A bill to be entitled
An act relating to insurance assignment agreements;
creating s. 627.7152, F.S.; providing definitions;
providing requirements and limitations for property
insurance assignment agreements; providing a burden of
proof; providing that an assignment agreement does not
affect managed repair arrangements under a property
insurance policy; providing that an acceptance by an
assignee of an assignment agreement is a waiver by the
assignee and its subcontractors of claims against an
insured; specifying an insured's payment obligations
under an assignment agreement; requiring notice of
intent to initiate litigation; specifying requirements
for such notice; providing for an award of reasonable
attorney fees for certain claims arising under an
assignment agreement; directing the Office of
Insurance Regulation to require insurers to report
specified data; requiring the office to adopt rules;
providing applicability; creating s. 627.7153, F.S.;
defining the term "assignment agreement"; authorizing
insurers to offer property insurance policies
restricting the assignment of post-loss benefits under
certain conditions; requiring annual notice of
coverage options; providing applicability; amending s.
627.7288, F.S.; providing definitions; providing
requirements and limitations for assignment agreements relating to motor vehicle glass repair; providing a burden of proof; providing that an assignment agreement does not affect managed repair arrangements under comprehensive or combined additional coverage under a motor vehicle insurance policy; providing that an acceptance by an assignee of an assignment agreement is a waiver by the assignee and its subcontractors of claims against an insured; specifying an insured's payment obligations under an assignment agreement; requiring notice of intent to initiate litigation; specifying requirements for such notice; providing for an award of reasonable attorney fees for certain claims arising under an assignment agreement; directing the office to require insurers to report specified data; requiring the office to adopt rules; providing applicability; creating s. 627.7289, F.S.; defining the term "assignment agreement"; authorizing insurers to offer comprehensive or combined additional coverage under a motor vehicle insurance policy restricting the assignment of post-loss benefits under certain conditions; requiring annual notice of coverage options; providing applicability; amending s. 627.422, F.S.; providing that property insurance policies may not prohibit
assignment of post-loss benefits; providing an exception; providing that comprehensive or combined additional coverage under a motor vehicle insurance policy may not prohibit assignment of post-loss benefits; providing an exception; providing severability; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 627.7152, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

627.7152 Assignment agreements.—
(1) As used in this section, the term:
(a) "Assignee" is a person who is assigned post-loss benefits by a named insured through an assignment agreement.
(b) "Assignment agreement" means a written instrument by which post-loss benefits under a residential property insurance policy or commercial property insurance policy, as that term is defined in s. 627.0625(1), are assigned in whole or in part by the policy's named insured to a person providing services to protect, repair, restore, or replace the named insured's property or to mitigate against further damage to the property.
(c) "Assignor" is a named insured who assigns post-loss benefits under a residential property insurance or commercial property insurance policy to another person through an
assignment agreement.

(d) "Disputed amount" means the difference between the assignee's presuit settlement demand and the insurer's presuit settlement offer.

(e) "Judgment obtained" means damages recovered, if any, but does not include any amount awarded for interest, attorney fees, or costs.

(f) "Presuit settlement demand" means the demand made by the assignee in the written notice of intent to initiate litigation as required by paragraph (8)(a).

(g) "Presuit settlement offer" means the offer made by the insurer in its written response to the notice of intent to initiate litigation as required by paragraph (8)(b).

(2)(a) An assignment agreement must:

1. Be in writing and executed by and between a named insured and the assignee.

2. Contain a provision that allows the assignor to rescind the assignment agreement without a penalty or fee by signing a notice of rescission within 7 business days after the execution date of the assignment agreement and by notifying the assignee of the rescission. The assignor may rescind the assignment agreement for any reason during the 7-day period. However, the assignor must pay for contracted work performed before rescission.

3. Contain a provision requiring the assignee to provide a
copy of the executed assignment agreement to the insurer within 3 business days after the date on which the assignment agreement is executed or the date on which work begins, whichever is earlier. Delivery of the copy of the assignment agreement to the insurer may be made:

a. By personal service, overnight delivery, or electronic transmission, with evidence of delivery in the form of a receipt or other paper or electronic acknowledgement by the insurer; or

b. To the location designated for receipt of such agreements as specified in the policy.

4. Contain a written, itemized, per-unit cost estimate of the services to be performed by the assignee. If the estimate of services includes a claim for water restoration services, the estimate must also include proof that the assignee or subcontractor of the assignee possesses a valid certification from an entity that requires water remediation to be performed in accordance with the American National Standards Institute-approved standards.

5. Relate only to work to be performed by the assignee for services to protect, repair, restore, or replace dwellings or structures or to mitigate against further damage to such property.

6. Contain the following notice in 18-point uppercase and boldfaced type:
YOU ARE AGREEING TO GIVE UP CERTAIN RIGHTS YOU HAVE UNDER YOUR
INSURANCE POLICY TO A THIRD PARTY, WHICH MAY RESULT IN
LITIGATION AGAINST YOUR INSURER. PLEASE READ AND UNDERSTAND THIS
DOCUMENT BEFORE SIGNING IT. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO CANCEL THIS
AGREEMENT WITHOUT PENALTY WITHIN 7 BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE DATE
THIS AGREEMENT IS EXECUTED. HOWEVER, YOU ARE OBLIGATED FOR
PAYMENT OF ANY CONTRACTED WORK PERFORMED BEFORE THE AGREEMENT IS
RESCINDED. THIS AGREEMENT DOES NOT CHANGE YOUR OBLIGATION TO
PERFORM THE DUTIES REQUIRED UNDER YOUR PROPERTY INSURANCE
POLICY.

7. Contain a provision requiring the assignee to indemnify
and hold harmless the assignor from all liabilities, damages,
losses, and costs, including, but not limited to, attorney fees,
should the policy subject to the assignment agreement prohibit,
in whole or in part, the assignment of benefits.

(b) An assignment agreement may not contain:

1. A penalty or fee for rescission under subparagraph
(a)2.;

2. A check or mortgage processing fee;

3. A penalty or fee for cancellation of the assignment
agreement; or

4. An administrative fee.

(c) An assignment agreement that does not comply with this
subsection is invalid and unenforceable.
(3) In a claim arising under an assignment agreement, an assignee has the burden to demonstrate that the insurer is not prejudiced by the failure of the assignee to:

(a) Maintain records of all services provided under the assignment agreement.

(b) Cooperate with the insurer in the investigation of the claim.

(c) Provide the insurer with requested records and documents related to the services provided, and permit the insurer to make copies of such records and documents.

(d) Deliver a copy of the executed assignment agreement to the insurer within 3 business days after the assignment agreement has been executed or work has begun, whichever is earlier.

(4) An assignee:

(a) Must provide the assignor with accurate and up-to-date revised estimates of the scope of work to be performed as supplemental or additional repairs are required.

(b) Must perform the work in accordance with accepted industry standards.

(c) May not seek payment from the assignor exceeding the applicable deductible under the policy unless the assignor has chosen to have additional work performed at the assignor's own expense.

(d) Must, as a condition precedent to filing suit under
the policy, and, if required by the insurer, submit to
examinations under oath and recorded statements conducted by the
insurer or the insurer's representative that are reasonably
necessary, based on the scope of the work and the complexity of
the claim, which examinations and recorded statements must be
limited to matters related to the services provided, the cost of
the services, and the assignment.

(e) Must, as a condition precedent to filing suit under
the policy, and, if required by the insurer, participate in
appraisal or other alternative dispute resolution methods in
accordance with the terms of the policy.

(5) An assignment agreement and this section do not modify
or eliminate any term, condition, or defense relating to any
managed repair arrangement provided in the policy.

(6)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and
except as provided in paragraph (b), the acceptance by an
assignee of an assignment agreement is a waiver by the assignee
and its subcontractors of claims against named insureds for
payments arising from the assignment agreement. The assignee and
its subcontractors may not collect or attempt to collect money
from an insured, maintain any action at law against an insured,
claim a lien on the real property of an insured, or report an
insured to a credit agency for payments arising from the
assignment agreement. Such waiver remains in effect after the
assignment agreement is rescinded by the assignor or after a
determination that the assignment agreement is invalid.

(b) An assignor is responsible for the payment of all of
the following:

1. Any deductible amount due under the policy.
2. Any betterment ordered and performed that is approved
by the assignor.
3. Any contracted work performed before the assignment
agreement is rescinded by the assignor or before a determination
that the assignment agreement is invalid.

(7) The assignee shall indemnify and hold harmless the
assignor from all liabilities, damages, losses, and costs,
including, but not limited to, attorney fees, should the policy
subject to the assignment agreement prohibit, in whole or in
part, the assignment of benefits.

(8)(a) An assignee must provide the insurer and the
assignor with a written notice of intent to initiate litigation
before filing suit under the policy. Such notice must be served
at least 10 business days before filing suit, but may not be
served before the insurer has made a determination of coverage
under s. 627.70131. The notice must specify the damages in
dispute, the amount claimed, and any presuit settlement demand.
Concurrent with the notice, and as a precondition to filing
suit, the assignee must provide the insurer and the assignor a
detailed written invoice or estimate of services, including
itemized information on equipment, materials, and supplies; the
number of labor hours; and, in the case of work performed, proof that the work has been performed in accordance with accepted industry standards. If the invoice or estimate includes a claim for water restoration services, the assignee must provide proof of the certification required by subparagraph (2)(a)4.

(b) An insurer must respond in writing to the notice within the 10-day period specified in paragraph (a) by making a presuit settlement offer or requiring the assignee to participate in appraisal or other method of alternative dispute resolution under the policy. An insurer must have a procedure for the prompt investigation, review, and evaluation of the dispute stated in the notice and must investigate the claims contained in the notice in accordance with the Florida Insurance Code.

(9) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a suit related to an assignment agreement for post-loss claims arising under a residential or commercial property insurance policy, attorney fees and costs may be recovered by an assignee only under s. 57.105 and this subsection.

(a) If the difference between the judgment obtained by the assignee and the presuit settlement offer is:

1. Less than 25 percent of the disputed amount, the insurer is entitled to an award of reasonable attorney fees.

2. At least 25 percent but less than 50 percent of the disputed amount, no party is entitled to an award of attorney fees.
fees.

3. At least 50 percent of the disputed amount, the assignee is entitled to an award of reasonable attorney fees.

(b) If the insurer fails to inspect the property or to provide written or oral authorization for repairs within 7 calendar days after the first notice of loss, the insurer waives its right to an award of attorney fees under this subsection. If the failure to inspect the property or to provide written or oral authorization for repairs is the result of an event for which the Governor had declared a state of emergency pursuant to s. 252.36, factors beyond the control of the insurer which reasonably prevented an inspection or written or oral authorization for repairs, or the named insureds' failure or inability to allow an inspection of the property after a request by the insurer, the insurer does not waive its right to an award of attorney fees under this subsection.

(10) This section does not apply to:

(a) An assignment, transfer, or conveyance granted to a subsequent purchaser of the property with an insurable interest in the property following a loss;

(b) A power of attorney under chapter 709 that grants to a management company, family member, guardian, or similarly situated person of an insured the authority to act on behalf of an insured as it relates to a property insurance claim; or

(c) Liability coverage under a property insurance policy.
(11) The office shall require each insurer to report by January 30, 2022, and each year thereafter data on each residential and commercial property insurance claim paid in the prior calendar year under an assignment agreement. The office shall adopt by rule a list of the data required, which list must include specific data about claims adjustment and settlement timeframes and trends, grouped by whether litigated or not litigated and by loss adjustment expenses.

(12) This section applies to an assignment agreement executed on or after July 1, 2019.

Section 2. Section 627.7153, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

627.7153 Policies restricting assignment of post-loss benefits under a property insurance policy.—

(1) As used in this section, the term "assignment agreement" has the same meaning as provided in s. 627.7152.

(2) An insurer may offer a policy that restricts in whole or in part an insured's right to execute an assignment agreement only if all of the following conditions are met:

(a) The insurer offers the same coverage under a policy that does not restrict the right to execute an assignment agreement.

(b) Each restricted policy is available at a lower cost than the unrestricted policy.

(c) The policy prohibiting assignment in whole is
available at a lower cost than any policy prohibiting assignment in part.

(d) The restricted policies include on their face the following notice in 18-point uppercase and boldfaced type:

THIS POLICY DOES NOT ALLOW THE UNRESTRICTED ASSIGNMENT OF POST-LOSS INSURANCE BENEFITS. BY SELECTING THIS POLICY, YOU WAIVE YOUR RIGHT TO FREELY ASSIGN OR TRANSFER THE POST-LOSS PROPERTY INSURANCE BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THIS POLICY TO A THIRD PARTY OR TO OTHERWISE FREELY ENTER INTO AN ASSIGNMENT AGREEMENT AS THE TERM IS DEFINED IN SECTION 627.7152 OF THE FLORIDA STATUTES.

(3) The insurer shall notify the insured at least annually of the coverage options the insurer offers under this section. Such notice must be part of and attached to the notice of premium.

(4) This section applies to a policy issued or renewed on or after July 1, 2019.

Section 3. Section 627.7288, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.7288 Comprehensive coverage; deductible not to apply to motor vehicle glass.—

(1) The deductible provisions of any policy of motor vehicle insurance, delivered or issued in this state by an authorized insurer, providing comprehensive coverage or combined
additional coverage do shall not apply be applicable to damage
to the windshield of any motor vehicle covered under such
policy.

(2) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Assignee" is a person who is assigned post-lost
benefits by a named insured through an assignment agreement.

(b) "Assignment agreement" means a written instrument by
which post-loss benefits under comprehensive or combined
additional coverage under a motor vehicle insurance policy are
assigned in whole or in part by the policy's named insured to a
person providing services to repair or replace motor vehicle
glass.

(c) "Assignor" is a named insured who assigns post-lost
benefits under comprehensive or combined additional coverage
under a motor vehicle insurance policy to another person through
an assignment agreement.

(d) "Disputed amount" means the difference between the
assignee's presuit settlement demand and the insurer's presuit
settlement offer.

(e) "Judgment obtained" means damages recovered, if any,
but does not include any amount awarded for interest, attorney
fees, or costs.

(f) "Presuit settlement demand" means the demand made by
the assignee in the written notice of intent to initiate
litigation as required by paragraph (9)(a).
(g) "Presuit settlement offer" means the offer made by the insurer in its written response to the notice of intent to initiate litigation as required by paragraph (9)(b).

(3)(a) An assignment agreement must:

1. Be in writing and executed by and between a named insured and the assignee.

2. Contain a provision that allows the assignor to rescind the assignment agreement without a penalty or fee by signing a notice of rescission within 2 calendar days after the execution date of the assignment agreement and by notifying the assignee of the rescission. The assignor may rescind the assignment agreement for any reason during the 2-day period. However, the assignor must pay for contracted work performed before rescission.

3. Contain a provision requiring the assignee to provide a copy of the executed assignment agreement to the insurer within 1 calendar day after the date on which the assignment agreement is executed or the date on which work begins, whichever is earlier. Delivery of the copy of the assignment agreement to the insurer may be made:

   a. By personal service, overnight delivery, or electronic transmission, with evidence of delivery in the form of a receipt or other paper or electronic acknowledgement by the insurer; or

   b. To the location designated for receipt of such agreements as specified in the policy.
4. Contain a written, itemized, per-unit cost estimate of the services to be performed by the assignee.

5. Relate only to work to be performed by the assignee for services to repair or replace motor vehicle glass.

6. Contain the following notice in 18-point uppercase and boldfaced type:

YOU ARE AGREEING TO GIVE UP CERTAIN RIGHTS YOU HAVE UNDER YOUR INSURANCE POLICY TO A THIRD PARTY, WHICH MAY RESULT IN LITIGATION AGAINST YOUR INSURER. PLEASE READ AND UNDERSTAND THIS DOCUMENT BEFORE SIGNING IT. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO CANCEL THIS AGREEMENT WITHOUT PENALTY WITHIN 2 CALENDAR DAYS AFTER THE DATE THIS AGREEMENT IS EXECUTED. HOWEVER, YOU ARE OBLIGATED FOR PAYMENT OF ANY CONTRACTED WORK PERFORMED BEFORE THE AGREEMENT IS RESCINDED. THIS AGREEMENT DOES NOT CHANGE YOUR OBLIGATION TO PERFORM THE DUTIES REQUIRED UNDER YOUR MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE POLICY.

7. Contain a provision requiring the assignee to indemnify and hold harmless the assignor from all liabilities, damages, losses, and costs, including, but not limited to, attorney fees, should the policy subject to the assignment agreement prohibit, in whole or in part, the assignment of benefits.

   (b) An assignment agreement may not contain:

1. A penalty or fee for rescission under subparagraph
(a) 2.;
2. A check or processing fee;
3. A penalty or fee for cancellation of the assignment agreement; or
4. An administrative fee.
(c) An assignment agreement that does not comply with this subsection is invalid and unenforceable.
(4) In a claim arising under an assignment agreement, an assignee has the burden to demonstrate that the insurer is not prejudiced by the failure of the assignee to:
   (a) Maintain records of all services provided under the assignment agreement.
   (b) Cooperate with the insurer in the investigation of the claim.
   (c) Provide the insurer with requested records and documents related to the services provided, and permit the insurer to make copies of such records and documents.
   (d) Deliver a copy of the executed assignment agreement to the insurer within 1 calendar day after the assignment agreement has been executed or work has begun, whichever is earlier.
(5) An assignee:
   (a) Must provide the assignor with accurate and up-to-date revised estimates of the scope of work to be performed as supplemental or additional repairs are required.
   (b) Must perform the work in accordance with accepted
industry standards.

(c) May not seek payment from the assignor exceeding the applicable deductible under the policy unless the assignor has chosen to have additional work performed at the assignor's own expense.

(d) Must, as a condition precedent to filing suit under the policy, and, if required by the insurer, submit to examinations under oath and recorded statements conducted by the insurer or the insurer's representative that are reasonably necessary, based on the scope of the work and the complexity of the claim, which examinations and recorded statements must be limited to matters related to the services provided, the cost of the services, and the assignment.

(e) Must, as a condition precedent to filing suit under the policy, and, if required by the insurer, participate in appraisal or other alternative dispute resolution methods in accordance with the terms of the policy.

(6) An assignment agreement and this section do not modify or eliminate any term, condition, or defense relating to any managed repair arrangement provided in the policy.

(7)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and except as provided in paragraph (b), the acceptance by an assignee of an assignment agreement is a waiver by the assignee and its subcontractors of claims against named insureds for payments arising from the assignment agreement. The assignee and
its subcontractors may not collect or attempt to collect money from an insured, maintain any action at law against an insured, claim a lien on the motor vehicle of an insured, or report an insured to a credit agency for payments arising from the assignment agreement. Such waiver remains in effect after the assignment agreement is rescinded by the assignor or after a determination that the assignment agreement is invalid.

(b) An assignor is responsible for the payment of all of the following:

1. Any deductible amount due under the policy.
2. Any betterment ordered and performed that is approved by the assignor.
3. Any contracted work performed before the assignment agreement is rescinded by the assignor or before a determination that the assignment agreement is invalid.

(8) The assignee shall indemnify and hold harmless the assignor from all liabilities, damages, losses, and costs, including, but not limited to, attorney fees, should the policy subject to the assignment agreement prohibit, in whole or in part, the assignment of benefits.

(9)(a) An assignee must provide the insurer and the assignor with a written notice of intent to initiate litigation before filing suit under the policy. Such notice must be served at least 10 business days before filing suit. The notice must specify the damages in dispute, the amount claimed, and any
presuit settlement demand. Concurrent with the notice, and as a
precondition to filing suit, the assignee must provide the
insurer and the assignor a detailed written invoice of services,
including itemized information on equipment, materials, and
supplies; the number of labor hours; and, in the case of work
performed, proof that the work has been performed in accordance
with accepted industry standards.

(b) An insurer must respond in writing to the notice
within the 10-day period specified in paragraph (a) by making a
presuit settlement offer or requiring the assignee to
participate in appraisal or other method of alternative dispute
resolution under the policy. An insurer must have a procedure
for the prompt investigation, review, and evaluation of the
dispute stated in the notice and must investigate the claims
contained in the notice in accordance with the Florida Insurance
Code.

(10) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a suit
related to an assignment agreement for post-loss motor vehicle
glass claims arising under comprehensive or combined additional
coverage of a motor vehicle insurance policy, attorney fees and
costs may be recovered by an assignee only under s. 57.105 and
this subsection.

(a) If the difference between the judgment obtained by the
assignee and the presuit settlement offer is:

1. Less than 25 percent of the disputed amount, the
insurer is entitled to an award of reasonable attorney fees.

2. At least 25 percent but less than 50 percent of the disputed amount, no party is entitled to an award of attorney fees.

3. At least 50 percent of the disputed amount, the assignee is entitled to an award of reasonable attorney fees.

(b) If the insurer fails to inspect the motor vehicle or to provide written or oral authorization for the glass repairs within 1 calendar day after the first notice of loss, the insurer waives its right to an award of attorney fees under this subsection. If the failure to inspect the motor vehicle or to provide written or oral authorization for repairs is the result of an event for which the Governor had declared a state of emergency pursuant to s. 252.36, factors beyond the control of the insurer which reasonably prevented an inspection or written or oral authorization for repairs, or the named insureds' failure or inability to allow an inspection of the motor vehicle after a request by the insurer, the insurer does not waive its right to an award of attorney fees under this subsection.

(11) This section does not apply to:

(a) An assignment, transfer, or conveyance granted to a subsequent purchaser of the motor vehicle with an insurable interest in the motor vehicle following a loss;

(b) A power of attorney under chapter 709 that grants to a management company, family member, guardian, or similarly
situating person of an insured the authority to act on behalf of
an insured as it relates to a motor vehicle insurance claim; or

(c) Liability coverage under a motor vehicle insurance

policy.

(12) The office shall require each insurer to report by
January 30, 2022, and each year thereafter data on each motor
vehicle glass insurance claim paid in the prior calendar year
under an assignment agreement. The office shall adopt by rule a
list of the data required, which list must include specific data
about claims adjustment and settlement timeframes and trends,
grouped by whether litigated or not litigated and by loss
adjustment expenses.

(13) This section applies to an assignment agreement
executed on or after July 1, 2019.

Section 4. Section 627.7289, Florida Statutes, is created
to read:

627.7289 Policies restricting assignment of post-loss
benefits under comprehensive or combined additional coverage
under a motor vehicle insurance policy.—

(1) As used in this section, the term "assignment
agreement" has the same meaning as provided in s. 627.7288.

(2) An insurer may offer a policy that restricts in whole
or in part an insured's right to execute an assignment agreement
only if all of the following conditions are met:

(a) The insurer offers the same coverage under a policy
that does not restrict the right to execute an assignment agreement.

(b) Each restricted policy is available at a lower cost than the unrestricted policy.

(c) The policy prohibiting assignment in whole is available at a lower cost than any policy prohibiting assignment in part.

(d) The restricted policies include on their face the following notice in 18-point uppercase and boldfaced type:

THIS POLICY DOES NOT ALLOW THE UNRESTRICTED ASSIGNMENT OF POST-LOSS INSURANCE BENEFITS. BY SELECTING THIS POLICY, YOU WAIVE YOUR RIGHT TO FREELY ASSIGN OR TRANSFER THE POST-LOSS MOTOR VEHICLE GLASS INSURANCE BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THIS POLICY TO A THIRD PARTY OR TO OTHERWISE FREELY ENTER INTO AN ASSIGNMENT AGREEMENT AS THE TERM IS DEFINED IN SECTION 627.7288 OF THE FLORIDA STATUTES.

(3) The insurer shall notify the insured at least annually of the coverage options the insurer offers under this section. Such notice must be part of and attached to the notice of premium.

(4) This section applies to a policy issued or renewed on or after July 1, 2019.

Section 5. Section 627.422, Florida Statutes, is amended
to read:

627.422 Assignment of policies or post-loss benefits.—A policy may be assignable, or not assignable, as provided by its terms.

(1) LIFE OR HEALTH INSURANCE POLICIES.—Subject to its terms relating to assignability, any life or health insurance policy under the terms of which the beneficiary may be changed upon the sole request of the policyowner may be assigned either by pledge or transfer of title, by an assignment executed by the policyowner alone and delivered to the insurer, whether or not the pledgee or assignee is the insurer. Any such assignment shall entitle the insurer to deal with the assignee as the owner or pledgee of the policy in accordance with the terms of the assignment, until the insurer has received at its home office written notice of termination of the assignment or pledge or written notice by or on behalf of some other person claiming some interest in the policy in conflict with the assignment.

(2) POST-LOSS BENEFITS UNDER CERTAIN PROPERTY INSURANCE POLICIES.—A residential or commercial property insurance policy may not prohibit the assignment of post-loss benefits unless it complies with s. 627.7153.

(3) POST-LOSS BENEFITS UNDER CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE POLICIES.—Comprehensive or combined additional coverage under a motor vehicle insurance policy may not prohibit the assignment of post-loss benefits to a person providing
services to repair or replace motor vehicle glass unless it complies with s. 627.7289.

Section 6. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect the remaining provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are severable.

Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.