By Senator Powell

30-00514-20 2020618

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the detention of children; amending s. 985.265, F.S.; prohibiting the holding of a child awaiting trial who is treated as an adult for purposes of criminal prosecution in a jail or other facility intended or used for the detention of adults; providing an exception; requiring the court to consider specified factors in making a certain determination; providing a requirement and a prohibition if a court determines that it is in the interest of justice to allow a child to be held in a jail or other facility intended or used for the detention of adults; deleting provisions under which a court is required to order the delivery of a child to a jail or other facility intended or used for the detention of adults; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 985.265, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.265 Detention transfer and release; education; adult jails.—

(5) (a) Unless a court finds in writing and after a hearing that it is in the interest of justice, a child awaiting trial or other legal process who is treated as an adult for purposes of prosecution in criminal court and is housed in a secure facility may not be held in a The court shall order the delivery of a

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child to a jail or other facility intended or used for the detention of adults. In determining whether it is in the interest of justice to allow a child to be held in a jail or other facility intended or used for the detention of adults, a court shall consider all of the following:

- 1. The age of the juvenile.
- 2. The physical and mental maturity of the juvenile.
- 3. The present mental state of the juvenile, including whether the juvenile presents an imminent risk of harm to himself or herself.
 - 4. The nature and circumstances of the alleged offense.
 - 5. The juvenile's history of prior delinquent acts.
- 6. The relative ability of the available adult and juvenile detention facilities to not only meet the specific needs of the juvenile but also to protect the safety of the public as well as other juveniles detained in such facilities.
 - 7. Any other relevant factor.
- (b) If a court determines that it is in the interest of justice to allow a child to be held in a jail or other facility intended or used for the detention of adults:
- 1. The court must hold a hearing no less frequently than once every 30 days, or in the case of a rural jurisdiction, no less frequently than once every 45 days, to review whether it is still in the interest of justice to allow the child to be so held; and
- 2. The child may not be held in a jail or other facility intended or used for the detention of adults for more than 180 days, unless the court in writing determines there is good cause for an extension or the child expressly waives this limitation.

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(a) When the child has been transferred or indicted for criminal prosecution as an adult under part X, except that the court may not order or allow a child alleged to have committed a misdemeanor who is being transferred for criminal prosecution pursuant to either s. 985.556 or s. 985.557 to be detained or held in a jail or other facility intended or used for the detention of adults; however, such child may be held temporarily in a detention facility; or

(b) When a child taken into custody in this state is wanted by another jurisdiction for prosecution as an adult.

The child held in a jail or other facility intended or used for the detention of adults shall be housed separately from adult inmates to prohibit a child from having regular contact with incarcerated adults, including trusties. "Regular contact" means sight and sound contact. Separation of children from adults shall permit no more than haphazard or accidental contact. The receiving jail or other facility shall contain a separate section for children and shall have an adequate staff to supervise and monitor the child's activities at all times. Supervision and monitoring of children includes physical observation and documented checks by jail or receiving facility supervisory personnel at intervals not to exceed 10 minutes. This subsection does not prohibit placing two or more children in the same cell. Under no circumstances shall a child be placed in the same cell with an adult.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.