$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ the Committee on Infrastructure and Security; and Senator Hooper

	596-03527-19 2019676c1
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to certificates of title for vessels;
3	creating s. 328.001, F.S.; providing a short title;
4	creating s. 328.0015, F.S.; providing definitions;
5	amending s. 328.01, F.S.; revising requirements for
6	application for, and information to be included in, a
7	certificate of title for a vessel; creating s.
8	328.015, F.S.; requiring the Department of Highway
9	Safety and Motor Vehicles to retain certain
10	information relating to ownership and titling of
11	vessels; requiring the department to furnish certain
12	information upon request; creating s. 328.02, F.S.;
13	providing that the law of the state under which a
14	vessel's certificate of title is covered governs all
15	issues relating to a certificate of title; specifying
16	when a vessel becomes covered by such certificate;
17	amending s. 328.03, F.S.; requiring a vessel owner to
18	deliver an application for certificate of title to the
19	department by a specified time; revising circumstances
20	under which a vessel must be titled by this state;
21	providing requirements for issuing, transferring, or
22	renewing the number of an undocumented vessel issued
23	under certain federal provisions; deleting provisions
24	relating to operation, use, or storage of a vessel;
25	deleting provisions relating to selling, assigning, or
26	transferring a vessel; specifying that a certificate
27	of title is prima facie evidence of the accuracy of
28	the information in the record that constitutes the
29	certificate; creating s. 328.04, F.S.; providing

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30	requirements for the contents of a certificate of
31	title; creating s. 328.045, F.S.; providing
32	responsibilities of an owner and insurer of a hull-
33	damaged vessel when transferring an ownership interest
34	in the vessel; requiring the department to create a
35	new certificate indicating such damage; providing
36	civil penalties; creating s. 328.055, F.S.; requiring
37	the department to maintain certain information in its
38	files and to provide certain information to
39	governmental entities; specifying that certain
40	information is a public record; creating s. 328.06,
41	F.S.; providing responsibilities of the department
42	when creating a certificate of title; creating s.
43	328.065, F.S.; specifying effect of possession of a
44	certificate of title; providing construction; amending
45	s. 328.09, F.S.; providing duties of the department
46	relating to creation, issuance, refusal to issue, or
47	cancellation of a certificate of title; providing for
48	a hearing; creating s. 328.101, F.S.; specifying that
49	a certificate of title and certain other records are
50	effective despite missing or incorrect information;
51	amending s. 328.11, F.S.; providing requirements for
52	obtaining a duplicate certificate of title; creating
53	s. 328.12, F.S.; providing requirements for
54	determination and perfection of a security interest in
55	a vessel; providing applicability; creating s.
56	328.125, F.S.; providing requirements for the delivery
57	of a statement of termination of a security interest;
58	providing duties of the department; providing

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59	liability for noncompliance; creating s. 328.14, F.S.;
60	providing for the rights of a purchaser of a vessel
61	who is not a secured party; creating s. 328.145, F.S.;
62	providing for the rights of a secured party; amending
63	s. 328.15, F.S.; deleting certain provisions relating
64	to notice of a lien; providing for future expiration
65	of certain provisions; amending ss. 328.16 and
66	328.165, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made
67	by the act; creating s. 328.215, F.S.; specifying
68	circumstances under which the department may create a
69	new certificate of title after receipt of an
70	application for a transfer of ownership or termination
71	of a security interest unaccompanied by a certificate
72	of title; authorizing the department to indicate
73	certain information on the new certificate;
74	authorizing the department to require a bond,
75	indemnity, or other security; providing for the
76	release of such bond, indemnity, or other security;
77	providing that the department is not liable for
78	creating a certificate of title based on erroneous or
79	fraudulent information; providing penalties; creating
80	s. 328.22, F.S.; providing requirements for the
81	transfer of ownership in a vessel; providing effect of
82	noncompliance; creating s. 328.23, F.S.; providing a
83	definition; providing duties of the department upon
84	receipt of a secured party's transfer statement;
85	providing construction; creating s. 328.24, F.S.;
86	providing a definition; providing requirements for a
87	transfer of ownership by operation of law; providing

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88	duties of the department; providing applicability;
89	creating s. 328.25, F.S.; providing that the
90	principles and law of equity supplement the provisions
91	of the act; creating s. 328.41, F.S.; authorizing the
92	department to adopt rules to implement vessel
93	registration provisions; amending ss. 409.2575,
94	705.103, and 721.08, F.S.; conforming provisions and
95	cross-references to changes made by the act; providing
96	construction and applicability regarding transactions,
97	certificates of title, and records entered into or
98	created, actions or proceedings commenced, and
99	security interests perfected before the effective date
100	of the act; providing applicability; providing an
101	effective date.
102	
103	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
104	
105	Section 1. Section 328.001, Florida Statutes, is created to
106	read:
107	328.001 Short titleThis part may be cited as the "Uniform
108	Certificate of Title for Vessels Act."
109	Section 2. Section 328.0015, Florida Statutes, is created
110	to read:
111	328.0015 Definitions
112	(1) As used in this part, the term:
113	(a) "Barge" means a vessel that is not self-propelled or
114	fitted for propulsion by sail, paddle, oar, or a similar device.
115	(b) "Builder's certificate" means a certificate of the
116	facts of build of a vessel described in 46 C.F.R. s. 67.99.
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596-03527-19 2019676c1 117 (c) "Buyer" means a person who buys or contracts to buy a 118 vessel. (d) "Cancel," with respect to a certificate of title, means 119 120 to make the certificate ineffective. 121 (e) "Certificate of origin" means a record created by a 122 manufacturer or an importer as the manufacturer's or importer's 123 proof of identity of a vessel. The term includes a 124 manufacturer's certificate or statement of origin and an 125 importer's certificate or statement of origin. The term does not include a builder's certificate. 126 127 (f) "Certificate of title" means a record, created by the 128 department or by a governmental agency of another jurisdiction 129 under the law of that jurisdiction, that is designated as a 130 certificate of title by the department or agency and is evidence 131 of ownership of a vessel. 132 (g) "Dealer" means a person, including a manufacturer, in 133 the business of selling vessels. (h) "Department" means the Department of Highway Safety and 134 135 Motor Vehicles. 136 (i) "Documented vessel" means a vessel covered by a 137 certificate of documentation issued pursuant to 46 U.S.C. s. 138 12105. The term does not include a foreign-documented vessel. 139 (j) "Electronic" means relating to technology having 140 electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities. 141 142 (k) "Electronic certificate of title" means a certificate 143 of title consisting of information that is stored solely in an 144 electronic medium and is retrievable in perceivable form. 145 (1) "Foreign-documented vessel" means a vessel the

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146	ownership of which is recorded in a registry maintained by a
147	country other than the United States which identifies each
148	person who has an ownership interest in the vessel and includes
149	a unique alphanumeric designation for the vessel.
150	(m) "Good faith" means honesty in fact and the observance
151	of reasonable commercial standards of fair dealing.
152	(n) "Hull damaged" means compromised with respect to the
153	integrity of a vessel's hull by a collision, allision, lightning
154	strike, fire, explosion, running aground, or similar occurrence,
155	or the sinking of a vessel in a manner that creates a
156	significant risk to the integrity of the vessel's hull.
157	(o) "Hull identification number" means the alphanumeric
158	designation assigned to a vessel pursuant to 33 C.F.R. part 181.
159	(p) "Lien creditor," with respect to a vessel, means:
160	1. A creditor that has acquired a lien on the vessel by
161	attachment, levy, or the like;
162	2. An assignee for benefit of creditors from the time of
163	assignment;
164	3. A trustee in bankruptcy from the date of the filing of
165	the petition; or
166	4. A receiver in equity from the time of appointment.
167	(q) "Owner" means a person who has legal title to a vessel.
168	(r) "Owner of record" means the owner indicated in the
169	files of the department or, if the files indicate more than one
170	owner, the one first indicated.
171	(s) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a business
172	trust, an estate, a trust, a statutory trust, a partnership, a
173	limited liability company, an association, a joint venture, a
174	public corporation, a government or governmental subdivision, an

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175	agency, an instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial
176	entity.
177	(t) "Purchase" means to take by sale, lease, mortgage,
178	pledge, consensual lien, security interest, gift, or any other
179	voluntary transaction that creates an interest in a vessel.
180	(u) "Purchaser" means a person who takes by purchase.
181	(v) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a
182	tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other
183	medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
184	(w) "Secured party," with respect to a vessel, means a
185	person:
186	1. In whose favor a security interest is created or
187	provided for under a security agreement, regardless of whether
188	any obligation to be secured is outstanding;
189	2. Who is a consignor as defined under chapter 679; or
190	3. Who holds a security interest arising under s. 672.401,
191	s. 672.505, s. 672.711(3), or s. 680.508(5).
192	(x) "Secured party of record" means the secured party whose
193	name is indicated as the name of the secured party in the files
194	of the department or, if the files indicate more than one
195	secured party, the one first indicated.
196	(y) "Security interest" means an interest in a vessel which
197	secures payment or performance of an obligation if the interest
198	is created by contract or arises under s. 672.401, s. 672.505,
199	s. 672.711(3), or s. 680.508(5). The term includes any interest
200	of a consignor in a vessel in a transaction that is subject to
201	chapter 679. The term does not include the special property
202	interest of a buyer of a vessel on identification of that vessel
203	to a contract for sale under s. 672.501, but a buyer also may

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204	acquire a security interest by complying with chapter 679.
205	Except as otherwise provided in s. 672.505, the right of a
206	seller or lessor of a vessel under chapter 672 or chapter 680 to
207	retain or acquire possession of the vessel is not a security
208	interest, but a seller or lessor also may acquire a security
209	interest by complying with chapter 679. The retention or
210	reservation of title by a seller of a vessel notwithstanding
211	shipment or delivery to the buyer under s. 672.401 is limited in
212	effect to a reservation of a security interest. Whether a
213	transaction in the form of a lease creates a security interest
214	is determined as provided in part II of chapter 671.
215	(z) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or
216	adopt a record, to:
217	1. Make or adopt a tangible symbol; or
218	2. Attach to or logically associate with the record an
219	electronic symbol, sound, or process.
220	(aa) "State" means a state of the United States, the
221	District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin
222	Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the
223	jurisdiction of the United States.
224	(bb) "State of principal use" means the state on the waters
225	of which a vessel is or will be used, operated, navigated, or
226	employed more than on the waters of any other state during a
227	calendar year.
228	(cc) "Title brand" means a designation of previous damage,
229	use, or condition that must be indicated on a certificate of
230	title.
231	(dd) "Transfer of ownership" means a voluntary or
232	involuntary conveyance of an interest in a vessel.

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233	(ee) "Vessel" means a watercraft used or capable of being
234	used as a means of transportation on water, except:
235	1. A seaplane;
236	2. An amphibious vehicle for which a certificate of title
237	is issued pursuant to chapter 319 or a similar statute of
238	another state;
239	3. A watercraft less than 16 feet in length and propelled
240	solely by sail, paddle, oar, or an engine of less than 10
241	horsepower;
242	4. A watercraft that operates only on a permanently fixed,
243	manufactured course and the movement of which is restricted to
244	or guided by means of a mechanical device to which the
245	watercraft is attached or by which the watercraft is controlled;
246	5. A stationary floating structure that:
247	a. Does not have and is not designed to have a mode of
248	propulsion of its own;
249	b. Is dependent for utilities upon a continuous utility
250	hookup to a source originating on shore; and
251	<u>c. Has a permanent, continuous hookup to a shoreside sewage</u>
252	system;
253	6. Watercraft owned by the United States, a state, or a
254	foreign government or a political subdivision of any of them;
255	and
256	7. A watercraft used solely as a lifeboat on another
257	watercraft.
258	(ff) "Vessel number" means the alphanumeric designation for
259	a vessel issued pursuant to 46 U.S.C. s. 12301.
260	(gg) "Written certificate of title" means a certificate of
261	title consisting of information inscribed on a tangible medium.

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(2) The following definitions and terms also apply to this
part:
(a) "Agreement" as defined in s. 671.201(3).
(b) "Buyer in ordinary course of business" as defined in s.
<u>671.201(9).</u>
(c) "Conspicuous" as defined in s. 671.201(10).
(d) "Consumer goods" as defined in s. 679.1021(1)(w).
(e) "Debtor" as defined in s. 679.1021(1)(bb).
(f) "Knowledge" as defined in s. 671.209.
(g) "Lease" as defined in s. 680.1031(1)(j).
(h) "Lessor" as defined in 680.1031(1)(p).
(i) "Notice" as defined s. 671.209.
(j) "Representative" as defined in s. 671.201(36).
(k) "Sale" as defined in s. 672.106(1).
(1) "Security agreement" as defined in s. 679.1021(1)(uuu).
(m) "Seller" as defined in s. 672.103(1)(d).
(n) "Send" as defined in s. 671.201(39).
(o) "Value" as defined in s. 671.211.
Section 3. Section 328.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to
read:
328.01 Application for certificate of title
(1) (a) The owner of a vessel which is required to be titled
shall apply to the county tax collector for a certificate of
title. Except as otherwise provided in ss. 328.045, 328.11,
328.12, 328.215, 328.23, and 328.24, only an owner may apply for
a certificate of title.
(2) An application for a certificate of title must be
signed by the applicant and contain:
(a) The applicant's name, the street address of the

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applicant's principal residence, and, if different, the
applicant's mailing address;
(b) The name and mailing address of each other owner of the
vessel;
(c) The hull identification number for the vessel or, if
none, an application for the issuance of a hull identification
number for the vessel;
(d) The vessel number for the vessel or, if none is issued
by the department, an application for a vessel number;
(e) A description of the vessel as required by the
department, which must include:
1. The official number for the vessel, if any, assigned by
the United States Coast Guard;
2. The name of the manufacturer, builder, or maker;
3. The model year or the year in which the manufacture or
build of the vessel was completed;
4. The overall length of the vessel;
5. The vessel type;
6. The hull material;
7. The propulsion type;
8. The engine drive type, if any; and
9. The fuel type, if any;
(f) An indication of all security interests in the vessel
known to the applicant and the name and mailing address of each
secured party;
(g) A statement that the vessel is not a documented vessel
or a foreign-documented vessel;
(h) Any title brand known to the applicant and, if known,
the jurisdiction under whose law the title brand was created;

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 320 (i) If the applicant knows that the vessel is hull damaged, 321 a statement that the vessel is hull damaged; 322 (j) If the application is made in connection with a 323 transfer of ownership, the transferor's name, street address, 324 and, if different, mailing address, the sales price, if any, and 325 the date of the transfer; and 326 (k) If the vessel was previously registered or titled in 327 another jurisdiction, a statement identifying each jurisdiction 328 known to the applicant in which the vessel was registered or 329 titled. 330 (3) In addition to the information required by subsection 331 (2), an application for a certificate of title may contain an 332 electronic address of the owner, transferor, or secured party. 333 (4) Except as otherwise provided in s. 328.11, s. 328.215, s. 328.23, or s. 328.24, an application for a certificate of 334 335 title must be accompanied by: 336 (a) A certificate of title signed by the owner shown on the 337 certificate and which: 338 1. Identifies the applicant as the owner of the vessel; or 339 2. Is accompanied by a record that identifies the applicant 340 as the owner; or 341 (b) If there is no certificate of title: 1. If the vessel was a documented vessel, a record issued 342 343 by the United States Coast Guard which shows the vessel is no 344 longer a documented vessel and identifies the applicant as the 345 owner; 346 2. If the vessel was a foreign-documented vessel, a record 347 issued by the foreign country which shows the vessel is no 348 longer a foreign-documented vessel and identifies the applicant

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 349 as the owner; or 350 3. In all other cases, a certificate of origin, bill of 351 sale, or other record that to the satisfaction of the department 352 identifies the applicant as the owner. 353 (5) A record submitted in connection with an application is 354 part of the application. The department shall maintain the 355 record in its files. 356 (6) The department may require that an application for a 357 certificate of title be accompanied by payment or evidence of 358 payment of all fees and taxes payable by the applicant under the 359 laws of this state, other than this part, in connection with the 360 application or the acquisition or use of the vessel The 361 application shall include the true name of the owner, the 362 residence or business address of the owner, and the complete 363 description of the vessel, including the hull identification 364 number, except that an application for a certificate of title 365 for a homemade vessel shall state all the foregoing information 366 except the hull identification number. 367 (7) (a) The application shall be signed by the owner and 368 shall be accompanied by personal or business identification and 369 the prescribed fee. An individual applicant must provide a valid 370 driver license or identification card issued by this state or 371 another state or a valid passport. A business applicant must 372 provide a federal employer identification number, if applicable, 373 verification that the business is authorized to conduct business 374 in the state, or a Florida city or county business license or 375 number.

(b) The owner of an undocumented vessel that is exempt from titling may apply to the county tax collector for a certificate

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378	of title by filing an application accompanied by the prescribed
379	fee.
380	(2) (a) The owner of a manufactured vessel that was
381	initially sold in this state for which vessel an application for
382	an initial title is made shall establish proof of ownership by
383	submitting with the application the original copy of the
384	manufacturer's statement of origin for that vessel.
385	(b) The owner of a manufactured vessel that was initially
386	sold in another state or country for which vessel an application
387	for an initial title is made shall establish proof of ownership
388	by submitting with the application:
389	1. The original copy of the manufacturer's statement of
390	origin if the vessel was initially sold or manufactured in a
391	state or country requiring the issuance of such a statement or
392	the original copy of the executed bill of sale if the vessel was
393	initially sold or manufactured in a state or country not
394	requiring the issuance of a manufacturer's statement of origin;
395	and
396	2. The most recent certificate of registration for the
397	vessel, if such a certificate was issued.
398	(c) In making application for an initial title, the owner
399	of a homemade vessel shall establish proof of ownership by
400	submitting with the application:
401	1. A notarized statement of the builder or its equivalent,
402	whichever is acceptable to the Department of Highway Safety and
403	Motor Vehicles, if the vessel is less than 16 feet in length; or
404	2. A certificate of inspection from the Fish and Wildlife
405	Conservation Commission and a notarized statement of the builder
406	or its equivalent, whichever is acceptable to the Department of
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407 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, if the vessel is 16 feet or 408 more in length. 409 (d) The owner of a nontitled vessel registered or 410 previously registered in another state or country for which an 411 application for title is made in this state shall establish 412 proof of ownership by surrendering, with the submission of the 413 application, the original copy of the most current certificate 414 of registration issued by the other state or country. 415 (e) The owner of a vessel titled in another state or 416 country for which an application for title is made in this state 417 shall not be issued a title unless and until all existing titles 418 to the vessel are surrendered to the Department of Highway 419 Safety and Motor Vehicles. The department shall retain the 420 evidence of title which is presented by the applicant and on the 421 basis of which the certificate of title is issued. The 422 department shall use reasonable diligence in ascertaining 423 whether the facts in the application are true; and, if satisfied 424 that the applicant is the owner of the vessel and that the application is in the proper form, the department shall issue a 425 426 certificate of title. 427 (f) In making application for the titling of a vessel 428 previously documented by the Federal Government, the current 429 owner shall establish proof of ownership by submitting with the 430 application a copy of the canceled documentation papers or a 431 properly executed release-from-documentation certificate 432 provided by the United States Coast Guard. In the event such 433 documentation papers or certification are in the name of a 434 person other than the current owner, the current owner shall 435 provide the original copy of all subsequently executed bills of

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436 sale applicable to the vessel. 437 (3) (a) In making application for a title upon transfer of ownership of a vessel, the new owner shall surrender to the 438 439 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles the last title 440 document issued for that vessel. The document shall be properly 441 executed. Proper execution includes, but is not limited to, the 442 previous owner's signature and certification that the vessel to 443 be transferred is debt-free or is subject to a lien. If a lien 444 exists, the previous owner shall furnish the new owner, on forms supplied by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, 445 446 the names and addresses of all lienholders and the dates of all 447 liens, together with a statement from each lienholder that the 448 lienholder has knowledge of and consents to the transfer of 449 title to the new owner. 450 (b) If the application for transfer of title is based upon 451 a contractual default, the recorded lienholder shall establish 452 proof of right to ownership by submitting with the application 453 the original certificate of title and a copy of the applicable contract upon which the claim of ownership is made. If the claim 454 455 is based upon a court order or judgment, a copy of such document 456 shall accompany the application for transfer of title. If, on 457 the basis of departmental records, there appears to be any other 458 lien on the vessel, the certificate of title must contain a

statement of such a lien, unless the application for a 460 certificate of title is either accompanied by proper evidence of 461 the satisfaction or extinction of the lien or contains a

462 statement certifying that any lienholder named on the last-

463 issued certificate of title has been sent notice by certified

464 mail, at least 5 days before the application was filed, of the

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465	applicant's intention to seek a repossessed title. If such
466	notice is given and no written protest to the department is
467	presented by a subsequent lienholder within 15 days after the
468	date on which the notice was mailed, the certificate of title
469	shall be issued showing no liens. If the former owner or any
470	subsequent lienholder files a written protest under oath within
471	the 15-day period, the department shall not issue the
472	repossessed certificate for 10 days thereafter. If, within the
473	10-day period, no injunction or other order of a court of
474	competent jurisdiction has been served on the department
475	commanding it not to deliver the certificate, the department
476	shall deliver the repossessed certificate to the applicant, or
477	as is otherwise directed in the application, showing no other
478	liens than those shown in the application.
479	(c) In making application for transfer of title from a
480	deceased titled owner, the new owner or surviving coowner shall
481	establish proof of ownership by submitting with the application
482	the original certificate of title and the decedent's probated
483	last will and testament or letters of administration appointing
484	the personal representative of the decedent. In lieu of a
485	probated last will and testament or letters of administration, a
486	copy of the decedent's death certificate, a copy of the
487	decedent's last will and testament, and an affidavit by the
488	decedent's surviving spouse or heirs affirming rights of
489	ownership may be accepted by the department. If the decedent
490	died intestate, a court order awarding the ownership of the
491	vessel or an affidavit by the decedent's surviving spouse or
492	heirs establishing or releasing all rights of ownership and a
493	copy of the decedent's death certificate shall be submitted to

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494 the department.

495 (c) (d) An owner or coowner who has made a bona fide sale or 496 transfer of a vessel and has delivered possession thereof to a 497 purchaser shall not, by reason of any of the provisions of this 498 chapter, be considered the owner or coowner of the vessel so as 499 to be subject to civil liability for the operation of the vessel 500 thereafter by another if the owner or coowner has fulfilled 501 either of the following requirements:

502 1. The owner or coowner has delivered to the department, or 503 has placed in the United States mail, addressed to the 504 department, either the certificate of title, properly endorsed, 505 or a notice in the form prescribed by the department; or

506 2. The owner or coowner has made proper endorsement and 507 delivery of the certificate of title as provided by this 508 chapter. As used in this subparagraph, the term "proper 509 endorsement" means:

510 a. The signature of one coowner if the vessel is held in 511 joint tenancy, signified by the vessel's being registered in the 512 names of two or more persons as coowners in the alternative by the use of the word "or." In a joint tenancy, each coowner is 513 514 considered to have granted to each of the other coowners the 515 absolute right to dispose of the title and interest in the 516 vessel, and, upon the death of a coowner, the interest of the 517 decedent in the jointly held vessel passes to the surviving 518 coowner or coowners. This sub-subparagraph is applicable even if 519 the coowners are husband and wife; or

520 b. The signatures of every coowner or of the respective 521 personal representatives of the coowners if the vessel is 522 registered in the names of two or more persons as coowners in

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523	the conjunctive by the use of the word "and."
524	
525	The department shall adopt suitable language that must appear
526	upon the certificate of title to effectuate the manner in which
527	the interest in or title to the vessel is held.
528	<u>(8)</u> [4] If the owner cannot furnish the department of
529	Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles with all the required
530	ownership documentation, the department may, at its discretion,
531	issue a title conditioned on the owner's agreement to indemnify
532	the department and its agents and defend the title against all
533	claims or actions arising out of such issuance.
534	<u>(9)(5)(a)</u> An application for an initial title or a title
535	transfer shall include payment of the applicable state sales tax
536	or proof of payment of such tax.
537	(b) An application for a title transfer between
538	individuals, which transfer is not exempt from the payment of
539	sales tax, shall include payment of the appropriate sales tax
540	payable on the selling price for the complete vessel rig, which
541	includes the vessel and its motor, trailer, and accessories, if
542	any. If the applicant submits with his or her application an
543	itemized, properly executed bill of sale which separately
544	describes and itemizes the prices paid for each component of the
545	rig, only the vessel and trailer will be subject to the sales
546	tax.
547	(10) (6) The department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles
548	shall prescribe and provide suitable forms for applications,
549	certificates of title, notices of security interests, and other
550	notices and forms necessary to carry out the provisions of this
551	chapter.

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 552 Section 4. Section 328.015, Florida Statutes, is created to 553 read: 554 328.015 Duties and operation of the department.-555 (1) The department shall retain the evidence used to 556 establish the accuracy of the information in its files relating 557 to the current ownership of a vessel and the information on the 558 certificate of title. 559 (2) The department shall retain in its files all 560 information regarding a security interest in a vessel for at 561 least 10 years after the department receives a termination 562 statement regarding the security interest. The information must 563 be accessible by the hull identification number for the vessel 564 and any other methods provided by the department. 565 (3) If a person submits a record to the department, or 566 submits information that is accepted by the department, and 567 requests an acknowledgment of the filing or submission, the 568 department shall send to the person an acknowledgment showing 569 the hull identification number of the vessel to which the record 570 or submission relates, the information in the filed record or 571 submission, and the date and time the record was received or the 572 submission was accepted. A request under this section must 573 contain the hull identification number and be delivered by means 574 authorized by the department. 575 (4) The department shall send or otherwise make available 576 in a record the following information to any person who requests 577 it and pays the applicable fee: 578 (a) Whether the files of the department indicate, as of a 579 date and time specified by the department, but not a date

580 <u>earlier than 3 days before the department received the request</u>,

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581	any certificate of title, security interest, termination
582	statement, or title brand that relates to a vessel:
583	1. Identified by a hull identification number designated in
584	the request;
585	2. Identified by a vessel number designated in the request;
586	or
587	3. Owned by a person designated in the request;
588	(b) With respect to the vessel:
589	1. The name and address of any owner as indicated in the
590	files of the department or on the certificate of title;
591	2. The name and address of any secured party as indicated
592	in the files of the department or on the certificate, and the
593	effective date of the information; and
594	3. A copy of any termination statement indicated in the
595	files of the department and the effective date of the
596	termination statement; and
597	(c) With respect to the vessel, a copy of any certificate
598	of origin, secured party transfer statement, transfer-by-law
599	statement under s. 328.24, and other evidence of previous or
600	current transfers of ownership.
601	(5) In responding to a request under this section, the
602	department may provide the requested information in any medium.
603	On request, the department shall send the requested information
604	in a record that is self-authenticating.
605	Section 5. Section 328.02, Florida Statutes, is created to
606	read:
607	328.02 Law governing vessel covered by certificate of
608	<u>title</u>
609	(1) The law of the state under which a vessel's certificate
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610	of title is covered governs all issues relating to the
611	certificate from the time the vessel becomes covered by the
612	certificate until the vessel becomes covered by another
613	certificate or becomes a documented vessel, even if no other
614	relationship exists between the state and the vessel or its
615	owner.
616	(2) A vessel becomes covered by a certificate of title when
617	an application for the certificate and the applicable fee are
618	delivered to the department in accordance with this part or to
619	the governmental agency that creates a certificate in another
620	jurisdiction in accordance with the law of that jurisdiction.
621	Section 6. Section 328.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to
622	read:
623	328.03 Certificate of title required
624	(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (2) and
625	(3), each vessel that is operated, used, or stored on the waters
626	of this state must be titled by this state pursuant to this
627	part, and the owner of a vessel for which this state is the
628	state of principal use shall deliver to the department an
629	application for a certificate of title for the vessel, with the
630	applicable fee, not later than 30 days after the later of:
631	(a) The date of a transfer of ownership; or
632	(b) The date this state becomes the state of principal use.
633	(2) An application for a certificate of title is not
634	required for chapter, unless it is:
635	(a) A documented vessel;
636	(b) A foreign-documented vessel;
637	(c) A barge;
638	(d) A vessel before delivery if the vessel is under

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639	construction or completed pursuant to contract;
640	(e) A vessel held by a dealer for sale or lease;
641	(f) A vessel used solely for demonstration, testing, or
642	sales promotional purposes by the manufacturer or dealer;
643	(g) (a) A vessel operated, used, or stored exclusively on
644	private lakes and ponds;
645	(h) (b) A vessel owned by the United States Government;
646	(c) A non-motor-powered vessel less than 16 feet in length;
647	(d) A federally documented vessel;
648	<u>(i)</u> A vessel already covered by a registration number in
649	full force and effect which was awarded to it pursuant to a
650	federally approved numbering system of another state or by the
651	United States Coast Guard in a state without a federally
652	approved numbering system, if the vessel is not located in this
653	state for a period in excess of 90 consecutive days; <u>or</u>
654	<u>(j)</u> A vessel from a country other than the United States
655	temporarily used, operated, or stored on the waters of this
656	state for a period that is not in excess of 90 days $ au$
657	(g) An amphibious vessel for which a vehicle title is
658	issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles;
659	(h) A vessel used solely for demonstration, testing, or
660	sales promotional purposes by the manufacturer or dealer; or
661	(i) A vessel owned and operated by the state or a political
662	subdivision thereof.
663	(3) The department may not issue, transfer, or renew a
664	number issued to a vessel pursuant to the requirements of 46
665	U.S.C. s. 12301 unless the department has created a certificate
666	of title for the vessel or an application for a certificate for
667	the vessel and the applicable fee have been delivered to the

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668 department. 669 (2) A person shall not operate, use, or store a vessel for 670 which a certificate of title is required unless the owner has 671 received from the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 672 Vehicles a valid certificate of title for such vessel. However, 673 such vessel may be operated, used, or stored for a period of up 674 to 180 days after the date of application for a certificate of 675 title while the application is pending. 676 (3) A person shall not sell, assign, or transfer a vessel 677 titled by the state without delivering to the purchaser or 678 transferee a valid certificate of title with an assignment on it 679 showing the transfer of title to the purchaser or transferee. A 680 person shall not purchase or otherwise acquire a vessel required 681 to be titled by the state without obtaining a certificate of 682 title for the vessel in his or her name. The purchaser or 683 transferee shall, within 30 days after a change in vessel 684 ownership, file an application for a title transfer with the 685 county tax collector. 686 (4) An additional \$10 fee shall be charged against the 687 purchaser or transferee if he or she files a title transfer 688 application after the 30-day period. The county tax collector 689 shall be entitled to retain \$5 of the additional amount. 690 (5) (4) A certificate of title is prima facie evidence of

690 (5)(4) A certificate of title is prima facie evidence of 691 the accuracy of the information in the record that constitutes 692 the certificate and of the ownership of the vessel. A 693 certificate of title is good for the life of the vessel so long 694 as the certificate is owned or held by the legal holder. If a 695 titled vessel is destroyed or abandoned, the owner, with the 696 consent of any recorded lienholders, shall, within 30 days after

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 697 the destruction or abandonment, surrender to the department for 698 cancellation any and all title documents. If a titled vessel is 699 insured and the insurer has paid the owner for the total loss of 700 the vessel, the insurer shall obtain the title to the vessel 701 and, within 30 days after receiving the title, forward the title 702 to the department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles for 703 cancellation. The insurer may retain the certificate of title 704 when payment for the loss was made because of the theft of the 705 vessel. (6) (5) The department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles 706 707

707 shall provide labeled places on the title where the seller's 708 price shall be indicated when a vessel is sold and where a 709 selling dealer shall record his or her valid sales tax 710 certificate of registration number.

711 <u>(7)(6)</u>(a) The department of Highway Safety and Motor 712 Vehicles shall charge a fee of \$5.25 for issuing each 713 certificate of title. The tax collector shall be entitled to 714 retain \$3.75 of the fee.

(b) Beginning July 1, 1996, The department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall use security procedures, processes, and materials in the preparation and issuance of each certificate of title to prohibit, to the extent possible, a person's ability to alter, counterfeit, duplicate, or modify the certificate.

721 <u>(8)(7)</u> The department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles 722 shall charge a fee of \$4 in addition to that charged in 723 subsection <u>(7)</u> (6) for each initial certificate of title issued 724 for a vessel previously registered outside this state.

(9) (8) The department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 726 shall make regulations necessary and convenient to carry out the 727 provisions of this chapter. Section 7. Section 328.04, Florida Statutes, is created to 728 729 read: 730 328.04 Content of certificate of title.-731 (1) A certificate of title must contain: 732 (a) The date the certificate was created; (b) The name of the owner of record and, if not all owners 733 734 are listed, an indication that there are additional owners 735 indicated in the files of the department; 736 (c) The mailing address of the owner of record; 737 (d) The hull identification number; 738 (e) The information listed in s. 328.01(2)(e); 739 (f) Except as otherwise provided in s. 328.12(2), the name 740 and mailing address of the secured party of record, if any, and 741 if not all secured parties are listed, an indication that there 742 are other security interests indicated in the files of the 743 department; and 744 (g) All title brands indicated in the files of the 745 department covering the vessel, including brands indicated on a 746 certificate created by a governmental agency of another 747 jurisdiction and delivered to the department. 748 (2) This part does not preclude the department from noting 749 on a certificate of title the name and mailing address of a secured party that is not a secured party of record. 750 751 (3) For each title brand indicated on a certificate of 752 title, the certificate must identify the jurisdiction under 753 whose law the title brand was created or the jurisdiction that 754 created the certificate on which the title brand was indicated.

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755	If the meaning of a title brand is not easily ascertainable or
756	cannot be accommodated on the certificate, the certificate may
757	state: "Previously branded in (insert the jurisdiction under
758	whose law the title brand was created or whose certificate of
759	title previously indicated the title brand)."
760	(4) If the files of the department indicate that a vessel
761	was previously registered or titled in a foreign country, the
762	department shall indicate on the certificate of title that the
763	vessel was registered or titled in that country.
764	(5) A written certificate of title must contain a form that
765	all owners indicated on the certificate may sign to evidence
766	consent to a transfer of an ownership interest to another
767	person. The form must include a certification, signed under
768	penalty of perjury, that the statements made are true and
769	correct to the best of each owner's knowledge, information, and
770	belief.
771	(6) A written certificate of title must contain a form for
772	the owner of record to indicate, in connection with a transfer
773	of an ownership interest, that the vessel is hull damaged.
774	Section 8. Section 328.045, Florida Statutes, is created to
775	read:
776	328.045 Title brands
777	(1) Unless subsection (3) applies, at or before the time
778	the owner of record transfers an ownership interest in a hull-
779	damaged vessel that is covered by a certificate of title created
780	by the department, if the damage occurred while that person was
781	an owner of the vessel and the person has notice of the damage
782	at the time of the transfer, the owner shall:
783	(a) Deliver to the department an application for a new

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784	certificate that complies with s. 328.01 and includes the title
785	brand designation "Hull Damaged"; or
786	(b) Indicate on the certificate in the place designated for
787	that purpose that the vessel is hull damaged and deliver the
788	certificate to the transferee.
789	(2) Not later than 30 days after delivery of the
790	application under paragraph (1)(a) or the certificate of title
791	under paragraph (1)(b), the department shall create a new
792	certificate that indicates that the vessel is branded "Hull
793	Damaged."
794	(3) Before an insurer transfers an ownership interest in a
795	hull-damaged vessel that is covered by a certificate of title
796	created by the department, the insurer shall deliver to the
797	department an application for a new certificate that complies
798	with s. 328.01 and includes the title brand designation "Hull
799	Damaged." Not later than 30 days after delivery of the
800	application to the department, the department shall create a new
801	certificate that indicates that the vessel is branded "Hull
802	Damaged."
803	(4) An owner of record who fails to comply with subsection
804	(1), a person who solicits or colludes in a failure by an owner
805	of record to comply with subsection (1), or an insurer that
806	fails to comply with subsection (3) commits a noncriminal
807	infraction under s. 327.73(1) for which the penalty is \$5,000
808	for the first offense, \$15,000 for a second offense, and \$25,000
809	for each subsequent offense.
810	Section 9. Section 328.055, Florida Statutes, is created to
811	read:
812	328.055 Maintenance of and access to files

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813	(1) For each record relating to a certificate of title
814	submitted to the department, the department shall:
815	(a) Ascertain or assign the hull identification number for
816	the vessel;
817	(b) Maintain the hull identification number and all the
818	information submitted with the application pursuant to s.
819	328.01(2) to which the record relates, including the date and
820	time the record was delivered to the department;
821	(c) Maintain the files for public inspection subject to
822	subsection (5); and
823	(d) Index the files of the department as required by
824	subsection (2).
825	(2) The department shall maintain in its files the
826	information contained in all certificates of title created under
827	this part. The information in the files of the department must
828	be searchable by the hull identification number of the vessel,
829	the vessel number, the name of the owner of record, and any
830	other method used by the department.
831	(3) The department shall maintain in its files, for each
832	vessel for which it has created a certificate of title, all
833	title brands known to the department, the name of each secured
834	party known to the department, the name of each person known to
835	the department to be claiming an ownership interest, and all
836	stolen property reports the department has received.
837	(4) Upon request, for safety, security, or law enforcement
838	purposes, the department shall provide to federal, state, or
839	local government the information in its files relating to any
840	vessel for which the department has issued a certificate of
841	title.

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842	(5) Except as otherwise provided by the laws of this state,
843	other than this part, the information required under s. 328.04
844	<u>is a public record.</u>
845	Section 10. Section 328.06, Florida Statutes, is created to
846	read:
847	328.06 Action required on creation of certificate of
848	title
849	(1) On creation of a written certificate of title, the
850	department shall promptly send the certificate to the secured
851	party of record or, if none, to the owner of record at the
852	address indicated for that person in the files of the
853	department. On creation of an electronic certificate of title,
854	the department shall promptly send a record evidencing the
855	certificate to the owner of record and, if there is one, to the
856	secured party of record at the address indicated for each person
857	in the files of the department. The department may send the
858	record to the person's mailing address or, if indicated in the
859	files of the department, an electronic address.
860	(2) If the department creates a written certificate of
861	title, any electronic certificate of title for the vessel is
862	canceled and replaced by the written certificate. The department
863	shall maintain in the files of the department the date and time
864	of cancellation.
865	(3) Before the department creates an electronic certificate
866	of title, any written certificate for the vessel must be
867	surrendered to the department. If the department creates an
868	electronic certificate, the department shall destroy or
869	otherwise cancel the written certificate for the vessel which
870	has been surrendered to the department and maintain in the files

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871	of the department the date and time of destruction or other
872	cancellation. If a written certificate being canceled is not
873	destroyed, the department shall indicate on the face of the
874	certificate that it has been canceled.
875	Section 11. Section 328.065, Florida Statutes, is created
876	to read:
877	328.065 Effect of possession of certificate of title;
878	judicial processPossession of a certificate of title does not
879	by itself provide a right to obtain possession of a vessel.
880	Garnishment, attachment, levy, replevin, or other judicial
881	process against the certificate is not effective to determine
882	possessory rights to the vessel. This part does not prohibit
883	enforcement under the laws of this state of a security interest
884	in, levy on, or foreclosure of a statutory or common-law lien on
885	a vessel. Absence of an indication of a statutory or common-law
886	lien on a certificate does not invalidate the lien.
887	Section 12. Section 328.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to
888	read:
889	(Substantial rewording of section. See
890	s. 328.09, F.S., for present text.)
891	328.09 Refusal to issue and authority to cancel a
892	certificate of title or registration
893	(1) Unless an application for a certificate of title is
894	rejected under subsection (3) or subsection (4), the department
895	shall create a certificate for the vessel in accordance with
896	subsection (2) not later than 30 days after delivery to the
897	department of an application that complies with s. 328.01.
898	(2) If the department creates electronic certificates of
899	title, the department shall create an electronic certificate

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 900 unless in the application the secured party of record or, if 901 none, the owner of record requests that the department create a 902 written certificate. 903 (3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4), the 904 department may reject an application for a certificate of title 905 only if: 906 (a) The application does not comply with s. 328.01; 907 (b) The application does not contain documentation 908 sufficient for the department to determine whether the applicant 909 is entitled to a certificate; 910 (c) There is a reasonable basis for concluding that the 911 application is fraudulent or issuance of a certificate would facilitate a fraudulent or illegal act; or 912 913 (d) The application does not comply with the laws of this state other than this part. 914 915 (4) The department shall reject an application for a 916 certificate of title for a vessel that is a documented vessel or 917 a foreign-documented vessel. 918 (5) The department may cancel a certificate of title 919 created by it only if the department: 920 (a) Could have rejected the application for the certificate 921 under subsection (3); 922 (b) Is required to cancel the certificate under another 923 provision of this part; or 924 (c) Receives satisfactory evidence that the vessel is a 925 documented vessel or a foreign-documented vessel. 926 (6) The decision by the department to reject an application 927 for a certificate of title or cancel a certificate of title 928 pursuant to this section is subject to a hearing pursuant to ss.

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929	120.569 and 120.57 at which the owner and any other interested
930	party may present evidence in support of or opposition to the
931	rejection of the application for a certificate of title or the
932	cancellation of a certificate of title.
933	Section 13. Section 328.101, Florida Statutes, is created
934	to read:
935	328.101 Effect of missing or incorrect informationExcept
936	as otherwise provided in s. 679.337, a certificate of title or
937	other record required or authorized by this part is effective
938	even if it contains unintended scrivener's errors or does not
939	contain certain required information if such missing information
940	is determined by the department to be inconsequential to the
941	issuing of a certificate of title or other record.
942	Section 14. Section 328.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to
943	read:
944	328.11 Duplicate certificate of title
945	(1) If a written certificate of title is lost, stolen,
946	mutilated, destroyed, or otherwise becomes unavailable or
947	illegible, the secured party of record or, if no secured party
948	is indicated in the files of the department, the owner of record
949	may apply for and, by furnishing information satisfactory to the
950	department, obtain a duplicate certificate in the name of the
951	owner of record.
952	(2) An applicant for a duplicate certificate of title must
953	sign the application, and, except as otherwise permitted by the
954	department, the application must comply with s. 328.01. The
955	application must include the existing certificate unless the
956	certificate is lost, stolen, mutilated, destroyed, or otherwise
957	unavailable.

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958	(3) A duplicate certificate of title created by the
959	department must comply with s. 328.04 and indicate on the face
960	of the certificate that it is a duplicate certificate.
961	(4) If a person receiving a duplicate certificate of title
962	subsequently obtains possession of the original written
963	certificate, the person shall promptly destroy the original
964	certificate of title.
965	(5) (1) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles
966	may issue a duplicate certificate of title upon application by
967	the person entitled to hold such a certificate if the department
968	is satisfied that the original certificate has been lost,
969	destroyed, or mutilated. The department shall charge a fee of \$6
970	for issuing a duplicate certificate.
971	(6) (2) In addition to the fee imposed by subsection (5)
972	(1) , the department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall
973	charge a fee of \$5 for expedited service in issuing a duplicate
974	certificate of title. Application for such expedited service may
975	be made by mail or in person. The department shall issue each
976	certificate of title applied for under this subsection within 5
977	working days after receipt of a proper application or shall
978	refund the additional \$5 fee upon written request by the
979	applicant.
980	(3) If, following the issuance of an original, duplicate,
981	or corrected certificate of title by the department, the
982	certificate is lost in transit and is not delivered to the
983	addressee, the owner of the vessel or the holder of a lien
984	thereon may, within 180 days after the date of issuance of the
985	title, apply to the department for reissuance of the certificate
986	of title. An additional fee may not be charged for reissuance
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596-03527-19 2019676c1 under this subsection. (7) (4) The department shall implement a system to verify that the application is signed by a person authorized to receive 989 a duplicate title certificate under this section if the address shown on the application is different from the address shown for the applicant on the records of the department. Section 15. Section 328.12, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 328.12 Perfection of security interest.-(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a security interest in a vessel may be perfected only by delivery to the department of an application for a certificate of title that identifies the secured party and otherwise complies with s. 328.01. The security interest is perfected on the later of delivery to the department of the application and the applicable fee or attachment of the security interest under s. 679.2031. (2) If the interest of a person named as owner, lessor, consignor, or bailor in an application for a certificate of title delivered to the department is a security interest, the application sufficiently identifies the person as a secured party. Identification on the application for a certificate of a person as owner, lessor, consignor, or bailor is not by itself a factor in determining whether the person's interest is a security interest. (3) If the department has created a certificate of title for a vessel, a security interest in the vessel may be perfected by delivery to the department of an application, on a form the department may require, to have the security interest added to

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the certificate. The application must be signed by an owner of

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1016	the vessel or by the secured party and must include:
1017	(a) The name of the owner of record;
1018	(b) The name and mailing address of the secured party;
1019	(c) The hull identification number for the vessel; and
1020	(d) If the department has created a written certificate of
1021	title for the vessel, the certificate.
1022	(4) A security interest perfected under subsection (3) is
1023	perfected on the later of delivery to the department of the
1024	application and all applicable fees or attachment of the
1025	security interest under s. 679.2031.
1026	(5) On delivery of an application that complies with
1027	subsection (3) and payment of all applicable fees, the
1028	department shall create a new certificate of title pursuant to
1029	s. 328.09 and deliver the new certificate or a record evidencing
1030	an electronic certificate pursuant to s. 328.06. The department
1031	shall maintain in the files of the department the date and time
1032	of delivery of the application to the department.
1033	(6) If a secured party assigns a perfected security
1034	interest in a vessel, the receipt by the department of a
1035	statement providing the name of the assignee as secured party is
1036	not required to continue the perfected status of the security
1037	interest against creditors of and transferees from the original
1038	debtor. A purchaser of a vessel subject to a security interest
1039	who obtains a release from the secured party indicated in the
1040	files of the department or on the certificate takes free of the
1041	security interest and of the rights of a transferee unless the
1042	transfer is indicated in the files of the department or on the
1043	certificate.
1044	(7) This section does not apply to a security interest:

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1045	(a) Created in a vessel by a person during any period in
1046	which the vessel is inventory held for sale or lease by the
1047	person or is leased by the person as lessor if the person is in
1048	the business of selling vessels;
1049	(b) In a barge for which no application for a certificate
1050	of title has been delivered to the department; or
1051	(c) In a vessel before delivery if the vessel is under
1052	construction, or completed, pursuant to contract and for which
1053	no application for a certificate has been delivered to the
1054	department.
1055	(8) This subsection applies if a certificate of
1056	documentation for a documented vessel is deleted or canceled. If
1057	a security interest in the vessel was valid immediately before
1058	deletion or cancellation against a third party as a result of
1059	compliance with 46 U.S.C. s. 31321, the security interest is and
1060	remains perfected until the earlier of 4 months after
1061	cancellation of the certificate or the time the security
1062	interest becomes perfected under this part.
1063	(9) A security interest in a vessel arising under s.
1064	672.401, s. 672.505, s. 672.711(3), or s. 680.508(5) is
1065	perfected when it attaches but becomes unperfected when the
1066	debtor obtains possession of the vessel, unless the security
1067	interest is perfected pursuant to subsection (1) or subsection
1068	(3) before the debtor obtains possession.
1069	(10) A security interest in a vessel as proceeds of other
1070	collateral is perfected to the extent provided in s. 679.3151.
1071	(11) A security interest in a vessel perfected under the
1072	law of another jurisdiction is perfected to the extent provided
1073	<u>in s. 679.3161(4).</u>

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1074 Section 16. Section 328.125, Florida Statutes, is created 1075 to read: 1076 328.125 Termination statement.-1077 (1) A secured party indicated in the files of the 1078 department as having a security interest in a vessel shall 1079 deliver a termination statement to the department and, on the 1080 debtor's request, to the debtor, by the earlier of: 1081 (a) Twenty days after the secured party receives a signed 1082 demand from an owner for a termination statement and there is no 1083 obligation secured by the vessel subject to the security 1084 interest and no commitment to make an advance, incur an 1085 obligation, or otherwise give value secured by the vessel; or 1086 (b) If the vessel is consumer goods, 30 days after there is 1087 no obligation secured by the vessel and no commitment to make an 1088 advance, incur an obligation, or otherwise give value secured by 1089 the vessel. 1090 (2) If a written certificate of title has been created and 1091 delivered to a secured party and a termination statement is 1092 required under subsection (1), the secured party, not later than 1093 the date required by subsection (1), shall deliver the 1094 certificate to the debtor or to the department with the 1095 statement. If the certificate is lost, stolen, mutilated, 1096 destroyed, or is otherwise unavailable or illegible, the secured party shall deliver with the statement, not later than the date 1097 required by subsection (1), an application for a duplicate 1098 1099 certificate meeting the requirements of s. 328.11. 1100 (3) On delivery to the department of a termination 1101 statement authorized by the secured party, the security interest 1102 to which the statement relates ceases to be perfected. If the

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1103	security interest to which the statement relates was indicated
1104	on the certificate of title, the department shall create a new
1105	certificate and deliver the new certificate or a record
1106	evidencing an electronic certificate. The department shall
1107	maintain in its files the date and time of delivery to the
1108	department of the statement.
1109	(4) A secured party that fails to comply with this section
1110	is liable for any loss that the secured party had reason to know
1111	might result from its failure to comply and which could not
1112	reasonably have been prevented and for the cost of an
1113	application for a certificate of title under s. 328.01 or s.
1114	328.11.
1115	Section 17. Section 328.14, Florida Statutes, is created to
1116	read:
1117	328.14 Rights of purchaser other than secured party
1118	(1) A buyer in ordinary course of business has the
1119	protections afforded by ss. 672.403(2) and 679.320(1) even if an
1120	existing certificate of title was not signed and delivered to
1121	the buyer or a new certificate listing the buyer as owner of
1122	record was not created.
1123	(2) Except as otherwise provided in ss. 328.145 and 328.22,
1124	the rights of a purchaser of a vessel who is not a buyer in
1125	ordinary course of business or a lien creditor are governed by
1126	the Uniform Commercial Code.
1127	Section 18. Section 328.145, Florida Statutes, is created
1128	to read:
1129	328.145 Rights of secured party
1130	(1) Subject to subsection (2), the effect of perfection and
1131	nonperfection of a security interest and the priority of a
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1132	perfected or unperfected security interest with respect to the
1133	rights of a purchaser or creditor, including a lien creditor, is
1134	governed by the Uniform Commercial Code.
1135	(2) If, while a security interest in a vessel is perfected
1136	by any method under this part, the department creates a
1137	certificate of title that does not indicate that the vessel is
1138	subject to the security interest or contain a statement that it
1139	may be subject to security interests not indicated on the
1140	certificate:
1141	(a) A buyer of the vessel, other than a person in the
1142	business of selling or leasing vessels of that kind, takes free
1143	of the security interest if the buyer, acting in good faith and
1144	without knowledge of the security interest, gives value and
1145	receives possession of the vessel; and
1146	(b) The security interest is subordinate to a conflicting
1147	security interest in the vessel that is perfected under s.
1148	328.12 after creation of the certificate and without the
1149	conflicting secured party's knowledge of the security interest.
1150	Section 19. Section 328.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to
1151	read:
1152	328.15 Notice of lien on vessel; recording
1153	(1) No lien for purchase money or as security for a debt in
1154	the form of retain title contract, conditional bill of sale,
1155	chattel mortgage, or otherwise on a vessel shall be enforceable
1156	in any of the courts of this state against creditors or
1157	subsequent purchasers for a valuable consideration and without
1158	notice unless a sworn notice of such lien is recorded. The lien
1159	certificate shall contain the following information:
1160	(a) Name and address of the registered owner;

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1161 (b) Date of lien; 1162 (c) Description of the vessel to include make, type, motor and serial number; and 1163 1164 (d) Name and address of lienholder. 1165 1166 The lien shall be recorded by the Department of Highway Safety 1167 and Motor Vehicles and shall be effective as constructive notice when filed. The date of filing of the notice of lien is the date 1168 1169 of its receipt by the department's central office in 1170 Tallahassee, if first filed there, or otherwise by the office of 1171 a county tax collector or of the tax collector's agent. 1172 (2) (a) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles 1173 shall not enter any lien upon its lien records, whether it is a 1174 first lien or a subordinate lien, unless the official 1175 certificate of title issued for the vessel is furnished with the 1176 notice of lien, so that the record of lien, whether original or 1177 subordinate, may be noted upon the face thereof. After the department records the lien, it shall send the certificate of 1178 title to the holder of the first lien who shall hold such 1179 1180 certificate until the lien is satisfied in full. 1181 (b) When a vessel is registered in the names of two or more 1182 persons as coowners in the alternative by the use of the word 1183 "or," whether or not the coowners are husband and wife, each 1184 coowner is considered to have granted to any other coowner the absolute right to place a lien or encumbrance on the vessel, and 1185 1186 the signature of one coowner constitutes proper execution of the 1187 notice of lien. When a vessel is registered in the names of two 1188 or more persons as coowners in the conjunctive by the use of the word "and," the signature of each coowner is required in order 1189

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1190 to place a lien or encumbrance on the vessel. 1191 (c) If the owner of the vessel as shown on the title 1192 certificate or the director of the state child support 1193 enforcement program desires to place a second or subsequent lien 1194 or encumbrance against the vessel when the title certificate is in the possession of the first lienholder, the owner shall send 1195 1196 a written request to the first lienholder by certified mail and 1197 such first lienholder shall forward the certificate to the 1198 department for endorsement. The department shall return the certificate to the first lienholder, as indicated in the notice 1199 1200 of lien filed by the first lienholder, after endorsing the 1201 second or subsequent lien on the certificate and on the 1202 duplicate. If the first lienholder fails, neglects, or refuses 1203 to forward the certificate of title to the department within 10 1204 days after the date of the owner's or the director's request, 1205 the department, on written request of the subsequent lienholder 1206 or an assignce thereof, shall demand of the first lienholder the 1207 return of such certificate for the notation of the second or 1208 subsequent lien or encumbrance.

1209 <u>(1)-(3)</u> Upon the payment of <u>a</u> any such lien, the debtor or 1210 the registered owner of the motorboat shall be entitled to 1211 demand and receive from the lienholder a satisfaction of the 1212 lien which shall likewise be filed with the Department of 1213 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

1214 <u>(2)(4)</u> The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles 1215 under precautionary rules and regulations to be promulgated by 1216 it may permit the use, in substitution of the formal 1217 satisfaction of lien, of other methods of satisfaction, such as 1218 perforation, appropriate stamp, or otherwise, as it deems

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1219 reasonable and adequate.

1220 (3) (5) (a) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor 1221 Vehicles shall adopt rules to administer this section. The 1222 department may by rule require that a notice of satisfaction of 1223 a lien be notarized. The department shall prepare the forms of 1224 the notice of lien and the satisfaction of lien to be supplied, 1225 at a charge not to exceed 50 percent more than cost, to 1226 applicants for recording the liens or satisfactions and shall 1227 keep a record of such notices of lien and satisfactions 1228 available for inspection by the public at all reasonable times. 1229 The division may furnish certified copies of such satisfactions 1230 for a fee of \$1, which are admissible in evidence in all courts 1231 of this state under the same conditions and to the same effect 1232 as certified copies of other public records.

1233 (b) The department shall establish and administer an 1234 electronic titling program that requires the recording of vessel 1235 title information for new, transferred, and corrected 1236 certificates of title. Lienholders shall electronically transmit 1237 liens and lien satisfactions to the department in a format 1238 determined by the department. Individuals and lienholders who 1239 the department determines are not normally engaged in the 1240 business or practice of financing vessels are not required to 1241 participate in the electronic titling program.

1242 (6) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles is 1243 entitled to a fee of \$1 for the recording of each notice of 1244 lien. No fee shall be charged for recording the satisfaction of 1245 a lien. All of the fees collected shall be paid into the Marine 1246 Resources Conservation Trust Fund.

1247

(4) (7) (a) Should any person, firm, or corporation holding

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1248 such lien, which has been recorded by the Department of Highway 1249 Safety and Motor Vehicles, upon payment of such lien and on 1250 demand, fail or refuse, within 30 days after such payment and 1251 demand, to furnish the debtor or the registered owner of such 1252 vessel a satisfaction of the lien, then, in that event, such 1253 person, firm, or corporation shall be held liable for all costs, 1254 damages, and expenses, including reasonable attorney attorney's 1255 fees, lawfully incurred by the debtor or the registered owner of such vessel in any suit which may be brought in the courts of 1256 1257 this state for the cancellation of such lien.

(b) Following satisfaction of a lien, the lienholder shall 1258 1259 enter a satisfaction thereof in the space provided on the face 1260 of the certificate of title. If there are no subsequent liens 1261 shown thereon, the certificate shall be delivered by the 1262 lienholder to the person satisfying the lien or encumbrance and 1263 an executed satisfaction on a form provided by the department 1264 shall be forwarded to the department by the lienholder within 10 1265 days after satisfaction of the lien.

(c) If the certificate of title shows a subsequent lien not then being discharged, an executed satisfaction of the first lien shall be delivered by the lienholder to the person satisfying the lien and the certificate of title showing satisfaction of the first lien shall be forwarded by the lienholder to the department within 10 days after satisfaction of the lien.

(d) If, upon receipt of a title certificate showing satisfaction of the first lien, the department determines from its records that there are no subsequent liens or encumbrances upon the vessel, the department shall forward to the owner, as

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1277 shown on the face of the title, a corrected certificate showing 1278 no liens or encumbrances. If there is a subsequent lien not 1279 being discharged, the certificate of title shall be reissued 1280 showing the second or subsequent lienholder as the first 1281 lienholder and shall be delivered to the new first lienholder. The first lienholder shall be entitled to retain the certificate 1282 1283 of title until his or her lien is satisfied. Upon satisfaction 1284 of the lien, the lienholder shall be subject to the procedures 1285 required of a first lienholder in this subsection and in 1286 subsection (2).

1287 (5) (8) When the original certificate of title cannot be 1288 returned to the department by the lienholder and evidence 1289 satisfactory to the department is produced that all liens or 1290 encumbrances have been satisfied, upon application by the owner 1291 for a duplicate copy of the certificate of title, upon the form 1292 prescribed by the department, accompanied by the fee prescribed 1293 in this chapter, a duplicate copy of the certificate of title 1294 without statement of liens or encumbrances shall be issued by 1295 the department and delivered to the owner.

1296 (6) (9) Any person who fails, within 10 days after receipt 1297 of a demand by the department by certified mail, to return a 1298 certificate of title to the department as required by paragraph 1299 $\frac{(2)}{(c)}$ or who, upon satisfaction of a lien, fails within 10 days 1300 after receipt of such demand to forward the appropriate document 1301 to the department as required by paragraph (4) (b) $\frac{(7)}{(b)}$ or paragraph (4)(c) (7)(c) commits a misdemeanor of the second 1302 1303 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

1304 <u>(7) (10)</u> The department shall use the last known address as 1305 shown by its records when sending any notice required by this

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1306 section. 1307 (8) (11) If the original lienholder sells and assigns his or 1308 her lien to some other person, and if the assignee desires to 1309 have his or her name substituted on the certificate of title as 1310 the holder of the lien, he or she may, after delivering the 1311 original certificate of title to the department and providing a 1312 sworn statement of the assignment, have his or her name substituted as a lienholder. Upon substitution of the assignee's 1313 1314 name as lienholder, the department shall deliver the certificate 1315 of title to the assignee as the first lienholder. 1316 (9) Subsections (1), (2), and (4)-(8) shall expire October 1317 1, 2026. 1318 Section 20. Section 328.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to 1319 read: 1320 328.16 Issuance in duplicate; delivery; liens, security 1321 interests, and encumbrances.-1322 (1) The department shall assign a number to each 1323 certificate of title and shall issue each certificate of title 1324 and each corrected certificate in duplicate. The database record 1325 shall serve as the duplicate title certificate. 1326 (2) An authorized person must sign the original certificate 1327 of title and each corrected certificate and, if there are no 1328 liens, security interests, or encumbrances on the vessel, as 1329 shown in the records of the department or as shown in the 1330 application, must deliver the certificate to the applicant or to 1331 another person as directed by the applicant or person, agent, or 1332 attorney submitting the application. If there are one or more 1333 liens, security interests, or encumbrances on the vessel, the 1334 department must deliver the certificate to the first lienholder

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1335	or secured party as shown by department records. The department
1336	shall deliver to the first lienholder or secured party, along
1337	with the certificate, a form to be subsequently used by the
1338	lienholder or secured party as a satisfaction. If the
1339	application for certificate of title shows the name of a first
1340	lienholder or secured party which is different from the name of
1341	the first lienholder <u>or secured party</u> as shown by the records of
1342	the department, the certificate shall not be issued to any
1343	person until after the department notifies all parties who
1344	appear to hold a lien <u>or a security interest</u> and the applicant
1345	for the certificate, in writing by certified mail. If the
1346	parties do not amicably resolve the conflict within 10 days
1347	after the date the notice was mailed, the department shall serve
1348	notice in writing by certified mail on all persons that appear
1349	to hold liens or security interests on that particular vessel,
1350	including the applicant for the certificate, to show cause
1351	within 15 days after the date the notice is mailed why it should
1352	not issue and deliver the certificate to the secured party of
1353	record or person indicated in the notice of lien filed by the
1354	lienholder whose name appears in the application as the first
1355	lienholder without showing any lien or liens as outstanding
1356	other than those appearing in the application or those filed
1357	subsequent to the filing of the application for the certificate
1358	of title. If, within the 15-day period, any person other than
1359	the lienholder or secured party of record shown in the
1360	application or a party filing a subsequent lien <u>or security</u>
1361	interest, in answer to the notice to show cause, appears in
1362	person or by a representative, or responds in writing, and files
1363	a written statement under oath that his or her lien <u>or security</u>

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1364 interest on that particular vessel is still outstanding, the 1365 department shall not issue the certificate to anyone until after 1366 the conflict has been settled by the lien or security interest 1367 claimants involved or by a court of competent jurisdiction. If 1368 the conflict is not settled amicably within 10 days after the 1369 final date for filing an answer to the notice to show cause, the 1370 complaining party shall have 10 days to obtain a ruling, or a 1371 stay order, from a court of competent jurisdiction. If a ruling or stay order is not issued and served on the department within 1372 1373 the 10-day period, the department shall issue the certificate 1374 showing no liens or security interests, except those shown in 1375 the application or thereafter filed, to the original applicant 1376 if there are no liens or security interests shown in the 1377 application and none are thereafter filed, or to the person 1378 indicated as the secured party of record or in the notice of 1379 lien filed by the lienholder whose name appears in the 1380 application as the first lienholder if there are liens shown in 1381 the application or thereafter filed. A duplicate certificate or 1382 corrected certificate must show only such security interest or 1383 interests or lien or liens as were shown in the application and 1384 subsequently filed liens or security interests that may be 1385 outstanding. 1386 (3) Except as provided in s. 328.15(11), The certificate of

1387 title shall be retained by the first lienholder <u>or secured party</u> 1388 <u>of record</u>. The first lienholder <u>or secured party of record</u> is 1389 entitled to retain the certificate until the first lien <u>or</u> 1390 <u>security interest</u> is satisfied.

1391 (4) Notwithstanding any requirements in this section or in
 1392 s. 328.15 indicating that a lien or security interest on a

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1393 vessel shall be noted on the face of the Florida certificate of 1394 title, if there are one or more liens, security interests, or 1395 encumbrances on a vessel, the department shall electronically 1396 transmit the lien or security interest to the first lienholder 1397 or secured party and notify the first lienholder or secured 1398 party of any additional liens or security interests. Subsequent 1399 lien or security interest satisfactions shall be electronically 1400 transmitted to the department and must include the name and address of the person or entity satisfying the lien or security 1401 1402 interest. When electronic transmission of liens or security 1403 interests and lien satisfactions or security interests are used, 1404 the issuance of a certificate of title may be waived until the 1405 last lien or security interest is satisfied and a clear 1406 certificate of title is issued to the owner of the vessel. 1407

(5) The owner of a vessel τ upon which a lien or security 1408 interest has been filed with the department or noted upon a 1409 certificate of title for a period of 5 years, may apply to the 1410 department in writing for such lien or security interest to be 1411 removed from the department files or from the certificate of 1412 title. The application must be accompanied by evidence 1413 satisfactory to the department that the applicant has notified the lienholder or secured party by certified mail, not less than 1414 1415 20 days before prior to the date of the application, of his or 1416 her intention to apply to the department for removal of the lien 1417 or security interest. Ten days after receipt of the application, the department may remove the lien or security interest from its 1418 files or from the certificate of title, as the case may be, if 1419 1420 no statement in writing protesting removal of the lien or 1421 security interest is received by the department from the

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1422 lienholder or secured party within the 10-day period. However, 1423 if the lienholder or secured party files with the department, 1424 within the 10-day period, a written statement that the lien or 1425 security interest is still outstanding, the department may not 1426 remove the lien or security interest until the lienholder or 1427 secured party presents a satisfaction of lien or satisfaction of 1428 security interest to the department. 1429 Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 328.165, Florida 1430 Statutes, is amended to read: 1431 328.165 Cancellation of certificates.-1432 (1) If it appears that a certificate of title has been 1433 improperly issued, the department shall cancel the certificate. 1434 Upon cancellation of any certificate of title, the department 1435 shall notify the person to whom the certificate of title was 1436 issued, and any lienholders or secured parties appearing 1437 thereon, of the cancellation and shall demand the surrender of 1438 the certificate of title; however, the cancellation does not 1439 affect the validity of any lien or security interest noted 1440 thereon. The holder of the certificate of title shall 1441 immediately return it to the department. If a certificate of 1442 registration has been issued to the holder of a certificate of 1443 title so canceled, the department shall immediately cancel the 1444 certificate of registration and demand the return of the 1445 certificate of registration, and the holder of such certificate 1446 of registration shall immediately return it to the department. 1447 Section 22. Section 328.215, Florida Statutes, is created 1448 to read: 1449 328.215 Application for transfer of ownership or 1450 termination of security interest without certificate of title.-

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1451 (1) Except as otherwise provided in s. 328.23 or s. 328.24, if the department receives, unaccompanied by a signed 1452 certificate of title, an application for a new certificate that 1453 1454 includes an indication of a transfer of ownership or a 1455 termination statement, the department may create a new 1456 certificate under this section only if: 1457 (a) All other requirements under ss. 328.01 and 328.09 are 1458 met; 1459 (b) The applicant provides an affidavit stating facts 1460 showing the applicant is entitled to a transfer of ownership or 1461 termination statement; 1462 (c) The applicant provides the department with satisfactory 1463 evidence that notification of the application has been sent to 1464 the owner of record and all persons indicated in the files of 1465 the department as having an interest, including a security 1466 interest, in the vessel; at least 45 days have passed since the 1467 notification was sent; and the department has not received an 1468 objection from any of those persons; and 1469 (d) The applicant submits any other information required by 1470 the department as evidence of the applicant's ownership or right 1471 to terminate the security interest, and the department has no 1472 credible information indicating theft, fraud, or an undisclosed or unsatisfied security interest, lien, or other claim to an 1473 1474 interest in the vessel. 1475 (2) The department may indicate in a certificate of title 1476 created under subsection (1) that the certificate was created

1477 without submission of a signed certificate or termination
1478 statement. Unless credible information indicating theft, fraud,

1479 or an undisclosed or unsatisfied security interest, lien, or

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1480	other claim to an interest in the vessel is delivered to the
1481	department not later than 1 year after creation of the
1482	certificate, on request in a form and manner required by the
1483	department, the department shall remove the indication from the
1484	certificate.
1485	(3) Before the department creates a certificate of title
1486	under subsection (1), the department may require the applicant
1487	to post a reasonable bond or provide an equivalent source of
1488	indemnity or security. The bond, indemnity, or other security
1489	must be in a form required by the department and provide for
1490	indemnification of any owner, purchaser, or other claimant for
1491	any expense, loss, delay, or damage, including reasonable
1492	attorney fees and costs, but not including incidental or
1493	consequential damages, resulting from creation or amendment of
1494	the certificate.
1495	(4) Unless the department receives a claim for indemnity
1496	not later than 1 year after creation of a certificate of title
1497	under subsection (1), on request in a form and manner required
1498	by the department, the department shall release any bond,
1499	indemnity, or other security. The department is not liable to a
1500	person or entity for creating a certificate of title under this
1501	section when the department issues the certificate of title in
1502	good faith based on the information provided by an applicant. An
1503	applicant that submits erroneous or fraudulent information with
1504	the intent to mislead the department into issuing a certificate
1505	of title under this section is subject to the penalties
1506	established in s. 328.045(4) in addition to any other criminal
1507	or civil penalties provided by law.
1508	Section 23. Section 328.22, Florida Statutes, is created to

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1509 read: 1510 328.22 Transfer of ownership.-1511 (1) On voluntary transfer of an ownership interest in a 1512 vessel covered by a certificate of title, the following 1513 requirements apply: 1514 (a) If the certificate is a written certificate of title 1515 and the transferor's interest is noted on the certificate, the 1516 transferor shall promptly sign the certificate and deliver it to 1517 the transferee. If the transferor does not have possession of 1518 the certificate, the person in possession of the certificate has 1519 a duty to facilitate the transferor's compliance with this 1520 paragraph. A secured party does not have a duty to facilitate 1521 the transferor's compliance with this paragraph if the proposed 1522 transfer is prohibited by the security agreement. 1523 (b) If the certificate of title is an electronic 1524 certificate of title, the transferor shall promptly sign by 1525 hand, or electronically if available, and deliver to the 1526 transferee a record evidencing the transfer of ownership to the 1527 transferee. 1528 (c) The transferee has a right enforceable by specific 1529 performance to require the transferor to comply with paragraph 1530 (a) or paragraph (b). 1531 (2) The creation of a certificate of title identifying the 1532 transferee as owner of record satisfies subsection (1). 1533 (3) A failure to comply with subsection (1) or to apply for 1534 a new certificate of title does not render a transfer of 1535 ownership of a vessel ineffective between the parties. Except as 1536 otherwise provided in s. 328.101, s. 328.14(1), s. 328.145, or 1537 s. 328.23, a transfer of ownership without compliance with

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1538	subsection (1) is not effective against another person claiming
1539	an interest in the vessel.
1540	(4) A transferor that complies with subsection (1) is not
1541	liable as owner of the vessel for an event occurring after the
1542	transfer, regardless of whether the transferee applies for a new
1543	certificate of title.
1544	Section 24. Section 328.23, Florida Statutes, is created to
1545	read:
1546	328.23 Transfer of ownership by secured party's transfer
1547	statement
1548	(1) For the purposes of this section, "secured party's
1549	transfer statement" means a record signed by the secured party
1550	of record stating:
1551	(a) That there has been a default on an obligation secured
1552	by the vessel;
1553	(b) That the secured party of record is exercising or has
1554	exercised post-default remedies with respect to the vessel;
1555	(c) That by reason of the exercise, the secured party of
1556	record has the right to transfer the ownership interest of an
1557	owner, and the name of the owner;
1558	(d) The name and last known mailing address of the owner of
1559	record and the secured party of record;
1560	(e) The name of the transferee;
1561	(f) Other information required by s. 328.01(2); and
1562	(g) One of the following:
1563	1. The certificate of title is an electronic certificate.
1564	2. The secured party does not have possession of the
1565	written certificate of title created in the name of the owner of
1566	record.

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1567 3. The secured party is delivering the written certificate 1568 of title to the department with the secured party's transfer 1569 statement. 1570 (2) Unless the department rejects a secured party's 1571 transfer statement for a reason stated in s. 328.09(3), not 1572 later than 30 days after delivery to the department of the 1573 statement and payment of fees and taxes payable under the laws 1574 of this state, other than this part, in connection with the 1575 statement or the acquisition or use of the vessel, the 1576 department shall: 1577 (a) Accept the statement; 1578 (b) Amend the files of the department to reflect the 1579 transfer; and 1580 (c) If the name of the owner whose ownership interest is 1581 being transferred is indicated on the certificate of title: 1582 1. Cancel the certificate even if the certificate has not 1583 been delivered to the department; 1584 2. Create a new certificate indicating the transferee as 1585 owner; and 1586 3. Deliver the new certificate or a record evidencing an 1587 electronic certificate. 1588 (3) An application under subsection (1) or the creation of 1589 a certificate of title under subsection (2) is not by itself a 1590 disposition of the vessel and does not by itself relieve the 1591 secured party of its duties under chapter 679. 1592 Section 25. Section 328.24, Florida Statutes, is created to 1593 read: 1594 328.24 Transfer by operation of law.-(1) For the purposes of this section, "by operation of law" 1595

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1596	means pursuant to a law or judicial order affecting ownership of
1597	<u>a vessel:</u>
1598	(a) Because of death, divorce, or other family law
1599	proceeding, merger, consolidation, dissolution, or bankruptcy;
1600	(b) Through the exercise of the rights of a lien creditor
1601	or a person having a lien created by statute or rule of law; or
1602	(c) Through other legal process.
1603	(2) A transfer-by-law statement must contain:
1604	(a) The name and last known mailing address of the owner of
1605	record and the transferee and the other information required by
1606	<u>s. 328.01;</u>
1607	(b) Documentation sufficient to establish the transferee's
1608	ownership interest or right to acquire the ownership interest;
1609	(c) A statement that:
1610	1. The certificate of title is an electronic certificate of
1611	title;
1612	2. The transferee does not have possession of the written
1613	certificate of title created in the name of the owner of record;
1614	or
1615	3. The transferee is delivering the written certificate to
1616	the department with the transfer-by-law statement; and
1617	(d) Except for a transfer described in paragraph (1)(a),
1618	evidence that notification of the transfer and the intent to
1619	file the transfer-by-law statement has been sent to all persons
1620	indicated in the files of the department as having an interest,
1621	including a security interest, in the vessel.
1622	(3) Unless the department rejects a transfer-by-law
1623	statement for a reason stated in s. 328.09(3) or because the
1624	statement does not include documentation satisfactory to the

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1625 department as to the transferee's ownership interest or right to 1626 acquire the ownership interest, not later than 30 days after 1627 delivery to the department of the statement and payment of fees 1628 and taxes payable under the law of this state, other than this 1629 part, in connection with the statement or with the acquisition 1630 or use of the vessel, the department shall: 1631 (a) Accept the statement; (b) Amend the files of the department to reflect the 1632 1633 transfer; and 1634 (c) If the name of the owner whose ownership interest is 1635 being transferred is indicated on the certificate of title: 1636 1. Cancel the certificate even if the certificate has not been delivered to the department; 1637 1638 2. Create a new certificate indicating the transferee as 1639 owner; 1640 3. Indicate on the new certificate any security interest 1641 indicated on the canceled certificate, unless a court order 1642 provides otherwise; and 1643 4. Deliver the new certificate or a record evidencing an 1644 electronic certificate. 1645 (4) This section does not apply to a transfer of an 1646 interest in a vessel by a secured party under part VI of chapter 679. 1647 1648 Section 26. Section 328.25, Florida Statutes, is created to 1649 read: 1650 328.25 Supplemental principles of law and equity.-Unless 1651 displaced by a provision of this part, the principles of law and

1652 equity supplement its provisions.

1653 Section 27. Section 328.41, Florida Statutes, is created to

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1654 read: 1655 328.41 Rulemaking.-The department may adopt rules pursuant 1656 to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this part. 1657 Section 28. Section 409.2575, Florida Statutes, is amended 1658 to read: 1659 409.2575 Liens on motor vehicles and vessels.-1660 (1) The director of the state IV-D program, or the 1661 director's designee, may cause a lien for unpaid and delinquent 1662 support to be placed upon motor vehicles, as defined in chapter 1663 320, and upon vessels, as defined in chapter 327, that are 1664 registered in the name of an obligor who is delinquent in 1665 support payments, if the title to the property is held by a lienholder, in the manner provided in chapter 319 or, if 1666 1667 applicable in accordance with s. 328.15(9), chapter 328. Notice 1668 of lien shall not be mailed unless the delinquency in support 1669 exceeds \$600. 1670 (2) If the first lienholder fails, neglects, or refuses to 1671 forward the certificate of title to the appropriate department 1672 as requested pursuant to s. 319.24 or, if applicable in 1673 accordance with s. 328.15(9), s. 328.15, the director of the IV-1674 D program, or the director's designee, may apply to the circuit 1675 court for an order to enforce the requirements of s. 319.24 or s. 328.15, whichever applies. 1676 1677 Section 29. Subsection (2) of section 705.103, Florida 1678 Statutes, is amended to read: 1679 705.103 Procedure for abandoned or lost property.-1680 (2) Whenever a law enforcement officer ascertains that an 1681 article of lost or abandoned property is present on public property and is of such nature that it cannot be easily removed, 1682 Page 58 of 74

596-03527-19 2019676c1 1683 the officer shall cause a notice to be placed upon such article 1684 in substantially the following form: 1685 1686 NOTICE TO THE OWNER AND ALL PERSONS INTERESTED IN THE ATTACHED 1687 PROPERTY. This property, to wit: ... (setting forth brief 1688 description)... is unlawfully upon public property known as 1689 ... (setting forth brief description of location)... and must be 1690 removed within 5 days; otherwise, it will be removed and 1691 disposed of pursuant to chapter 705, Florida Statutes. The owner 1692 will be liable for the costs of removal, storage, and 1693 publication of notice. Dated this: ... (setting forth the date of 1694 posting of notice)..., signed: ... (setting forth name, title, 1695 address, and telephone number of law enforcement officer).... 1696 Such notice shall be not less than 8 inches by 10 inches and 1697 shall be sufficiently weatherproof to withstand normal exposure 1698 to the elements. In addition to posting, the law enforcement 1699 officer shall make a reasonable effort to ascertain the name and 1700 address of the owner. If such is reasonably available to the 1701 officer, she or he shall mail a copy of such notice to the owner 1702 on or before the date of posting. If the property is a motor 1703 vehicle as defined in s. 320.01(1) or a vessel as defined in s. 327.02, the law enforcement agency shall contact the Department 1704 1705 of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles in order to determine the 1706 name and address of the owner and any person who has filed a 1707 lien on the vehicle or vessel as provided in s. 319.27(2) or (3) 1708 or s. 328.15(1). On receipt of this information, the law enforcement agency shall mail a copy of the notice by certified 1709 1710 mail, return receipt requested, to the owner and to the 1711 lienholder, if any, except that a law enforcement officer who

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1712 has issued a citation for a violation of s. 823.11 to the owner 1713 of a derelict vessel is not required to mail a copy of the 1714 notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the 1715 owner. If, at the end of 5 days after posting the notice and 1716 mailing such notice, if required, the owner or any person 1717 interested in the lost or abandoned article or articles 1718 described has not removed the article or articles from public 1719 property or shown reasonable cause for failure to do so, the 1720 following shall apply:

(a) For abandoned property, the law enforcement agency may retain any or all of the property for its own use or for use by the state or unit of local government, trade such property to another unit of local government or state agency, donate the property to a charitable organization, sell the property, or notify the appropriate refuse removal service.

(b) For lost property, the officer shall take custody and the agency shall retain custody of the property for 90 days. The agency shall publish notice of the intended disposition of the property, as provided in this section, during the first 45 days of this time period.

1732 1. If the agency elects to retain the property for use by 1733 the unit of government, donate the property to a charitable 1734 organization, surrender such property to the finder, sell the 1735 property, or trade the property to another unit of local 1736 government or state agency, notice of such election shall be 1737 given by an advertisement published once a week for 2 1738 consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the 1739 county where the property was found if the value of the property 1740 is more than \$100. If the value of the property is \$100 or less,

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1741	notice shall be given by posting a description of the property
1742	at the law enforcement agency where the property was turned in.
1743	The notice must be posted for not less than 2 consecutive weeks
1744	in a public place designated by the law enforcement agency. The
1745	notice must describe the property in a manner reasonably
1746	adequate to permit the rightful owner of the property to claim
1747	it.
1748	2. If the agency elects to sell the property, it must do so
1749	at public sale by competitive bidding. Notice of the time and
1750	place of the sale shall be given by an advertisement of the sale
1751	published once a week for 2 consecutive weeks in a newspaper of
1752	general circulation in the county where the sale is to be held.
1753	The notice shall include a statement that the sale shall be
1754	subject to any and all liens. The sale must be held at the
1755	nearest suitable place to that where the lost or abandoned
1756	property is held or stored. The advertisement must include a
1757	description of the goods and the time and place of the sale. The
1758	sale may take place no earlier than 10 days after the final
1759	publication. If there is no newspaper of general circulation in
1760	the county where the sale is to be held, the advertisement shall
1761	be posted at the door of the courthouse and at three other
1762	public places in the county at least 10 days prior to sale.
1763	Notice of the agency's intended disposition shall describe the
1764	property in a manner reasonably adequate to permit the rightful
1765	owner of the property to identify it.
1766	Section 30. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section
1767	721.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1768 721.08 Escrow accounts; nondisturbance instruments; 1769 alternate security arrangements; transfer of legal title.-

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1770	(2) One hundred percent of all funds or other property
1771	which is received from or on behalf of purchasers of the
1772	timeshare plan or timeshare interest prior to the occurrence of
1773	events required in this subsection shall be deposited pursuant
1774	to an escrow agreement approved by the division. The funds or
1775	other property may be released from escrow only as follows:
1776	(c) Compliance with conditions
1777	1. Timeshare licensesIf the timeshare plan is one in
1778	which timeshare licenses are to be sold and no cancellation or
1779	default has occurred, the escrow agent may release the escrowed
1780	funds or other property to or on the order of the developer upon
1781	presentation of:
1782	a. An affidavit by the developer that all of the following
1783	conditions have been met:
1784	(I) Expiration of the cancellation period.
1785	(II) Completion of construction.
1786	(III) Closing.
1787	(IV) Either:
1788	(A) Execution, delivery, and recordation by each
1789	interestholder of the nondisturbance and notice to creditors
1790	instrument, as described in this section; or
1791	(B) Transfer by the developer of legal title to the subject
1792	accommodations and facilities, or all use rights therein, into a
1793	trust satisfying the requirements of subparagraph 4. and the
1794	execution, delivery, and recordation by each other
1795	interestholder of the nondisturbance and notice to creditors
1796	instrument, as described in this section.
1797	b. A certified copy of each recorded nondisturbance and
1798	notice to creditors instrument.

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c. One of the following:

1800 (I) A copy of a memorandum of agreement, as defined in s. 1801 721.05, together with satisfactory evidence that the original 1802 memorandum of agreement has been irretrievably delivered for 1803 recording to the appropriate official responsible for 1804 maintaining the public records in the county in which the 1805 subject accommodations and facilities are located. The original 1806 memorandum of agreement must be recorded within 180 days after 1807 the date on which the purchaser executed her or his purchase 1808 agreement.

1809 (II) A notice delivered for recording to the appropriate 1810 official responsible for maintaining the public records in each 1811 county in which the subject accommodations and facilities are 1812 located notifying all persons of the identity of an independent 1813 escrow agent or trustee satisfying the requirements of 1814 subparagraph 4. that shall maintain separate books and records, 1815 in accordance with good accounting practices, for the timeshare 1816 plan in which timeshare licenses are to be sold. The books and 1817 records shall indicate each accommodation and facility that is 1818 subject to such a timeshare plan and each purchaser of a 1819 timeshare license in the timeshare plan.

1820 2. Timeshare estates.—If the timeshare plan is one in which 1821 timeshare estates are to be sold and no cancellation or default 1822 has occurred, the escrow agent may release the escrowed funds or 1823 other property to or on the order of the developer upon 1824 presentation of:

1825 a. An affidavit by the developer that all of the following1826 conditions have been met:

(I) Expiration of the cancellation period.

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1828 (II) Completion of construction. 1829 (III) Closing. 1830 b. If the timeshare estate is sold by agreement for deed, a certified copy of the recorded nondisturbance and notice to 1831 1832 creditors instrument, as described in this section. 1833 c. Evidence that each accommodation and facility: 1834 (I) Is free and clear of the claims of any interestholders, 1835 other than the claims of interestholders that, through a 1836 recorded instrument, are irrevocably made subject to the 1837 timeshare instrument and the use rights of purchasers made 1838 available through the timeshare instrument; 1839 (II) Is the subject of a recorded nondisturbance and notice 1840 to creditors instrument that complies with subsection (3) and s. 1841 721.17; or 1842 (III) Has been transferred into a trust satisfying the 1843 requirements of subparagraph 4. 1844 d. Evidence that the timeshare estate: 1845 (I) Is free and clear of the claims of any interestholders, 1846 other than the claims of interestholders that, through a 1847 recorded instrument, are irrevocably made subject to the 1848 timeshare instrument and the use rights of purchasers made 1849 available through the timeshare instrument; or 1850 (II) Is the subject of a recorded nondisturbance and notice to creditors instrument that complies with subsection (3) and s. 1851 721.17. 1852 1853 3. Personal property timeshare interests.-If the timeshare 1854 plan is one in which personal property timeshare interests are 1855 to be sold and no cancellation or default has occurred, the 1856 escrow agent may release the escrowed funds or other property to

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1857	or on the order of the developer upon presentation of:
1858	a. An affidavit by the developer that all of the following
1859	conditions have been met:
1860	(I) Expiration of the cancellation period.
1861	(II) Completion of construction.
1862	(III) Closing.
1863	b. If the personal property timeshare interest is sold by
1864	agreement for transfer, evidence that the agreement for transfer
1865	complies fully with s. 721.06 and this section.
1866	c. Evidence that one of the following has occurred:
1867	(I) Transfer by the owner of the underlying personal
1868	property of legal title to the subject accommodations and
1869	facilities or all use rights therein into a trust satisfying the
1870	requirements of subparagraph 4.; or
1871	(II) Transfer by the owner of the underlying personal
1872	property of legal title to the subject accommodations and
1873	facilities or all use rights therein into an owners' association
1874	satisfying the requirements of subparagraph 5.
1875	d. Evidence of compliance with the provisions of
1876	subparagraph 6., if required.
1877	e. If a personal property timeshare plan is created with
1878	respect to accommodations and facilities that are located on or
1879	in an oceangoing vessel, including a "documented vessel" or a
1880	"foreign vessel," as defined and governed by 46 U.S.C. chapter
1881	301:
1882	(I) In making the transfer required in sub-subparagraph c.,
1883	the developer shall use as its transfer instrument a document
1884	that establishes and protects the continuance of the use rights
1885	in the subject accommodations and facilities in a manner that is
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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1886 enforceable by the trust or owners' association. 1887 (II) The transfer instrument shall comply fully with the 1888 provisions of this chapter, shall be part of the timeshare 1889 instrument, and shall contain specific provisions that: 1890 (A) Prohibit the vessel owner, the developer, any manager or operator of the vessel, the owners' association or the 1891 1892 trustee, the managing entity, or any other person from incurring 1893 any liens against the vessel except for liens that are required 1894 for the operation and upkeep of the vessel, including liens for fuel expenditures, repairs, crews' wages, and salvage, and 1895 1896 except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraphs 4.b.(III) and 1897 5.b. (III). All expenses, fees, and taxes properly incurred in 1898 connection with the creation, satisfaction, and discharge of any 1899 such permitted lien, or a prorated portion thereof if less than 1900 all of the accommodations on the vessel are subject to the 1901 timeshare plan, shall be common expenses of the timeshare plan. 1902 (B) Grant a lien against the vessel in favor of the owners'

(B) Grant a lien against the vessel in favor of the owners association or trustee to secure the full and faithful performance of the vessel owner and developer of all of their obligations to the purchasers.

(C) Establish governing law in a jurisdiction that recognizes and will enforce the timeshare instrument and the laws of the jurisdiction of registry of the vessel.

(D) Require that a description of the use rights of purchasers be posted and displayed on the vessel in a manner that will give notice of such rights to any party examining the vessel. This notice must identify the owners' association or trustee and include a statement disclosing the limitation on incurring liens against the vessel described in sub-sub-sub-

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 1915 subparagraph (A). (E) Include the nondisturbance and notice to creditors 1916 1917 instrument for the vessel owner and any other interestholders. 1918 (F) The owners' association created under subparagraph 5. 1919 or trustee created under subparagraph 4. shall have access to 1920 any certificates of classification in accordance with the 1921 timeshare instrument. 1922 (III) If the vessel is a foreign vessel, the vessel must be registered in a jurisdiction that permits a filing evidencing 1923 1924 the use rights of purchasers in the subject accommodations and 1925 facilities, offers protection for such use rights against 1926 unfiled and inferior claims, and recognizes the document or instrument creating such use rights as a lien against the 1927 1928 vessel. 1929 (IV) In addition to the disclosures required by s. 1930 721.07(5), the public offering statement and purchase contract 1931 must contain a disclosure in conspicuous type in substantially 1932 the following form: 1933 1934 The laws of the State of Florida govern the offering of this 1935 timeshare plan in this state. There are inherent risks in 1936 purchasing a timeshare interest in this timeshare plan because 1937 the accommodations and facilities of the timeshare plan are located on a vessel that will sail into international waters and 1938 1939 into waters governed by many different jurisdictions. Therefore, 1940 the laws of the State of Florida cannot fully protect your 1941 purchase of an interest in this timeshare plan. Specifically, 1942 management and operational issues may need to be addressed in 1943 the jurisdiction in which the vessel is registered, which is

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 (insert jurisdiction in which vessel is registered). Concerns of purchasers may be sent to (insert name of applicable regulatory agency and address). 4. Trust.-

a. If the subject accommodations or facilities, or all use rights therein, are to be transferred into a trust in order to comply with this paragraph, such transfer shall take place pursuant to this subparagraph. If the accommodations or facilities included in such transfer are subject to a lease, the unexpired term of the lease must be disclosed as the term of the timeshare plan pursuant to s. 721.07(5)(f)4.

b. Prior to the transfer of the subject accommodations and
facilities, or all use rights therein, to a trust, any lien or
other encumbrance against such accommodations and facilities, or
use rights therein, shall be made subject to a nondisturbance
and notice to creditors instrument pursuant to subsection (3).
No transfer pursuant to this subparagraph shall become effective
until the trustee accepts such transfer and the responsibilities
set forth herein. A trust established pursuant to this

(I) The trustee shall be an individual or a business entity authorized and qualified to conduct trust business in this state. Any corporation authorized to do business in this state may act as trustee in connection with a timeshare plan pursuant to this chapter. The trustee must be independent from any developer or managing entity of the timeshare plan or any interestholder of any accommodation or facility of such plan. (II) The trust shall be irrevocable so long as any

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596-03527-192019676c11973purchaser has a right to occupy any portion of the timeshare1974property pursuant to the timeshare plan.

1975 (III) The trustee shall not convey, hypothecate, mortgage, 1976 assign, lease, or otherwise transfer or encumber in any fashion 1977 any interest in or portion of the timeshare property with 1978 respect to which any purchaser has a right of use or occupancy 1979 unless the timeshare plan is terminated pursuant to the timeshare instrument, or such conveyance, hypothecation, 1980 1981 mortgage, assignment, lease, transfer, or encumbrance is 1982 approved by a vote of two-thirds of all voting interests of the 1983 timeshare plan. Subject to s. 721.552, a vote of the voting 1984 interests of the timeshare plan is not required for substitution 1985 or automatic deletion of accommodations or facilities.

1986 (IV) All purchasers of the timeshare plan or the owners' 1987 association of the timeshare plan shall be the express 1988 beneficiaries of the trust. The trustee shall act as a fiduciary 1989 to the beneficiaries of the trust. The personal liability of the 1990 trustee shall be governed by ss. 736.08125, 736.08163, 736.1013, 1991 and 736.1015. The agreement establishing the trust shall set 1992 forth the duties of the trustee. The trustee shall be required 1993 to furnish promptly to the division upon request a copy of the 1994 complete list of the names and addresses of the owners in the 1995 timeshare plan and a copy of any other books and records of the 1996 timeshare plan required to be maintained pursuant to s. 721.13 1997 that are in the possession, custody, or control of the trustee. 1998 All expenses reasonably incurred by the trustee in the 1999 performance of its duties, together with any reasonable 2000 compensation of the trustee, shall be common expenses of the 2001 timeshare plan.

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 2002 (V) The trustee shall not resign upon less than 90 days' 2003 prior written notice to the managing entity and the division. No 2004 resignation shall become effective until a substitute trustee, 2005 approved by the division, is appointed by the managing entity 2006 and accepts the appointment. 2007 (VI) The documents establishing the trust arrangement shall 2008 constitute a part of the timeshare instrument. 2009 (VII) For trusts holding property in a timeshare plan 2010 located outside this state, the trust and trustee holding such 2011 property shall be deemed in compliance with the requirements of 2012 this subparagraph if such trust and trustee are authorized and 2013 qualified to conduct trust business under the laws of such 2014 jurisdiction and the agreement or law governing such trust 2015 arrangement provides substantially similar protections for the 2016 purchaser as are required in this subparagraph for trusts 2017 holding property in a timeshare plan in this state. 2018 (VIII) The trustee shall have appointed a registered agent 2019 in this state for service of process. In the event such a 2020 registered agent is not appointed, service of process may be 2021 served pursuant to s. 721.265. 2022 5. Owners' association.-2023 a. If the subject accommodations or facilities, or all use 2024 rights therein, are to be transferred into an owners' 2025 association in order to comply with this paragraph, such 2026 transfer shall take place pursuant to this subparagraph. 2027 b. Before the transfer of the subject accommodations and 2028 facilities, or all use rights therein, to an owners' 2029 association, any lien or other encumbrance against such

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accommodations and facilities, or use rights therein, shall be

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2031 made subject to a nondisturbance and notice to creditors 2032 instrument pursuant to subsection (3). No transfer pursuant to 2033 this subparagraph shall become effective until the owners' 2034 association accepts such transfer and the responsibilities set 2035 forth herein. An owners' association established pursuant to 2036 this subparagraph shall comply with the following provisions:

(I) The owners' association shall be a business entity authorized and qualified to conduct business in this state. Control of the board of directors of the owners' association must be independent from any developer or managing entity of the timeshare plan or any interestholder.

(II) The bylaws of the owners' association shall provide that the corporation may not be voluntarily dissolved without the unanimous vote of all owners of personal property timeshare interests so long as any purchaser has a right to occupy any portion of the timeshare property pursuant to the timeshare plan.

2048 (III) The owners' association shall not convey, 2049 hypothecate, mortgage, assign, lease, or otherwise transfer or 2050 encumber in any fashion any interest in or portion of the 2051 timeshare property with respect to which any purchaser has a 2052 right of use or occupancy, unless the timeshare plan is 2053 terminated pursuant to the timeshare instrument, or unless such 2054 conveyance, hypothecation, mortgage, assignment, lease, 2055 transfer, or encumbrance is approved by a vote of two-thirds of 2056 all voting interests of the association and such decision is 2057 declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be in the best 2058 interests of the purchasers of the timeshare plan. The owners' 2059 association shall notify the division in writing within 10 days

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 2060 after receiving notice of the filing of any petition relating to 2061 obtaining such a court order. The division shall have standing 2062 to advise the court of the division's interpretation of the 2063 statute as it relates to the petition. 2064 (IV) All purchasers of the timeshare plan shall be members 2065 of the owners' association and shall be entitled to vote on 2066 matters requiring a vote of the owners' association as provided 2067 in this chapter or the timeshare instrument. The owners' 2068 association shall act as a fiduciary to the purchasers of the 2069 timeshare plan. The articles of incorporation establishing the owners' association shall set forth the duties of the owners' 2070 2071 association. All expenses reasonably incurred by the owners' 2072 association in the performance of its duties, together with any 2073 reasonable compensation of the officers or directors of the 2074 owners' association, shall be common expenses of the timeshare 2075 plan. 2076 (V) The documents establishing the owners' association 2077 shall constitute a part of the timeshare instrument.

2078 (VI) For owners' associations holding property in a 2079 timeshare plan located outside this state, the owners' 2080 association holding such property shall be deemed in compliance 2081 with the requirements of this subparagraph if such owners' 2082 association is authorized and qualified to conduct owners' 2083 association business under the laws of such jurisdiction and the 2084 agreement or law governing such arrangement provides 2085 substantially similar protections for the purchaser as are 2086 required in this subparagraph for owners' associations holding 2087 property in a timeshare plan in this state.

(VII) The owners' association shall have appointed a

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596-03527-19 2019676c1 2089 registered agent in this state for service of process. In the 2090 event such a registered agent cannot be located, service of 2091 process may be made pursuant to s. 721.265. 2092 6. Personal property subject to certificate of title.-If 2093 any personal property that is an accommodation or facility of a 2094 timeshare plan is subject to a certificate of title in this 2095 state pursuant to chapter 319 or chapter 328, the following 2096 notation must be made on such certificate of title pursuant to 2097 s. 319.27(1) or s. 328.15 s. 328.15(1): 2098 2099 The further transfer or encumbrance of the property subject to 2100 this certificate of title, or any lien or encumbrance thereon, 2101 is subject to the requirements of section 721.17, Florida 2102 Statutes, and the transferee or lienor agrees to be bound by all 2103 of the obligations set forth therein. 2104 2105 7. If the developer has previously provided a certified 2106 copy of any document required by this paragraph, she or he may 2107 for all subsequent disbursements substitute a true and correct 2108 copy of the certified copy, provided no changes to the document 2109 have been made or are required to be made. 2110 8. In the event that use rights relating to an 2111 accommodation or facility are transferred into a trust pursuant 2112 to subparagraph 4. or into an owners' association pursuant to 2113 subparagraph 5., all other interestholders, including the owner of the underlying fee or underlying personal property, must 2114 execute a nondisturbance and notice to creditors instrument 2115 2116 pursuant to subsection (3).

2117

Section 31. (1) The rights, duties, and interests flowing

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2118	from a transaction, certificate of title, or record relating to
2119	a vessel which was validly entered into or created before the
2120	effective date of this act and would be subject to this act if
2121	it had been entered into or created on or after the effective
2122	date of this act remain valid on and after the effective date of
2123	this act.
2124	(2) This act does not affect an action or a proceeding
2125	commenced before the effective date of this act.
2126	(3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4), a
2127	security interest that is enforceable immediately before the
2128	effective date of this act and would have priority over the
2129	rights of a person who becomes a lien creditor at that time is a
2130	perfected security interest under this act.
2131	(4) A security interest perfected immediately before the
2132	effective date of this act remains perfected until the earlier
2133	<u>of:</u>
2134	(a) The time perfection would have ceased under the law
2135	under which the security interest was perfected; or
2136	(b) Three years after the effective date of this act.
2137	(5) This act does not affect the priority of a security
2138	interest in a vessel if immediately before the effective date of
2139	this act the security interest is enforceable and perfected, and
2140	that priority is established.
2141	Section 32. Subject to section 25, this act applies to any
2142	transaction, certificate of title, or record relating to a
2143	vessel, even if the transaction, certificate of title, or record
2144	was entered into or created before the effective date of this
2145	act.
2146	Section 33. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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