1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to federal immigration enforcement; 3 providing a short title; creating chapter 908, F.S., relating to federal immigration enforcement; providing 4 5 legislative findings and intent; providing definitions; 6 prohibiting sanctuary policies; requiring state entities, 7 local governmental entities, and law enforcement agencies 8 to use best efforts to support the enforcement of federal 9 immigration law; prohibiting restrictions by the entities 10 and agencies on taking certain actions with respect to information regarding a person's immigration status; 11 12 defining the terms "applicable criminal case" and "secure correctional facility"; providing requirements concerning 13 14 certain criminal defendants subject to immigration detainers or otherwise subject to transfer to federal 15 16 custody; authorizing a law enforcement agency to transport 17 an alien unlawfully present in the United States under certain circumstances; providing an exception to reporting 18 19 requirements; requiring recordkeeping in certain investigations; specifying duties concerning immigration 20 21 detainers; requiring county correctional facilities to enter into agreements for payments for complying with 22 23 immigration detainers; requiring the Attorney General to prescribe the format for submitting complaints; providing 24 25 requirements for entities to comply with document requests

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26	from state attorneys concerning violations; providing for
27	investigation of possible violations; providing for
28	injunctive relief and civil penalties; providing for venue;
29	requiring written findings; prohibiting the expenditure of
30	public funds for specified purposes; providing a cause of
31	action for personal injury or wrongful death attributed to
32	a sanctuary policy; providing that a trial by jury is a
33	matter of right; requiring written findings; providing for
34	applicability to certain education records; prohibiting
35	discrimination on specified grounds; providing for
36	implementation; requiring repeal of existing sanctuary
37	policies within a specified period; providing effective
38	dates.
39	
40	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
41	
42	Section 1. Short title.—This act may be cited as the "Rule
43	of Law Adherence Act."
44	Section 2. Chapter 908, Florida Statutes, consisting of
45	sections 908.101-908.402, is created to read:
46	CHAPTER 908
47	FEDERAL IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT
48	<u>PART I</u>
49	FINDINGS AND DEFINITIONS
50	908.101 Legislative findings and intent.—The Legislature

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finds that it is an important state interest to cooperate and assist the federal government in the enforcement of federal immigration laws within this state.

908.102 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

- (1) "Federal immigration agency" means the United States

 Department of Justice and the United States Department of

 Homeland Security, a division within such an agency, including

 United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement and United

 States Customs and Border Protection, any successor agency, and

 any other federal agency charged with the enforcement of

 immigration law. The term includes an official or employee of

 such an agency.
- written or electronic request issued by a federal immigration agency using that agency's official form to request that another law enforcement agency detain a person based on probable cause to believe that the person to be detained is a removable alien under federal immigration law, including detainers issued pursuant to 8 U.S.C. ss. 1226 and 1357 along with a warrant described in this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, an immigration detainer is deemed facially sufficient if the federal immigration agency supplies with its detention request a Form I-200 Warrant for Arrest of Alien or a Form I-205 Warrant of Removal/Deportation or a successor warrant or other warrant authorized by federal law and:

(a) The federal immigration agency's official form is complete and indicates on its face that the federal immigration official has probable cause to believe that the person to be detained is a removable alien under federal immigration law; or

- (b) The federal immigration agency's official form is incomplete and fails to indicate on its face that the federal immigration official has probable cause to believe that the person to be detained is a removable alien under federal immigration law, but is supported by an affidavit, order, or other official documentation that indicates that the federal immigration agency has probable cause to believe that the person to be detained is a removable alien under federal immigration law.
- (3) "Inmate" means a person in the custody of a law enforcement agency.
- (4) "Law enforcement agency" means an agency in this state charged with enforcement of state, county, municipal, or federal laws or with managing custody of detained persons in the state and includes municipal police departments, sheriff's offices, state police departments, state university and college police departments, county correctional agencies, and the Department of Corrections. The term includes an official or employee of such an agency.
- (5) "Local governmental entity" means any county, municipality, or other political subdivision of this state. The

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101	term includes a person holding public office or having official
102	duties as a representative, agent, or employee of the entity.
L03	(6) "Sanctuary policy" means a law, policy, practice,
L O 4	procedure, or custom adopted or permitted by a state entity,
L05	local governmental entity, or law enforcement agency which
L06	contravenes 8 U.S.C. s. 1373(a) or (b) or which knowingly
L07	prohibits or impedes a law enforcement agency from communicating
108	or cooperating with a federal immigration agency with respect to
L09	federal immigration enforcement, including, but not limited to,
110	limiting a law enforcement agency in, or prohibiting such agency
111	<pre>from:</pre>
L12	(a) Complying with an immigration detainer;
L13	(b) Complying with a request from a federal immigration
L14	agency to notify the agency before the release of an inmate or
L15	detainee in the custody of the law enforcement agency;
116	(c) Providing a federal immigration agency access to an
L17	<pre>inmate for interview;</pre>
118	(d) Participating in any program or agreement authorized
L19	under s. 287 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. s.
L20	1357; or
121	(e) Providing a federal immigration agency with an
L22	inmate's incarceration status or release date.
L23	(7) "Sanctuary policymaker" means a state or local elected
L24	official or an appointed official of a local governmental entity
L25	governing body who has voted for, allowed to be implemented, or

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126	voted against repeal or prohibition of a sanctuary policy, or
127	who willfully engages in a pattern of noncooperation with a
128	federal immigration agency.
129	(8) "State entity" means the state or any office, board,
130	bureau, commission, department, branch, division, or institution
131	thereof, including institutions within the State University
132	System and the Florida College System. The term includes a
133	person holding public office or having official duties as a
134	representative, agent, or employee of the entity.
135	PART II
136	DUTIES
137	908.201 Sanctuary policies prohibited.—A state entity, law
138	enforcement agency, or local governmental entity may not adopt
139	or have in effect a sanctuary policy.
140	908.202 Cooperation with federal immigration authorities
141	(1) A law enforcement agency shall use best efforts to
142	support the enforcement of federal immigration law. This
143	subsection applies to an official, representative, agent, or
144	employee of the entity or agency only when he or she is acting
145	within the scope of his or her official duties or within the
146	scope of his or her employment.
147	(2) Except as otherwise expressly prohibited by federal
148	law, a state entity, local governmental entity, or law
149	enforcement agency may not prohibit or in any way restrict a law
150	enforcement agency from taking any of the following actions with

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151	respect to information regarding a person's immigration status:
152	(a) Sending the information to or requesting, receiving,
153	or reviewing the information from a federal immigration agency
154	for purposes of this chapter.
155	(b) Recording and maintaining the information for purposes
156	of this chapter.
157	(c) Exchanging the information with a federal immigration
158	agency or another state entity, local governmental entity, or
159	law enforcement agency for purposes of this chapter.
160	(d) Using the information to comply with an immigration
161	detainer.
162	(e) Using the information to confirm the identity of a
163	person who is detained by a law enforcement agency.
164	(3)(a) For purposes of this subsection the term
165	"applicable criminal case" means a criminal case in which:
166	1. The judgment requires the defendant to be confined in a
167	secure correctional facility; and
168	2. The judge:
169	a. Indicates in the record under s. 908.203 that the
170	defendant is subject to an immigration detainer; or
171	b. Otherwise indicates in the record that the defendant is
172	subject to a transfer into federal custody.
173	(b) In an applicable criminal case, when the judge
174	sentences a defendant who is the subject of an immigration
175	detainer to confinement, the judge shall issue an order

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requiring the secure correctional facility in which the defendant is to be confined to reduce the defendant's sentence by a period of not more than 7 days on the facility's determination that the reduction in sentence will facilitate the seamless transfer of the defendant into federal custody. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "secure correctional facility" means a state correctional institution as defined in s. 944.02 or a county detention facility or a municipal detention facility as defined in s. 951.23.

- (a) 2.a. or sub-subparagraph (a) 2.b. is not available at the time the sentence is pronounced in the case, but is received by a law enforcement agency afterwards, the law enforcement agency shall notify the judge who shall issue the order described by paragraph (b) as soon as the information becomes available.
- (4) When a county correctional facility or the Department of Corrections receives verification from a federal immigration agency that a person subject to an immigration detainer is in the law enforcement agency's custody, the agency may securely transport the person to a federal facility in this state or to another point of transfer to federal custody outside the jurisdiction of the law enforcement agency. However, the law enforcement agency may transport the person who is subject to the immigration detainer and confined in a secure correctional facility only upon authorization by a court order unless the

transportation will occur within the 7 day period under subsection (3). A law enforcement agency shall obtain judicial authorization before securely transporting an alien to a point of transfer outside of this state.

- (5) This section does not require a state entity, local governmental entity, or law enforcement agency to provide a federal immigration agency with information related to a victim of or a witness to a criminal offense if the victim or witness timely and in good faith responds to the entity's or agency's request for information and cooperation in the investigation or prosecution of the offense.
- (6) A state entity, local governmental entity, or law enforcement agency that, pursuant to subsection (5), withholds information regarding the immigration information of a victim of or witness to a criminal offense shall document the victim's or witness's cooperation in the entity's or agency's investigative records related to the offense and shall retain the records for at least 10 years for the purpose of audit, verification, or inspection by the Auditor General.
 - 908.203 Duties related to immigration detainers.-
- (1) A law enforcement agency that has custody of a person subject to an immigration detainer issued by a federal immigration agency shall:
- (a) Provide to the judge authorized to grant or deny the person's release on bail under chapter 903 notice that the

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person is subject to an immigration detainer.

- (b) Record in the person's case file that the person is subject to an immigration detainer.
- (c) Upon determining that the immigration detainer is in accordance with s. 908.102(2), comply with the requests made in the immigration detainer.
- (2) A law enforcement agency is not required to perform a duty imposed by paragraph (1)(a) or paragraph (1)(b) with respect to a person who is transferred to the custody of the agency by another law enforcement agency if the transferring agency performed that duty before the transfer.
- (3) A judge who receives notice that a person is subject to an immigration detainer shall cause the fact to be recorded in the court record, regardless of whether the notice is received before or after a judgment in the case.
- 908.204 Reimbursement of costs.—Each county correctional facility shall enter into an agreement or agreements with a federal immigration agency for temporarily housing persons who are the subject of immigration detainers and for the payment of the costs of housing and detaining those persons. A compliant agreement may include any contract between a correctional facility and a federal immigration agency for housing or detaining persons subject to immigration detainers, such as basic ordering agreements in effect on or after July 1, 2019, agreements authorized by s. 287 of the Immigration and

Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. s. 1357, or successor agreements and
other similar agreements authorized by federal law.
PART III
ENFORCEMENT
908.301 Complaints.—The Attorney General shall prescribe
and provide through the Department of Legal Affairs' website the
format for a person to submit a complaint alleging a violation
of this chapter. This section does not prohibit the filing of an
anonymous complaint or a complaint not submitted in the
prescribed format. Any person has standing to submit a complaint
under this chapter.
908.302 Enforcement; penalties.—
(1) The state attorney for the county in which a state
entity is headquartered or in which a local governmental entity
or law enforcement agency is located has primary responsibility
and authority for investigating credible complaints of a
violation of this chapter. The results of an investigation by a
state attorney shall be provided to the Attorney General in a
timely manner.
(2)(a) A state entity, local governmental entity, or law
enforcement agency for which the state attorney has received a
complaint shall comply with a document request from the state
complaint shall comply with a document request from the state attorney related to the complaint.

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filed against a state entity, local governmental entity, or law

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enforcement agency is valid, the state attorney shall, not later than the 10th day after the date of the determination, provide written notification to the entity that:

1. The complaint has been filed.

- 2. The state attorney has determined that the complaint is valid.
- 3. The state attorney is authorized to file an action to enjoin the violation if the entity does not come into compliance with the requirements of this chapter on or before the 60th day after the notification is provided.
- (c) No later than the 30th day after the day a state entity or local governmental entity receives written notification under paragraph (b), the state entity or local governmental entity shall provide the state attorney with a copy of:
- 1. The entity's written policies and procedures with respect to federal immigration agency enforcement actions, including the entity's policies and procedures with respect to immigration detainers.
- 2. Each immigration detainer received by the entity from a federal immigration agency in the current calendar year-to-date and the two prior calendar years.
- 3. Each response sent by the entity for an immigration detainer described by subparagraph 2.
 - (3) The Attorney General, the state attorney who conducted

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the investigation, or a state attorney ordered by the Governor pursuant to s. 27.14 may institute proceedings in circuit court to enjoin a state entity, local governmental entity, or law enforcement agency found to be in violation of this chapter.

Venue of an action brought by the Attorney General may be in Leon County. The court shall expedite an action under this section, including setting a hearing at the earliest practicable date.

- (4) Upon adjudication by the court or as provided in a consent decree declaring that a state entity, local governmental entity, or law enforcement agency has violated this chapter, the court shall enjoin the unlawful sanctuary policy and order that such entity or agency pay a civil penalty to the state of at least \$1,000 but not more than \$5,000 for each day that the sanctuary policy was in effect commencing on October 1, 2019, or the date the sanctuary policy was first enacted, whichever is later, until the date the injunction was granted. The court shall have continuing jurisdiction over the parties and subject matter and may enforce its orders with imposition of additional civil penalties as provided for in this section and contempt proceedings as provided by law.
- (5) An order approving a consent decree or granting an injunction or civil penalties pursuant to subsection (4) must include written findings of fact that describe with specificity the existence and nature of the sanctuary policy in violation of

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s. 908.201 and that identify each sanctuary policymaker who voted for, allowed to be implemented, or voted against repeal or prohibition of the sanctuary policy. The court shall provide a copy of the consent decree or order granting an injunction or civil penalties that contains the written findings required by this subsection to the Governor within 30 days after the date of rendition. A sanctuary policymaker identified in an order approving a consent decree or granting an injunction or civil penalties may be suspended or removed from office pursuant to general law and s. 7, Art. IV of the State Constitution. (6) A state entity, local governmental entity, or law enforcement agency ordered to pay a civil penalty pursuant to subsection (4) shall remit payment to the Chief Financial Officer, who shall deposit such payment into the General Revenue Fund. (7) Except as required by law, public funds may not be used to defend or reimburse a sanctuary policymaker or an official, representative, agent, or employee of a state entity, local governmental entity, or law enforcement agency who knowingly and willfully violates this chapter. 908.303 Civil cause of action for personal injury or wrongful death attributed to a sanctuary policy; trial by jury; required written findings.-(1) A person injured in this state by the tortious acts or

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omissions of an alien unlawfully present in the United States,

or	the	persona	al repre	esenta [.]	tive d	of a	persor	kil.	led ir	n this	sta	te
by	the	tortio	ıs acts	or om:	ission	ns of	an al	ien :	unlawi	fully :	pres	ent
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age	ency	in viol	lation (of ss.	908.2	201 a	nd 908	3.202	upon	proof	by	the
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- (a) The existence of a sanctuary policy in violation of s. 908.201; and
- (b)1. A failure to comply with a provision of s. 908.202 resulting in such alien's having access to the person injured or killed when the tortious acts or omissions occurred; or
- 2. A failure to comply with a provision of s.

 908.203(1)(c) resulting in such alien's having access to the person injured or killed when the tortious acts or omissions occurred.
- (2) A cause of action brought pursuant to subsection (1) may not be brought against a person who holds public office or who has official duties as a representative, agent, or employee of a state entity, local governmental entity, or law enforcement agency, including a sanctuary policymaker.
- (3) Trial by jury is a matter of right in an action brought under this section.
- (4) A final judgment entered in favor of a plaintiff in a cause of action brought pursuant to this section must include written findings of fact that describe with specificity the

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existence and nature of the sanctuary policy in violation of s.

908.201 and that identify each sanctuary policymaker who voted

for, allowed to be implemented, or voted against repeal or

prohibition of the sanctuary policy. The court shall provide a

copy of the final judgment containing the written findings

required by this subsection to the Governor within 30 days after

the date of rendition. A sanctuary policymaker identified in a

final judgment may be suspended or removed from office pursuant

to general law and s. 7, Art. IV of the State Constitution.

- (5) Except as provided in this section, this chapter does not create a private cause of action against a state entity, local governmental entity, or law enforcement agency that complies with this chapter.
 - 908.304 Ineligibility for state grant funding.-
- (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a state entity, local governmental entity, or law enforcement agency shall be ineligible to receive funding from non-federal grant programs administered by state agencies that receive funding from the General Appropriations Act for a period of 5 years from the date of adjudication that such state entity, local governmental entity, or law enforcement agency had in effect a sanctuary policy in violation of this chapter.
- (2) The Chief Financial Officer shall be notified by the state attorney of an adjudicated violation of this chapter by a state entity, local governmental entity, or law enforcement

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401	agency and be provided with a copy of the final court
402	injunction, order, or judgment. Upon receiving such notice, the
403	Chief Financial Officer shall timely inform all state agencies
404	that administer non-federal grant funding of the adjudicated
405	violation by the state entity, local governmental entity, or law
406	enforcement agency and direct such agencies to cancel all
407	pending grant applications and enforce the ineligibility of such
408	entity for the prescribed period.
409	(3) This subsection does not apply to:
410	(a) Funding that is received as a result of an
411	appropriation to a specifically named state entity, local
412	governmental entity, or law enforcement agency in the General
413	Appropriations Act or other law.
414	(b) Grants awarded before the date of adjudication that
415	such state entity, local governmental entity, or law enforcement
416	agency had in effect a sanctuary policy in violation of this
417	chapter.
418	PART IV
419	MISCELLANEOUS
420	908.401 Education records.—This chapter does not apply to
421	the release of information contained in education records of an
422	educational agency or institution, except in conformity with the
423	Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. s.
424	<u>1232g.</u>
425	908.402 Discrimination prohibited.—A state entity, a local

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governmental entity, or a law enforcement agency, or a person employed by or otherwise under the direction or control of such an entity, may not base its actions under this chapter on the gender, race, religion, national origin, or physical disability of a person except to the extent permitted by the United States Constitution or the state constitution.

Section 3. A sanctuary policy, as defined in s. 908.102, Florida Statutes, as created by this act, that is in effect on the effective date of this act must be repealed within 90 days after that date.

Section 4. Sections 908.302 and 908.303, Florida Statutes, as created by this act, shall take effect October 1, 2019, and, except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2019.