CHAMBER ACTION

Senate House

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Representative Smith, D. offered the following:

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Amendment (with title amendment)

4 5 Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (
6 Statutes, is amended to read:

Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 218.80, Florida

218.80 Public Bid Disclosure Act.-

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for bids by a local governmental entity, or any public contract

(3) Bidding documents or other request for proposal issued

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entered into between a local governmental entity and a contractor shall disclose each permit or fee which the

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contractor will have to pay before or during construction, and

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shall include the dollar amount or the percentage method or the

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unit method of all permits or fees which may be required by the local government as a part of the contract and a listing of all other governmental entities that may have additional permits or fees generated by the project. If the request for proposal does not require the response to include a final fixed price, the local governmental entity is not required to disclose any fees or assessments in the request for proposal. However, at least 10 days prior to requiring the contractor to submit a final fixed price for the project, the local governmental entity shall make the disclosures required in this section. Any of the local governmental entity's permits or fees that which are not disclosed in the bidding documents, other request for proposal, or a contract between a local government and a contractor shall not be assessed or collected after the contract is let. No local government shall halt construction under any public contract or delay completion of the contract in order to collect any permits or fees which were not provided for or specified in the bidding documents, other request for proposal, or the contract.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 255.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

255.20 Local bids and contracts for public construction works; specification of state-produced lumber.—

(1) A county, municipality, special district as defined in chapter 189, or other political subdivision of the state seeking to construct or improve a public building, structure, or other

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public construction works must competitively award to an
appropriately licensed contractor each project that is estimated
in accordance with generally accepted cost-accounting principles
to cost more than $300,000. For electrical work, the local
government must competitively award to an appropriately licensed
contractor each project that is estimated in accordance with
generally accepted cost-accounting principles to cost more than
$75,000. As used in this section, the term "competitively award"
means to award contracts based on the submission of sealed bids,
proposals submitted in response to a request for proposal,
proposals submitted in response to a request for qualifications,
or proposals submitted for competitive negotiation. This
subsection expressly allows contracts for construction
management services, design/build contracts, continuation
contracts based on unit prices, and any other contract
arrangement with a private sector contractor permitted by any
applicable municipal or county ordinance, by district
resolution, or by state law. For purposes of this section, cost
includes employee compensation and benefits the cost of all
labor, except inmate labor, and the cost of equipment and
maintenance, insurance costs, and the cost of direct materials
to be used in the construction of the project, including
materials purchased by the local government, and other direct
costs, plus a factor of 20 percent for management, overhead, and
other indirect costs. Subject to the provisions of subsection
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- (3), the county, municipality, special district, or other political subdivision may establish, by municipal or county ordinance or special district resolution, procedures for conducting the bidding process.
- (a) Notwithstanding any other law, a governmental entity seeking to construct or improve bridges, roads, streets, highways, or railroads, and services incidental thereto, at a cost in excess of \$250,000 may require that persons interested in performing work under contract first be certified or qualified to perform such work. A contractor may be considered ineligible to bid if the contractor is behind by 10 percent or more on completing an approved progress schedule for the governmental entity at the time of advertising the work. A prequalified contractor considered eligible by the Department of Transportation to bid to perform the type of work described under the contract is presumed to be qualified to perform the work described. The governmental entity may provide an appeal process to overcome that presumption with de novo review based on the record below to the circuit court.
- (b) For contractors who are not prequalified by the Department of Transportation, the governmental entity shall publish prequalification criteria and procedures prior to advertisement or notice of solicitation. Such publications must include notice of a public hearing for comment on such criteria and procedures prior to adoption. The procedures must provide

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for an appeal process within the authority for making objections to the prequalification process with de novo review based on the record below to the circuit court within 30 days.

- (c) The provisions of this subsection do not apply:
- 1. If the project is undertaken to replace, reconstruct, or repair an existing public building, structure, or other public construction works damaged or destroyed by a sudden unexpected turn of events such as an act of God, riot, fire, flood, accident, or other urgent circumstances, and such damage or destruction creates:
 - a. An immediate danger to the public health or safety;
- b. Other loss to public or private property which requires emergency government action; or
 - c. An interruption of an essential governmental service.
- 2. If, after notice by publication in accordance with the applicable ordinance or resolution, the governmental entity does not receive any responsive bids or proposals.
- 3. To construction, remodeling, repair, or improvement to a public electric or gas utility system if such work on the public utility system is performed by personnel of the system.
- 4. To construction, remodeling, repair, or improvement by a utility commission whose major contracts are to construct and operate a public electric utility system.
- 5. If the project is undertaken as repair or maintenance of an existing public facility. For the purposes of this

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paragraph, the term "repair" means a corrective action to restore an existing public facility to a safe and functional condition and the term "maintenance" means a preventive or corrective action to maintain an existing public facility in an operational state or to preserve the facility from failure or decline. Repair or maintenance includes activities that are necessarily incidental to repairing or maintaining the facility. Repair or maintenance does not include the construction of any new building, structure, or other public construction works or any substantial addition, extension, or upgrade to an existing public facility. Such additions, extensions, or upgrades shall be considered substantial if the estimated cost of the additions, extensions, or upgrades included as part of the repair or maintenance project exceeds the threshold amount in subsection (1) and exceeds 20 percent of the estimated total cost of the repair or maintenance project using generally accepted cost-accounting principles that fully accounting account for all costs associated with performing and completing the work, including employee compensation and benefits, equipment cost and maintenance, insurance costs, and the cost of direct materials to be used in the construction of the project, including materials purchased by the local government, and other direct costs, plus a factor of 20 percent for management, overhead, and other indirect costs. An addition, extension, or upgrade shall not be considered substantial if it is undertaken

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pursuant to the conditions specified in subparagraph 1. Repair and maintenance projects and any related additions, extensions, or upgrades may not be divided into multiple projects for the purpose of evading the requirements of this subparagraph.

- 6. If the project is undertaken exclusively as part of a public educational program.
- 7. If the funding source of the project will be diminished or lost because the time required to competitively award the project after the funds become available exceeds the time within which the funding source must be spent.
- 8. If the local government competitively awarded a project to a private sector contractor and the contractor abandoned the project before completion or the local government terminated the contract.
- 9. If the governing board of the local government complies with all of the requirements of this subparagraph, conducts a public meeting under s. 286.011 after public notice, and finds by majority vote of the governing board that it is in the public's best interest to perform the project using its own services, employees, and equipment. The public notice must be published at least 21 days before the date of the public meeting at which the governing board takes final action. The notice must identify the project, the components and scope of the work, and the estimated cost of the project using generally accepted costaccounting principles that fully accounting account for all

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costs associated with performing and completing the work, including employee compensation and benefits, equipment cost and maintenance, insurance costs, and the cost of direct materials to be used in the construction of the project, including materials purchased by the local government, and other direct costs, plus a factor of 20 percent for management, overhead, and other indirect costs. The notice must specify that the purpose for the public meeting is to consider whether it is in the public's best interest to perform the project using the local government's own services, employees, and equipment. Upon publication of the public notice and for 21 days thereafter, the local government shall make available for public inspection, during normal business hours and at a location specified in the public notice, a detailed itemization of each component of the estimated cost of the project and documentation explaining the methodology used to arrive at the estimated cost. At the public meeting, any qualified contractor or vendor who could have been awarded the project had the project been competitively bid shall be provided with a reasonable opportunity to present evidence to the governing board regarding the project and the accuracy of the local government's estimated cost of the project. In deciding whether it is in the public's best interest for the local government to perform a project using its own services, employees, and equipment, the governing board must consider the estimated cost of the project fully accounting for all costs

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213 <u>shall review the report as part of his or her audits of local</u> 214 governments.

- 10. If the governing board of the local government determines upon consideration of specific substantive criteria that it is in the best interest of the local government to award the project to an appropriately licensed private sector contractor pursuant to administrative procedures established by and expressly set forth in a charter, ordinance, or resolution of the local government adopted before July 1, 1994. The criteria and procedures must be set out in the charter, ordinance, or resolution and must be applied uniformly by the local government to avoid awarding a project in an arbitrary or capricious manner. This exception applies only if all of the following occur:
- a. The governing board of the local government, after public notice, conducts a public meeting under s. 286.011 and finds by a two-thirds vote of the governing board that it is in the public's best interest to award the project according to the criteria and procedures established by charter, ordinance, or resolution. The public notice must be published at least 14 days before the date of the public meeting at which the governing board takes final action. The notice must identify the project, the estimated cost of the project, and specify that the purpose for the public meeting is to consider whether it is in the public's best interest to award the project using the criteria

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and procedures permitted by the preexisting charter, ordinance, or resolution.

- b. The project is to be awarded by any method other than a competitive selection process, and the governing board finds evidence that:
- (I) There is one appropriately licensed contractor who is uniquely qualified to undertake the project because that contractor is currently under contract to perform work that is affiliated with the project; or
- (II) The time to competitively award the project will jeopardize the funding for the project, materially increase the cost of the project, or create an undue hardship on the public health, safety, or welfare.
- c. The project is to be awarded by any method other than a competitive selection process, and the published notice clearly specifies the ordinance or resolution by which the private sector contractor will be selected and the criteria to be considered.
- d. The project is to be awarded by a method other than a competitive selection process, and the architect or engineer of record has provided a written recommendation that the project be awarded to the private sector contractor without competitive selection, and the consideration by, and the justification of, the government body are documented, in writing, in the project

file and are presented to the governing board prior to the approval required in this paragraph.

- 11. To projects subject to chapter 336.
- (d) If the project:
- 1. Is to be awarded based on price, the contract must be awarded to the lowest qualified and responsive bidder in accordance with the applicable county or municipal ordinance or district resolution and in accordance with the applicable contract documents. The county, municipality, or special district may reserve the right to reject all bids and to rebid the project, or elect not to proceed with the project. This subsection is not intended to restrict the rights of any local government to reject the low bid of a nonqualified or nonresponsive bidder and to award the contract to any other qualified and responsive bidder in accordance with the standards and procedures of any applicable county or municipal ordinance or any resolution of a special district.
- 2. Uses a request for proposal or a request for qualifications, the request must be publicly advertised and the contract must be awarded in accordance with the applicable local ordinances.
- 3. Is subject to competitive negotiations, the contract must be awarded in accordance with s. 287.055.
- (e) If a construction project greater than \$300,000, or \$75,000 for electrical work, is started after October 1, 1999,

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is to be performed by a local government using its own employees in a county or municipality that issues registered contractor licenses, and the project would require a contractor licensed under chapter 489 if performed by a private sector contractor, the local government must use a person appropriately registered or certified under chapter 489 to supervise the work.

- (f) If a construction project greater than \$300,000, or \$75,000 for electrical work, is started after October 1, 1999, is to be performed by a local government using its own employees in a county that does not issue registered contractor licenses, and the project would require a contractor licensed under chapter 489 if performed by a private sector contractor, the local government must use a person appropriately registered or certified under chapter 489 or a person appropriately licensed under chapter 471 to supervise the work.
- (g) Projects performed by a local government using its own services and employees must be inspected in the same manner required for work performed by private sector contractors.
- (h) A construction project provided for in this subsection may not be divided into more than one project for the purpose of evading this subsection.
- (i) This subsection does not preempt the requirements of any small-business or disadvantaged-business enterprise program or any local-preference ordinance.

- (j) A county, municipality, special district as defined in s. 189.012, or any other political subdivision of the state that owns or operates a public-use airport as defined in s. 332.004 is exempt from this section when performing repairs or maintenance on the airport's buildings, structures, or public construction works using the local government's own services, employees, and equipment.
- (k) A local government that owns or operates a port identified in s. 403.021(9)(b) is exempt from this section when performing repairs or maintenance on the port's buildings, structures, or public construction works using the local government's own services, employees, and equipment.
- (1) A local government that owns or operates a public transit system as defined in s. 343.52, a public transportation system as defined in s. 343.62, or a mass transit system described in s. 349.04(1)(b) is exempt from this section when performing repairs or maintenance on the buildings, structures, or public construction works of the public transit system, public transportation system, or mass transit system using the local government's own services, employees, and equipment.
- (m) Any contractor may be considered ineligible to bid by the governmental entity if the contractor has been found guilty by a court of any violation of federal labor or employment tax laws regarding subjects such as safety, tax withholding, workers' compensation, reemployment assistance or unemployment

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tax, social security and Medicare tax, wage or hour, or prevailing rate laws within the past 5 years.

Section 3. Subsection (4) of section 336.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 336.41 Counties; employing labor and providing road equipment; accounting; when competitive bidding required.—
- (4) All construction and reconstruction of roads and bridges, including resurfacing, full scale mineral seal coating, and major bridge and bridge system repairs, to be performed utilizing the proceeds of the 80-percent portion of the surplus of the constitutional gas tax shall be let to contract to the lowest responsible bidder by competitive bid, except for:
- (a) Construction and maintenance in emergency situations, and
- (b) In addition to emergency work, construction and reconstruction, including resurfacing, mineral seal coating, and bridge repairs, having a total cumulative annual value not to exceed 5 percent of its 80-percent portion of the constitutional gas tax or \$400,000, whichever is greater, and
- (c) Construction of sidewalks, curbing, accessibility ramps, or appurtenances incidental to roads and bridges if each project is estimated in accordance with generally accepted cost-accounting principles to have total construction project costs of less than \$400,000 or as adjusted by the percentage change in the Construction Cost Index from January 1, 2008,

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362	for which the county may utilize its own forces. Estimated total
363	construction project costs must include all costs associated
364	with performing and completing the work, including employee
365	compensation and benefits, equipment cost and maintenance,
366	insurance costs, and the cost of direct materials to be used in
367	the construction of the project, including materials purchased
368	by the local government, and other direct costs, plus a factor
369	of 20 percent for management, overhead, and other indirect
370	costs. However, if, after proper advertising, no bids are
371	received by a county for a specific project, the county may use
372	its own forces to construct the project, notwithstanding the
373	limitation of this subsection. Nothing in this section shall
374	prevent the county from performing routine maintenance as
375	authorized by law.
376	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.
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379	TITLE AMENDMENT
380	Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:
381	A bill to be entitled
382	An act relating to local government public
383	construction works; amending s. 218.80, F.S.; revising
384	disclosure requirements for bidding documents and
385	other requests for proposals issued for bids by a

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local governmental entity and public contracts entered into between local governmental entities and contractors; amending s. 255.20, F.S.; revising the term cost to include specified information; requiring the governing board of a local government to consider estimated costs of certain projects that account for specified costs when the board is making a specified determination; requiring that a local government that performs projects using its own services, employees, and equipment provide a report to the local governing board with certain information; requiring that the Auditor General review the report as part of his or her audits of local governments; amending s. 336.41, F.S.; requiring estimated total construction project costs for certain projects to include specified costs; providing an effective date.

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