By Senator Braynon

	35-01613-19 2019644
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to delivery of nursing services;
3	creating the "Florida Hospital Patient Protection
4	Act"; creating s. 395.1014, F.S.; providing
5	legislative findings; defining terms; requiring that
6	each health care facility implement a staffing plan
7	that provides minimum direct care registered nurse
8	staffing levels; requiring a direct care registered
9	nurse to demonstrate competence and to receive
10	specified orientation before being assigned to a
11	hospital or clinical unit; prohibiting a health care
12	facility from imposing mandatory overtime and from
13	engaging in certain other actions; providing
14	requirements for the staffing plan; specifying the
15	required ratios of direct care registered nurses to
16	patients for each type of care provided; prohibiting a
17	health care facility from using an acuity adjustable
18	unit to care for a patient; prohibiting a health care
19	facility from using video cameras or monitors as
20	substitutes for the required level of care; providing
21	an exception during a declared state of emergency;
22	requiring that the chief nursing officer of a health
23	care facility, or his or her designee, develop a
24	staffing plan that meets the required direct care
25	registered nurse staffing levels; requiring that a
26	health care facility annually evaluate its actual
27	direct care registered nurse staffing levels and
28	update the staffing plan and acuity-based patient
29	classification system; requiring that certain

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30	documentation be submitted to the Agency for Health
31	Care Administration and be made available for public
32	inspection; requiring that the agency approve uniform
33	standards for use by health care facilities in
34	establishing direct care registered nurse staffing
35	requirements by a specified date; providing
36	requirements for the committee members who are
37	appointed to develop the uniform standards; requiring
38	health care facilities to annually report certain
39	information to the agency and to post a notice
40	containing such information in each unit of the
41	facility; providing recordkeeping requirements;
42	prohibiting a health care facility from assigning
43	unlicensed personnel to perform functions or tasks
44	that should be performed by a licensed or registered
45	nurse; specifying those actions that constitute
46	professional practice by a direct care registered
47	nurse; requiring that a patient assessment be
48	performed only by a direct care registered nurse;
49	authorizing a direct care registered nurse to assign
50	certain specified activities to other licensed or
51	unlicensed nursing staff under certain circumstances;
52	prohibiting a health care facility from deploying
53	technology that limits certain care provided by a
54	direct care registered nurse; providing applicability;
55	providing that it is a duty and right of a direct care
56	registered nurse to act as the patient's advocate and
57	providing requirements relating thereto; prohibiting a
58	direct care registered nurse from accepting an

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59	assignment under specified circumstances; authorizing
60	a direct care registered nurse to refuse to accept an
61	assignment or to perform a task under certain
62	circumstances; requiring a direct care registered
63	nurse to initiate action or to change a decision or an
64	activity relating to a patient's health care under
65	certain circumstances; prohibiting a health care
66	facility from discharging, or from discriminating,
67	retaliating, or filing a complaint or report against,
68	a direct care registered nurse based on such refusal;
69	providing that a direct care registered nurse has a
70	right of action against a health care facility that
71	violates certain provisions; requiring that the agency
72	establish a toll-free telephone hotline to provide
73	certain information and to receive reports of certain
74	violations; requiring that certain information be
75	provided to each patient who is admitted to a health
76	care facility; prohibiting a health care facility from
77	engaging in certain actions; prohibiting a health care
78	facility from interfering with the right of direct
79	care registered nurses to organize, bargain
80	collectively, and engage in concerted activity under a
81	federal act; authorizing the agency to impose fines
82	for violations; requiring that the agency post on its
83	website information regarding health care facilities
84	on which civil penalties have been imposed; providing
85	an effective date.
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87	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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89	Section 1. Short titleThis act may be cited as the
90	"Florida Hospital Patient Protection Act."
91	Section 2. Section 395.1014, Florida Statutes, is created
92	to read:
93	395.1014 Health care facility patient care standards
94	(1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS The Legislature finds that:
95	(a) The state has a substantial interest in ensuring that,
96	in the delivery of health care services to patients, health care
97	facilities retain sufficient nursing staff to promote optimal
98	health care outcomes.
99	(b) Health care services are becoming more complex and it
100	is increasingly difficult for patients to access integrated
101	services. Competent, safe, therapeutic, and effective patient
102	care is jeopardized because of staffing changes implemented in
103	response to market-driven managed care. To ensure effective
104	protection of patients in acute care settings, it is essential
105	that qualified direct care registered nurses be accessible and
106	available to meet the individual needs of the patient at all
107	times. Also, to ensure the health and welfare of residents and
108	to ensure that hospital nursing care is provided in the
109	exclusive interests of patients, mandatory practice standards
110	and professional practice protections for professional direct
111	care registered nursing staff must be established. Direct care
112	registered nurses have a duty to care for assigned patients and
113	a necessary duty of individual and collective patient advocacy
114	to satisfy professional obligations.
115	(c) The basic principles of staffing in hospital settings
116	should be based on the care needs of the individual patient, the

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117	severity of the patient's condition, the services needed, and
118	the complexity surrounding those services. Current unsafe
119	practices by hospital direct care registered nursing staff have
120	resulted in adverse patient outcomes. Mandating the adoption of
121	uniform, minimum, numerical, and specific direct care registered
122	nurse-to-patient staffing ratios by licensed hospital facilities
123	is necessary for competent, safe, therapeutic, and effective
124	professional nursing care and for the retention and recruitment
125	of qualified direct care registered nurses.
126	(d) Direct care registered nurses must be able to advocate
127	for their patients without fear of retaliation from their
128	employers. Whistle-blower protections that encourage direct care
129	registered nurses and patients to notify governmental and
130	private accreditation entities of suspected unsafe patient
131	conditions, including protection against retaliation for
132	refusing unsafe patient care assignments, will greatly enhance
133	the health, safety, and welfare of patients.
134	(e) Direct care registered nurses have an irrevocable duty
135	and right to advocate on behalf of their patients' interests,
136	and this duty and right may not be encumbered by cost-saving
137	practices.
138	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
139	(a) "Acuity-based patient classification system" or
140	"patient classification system" means an established measurement
141	tool that:
142	1. Predicts registered nursing care requirements for
143	individual patients based on the severity of a patient's
144	illness; the need for specialized equipment and technology; the
145	intensity of required nursing interventions; the complexity of

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146	clinical nursing judgment required to design, implement, and
147	evaluate the patient nursing care plan consistent with
148	professional standards; the ability for self-care, including
149	motor, sensory, and cognitive deficits; and the need for
150	advocacy intervention;
151	2. Details the amount of nursing care needed and the
152	additional number of direct care registered nurses and other
153	licensed and unlicensed nursing staff that the hospital must
154	assign, based on the independent professional judgment of a
155	direct care registered nurse, to meet the needs of individual
156	patients at all times; and
157	3. Can be readily understood and used by direct care
158	nursing staff.
159	(b) "Ancillary support staff" means the personnel assigned
160	to assist in providing nursing services for the delivery of
161	safe, therapeutic, and effective patient care, including unit or
162	ward clerks and secretaries; clinical technicians; respiratory
163	therapists; and radiology, laboratory, housekeeping, and dietary
164	personnel.
165	(c) "Clinical supervision" means the assignment and
166	direction of a patient care task required in the implementation
167	of nursing care for a patient to other licensed nursing staff or
168	to unlicensed staff by a direct care registered nurse in the
169	exclusive interests of the patient.
170	(d) "Competence" means the ability of a direct care
171	registered nurse to act and integrate the knowledge, skills,
172	abilities, and independent professional judgment that underpin
173	safe, therapeutic, and effective patient care.
174	(e) "Declared state of emergency" means an officially

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175	designated state of emergency that has been declared by a
176	federal, state, or local government official who has the
177	authority to declare the state of emergency. The term does not
178	include a state of emergency that results from a labor dispute
179	in the health care industry.
180	(f) "Direct care registered nurse" means a registered nurse
181	or licensed practical nurse, as defined in s. 464.003:
182	1. Who is licensed by the Board of Nursing to engage in the
183	practice of professional nursing or the practice of practical
184	nursing, as defined in s. 464.003;
185	2. Whose competence has been documented; and
186	3. Who has accepted a direct, hands-on patient care
187	assignment to implement medical and nursing regimens and provide
188	related clinical supervision of patient care while exercising
189	independent professional judgment at all times in the exclusive
190	interests of the patient.
191	(g) "Health care facility unit" means an acute care
192	hospital; an emergency care, ambulatory, or outpatient surgery
193	facility licensed under this chapter; or a psychiatric facility
194	licensed under chapter 394.
195	(h) "Hospital unit" or "clinical unit" means an acuity
196	adjustable unit, critical care unit or intensive care unit,
197	labor and delivery unit, antepartum and postpartum unit, newborn
198	nursery, postanesthesia unit, emergency department, operating
199	room, pediatric unit, rehabilitation unit, skilled nursing unit,
200	specialty care unit, step-down unit or intermediate intensive
201	care unit, surgical unit, telemetry unit, or psychiatric unit.
202	1. "Acuity adjustable unit" means a unit that adjusts a
203	room's technology, monitoring systems, and intensity of nursing

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35-01613-19 2019644 204 care based on the severity of the patient's medical condition. 205 2. "Critical care unit" or "intensive care unit" means a 206 nursing unit established to safeguard and protect a patient 207 whose severity of medical condition requires continuous 208 monitoring and complex intervention by a direct care registered 209 nurse and whose restorative measures and level of nursing 210 intensity require intensive care through direct observation; 211 complex monitoring; intensive intricate assessment; evaluation; 212 specialized rapid intervention; and education or teaching of the 213 patient, the patient's family, or other representatives by a 214 competent and experienced direct care registered nurse. The term 215 includes a burn unit, coronary care unit, or acute respiratory 216 unit. 217 3. "Rehabilitation unit" means a functional clinical unit 218 established to provide rehabilitation services that restore an 219 ill or injured patient to the highest level of self-sufficiency 220 or gainful employment of which he or she is capable in the 221 shortest possible time; compatible with his or her physical, 222 intellectual, and emotional or psychological capabilities; and 223 in accordance with planned goals and objectives. 224 4. "Skilled nursing unit" means a functional clinical unit established to provide skilled nursing care and supportive care 225 226 to patients whose primary need is for skilled nursing care on a 227 long-term basis and who are admitted after at least a 48-hour 228 period of continuous inpatient care. The term includes, but is 229 not limited to, a unit established to provide medical, nursing, 230 dietary, and pharmaceutical services and activity programs. 231 5. "Specialty care unit" means a unit established to 232 safeguard and protect a patient whose severity of illness,

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	including all co-occurring morbidities, restorative measures,
234	and level of nursing intensity, requires continuous care through
235	direct observation and monitoring; multiple assessments;
236	specialized interventions; evaluations; and education or
237	teaching of the patient, the patient's family, or other
238	representatives by a competent and experienced direct care
239	registered nurse. The term includes, but is not limited to, a
240	unit established to provide the intensity of care required for a
241	specific medical condition or a specific patient population or
242	to provide more comprehensive care for a specific condition or
243	disease than the care required in a surgical unit.
244	6. "Step-down unit" or "intermediate intensive care unit"
245	means a unit established to safeguard and protect a patient
246	whose severity of illness, including all co-occurring
247	morbidities, restorative measures, and level of nursing
248	intensity, requires intermediate intensive care through direct
249	observation and monitoring; multiple assessments; specialized
250	interventions; evaluations; and education or teaching of the
251	patient, the patient's family, or other representatives by a
252	competent and experienced direct care registered nurse. The term
253	includes a unit established to provide care to patients who have
254	moderate or potentially severe physiological instability
255	requiring technical support, but not necessarily artificial life
256	support. As used in this subparagraph, the term:
257	a. "Artificial life support" means a system that uses
258	medical technology to aid, support, or replace a vital function
259	of the body which has been seriously damaged.
260	b. "Technical support" means the use of specialized
261	equipment by a direct care registered nurse in providing for
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262	invasive monitoring, telemetry, and mechanical ventilation for
263	the immediate amelioration or remediation of severe pathology
264	for a patient requiring less care than intensive care, but more
265	care than the care provided in a surgical unit.
266	7. "Surgical unit" means a unit established to safeguard
267	and protect a patient whose severity of illness, including all
268	co-occurring morbidities, restorative measures, and level of
269	nursing intensity, requires continuous care through direct
270	observation and monitoring; multiple assessments; specialized
271	interventions; evaluations; and education or teaching of the
272	patient, the patient's family, or other representatives by a
273	competent and experienced direct care registered nurse. The term
274	includes a unit established to provide care to patients who
275	require less than intensive care or step-down care; patients who
276	receive 24-hour inpatient general medical care or postsurgical
277	care, or both; and mixed populations of patients of diverse
278	diagnoses and diverse ages, excluding pediatric patients.
279	8. "Telemetry unit" means a unit established to safeguard
280	and protect a patient whose severity of illness, including all
281	co-occurring morbidities, restorative measures, and level of
282	nursing intensity, requires intermediate intensive care through
283	direct observation and monitoring; multiple assessments;
284	specialized interventions; evaluations; and education or
285	teaching of the patient, the patient's family, or other
286	representatives by a competent and experienced direct care
287	registered nurse. The term includes a unit in which specialized
288	equipment is used to provide for the electronic monitoring,
289	recording, retrieval, and display of cardiac electrical signals.
290	(i) "Long-term acute care hospital" means a hospital or
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291	health care facility that specializes in providing long-term
292	acute care to medically complex patients. The term includes a
293	freestanding and hospital-within-hospital model of a long-term
294	acute care facility.
295	(j) "Overtime" means the hours worked in excess of:
296	1. An agreed-upon, predetermined, regularly scheduled
297	shift;
298	2. Twelve hours in a 24-hour period; or
299	3. Eighty hours in a 14-day period.
300	(k) "Patient assessment" means the use of critical thinking
301	by a direct care registered nurse, and the intellectually
302	disciplined process of actively and skillfully interpreting,
303	applying, analyzing, synthesizing, or evaluating data obtained
304	through direct observation and communication with others.
305	(1) "Professional judgment" means the intellectual,
306	educated, informed, and experienced process that a direct care
307	registered nurse exercises in forming an opinion and reaching a
308	clinical decision that is in the exclusive interests of the
309	patient and is based upon the analysis of data, information, and
310	scientific evidence.
311	(m) "Skill mix" means the differences in licensing,
312	specialty, and experience among direct care registered nurses.
313	(3) MINIMUM DIRECT CARE REGISTERED NURSE STAFFING LEVEL
314	REQUIREMENTS
315	(a) A health care facility shall implement a staffing plan
316	that provides for a minimum direct care registered nurse
317	staffing level in accordance with the general requirements set
318	forth in this subsection and the direct care registered nurse
319	staffing levels in a clinical unit as specified in paragraph

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320	(b). Staffing levels for patient care tasks that do not require
321	a direct care registered nurse are not included within these
322	ratios and shall be determined pursuant to an acuity-based
323	patient classification system defined by agency rule.
324	1. A health care facility may not assign a direct care
325	registered nurse to a clinical unit unless the health care
326	facility and the direct care registered nurse determine that
327	such nurse has demonstrated competence in providing care in the
328	clinical unit and has also received orientation in the clinical
329	unit's area of specialty which is sufficient to provide
330	competent, safe, therapeutic, and effective care to a patient in
331	that unit. The policies and procedures of the health care
332	facility must contain the criteria for making this
333	determination.
334	2. The direct care registered nurse staffing levels
335	represent the maximum number of patients that may be assigned to
336	one direct care registered nurse at any one time.
337	3. A health care facility:
338	a. May not average the total number of patients and the
339	total number of direct care registered nurses assigned to
340	patients in a hospital unit or clinical unit during any period
341	for purposes of meeting the requirements under this subsection.
342	b. May not impose mandatory overtime in order to meet the
343	minimum direct care registered nurse staffing levels in the
344	hospital unit or clinical unit which are required under this
345	subsection.
346	c. Shall ensure that only a direct care registered nurse
347	may relieve another direct care registered nurse during breaks,
348	meals, and routine absences from a hospital unit or clinical

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349	unit.
350	d. May not lay off licensed practical nurses, licensed
351	psychiatric technicians, certified nursing assistants, or other
352	ancillary support staff to meet the direct care registered nurse
353	staffing levels required in this subsection for a hospital unit
354	or clinical unit.
355	4. Only a direct care registered nurse may be assigned to
356	an intensive care newborn nursery service unit, which
357	specifically requires a direct care registered nurse staffing
358	level of one such nurse to two or fewer infants at all times.
359	5. In the emergency department, only a direct care
360	registered nurse may be assigned to a triage patient or a
361	critical care patient.
362	a. The direct care registered nurse staffing level for
363	triage patients or critical care patients in the emergency
364	department must be one such nurse to two or fewer patients at
365	all times.
366	b. At least two direct care registered nurses must be
367	physically present in the emergency department when a patient is
368	present.
369	c. Triage, radio, specialty, or flight registered nurses do
370	not count in the calculation of direct care registered nurse
371	staffing levels. Triage registered nurses may not be assigned
372	the responsibility of the base radio.
373	6. Only a direct care registered nurse may be assigned to a
374	labor and delivery unit.
375	a. The direct care registered nurse staffing level must be
376	one such nurse to one active labor patient, or one patient
377	having medical or obstetrical complications, during the

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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378	initiation of epidural anesthesia and during circulation for a
379	caesarean section delivery.
380	b. The direct care registered nurse staffing level for
381	antepartum patients who are not in active labor must be one such
382	nurse to three or fewer patients at all times.
383	c. In the event of a caesarean delivery, the direct care
384	registered nurse staffing level must be one such nurse to four
385	or fewer mother-plus-infant couplets.
386	d. In the event of multiple births, the direct care
387	registered nurse staffing level must be one such nurse to six or
388	fewer mother-plus-infant couplets.
389	e. The direct care registered nurse staffing level for
390	postpartum areas in which the direct care registered nurse's
391	assignment consists of only mothers must be one such nurse to
392	four or fewer patients at all times.
393	f. The direct care registered nurse staffing level for
394	postpartum patients or postsurgical gynecological patients must
395	be one such nurse to four or fewer patients at all times.
396	g. The direct care registered nurse staffing level for the
397	well-baby nursery must be one such nurse to five or fewer
398	patients at all times.
399	h. The direct care registered nurse staffing level for
400	unstable newborns and newborns in the resuscitation period as
401	assessed by a direct care registered nurse must be at least one
402	such nurse to one patient at all times.
403	i. The direct care registered nurse staffing level for
404	newborns must be one such nurse to four or fewer patients at all
405	times.
406	7. The direct care registered nurse staffing level for
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407	patients receiving conscious sedation must be at least one such
408	nurse to one patient at all times.
409	(b) A health care facility's staffing plan must provide
410	that, at all times during each shift within a unit of the
411	facility, a direct care registered nurse is assigned to not more
412	than:
413	1. One patient in a trauma emergency unit;
414	2. One patient in an operating room unit. The operating
415	room must have at least one direct care registered nurse
416	assigned to the duties of the circulating registered nurse and a
417	minimum of one additional person as a scrub assistant for each
418	patient-occupied operating room;
419	3. Two patients in a critical care unit, including neonatal
420	intensive care units; emergency critical care and intensive care
421	units; labor and delivery units; coronary care units; acute
422	respiratory care units; postanesthesia units, regardless of the
423	type of anesthesia administered; and postpartum units, so that
424	the direct care registered nurse staffing level is one such
425	nurse to two or fewer patients at all times;
426	4. Three patients in an emergency room unit; step-down unit
427	or intermediate intensive care unit; pediatric unit; telemetry
428	unit; or combined labor and postpartum unit so that the direct
429	care registered nurse staffing level is one such nurse to three
430	or fewer patients at all times;
431	5. Four patients in a surgical unit, antepartum unit,
432	intermediate care nursery unit, psychiatric unit, or presurgical
433	or other specialty care unit so that the direct care registered
434	nurse staffing level is one such nurse to four or fewer patients
435	at all times;
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436	6. Five patients in a rehabilitation unit or skilled
437	nursing unit so that the direct care registered nurse staffing
438	level is one such nurse to five or fewer patients at all times;
439	7. Six patients in a well-baby nursery unit so that the
440	direct care registered nurse staffing level is one such nurse to
441	six or fewer patients at all times; or
442	8. Three mother-plus-infant couplets in a postpartum unit
443	so that the direct care registered nurse staffing level is one
444	such nurse to three or fewer mother-plus-infant couplets at all
445	times.
446	(c)1. Identifying a hospital unit or clinical unit by a
447	name or term other than those defined in subsection (2) does not
448	affect the requirement of direct care registered nurse staffing
449	levels identified for the level of intensity or type of care
450	described in paragraphs (a) and (b).
451	2. Patients shall be cared for only in hospital units or
452	clinical units in which the level of intensity, type of care,
453	and direct care registered nurse staffing levels meet the
454	individual requirements and needs of each patient. A health care
455	facility may not use an acuity adjustable unit to care for a
456	patient.
457	3. A health care facility may not use a video camera or
458	monitor or any form of electronic visualization of a patient to
459	substitute for the direct observation required for patient
460	assessment by the direct care registered nurse and for patient
461	protection provided by an attendant.
462	(d) The requirements established under this subsection do
463	not apply during a declared state of emergency, as defined in
464	subsection (2), if a health care facility is requested or

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465	expected to provide an exceptional level of emergency or other
466	medical services.
467	(e) The chief nursing officer or his or her designee shall
468	develop a staffing plan for each hospital unit or clinical unit.
469	1. The staffing plan must be in writing and, based on
470	individual patient care needs determined by the acuity-based
471	patient classification system, must specify individual patient
472	care requirements and the staffing levels for direct care
473	registered nurses and other licensed and unlicensed personnel.
474	The direct care registered nurse staffing level on any shift may
475	not fall below the requirements in paragraphs (a) and (b) at any
476	time.
477	2. In addition to the requirements of direct care
478	registered nurse staffing levels in paragraphs (a) and (b), each
479	health care facility shall assign additional nursing staff,
480	including, but not limited to, licensed practical nurses,
481	licensed psychiatric technicians, and certified nursing
482	assistants, through the implementation of a valid acuity-based
483	patient classification system for determining nursing care needs
484	of individual patients which reflects the assessment of patient
485	nursing care requirements made by the assigned direct care
486	registered nurse and which provides for shift-by-shift staffing
487	based on those requirements. The direct care registered nurse
488	staffing levels specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) constitute
489	the minimum number of direct care registered nurses who shall be
490	assigned to provide direct patient care.
491	3. In developing the staffing plan, a health care facility
492	shall provide for direct care registered nurse staffing levels
493	that are above the minimum levels required in paragraphs (a) and

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494	(b) based upon consideration of the following factors:
495	a. The number of patients and their acuity levels as
496	determined by the application of a patient classification system
497	on a shift-by-shift basis.
498	b. The anticipated admissions, discharges, and transfers of
499	patients during each shift which affect direct patient care.
500	c. The specialized experience required of direct care
501	registered nurses on a particular hospital unit or clinical
502	unit.
503	d. Staffing levels of other health care personnel who
504	provide direct patient care services for patients who normally
505	do not require care by a direct care registered nurse.
506	e. The level of efficacy of technology that is available
507	that affects the delivery of direct patient care.
508	f. The level of familiarity with hospital practices,
509	policies, and procedures by a direct care registered nurse from
510	a temporary agency during a shift.
511	g. Obstacles to efficiency in the delivery of patient care
512	caused by the physical layout of the health care facility.
513	4. A health care facility shall specify the acuity-based
514	patient classification system used to document actual staffing
515	in each unit for each shift.
516	5. A health care facility shall annually evaluate:
517	a. The reliability of the acuity-based patient
518	classification system for validating staffing requirements to
519	determine whether such system accurately measures individual
520	patient care needs and accurately predicts the staffing
521	requirements for direct care registered nurses, licensed
522	practical nurses, licensed psychiatric technicians, and

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523	certified nursing assistants, based exclusively on individual
524	patient needs.
525	b. The validity of the acuity-based patient classification
526	system.
527	6. A health care facility shall annually update its
528	staffing plan and acuity-based patient classification system to
529	the extent appropriate based on the annual evaluation conducted
530	under subparagraph 5. If the evaluation reveals that adjustments
531	are necessary to ensure accuracy in measuring patient care
532	needs, such adjustments must be implemented within 30 days after
533	such determination.
534	7. Any acuity-based patient classification system adopted
535	by a health care facility under this subsection must be
536	transparent in all respects, including disclosure of detailed
537	documentation of the methodology used to predict nurse staffing;
538	an identification of each factor, assumption, and value used in
539	applying such methodology; an explanation of the scientific and
540	empirical basis for each such assumption and value; and
541	certification by a knowledgeable and authorized representative
542	of the health care facility that the disclosures regarding
543	methods used for testing and validating the accuracy and
544	reliability of such system are true and complete.
545	a. The documentation required by this subparagraph shall be
546	submitted in its entirety to the agency as a mandatory condition
547	of licensure, with a certification by the chief nursing officer
548	of the health care facility that the documentation completely
549	and accurately reflects implementation of a valid acuity-based
550	patient classification system used to determine nurse staffing
551	by the facility for each shift in each hospital unit or clinical

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552	unit in which patients receive care. The chief nursing officer
553	shall execute the certification under penalty of perjury, and
554	the certification must contain an expressed acknowledgment that
555	any false statement constitutes fraud and is subject to criminal
556	and civil prosecution and penalties.
557	b. Such documentation must be available for public
558	inspection in its entirety in accordance with procedures
559	established by administrative rules adopted by the agency,
560	consistent with the purposes of this section.
561	8. A staffing plan of a health care facility shall be
562	developed and evaluated by a committee created by the health
563	care facility. At least half of the members of the committee
564	must be unit-specific competent direct care registered nurses.
565	a. The chief nursing officer at the facility shall appoint
566	the members who are not direct care registered nurses. The
567	direct care registered nurses on the committee shall be
568	appointed by the chief nursing officer if the direct care
569	registered nurses are not represented by a collective bargaining
570	agreement or by an authorized collective bargaining agent.
571	b. In case of a dispute, the direct care registered nurse
572	assessment shall prevail.
573	c. This section does not authorize conduct that is
574	prohibited under the National Labor Relations Act or the Federal
575	Labor Relations Act of 1978.
576	9. By July 1, 2020, the agency shall approve uniform
577	statewide standards for a standardized acuity tool for use in
578	health care facilities. The standardized acuity tool must
579	provide a method for establishing direct care registered nurse
580	staffing requirements that exceed the required direct care

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581	registered nurse staffing levels in the hospital units or
582	clinical units in paragraphs (a) and (b).
583	a. The proposed standards shall be developed by a committee
584	created by the health care facility consisting of up to 20
585	members. At least 11 of the committee members must be registered
586	nurses who are currently licensed and employed as direct care
587	registered nurses, and the remaining committee members must
588	include a sufficient number of technical or scientific experts
589	in specialized fields who are involved in the design and
590	development of an acuity-based patient classification system
591	that meets the requirements of this section.
592	b. A person who has any employment or any commercial,
593	proprietary, financial, or other personal interest in the
594	development, marketing, or use of a private patient
595	classification system product or related methodology,
596	technology, or component system is not eligible to serve on the
597	committee. A candidate for appointment to the committee may not
598	be confirmed as a member until the candidate files a disclosure-
599	of-interest statement with the agency, along with a signed
600	certification of full disclosure and complete accuracy under
601	oath, which provides all necessary information as determined by
602	the agency to demonstrate the absence of actual or potential
603	conflict of interest. All such filings are subject to public
604	inspection.
605	c. Within 1 year after the official commencement of
606	committee operations, the committee shall provide a written
607	report to the agency that proposes uniform standards for a
608	valid, acuity-based patient classification system, along with a
609	sufficient explanation and justification to allow for competent

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review and determination of sufficiency by the agency. The
agency shall disclose the report to the public upon notice of
public hearings and provide a public comment period for proposed
adoption of uniform standards for an acuity-based patient
classification system by the agency.
10. A hospital shall adopt and implement the acuity-based
patient classification system and provide staffing based on the
standardized acuity tool. Any additional direct care registered
nurse staffing level that exceeds the direct care registered
nurse staffing levels described in paragraphs (a) and (b) shall
be assigned in a manner determined by such standardized acuity
tool.
11. A health care facility shall submit to the agency its
annually updated staffing plan and acuity-based patient
classification system as required under this paragraph.
(f)1. In each hospital unit or clinical unit, a health care
facility shall post a notice in a form specified by agency rule
that:
a. Explains the requirements imposed under this subsection;
b. Includes actual direct care registered nurse staffing
levels during each shift at the hospital unit or clinical unit;
c. Is visible, conspicuous, and accessible to staff and
patients of the hospital unit or clinical unit and the public;
d. Identifies staffing requirements as determined by the
acuity-based patient classification system for each hospital
unit or clinical unit, documented and posted in the unit for
public view on a day-to-day, shift-by-shift basis;
e. Documents the actual number of staff and the skill mix
of such staff in each hospital unit or clinical unit, documented

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639	and posted in the unit for public view on a day-to-day, shift-
640	by-shift basis; and
641	f. Reports the variance between the required and actual
642	staffing patterns in each hospital unit or clinical unit,
643	documented and posted in the unit for public view on a day-to-
644	day, shift-by-shift basis.
645	2.a. A long-term acute care hospital shall maintain
646	accurate records of actual staffing levels in each hospital unit
647	or clinical unit for each shift for at least 2 years. Such
648	records must include:
649	(I) The number of patients in each unit;
650	(II) The identity and duty hours of each direct care
651	registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, licensed psychiatric
652	technician, and certified nursing assistant assigned to each
653	patient in the hospital unit or clinical unit for each shift;
654	and
655	(III) A copy of each posted notice.
656	b. A health care facility shall make its staffing plan and
657	acuity-based patient classification system required under
658	paragraph (e), and all documentation related to such plan and
659	system, available to the agency; to direct care registered
660	nurses and their collective bargaining representatives, if any;
661	and to the public under rules adopted by the agency.
662	3. The agency shall conduct periodic audits to ensure
663	implementation of the staffing plan in accordance with this
664	subsection and to ensure the accuracy of the staffing plan and
665	the acuity-based patient classification system required under
666	paragraph (e).
667	(g) A health care facility shall plan for routine

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668	fluctuations such as admissions, discharges, and transfers in
669	the patient census. If a declared state of emergency causes a
670	change in the number of patients in a unit, the health care
671	facility must demonstrate that immediate and diligent efforts
672	are made to maintain required staffing levels.
673	(h) The following activities are prohibited:
674	1. The direct assignment of unlicensed personnel by a
675	health care facility to perform functions required of a direct
676	care registered nurse in lieu of care being delivered by a
677	licensed or registered nurse under the clinical supervision of a
678	direct care registered nurse.
679	2. The performance of patient care tasks by unlicensed
680	personnel that require the clinical assessment, judgment, and
681	skill of a licensed or registered nurse, including, but not
682	limited to:
683	a. Nursing activities that require nursing assessment and
684	judgment during implementation;
685	b. Physical, psychological, or social assessments that
686	require nursing judgment, intervention, referral, or followup;
687	and
688	c. Formulation of a plan of nursing care and evaluation of
689	a patient's response to the care provided, including
690	administration of medication; venipuncture or intravenous
691	therapy; parenteral or tube feedings; invasive procedures,
692	including inserting nasogastric tubes, inserting catheters, or
693	tracheal suctioning; and educating a patient and the patient's
694	family concerning the patient's health care problems, including
695	postdischarge care. However, a phlebotomist, emergency room
696	technician, or medical technician may, under the general
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697	supervision of the clinical laboratory director, or his or her
698	designee, or a physician, perform venipunctures in accordance
699	with written hospital policies and procedures.
700	(4) PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE STANDARDS FOR DIRECT CARE
701	REGISTERED NURSES WORKING IN A HEALTH CARE FACILITY
702	(a) A direct care registered nurse employing scientific
703	knowledge and experience in the physical, social, and biological
704	sciences, and exercising independent judgment in applying the
705	nursing process, shall directly provide:
706	1. Continuous and ongoing assessments of the patient's
707	condition.
708	2. The planning, clinical supervision, implementation, and
709	evaluation of the nursing care provided to each patient.
710	3. The assessment, planning, implementation, and evaluation
711	of patient education, including the ongoing postdischarge
712	education of each patient.
713	4. The delivery of patient care, which must reflect all
714	elements of the nursing process and must include assessment,
715	nursing diagnosis, planning, intervention, evaluation, and, as
716	circumstances require, patient advocacy, and shall be initiated
717	by a direct care registered nurse at the time of admission.
718	5. The nursing plan for the patient care, which shall be
719	discussed with and developed as a result of coordination with
720	the patient, the patient's family or other representatives, when
721	appropriate, and the staff of other disciplines involved in the
722	care of the patient.
723	6. An evaluation of the effectiveness of the care plan
724	through assessments based on direct observation of the patient's
725	physical condition and behavior, signs and symptoms of illness,

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726	and reactions to treatment, and through communication with the
727	patient and the health care team members, and modification of
728	the plan as needed.
729	7. Information related to the initial assessment and
730	reassessments of the patient, nursing diagnosis, plan,
731	intervention, evaluation, and patient advocacy, which shall be
732	permanently recorded in the patient's medical record as
733	narrative direct care progress notes. The practice of charting
734	by exception is prohibited.
735	(b)1. A patient assessment requires direct observation of
736	the patient's signs and symptoms of illness, reaction to
737	treatment, behavior and physical condition, and interpretation
738	of information obtained from the patient and others, including
739	the health care team members. A patient assessment requires data
740	collection by a direct care registered nurse and the analysis,
741	synthesis, and evaluation of such data.
742	2. Only a direct care registered nurse may perform a
743	patient assessment. A licensed practical nurse or licensed
744	psychiatric technician may assist a direct care registered nurse
745	in data collection.
746	(c)1. A direct care registered nurse shall determine the
747	nursing care needs of individual patients through the process of
748	ongoing patient assessments, nursing diagnosis, formulation, and
749	adjustment of nursing care plans.
750	2. The prediction of individual patient nursing care needs
751	for prospective assignment of direct care registered nurses
752	shall be based on individual patient assessments of the direct
753	care registered nurse assigned to each patient and in accordance
754	with a documented acuity-based patient classification system as

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755	required in subsection (3).
756	(d) Competent performance of the essential functions of a
757	direct care registered nurse as provided in this section
758	requires the exercise of independent judgment in the exclusive
759	interests of the patient. A direct care registered nurse's
760	independent judgment while performing the functions described in
761	this section shall be provided in the exclusive interests of the
762	patient and may not, for any purpose, be considered, relied
763	upon, or represented as a job function, authority,
764	responsibility, or activity undertaken in any respect for the
765	purpose of serving the business, commercial, operational, or
766	other institutional interests of the health care facility
767	employer.
768	(e)1. In addition to the prohibition on assignments of
769	patient care tasks provided in paragraph (3)(h), a direct care
770	registered nurse may not assign tasks required to implement
771	nursing care for a patient to other licensed nursing staff or to
772	unlicensed staff unless the assigning direct care registered
773	nurse:
774	a. Determines that the personnel assigned the nursing care
775	tasks possess the necessary training, experience, and capability
776	to competently and safely perform such tasks; and
777	b. Effectively supervises the clinical functions and
778	nursing care tasks performed by the assigned personnel.
779	2. The exercise of clinical supervision of nursing care
780	personnel by a direct care registered nurse in the performance
781	of the functions as provided in this subsection must be in the
782	exclusive interests of the patient and may not, for any purpose,
783	be considered, relied upon, or represented as a job function,

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784	authority, responsibility, or activity undertaken in any respect
785	for the purpose of serving the business, commercial,
786	operational, or other institutional interests of the health care
787	facility employer, but constitutes the exercise of professional
788	nursing authority and duty in the exclusive interests of the
789	patient.
790	(f) A health care facility may not deploy technology that
791	limits the direct care provided by a direct care registered
792	nurse in the performance of functions that are part of the
793	nursing process, including the full exercise of independent
794	professional judgment in the assessment, planning,
795	implementation, and evaluation of care, or that limits a direct
796	care registered nurse from acting as a patient advocate in the
797	exclusive interests of the patient. Technology may not be skill
798	degrading, interfere with the direct care registered nurse's
799	provision of individualized patient care, or override the direct
800	care registered nurse's independent professional judgment.
801	(g) This subsection applies only to direct care registered
802	nurses employed by or providing care in a health care facility.
803	(5) DIRECT CARE REGISTERED NURSE'S DUTY AND RIGHT OF
804	PATIENT ADVOCACY
805	(a) A direct care registered nurse has a duty and right to
806	act and provide care in the exclusive interests of the patient
807	and to act as the patient's advocate.
808	(b) A direct care registered nurse shall always provide
809	competent, safe, therapeutic, and effective nursing care to an
810	assigned patient.
811	1. Before accepting a patient assignment, a direct care
812	registered nurse must have the necessary knowledge, judgment,

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813	skills, and ability to provide the required care. It is the
814	responsibility of the direct care registered nurse to determine
815	whether he or she is clinically competent to perform the nursing
816	care required by a patient who is in a particular clinical unit
817	or who has a particular diagnosis, condition, prognosis, or
818	other determinative characteristic of nursing care, and whether
819	acceptance of a patient assignment would expose the patient to
820	the risk of harm.
821	2. If the direct care registered nurse is not competent to
822	perform the care required for a patient assigned for nursing
823	care or if the assignment would expose the patient to risk of
824	harm, the direct care registered nurse may not accept the
825	patient care assignment. Such refusal to accept a patient care
826	assignment is an exercise of the direct care registered nurse's
827	duty and right of patient advocacy.
828	(c) A direct care registered nurse may refuse to accept an
829	assignment as a nurse in a health care facility if:
830	1. The assignment would violate chapter 464 or rules
831	adopted thereunder;
832	2. The assignment would violate subsection (3), subsection
833	(4), or this subsection; or
834	3. The direct care registered nurse is not prepared by
835	education, training, or experience to fulfill the assignment
836	without compromising the safety of a patient or jeopardizing the
837	license of the direct care registered nurse.
838	(d) A direct care registered nurse may refuse to perform an
839	assigned task as a nurse in a health care facility if:
840	1. The assigned task would violate chapter 464 or rules
841	adopted thereunder;

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842	2. The assigned task is outside the scope of practice of
843	the direct care registered nurse; or
844	3. The direct care registered nurse is not prepared by
845	education, training, or experience to fulfill the assigned task
846	without compromising the safety of a patient or jeopardizing the
847	license of the direct care registered nurse.
848	(e) In the course of performing the responsibilities and
849	essential functions described in subsection (4), the direct care
850	registered nurse assigned to a patient shall receive orders
851	initiated by physicians and other legally authorized health care
852	professionals within their scope of licensure regarding patient
853	care services to be provided to the patient, including, but not
854	limited to, the administration of medications and therapeutic
855	agents that are necessary to implement a treatment, a
856	rehabilitative regimen, or disease prevention.
857	1. The direct care registered nurse shall assess each such
858	order before implementation to determine if the order is:
859	a. In the exclusive interests of the patient;
860	b. Initiated by a person legally authorized to issue the
861	order; and
862	c. Issued in accordance with the applicable laws and rules
863	governing nursing care.
864	2. If the direct care registered nurse determines that the
865	criteria provided in subparagraph 1. have not been satisfied
866	with respect to a particular order or if the direct care
867	registered nurse has some doubt regarding the meaning or
868	conformance of the order with such criteria, he or she shall
869	seek clarification from the initiator of the order, the
870	patient's physician, or another appropriate medical officer

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871	before implementing the order.
872	3. If, upon clarification, the direct care registered nurse
873	determines that the criteria for implementation of an order
874	provided in subparagraph 1. have not been satisfied, the direct
875	care registered nurse may refuse implementation on the basis
876	that the order is not in the exclusive interests of the patient.
877	Seeking clarification of an order or refusing an order as
878	described in this subparagraph is an exercise of the direct care
879	registered nurse's duty and right of patient advocacy.
880	(f) A direct care registered nurse shall, as circumstances
881	require, initiate action to improve the patient's health care or
882	to change a decision or activity that, in the professional
883	judgment of the direct care registered nurse, is against the
884	exclusive interests or desires of the patient or shall give the
885	patient the opportunity to make informed decisions about the
886	health care before it is provided.
887	(6) FREE SPEECH; PATIENT PROTECTION
888	(a) A health care facility may not:
889	1. Discharge, discriminate against, or retaliate against in
890	any manner with respect to any aspect of employment, including
891	discharge, promotion, compensation, or terms, conditions, or
892	privileges of employment, a direct care registered nurse based
893	on the direct care registered nurse's refusal to accept an
894	assignment pursuant to paragraph (5)(c) or an assigned task
895	pursuant to paragraph (5) (d).
896	
897	2. File a complaint or a report against a direct care
	registered nurse with the Board of Nursing or the agency because
898	of the direct care registered nurse's refusal of an assignment
899	pursuant to paragraph (5)(c) or an assigned task pursuant to

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900	paragraph (5)(d).
901	(b) A direct care registered nurse who has been discharged,
902	discriminated against, or retaliated against in violation of
903	subparagraph (a)1. or against whom a complaint or a report has
904	been filed in violation of subparagraph (a)2. may bring a cause
905	of action in a court of competent jurisdiction. A direct care
906	registered nurse who prevails in the cause of action is entitled
907	to one or more of the following:
908	1. Reinstatement.
909	2. Reimbursement of lost wages, compensation, and benefits.
910	3. Attorney fees.
911	4. Court costs.
912	5. Other damages.
913	(c) A direct care registered nurse, a patient, or any other
914	individual may file a complaint with the agency against a health
915	care facility that violates this section. For any complaint
916	filed, the agency shall:
917	1. Receive and investigate the complaint;
918	2. Determine whether a violation of this section as alleged
919	in the complaint has occurred; and
920	3. If such a violation has occurred, issue an order
921	prohibiting the health care facility from subjecting the
922	complaining direct care registered nurse, the patient, or the
923	other individual to any retaliation described in paragraph (a).
924	(d)1. A health care facility may not discriminate or
925	retaliate in any manner against any patient, employee, or
926	contract employee of the facility, or any other individual, on
927	the basis that such individual, in good faith, individually or
928	in conjunction with another person or persons, has presented a

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929	grievance or complaint; initiated or cooperated in an
930	investigation or proceeding by a governmental entity, regulatory
931	agency, or private accreditation body; made a civil claim or
932	demand; or filed an action relating to the care, services, or
933	conditions of the health care facility or of any affiliated or
934	related facilities.
935	2. For purposes of this paragraph, an individual is deemed
936	to be acting in good faith if the individual reasonably believes
937	that the information reported or disclosed is true.
938	(e)1. A health care facility may not:
939	a. Interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of, or
940	the attempt to exercise, any right provided or protected under
941	this section; or
942	b. Coerce or intimidate any person regarding the exercise
943	of, or the attempt to exercise, such right.
944	2. A health care facility may not discriminate or retaliate
945	against any person for opposing any facility policy, practice,
946	or action that is alleged to violate, breach, or fail to comply
947	with this section.
948	3. A health care facility, or an individual representing a
949	health care facility, may not make, adopt, or enforce any rule,
950	regulation, policy, or practice that in any manner directly or
951	indirectly prohibits, impedes, or discourages a direct care
952	registered nurse from engaging in free speech or disclosing
953	information as provided under this section.
954	4. A health care facility, or an individual representing a
955	health care facility, may not in any way interfere with the
956	rights of direct care registered nurses to organize, bargain
957	collectively, and engage in concerted activity under s. 7 of the

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958	National Labor Relations Act.
959	5. A health care facility shall post in an appropriate
960	location in each hospital unit or clinical unit a notice in a
961	form specified by the agency that:
962	a. Explains the rights of nurses, patients, and other
963	individuals under this subsection;
964	b. Includes a statement that a nurse, patient, or other
965	individual may file a complaint with the agency against a health
966	care facility that violates this subsection; and
967	c. Provides instructions on how to file a complaint.
968	(f)1. The agency shall establish a toll-free telephone
969	hotline to provide information regarding the requirements of
970	this section and to receive reports of violations of this
971	section.
972	2. A health care facility shall provide each patient
973	admitted to the facility for inpatient care with the toll-free
974	telephone hotline described in subparagraph 1. and shall give
975	notice to each patient that the hotline may be used to report
976	inadequate staffing or care.
977	(7) ENFORCEMENT.
978	(a) In addition to any other penalty prescribed by law, the
979	agency may impose civil penalties as follows:
980	1. Against a health care facility that violates this
981	section, a civil penalty of up to \$25,000 for each violation,
982	except that the agency shall impose a civil penalty of at least
983	\$25,000 for each violation if the agency determines that the
984	health care facility has a pattern of such violation.
985	2. Against an individual who is employed by a health care
986	facility who violates this section, a civil penalty of up to

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987	\$20,000 for each violation.
988	(b) The agency shall post on its website the names of
989	health care facilities against which civil penalties have been
990	imposed under this subsection and such additional information as
991	the agency deems necessary.
992	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.