1

2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2627

28

29

By the Committee on Community Affairs; and Senator Burgess

578-03605-21 2021102c1

A bill to be entitled An act relating to matters of great governmental concern; creating s. 16.65, F.S.; providing legislative findings; defining terms; authorizing the Legislature to declare, by concurrent resolution, that a circumstance or conduct that has caused substantial economic loss or other similar harm to governmental entities in at least a specified number of counties is a matter of great governmental concern; providing that the Attorney General has the sole authority to file certain civil proceedings; authorizing the Attorney General to investigate certain matters; authorizing the Attorney General to institute or intervene in certain civil proceedings; authorizing the Attorney General to take certain actions in certain civil proceedings; providing that any award, excluding attorney fees, are subject to full appropriation by the Legislature; prohibiting such award to be appropriated, expended, or encumbered by the Attorney General or any settlement agreement; providing that a declaration by the Legislature that a matter is a matter of great governmental concern abates or stays certain civil proceedings; providing for the tolling of certain statutes of limitations; requiring certain entities to provide notice to the Attorney General; providing that certain settlements and resolutions are void; providing that the Department of Legal Affairs is exempt from certain requirements related to protests to contract solicitation or award;

578-03605-21 2021102c1

authorizing a governmental entity or its attorneys to apply to a court for recovery of attorney fees and costs; requiring a court to consider certain factors in calculating the amount of attorney fees; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 16.65, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

16.65 Matters of great governmental concern.—

- (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.—The Legislature finds that:
- (a) Several events have led to extensive litigation by multiple governmental entities in this state arising from the same facts, circumstances, or conduct or similar causes of action. This litigation has been difficult to resolve in a timely and expeditious manner because of the number and different types of governmental entities involved.
- (b) It is in the interest of this state that a single official represent governmental entities in civil proceedings in matters of great governmental concern to maximize recoveries and minimize costs.
- (c) The Attorney General is the state's chief legal officer and is the official who should be responsible for the prosecution, management, and coordination of any civil proceedings brought by governmental entities in matters of great governmental concern.
- (d) The failure to have a single official responsible in matters of great governmental concern undermines fairness and

578-03605-21 2021102c1

efficiency and risks inconsistent or incongruent results, which will delay recovery and undermine governmental entities' ability to respond to such matters of great governmental concern.

- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires, the term:
- (a) "Governmental entity" means the state and any
 department, agency, political subdivision, unit of government,
 or school district thereof.
- (b) "Matter of great governmental concern" means any fact, circumstance, or conduct that has caused substantial economic loss or other harm of a similar nature to governmental entities in 15 or more counties in this state.
 - (3) AUTHORITY.—
- (a) The Legislature by concurrent resolution may declare a matter to be a matter of great governmental concern. Upon such declaration, the Attorney General has the sole authority to file a civil proceeding on behalf of the affected governmental entities in this state until the Legislature by concurrent resolution invalidates, rescinds, or amends that declaration.
- (b) The Attorney General may investigate a matter before and after the Legislature declares that the matter is a matter of great governmental concern. In any investigation and civil proceeding commenced pursuant to this section, it is the duty of all public officers and their deputies, assistants, clerks, subordinates, and employees to render and furnish to the Attorney General, when so requested, assistance and all information available in their official capacity.
- (c) The Attorney General may institute or intervene in any civil proceeding in state or federal court, including any

578-03605-21 2021102c1

pending appeal, on behalf of a governmental entity to seek any relief afforded at law or in equity, under state or federal law, pertaining to a matter of great governmental concern.

- (d) The Attorney General may consolidate, dismiss, release, settle, or take action that he or she believes to be in the public interest in any civil proceeding in state or federal court pertaining to a matter of great governmental concern, provided that such action is not inconsistent with the terms or provisions of the Legislature's resolution declaring the matter to be a matter of great governmental concern.
- (e) Any award for damages or monetary payment arising from a civil proceeding, compromise, or settlement of any claim or litigation pertaining to a matter of great governmental concern, excluding attorney fees described in subsection (4), is subject to full appropriation by the Legislature and may not be appropriated, expended, or encumbered by the Attorney General or the terms or provisions of any settlement agreement.
- (f) A declaration by the Legislature that a matter is a matter of great governmental concern operates to abate or stay any civil proceeding in state or federal court pertaining to the matter of great governmental concern filed by a governmental entity until the Attorney General takes an action in such proceeding.
- (g) Any statute of limitations under the laws of this state affecting a claim by a governmental entity is tolled for the pendency of a declaration that a matter is a matter of great governmental concern or for 1 year, whichever is earlier.
- (h) Upon learning of a declaration that a matter is a matter of great governmental concern, all governmental entities

578-03605-21 2021102c1

then a party to any affected civil proceeding shall provide
notice to the Attorney General of the existence of any such
civil proceeding, including the style of the action, the case
number, and the court where such proceeding is pending. Any
settlement or resolution of the civil proceeding by a
governmental entity taken after a declaration without the
consent of the Attorney General is void.

- (i) For purposes of this subsection, the Department of Legal Affairs is exempt from s. 120.57(3).
 - (4) ATTORNEY FEES.—

124

125

126

127

128

129130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138

139

140

141

142

143

144

145

- (a) If a governmental entity retains attorneys to represent it before a matter is declared to be a matter of great governmental concern, the governmental entity or its attorneys may apply to the court where the civil proceeding is being prosecuted by the Attorney General or, if no such proceeding exists, in the circuit court in and for Leon County to receive from any recovery its reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred in connection with such representation.
- (b) In calculating the amount of any reasonable attorney fees, the court shall consider all of the following factors:
- 1. The time and labor required, the novelty and difficulty of the question involved, and the skill requisite to perform the legal service properly.
- 2. The likelihood, if apparent, that the acceptance of the particular employment will preclude other employment by the attorney.
- 3. The fee customarily charged in the locality for similar legal services.
 - 4. The amount involved and the results obtained.

578-03605-21 2021102c1 146 5. The time limitation imposed by the governmental entity 147 or the circumstances. 148 6. The nature and length of the professional relationship 149 with the governmental entity. 150 7. The experience, reputation, and ability of the attorney 151 performing the legal services. 152 8. Whether the fee is fixed or contingent. 153 Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.