

**The Florida Senate**  
**BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT**

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

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Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Governmental Oversight and Accountability

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BILL: CS/SB 952

INTRODUCER: Governmental Oversight and Accountability Committee and Senator Perry

SUBJECT: Senior Management Service Class

DATE: January 21, 2020      REVISED: \_\_\_\_\_

	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
1.	McVaney	McVaney	GO	<b>Fav/CS</b>
2.			CJ	
3.			AP	

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**Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:**

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

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**I. Summary:**

CS/SB 952 makes certain managerial employees of the criminal conflict and civil regional counsel offices members of the Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) (rather than the Regular Class) of the Florida Retirement System. For each employee participating in the pension plan of the FRS, this shift means the employee earns 2.0 percent service credit for each year of service rather than 1.6 percent service credit. For an employee participating in the investment plan of the FRS, the employee will receive contributions into the investment account equal to 7.67 percent of salary rather than 6.3 percent of salary.

Any employee shifted from the Regular Class to the SMSC is permitted to upgrade retirement credit for service in the same position. The upgraded service credit may not be purchased by the member's employer.

The bill increases the personnel costs incurred by the five offices of the criminal conflict and civil regional counsel by roughly \$300,000 annually for the positions enumerated in the bill for membership in the SMSC.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2020.

**II. Present Situation:**

**Criminal Conflict and Civil Regional Counsel**

In 2007, the Legislature created s. 27.511, F.S., to establish five offices of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel. When an Office of the Public Defender determines it has a conflict in representing an indigent defendant, the office of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel will be appointed to represent the defendant. The office of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel has primary responsibility for representing persons entitled to court-appointed counsel under the Federal or State Constitution or as authorized by law in civil proceedings, such as proceedings to terminate parental rights.<sup>1</sup>

The table below shows the number of full-time equivalent positions and the amount of salary rate authorized for each of the five regional offices.

<b>Regional Office</b>	<b>FTE Positions</b>	<b>Salary Rate</b>
<b>First</b>	122.00	6,822,226
<b>Second</b>	107.00	6,310,604
<b>Third</b>	66.75	4,314,054
<b>Fourth</b>	114.00	6,257,822
<b>Fifth</b>	92.00	4,621,667
<b>Total</b>	501.75	28,326,373

**The Florida Retirement System**

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was established in 1970 when the Legislature consolidated the Teachers’ Retirement System, the State and County Officers and Employees’ Retirement System, and the Highway Patrol Pension Fund. In 1972, the Judicial Retirement System was consolidated into the FRS, and in 2007, the Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences Supplemental Retirement Program was consolidated under the Regular Class of the FRS as a closed group.<sup>2</sup> The FRS is a contributory system, with active members contributing three percent of their salaries.<sup>3</sup>

The membership of the FRS is divided into five membership classes:

- The Regular Class<sup>4</sup> consists of 554,631 active members and 7,629 in renewed membership;
- The Special Risk Class<sup>5</sup> includes 74,274 active members and 1,112 in renewed membership;

<sup>1</sup> Section 27.511(5) and (6), F.S.

<sup>2</sup> Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and Other State Administered Retirement Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019, at p. 35. Available online at: [https://www.rol.frs.state.fl.us/forms/2018-19\\_CAFR.pdf](https://www.rol.frs.state.fl.us/forms/2018-19_CAFR.pdf). (last visited January 13, 2020.)

<sup>3</sup> Prior to 1975, members of the FRS were required to make employee contributions of either 4 percent for Regular Class employees or 6 percent for Special Risk Class members. Employees were again required to contribute to the system after July 1, 2011. Members in the Deferred Retirement Option Program do not contribute to the system.

<sup>4</sup> The Regular Class is for all members who are not assigned to another class. Section 121.021(12), F.S.

<sup>5</sup> The Special Risk Class is for members employed as law enforcement officers, firefighters, correctional officers, probation officers, paramedics and emergency technicians, among others. Section 121.0515, F.S.

- The Special Risk Administrative Support Class<sup>6</sup> has 100 active members and 1 in renewed membership;
- The Elected Officers' Class<sup>7</sup> has 2,088 active members and 112 in renewed membership; and
- The Senior Management Service Class<sup>8</sup> has 7,767 active members and 214 in renewed membership.<sup>9</sup>

Members of the FRS have two primary plan options available for participation:

- The defined benefit plan, also known as the Pension Plan; and
- The defined contribution plan, also known as the Investment Plan.

### ***Pension Plan***

The pension plan is administered by the secretary of the Department of Management Services through the Division of Retirement.<sup>10</sup> Investment management is handled by the State Board of Administration.

Any member initially enrolled in the pension plan before July 1, 2011, vests in the pension plan after completing six years of service with an FRS employer.<sup>11</sup> For members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the member vests in the pension plan after eight years of creditable service.<sup>12</sup> Benefits payable under the pension plan are calculated based on the member's years of creditable service multiplied by the service accrual rate multiplied by the member's average final compensation.<sup>13</sup> For most current members of the pension plan (including members in the Regular Class and the Senior Management Service Class), normal retirement (when first eligible for unreduced benefits) occurs at the earliest attainment of 30 years of service or age 62.<sup>14</sup> Members initially enrolled in the pension plan on or after July 1, 2011, have longer service requirements. For members initially enrolled after that date, a member in the Regular Class or the Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) must complete 33 years of service or attain age 65.<sup>15</sup>

The Regular Class and the SMSC share the same normal retirement dates, average final compensation calculation, and disability/survivor benefits. However, the Regular Class service credit provides a 1.6 percent accrual value for each year of creditable service while the SMSC earns a 2.0 percent accrual value each year.

<sup>6</sup> The Special Risk Administrative Support Class is for a special risk member who moved or was reassigned to a nonspecial risk law enforcement, firefighting, correctional, or emergency medical care administrative support position with the same agency, or who is subsequently employed in such a position under the Florida Retirement System. Section 121.0515(8), F.S.

<sup>7</sup> The Elected Officers' Class is for elected state and county officers, and for those elected municipal or special district officers whose governing body has chosen Elected Officers' Class participation for its elected officers. Section 121.052, F.S.

<sup>8</sup> The Senior Management Service Class is for members who fill senior management level positions assigned by law to the Senior Management Service Class or authorized by law as eligible for Senior Management Service designation. Section 121.055, F.S.

<sup>9</sup> All figures are from Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and Other State Administered Retirement Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019, at p. 161.

<sup>10</sup> Section 121.025, F.S.

<sup>11</sup> Section 121.021(45)(a), F.S.

<sup>12</sup> Section 121.021(45)(b), F.S.

<sup>13</sup> Section 121.091, F.S.

<sup>14</sup> Section 121.021(29)(a)1., F.S.

<sup>15</sup> Sections 121.021(29)(a)2. and (b)2., F.S.

Section 121.055, F.S., (1)(j), F.S., authorizes a member of the SMSC to upgrade service credit in the same position from Regular Class accrual value to the SMSC accrual value. Generally, the service credit may be purchased by the employer on behalf of the member.

***Investment Plan***

In 2000, the Public Employee Optional Retirement Program (investment plan) was created as a defined contribution plan offered to eligible employees as an alternative to the FRS Pension Plan. The State Board of Administration (SBA) is primarily responsible for administering the investment plan.<sup>16</sup> The Board of Trustees of the SBA is comprised of the Governor as chair, the Chief Financial Officer, and the Attorney General.<sup>17</sup>

Benefits under the investment plan accrue in individual member accounts funded by both employee and employer contributions and earnings. Benefits are provided through employee-directed investments offered by approved investment providers.

A member vests immediately in all employee contributions paid to the investment plan.<sup>18</sup> With respect to the employer contributions, a member vests after completing one work year of employment with an FRS employer.<sup>19</sup> Vested benefits are payable upon termination or death as a lump-sum distribution, direct rollover distribution, or periodic distribution.<sup>20</sup> The investment plan also provides disability coverage for both in-line-of-duty and regular disability retirement benefits.<sup>21</sup> An FRS member who qualifies for disability while enrolled in the investment plan may apply for benefits as if the employee were a member of the pension plan. If approved for retirement disability benefits, the member is transferred to the pension plan.<sup>22</sup>

The table below shows the allocation of contributions made into the FRS for members of the investment plan participating in the Regular Class and SMSC. The contributions are based on a percentage of the member’s gross compensation for the month.

<b>Allocation of Contributions</b>	<b>Regular Class</b>	<b>Senior Management Service Class</b>
Investment Account	6.30%	7.67%
Disability	0.25%	0.26%

<sup>16</sup> Section 121.4501(8), F.S.

<sup>17</sup> FLA CONST. art. IV, s. 4.

<sup>18</sup> Section 121.4501(6)(a), F.S.

<sup>19</sup> If a member terminates employment before vesting in the investment plan, the nonvested money is transferred from the member’s account to the SBA for deposit and investment by the SBA in its suspense account for up to five years. If the member is not reemployed as an eligible employee within five years, then any nonvested accumulations transferred from a member’s account to the SBA’s suspense account are forfeited. Section 121.4501(6)(b)-(d), F.S.

<sup>20</sup> Section 121.591, F.S.

<sup>21</sup> See s. 121.4501(16), F.S.

<sup>22</sup> Pension plan disability retirement benefits, which apply for investment plan members who qualify for disability, compensate an in-line-of-duty disabled member up to 65 percent of the average monthly compensation as of the disability retirement date for special risk class members. Other members may receive up to 42 percent of the member’s average monthly compensation for disability retirement benefits. If the disability occurs other than in the line of duty, the monthly benefit may not be less than 25 percent of the average monthly compensation as of the disability retirement date. Section 121.091(4)(f), F.S.

Allocation of Contributions	Regular Class	Senior Management Service Class
In line of duty death	0.05%	0.05%
Administrative Assessments	0.06%	0.06%
Total	6.66%	8.04%

**III. Effect of Proposed Changes:**

**Section 1** amends s. 121.053, F.S., to make certain employees of the criminal conflict and civil regional counsel offices members of the SMSC (rather than the Regular Class) of the FRS. For each employee participating in the pension plan of the FRS, this shift means the employee earns 2.0 percent service credit for each year of service rather than 1.6 percent service credit. For an employee participating in the investment plan of the FRS, the employee will receive contributions into the investment account equal to 7.67 percent of salary rather than 6.3 percent of salary.

Any employee shifted from the Regular Class to the SMSC is permitted to upgrade retirement credit for service in the same position. The upgraded service credit may not be purchased by the member’s employer.

**Section 2** provides that the bill takes effect July 1, 2020.

**IV. Constitutional Issues:**

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

The mandate restrictions do not apply because the bill does not require counties and municipalities to spend funds, reduce counties’ or municipalities’ ability to raise revenue, or reduce the percentage of state tax shared with counties and municipalities.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None identified.

**V. Fiscal Impact Statement:**

## A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

## B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

## C. Government Sector Impact:

The additional employer contributions for the enumerated positions to be paid annually beginning in the 2020-2021 fiscal year are estimated to be roughly \$300,000. These funds will be deposited into the Florida Retirement System Trust Fund to be used to pay benefits upon each member's retirement.

**VI. Technical Deficiencies:**

None.

**VII. Related Issues:**

None.

**VIII. Statutes Affected:**

This bill substantially amends section 121.055 of the Florida Statutes.

**IX. Additional Information:**

## A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

**CS by Governmental Oversight and Accountability on January 21, 2020:**

The CS eliminates new provisions that allowed up to five percent of other CCRC personnel to be designated as Senior Management Service Class for retirement purposes.

## B. Amendments:

None.