By the Committee on Education; and Senator Flores

	581-02439-20 20201420c1
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to charter schools; amending s.
3	1002.33, F.S.; prohibiting sponsors from refusing to
4	receive a charter school application submitted during
5	the calendar year; revising how charter schools
6	operated by not-for-profit or municipal entities may
7	use certain unrestricted current and capital assets;
8	amending s. 1002.331, F.S.; specifying how many
9	applications a high-performing charter school may
10	submit in any school district in the state to
11	establish and operate a new charter school; providing
12	applicability; amending s. 1002.45, F.S.; revising the
13	virtual instruction a virtual charter school may
14	provide; providing an effective date.
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16	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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18	Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) and paragraph
19	(b) of subsection (17) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, are
20	amended to read:
21	1002.33 Charter schools
22	(6) APPLICATION PROCESS AND REVIEWCharter school
23	applications are subject to the following requirements:
24	(b) A sponsor shall receive and review all applications for
25	a charter school using the evaluation instrument developed by
26	the Department of Education. A sponsor shall receive and
27	consider charter school applications received <u>during</u> on or
28	before August 1 of each calendar year for charter schools to be
29	opened at the beginning of the school district's next school
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581-02439-20 20201420c1 year, or to be opened at a time determined agreed to by the 30 31 applicant and the sponsor. A sponsor may not refuse to receive a 32 charter school application submitted by an applicant during the 33 calendar year. before August 1 and may receive an application 34 submitted later than August 1 if it chooses. Beginning in 2018 35 and thereafter, a sponsor shall receive and consider charter 36 school applications received on or before February 1 of each 37 calendar year for charter schools to be opened 18 months later at the beginning of the school district's school year, or to be 38 39 opened at a time determined by the applicant. A sponsor may not 40 refuse to receive a charter school application submitted before 41 February 1 and may receive an application submitted later than 42 February 1 if it chooses. A sponsor may not charge an applicant 43 for a charter any fee for the processing or consideration of an 44 application, and a sponsor may not base its consideration or approval of a final application upon the promise of future 45 46 payment of any kind. Before approving or denying any 47 application, the sponsor shall allow the applicant, upon receipt 48 of written notification, at least 7 calendar days to make 49 technical or nonsubstantive corrections and clarifications, including, but not limited to, corrections of grammatical, 50 51 typographical, and like errors or missing signatures, if such 52 errors are identified by the sponsor as cause to deny the final application. 53 1. In order to facilitate an accurate budget projection 54

54 I. In order to facilitate an accurate budget projection 55 process, a sponsor shall be held harmless for FTE students who 56 are not included in the FTE projection due to approval of 57 charter school applications after the FTE projection deadline. 58 In a further effort to facilitate an accurate budget projection,

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581-02439-20 20201420c1 59 within 15 calendar days after receipt of a charter school 60 application, a sponsor shall report to the Department of 61 Education the name of the applicant entity, the proposed charter 62 school location, and its projected FTE. 63 2. In order to ensure fiscal responsibility, an application for a charter school shall include a full accounting of expected 64 65 assets, a projection of expected sources and amounts of income, including income derived from projected student enrollments and 66 from community support, and an expense projection that includes 67 68 full accounting of the costs of operation, including start-up 69 costs. 70 3.a. A sponsor shall by a majority vote approve or deny an 71 application no later than 90 calendar days after the application 72 is received, unless the sponsor and the applicant mutually agree 73 in writing to temporarily postpone the vote to a specific date, at which time the sponsor shall by a majority vote approve or 74 75 deny the application. If the sponsor fails to act on the 76 application, an applicant may appeal to the State Board of

Education as provided in paragraph (c). If an application is denied, the sponsor shall, within 10 calendar days after such denial, articulate in writing the specific reasons, based upon good cause, supporting its denial of the application and shall provide the letter of denial and supporting documentation to the applicant and to the Department of Education.

b. An application submitted by a high-performing charter school identified pursuant to s. 1002.331 or a high-performing charter school system identified pursuant to s. 1002.332 may be denied by the sponsor only if the sponsor demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that:

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581-02439-20 20201420c1 88 (I) The application of a high-performing charter school 89 does not materially comply with the requirements in paragraph (a) or, for a high-performing charter school system, the 90 91 application does not materially comply with s. 1002.332(2)(b); 92 (II) The charter school proposed in the application does not materially comply with the requirements in paragraphs 93 94 (9)(a) - (f);95 (III) The proposed charter school's educational program 96 does not substantially replicate that of the applicant or one of 97 the applicant's high-performing charter schools; 98 (IV) The applicant has made a material misrepresentation or 99 false statement or concealed an essential or material fact 100 during the application process; or 101 (V) The proposed charter school's educational program and 102 financial management practices do not materially comply with the 103 requirements of this section. 104 105 Material noncompliance is a failure to follow requirements or a 106 violation of prohibitions applicable to charter school 107 applications, which failure is quantitatively or qualitatively 108 significant either individually or when aggregated with other 109 noncompliance. An applicant is considered to be replicating a 110 high-performing charter school if the proposed school is 111 substantially similar to at least one of the applicant's highperforming charter schools and the organization or individuals 112 113 involved in the establishment and operation of the proposed school are significantly involved in the operation of replicated 114 115 schools. 116 c. If the sponsor denies an application submitted by a

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581-02439-20 20201420c1 117 high-performing charter school or a high-performing charter 118 school system, the sponsor must, within 10 calendar days after 119 such denial, state in writing the specific reasons, based upon 120 the criteria in sub-subparagraph b., supporting its denial of 121 the application and must provide the letter of denial and 122 supporting documentation to the applicant and to the Department 123 of Education. The applicant may appeal the sponsor's denial of 124 the application in accordance with paragraph (c). 125 4. For budget projection purposes, the sponsor shall report 126 to the Department of Education the approval or denial of an 127 application within 10 calendar days after such approval or 128 denial. In the event of approval, the report to the Department 129 of Education shall include the final projected FTE for the 130 approved charter school. 131 5. Upon approval of an application, the initial startup 132 shall commence with the beginning of the public school calendar 133 for the district in which the charter is granted. A charter 134 school may defer the opening of the school's operations for up 135 to 3 years to provide time for adequate facility planning. The 136 charter school must provide written notice of such intent to the 137 sponsor and the parents of enrolled students at least 30 138 calendar days before the first day of school. 139 (17) FUNDING.-Students enrolled in a charter school, 140 regardless of the sponsorship, shall be funded as if they are in

a basic program or a special program, the same as students enrolled in other public schools in the school district. Funding 142 143 for a charter lab school shall be as provided in s. 1002.32.

144 (b) The basis for the agreement for funding students 145 enrolled in a charter school shall be the sum of the school

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581-02439-20 20201420c1 146 district's operating funds from the Florida Education Finance 147 Program as provided in s. 1011.62 and the General Appropriations 148 Act, including gross state and local funds, discretionary 149 lottery funds, and funds from the school district's current 150 operating discretionary millage levy; divided by total funded 151 weighted full-time equivalent students in the school district; 152 multiplied by the weighted full-time equivalent students for the 153 charter school. Charter schools whose students or programs meet 154 the eligibility criteria in law are entitled to their 155 proportionate share of categorical program funds included in the 156 total funds available in the Florida Education Finance Program 157 by the Legislature, including transportation, the research-based 158 reading allocation, and the Florida digital classrooms allocation. Total funding for each charter school shall be 159 160 recalculated during the year to reflect the revised calculations 161 under the Florida Education Finance Program by the state and the 162 actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the 163 charter school during the full-time equivalent student survey 164 periods designated by the Commissioner of Education. For charter 165 schools operated by a not-for-profit or municipal entity, any 166 unrestricted current and capital assets identified in the 167 charter school's annual financial audit may be used for other 168 charter schools operated by the not-for-profit or municipal 169 entity within the state school district. Unrestricted current 170 assets shall be used in accordance with s. 1011.62, and any 171 unrestricted capital assets shall be used in accordance with s. 172 1013.62(2). 173 Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 1002.331, Florida

173 Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 1002.331, Florida 174 Statutes, is amended to read:

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                                                             20201420c1
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          1002.331 High-performing charter schools.-
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          (3) (a)1. A high-performing charter school may submit an
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     application pursuant to s. 1002.33(6) in any school district in
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     the state to establish and operate a new charter school that
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     will substantially replicate its educational program. An
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     application submitted by a high-performing charter school must
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     state that the application is being submitted pursuant to this
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     paragraph and must include the verification letter provided by
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     the Commissioner of Education pursuant to subsection (4).
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          2. If the sponsor fails to act on the application within 90
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     days after receipt, the application is deemed approved and the
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     procedure in s. 1002.33(7) applies.
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           (b) A high-performing charter school may submit two
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     applications for a charter school not establish more than two
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     charter schools within the state under paragraph (a) to be
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     opened at a time determined by the high-performing charter
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     school. in any year. A subsequent application to establish a
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     charter school under paragraph (a) may not be submitted unless
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     each charter school application commences operations or an
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     application is otherwise withdrawn. each charter school
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     established in this manner achieves high-performing charter
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     school status. However, a high-performing charter school may
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     establish more than one charter school within the state under
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     paragraph (a) in any year if it operates in the area of a
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     persistently low-performing school and serves students from that
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     school.
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          (c) This section applies to any high-performing charter
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202 <u>school with an existing approved application.</u>

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Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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	581-02439-20 20201420c1
204	1002.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
205	1002.45 Virtual instruction programs
206	(1) PROGRAM
207	(d) A virtual charter school may provide full-time <u>and</u>
208	part-time virtual instruction for students in kindergarten
209	through grade 12 if the virtual charter school has a charter
210	approved pursuant to s. 1002.33 authorizing full-time virtual
211	instruction. A virtual charter school may:
212	1. Contract with the Florida Virtual School.
213	2. Contract with <u>or be</u> an approved provider under
214	subsection (2).
215	3. Enter into an agreement with a school district to allow
216	the participation of the virtual charter school's students in
217	the school district's virtual instruction program. The agreement
218	must indicate a process for reporting of student enrollment and
219	the transfer of funds required by paragraph (7)(e).
220	4. Contract with any public or charter school to provide
221	any course that the virtual school cannot otherwise provide.
222	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.

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