House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate . Comm: RCS . 02/20/2019 . .

The Committee on Judiciary (Albritton) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 65 - 427

and insert:

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Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (j) is added to subsection (3) of that section, to read:

39.001 Purposes and intent; personnel standards and screening.-

(3) GENERAL PROTECTIONS FOR CHILDREN.-It is a purpose of the Legislature that the children of this state be provided with

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11 the following protections:

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(j) The ability to contact their guardian ad litem or attorney ad litem, if appointed, by having that individual's name entered on all orders of the court.

(7) PARENTAL, CUSTODIAL, AND GUARDIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.-15 16 Parents, custodians, and guardians are deemed by the state to be 17 responsible for providing their children with sufficient 18 support, quidance, and supervision. The state further recognizes that the ability of parents, custodians, and guardians to 19 fulfill those responsibilities can be greatly impaired by 20 21 economic, social, behavioral, emotional, and related problems. 22 It is therefore the policy of the Legislature that it is the 23 state's responsibility to ensure that factors impeding the 24 ability of caregivers to fulfill their responsibilities are 25 identified through the dependency process and that appropriate 26 recommendations and services to address those problems are 27 considered in any judicial or nonjudicial proceeding. The 28 Legislature also recognizes that time is of the essence for 29 establishing permanency for a child in the dependency system. 30 Therefore, parents must take action to comply with the case plan 31 so permanency with the child may occur within the shortest 32 period of time possible, but no later than 1 year after removal 33 or adjudication of the child, including by notifying the parties and the court of barriers to case plan compliance. 34

35 Section 1. Section 39.0136, Florida Statutes, is amended to 36 read:

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39.0136 Time limitations; continuances.-

38 (1) The Legislature finds that time is of the essence for39 establishing permanency for a child in the dependency system.

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40 Time limitations are a right of the child which may not be 41 waived, extended, or continued at the request of any party 42 except as provided in this section.

(2) (a) All parties and the court must work together to ensure that permanency is achieved as soon as possible for every child through timely performance of their responsibilities under this chapter.

(b) The department shall ensure that parents have the information necessary to contact their case manager. When a new case manager is assigned to a case, the case manager must make a timely and diligent effort to notify the parent and provide updated contact information.

(3) (2) The time limitations in this chapter do not include: (a) Periods of delay resulting from a continuance granted at the request of the child's counsel or the child's guardian ad litem or, if the child is of sufficient capacity to express reasonable consent, at the request or with the consent of the child. The court must consider the best interests of the child when determining periods of delay under this section.

(b) Periods of delay resulting from a continuance granted at the request of any party if the continuance is granted:

61 1. Because of an unavailability of evidence that is 62 material to the case if the requesting party has exercised due diligence to obtain evidence and there are substantial grounds 63 64 to believe that the evidence will be available within 30 days. 65 However, if the requesting party is not prepared to proceed 66 within 30 days, any other party may move for issuance of an 67 order to show cause or the court on its own motion may impose 68 appropriate sanctions, which may include dismissal of the



69 petition.

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70 2. To allow the requesting party additional time to prepare
71 the case and additional time is justified because of an
72 exceptional circumstance.

(c) Reasonable periods of delay necessary to accomplish notice of the hearing to the child's parent or legal custodian; however, the petitioner shall continue regular efforts to provide notice to the parents during the periods of delay.

77 (4) (3) Notwithstanding subsection (3) (2), in order to expedite permanency for a child, the total time allowed for 78 79 continuances or extensions of time, including continuances or 80 extensions by the court on its own motion, may not exceed 60 days within any 12-month period for proceedings conducted under 81 82 this chapter. A continuance or extension of time may be granted only for extraordinary circumstances in which it is necessary to 83 preserve the constitutional rights of a party or if substantial 84 85 evidence exists to demonstrate that without granting a 86 continuance or extension of time the child's best interests will 87 be harmed.

88 <u>(5)-(4)</u> Notwithstanding subsection <u>(3)</u> <del>(2)</del>, a continuance or 89 an extension of time is limited to the number of days absolutely 90 necessary to complete a necessary task in order to preserve the 91 rights of a party or the best interests of a child.

Section 2. Paragraph (f) of subsection (14) and subsections (15) and (18) of section 39.402, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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39.402 Placement in a shelter.-

(14) The time limitations in this section do not include:(f) Continuances or extensions of time may not total more

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98 than 60 days for all parties and the court on its own motion 99 within any 12-month period during proceedings under this chapter. A continuance or extension beyond the 60 days may be 100 101 granted only for extraordinary circumstances necessary to 102 preserve the constitutional rights of a party or when 103 substantial evidence demonstrates that the child's best 104 interests will be affirmatively harmed without the granting of a 105 continuance or extension of time.

(15) The department, at the conclusion of the shelter 107 hearing, shall make available to parents or legal custodians 108 seeking voluntary services  $\tau$  any referral information necessary 109 for participation in such identified services to allow the parents or legal custodians to begin the services as soon as possible. The parents' or legal custodians' participation in the services may shall not be considered an admission or other 113 acknowledgment of the allegations in the shelter petition.

(18) The court shall advise the parents in plain language what is expected of them to achieve reunification with their child, including that:

(a) Parents must take action to comply with the case plan so permanency with the child may occur within the shortest period of time possible, but no later than 1 year after removal or adjudication of the child.

(b) Parents must stay in contact with their attorney and their case manager and provide updated contact information if the parents' phone number, address, or e-mail address changes.

(c) Parents must notify the parties and the court of barriers to completing case plan tasks within a reasonable time after discovering such barriers.

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127 (d) If the parents fail to substantially comply with the 128 case plan, their parental rights may be terminated and that the child's out-of-home placement may become permanent. 129 130 Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (7) of section 131 39.507, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 132 39.507 Adjudicatory hearings; orders of adjudication.-133 (7)134 (c) If a court adjudicates a child dependent and the child 135 is in out-of-home care, the court shall inquire of the parent or 136 parents whether the parents have relatives who might be considered as a placement for the child. The parent or parents 137 138 shall provide the court and all parties with identification and 139 location information for such relatives. The court shall advise 140 the parents in plain language that:  $\tau$ 141 1. Parents must take action to comply with the case plan so 142 permanency with the child may occur within the shortest period 143 of time possible, but no later than 1 year after removal or 144 adjudication of the child. 145 2. Parents must stay in contact with their attorney and 146 their case manager and provide updated contact information if 147 the parents' phone number, address, or e-mail address changes. 3. Parents must notify the parties and the court of 148 149 barriers to completing case plan tasks within a reasonable time 150 after discovering such barriers. 151 4. If the parents fail to substantially comply with the 152 case plan, their parental rights may be terminated and that the 153 child's out-of-home placement may become permanent. The parent 154 or parents shall provide to the court and all parties 155 identification and location information of the relatives.

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Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 39.521, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

39.521 Disposition hearings; powers of disposition.-

(1) A disposition hearing shall be conducted by the court, if the court finds that the facts alleged in the petition for 161 dependency were proven in the adjudicatory hearing, or if the parents or legal custodians have consented to the finding of 162 163 dependency or admitted the allegations in the petition, have 164 failed to appear for the arraignment hearing after proper 165 notice, or have not been located despite a diligent search 166 having been conducted.

167 (a) A written case plan and a family functioning assessment 168 prepared by an authorized agent of the department must be 169 approved by the court. The department must file the case plan 170 and the family functioning assessment with the court, serve 171 copies a copy of the case plan on the parents of the child, and 172 provide copies a copy of the case plan to the representative of the guardian ad litem program, if the program has been 173 174 appointed, and a copy to all other parties:

1. Not less than 72 hours before the disposition hearing, if the disposition hearing occurs on or after the 60th day after the date the child was placed in out-of-home care. All such case plans must be approved by the court.

2. Not less than 72 hours before the case plan acceptance 179 180 hearing, if the disposition hearing occurs before the 60th day 181 after the date the child was placed in out-of-home care and a 182 case plan has not been submitted pursuant to this paragraph, or 183 if the court does not approve the case plan at the disposition hearing. The case plan acceptance hearing must occur within 30 184

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185 days after the disposition hearing to review and approve the 186 case plan.

187 Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 39.522, Florida188 Statutes, is amended to read:

189 39.522 Postdisposition change of custody.—The court may 190 change the temporary legal custody or the conditions of 191 protective supervision at a postdisposition hearing, without the 192 necessity of another adjudicatory hearing.

193 (1) At any time before a child achieves the permanency 194 placement approved at the permanency hearing, a child who has 195 been placed in the child's own home under the protective 196 supervision of an authorized agent of the department, in the 197 home of a relative, in the home of a legal custodian, or in some 198 other place may be brought before the court by the department or 199 by any other interested person, upon the filing of a motion 200 petition alleging a need for a change in the conditions of 201 protective supervision or the placement. If the parents or other 202 legal custodians deny the need for a change, the court shall 203 hear all parties in person or by counsel, or both. Upon the 204 admission of a need for a change or after such hearing, the 205 court shall enter an order changing the placement, modifying the 206 conditions of protective supervision, or continuing the 207 conditions of protective supervision as ordered. The standard 2.08 for changing custody of the child shall be the best interest of 209 the child. When applying this standard, the court shall consider 210 the continuity of the child's placement in the same out-of-home 211 residence as a factor when determining the best interests of the 212 child. If the child is not placed in foster care, then the new placement for the child must meet the home study criteria and 213



214 court approval pursuant to this chapter. 215 Section 6. Present subsections (4) through (8) of section 39.6011, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (5) 216 217 through (9), respectively, paragraph (e) of subsection (2) and 218 present subsection (6) of that section are amended, and a new 219 subsection (4) is added to that section, to read: 220 39.6011 Case plan development.-221 (2) The case plan must be written simply and clearly in 222 English and, if English is not the principal language of the 223 child's parent, to the extent possible in the parent's principal 224 language. Each case plan must contain: 225 A written notice to the parent that it is the parent's (e) 226 responsibility to take action to comply with the case plan so 227 permanency with the child may occur within the shortest period 228 of time possible, but no later than 1 year after removal or 229 adjudication of the child; the parent must notify the parties 230 and the court of barriers to completing case plan tasks within a 231 reasonable time after discovering such barriers if the parties 232 are not actively working to overcome them; failure of the parent 233 to substantially comply with the case plan may result in the 234 termination of parental rights;  $_{\tau}$  and that a material breach of 235

235 the case plan by the parent's action or inaction may result in 236 the filing of a petition for termination of parental rights 237 sooner than the compliance period set forth in the case plan.

(4) Before signing the case plan, the department shall explain the provisions of the plan to all persons involved in its implementation, including, when appropriate, the child. The department shall ensure that the parent has contact information for all entities necessary to complete the tasks in the plan.

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243 The department shall explain the strategies included in the plan which the parent can use to overcome barriers to case plan 244 245 compliance and shall explain that if a barrier is discovered and 246 the parties are not actively working to overcome such barrier, 247 the parent must notify the parties and the court within a 248 reasonable time after discovering such barrier. (7) (7) (6) After the case plan has been developed, the 249 250 department shall adhere to the following procedural 251 requirements: 252 (a) If the parent's substantial compliance with the case plan requires the department to provide services to the parents 253 254 or the child and the parents agree to begin compliance with the 255 case plan before the case plan's acceptance by the court, the 256 department shall make the appropriate referrals for services 257 that will allow the parents to begin the agreed-upon tasks and 258 services immediately. 259 (b) All other referrals for services must be completed as 260 soon as possible, but no later than 7 days after the date of the 261 case plan approval, unless the case plan specifies that a task 262 may not be undertaken until another specified task has been 263 completed or otherwise approved by the court. 264 (c) (b) After the case plan has been agreed upon and signed 265

by the parties, a copy of the plan must be given immediately to the parties, including the child if appropriate, and to other persons as directed by the court.

1. A case plan must be prepared, but need not be submitted to the court, for a child who will be in care no longer than 30 days unless that child is placed in out-of-home care a second time within a 12-month period.

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272 2. In each case in which a child has been placed in out-of-273 home care, a case plan must be prepared within 60 days after the department removes the child from the home and shall be 274 275 submitted to the court before the disposition hearing for the 276 court to review and approve. 277 3. After jurisdiction attaches, all case plans must be 278 filed with the court, and a copy provided to all the parties 279 whose whereabouts are known, not less than 3 business days 280 before the disposition hearing. The department shall file with 281 the court, and provide copies to the parties, all case plans 282 prepared before jurisdiction of the court attached. 283 Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 284 39.6012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 285 39.6012 Case plan tasks; services.-286 (1) The services to be provided to the parent and the tasks 287 that must be completed are subject to the following: 288 (b) The case plan must describe each of the tasks with 289 which the parent must comply and the services to be provided to 290 the parent, specifically addressing the identified problem, 291 including: 292 1. The type of services or treatment. 293 2. The date the department will provide each service or 294 referral for the service if the service is being provided by the department or its agent. 295 296 3. The date by which the parent must complete each task.

4. The frequency of services or treatment provided. The frequency of the delivery of services or treatment provided shall be determined by the professionals providing the services or treatment on a case-by-case basis and adjusted according to

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301	their best professional judgment.
302	5. The location of the delivery of the services.
303	6. The staff of the department or service provider
304	accountable for the services or treatment.
305	7. A description of the measurable objectives, including
306	the timeframes specified for achieving the objectives of the
307	case plan and addressing the identified problem.
308	8. Strategies to overcome barriers to case plan compliance
309	and an explanation that the parent must notify the parties and
310	the court within a reasonable time after discovering a barrier
311	that the parties are not actively working to overcome such
312	barrier.
313	Section 8. Subsection (8) of section 39.6013, Florida
314	Statutes, is amended to read:
315	39.6013 Case plan amendments
316	(8) Amendments must include service interventions that are
317	the least intrusive into the life of the parent and child, must
318	focus on clearly defined objectives, and must provide the most
319	efficient path to quick reunification or permanent placement
320	given the circumstances of the case and the child's need for
321	safe and proper care. A copy of the amended plan must be
322	immediately given to the persons identified in <u>s. 39.6011(7)(c)</u>
323	<del>s. 39.6011(6)(b)</del> .
324	Section 9. Present subsections (7) through (10) of section
325	39.621, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (8)
326	through (11), respectively, present subsections (9), (10), and
327	(11) of that section are amended, and a new subsection (7) is
328	added to that section, to read:

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39.621 Permanency determination by the court.-

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330 (7) If the court determines that the child's goal is 331 appropriate but the child will be in out-of-home care for more 332 than 12 months before achieving permanency, in those cases where 333 the goal is reunification or adoption, the court must hold 334 permanency status hearings for the child every 60 days until the 335 child reaches the specified permanency goal or the court 336 determines it is in the child's best interest to change the 337 permanency goal.

(10) (9) The case plan must list the tasks necessary to finalize the permanency placement and shall be updated at the permanency hearing <u>unless the child will achieve permanency</u> within 60 days after the hearing <u>if necessary</u>. If a concurrent case plan is in place, the court may choose between the permanency goal options presented and shall approve the goal that is in the child's best interest.

(11) (10) The permanency placement is intended to continue until the child reaches the age of majority and may not be disturbed absent a finding by the court that the circumstances of the permanency placement are no longer in the best interest of the child.

(a) If, after a child is residing in the permanent placement

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2019 Bill No. SB 262



359 orders in dependency proceedings; amending s. 39.0136, 360 F.S.; requiring cooperation between certain parties and the court to achieve permanency for a child as 361 362 soon as possible; requiring the Department of Children 363 and Families to ensure that parents have the 364 information necessary to contact their case manager; 365 requiring that a new case manager who is assigned to a 366 case notify the parent and provide updated contact 367 information; specifying that continuances and 368 extensions of time by the court on its own motion may 369 not exceed a certain period of time; amending s. 370 39.402, F.S.; specifying that time limitations 371 governing placement of a child in a shelter do not 372 include continuances requested by the court; requiring 373 the court to advise parents in plain language what is 374 expected of them to achieve reunification with their 375 child; expanding the requirements that parents must meet to achieve reunification with their child; 376 377 amending s. 39.507, F.S.; requiring the court during 378 an adjudicatory hearing to advise parents in plain 379 language of certain requirements to achieve permanency 380 with their child; expanding the