

1 A bill to be entitled
2 An act relating to electronic prescribing; amending s.
3 456.42, F.S.; requiring all prescriptions to be
4 electronically generated and transmitted; prohibiting
5 electronic prescribing from interfering with a
6 patient's freedom to choose a pharmacy; providing
7 restrictions for electronic prescribing software;
8 providing definitions; authorizing electronic
9 prescribing software to display information regarding
10 a payor's formulary under certain circumstances;
11 amending ss. 409.91196, 409.912, 456.0392, 458.3265,
12 458.331, 458.347, 459.0137, 459.015, and 459.022,
13 F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the
14 act; repealing ss. 456.43, 831.311, and 893.065, F.S.,
15 relating to electronic prescribing for medicinal
16 drugs, the unlawful sale, manufacture, alteration,
17 delivery, uttering, or possession of counterfeit-
18 resistant prescription blanks for controlled
19 substances, and counterfeit-resistant prescription
20 blanks for controlled substances listed in Schedule
21 II, Schedule III, Schedule IV, or Schedule V,
22 respectively; providing an effective date.

23
24 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
25

26 Section 1. Section 456.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to
 27 read:

28 456.42 ~~Written~~ Prescriptions for medicinal drugs.—

29 (1) Any ~~A written~~ prescription for a medicinal drug issued
 30 by a health care practitioner licensed by law to prescribe such
 31 drug must be electronically generated and transmitted ~~legibly~~
 32 ~~printed or typed so as to be capable of being understood by the~~
 33 ~~pharmacist filling the prescription; must contain the name of~~
 34 ~~the prescribing practitioner, the name and strength of the drug~~
 35 ~~prescribed, the quantity of the drug prescribed, and the~~
 36 ~~directions for use of the drug; must be dated; and must be~~
 37 ~~signed by the prescribing practitioner on the day when issued.~~
 38 ~~However, A prescription that is electronically generated and~~
 39 ~~transmitted~~ must contain the name of the prescribing
 40 practitioner, the name and strength of the drug prescribed, the
 41 quantity of the drug prescribed in numerical format, and the
 42 directions for use of the drug and must contain the date and an
 43 electronic signature, as defined in s. 668.003(4), ~~be dated and~~
 44 ~~signed~~ by the prescribing practitioner only on the day issued,
 45 ~~which signature may be in an electronic format as defined in s.~~
 46 ~~668.003(4).~~

47 (2) Electronic prescribing shall not interfere with a
 48 patient's freedom to choose a pharmacy.

49 (3) Electronic prescribing software shall not use any
 50 means or permit any other person to use any means, including,

51 but not limited to, advertising, instant messaging, and pop-up
52 ads, to influence or attempt to influence, through economic
53 incentives or otherwise, the prescribing decision of a
54 prescribing practitioner or his or her agent at the point of
55 care. Such means shall not be triggered by, or in specific
56 response to, the input, selection, or act of a prescribing
57 practitioner or his or her agent in prescribing a certain
58 medicinal drug or directing a patient to a certain pharmacy. For
59 purposes of this subsection, the term:

60 (a) "Point of care" means the time at which a prescribing
61 practitioner or his or her agent prescribes any medicinal drug.

62 (b) "Prescribing decision" means a prescribing
63 practitioner's or his or her agent's decision to prescribe any
64 medicinal drug.

65 (4) Electronic prescribing software may display
66 information regarding a payor's formulary if nothing is designed
67 to preclude or make more difficult the selection of any
68 particular pharmacy by a patient or the selection of any certain
69 medicinal drug by a prescribing practitioner or his or her
70 agent.

71 ~~(2) A written prescription for a controlled substance~~
72 ~~listed in chapter 893 must have the quantity of the drug~~
73 ~~prescribed in both textual and numerical formats, must be dated~~
74 ~~in numerical, month/day/year format, or with the abbreviated~~
75 ~~month written out, or the month written out in whole, and must~~

76 ~~be either written on a standardized counterfeit-proof~~
 77 ~~prescription pad produced by a vendor approved by the department~~
 78 ~~or electronically prescribed as that term is used in s.~~
 79 ~~408.0611. As a condition of being an approved vendor, a~~
 80 ~~prescription pad vendor must submit a monthly report to the~~
 81 ~~department that, at a minimum, documents the number of~~
 82 ~~prescription pads sold and identifies the purchasers. The~~
 83 ~~department may, by rule, require the reporting of additional~~
 84 ~~information.~~

85 Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 409.91196, Florida
 86 Statutes, is amended to read:

87 409.91196 Supplemental rebate agreements; public records
 88 and public meetings exemption.—

89 (1) The rebate amount, percent of rebate, manufacturer's
 90 pricing, and supplemental rebate, and other trade secrets as
 91 defined in s. 688.002 that the agency has identified for use in
 92 negotiations, held by the Agency for Health Care Administration
 93 under s. 409.912(5)(a)6. ~~s. 409.912(5)(a)7.~~ are confidential and
 94 exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State
 95 Constitution.

96 Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section
 97 409.912, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98 409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.—The
 99 agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients
 100 in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery

101 of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are
102 effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a
103 confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct
104 diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the
105 Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to
106 emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined
107 in 42 C.F.R. s. 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion
108 shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency
109 shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid
110 aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other
111 alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies,
112 including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed
113 to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed
114 continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to
115 minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute
116 inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the
117 inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The
118 agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the
119 clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify
120 trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a
121 provider's professional peers or the national guidelines of a
122 provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to
123 provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice
124 patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency,
125 to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization.

126 The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy
127 management, or disease management participation for certain
128 populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or
129 particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible
130 dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics
131 Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for
132 which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform
133 the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions
134 regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is
135 authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as
136 Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through
137 provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid single-
138 source-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services
139 results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without
140 limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based
141 on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider
142 availability, provider quality standards, time and distance
143 standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the
144 provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid
145 beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards,
146 appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider
147 turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history,
148 previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer
149 review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records,
150 clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers

151 are not entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider network.
152 The agency shall determine instances in which allowing Medicaid
153 beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and other
154 goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-term
155 rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish rules
156 to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in order to
157 protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program as
158 defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers
159 necessary to administer these policies.

160 (5)(a) The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescribed-
161 drug spending-control program that includes the following
162 components:

163 1. A Medicaid preferred drug list, which shall be a
164 listing of cost-effective therapeutic options recommended by the
165 Medicaid Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee established
166 pursuant to s. 409.91195 and adopted by the agency for each
167 therapeutic class on the preferred drug list. At the discretion
168 of the committee, and when feasible, the preferred drug list
169 should include at least two products in a therapeutic class. The
170 agency may post the preferred drug list and updates to the list
171 on an Internet website without following the rulemaking
172 procedures of chapter 120. Antiretroviral agents are excluded
173 from the preferred drug list. The agency shall also limit the
174 amount of a prescribed drug dispensed to no more than a 34-day
175 supply unless the drug products' smallest marketed package is

176 greater than a 34-day supply, or the drug is determined by the
177 agency to be a maintenance drug in which case a 100-day maximum
178 supply may be authorized. The agency may seek any federal
179 waivers necessary to implement these cost-control programs and
180 to continue participation in the federal Medicaid rebate
181 program, or alternatively to negotiate state-only manufacturer
182 rebates. The agency may adopt rules to administer this
183 subparagraph. The agency shall continue to provide unlimited
184 contraceptive drugs and items. The agency must establish
185 procedures to ensure that:

186 a. There is a response to a request for prior consultation
187 by telephone or other telecommunication device within 24 hours
188 after receipt of a request for prior consultation; and

189 b. A 72-hour supply of the drug prescribed is provided in
190 an emergency or when the agency does not provide a response
191 within 24 hours as required by sub-subparagraph a.

192 2. Reimbursement to pharmacies for Medicaid prescribed
193 drugs shall be set at the lowest of: the average wholesale price
194 (AWP) minus 16.4 percent, the wholesaler acquisition cost (WAC)
195 plus 1.5 percent, the federal upper limit (FUL), the state
196 maximum allowable cost (SMAC), or the usual and customary (UAC)
197 charge billed by the provider.

198 3. The agency shall develop and implement a process for
199 managing the drug therapies of Medicaid recipients who are using
200 significant numbers of prescribed drugs each month. The

201 management process may include, but is not limited to,
202 comprehensive, physician-directed medical-record reviews, claims
203 analyses, and case evaluations to determine the medical
204 necessity and appropriateness of a patient's treatment plan and
205 drug therapies. The agency may contract with a private
206 organization to provide drug-program-management services. The
207 Medicaid drug benefit management program shall include
208 initiatives to manage drug therapies for HIV/AIDS patients,
209 patients using 20 or more unique prescriptions in a 180-day
210 period, and the top 1,000 patients in annual spending. The
211 agency shall enroll any Medicaid recipient in the drug benefit
212 management program if he or she meets the specifications of this
213 subparagraph ~~provision~~ and is not enrolled in a Medicaid health
214 maintenance organization.

215 4. The agency may limit the size of its pharmacy network
216 based on need, competitive bidding, price negotiations,
217 credentialing, or similar criteria. The agency shall give
218 special consideration to rural areas in determining the size and
219 location of pharmacies included in the Medicaid pharmacy
220 network. A pharmacy credentialing process may include criteria
221 such as a pharmacy's full-service status, location, size,
222 patient educational programs, patient consultation, disease
223 management services, and other characteristics. The agency may
224 impose a moratorium on Medicaid pharmacy enrollment if it is
225 determined that it has a sufficient number of Medicaid-

226 participating providers. The agency must allow dispensing
227 practitioners to participate as a part of the Medicaid pharmacy
228 network regardless of the practitioner's proximity to any other
229 entity that is dispensing prescription drugs under the Medicaid
230 program. A dispensing practitioner must meet all credentialing
231 requirements applicable to his or her practice, as determined by
232 the agency.

233 ~~5. The agency shall develop and implement a program that~~
234 ~~requires Medicaid practitioners who prescribe drugs to use a~~
235 ~~counterfeit-proof prescription pad for Medicaid prescriptions.~~
236 ~~The agency shall require the use of standardized counterfeit-~~
237 ~~proof prescription pads by Medicaid-participating prescribers or~~
238 ~~prescribers who write prescriptions for Medicaid recipients. The~~
239 ~~agency may implement the program in targeted geographic areas or~~
240 ~~statewide.~~

241 5.6. The agency may enter into arrangements that require
242 manufacturers of generic drugs prescribed to Medicaid recipients
243 to provide rebates of at least 15.1 percent of the average
244 manufacturer price for the manufacturer's generic products.
245 These arrangements shall require that if a generic-drug
246 manufacturer pays federal rebates for Medicaid-reimbursed drugs
247 at a level below 15.1 percent, the manufacturer must provide a
248 supplemental rebate to the state in an amount necessary to
249 achieve a 15.1-percent rebate level.

250 6.7. The agency may establish a preferred drug list as

251 described in this subsection, and, pursuant to the establishment
252 of such preferred drug list, negotiate supplemental rebates from
253 manufacturers that are in addition to those required by Title
254 XIX of the Social Security Act and at no less than 14 percent of
255 the average manufacturer price as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 1936
256 on the last day of a quarter unless the federal or supplemental
257 rebate, or both, equals or exceeds 29 percent. There is no upper
258 limit on the supplemental rebates the agency may negotiate. The
259 agency may determine that specific products, brand-name or
260 generic, are competitive at lower rebate percentages. Agreement
261 to pay the minimum supplemental rebate percentage guarantees a
262 manufacturer that the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics
263 Committee will consider a product for inclusion on the preferred
264 drug list. However, a pharmaceutical manufacturer is not
265 guaranteed placement on the preferred drug list by simply paying
266 the minimum supplemental rebate. Agency decisions will be made
267 on the clinical efficacy of a drug and recommendations of the
268 Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee, as well as
269 the price of competing products minus federal and state rebates.
270 The agency may contract with an outside agency or contractor to
271 conduct negotiations for supplemental rebates. For the purposes
272 of this section, the term "supplemental rebates" means cash
273 rebates. Value-added programs as a substitution for supplemental
274 rebates are prohibited. The agency may seek any federal waivers
275 to implement this initiative.

276 ~~7.8.~~ The agency shall expand home delivery of pharmacy
277 products. The agency may amend the state plan and issue a
278 procurement, as necessary, in order to implement this program.
279 The procurements must include agreements with a pharmacy or
280 pharmacies located in the state to provide mail order delivery
281 services at no cost to the recipients who elect to receive home
282 delivery of pharmacy products. The procurement must focus on
283 serving recipients with chronic diseases for which pharmacy
284 expenditures represent a significant portion of Medicaid
285 pharmacy expenditures or which impact a significant portion of
286 the Medicaid population. The agency may seek and implement any
287 federal waivers necessary to implement this subparagraph.

288 ~~8.9.~~ The agency shall limit to one dose per month any drug
289 prescribed to treat erectile dysfunction.

290 ~~9.a.10.a.~~ The agency may implement a Medicaid behavioral
291 drug management system. The agency may contract with a vendor
292 that has experience in operating behavioral drug management
293 systems to implement this program. The agency may seek federal
294 waivers to implement this program.

295 b. The agency, in conjunction with the Department of
296 Children and Families, may implement the Medicaid behavioral
297 drug management system that is designed to improve the quality
298 of care and behavioral health prescribing practices based on
299 best practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to
300 medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed

301 drug costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid
302 behavioral drugs. The program may include the following
303 elements:

304 (I) Provide for the development and adoption of best
305 practice guidelines for behavioral health-related drugs such as
306 antipsychotics, antidepressants, and medications for treating
307 bipolar disorders and other behavioral conditions; translate
308 them into practice; review behavioral health prescribers and
309 compare their prescribing patterns to a number of indicators
310 that are based on national standards; and determine deviations
311 from best practice guidelines.

312 (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and
313 educating prescribers using best practice educational materials
314 and peer-to-peer consultation.

315 (III) Assess Medicaid beneficiaries who are outliers in
316 their use of behavioral health drugs with regard to the numbers
317 and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug
318 therapies, and other indicators of improper use of behavioral
319 health drugs.

320 (IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill
321 prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple same-
322 class behavioral health drugs, and may have other potential
323 medication problems.

324 (V) Track spending trends for behavioral health drugs and
325 deviation from best practice guidelines.

326 (VI) Use educational and technological approaches to
 327 promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers
 328 in the use of practice guidelines.

329 (VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials.

330 (VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences.

331 (IX) Implement a disease management program with a model
 332 quality-based medication component for severely mentally ill
 333 individuals and emotionally disturbed children who are high
 334 users of care.

335 ~~10.11.~~ The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescription
 336 drug management system.

337 a. The agency may contract with a vendor that has
 338 experience in operating prescription drug management systems in
 339 order to implement this system. Any management system that is
 340 implemented in accordance with this subparagraph must rely on
 341 cooperation between physicians and pharmacists to determine
 342 appropriate practice patterns and clinical guidelines to improve
 343 the prescribing, dispensing, and use of drugs in the Medicaid
 344 program. The agency may seek federal waivers to implement this
 345 program.

346 b. The drug management system must be designed to improve
 347 the quality of care and prescribing practices based on best
 348 practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to medication
 349 plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug costs and
 350 the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid prescription

351 | drugs. The program must:

352 | (I) Provide for the adoption of best practice guidelines
353 | for the prescribing and use of drugs in the Medicaid program,
354 | including translating best practice guidelines into practice;
355 | reviewing prescriber patterns and comparing them to indicators
356 | that are based on national standards and practice patterns of
357 | clinical peers in their community, statewide, and nationally;
358 | and determine deviations from best practice guidelines.

359 | (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and
360 | educating prescribers using best practice educational materials
361 | and peer-to-peer consultation.

362 | (III) Assess Medicaid recipients who are outliers in their
363 | use of a single or multiple prescription drugs with regard to
364 | the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination
365 | drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of
366 | prescription drugs.

367 | (IV) Alert prescribers to recipients who fail to refill
368 | prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple drugs
369 | that may be redundant or contraindicated, or may have other
370 | potential medication problems.

371 | ~~11.12.~~ The agency may contract for drug rebate
372 | administration, including, but not limited to, calculating
373 | rebate amounts, invoicing manufacturers, negotiating disputes
374 | with manufacturers, and maintaining a database of rebate
375 | collections.

376 ~~12.13.~~ The agency may specify the preferred daily dosing
377 form or strength for the purpose of promoting best practices
378 with regard to the prescribing of certain drugs as specified in
379 the General Appropriations Act and ensuring cost-effective
380 prescribing practices.

381 ~~13.14.~~ The agency may require prior authorization for
382 Medicaid-covered prescribed drugs. The agency may prior-
383 authorize the use of a product:

- 384 a. For an indication not approved in labeling;
385 b. To comply with certain clinical guidelines; or
386 c. If the product has the potential for overuse, misuse,
387 or abuse.

388
389 The agency may require the prescribing professional to provide
390 information about the rationale and supporting medical evidence
391 for the use of a drug. The agency shall post prior
392 authorization, step-edit criteria and protocol, and updates to
393 the list of drugs that are subject to prior authorization on the
394 agency's Internet website within 21 days after the prior
395 authorization and step-edit criteria and protocol and updates
396 are approved by the agency. For purposes of this subparagraph,
397 the term "step-edit" means an automatic electronic review of
398 certain medications subject to prior authorization.

399 ~~14.15.~~ The agency, in conjunction with the Pharmaceutical
400 and Therapeutics Committee, may require age-related prior

401 authorizations for certain prescribed drugs. The agency may
402 preauthorize the use of a drug for a recipient who may not meet
403 the age requirement or may exceed the length of therapy for use
404 of this product as recommended by the manufacturer and approved
405 by the Food and Drug Administration. Prior authorization may
406 require the prescribing professional to provide information
407 about the rationale and supporting medical evidence for the use
408 of a drug.

409 15.16. The agency shall implement a step-therapy prior
410 authorization approval process for medications excluded from the
411 preferred drug list. Medications listed on the preferred drug
412 list must be used within the previous 12 months before the
413 alternative medications that are not listed. The step-therapy
414 prior authorization may require the prescriber to use the
415 medications of a similar drug class or for a similar medical
416 indication unless contraindicated in the Food and Drug
417 Administration labeling. The trial period between the specified
418 steps may vary according to the medical indication. The step-
419 therapy approval process shall be developed in accordance with
420 the committee as stated in s. 409.91195(7) and (8). A drug
421 product may be approved without meeting the step-therapy prior
422 authorization criteria if the prescribing physician provides the
423 agency with additional written medical or clinical documentation
424 that the product is medically necessary because:

425 a. There is not a drug on the preferred drug list to treat

426 | the disease or medical condition which is an acceptable clinical
427 | alternative;

428 | b. The alternatives have been ineffective in the treatment
429 | of the beneficiary's disease; or

430 | c. Based on historic evidence and known characteristics of
431 | the patient and the drug, the drug is likely to be ineffective,
432 | or the number of doses have been ineffective.

433 |

434 | The agency shall work with the physician to determine the best
435 | alternative for the patient. The agency may adopt rules waiving
436 | the requirements for written clinical documentation for specific
437 | drugs in limited clinical situations.

438 | 16.17. The agency shall implement a return and reuse
439 | program for drugs dispensed by pharmacies to institutional
440 | recipients, which includes payment of a \$5 restocking fee for
441 | the implementation and operation of the program. The return and
442 | reuse program shall be implemented electronically and in a
443 | manner that promotes efficiency. The program must permit a
444 | pharmacy to exclude drugs from the program if it is not
445 | practical or cost-effective for the drug to be included and must
446 | provide for the return to inventory of drugs that cannot be
447 | credited or returned in a cost-effective manner. The agency
448 | shall determine if the program has reduced the amount of
449 | Medicaid prescription drugs which are destroyed on an annual
450 | basis and if there are additional ways to ensure more

451 prescription drugs are not destroyed which could safely be
452 reused.

453 Section 4. Section 456.0392, Florida Statutes, is amended
454 to read:

455 456.0392 Prescription labeling.—

456 (1) A prescription ~~written~~ by a practitioner who is
457 authorized under the laws of this state to prescribe ~~write~~
458 ~~prescriptions for~~ drugs that are not listed as controlled
459 substances in chapter 893 but who is not eligible for a federal
460 Drug Enforcement Administration number shall include that
461 practitioner's name and professional license number. The
462 pharmacist or dispensing practitioner must include the
463 practitioner's name on the container of the drug that is
464 dispensed. A pharmacist shall be permitted, upon verification by
465 the prescriber, to document any information required by this
466 section.

467 (2) A prescription for a drug that is not listed as a
468 controlled substance in chapter 893 ~~which is written~~ by an
469 advanced practice registered nurse licensed under s. 464.012 is
470 presumed, subject to rebuttal, to be valid and within the
471 parameters of the prescriptive authority delegated by a
472 practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter
473 466.

474 (3) A prescription for a drug that is not listed as a
475 controlled substance in chapter 893 ~~which is written~~ by a

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476 physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 is
477 presumed, subject to rebuttal, to be valid and within the
478 parameters of the prescriptive authority delegated by the
479 physician assistant's supervising physician.

480 Section 5. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section
481 458.3265, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

482 458.3265 Pain-management clinics.—

483 (3) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities
484 apply to any physician who provides professional services in a
485 pain-management clinic that is required to be registered in
486 subsection (1).

487 (d) A physician authorized to prescribe controlled
488 substances who practices at a pain-management clinic is
489 responsible for maintaining the control and security of his or
490 her electronic prescribing software ~~prescription blanks and any~~
491 ~~other method~~ used for prescribing controlled substance pain
492 medication. ~~The physician shall comply with the requirements for~~
493 ~~counterfeit-resistant prescription blanks in s. 893.065 and the~~
494 ~~rules adopted pursuant to that section.~~ The physician shall
495 notify, in writing, the department within 24 hours after
496 ~~following any theft or loss of a prescription blank or breach of~~
497 his or her electronic prescribing software ~~any other method for~~
498 ~~prescribing pain medication.~~

499 Section 6. Paragraph (qq) of subsection (1) of section
500 458.331, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

501 458.331 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the
 502 board and department.—

503 (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a
 504 license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):

505 (qq) Failing to timely notify the department of ~~the theft~~
 506 ~~of prescription blanks from a pain-management clinic or~~ a breach
 507 of a physician's electronic prescribing software ~~other methods~~
 508 ~~for prescribing~~ within 24 hours as required by s. 458.3265(3).

509 Section 7. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section
 510 458.347, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

511 458.347 Physician assistants.—

512 (4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.—

513 (e) A supervising physician may delegate to a fully
 514 licensed physician assistant the authority to prescribe or
 515 dispense any medication used in the supervising physician's
 516 practice unless such medication is listed on the formulary
 517 created pursuant to paragraph (f). A fully licensed physician
 518 assistant may only prescribe or dispense such medication under
 519 the following circumstances:

520 1. A physician assistant must clearly identify to the
 521 patient that he or she is a physician assistant and inform the
 522 patient that the patient has the right to see the physician
 523 before a prescription is prescribed or dispensed by the
 524 physician assistant.

525 2. The supervising physician must notify the department of

526 his or her intent to delegate, on a department-approved form,
527 before delegating such authority and of any change in
528 prescriptive privileges of the physician assistant. Authority to
529 dispense may be delegated only by a supervising physician who is
530 registered as a dispensing practitioner in compliance with s.
531 465.0276.

532 3. The physician assistant must complete a minimum of 10
533 continuing medical education hours in the specialty practice in
534 which the physician assistant has prescriptive privileges with
535 each licensure renewal. Three of the 10 hours must consist of a
536 continuing education course on the safe and effective
537 prescribing of controlled substance medications which is offered
538 by a statewide professional association of physicians in this
539 state accredited to provide educational activities designated
540 for the American Medical Association Physician's Recognition
541 Award Category 1 credit or designated by the American Academy of
542 Physician Assistants as a Category 1 credit.

543 4. The department may issue a prescriber number to the
544 physician assistant granting authority for the prescribing of
545 medicinal drugs authorized within this paragraph upon completion
546 of the requirements of this paragraph. The physician assistant
547 is not required to independently register pursuant to s.
548 465.0276.

549 5. The prescription ~~may be in paper or electronic form but~~
550 ~~must comply with ss. 456.0392(1) and 456.42(1) and chapter 499~~

551 ~~and~~ must contain, in addition to the supervising physician's
 552 name, address, and telephone number, the physician assistant's
 553 prescriber number. Unless it is a drug or drug sample dispensed
 554 by the physician assistant, the prescription must be filled in a
 555 pharmacy permitted under chapter 465 and must be dispensed in
 556 that pharmacy by a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465. The
 557 inclusion of the prescriber number creates a presumption that
 558 the physician assistant is authorized to prescribe the medicinal
 559 drug and the prescription is valid.

560 6. The physician assistant must note the prescription or
 561 dispensing of medication in the appropriate medical record.

562 Section 8. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section
 563 459.0137, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

564 459.0137 Pain-management clinics.—

565 (3) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities
 566 apply to any osteopathic physician who provides professional
 567 services in a pain-management clinic that is required to be
 568 registered in subsection (1).

569 (d) An osteopathic physician authorized to prescribe
 570 controlled substances who practices at a pain-management clinic
 571 is responsible for maintaining the control and security of his
 572 or her electronic prescribing software ~~prescription blanks and~~
 573 ~~any other method~~ used for prescribing controlled substance pain
 574 medication. ~~The osteopathic physician shall comply with the~~
 575 ~~requirements for counterfeit-resistant prescription blanks in s.~~

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576 ~~893.065 and the rules adopted pursuant to that section.~~ The
577 osteopathic physician shall notify, in writing, the department
578 within 24 hours after ~~following~~ any ~~theft or loss of a~~
579 ~~prescription blank or~~ breach of his or her electronic
580 prescribing software ~~of any other method for prescribing pain~~
581 ~~medication.~~

582 Section 9. Paragraph (ss) of subsection (1) of section
583 459.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

584 459.015 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the
585 board and department.—

586 (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a
587 license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):

588 (ss) Failing to timely notify the department of ~~the theft~~
589 ~~of prescription blanks from a pain-management clinic or a breach~~
590 of an osteopathic physician's electronic prescribing software ~~of~~
591 ~~other methods for prescribing~~ within 24 hours as required by s.
592 459.0137(3).

593 Section 10. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section
594 459.022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

595 459.022 Physician assistants.—

596 (4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.—

597 (e) A supervising physician may delegate to a fully
598 licensed physician assistant the authority to prescribe or
599 dispense any medication used in the supervising physician's
600 practice unless such medication is listed on the formulary

601 created pursuant to s. 458.347. A fully licensed physician
602 assistant may only prescribe or dispense such medication under
603 the following circumstances:

604 1. A physician assistant must clearly identify to the
605 patient that she or he is a physician assistant and must inform
606 the patient that the patient has the right to see the physician
607 before a prescription is prescribed or dispensed by the
608 physician assistant.

609 2. The supervising physician must notify the department of
610 her or his intent to delegate, on a department-approved form,
611 before delegating such authority and of any change in
612 prescriptive privileges of the physician assistant. Authority to
613 dispense may be delegated only by a supervising physician who is
614 registered as a dispensing practitioner in compliance with s.
615 465.0276.

616 3. The physician assistant must complete a minimum of 10
617 continuing medical education hours in the specialty practice in
618 which the physician assistant has prescriptive privileges with
619 each licensure renewal.

620 4. The department may issue a prescriber number to the
621 physician assistant granting authority for the prescribing of
622 medicinal drugs authorized within this paragraph upon completion
623 of the requirements of this paragraph. The physician assistant
624 is not required to independently register pursuant to s.
625 465.0276.

626 5. The prescription ~~may be in paper or electronic form but~~
627 ~~must comply with ss. 456.0392(1) and 456.42(1) and chapter 499~~
628 ~~and~~ must contain, in addition to the supervising physician's
629 name, address, and telephone number, the physician assistant's
630 prescriber number. Unless it is a drug or drug sample dispensed
631 by the physician assistant, the prescription must be filled in a
632 pharmacy permitted under chapter 465, and must be dispensed in
633 that pharmacy by a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465. The
634 inclusion of the prescriber number creates a presumption that
635 the physician assistant is authorized to prescribe the medicinal
636 drug and the prescription is valid.

637 6. The physician assistant must note the prescription or
638 dispensing of medication in the appropriate medical record.

639 Section 11. Sections 456.43, 831.311, and 893.065, Florida
640 Statutes, are repealed.

641 Section 12. This act shall take effect January 1, 2020.