1	
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to criminal justice; amending s.
3	893.13, F.S.; prohibiting the imprisonment for longer
4	than a certain time for persons who possess, purchase,
5	or possess with the intent to purchase less than
6	specified amounts of certain substances; providing
7	exceptions; amending s. 893.135, F.S.; authorizing a
8	court to impose a sentence other than the mandatory
9	minimum term of imprisonment and mandatory fine for a
10	person convicted of trafficking if the court makes
11	certain findings on the record; amending s. 961.03,
12	F.S.; extending the filing deadline for a petition
13	claiming wrongful incarceration; providing limited
14	retroactivity for filing a petition claiming wrongful
15	incarceration; amending s. 961.04, F.S.; deleting
16	eligibility requirements relating to a person's
17	conduct before the person's wrongful conviction or
18	incarceration; amending s. 961.06, F.S.; requiring the
19	state to deduct the amount of a civil award from the
20	state compensation amount owed if the claimant first
21	receives a civil award; deleting a requirement that a
22	wrongfully incarcerated person sign a liability
23	release before receiving compensation; requiring a
24	claimant to reimburse the state for any difference
25	between state compensation and a civil award if the
26	claimant receives statutory compensation prior to a
27	civil award; deleting provisions prohibiting an
28	application for compensation if the applicant has a
29	pending civil suit requesting compensation; requiring
I	

Page 1 of 17

2020346e1

30	a claimant to notify the Department of Legal Affairs
31	upon filing a civil action; requiring the department
32	to file a notice of payment of monetary compensation
33	in the civil action; amending s. 893.03, F.S.;
34	conforming a cross-reference; reenacting ss. 961.02(4)
35	and 961.03(1)(a), (2), (3), and (4), F.S., all
36	relating to eligibility for compensation for
37	wrongfully incarcerated persons; providing an
38	effective date.
39	
40	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
41	
42	Section 1. Present subsection (10) of section 893.13,
43	Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (11), and a new
44	subsection (10) is added to that section, to read:
45	893.13 Prohibited acts; penalties
46	(10) Notwithstanding chapter 921, any provision of this
47	section, or any other law relating to the punishment for
48	possessing, purchasing, or possessing with the intent to
49	purchase a controlled substance, a person who possesses,
50	purchases, or possesses with the intent to purchase any of the
51	following substances may not be imprisoned for a term longer
52	than 12 months:
53	(a) One gram or less of a mixture or substance containing a
54	detectable amount of heroin;
55	(b) One gram or less of a mixture or substance containing a
56	detectable amount of:
57	1. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca
58	leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivations of ecgonine

Page 2 of 17

2020346e1 59 or their salts have been removed; 2. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and 60 salts of its isomers; 61 62 3. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and 63 salts of their isomers; or 64 4. Any compound, mixture, or preparation of any of the 65 substances described in subparagraph 1., subparagraph 2., or 66 subparagraph 3. 67 (c) One-tenth gram or less of a mixture or substance 68 containing a detectable amount of phencyclidine (PCP); 69 (d) Five-hundred micrograms or less of a mixture or 70 substance containing a detectable amount of lysergic acid 71 diethylamide (LSD); or 72 (e) One gram or less of methamphetamine, its salts, 73 isomers, and salts of its isomers, or one gram of a mixture or 74 substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its 75 salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers. 76 Section 2. Present subsections (6) and (7) of section 77 893.135, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7) 78 and (8), respectively, and a new subsection (6) is added to that 79 section, to read: 80 893.135 Trafficking; mandatory sentences; suspension or 81 reduction of sentences; conspiracy to engage in trafficking.-82 (6) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, a court 83 may impose a sentence for a violation of this section other than 84 the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment and mandatory fine 85 if, after the state has been afforded an opportunity on the record to make a recommendation, the court finds on the record 86 87 that all of the following circumstances exist:

Page 3 of 17

88	(a) The defendant has no prior conviction for a forcible
89	felony as defined in s. 776.08, has no prior conviction for
90	trafficking in a controlled substance, and has a total prior
91	record score of less than four points on his or her sentencing
92	scoresheet.
93	(b) The defendant did not use violence or credible threats
94	of violence, or possess a firearm or other dangerous weapon, or
95	induce another participant to use violence or credible threats
96	of violence, in connection with the offense.
97	(c) The offense did not result in the death of or serious
98	bodily injury to any person.
99	(d) The defendant was not an organizer, leader, manager, or
100	supervisor of others in the offense and was not engaged in a
101	continuing criminal enterprise as defined in s. 893.20.
102	(e) At the time of the sentencing hearing or earlier, the
103	defendant has truthfully provided to the state all information
104	and evidence that he or she possesses concerning the offense or
105	offenses that were part of the same course of conduct or of a
106	common scheme or plan.
107	(f) The defendant has not previously benefited from the
108	application of this subsection.
109	
110	A court may not apply this subsection to an offense under this
111	section which carries a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment
112	of 7 years or more.
113	Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
114	961.03, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (c) is added
115	to that subsection, to read:
116	961.03 Determination of status as a wrongfully incarcerated

Page 4 of 17

2020346e1 117 person; determination of eligibility for compensation.-118 (1)119 (b) The person must file the petition with the court: 120 1. Within 2 years after the order vacating a conviction and 121 sentence becomes final and the criminal charges against the 122 person are dismissed or the person is retried and found not 123 guilty, if the person's conviction and sentence is vacated on or 124 after July 1, 2020. 125 2. By July 1, 2022, if the person's conviction and sentence 126 was vacated and the criminal charges against the person were 127 dismissed or the person was retried and found not guilty after 128 July 1, 2008, but before July 1, 2020, and he or she previously 129 filed a claim under this section that was dismissed or did not 130 file a claim under this section because the: 131 a. Date when the criminal charges against the person were 132 dismissed or the date the person was acquitted upon retrial occurred more than 90 days after the date of the final order 133 134 vacating the conviction and sentence; or 135 b. Person was convicted of an unrelated felony before his 136 or her wrongful conviction and incarceration and was previously 137 barred under s. 961.04. 138 1. Within 90 days after the order vacating a conviction and sentence becomes final if the person's conviction and sentence 139 is vacated on or after July 1, 2008. 140 2. By July 1, 2010, if the person's conviction and sentence 141 142 was vacated by an order that became final prior to July 1, 2008. 143 (c) A deceased person's heirs, successors, or assigns do 144 not have standing to file a claim on the deceased person's 145 behalf under this section.

Page 5 of 17

146	Section 4. Subsections (3) , (4) , and (5) of section 961.04,
147	Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (1), (2), and
148	(3), respectively, and present subsections (1) and (2) of that
149	section are amended, to read:
150	961.04 Eligibility for compensation for wrongful
151	incarceration.—A wrongfully incarcerated person is not eligible
152	for compensation under the act if:
153	(1) Before the person's wrongful conviction and
154	incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or
155	nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, any violent
156	felony, or a crime committed in another jurisdiction the
157	elements of which would constitute a violent felony in this
158	state, or a crime committed against the United States which is
159	designated a violent felony, excluding any delinquency
160	disposition;
TOO	
161	(2) Before the person's wrongful conviction and
	-
161	(2) Before the person's wrongful conviction and
161 162	(2) Before the person's wrongful conviction and incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or
161 162 163	(2) Before the person's wrongful conviction and incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, more than one
161 162 163 164	(2) Before the person's wrongful conviction and incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, more than one felony that is not a violent felony, or more than one crime
161 162 163 164 165	(2) Before the person's wrongful conviction and incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, more than one felony that is not a violent felony, or more than one crime committed in another jurisdiction, the elements of which would
161 162 163 164 165 166	(2) Before the person's wrongful conviction and incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, more than one felony that is not a violent felony, or more than one crime committed in another jurisdiction, the elements of which would constitute a felony in this state, or more than one crime
161 162 163 164 165 166 167	(2) Before the person's wrongful conviction and incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, more than one felony that is not a violent felony, or more than one crime committed in another jurisdiction, the elements of which would constitute a felony in this state, or more than one crime committed against the United States which is designated a
161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168	(2) Before the person's wrongful conviction and incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, more than one felony that is not a violent felony, or more than one crime committed in another jurisdiction, the elements of which would constitute a felony in this state, or more than one erime committed against the United States which is designated a felony, excluding any delinquency disposition;
161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169	(2) Before the person's wrongful conviction and incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, more than one felony that is not a violent felony, or more than one crime committed in another jurisdiction, the elements of which would constitute a felony in this state, or more than one crime committed against the United States which is designated a felony, excluding any delinquency disposition; Section 5. Section 961.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to
161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170	(2) Before the person's wrongful conviction and incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, more than one felony that is not a violent felony, or more than one crime committed in another jurisdiction, the elements of which would constitute a felony in this state, or more than one crime committed against the United States which is designated a felony, excluding any delinquency disposition; Section 5. Section 961.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171	<pre>(2) Before the person's wrongful conviction and incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, more than one felony that is not a violent felony, or more than one crime committed in another jurisdiction, the elements of which would constitute a felony in this state, or more than one crime committed against the United States which is designated a felony, excluding any delinquency disposition; Section 5. Section 961.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 961.06 Compensation for wrongful incarceration</pre>
161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172	<pre>(2) Before the person's wrongful conviction and incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, more than one felony that is not a violent felony, or more than one crime committed in another jurisdiction, the elements of which would constitute a felony in this state, or more than one crime committed against the United States which is designated a felony, excluding any delinquency disposition; section 5. Section 961.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:</pre>

Page 6 of 17

2020346e1

175

5 provisions of this act is entitled to:

176 (a) Monetary compensation for wrongful incarceration, which 177 shall be calculated at a rate of \$50,000 for each year of 178 wrongful incarceration, prorated as necessary to account for a 179 portion of a year. For persons found to be wrongfully 180 incarcerated after December 31, 2008, the Chief Financial 181 Officer may adjust the annual rate of compensation for inflation 182 using the change in the December-to-December "Consumer Price 183 Index for All Urban Consumers" of the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor; 184

185 (b) A waiver of tuition and fees for up to 120 hours of 186 instruction at any career center established under s. 1001.44, 187 any Florida College System institution as defined in s. 188 1000.21(3), or any state university as defined in s. 1000.21(6), 189 if the wrongfully incarcerated person meets and maintains the 190 regular admission requirements of such career center, Florida 191 College System institution, or state university; remains 192 registered at such educational institution; and makes 193 satisfactory academic progress as defined by the educational 194 institution in which the claimant is enrolled;

(c) The amount of any fine, penalty, or court costs imposedand paid by the wrongfully incarcerated person;

(d) The amount of any reasonable <u>attorney</u> attorney's fees and expenses incurred and paid by the wrongfully incarcerated person in connection with all criminal proceedings and appeals regarding the wrongful conviction, to be calculated by the department based upon the supporting documentation submitted as specified in s. 961.05; and

203

(e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in s.

Page 7 of 17

204 943.0583 or s. 943.0585, immediate administrative expunction of 205 the person's criminal record resulting from his or her wrongful 206 arrest, wrongful conviction, and wrongful incarceration. The 207 Department of Legal Affairs and the Department of Law 208 Enforcement shall, upon a determination that a claimant is 209 entitled to compensation, immediately take all action necessary 210 to administratively expunge the claimant's criminal record 211 arising from his or her wrongful arrest, wrongful conviction, and wrongful incarceration. All fees for this process shall be 212 213 waived.

214

The total compensation awarded under paragraphs (a), (c), and (d) may not exceed \$2 million. No further award for <u>attorney</u> attorney's fees, lobbying fees, costs, or other similar expenses shall be made by the state.

219 (2) In calculating monetary compensation under paragraph 220 (1) (a), a wrongfully incarcerated person who is placed on parole 221 or community supervision while serving the sentence resulting 222 from the wrongful conviction and who commits no more than one 223 felony that is not a violent felony which results in revocation 224 of the parole or community supervision is eligible for 225 compensation for the total number of years incarcerated. A 226 wrongfully incarcerated person who commits one violent felony or 227 more than one felony that is not a violent felony that results 228 in revocation of the parole or community supervision is 229 ineligible for any compensation under subsection (1).

(3) Within 15 calendar days after issuing notice to the
claimant that his or her claim satisfies all of the requirements
under this act, the department shall notify the Chief Financial

Page 8 of 17

Officer to draw a warrant from the General Revenue Fund or another source designated by the Legislature in law for the purchase of an annuity for the claimant based on the total amount determined by the department under this act.

237 (4) The Chief Financial Officer shall issue payment in the 238 amount determined by the department to an insurance company or 239 other financial institution admitted and authorized to issue 240 annuity contracts in this state to purchase an annuity or annuities, selected by the wrongfully incarcerated person, for a 241 term of not less than 10 years. The Chief Financial Officer is 242 243 directed to execute all necessary agreements to implement this 244 act and to maximize the benefit to the wrongfully incarcerated person. The terms of the annuity or annuities shall: 245

(a) Provide that the annuity or annuities may not be sold,
discounted, or used as security for a loan or mortgage by the
wrongfully incarcerated person.

(b) Contain beneficiary provisions for the continued
disbursement of the annuity or annuities in the event of the
death of the wrongfully incarcerated person.

252 (5) If, at the time monetary compensation is determined 253 under paragraph (1)(a), a court has previously entered a 254 monetary judgment in favor of the claimant in a civil action 255 related to the person's wrongful incarceration, or the claimant 256 has entered into a settlement agreement with the state or any 257 political subdivision thereof related to the person's wrongful incarceration, the amount of the damages in the civil action or 2.58 259 settlement agreement, less any sums paid for attorney fees or 260 for costs incurred in litigating the civil action or obtaining 261 the settlement agreement, must be deducted from the total

Page 9 of 17

I

2020346e1

262	monetary compensation to which the claimant is entitled under
263	this section Before the department approves the application for
264	compensation, the wrongfully incarcerated person must sign a
265	release and waiver on behalf of the wrongfully incarcerated
266	person and his or her heirs, successors, and assigns, forever
267	releasing the state or any agency, instrumentality, or any
268	political subdivision thereof, or any other entity subject to s.
269	768.28, from all present or future claims that the wrongfully
270	incarcerated person or his or her heirs, successors, or assigns
271	may have against such entities arising out of the facts in
272	connection with the wrongful conviction for which compensation
273	is being sought under the act.
274	(6) If subsection (5) does not apply, and if after the time
275	monetary compensation is determined under paragraph (1)(a) the
276	court enters a monetary judgment in favor of the claimant in a
277	civil action related to the person's wrongful incarceration, or
278	the claimant enters into a settlement agreement with the state
279	or any political subdivision thereof related to the person's
280	wrongful incarceration, the claimant must reimburse the state
281	for the monetary compensation in paragraph (1)(a), less any sums
000	

282 paid for attorney fees or costs incurred in litigating the civil 283 action or obtaining the settlement agreement. A reimbursement 284 required under this subsection shall not exceed the amount of 285 the monetary award the claimant received for damages in a civil 286 action or settlement agreement. The court shall include in the 287 order of judgment an award to the state of any amount required 288 to be deducted under this subsection.

289 (6) (a) A wrongfully incarcerated person may not submit an 290 application for compensation under this act if the person has a

Page 10 of 17

1

2020346e1

291	lawsuit pending against the state or any agency,
292	instrumentality, or any political subdivision thereof, or any
293	other entity subject to the provisions of s. 768.28, in state or
294	federal court requesting compensation arising out of the facts
295	in connection with the claimant's conviction and incarceration.
296	(7)(a) The claimant shall notify the department upon filing
297	a civil action against the state or any political subdivision
298	thereof in which the claimant is seeking monetary damages
299	related to the claimant's wrongful incarceration for which he or
300	she previously received or is applying to receive compensation
301	pursuant to paragraph (1)(a).
302	(b) Upon notice of the claimant's civil action, the
303	department shall file in the case a notice of payment of
304	monetary compensation to the claimant under paragraph (1)(a).
305	The notice shall constitute a lien upon any judgment or
306	settlement recovered under the civil action that is equal to the
307	sum of monetary compensation paid to the claimant under
308	paragraph (1)(a), less any attorney fees and litigation costs.
309	<u>(8)(a)</u> A wrongfully incarcerated person may not submit
310	an application for compensation under this act if the person is
311	the subject of a claim bill pending for claims arising out of
312	the facts in connection with the claimant's conviction and
313	incarceration.
314	(b) (c) Once an application is filed under this act, a

315 wrongfully incarcerated person may not pursue recovery under a 316 claim bill until the final disposition of the application.

317 <u>(c) (d)</u> Any amount awarded under this act is intended to 318 provide the sole compensation for any and all present and future 319 claims arising out of the facts in connection with the

Page 11 of 17

320 claimant's conviction and incarceration. Upon notification by 321 the department that an application meets the requirements of 322 this act, a wrongfully incarcerated person may not recover under 323 a claim bill.

324 <u>(d) (e)</u> Any compensation awarded under a claim bill shall be 325 the sole redress for claims arising out of the facts in 326 connection with the claimant's conviction and incarceration and, 327 upon any award of compensation to a wrongfully incarcerated 328 person under a claim bill, the person may not receive 329 compensation under this act.

330 <u>(9)(7)</u> Any payment made under this act does not constitute 331 a waiver of any defense of sovereign immunity or an increase in 332 the limits of liability on behalf of the state or any person 333 subject to the provisions of s. 768.28 or other law.

334 Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 335 893.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

893.03 Standards and schedules.-The substances enumerated 336 337 in this section are controlled by this chapter. The controlled 338 substances listed or to be listed in Schedules I, II, III, IV, 339 and V are included by whatever official, common, usual, 340 chemical, trade name, or class designated. The provisions of 341 this section shall not be construed to include within any of the 342 schedules contained in this section any excluded drugs listed 343 within the purview of 21 C.F.R. s. 1308.22, styled "Excluded Substances"; 21 C.F.R. s. 1308.24, styled "Exempt Chemical 344 345 Preparations"; 21 C.F.R. s. 1308.32, styled "Exempted 346 Prescription Products"; or 21 C.F.R. s. 1308.34, styled "Exempt 347 Anabolic Steroid Products."

348

(3) SCHEDULE III.-A substance in Schedule III has a

Page 12 of 17

349 potential for abuse less than the substances contained in 350 Schedules I and II and has a currently accepted medical use in 351 treatment in the United States, and abuse of the substance may 352 lead to moderate or low physical dependence or high 353 psychological dependence or, in the case of anabolic steroids, 354 may lead to physical damage. The following substances are 355 controlled in Schedule III:

(c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing limited quantities of any of the following controlled substances or any salts thereof:

360 1. Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters 361 or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with an equal or 362 greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium.

363 2. Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters 364 or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with recognized 365 therapeutic amounts of one or more active ingredients which are 366 not controlled substances.

367 3. Not more than 300 milligrams of hydrocodone per 100 368 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with 369 a fourfold or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of 370 opium.

371 4. Not more than 300 milligrams of hydrocodone per 100 372 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with 373 recognized therapeutic amounts of one or more active ingredients 374 that are not controlled substances.

5. Not more than 1.8 grams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with recognized therapeutic amounts of one or more active ingredients

Page 13 of 17

404

prescribed in s. 961.04.

First Engrossed

2020346e1

378 which are not controlled substances. 379 6. Not more than 300 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 380 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with 381 one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized 382 therapeutic amounts. 383 7. Not more than 50 milligrams of morphine per 100 384 milliliters or per 100 grams, with recognized therapeutic 385 amounts of one or more active ingredients which are not 386 controlled substances. 387 388 For purposes of charging a person with a violation of s. 893.135 389 involving any controlled substance described in subparagraph 3. 390 or subparagraph 4., the controlled substance is a Schedule III 391 controlled substance pursuant to this paragraph but the weight 392 of the controlled substance per milliliters or per dosage unit 393 is not relevant to the charging of a violation of s. 893.135. 394 The weight of the controlled substance shall be determined 395 pursuant to s. 893.135(7) s. 893.135(6). 396 Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 397 made by this act to section 961.04, Florida Statutes, in a 398 reference thereto, subsection (4) of section 961.02, Florida 399 Statutes, is reenacted to read: 400 961.02 Definitions.-As used in ss. 961.01-961.07, the term: 401 (4) "Eligible for compensation" means that a person meets the definition of the term "wrongfully incarcerated person" and 402 403 is not disqualified from seeking compensation under the criteria

405 Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments 406 made by this act to section 961.04, Florida Statutes, in

Page 14 of 17

2020346e1

407 references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and 408 subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 961.03, Florida 409 Statutes, are reenacted to read:

410 961.03 Determination of status as a wrongfully incarcerated 411 person; determination of eligibility for compensation.-

412 (1) (a) In order to meet the definition of a "wrongfully 413 incarcerated person" and "eligible for compensation," upon entry 414 of an order, based upon exonerating evidence, vacating a 415 conviction and sentence, a person must set forth the claim of wrongful incarceration under oath and with particularity by 416 417 filing a petition with the original sentencing court, with a 418 copy of the petition and proper notice to the prosecuting 419 authority in the underlying felony for which the person was 420 incarcerated. At a minimum, the petition must:

1. State that verifiable and substantial evidence of actual innocence exists and state with particularity the nature and significance of the verifiable and substantial evidence of actual innocence; and

425 2. State that the person is not disqualified, under the 426 provisions of s. 961.04, from seeking compensation under this 427 act.

428 (2) The prosecuting authority must respond to the petition429 within 30 days. The prosecuting authority may respond:

(a) By certifying to the court that, based upon the
petition and verifiable and substantial evidence of actual
innocence, no further criminal proceedings in the case at bar
can or will be initiated by the prosecuting authority, that no
questions of fact remain as to the petitioner's wrongful
incarceration, and that the petitioner is not ineligible from

Page 15 of 17

436 seeking compensation under the provisions of s. 961.04; or

(b) By contesting the nature, significance, or effect of the evidence of actual innocence, the facts related to the petitioner's alleged wrongful incarceration, or whether the petitioner is ineligible from seeking compensation under the provisions of s. 961.04.

442 (3) If the prosecuting authority responds as set forth in paragraph (2)(a), the original sentencing court, based upon the 443 444 evidence of actual innocence, the prosecuting authority's certification, and upon the court's finding that the petitioner 445 446 has presented clear and convincing evidence that the petitioner 447 committed neither the act nor the offense that served as the 448 basis for the conviction and incarceration, and that the 449 petitioner did not aid, abet, or act as an accomplice to a 450 person who committed the act or offense, shall certify to the 451 department that the petitioner is a wrongfully incarcerated 452 person as defined by this act. Based upon the prosecuting 453 authority's certification, the court shall also certify to the 454 department that the petitioner is eligible for compensation 455 under the provisions of s. 961.04.

456 (4) (a) If the prosecuting authority responds as set forth 457 in paragraph (2)(b), the original sentencing court shall make a 458 determination from the pleadings and supporting documentation 459 whether, by a preponderance of the evidence, the petitioner is 460 ineligible for compensation under the provisions of s. 961.04, 461 regardless of his or her claim of wrongful incarceration. If the 462 court finds the petitioner ineligible under the provisions of s. 463 961.04, it shall dismiss the petition.

464

(b) If the prosecuting authority responds as set forth in

Page 16 of 17

465 paragraph (2)(b), and the court determines that the petitioner 466 is eligible under the provisions of s. 961.04, but the 467 prosecuting authority contests the nature, significance or 468 effect of the evidence of actual innocence, or the facts related 469 to the petitioner's alleged wrongful incarceration, the court 470 shall set forth its findings and transfer the petition by 471 electronic means through the division's website to the division for findings of fact and a recommended determination of whether 472 473 the petitioner has established that he or she is a wrongfully 474 incarcerated person who is eligible for compensation under this 475 act.

476

Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.