectively, involving the school's or school personnel's 324 property, school transportation, or a school-sponsored activity 325 may be expelled from the student's regular school for at least 1 326 full year, with continuing educational services, and referred to 327 the criminal justice system or juvenile justice system. A 328 district school superintendent may consider the requirement of a 329 1-year expulsion on a case-by-case basis and may request the 330 district school board to modify the requirement by assigning the 331 student to a disciplinary program or second chance school if: 332 1. The request for modification is in writing; and 333 2. The modification is determined to be in the best 334 interest of the student and the school district. 335 (j) A clear and complete explanation of due process rights afforded to a student, including a student with a disability, 336 337 and the types of exclusionary discipline to which a student may 338 be subjected. 339 (c) An explanation of the responsibilities and rights of 340 students with regard to attendance, respect for persons and 341 property, knowledge and observation of rules of conduct, the 342 right to learn, free speech and student publications, assembly, privacy, and participation in school programs and activities. 343 (d)1. An explanation of the responsibilities of each 344 345 student with regard to appropriate dress, respect for self and 346 others, and the role that appropriate dress and respect for self 347 and others has on an orderly learning environment. Each district school board shall adopt a dress code policy that prohibits a 348

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349	
350	regular school day, from wearing clothing that exposes underwear
351	or body parts in an indecent or vulgar manner or that disrupts
352	the orderly learning environment.
353	2. Any student who violates the dress policy described in
354	subparagraph 1. is subject to the following disciplinary
355	actions:
356	a. For a first offense, a student shall be given a verbal
357	warning and the school principal shall call the student's parent
358	<del>or guardian.</del>
359	b. For a second offense, the student is ineligible to
360	participate in any extracurricular activity for a period of time
361	not to exceed 5 days and the school principal shall meet with
362	the student's parent or guardian.
363	c. For a third or subsequent offense, a student shall
364	receive an in-school suspension pursuant to s. 1003.01(5) for a
365	period not to exceed 3 days, the student is ineligible to
366	participate in any extracurricular activity for a period not to
367	exceed 30 days, and the school principal shall call the
368	student's parent or guardian and send the parent or guardian a
369	written letter regarding the student's in-school suspension and
370	ineligibility to participate in extracurricular activities.
371	(e) Notice that illegal use, possession, or sale of
372	controlled substances, as defined in chapter 893, by any student
373	while the student is upon school property or in attendance at a
374	school function is grounds for disciplinary action by the school
375	and may also result in criminal penalties being imposed.
376	<u>(k) (f)</u> Notice that use of a wireless communications device
377	includes the possibility of the imposition of disciplinary

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378	action by the school or criminal penalties if the device is used
379	in a criminal act. A student may possess a wireless
380	communications device while the student is on school property or
381	in attendance at a school function. Each district school board
382	shall adopt rules governing the use of a wireless communications
383	device by a student while the student is on school property or
384	in attendance at a school function.
385	(g) Notice that the possession of a firearm or weapon as
386	defined in chapter 790 by any student while the student is on
387	school property or in attendance at a school function is grounds
388	for disciplinary action and may also result in criminal
389	prosecution. Simulating a firearm or weapon while playing or
390	wearing clothing or accessories that depict a firearm or weapon
391	or express an opinion regarding a right guaranteed by the Second
392	Amendment to the United States Constitution is not grounds for
393	disciplinary action or referral to the criminal justice or
394	juvenile justice system under this section or s. 1006.13.
395	Simulating a firearm or weapon while playing includes, but is
396	not limited to:
397	1. Brandishing a partially consumed pastry or other food
398	item to simulate a firearm or weapon.
399	2. Possessing a toy firearm or weapon that is 2 inches or
400	less in overall length.
401	3. Possessing a toy firearm or weapon made of plastic snap-
402	together building blocks.
403	4. Using a finger or hand to simulate a firearm or weapon.
404	5. Vocalizing an imaginary firearm or weapon.
405	6. Drawing a picture, or possessing an image, of a firearm
406	<del>or weapon.</del>

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407	7. Using a pencil, pen, or other writing or drawing utensil
408	to simulate a firearm or weapon.
409	
410	However, a student may be subject to disciplinary action if
411	simulating a firearm or weapon while playing substantially
412	disrupts student learning, causes bodily harm to another person,
413	or places another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm. The
414	severity of consequences imposed upon a student, including
415	referral to the criminal justice or juvenile justice system,
416	must be proportionate to the severity of the infraction and
417	consistent with district school board policies for similar
418	infractions. If a student is disciplined for such conduct, the
419	school principal or his or her designee must call the student's
420	parent. Disciplinary action resulting from a student's clothing
421	or accessories shall be determined pursuant to paragraph (d)
422	unless the wearing of the clothing or accessory causes a
423	substantial disruption to student learning, in which case the
424	infraction may be addressed in a manner that is consistent with
425	district school board policies for similar infractions. This
426	paragraph does not prohibit a public school from adopting a
427	school uniform policy.
428	(h) Notice that violence against any district school board
429	personnel by a student is grounds for in-school suspension, out-
430	of-school suspension, expulsion, or imposition of other
431	disciplinary action by the school and may also result in
432	criminal penalties being imposed.
433	(i) Notice that violation of district school board
434	transportation policies, including disruptive behavior on a
435	school bus or at a school bus stop, by a student is grounds for

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30-00994A-19 20191724 436 suspension of the student's privilege of riding on a school bus 437 and may be grounds for disciplinary action by the school and may 438 also result in criminal penalties being imposed. 439 (j) Notice that violation of the district school board's 440 sexual harassment policy by a student is grounds for in-school 441 suspension, out-of-school suspension, expulsion, or imposition 442 of other disciplinary action by the school and may also result 443 in criminal penalties being imposed. 444 (k) Policies to be followed for the assignment of violent or disruptive students to an alternative educational program or 445 referral of such students to mental health services identified 446 447 by the school district pursuant to s. 1012.584(4). 448 (1) Notice that any student who is determined to have 449 brought a firearm or weapon, as defined in chapter 790, to 450 school, to any school function, or onto any school-sponsored 451 transportation, or to have possessed a firearm at school, will 452 be expelled, with or without continuing educational services, 453 from the student's regular school for a period of not less than 1 full year and referred to mental health services identified by 454 455 the school district pursuant to s. 1012.584(4) and the criminal 456 justice or juvenile justice system. District school boards may 457 assign the student to a disciplinary program or second chance 458 school for the purpose of continuing educational services during the period of expulsion. District school superintendents may 459 460 consider the 1-year expulsion requirement on a case-by-case 461 basis and request the district school board to modify the 462 requirement by assigning the student to a disciplinary program 463 or second chance school if the request for modification is in 464 writing and it is determined to be in the best interest of the

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student and the school system. 466 (m) Notice that any student who is determined to have made 467 a threat or false report, as defined by ss. 790.162 and 790.163, 468 respectively, involving school or school personnel's property, 469 school transportation, or a school-sponsored activity will be 470 expelled, with or without continuing educational services, from 471 the student's regular school for a period of not less than 1 full year and referred for criminal prosecution and mental 472 473 health services identified by the school district pursuant to s. 474 1012.584(4) for evaluation or treatment, when appropriate. 475 District school boards may assign the student to a disciplinary 476 program or second chance school for the purpose of continuing 477 educational services during the period of expulsion. District 478 school superintendents may consider the 1-year expulsion 479 requirement on a case-by-case basis and request the district 480 school board to modify the requirement by assigning the student 481 to a disciplinary program or second chance school if it is 482 determined to be in the best interest of the student and the 483 school system. 484 (3) COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT IN POLICY CREATION STUDENT CRIME 485 WATCH PROGRAM.-Each school district shall ensure the meaningful 486 involvement of parents, students, teachers, and the community in 487 creating and applying policies regarding student discipline and 488 school safety By resolution of the district school board, 489 implement a student crime watch program to promote 490 responsibility among students and improve school safety. The 491 student crime watch program shall allow students and the 492 community to anonymously relay information concerning unsafe and

#### 493 potentially harmful, dangerous, violent, or criminal activities,

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30-00994A-19 20191724\_ 494 or the threat of these activities, to appropriate public safety 495 agencies and school officials. 496 (4) EMERGENCY DRILLS <u>AND; EMERGENCY</u> PROCEDURES.-<u>Each school</u> 497 district shall:

district shall: 498 (a) Formulate and prescribe policies and procedures, in 499 consultation with the appropriate public safety agencies, for 500 emergency drills and for actual emergencies, including, but not limited to, fires, natural disasters, active shooter and hostage 501 502 situations, and bomb threats, for all students and faculty at 503 all public schools of the district comprised of grades K-12. 504 Drills for active shooter and hostage situations shall be 505 conducted at least as often as other emergency drills. District 506 school board policies must shall include commonly used alarm 507 system responses for specific types of emergencies and 508 verification by each school that drills have been provided as 509 required by law and fire protection codes. The emergency 510 response policy shall identify the individuals responsible for 511 contacting the primary emergency response agency and the 512 emergency response agency that is responsible for notifying the 513 school district for each type of emergency.

(b) Establish model emergency management and emergency preparedness procedures, including emergency notification procedures pursuant to paragraph (a), for the following lifethreatening emergencies:

518 1. Weapon-use, hostage, and active shooter situations. The 519 active shooter situation training for each school must engage 520 the participation of the district school safety specialist, 521 threat assessment team members, faculty, staff, and students and 522 must be conducted by the law enforcement agency or agencies that

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30-00994A-19 20191724 523 are designated as first responders to the school's campus. 524 2. Hazardous materials or toxic chemical spills. 525 3. Weather emergencies, including hurricanes, tornadoes, 526 and severe storms. 527 4. Exposure as a result of a manmade emergency. 528 (c) Establish a schedule to test the functionality and 529 coverage capacity of all emergency communication systems and 530 determine if adequate signal strength is available in all areas 531 of the school's campus. 532 (5) EDUCATIONAL SERVICES IN DETENTION FACILITIES.-Each 533 school district shall offer educational services to minors who 534 have not graduated from high school and eligible students with 535 disabilities under the age of 22 who have not graduated with a 536 standard diploma or its equivalent who are detained in a county 537 or municipal detention facility as defined in s. 951.23. These 538 educational services must shall be based upon the estimated 539 length of time the student will be in the facility and the 540 student's current level of functioning. A county sheriff or 541 chief correctional officer, or his or her designee, shall notify 542 the district school superintendent, superintendents or his or 543 her designee, when their designees shall be notified by the 544 county sheriff or chief correctional officer, or his or her 545 designee, upon the assignment of a student under the age of 21 546 is assigned to the facility. A cooperative agreement with the 547 district school board and applicable law enforcement units shall 548 develop a cooperative agreement be developed to address the 549 notification requirement and the provision of educational 550 services to such these students. (6) SAFETY AND SECURITY BEST PRACTICES.-Each district 551

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30-00994A-19 20191724 552 school superintendent shall establish policies and procedures 553 for the prevention of violence on school grounds, including the 554 assessment of and intervention with individuals whose behavior 555 poses a threat to the safety of the school community. 556 (a) Each district school superintendent shall designate a 557 school administrator as a school safety specialist for the 558 district. The school safety specialist must earn a certificate 559 of completion of the school safety specialist training provided 560 by the Office of Safe Schools within 1 year after appointment 561 and is responsible for the supervision and oversight for all 562 school safety and security personnel, policies, and procedures 563 in the school district. The school safety specialist shall: 564 1. Review policies and procedures for compliance with state law and rules. 565 566 2. Provide the necessary training and resources to students 567 and school district staff in matters relating to youth mental 568 health awareness and assistance; emergency procedures, including 569 active shooter training; and school safety and security. 570 3. Serve as the school district liaison with local public 571 safety agencies and national, state, and community agencies and 572 organizations in matters of school safety and security. 573 4. Conduct a school security risk assessment in accordance 574 with s. 1006.1493 at each public school using the school 575 security risk assessment tool developed by the Office of Safe 576 Schools. Based on the assessment findings, the district's school 577 safety specialist shall provide recommendations to the district 578 school board which identify strategies and activities that the 579 district school board should implement in order to improve 580 school safety and security. Annually, each district school board

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30-00994A-19 20191724 581 must receive such findings and the school safety specialist's 582 recommendations at a publicly noticed district school board 583 meeting to provide the public an opportunity to hear the 584 district school board members discuss and take action on the 585 findings and recommendations. Each school safety specialist 586 shall report such findings and school board action to the Office 587 of Safe Schools within 30 days after the district school board 588 meeting. 589 (b) Each school safety specialist shall coordinate with the appropriate public safety agencies, as defined in s. 365.171, 590 591 that are designated as first responders to a school's campus to 592 conduct a tour of such campus once every 3 years and provide 593 recommendations related to school safety. The recommendations by 594 the public safety agencies must be considered as part of the 595 recommendations by the school safety specialist pursuant to 596 paragraph (a). 597 (7) THREAT ASSESSMENT TEAMS.-Each district school board 598 shall adopt policies for the establishment of threat assessment 599 teams at each school whose duties include the coordination of 600 resources and assessment and intervention with individuals whose 601 behavior may pose a threat to the safety of school staff or 602 students consistent with the model policies developed by the 603 Office of Safe Schools. Such policies shall include procedures

district pursuant to s. 1012.584(4), when appropriate.

(a) A threat assessment team shall include persons with
expertise in counseling, instruction, school administration, and
law enforcement. The threat assessment teams shall identify
members of the school community to whom threatening behavior

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for referrals to mental health services identified by the school

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30-00994A-19 20191724 610 should be reported and provide guidance to students, faculty, 611 and staff regarding recognition of threatening or aberrant 612 behavior that may represent a threat to the community, school, 613 or self. 614 (b) Upon a preliminary determination that a student poses a 615 threat of violence or physical harm to himself or herself or 616 others, a threat assessment team shall immediately report its 617 determination to the superintendent or his or her designee. The superintendent or his or her designee shall immediately attempt 618 to notify the student's parent or legal guardian. Nothing in 619 620 this subsection shall preclude school district personnel from 621 acting immediately to address an imminent threat. 622 (c) Upon a preliminary determination by the threat 623 assessment team that a student poses a threat of violence to 624 himself or herself or others or exhibits significantly 625 disruptive behavior or need for assistance, the threat 626 assessment team may obtain criminal history record information, 627 as provided in s. 985.047. A member of a threat assessment team 628 may not disclose any criminal history record information 629 obtained pursuant to this section or otherwise use any record of 630 an individual beyond the purpose for which such disclosure was 631 made to the threat assessment team.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all state
and local agencies and programs that provide services to
students experiencing or at risk of an emotional disturbance or
a mental illness, including the school districts, school
personnel, state and local law enforcement agencies, the
Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Children and
Families, the Department of Health, the Agency for Health Care

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30-00994A-19 20191724 639 Administration, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the 640 Department of Education, the Statewide Guardian Ad Litem Office, 641 and any service or support provider contracting with such 642 agencies, may share with each other records or information that 643 are confidential or exempt from disclosure under chapter 119 if 644 the records or information are reasonably necessary to ensure 645 access to appropriate services for the student or to ensure the 646 safety of the student or others. All such state and local agencies and programs shall communicate, collaborate, and 647 coordinate efforts to serve such students. 648 649 (e) If an immediate mental health or substance abuse crisis 650 is suspected, school personnel shall follow policies established 651 by the threat assessment team to engage behavioral health crisis

652 resources. Behavioral health crisis resources, including, but 653 not limited to, mobile crisis teams and school resource officers 654 trained in crisis intervention, shall provide emergency 655 intervention and assessment, make recommendations, and refer the 656 student for appropriate services. Onsite school personnel shall 657 report all such situations and actions taken to the threat 658 assessment team, which shall contact the other agencies involved 659 with the student and any known service providers to share 660 information and coordinate any necessary followup actions.

(f) Each threat assessment team established pursuant to this subsection shall report quantitative data on its activities to the Office of Safe Schools in accordance with guidance from the office.

(8) SAFETY IN CONSTRUCTION PLANNING.—A district school
board must allow the law enforcement agency or agencies that are
designated as first responders to the district's campus and

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668	school's campuses to tour such campuses once every 3 years. Any
669	changes related to school safety and emergency issues
670	recommended by a law enforcement agency based on a campus tour
671	must be documented by the district school board.
672	(9) RESTORATIVE JUSTICE PRACTICESEach school district
673	shall provide funding for, train school staff members on, and
674	support the implementation of school-based restorative justice
675	practices. Schools shall use these practices to foster a sense
676	of school community and to resolve conflict by encouraging the
677	reporting of harm and by restoring positive relationships. There
678	are various ways to use these practices in the schools and in
679	the juvenile justice system where students and educators work
680	together to set academic goals, develop core values for the
681	classroom, and resolve conflicts. Many types of restorative
682	justice practices, such as restorative circles, may be used to
683	promote a positive learning environment and to confront issues
684	as they arise. Some common restorative circles that schools use
685	for discipline may include, but need not be limited to:
686	(a) Discipline circles that address the harm that occurred,
687	repair the harm, and develop solutions to prevent recurrence of
688	the harm among the parties involved.
689	(b) Proactive behavior management circles that use role
690	play to develop positive behavioral models for students.
691	(10) SUPPORT STAFFEach school district shall provide
692	funding to hire staff members to improve school climate and
693	safety, such as social workers, counselors, and restorative
694	justice coordinators, at the nationally recommended ratio of 250
695	students to 1 counselor in order to reduce dependency on school
696	safety officers, school resource officers, and other school
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697	resources.
698	(11) SURVEYSEach school district shall annually survey
699	parents, students, and teachers regarding school safety and
700	disciplinary issues.
701	Section 3. Section 1006.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to
702	read:
703	1006.12 Safe-school officers at each public schoolFor the
704	protection and safety of school personnel, property, students,
705	and visitors, each district school board and school district
706	superintendent shall partner with law enforcement agencies to
707	establish or assign one or more safe-school officers at each
708	school facility within the district by implementing any
709	combination of the following options which best meets the needs
710	of the school district:
711	(1) Establish school resource officer programs, through a
712	cooperative agreement with law enforcement agencies.
713	(a) School resource officers shall undergo criminal
714	background checks, drug testing, and a psychological evaluation
715	and be certified law enforcement officers, as defined in s.
716	943.10(1), who <u>have been</u> are employed <u>for at least 2 years</u> by a
717	law enforcement agency as defined in s. 943.10(4). The powers
718	and duties of a law enforcement officer shall continue
719	throughout the employee's tenure as a school resource officer.
720	(b) School resource officers shall abide by district school
721	board policies and shall consult with and coordinate activities
722	through the school principal, but shall be responsible to the
723	law enforcement agency in all matters relating to employment,
724	subject to agreements between a district school board and a law
725	enforcement agency. Activities conducted by the school resource

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30-00994A-19 20191724 726 officer which are part of the regular instructional program of 727 the school shall be under the direction of the school principal. (c) School resource officers shall complete mental health 728 729 crisis intervention training using a curriculum developed by a 730 national organization with expertise in mental health crisis 731 intervention. The training shall improve officers' knowledge and 732 skills as first responders to incidents involving students with emotional disturbance or mental illness, including de-escalation 733 skills to ensure student and officer safety. 734 735 (d) School resource officers may arrest a student only for 736 a violation of law which constitutes a serious threat to school 737 safety and only after consultation with the school principal or the principal's designee, documented attempts at intervention or 738 739 in-school consequences, and pursuant to the standards for 740 intervention and the cooperative agreement as described in ss. 741 1006.07 and 1006.13, respectively. If a school resource officer 742 arrests a student in a school-related incident, the officer shall immediately notify the principal or the principal's 743 744 designee. School resource officers may not arrest or otherwise 745 refer a student to the criminal justice system or the juvenile 746 justice system for a petty act of misconduct unless it is 747 determined that the failure to do so would endanger the physical 748 safety of other students or staff at the school. Such 749 determination must be documented in a written report to the 750 principal or the principal's designee which includes a 751 description of the behavior at issue and an explanation of why 752 an arrest or referral was necessary. 753 (2) Commission one or more school safety officers for the 754 protection and safety of school personnel, property, and

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30-00994A-19 20191724 755 students within the school district. The district school 756 superintendent may recommend, and the district school board may 757 appoint, one or more school safety officers. 758 (a) School safety officers shall undergo criminal 759 background checks, drug testing, and a psychological evaluation 760 and be law enforcement officers, as defined in s. 943.10(1), 761 certified under the provisions of chapter 943 and have been 762 employed for at least 2 years by either a law enforcement agency 763 or by the district school board. If the officer is employed by 764 the district school board, the district school board is the 765 employing agency for purposes of chapter 943, and must comply 766 with the provisions of that chapter. 767 (b) A school safety officer may has and shall exercise the power to make arrests for violations of law on district school 768 769 board property and to arrest persons, whether on or off such 770 property, who violate any law on such property under the same 771 conditions that deputy sheriffs are authorized to make arrests. 772 A school safety officer may arrest a student only for a 773 violation of law which constitutes a serious threat to school 774 safety and only after consultation with the school principal or 775 the principal's designee, documented attempts at intervention or 776 in-school consequences, and pursuant to the standards for 777 intervention and the cooperative agreement as described in ss. 1006.07 and 1006.13, respectively. If a school safety officer 778 779 arrests a student in a school-related incident, the officer 780 shall immediately notify the principal or the principal's 781 designee. A school safety officer may not arrest or otherwise 782 refer a student to the criminal justice system or the juvenile 783 justice system for a petty act of misconduct unless it is

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784determined that the failure to do so would endanger the physical785safety of other students or staff at the school. Such786determination must be documented in a written report to the787principal or the principal's designee which includes a788description of the behavior at issue and an explanation of why789an arrest or referral was necessary. A school safety officer has790the authority to carry weapons when performing his or her791official duties.792(c) A district school board may enter into mutual aid793agreements with one or more law enforcement agencies as provided794in chapter 23. A school safety officer's salary may be paid795jointly by the district school board and the law enforcement796agency, as mutually agreed to.797(3) At the school district's discretion, participate in the798Coach Aaron Feis Guardian Program if such program is established799pursuant to s. 30.15, to meet the requirement of establishing a780safe-school officer.781(4) Any information that would identify whether a782particular individual has been appointed as a safe-school783officer pursuant to this section held by a law enforcement784agency, school district, or charter school is exempt from s.785119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This786subsection is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act787in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October<		30-00994A-19 20191724
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803officer pursuant to this section held by a law enforcement804agency, school district, or charter school is exempt from s.805119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This806subsection is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act807in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October8082, 2023, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through809reenactment by the Legislature.810(5) Each law enforcement agency serving a school district	801	(4) Any information that would identify whether a
<pre>804 agency, school district, or charter school is exempt from s. 805 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This 806 subsection is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act 807 in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 808 2, 2023, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through 809 reenactment by the Legislature. 810 (5) Each law enforcement agency serving a school district</pre>	802	particular individual has been appointed as a safe-school
<pre>805 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This 806 subsection is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act 807 in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 808 2, 2023, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through 809 reenactment by the Legislature. 810 (5) Each law enforcement agency serving a school district</pre>	803	officer pursuant to this section held by a law enforcement
<pre>806 subsection is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act 807 in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 808 2, 2023, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through 809 reenactment by the Legislature. 810 (5) Each law enforcement agency serving a school district</pre>	804	agency, school district, or charter school is exempt from s.
<pre>807 in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 808 2, 2023, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through 809 reenactment by the Legislature. 810 (5) Each law enforcement agency serving a school district</pre>	805	119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This
<pre>808 2, 2023, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through 809 reenactment by the Legislature. 810 (5) Each law enforcement agency serving a school district</pre>	806	subsection is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act
<pre>809 reenactment by the Legislature. 810 (5) Each law enforcement agency serving a school district</pre>	807	in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October
810 (5) Each law enforcement agency serving a school district	808	2, 2023, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through
	809	reenactment by the Legislature.
811 shall do the following.	810	(5) Each law enforcement agency serving a school district
Sharr do the rorrowing.	811	shall do the following:
812 (a) Enter into a cooperative agreement with the district	812	(a) Enter into a cooperative agreement with the district

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813	school board pursuant to s. 1006.13.
814	(b) Ensure that each school resource officer and school
815	safety officer is trained to use appropriate and positive
816	interactions with students in different stages of mental,
817	emotional, and physical development, and to implement the range
818	of interventions and school-based consequences that should be
819	used to avoid an arrest. Training must include, but is not
820	limited to, the following:
821	1. Child and adolescent development and psychology;
822	2. Teaching students to respond in age-appropriate ways;
823	3. Cultural differences and unconscious bias;
824	4. Restorative justice practices;
825	5. Rights of students with disabilities and appropriate
826	responses to their behaviors;
827	6. Practices that improve the school climate; and
828	7. The creation of safe environments for lesbian, gay,
829	bisexual, and transgender students.
830	(c) Establish the following minimum qualifications for the
831	selection of school resource officers and school safety
832	officers:
833	1. Proficiency in verbal, written, and interpersonal skills
834	that include public speaking;
835	2. Knowledge and experience in matters involving cultural
836	diversity and sensitivity;
837	3. Training in best practices for working with students as
838	specified in paragraph (b);
839	4. Commitment to serving as a positive role model for
840	students;
841	5. Passion for and desire to interact positively with
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842	students; and
843	6. An employment record with no history of excessive force
844	or racial bias.
845	Section 4. Section 1006.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to
846	read:
847	1006.13 Policy <u>on referrals to the criminal justice system</u>
848	or the juvenile justice system of zero tolerance for crime and
849	victimization
850	(1) District school boards shall promote a safe and
851	supportive learning environment in schools by protecting
852	students and staff from conduct that poses a serious threat to
853	school safety. A threat assessment team may use alternatives to
854	expulsion or referral to law enforcement agencies to address
855	disruptive behavior through restitution, civil citation, teen
856	court, neighborhood restorative justice, or similar programs.
857	Referrals to the criminal justice system or the juvenile justice
858	<u>system</u> <del>Zero-tolerance policies</del> may not be rigorously applied to
859	petty acts of misconduct and misdemeanors, including, but not
860	limited to, minor fights or disturbances. <del>Zero-tolerance</del>
861	Policies on referrals to the criminal justice system or juvenile
862	justice system must apply equally to all students regardless of
863	their economic status, race, or disability.
864	(2) Each district school board shall adopt a policy <u>on</u>
865	referrals to the criminal justice system or the juvenile justice
866	system of zero tolerance that:
867	(a) Clearly limits the role of law enforcement intervention
868	to serious threats to school safety and delineates clear roles
869	in which school principals or their designees, under the
870	constraints of the standards for intervention as described in s.

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871	1006.07 and other district policies, are the final
872	decisionmakers on disciplinary consequences, including referrals
873	to law enforcement agencies.
874	<u>(b)</u> Defines criteria for reporting to a law enforcement
875	agency any act that occurs whenever or wherever students are
876	within the jurisdiction of the district school board and that
877	poses a serious threat to school safety. An act that does not
878	pose a serious threat to school safety must be handled within
879	the school's disciplinary system.
880	<u>(c)</u> Defines acts that pose a serious threat to school
881	safety, including, but not limited to, those acts or behaviors
882	specified in s. 1006.07(2)(c)2.
883	(d) (c) Defines petty acts of misconduct, including, but not
884	limited to, behavior that could amount to the misdemeanor
885	criminal charge of disorderly conduct, disturbing a school
886	function, loitering, simple assault or battery, affray, theft of
887	less than \$300, trespassing, vandalism of less than \$1,000,
888	criminal mischief, and other behavior that does not pose a
889	serious threat to school safety.
890	(e) Specifies that students may not be arrested or
891	otherwise referred to the criminal justice system or the
892	juvenile justice system for petty acts of misconduct unless it
893	is determined that the failure to do so would endanger the
894	physical safety of other students or staff at the school. Such
895	determination must be documented in a written report that
896	includes a description of the behavior at issue and an
897	explanation of why an arrest or referral was necessary.
898	(f)(d) Minimizes the victimization of students, staff, or
899	volunteers, including taking all steps necessary to protect the

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30-00994A-19 20191724 900 victim of any violent crime from any further victimization. 901  $(q) \rightarrow$  Establishes a procedure that provides each student 902 with the opportunity for a review of the disciplinary action imposed pursuant to s. 1006.07. 903 904 (h) (f) Requires the threat assessment team to consult with 905 law enforcement when a student exhibits a pattern of behavior, 906 based upon previous acts or the severity of an act, that would 907 pose a threat to school safety. 908 (i) Establishes data-sharing protocols so that each school 909 district receives, at least twice a year, a report on the number 910 of school-based arrests of students. All data must be 911 disaggregated by race, ethnicity, gender, school, offense, and the name of the law enforcement officer involved, and match the 912 school district's records on grade, disability, and status as a 913 limited English proficient student. 914 915 (3) This section does not limit a school's authority and 916 discretion under law to use other disciplinary consequences and 917 interventions as appropriate to address school-based incidents. 918 (4) (3) The policy on referrals to the criminal justice 919 system or the juvenile justice system Zero-tolerance policies 920 must require a student who is students found to have committed 921 one of the following offenses to be expelled, with or without 922 continuing educational services, from the student's regular 923 school for a period of not less than 1 full year, and to be 924 referred to the criminal justice system or juvenile justice 925 system. 926 (a) Bringing a firearm or weapon, as defined in s. 790.001 927 or 18 U.S.C. s. 921 chapter 790, to school, to any school

928 function, or onto any school-sponsored transportation or

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929	possessing a firearm at school.
930	(b) Making a threat or false report, as <u>provided in</u> <del>defined</del>
931	by ss. 790.162 and 790.163, respectively, involving school or
932	school personnel's property, school transportation, or a school-
933	sponsored activity.
934	
935	<u>A</u> district school <u>board</u> <del>boards</del> may assign the student to a
936	disciplinary program for the purpose of continuing educational
937	services during the period of expulsion. <u>A</u> district school
938	superintendent superintendents may consider the 1-year expulsion
939	requirement on a case-by-case basis and request the district
940	school board to modify the requirement by assigning the student
941	to a disciplinary program or second chance school if the request
942	for modification is in writing and it is determined to be in the
943	best interest of the student and the school system. If a student
944	committing any of the offenses in this subsection is a student
945	who has a disability, the district school board shall comply
946	with applicable State Board of Education rules.
947	<u>(5)</u> (4)(a) Each district school board, in collaboration with
948	students, educators, parents, and stakeholders, shall enter into
949	cooperative agreements with the county sheriff's office and
950	local police department specifying guidelines for ensuring that
951	acts that pose a serious threat to school safety, whether
952	committed by a student or adult, are reported to a law
953	enforcement agency. Such agreements must:
954	<u>(a) <del>(</del>b)</u> <del>The agreements must</del> Include the role of <u>school</u>

955 <u>safety officers and</u> school resource officers, if applicable, in 956 handling reported incidents that pose a serious threat to school 957 <u>safety and</u>, circumstances in which school officials may handle

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958	incidents without filing a report with a law enforcement agency $_{m  au}$
959	and a procedure for ensuring that school personnel properly
960	report appropriate delinquent acts and crimes.
961	(b) <del>(c)</del> Clarifying that <del>Zero-tolerance policies do not</del>
962	require the reporting of petty acts of misconduct and
963	misdemeanors may not be reported to a law enforcement agency,
964	including, but not limited to, disorderly conduct, <u>loitering,</u>
965	simple assault or battery, affray, theft of less than \$300,
966	trespassing, <del>and</del> vandalism of less than \$1,000 <u>, criminal</u>
967	mischief, and other misdemeanors that do not pose a serious
968	threat to school safety. However, if a student commits more than
969	one misdemeanor, the threat assessment team must consult with
970	law enforcement to determine if the act should be reported to
971	law enforcement.
972	<u>(c) (d)</u> Clarify the role of the school principal <u>in ensuring</u>
973	<del>shall ensure</del> that all school personnel are properly informed <u>of</u>
974	<del>as to</del> their responsibilities regarding crime reporting, that
975	appropriate delinquent acts and crimes are properly reported,
976	and that actions taken in cases with special circumstances are
977	properly taken and documented.
978	(d) Specify training for each school resource officer and
979	school safety officer on school grounds to foster appropriate
980	and positive interactions with students in different stages of
981	mental, emotional, and physical development, and to implement
982	the range of interventions and school-based consequences that
983	should be used to avoid an arrest. Training must include, but is
984	not limited to, all the following:
985	1. Child and adolescent development and psychology.
986	2. Teaching students to respond in age-appropriate ways.
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987	3. Cultural differences and unconscious bias.
988	4. Restorative justice practices.
989	5. Rights of students with disabilities and appropriate
990	responses to their behaviors.
991	6. Practices that improve the school climate.
992	7. The creation of safe environments for lesbian, gay,
993	bisexual, and transgender students.
994	(e) Include clear guidelines for selecting school resource
995	officers and school safety officers, who must meet all of the
996	following minimum qualifications:
997	1. Proficiency in verbal, written, and interpersonal skills
998	that include public speaking.
999	2. Knowledge and experience in matters involving cultural
1000	diversity and sensitivity.
1001	3. Training in best practices for working with students as
1002	specified in paragraph (d).
1003	4. Commitment to serving as a positive role model for
1004	students.
1005	5. Passion for and desire to interact positively with
1006	students.
1007	6. An employment record with no history of excessive force
1008	or racial bias.
1009	(f) Require a school district to annually review the cost
1010	and effectiveness of its school safety programs, including the
1011	use of school safety officers, school resource officers, and
1012	other security measures, to report its findings to the
1013	Department of Education by August 1 of each school year, and to
1014	use these findings to reevaluate and improve school safety
1015	programs.
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30-00994A-19 20191724 (6) (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each 1016 1017 district school board shall adopt rules providing that a any 1018 student found to have committed an any offense in s. 784.081(1), 1019 (2), or (3) shall be expelled or placed in an alternative school 1020 setting or other program, as appropriate. Upon being charged 1021 with the offense, and pending disposition, the student shall be 1022 removed from the classroom immediately and placed in an 1023 alternative school setting pending disposition. (7) (a) (6) (a) Notwithstanding any provision of law 1024 prohibiting the disclosure of the identity of a minor, if a 1025 1026 whenever any student who is attending a public school is 1027 adjudicated guilty of or delinquent for, or is found to have 1028 committed, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld, or 1029 pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony violation of: 1030 1. Chapter 782, relating to homicide; 1031 2. Chapter 784, relating to assault, battery, and culpable 1032 negligence; 1033 3. Chapter 787, relating to kidnapping, false imprisonment, 1034 luring or enticing a child, and custody offenses; 1035 4. Chapter 794, relating to sexual battery; 1036 5. Chapter 800, relating to lewdness and indecent exposure; 1037 6. Chapter 827, relating to abuse of children; 7. Section 812.13, relating to robbery; 1038 1039 8. Section 812.131, relating to robbery by sudden snatching; 1040 1041 9. Section 812.133, relating to carjacking; or 1042 10. Section 812.135, relating to home-invasion robbery, 1043 and, before or at the time of such adjudication, withholding of 1044

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1045 adjudication, or plea, the student offender was attending a 1046 school attended by the victim or a sibling of the victim of the 1047 offense, the Department of Juvenile Justice shall notify the 1048 appropriate district school board of the adjudication or plea, 1049 the requirements of in this paragraph, and whether the student 1050 offender is prohibited from attending that school or riding on a 1051 school bus if whenever the victim or a sibling of the victim is 1052 attending the same school or riding on the same school bus, 1053 except as provided pursuant to a written disposition order under 1054 s. 985.455(2). Upon receipt of such notice, the district school 1055 board shall take appropriate action to effectuate the provisions 1056 in paragraph (b).

1057 (b) Each district school board shall adopt a cooperative 1058 agreement with the Department of Juvenile Justice which 1059 establishes guidelines for ensuring that a any no contact order 1060 entered by a court is reported and enforced and that all of the 1061 necessary steps are taken to protect the victim of the offense. 1062 Any student offender described in paragraph (a)  $\tau$  who is not 1063 exempt exempted as provided in paragraph (a)  $\tau$  may not attend the 1064 any school attended by the victim or a sibling of the victim of 1065 the offense or ride on a school bus on which the victim or a 1066 sibling of the victim is riding. The offender shall be permitted 1067 by the district school board shall allow the student to attend 1068 another school within the district in which the student offender 1069 resides, only if the other school is not attended by the victim 1070 or a sibling of the victim. Another district school board may 1071 allow of the offense; or the student offender may be permitted 1072 by another district school board to attend a school in that 1073 district if the student offender is unable to attend any school

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30-00994A-19 20191724\_\_\_\_\_ 1074 in the district in which the student <del>offender</del> resides.

1075 (c) If the student offender is unable to attend any other 1076 school in the district in which the student <del>offender</del> resides and 1077 is prohibited from attending a school in another school 1078 district, the district school board in the school district in 1079 which the student offender resides shall take every reasonable 1080 precaution to keep the student offender separated from the 1081 victim while on school grounds or on school transportation. The steps to be taken by a district school board to keep the student 1082 1083 offender separated from the victim must include, but are not 1084 limited to, in-school suspension of the student offender and the 1085 scheduling of classes, lunch, or other school activities of the 1086 victim and the student offender so as not to coincide.

1087 (d) The student offender, or the parents of the student 1088 offender if the student offender is a juvenile, shall arrange 1089 and pay for transportation associated with or required by the 1090 student offender's attending another school or that would be 1091 required as a consequence of the prohibition against riding on a 1092 school bus on which the victim or a sibling of the victim is 1093 riding. If the student is experiencing homelessness as described 1094 in s. 1003.01(12) or belongs to a family whose income does not 1095 exceed 150 percent of the federal poverty level, the school 1096 district shall arrange and pay for the transportation. However, 1097 The student offender or the parents of the student offender may 1098 not be charged for existing modes of transportation that can be 1099 used by the student offender at no additional cost to the 1100 district school board.

1101 (8) (7) Any disciplinary or prosecutorial action taken
1102 against a student who violates the <u>a zero-tolerance</u> policy <u>on</u>

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1103	referrals to the criminal justice or juvenile justice system
1104	must be based on the particular circumstances of the student's
1105	misconduct.
1106	<u>(9)</u> A threat assessment team <u>shall</u> may use alternatives
1107	to expulsion or referral to <u>a</u> law enforcement <u>agency</u> <del>agencies</del>
1108	unless the use of such alternatives will pose a threat to school
1109	safety. By August 1 of each year, a school district shall
1110	provide to the department all policies and agreements adopted or
1111	implemented pursuant to this section.
1112	(10) To assist a school district in developing policies
1113	that ensure students are not arrested or otherwise referred to
1114	the criminal justice system or the juvenile justice system for
1115	petty acts of misconduct, the department shall, by March 1,
1116	2020, in collaboration with students, educators, parents, and
1117	stakeholders, develop and provide to each school district a
1118	model policy.
1119	(11) On or before January 1 of each year, the Commissioner
1120	of Education shall report to the Governor, the President of the
1121	Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the
1122	implementation of this section. The report must include data
1123	regarding school-based arrests and referrals of students to law
1124	enforcement agencies.
1125	Section 5. Paragraph (d) of subsection (5) of section
1126	16.555, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1127	16.555 Crime Stoppers Trust Fund; rulemaking
1128	(5)
1129	(d) Grants may be awarded to fund student crime watch
1130	programs pursuant to s. 1006.07(3).
1131	Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section

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1132	1001.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1133	1001.42 Powers and duties of district school boardThe
1134	district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all
1135	powers and perform all duties listed below:
1136	(8) STUDENT WELFARE.—
1137	(a) In accordance with <del>the provisions of</del> chapters 1003 and
1138	1006, provide for the proper accounting for all students of
1139	school age, for the attendance and <u>discipline</u> <del>control</del> of
1140	students at school, and for proper attention to health, safety,
1141	and other matters relating to the welfare of students.
1142	Section 7. Subsection (5) of section 1002.20, Florida
1143	Statutes, is amended to read:
1144	1002.20 K-12 student and parent rightsParents of public
1145	school students must receive accurate and timely information
1146	regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed
1147	of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12
1148	students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory
1149	rights including, but not limited to, the following:
1150	(5) SAFETY.—In accordance with <u>s. 1006.13(7)</u> the provisions
1151	of s. 1006.13(6), students who have been victims of certain
1152	felony offenses by other students, as well as the siblings of
1153	the student victims, have the right to be kept separated from
1154	the student offender both at school and during school
1155	transportation.
1156	Section 8. Subsection (5) of section 1002.23, Florida
1157	Statutes, is amended to read:
1158	1002.23 Family and School Partnership for Student
1159	Achievement Act
1160	(5) Each school district shall develop and disseminate a
I	

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1161	parent guide to successful student achievement, consistent with
1162	the guidelines of the Department of Education, which addresses
1163	what parents need to know about their child's educational
1164	progress and how parents can help their child to succeed in
1165	school. The guide must:
1166	(a) Be understandable to students and parents;
1167	(b) Be distributed to all parents, students, and school
1168	personnel at the beginning of each school year;
1169	(c) Be discussed at the beginning of each school year in
1170	meetings of students, parents, and teachers;
1171	(d) Include information concerning services, opportunities,
1172	choices, academic standards, and student assessment; and
1173	(e) Provide information on the importance of student health
1174	and available immunizations and vaccinations, including, but not
1175	limited to:
1176	1. A recommended immunization schedule in accordance with
1177	United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
1178	recommendations.
1179	2. Detailed information regarding the causes, symptoms, and
1180	transmission of meningococcal disease and the availability,
1181	effectiveness, known contraindications, and appropriate age for
1182	the administration of any required or recommended vaccine
1183	against meningococcal disease, in accordance with the
1184	recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization
1185	Practices of the United States Centers for Disease Control and
1186	Prevention.
1187	
1188	The parent guide <u>described in this subsection</u> may be included as
1189	a part of the <u>standards for intervention under s. 1006.07</u> code

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1190	of student conduct that is required in s. 1006.07(2).
1191	Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section
1192	1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1193	1002.33 Charter schools
1194	(7) CHARTER.—The terms and conditions for the operation of
1195	a charter school shall be set forth by the sponsor and the
1196	applicant in a written contractual agreement, called a charter.
1197	The sponsor and the governing board of the charter school shall
1198	use the standard charter contract pursuant to subsection (21),
1199	which shall incorporate the approved application and any addenda
1200	approved with the application. Any term or condition of a
1201	proposed charter contract that differs from the standard charter
1202	contract adopted by rule of the State Board of Education shall
1203	be presumed a limitation on charter school flexibility. The
1204	sponsor may not impose unreasonable rules or regulations that
1205	violate the intent of giving charter schools greater flexibility
1206	to meet educational goals. The charter shall be signed by the
1207	governing board of the charter school and the sponsor, following
1208	a public hearing to ensure community input.

(a) The charter shall address and criteria for approval ofthe charter shall be based on:

1211 1. The school's mission, the students to be served, and the 1212 ages and grades to be included.

1213 2. The focus of the curriculum, the instructional methods 1214 to be used, any distinctive instructional techniques to be 1215 employed, and identification and acquisition of appropriate 1216 technologies needed to improve educational and administrative 1217 performance which include a means for promoting safe, ethical, 1218 and appropriate uses of technology which comply with legal and

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1219 professional standards.

a. The charter shall ensure that reading is a primary focus of the curriculum and that resources are provided to identify and provide specialized instruction for students who are reading below grade level. The curriculum and instructional strategies for reading must be consistent with the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards and grounded in scientifically based reading research.

1227 b. In order to provide students with access to diverse 1228 instructional delivery models, to facilitate the integration of technology within traditional classroom instruction, and to 1229 1230 provide students with the skills they need to compete in the 1231 21st century economy, the Legislature encourages instructional 1232 methods for blended learning courses consisting of both 1233 traditional classroom and online instructional techniques. 1234 Charter schools may implement blended learning courses which 1235 combine traditional classroom instruction and virtual 1236 instruction. Students in a blended learning course must be full-1237 time students of the charter school pursuant to s. 1238 1011.61(1)(a)1. Instructional personnel certified pursuant to s. 1239 1012.55 who provide virtual instruction for blended learning 1240 courses may be employees of the charter school or may be under 1241 contract to provide instructional services to charter school 1242 students. At a minimum, such instructional personnel must hold 1243 an active state or school district adjunct certification under 1244 s. 1012.57 for the subject area of the blended learning course. 1245 The funding and performance accountability requirements for 1246 blended learning courses are the same as those for traditional 1247 courses.

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1248	3. The current incoming baseline standard of student
1249	academic achievement, the outcomes to be achieved, and the
1250	method of measurement that will be used. The criteria listed in
1251	this subparagraph shall include a detailed description of:
1252	a. How the baseline student academic achievement levels and
1253	prior rates of academic progress will be established.
1254	b. How these baseline rates will be compared to rates of
1255	academic progress achieved by these same students while
1256	attending the charter school.
1257	c. To the extent possible, how these rates of progress will
1258	be evaluated and compared with rates of progress of other
1259	closely comparable student populations.
1260	
1261	The district school board is required to provide academic
1262	student performance data to charter schools for each of their
1263	students coming from the district school system, as well as
1264	rates of academic progress of comparable student populations in
1265	the district school system.
1266	4. The methods used to identify the educational strengths
1267	and needs of students and how well educational goals and
1268	performance standards are met by students attending the charter
1269	school. The methods shall provide a means for the charter school
1270	to ensure accountability to its constituents by analyzing
1271	student performance data and by evaluating the effectiveness and
1272	efficiency of its major educational programs. Students in
1273	charter schools shall, at a minimum, participate in the
1274	statewide assessment program created under s. 1008.22.
1275	5. In secondary charter schools, a method for determining

1276 that a student has satisfied the requirements for graduation in

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20191724 30-00994A-19 1277 s. 1002.3105(5), s. 1003.4281, or s. 1003.4282. 1278 6. A method for resolving conflicts between the governing 1279 board of the charter school and the sponsor. 1280 7. The admissions procedures and dismissal procedures, 1281 including the school's standards of intervention code of student conduct. Admission or dismissal must not be based on a student's 1282 1283 academic performance. 1284 8. The ways by which the school will achieve a 1285 racial/ethnic balance reflective of the community it serves or 1286 within the racial/ethnic range of other public schools in the 1287 same school district. 1288 9. The financial and administrative management of the 1289 school, including a reasonable demonstration of the professional 1290 experience or competence of those individuals or organizations 1291 applying to operate the charter school or those hired or 1292 retained to perform such professional services and the 1293 description of clearly delineated responsibilities and the 1294 policies and practices needed to effectively manage the charter 1295 school. A description of internal audit procedures and 1296 establishment of controls to ensure that financial resources are 1297 properly managed must be included. Both public sector and 1298 private sector professional experience shall be equally valid in 1299 such a consideration. 1300 10. The asset and liability projections required in the

1300 10. The asset and liability projections required in the 1301 application which are incorporated into the charter and shall be 1302 compared with information provided in the annual report of the 1303 charter school.

1304 11. A description of procedures that identify various risks 1305 and provide for a comprehensive approach to reduce the impact of

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30-00994A-19 20191724 1306 losses; plans to ensure the safety and security of students and 1307 staff; plans to identify, minimize, and protect others from 1308 violent or disruptive student behavior; and the manner in which 1309 the school will be insured, including whether or not the school 1310 will be required to have liability insurance, and, if so, the terms and conditions thereof and the amounts of coverage. 1311 1312 12. The term of the charter which shall provide for 1313 cancellation of the charter if insufficient progress has been made in attaining the student achievement objectives of the 1314 1315 charter and if it is not likely that such objectives can be 1316 achieved before expiration of the charter. The initial term of a 1317 charter shall be for 5 years, excluding 2 planning years. In 1318 order to facilitate access to long-term financial resources for 1319 charter school construction, charter schools that are operated 1320 by a municipality or other public entity as provided by law are 1321 eligible for up to a 15-year charter, subject to approval by the 1322 district school board. A charter lab school is eligible for a 1323 charter for a term of up to 15 years. In addition, to facilitate 1324 access to long-term financial resources for charter school 1325 construction, charter schools that are operated by a private, 1326 not-for-profit, s. 501(c)(3) status corporation are eligible for 1327 up to a 15-year charter, subject to approval by the district 1328 school board. Such long-term charters remain subject to annual 1329 review and may be terminated during the term of the charter, but 1330 only according to the provisions set forth in subsection (8).

1331 13. The facilities to be used and their location. The 1332 sponsor may not require a charter school to have a certificate 1333 of occupancy or a temporary certificate of occupancy for such a 1334 facility earlier than 15 calendar days before the first day of

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1335	school.
1336	14. The qualifications to be required of the teachers and
1337	the potential strategies used to recruit, hire, train, and
1338	retain qualified staff to achieve best value.
1339	15. The governance structure of the school, including the
1340	status of the charter school as a public or private employer as
1341	required in paragraph (12)(i).
1342	16. A timetable for implementing the charter which
1343	addresses the implementation of each element thereof and the
1344	date by which the charter shall be awarded in order to meet this
1345	timetable.
1346	17. In the case of an existing public school that is being
1347	converted to charter status, alternative arrangements for
1348	current students who choose not to attend the charter school and
1349	for current teachers who choose not to teach in the charter
1350	school after conversion in accordance with the existing
1351	collective bargaining agreement or district school board rule in
1352	the absence of a collective bargaining agreement. However,
1353	alternative arrangements shall not be required for current
1354	teachers who choose not to teach in a charter lab school, except
1355	as authorized by the employment policies of the state university
1356	which grants the charter to the lab school.
1357	18. Full disclosure of the identity of all relatives
1358	employed by the charter school who are related to the charter
1359	school owner, president, chairperson of the governing board of
1360	directors, superintendent, governing board member, principal,

1361 assistant principal, or any other person employed by the charter 1362 school who has equivalent decisionmaking authority. For the 1363 purpose of this subparagraph, the term "relative" means father,

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1364	mother, son, daughter, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, first
1365	cousin, nephew, niece, husband, wife, father-in-law, mother-in-
1366	law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law,
1367	stepfather, stepmother, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother,
1368	stepsister, half brother, or half sister.
1369	19. Implementation of the activities authorized under s.
1370	1002.331 by the charter school when it satisfies the eligibility
1371	requirements for a high-performing charter school. A high-
1372	performing charter school shall notify its sponsor in writing by
1373	March 1 if it intends to increase enrollment or expand grade
1374	levels the following school year. The written notice shall
1375	specify the amount of the enrollment increase and the grade
1376	levels that will be added, as applicable.
1377	Section 10. Paragraph (d) of subsection (8) of section
1378	1002.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1379	1002.40 The Hope Scholarship Program
1380	(8) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONSThe department
1381	shall:
1382	(d) Contract with an independent entity to provide an
1383	annual evaluation of the program by:
1384	1. Reviewing the school bullying prevention education
1385	program, climate, and <u>standards for intervention</u> <del>code of student</del>
1386	conduct of each public school from which 10 or more students
1387	transferred to another public school or private school using the
1388	Hope scholarship to determine areas in the school or school
1389	district procedures involving reporting, investigating, and
1390	communicating a parent's and student's rights that are in need
1391	of improvement. At a minimum, the review must include:
1392	a. An assessment of the investigation time and quality of
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30-00994A-19 20191724 1393 the response of the school and the school district. b. An assessment of the effectiveness of communication 1394 1395 procedures with the students involved in an incident, the 1396 students' parents, and the school and school district personnel. 1397 c. An analysis of school incident and discipline data. d. The challenges and obstacles relating to implementing 1398 1399 recommendations from the review. 1400 2. Reviewing the school bullying prevention education 1401 program, climate, and standards for intervention code of student 1402 conduct of each public school to which a student transferred if 1403 the student was from a school identified in subparagraph 1. in 1404 order to identify best practices and make recommendations to a public school at which the incidents occurred. 1405 1406 3. Reviewing the performance of participating students 1407 enrolled in a private school in which at least 51 percent of the 1408 total enrolled students in the prior school year participated in 1409 the program and in which there are at least 10 participating 1410 students who have scores for tests administered. 1411 4. Surveying the parents of participating students to 1412 determine academic, safety, and school climate satisfaction and to identify any challenges to or obstacles in addressing the 1413 1414 incident or relating to the use of the scholarship. Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 1003.02, Florida 1415 1416 Statutes, is amended to read: 1003.02 District school board operation and control of 1417 public K-12 education within the school district.-As provided in 1418 1419 part II of chapter 1001, district school boards are 1420 constitutionally and statutorily charged with the operation and 1421 control of public K-12 education within their school district.

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1	30-00994A-19 20191724
1422	The district school boards must establish, organize, and operate
1423	their public K-12 schools and educational programs, employees,
1424	and facilities. Their responsibilities include staff
1425	development, public K-12 school student education including
1426	education for exceptional students and students in juvenile
1427	justice programs, special programs, adult education programs,
1428	and career education programs. Additionally, district school
1429	boards must:
1430	(1) Provide for the proper accounting for all students of
1431	school age, for the attendance and <u>discipline</u> <del>control</del> of
1432	students at school, and for proper attention to health, safety,
1433	and other matters relating to the welfare of students in the
1434	following areas:
1435	(a) Admission, classification, promotion, and graduation of
1436	studentsAdopt rules for admitting, classifying, promoting, and
1437	graduating students to or from the various schools of the
1438	district.
1439	(b) Enforcement of attendance lawsProvide for the
1440	enforcement of all laws and rules relating to the attendance of
1441	students at school. District school boards are authorized to
1442	establish policies that allow accumulated unexcused tardies,
1443	regardless of when they occur during the school day, and early
1444	departures from school to be recorded as unexcused absences.
1445	District school boards are also authorized to establish policies
1446	that require referral to a school's child study team for
1447	students who have fewer absences than the number required by s.
1448	1003.26(1)(b).

# 1449

(c) <u>Discipline</u> <del>Control</del> of students.—

1450 1. Adopt rules for the control, attendance, discipline, in-

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1451	school suspension, suspension, and expulsion of students and
1452	decide all cases recommended for expulsion.
1453	2. Maintain <u>standards for intervention</u> <del>a code of student</del>
1454	<del>conduct</del> as provided in chapter 1006.
1455	(d) Courses of study and instructional materials
1456	1. Provide adequate instructional materials for all
1457	students as follows and in accordance with the requirements of
1458	chapter 1006, in the core courses of mathematics, language arts,
1459	social studies, science, reading, and literature, except for
1460	instruction for which the school advisory council approves the
1461	use of a program that does not include a textbook as a major
1462	tool of instruction.
1463	2. Adopt courses of study for use in the schools of the
1464	district.
1465	3. Provide for proper requisitioning, distribution,
1466	accounting, storage, care, and use of all instructional
1467	materials as may be needed, and ensure that instructional
1468	materials used in the district are consistent with the district
1469	goals and objectives and the course descriptions approved by the
1470	State Board of Education, as well as with the state and school
1471	district performance standards required by law and state board
1472	rule.
1473	(e) TransportationMake provision for the transportation
1474	of students to the public schools or school activities they are
1475	required or expected to attend, efficiently and economically, in
1476	accordance with the requirements of chapter 1006, which function

1476 accordance with the requirements of chapter 1006, which function 1477 may be accomplished, in whole or part, by means of an interlocal 1478 agreement under s. 163.01.

(f) Facilities and school plant.-

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1	30-00994A-19 20191724
1480	1. Approve and adopt a districtwide school facilities
1481	program, in accordance with the requirements of chapter 1013.
1482	2. Approve plans for locating, planning, constructing,
1483	sanitating, insuring, maintaining, protecting, and condemning
1484	school property as prescribed in chapter 1013.
1485	3. Approve and adopt a districtwide school building
1486	program.
1487	4. Select and purchase school sites, playgrounds, and
1488	recreational areas located at centers at which schools are to be
1489	constructed, of adequate size to meet the needs of projected
1490	students to be accommodated.
1491	5. Approve the proposed purchase of any site, playground,
1492	or recreational area for which school district funds are to be
1493	used.
1494	6. Expand existing sites.
1495	7. Rent buildings when necessary, which function may be
1496	accomplished, in whole or part, by means of an interlocal
1497	agreement under s. 163.01.
1498	8. Enter into leases or lease-purchase arrangements, in
1499	accordance with the requirements and conditions provided in s.
1500	1013.15(2).
1501	9. Provide for the proper supervision of construction.
1502	10. Make or contract for additions, alterations, and
1503	repairs on buildings and other school properties.
1504	11. Ensure that all plans and specifications for buildings
1505	provide adequately for the safety and well-being of students, as
1506	well as for economy of construction.
1507	12. Provide adequately for the proper maintenance and
1508	upkeep of school plants, which function may be accomplished, in
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1509
      whole or part, by means of an interlocal agreement under s.
1510
      163.01.
           13. Carry insurance on every school building in all school
1511
1512
      plants including contents, boilers, and machinery, except
1513
      buildings of three classrooms or less which are of frame
1514
      construction and located in a tenth class public protection zone
1515
      as defined by the Florida Inspection and Rating Bureau, and on
1516
      all school buses and other property under the control of the
1517
      district school board or title to which is vested in the
      district school board, except as exceptions may be authorized
1518
```

1520 14. Condemn and prohibit the use for public school purposes 1521 of any building under the control of the district school board. 1522

(q) School operation.-

under rules of the State Board of Education.

1523 1. Provide for the operation of all public schools as free 1524 schools for a term of 180 days or the equivalent on an hourly 1525 basis as specified by rules of the State Board of Education; 1526 determine district school funds necessary in addition to state 1527 funds to operate all schools for the minimum term; and arrange 1528 for the levying of district school taxes necessary to provide 1529 the amount needed from district sources.

1530 2. Prepare, adopt, and timely submit to the Department of 1531 Education, as required by law and by rules of the State Board of 1532 Education, the annual school budget, so as to promote the 1533 improvement of the district school system.

1534

1519

(h) Records and reports.-

1535 1. Keep all necessary records and make all needed and 1536 required reports, as required by law or by rules of the State 1537 Board of Education.

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1538
           2. At regular intervals require reports to be made by
1539
      principals or teachers in all public schools to the parents of
1540
      the students enrolled and in attendance at their schools,
1541
      apprising them of the academic and other progress being made by
1542
      the student and giving other useful information.
1543
            (i) Parental notification of acceleration options.-At the
1544
      beginning of each school year, notify parents of students in or
1545
      entering high school of the opportunity and benefits of advanced
      placement, International Baccalaureate, Advanced International
1546
1547
      Certificate of Education, dual enrollment, and Florida Virtual
1548
      School courses and options for early graduation under s.
1549
      1003.4281.
1550
            (j) Return on investment.-Notify the parent of a student
1551
      who earns an industry certification that articulates for
1552
      postsecondary credit of the estimated cost savings to the parent
1553
      before the student's high school graduation versus the cost of
1554
      acquiring such certification after high school graduation, which
1555
      would include the tuition and fees associated with available
1556
      postsecondary credits. Also, the student and the parent must be
1557
      informed of any additional industry certifications available to
1558
      the student.
1559
           Section 12. Section 1003.32, Florida Statutes, is amended
1560
      to read:
1561
           1003.32 Authority of teacher; responsibility for discipline
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1561 1003.32 Authority of teacher; responsibility for <u>discipline</u> 1562 control of students; district school board and principal 1563 duties.—Subject to law and to the rules of the district school 1564 board, each teacher or other member of the staff of any school 1565 shall have such authority for the <u>control and</u> discipline of 1566 students as may be assigned to him or her by the principal or

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30-00994A-19 20191724 1567 the principal's designated representative and shall keep good 1568 order in the classroom and in other places in which he or she is 1569 assigned to be in charge of students. 1570 (1) In accordance with this section and within the 1571 framework of the district school board's standards for 1572 intervention code of student conduct, teachers and other 1573 instructional personnel shall have the authority to undertake 1574 any of the following actions in managing student behavior and 1575 ensuring the safety of all students in their classes and school 1576 and their opportunity to learn in an orderly and disciplined 1577 classroom: 1578 (a) Establish classroom rules of conduct. 1579 (b) Establish and implement consequences, designed to 1580 change behavior, for infractions of classroom rules. 1581 (c) Have disobedient, disrespectful, violent, abusive, 1582 uncontrollable, or disruptive students removed from the 1583 classroom for behavior management intervention. 1584 (d) Have violent, abusive, uncontrollable, or disruptive 1585 students directed for information or assistance from appropriate 1586 school or district school board personnel. 1587 (e) Assist in enforcing school rules on school property, 1588 during school-sponsored transportation, and during school-1589 sponsored activities.

1590 (f) Request and receive information as to the disposition 1591 of any referrals to the administration for violation of 1592 classroom or school rules.

1593 (g) Request and receive immediate assistance in classroom 1594 management if a student becomes uncontrollable or in case of 1595 emergency.

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1596 (h) Request and receive training and other assistance to 1597 improve skills in classroom management, violence prevention, 1598 conflict resolution, and related areas. 1599 (i) Press charges if there is a reason to believe that a 1600 crime has been committed on school property, during school-1601 sponsored transportation, or during school-sponsored activities. 1602 (j) Use reasonable force, according to standards adopted by 1603 the State Board of Education, to protect himself or herself or 1604 others from injury. 1605 (k) Use corporal punishment according to school board 1606 policy and at least the following procedures, if a teacher feels 1607 that corporal punishment is necessary: 1608 1. The use of corporal punishment shall be approved in 1609 principle by the principal before it is used, but approval is 1610 not necessary for each specific instance in which it is used. 1611 The principal shall prepare quidelines for administering such 1612 punishment which identify the types of punishable offenses, the 1613 conditions under which the punishment shall be administered, and 1614 the specific personnel on the school staff authorized to 1615 administer the punishment. 2. A teacher or principal may administer corporal

1616 2. A teacher or principal may administer corporal 1617 punishment only in the presence of another adult who is informed 1618 beforehand, and in the student's presence, of the reason for the 1619 punishment.

1620 3. A teacher or principal who has administered punishment 1621 shall, upon request, provide the student's parent with a written 1622 explanation of the reason for the punishment and the name of the 1623 other adult who was present.

1624

(2) Teachers and other instructional personnel shall:

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1625
            (a) Set and enforce reasonable classroom rules that treat
1626
      all students equitably.
1627
            (b) Seek professional development to improve classroom
1628
      management skills when data show that they are not effective in
1629
      handling minor classroom disruptions.
1630
            (c) Maintain an orderly and disciplined classroom with a
1631
      positive and effective learning environment that maximizes
1632
      learning and minimizes disruption.
1633
            (d) Work with parents and other school personnel to solve
1634
      discipline problems in their classrooms.
1635
            (3) A teacher may send a student to the principal's office
1636
      to maintain effective discipline in the classroom and may
1637
      recommend an appropriate consequence consistent with the
      standards for intervention student code of conduct under s.
1638
1639
      1006.07. The principal shall respond by employing the teacher's
1640
      recommended consequence or a more serious disciplinary action if
1641
      the student's history of disruptive behavior warrants it. If the
1642
      principal determines that a lesser disciplinary action is
1643
      appropriate, the principal should consult with the teacher
1644
      before prior to taking disciplinary action.
1645
            (4) A teacher may remove from class a student whose
1646
      behavior the teacher determines interferes with the teacher's
1647
      ability to communicate effectively with the students in the
1648
      class or with the ability of the student's classmates to learn.
      Each district school board, each district school superintendent,
1649
1650
      and each school principal shall support the authority of
1651
      teachers to remove disobedient, violent, abusive,
1652
      uncontrollable, or disruptive students from the classroom.
1653
            (5) If a teacher removes a student from class under
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30-00994A-19 20191724 1654 subsection (4), the principal may place the student in another 1655 appropriate classroom, in in-school suspension, or in a dropout 1656 prevention and academic intervention program as provided by s. 1657 1003.53; or the principal may recommend the student for out-of-1658 school suspension or expulsion, as appropriate. The student may 1659 be prohibited from attending or participating in school-1660 sponsored or school-related activities. The principal may not 1661 return the student to that teacher's class without the teacher's consent unless the committee established under subsection (6) 1662 1663 determines that such placement is the best or only available 1664 alternative. The teacher and the placement review committee must 1665 render decisions within 5 days after of the removal of the 1666 student from the classroom.

(6) (a) Each school shall establish a placement review committee to determine placement of a student when a teacher withholds consent to the return of a student to the teacher's class. A school principal must notify each teacher in that school about the availability, the procedures, and the criteria for the placement review committee as outlined in this section.

(b) The principal must report on a quarterly basis to the district school superintendent and district school board each incidence of a teacher's withholding consent for a removed student to return to the teacher's class and the disposition of the incident, and the superintendent must annually report these data to the department.

(c) The Commissioner of Education shall annually review each school district's compliance with this section, and success in achieving orderly classrooms, and shall use all appropriate enforcement actions up to and including the withholding of

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1683
      disbursements from the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund until
1684
      full compliance is verified.
1685
            (d) Placement review committee membership must include at
1686
      least the following:
1687
           1. Two teachers, one selected by the school's faculty and
1688
      one selected by the teacher who has removed the student.
1689
           2. One member from the school's staff who is selected by
1690
      the principal.
1691
1692
      The teacher who withheld consent to readmitting the student may
1693
      not serve on the committee. The teacher and the placement review
1694
      committee must render decisions within 5 days after the removal
1695
      of the student from the classroom. If the placement review
1696
      committee's decision is contrary to the decision of the teacher
1697
      to withhold consent to the return of the removed student to the
1698
      teacher's class, the teacher may appeal the committee's decision
1699
      to the district school superintendent.
1700
            (7) Any teacher who removes 25 percent of his or her total
1701
      class enrollment shall be required to complete professional
1702
      development to improve classroom management skills.
1703
            (8) Each teacher or other member of the staff of any school
1704
      who knows or has reason to suspect that any person has
1705
      committed, or has made a credible threat to commit, a crime of
1706
      violence on school property shall report such knowledge or
1707
      suspicion in accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.13. Each
1708
      district school superintendent and each school principal shall
1709
      fully support good faith reporting in accordance with the
1710
      provisions of this subsection and s. 1006.13. Any person who
1711
      makes a report required by this subsection in good faith shall
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1712	be immune from civil or criminal liability for making the
1713	report.
1714	(9) When knowledgeable of the likely risk of physical
1715	violence in the schools, the district school board shall take
1716	reasonable steps to ensure that teachers, other school staff,
1717	and students are not at undue risk of violence or harm.
1718	Section 13. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (1) of
1719	section 1003.53, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1720	1003.53 Dropout prevention and academic intervention
1721	(1)
1722	(c) A student shall be identified as being eligible to
1723	receive services funded through the dropout prevention and
1724	academic intervention program based upon one of the following
1725	criteria:
1726	1. The student is academically unsuccessful as evidenced by
1727	low test scores, retention, failing grades, low grade point
1728	average, falling behind in earning credits, or not meeting the
1729	state or district proficiency levels in reading, mathematics, or
1730	writing.
1731	2. The student has a pattern of excessive absenteeism or
1732	has been identified as a habitual truant.
1733	3. The student has a history of disruptive behavior in
1734	school or has committed an offense that warrants out-of-school
1735	suspension or expulsion from school according to the district
1736	school board's <u>standards for intervention</u> <del>code of student</del>
1737	<del>conduct</del> . For the purposes of this program, <u>the term</u> "disruptive
1738	behavior" <u>means</u> <del>is</del> behavior that:
1739	a. Interferes with the student's own learning or the
1740	educational process of others and requires attention and

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1741 assistance beyond that which the traditional program can provide 1742 or results in frequent conflicts of a disruptive nature while 1743 the student is under the jurisdiction of the school either in or 1744 out of the classroom; or 1745 b. Severely threatens the general welfare of students or 1746 others with whom the student comes into contact. 1747 4. The student is identified by a school's early warning 1748 system pursuant to s. 1001.42(18)(b). 1749 (d)1. "Second chance schools" means district school board 1750 programs provided through cooperative agreements between the 1751 Department of Juvenile Justice, private providers, state or 1752 local law enforcement agencies, or other state agencies for 1753 students who have been disruptive or violent or who have 1754 committed serious offenses. As partnership programs, second 1755 chance schools are eligible for waivers by the Commissioner of 1756 Education from State Board of Education rules that prevent the 1757 provision of appropriate educational services to violent, 1758 severely disruptive, or delinquent students in small 1759 nontraditional settings or in court-adjudicated settings. 1760 2. District school boards seeking to enter into a 1761 partnership with a private entity or public entity to operate a 1762 second chance school for disruptive students may apply to the 1763 Department of Education for startup grants. These grants must be 1764 available for 1 year and must be used to offset the startup 1765 costs for implementing such programs off public school campuses. 1766 General operating funds must be generated through the 1767 appropriate programs of the Florida Education Finance Program. 1768 Grants approved under this program shall be for the full operation of the school by a private nonprofit or for-profit 1769

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1770	provider or the public entity. This program must operate under
1771	rules adopted by the State Board of Education and be implemented
1772	to the extent funded by the Legislature.
1773	3. A student enrolled in a sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth,
1774	or tenth grade class may be assigned to a second chance school
1775	if the student meets the following criteria:
1776	a. The student is a habitual truant as defined in s.
1777	1003.01.
1778	b. The student's excessive absences have detrimentally
1779	affected the student's academic progress and the student may
1780	have unique needs that a traditional school setting may not
1781	meet.
1782	c. The student's high incidences of truancy have been
1783	directly linked to a lack of motivation.
1784	d. The student has been identified as at risk of dropping
1785	out of school.
1786	4. A student who is habitually truant may be assigned to a
1787	second chance school only if the case staffing committee,
1788	established pursuant to s. 984.12, determines that such
1789	placement could be beneficial to the student and the criteria
1790	included in subparagraph 3. are met.
1791	5. A student may be assigned to a second chance school if
1792	the district school board in which the student resides has a
1793	second chance school and if the student meets one of the
1794	following criteria:
1795	a. The student habitually exhibits disruptive behavior in
1796	violation of the <u>standards for intervention</u> <del>code of student</del>
1797	conduct adopted by the district school board.
1798	b. The student interferes with the student's own learning
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	20.00047.10
1799	30-00994A-19 20191724
	or the educational process of others and requires attention and
1800	assistance beyond that which the traditional program can
1801	provide, or, while the student is under the jurisdiction of the
1802	school either in or out of the classroom, frequent conflicts of
1803	a disruptive nature occur.
1804	c. The student has committed a serious offense which
1805	warrants suspension or expulsion from school according to the
1806	district school board's <u>standards for intervention</u> <del>code of</del>
1807	<del>student conduct</del> . For the purposes of this program, <u>the term</u>
1808	"serious offense" means is behavior that which:
1809	(I) Threatens the general welfare of students or others
1810	with whom the student comes into contact;
1811	(II) Includes violence;
1812	(III) Includes possession of weapons or drugs; or
1813	(IV) Is harassment or verbal abuse of school personnel or
1814	other students.
1815	6. <u>Before</u> <del>prior to</del> assignment of students to second chance
1816	schools, district school boards are encouraged to use
1817	alternative programs, such as in-school suspension, which
1818	provide instruction and counseling leading to improved student
1819	behavior, a reduction in the incidence of truancy, and the
1820	development of more effective interpersonal skills.
1821	7. Students assigned to second chance schools must be
1822	evaluated by the district school board's child study team before
1823	placement in a second chance school. The study team shall ensure
1824	- that students are not eligible for placement in a program for
1825	emotionally disturbed children.
1826	8. Students who exhibit academic and social progress and
1827	who wish to return to a traditional school shall complete a

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1828	character development and law education program and demonstrate
1829	preparedness to reenter the regular school setting <u>before</u> <del>prior</del>
1830	to reentering a traditional school.
1831	Section 14. Paragraph (h) of subsection (1) of section
1832	1003.57, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1833	1003.57 Exceptional students instruction
1834	(1)
1835	(h) School personnel may consider any unique circumstances
1836	on a case-by-case basis when determining whether a change in
1837	placement is appropriate for a student who has a disability and
1838	violates a district school board's standards for intervention
1839	code of student conduct. School personnel may remove and place
1840	such student in an interim alternative educational setting for
1841	not more than 45 school days, without regard to whether the
1842	behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's
1843	disability, if the student:
1844	1. Carries a weapon to or possesses a weapon at school, on
1845	school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction
1846	of the school district;
1847	2. Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs, or sells or
1848	solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on
1849	school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction
1850	of the school district; or
1851	3. Has inflicted serious bodily injury upon another person
1852	while at school, on school premises, or at a school function
1853	under the jurisdiction of the school district.
1854	Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 1006.08, Florida
1855	Statutes, is amended to read:
1856	1006.08 District school superintendent duties relating to
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1857 student discipline and school safety.-

1858 (1) The district school superintendent shall recommend 1859 plans to the district school board for the proper accounting for 1860 all students of school age, for the attendance and discipline 1861 control of students at school, and for the proper attention to 1862 health, safety, and other matters which will best promote the 1863 welfare of students. Each district school superintendent shall 1864 fully support the authority of his or her principals, teachers, 1865 and school bus drivers to remove disobedient, disrespectful, 1866 violent, abusive, uncontrollable, or disruptive students from 1867 the classroom and the school bus and, when appropriate and 1868 available, to place such students in an alternative educational 1869 setting. When the district school superintendent makes a 1870 recommendation for expulsion to the district school board, he or 1871 she shall give written notice to the student and the student's 1872 parent of the recommendation, setting forth the charges against 1873 the student and advising the student and his or her parent of 1874 the student's right to due process as prescribed by ss. 120.569 1875 and 120.57(2). When district school board action on a 1876 recommendation for the expulsion of a student is pending, the 1877 district school superintendent may extend the suspension 1878 assigned by the principal beyond 10 school days if such 1879 suspension period expires before the next regular or special 1880 meeting of the district school board.

1881Section 16. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) and subsection1882(4) of section 1006.09, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

18831006.09 Duties of school principal relating to student1884discipline and school safety.-

1885

(1)

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30-00994A-19 20191724 1886 (c) The principal or the principal's designee may recommend 1887 to the district school superintendent the expulsion of any student who has committed a serious breach of conduct, 1888 1889 including, but not limited to, willful disobedience, open 1890 defiance of authority of a member of his or her staff, violence 1891 against persons or property, or any other act which 1892 substantially disrupts the orderly conduct of the school. A 1893 recommendation of expulsion or assignment to a second chance 1894 school may also be made for any student found to have 1895 intentionally made false accusations that jeopardize the 1896 professional reputation, employment, or professional certification of a teacher or other member of the school staff, 1897 1898 according to the district school board's standards for 1899 intervention board code of student conduct. Any recommendation 1900 of expulsion must shall include a detailed report by the 1901 principal or the principal's designated representative on the 1902 alternative measures taken before prior to the recommendation of 1903 expulsion. 1904 (4) When a student has been the victim of a violent crime

1905 perpetrated by another student who attends the same school, the 1906 school principal shall make full and effective use of the 1907 provisions of subsection (2) and s. 1006.13(7) s. 1006.13(6). A 1908 school principal who fails to comply with this subsection is 1909 shall be ineligible for any portion of the performance pay or 1910 the differentiated pay under s. 1012.22. However, if any party 1911 responsible for notification fails to properly notify the 1912 school, the school principal is shall be eligible for the 1913 performance pay or differentiated pay.

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Section 17. Subsection (2) of section 1006.10, Florida

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1915	Statutes, is amended to read:
1916	1006.10 Authority of school bus drivers and district school
1917	boards relating to student discipline and student safety on
1918	school buses
1919	(2) The district school board shall require a system of
1920	progressive discipline of transported students for actions which
1921	are prohibited by the <u>standards</u> for intervention <del>code of student</del>
1922	conduct. Disciplinary actions, including suspension of students
1923	from riding on district school board owned or contracted school
1924	buses, shall be subject to district school board policies and
1925	procedures and may be imposed by the principal or the
1926	principal's designee. The principal or the principal's designee
1927	may delegate any disciplinary authority to school bus drivers
1928	except for suspension of students from riding the bus.
1929	Section 18. Paragraph (n) of subsection (4) of section
1930	1006.147, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1931	1006.147 Bullying and harassment prohibited
1932	(4) Each school district shall adopt and review at least
1933	every 3 years a policy prohibiting bullying and harassment of a
1934	student or employee of a public K-12 educational institution.
1935	Each school district's policy shall be in substantial conformity
1936	with the Department of Education's model policy. The school
1937	district bullying and harassment policy shall afford all
1938	students the same protection regardless of their status under
1939	the law. The school district may establish separate
1940	discrimination policies that include categories of students. The
1941	school district shall involve students, parents, teachers,
1942	administrators, school staff, school volunteers, community
1943	representatives, and local law enforcement agencies in the

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1944	process of adopting and reviewing the policy. The school
1945	district policy must be implemented by each school principal in
1946	a manner that is ongoing throughout the school year and
1947	integrated with the school's curriculum, bullying prevention and
1948	intervention program, discipline policies, and other violence
1949	prevention efforts. The school district policy must contain, at
1950	a minimum, the following components:
1951	(n) A procedure for publicizing the policy, which must
1952	include its publication in the <u>standards for intervention</u> <del>code</del>
1953	<del>of student conduct</del> required under <u>s. 1006.07</u> <del>s. 1006.07(2)</del> and
1954	in all employee handbooks.
1955	Section 19. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section
1956	1006.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1957	1006.15 Student standards for participation in
1958	interscholastic and intrascholastic extracurricular student
1959	activities; regulation
1960	(3)(a) As used in this section and s. 1006.20, the term
1961	"eligible to participate" includes, but is not limited to, a
1962	student participating in tryouts, off-season conditioning,
1963	summer workouts, preseason conditioning, in-season practice, or
1964	contests. The term does not mean that a student must be placed
1965	on any specific team for interscholastic or intrascholastic
1966	extracurricular activities. To be eligible to participate in
1967	interscholastic extracurricular student activities, a student
1968	must:
1969	1. Maintain a grade point average of 2.0 or above on a 4.0
1970	scale, or its equivalent, in the previous semester or a
1971	cumulative grade point average of 2.0 or above on a 4.0 scale,
1972	or its equivalent, in the courses required by s. 1002.3105(5) or

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1973 s. 1003.4282.

1974 2. Execute and fulfill the requirements of an academic 1975 performance contract between the student, the district school 1976 board, the appropriate governing association, and the student's 1977 parents, if the student's cumulative grade point average falls 1978 below 2.0, or its equivalent, on a 4.0 scale in the courses 1979 required by s. 1002.3105(5) or s. 1003.4282. At a minimum, the 1980 contract must require that the student attend summer school, or 1981 its graded equivalent, between grades 9 and 10 or grades 10 and 1982 11, as necessary.

1983 3. Have a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 or above on 1984 a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required by s. 1985 1002.3105(5) or s. 1003.4282 during his or her junior or senior 1986 year.

1987 4. Maintain satisfactory conduct, including adherence to 1988 the school's appropriate dress code and other standards for 1989 intervention under s. 1006.07 codes of student conduct policies described in s. 1006.07(2). If a student is convicted of, or is 1990 1991 found to have committed, a felony or a delinquent act that would 1992 have been a felony if committed by an adult, regardless of 1993 whether adjudication is withheld, the student's participation in 1994 interscholastic extracurricular activities is contingent upon 1995 established and published district school board policy.

1996Section 20. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of1997section 1006.195, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1998 1006.195 District school board, charter school authority 1999 and responsibility to establish student eligibility regarding 2000 participation in interscholastic and intrascholastic 2001 extracurricular activities.—Notwithstanding any provision to the

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30-00994A-1920191724\_2002contrary in ss. 1006.15, 1006.18, and 1006.20, regarding student2003eligibility to participate in interscholastic and2004intrascholastic extracurricular activities:2005(1) (a) A district school board must establish, through its2006standards for intervention code of student conduct, student2007eligibility standards and related student disciplinary actions

2008 regarding student participation in interscholastic and 2009 intrascholastic extracurricular activities. The <u>standards for</u> 2010 <u>intervention</u> <del>code of student conduct</del> must provide that:

2011 1. A student not currently suspended from interscholastic 2012 or intrascholastic extracurricular activities, or suspended or 2013 expelled from school, pursuant to a district school board's 2014 suspension or expulsion powers provided in law, including ss. 2015 1006.07, 1006.08, and 1006.09, is eligible to participate in 2016 interscholastic and intrascholastic extracurricular activities.

2017 2. A student may not participate in a sport if the student 2018 participated in that same sport at another school during that 2019 school year, unless the student meets the criteria in s. 2020 1006.15(3)(h).

3. A student's eligibility to participate in any interscholastic or intrascholastic extracurricular activity may not be affected by any alleged recruiting violation until final disposition of the allegation pursuant to s. 1006.20(2)(b).

(b) Students who participate in interscholastic and intrascholastic extracurricular activities for, but are not enrolled in, a public school pursuant to s. 1006.15(3)(c)-(e) and (8), are subject to the district school board's <u>standards</u> for intervention code of student conduct for the limited purpose of establishing and maintaining the student's eligibility to

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2031	participate at the school.
2032	Section 21. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section
2033	1007.271, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2034	1007.271 Dual enrollment programs
2035	(5)
2036	(b) Each president, or designee, of a postsecondary
2037	institution offering a college credit dual enrollment course
2038	must:
2039	1. Provide a copy of the institution's current faculty or
2040	adjunct faculty handbook to all faculty members teaching a dual
2041	enrollment course.
2042	2. Provide to all faculty members teaching a dual
2043	enrollment course a copy of the institution's current student
2044	handbook, which may include, but is not limited to, information
2045	on registration policies, the <u>standards for intervention</u> <del>student</del>
2046	code of conduct, grading policies, and critical dates.
2047	3. Designate an individual or individuals to observe all
2048	faculty members teaching a dual enrollment course, regardless of
2049	the location of instruction.
2050	4. Use the same criteria to evaluate faculty members
2051	teaching a dual enrollment course as the criteria used to
2052	evaluate all other faculty members.
2053	5. Provide course plans and objectives to all faculty
2054	members teaching a dual enrollment course.
2055	Section 22. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section
2056	1012.98, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2057	1012.98 School Community Professional Development Act
2058	(4) The Department of Education, school districts, schools,
2059	Florida College System institutions, and state universities

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30-00994A-19 20191724\_ 50 share the responsibilities described in this section. These 51 responsibilities include the following: 52 (b) Each school district shall develop a professional

(b) Each school district shall develop a professional
development system as specified in subsection (3). The system
shall be developed in consultation with teachers, teachereducators of Florida College System institutions and state
universities, business and community representatives, and local
education foundations, consortia, and professional
organizations. The professional development system must:

1. Be approved by the department. All substantial revisions
to the system shall be submitted to the department for review
for continued approval.

2. Be based on analyses of student achievement data and instructional strategies and methods that support rigorous, relevant, and challenging curricula for all students. Schools and districts, in developing and refining the professional development system, shall also review and monitor school discipline data; school environment surveys; assessments of parental satisfaction; performance appraisal data of teachers, managers, and administrative personnel; and other performance indicators to identify school and student needs that can be met by improved professional performance.

3. Provide inservice activities coupled with followup support appropriate to accomplish district-level and schoollevel improvement goals and standards. The inservice activities for instructional personnel shall focus on analysis of student achievement data, ongoing formal and informal assessments of student achievement, identification and use of enhanced and differentiated instructional strategies that emphasize rigor,

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20191724 2089 relevance, and reading in the content areas, enhancement of 2090 subject content expertise, integrated use of classroom 2091 technology that enhances teaching and learning, classroom 2092 management, parent involvement, and school safety. 2093 4. Provide inservice activities and support targeted to the 2094 individual needs of new teachers participating in the 2095 professional development certification and education competency 2096 program under s. 1012.56(8)(a). 2097 5. Include a master plan for inservice activities, pursuant 2098 to rules of the State Board of Education, for all district 2099 employees from all fund sources. The master plan shall be 2100 updated annually by September 1, must be based on input from 2101 teachers and district and school instructional leaders, and must 2102 use the latest available student achievement data and research 2103 to enhance rigor and relevance in the classroom. Each district 2104 inservice plan must be aligned to and support the school-based 2105 inservice plans and school improvement plans pursuant to s. 2106 1001.42(18). Each district inservice plan must provide a 2107 description of the training that middle grades instructional 2108 personnel and school administrators receive on the district's 2109 standards for intervention code of student conduct adopted 2110 pursuant to s. 1006.07; integrated digital instruction and 2111 competency-based instruction and CAPE Digital Tool certificates 2112 and CAPE industry certifications; classroom management; student 2113 behavior and interaction; extended learning opportunities for 2114 students; and instructional leadership. District plans must be approved by the district school board annually in order to 2115 2116 ensure compliance with subsection (1) and to allow for 2117 dissemination of research-based best practices to other

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30-00994A-19 20191724 2118 districts. District school boards must submit verification of 2119 their approval to the Commissioner of Education no later than 2120 October 1, annually. Each school principal may establish and maintain an individual professional development plan for each 2121 2122 instructional employee assigned to the school as a seamless 2123 component to the school improvement plans developed pursuant to s. 1001.42(18). An individual professional development plan must 2124 2125 be related to specific performance data for the students to whom the teacher is assigned, define the inservice objectives and 2126 2127 specific measurable improvements expected in student performance 2128 as a result of the inservice activity, and include an evaluation 2129 component that determines the effectiveness of the professional 2130 development plan.

2131 6. Include inservice activities for school administrative 2132 personnel that address updated skills necessary for 2133 instructional leadership and effective school management 2134 pursuant to s. 1012.986.

2135 7. Provide for systematic consultation with regional and 2136 state personnel designated to provide technical assistance and 2137 evaluation of local professional development programs.

2138 8. Provide for delivery of professional development by 2139 distance learning and other technology-based delivery systems to 2140 reach more educators at lower costs.

9. Provide for the continuous evaluation of the quality and effectiveness of professional development programs in order to eliminate ineffective programs and strategies and to expand effective ones. Evaluations must consider the impact of such activities on the performance of participating educators and their students' achievement and behavior.

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2147	10. For middle grades, emphasize:
2148	a. Interdisciplinary planning, collaboration, and
2149	instruction.
2150	b. Alignment of curriculum and instructional materials to
2151	the state academic standards adopted pursuant to s. 1003.41.
2152	c. Use of small learning communities; problem-solving,
2153	inquiry-driven research and analytical approaches for students;
2154	strategies and tools based on student needs; competency-based
2155	instruction; integrated digital instruction; and project-based
2156	instruction.
2157	
2158	Each school that includes any of grades 6, 7, or 8 must include
2159	in its school improvement plan, required under s. 1001.42(18), a
2160	description of the specific strategies used by the school to
2161	implement each item listed in this subparagraph.
2162	11. Provide training to reading coaches, classroom
2163	teachers, and school administrators in effective methods of
2164	identifying characteristics of conditions such as dyslexia and
2165	other causes of diminished phonological processing skills;
2166	incorporating instructional techniques into the general
2167	education setting which are proven to improve reading
2168	performance for all students; and using predictive and other
2169	data to make instructional decisions based on individual student
2170	needs. The training must help teachers integrate phonemic
2171	awareness; phonics, word study, and spelling; reading fluency;
2172	vocabulary, including academic vocabulary; and text
2173	comprehension strategies into an explicit, systematic, and
2174	sequential approach to reading instruction, including
2175	multisensory intervention strategies. Each district must provide

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2176	all elementary grades instructional personnel access to training
2177	sufficient to meet the requirements of s. 1012.585(3)(f).
2178	Section 23. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.