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36-00887A-21 20211228

A bill to be entitled An act relating to education; amending s. 1003.01, F.S.; defining and revising terms; amending s. 1003.02, F.S.; requiring school districts to provide for live remote operation of all public schools as free schools for a term of 180 days or the equivalent on an hourly basis as specified by rules of the State Board of Education; amending s. 1003.03, F.S.; providing that the number of students attending classes through live remote attendance counts toward class size maximums as equally as the number of students attending in person; amending s. 1003.21, F.S.; including live remote attendance pursuant to rules adopted by the state board as a manner in which students may satisfy the requirement to attend school regularly; requiring the state board to adopt rules; specifying requirements to be included in the rules; amending s. 1003.23, F.S.; requiring the actual or live remote attendance of all public K-12 school students to be checked by each school; providing that students may be counted in attendance if they are attending school through live remote attendance; requiring specified persons to keep records of the actual or live remote attendance of certain persons; requiring enrollment registers to show the actual or live remote attendance of each student enrolled for each school day of the year; amending s. 1003.24, F.S.; providing that a parent is not responsible for a student's nonattendance if the absence was due to

36-00887A-21 20211228

software, connectivity, or other computer or technical problems beyond the parent's control or connivance; amending s. 1003.31, F.S.; requiring each student enrolled in a school to be under the control and direction of specified persons during the time the student is in actual or live remote attendance at school; amending s. 1011.60, F.S.; requiring each district that participates in the state appropriations for the Florida Education Finance Program to operate all schools for a term of 180 actual or live remote teaching days or the equivalent; requiring, rather than authorizing, the state board to prescribe certain procedures; amending s. 1011.61, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "full-time student" to include one student on the membership roll of one or a combination of school programs for the school year or the equivalent for live remote instruction; amending s. 1012.98, F.S.; revising the entities that may develop professional development systems; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsections (17) and (18) are added to section 1003.01, Florida Statutes, and subsection (13) of that section is amended, to read:

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1003.01 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

(13) "Regular school attendance" means the actual or live
remote attendance of a student during the school day as defined

36-00887A-21 20211228

by law and rules of the State Board of Education. Regular attendance within the intent of s. 1003.21 may be achieved by actual or live remote attendance in:

- (a) A public school supported by public funds;
- (b) A parochial, religious, or denominational school;
- (c) A private school supported in whole or in part by tuition charges or by endowments or gifts;
- (d) A home education program that meets the requirements of chapter 1002; or
- (e) A private tutoring program that meets the requirements of chapter 1002.
- (17) "Actual attendance" means in-person attendance in accordance with the rules of the State Board of Education.
- (18) "Live remote attendance" means attendance using audiovideo technology that allows for a student to be identified in accordance with the rules of the State Board of Education.

Section 2. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 1003.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.02 District school board operation and control of public K-12 education within the school district.—As provided in part II of chapter 1001, district school boards are constitutionally and statutorily charged with the operation and control of public K-12 education within their school districts. The district school boards must establish, organize, and operate their public K-12 schools and educational programs, employees, and facilities. Their responsibilities include staff development, public K-12 school student education including education for exceptional students and students in juvenile justice programs, special programs, adult education programs,

36-00887A-21 20211228

and career education programs. Additionally, district school boards must:

- (1) Provide for the proper accounting for all students of school age, for the attendance and control of students at school, and for proper attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the welfare of students in the following areas:
  - (g) School operation.-
- 1. Provide for the operation, including live remote operation, of all public schools as free schools for a term of 180 days or the equivalent on an hourly basis as specified by rules of the State Board of Education; determine district school funds necessary in addition to state funds to operate all schools for the minimum term; and arrange for the levying of district school taxes necessary to provide the amount needed from district sources.
- 2. Prepare, adopt, and timely submit to the Department of Education, as required by law and by rules of the State Board of Education, the annual school budget, so as to promote the improvement of the district school system.
- Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 1003.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 1003.03 Maximum class size.-
- (1) CLASS SIZE MAXIMUMS.—Each year, on or before the October student membership survey, the following class size maximums shall be satisfied:
- (a) The maximum number of students assigned to each teacher who is teaching core-curricula courses in public school classrooms for prekindergarten through grade 3 may not exceed 18

36-00887A-21 20211228

117 students.

(b) The maximum number of students assigned to each teacher who is teaching core-curricula courses in public school classrooms for grades 4 through 8 may not exceed 22 students. The maximum number of students assigned to a core-curricula high school course in which a student in grades 4 through 8 is enrolled shall be governed by the requirements in paragraph (c).

(c) The maximum number of students assigned to each teacher who is teaching core-curricula courses in public school classrooms for grades 9 through 12 may not exceed 25 students.

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These maximums shall be maintained after the October student membership survey, except as provided in paragraph (2)(b) or due to an extreme emergency beyond the control of the district school board. The number of students attending via live remote attendance counts toward these maximums as equally as the number of students attending through actual in-person attendance.

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Section 4. Paragraph (g) is added to subsection (1) of section 1003.21, Florida Statutes, and paragraph (a) of that subsection is amended, to read:

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1003.21 School attendance.-

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(1) (a) 1. All children who have attained the age of 6 years or who will have attained the age of 6 years by February 1 of any school year or who are older than 6 years of age but who have not attained the age of 16 years, except as otherwise provided, are required to attend school regularly, including

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through live remote attendance pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education, during the entire school term.

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2. Children who will have attained the age of 5 years on or

36-00887A-21 20211228

before September 1 of the school year are eligible for admission to public kindergartens during that school year under rules adopted by the district school board.

(g) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules allowing a student to achieve regular attendance within the intent of this section by live remote attendance. The rules must include methods to monitor the progress of students attending school through live remote attendance and to intervene and provide additional support to a student failing to make adequate progress.

Section 5. Section 1003.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.23 Attendance records and reports.-

- (1) The <u>actual or live remote</u> attendance of all public K-12 school students shall be checked each school day in the manner prescribed by rules of the State Board of Education and recorded in the teacher's register or by some approved system of recording attendance. Students may be counted in attendance only if they are actually present at school, are attending school through live remote attendance, or are away from school on a school day and are engaged in an educational activity which constitutes a part of the school-approved instructional program for the student.
- (2) All officials, teachers, and other employees in public, parochial, religious, denominational, and private K-12 schools, including private tutors, shall keep all records and shall prepare and submit promptly all reports that may be required by law and by rules of the State Board of Education and district school boards. Such records shall include a register of

36-00887A-21 20211228

enrollment and actual or live remote attendance and all persons described above shall make these reports therefrom as may be required by the State Board of Education. The enrollment register shall show the absence or actual or live remote attendance of each student enrolled for each school day of the year in a manner prescribed by the State Board of Education. The register shall be open for the inspection by the designated school representative or the district school superintendent of the district in which the school is located. Violation of the provisions of this section shall be a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided by law. This section shall not apply to home education programs provided in s. 1002.41.

Section 6. Subsection (5) is added to section 1003.24, Florida Statutes, to read:

1003.24 Parents responsible for attendance of children; attendance policy.—Each parent of a child within the compulsory attendance age is responsible for the child's school attendance as required by law. The absence of a student from school is prima facie evidence of a violation of this section; however, criminal prosecution under this chapter may not be brought against a parent until the provisions of s. 1003.26 have been complied with. A parent of a student is not responsible for the student's nonattendance at school under any of the following conditions:

(5) REMOTE LEARNING.—The absence was due to software, connectivity, or other computer or technical problems beyond the parent's control or connivance.

Each district school board shall establish an attendance policy

36-00887A-21 20211228

that includes, but is not limited to, the required number of days each school year that a student must be in attendance and the number of absences and tardinesses after which a statement explaining such absences and tardinesses must be on file at the school. Each school in the district must determine if an absence or tardiness is excused or unexcused according to criteria established by the district school board.

Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 1003.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.31 Students subject to control of school.-

- (1) Subject to law and rules of the State Board of Education and of the district school board, each student enrolled in a school shall:
- (a) During the time she or he is being transported to or from school at public expense;
- (b) During the time she or he is <u>in actual or live remote</u> attendance at <del>attending</del> school;
- (c) During the time she or he is on the school premises participating with authorization in a school-sponsored activity; and
- (d) During a reasonable time before and after the student is on the premises for attendance at school or for authorized participation in a school-sponsored activity, and only when on the premises,

be under the control and direction of the principal or teacher in charge of the school, and under the immediate control and direction of the teacher or other member of the instructional staff or of the bus driver to whom such responsibility may be

36-00887A-21 20211228

assigned by the principal. However, the State Board of Education or the district school board may, by rules, subject each student to the control and direction of the principal or teacher in charge of the school during the time she or he is otherwise en route to or from school or is presumed by law to be attending school. Each district school board, each district school superintendent, and each school principal shall fully support the authority of teachers, according to s. 1003.32, and school bus drivers to remove disobedient, disrespectful, violent, abusive, uncontrollable, or disruptive students from the classroom and the school bus and, when appropriate and available, place such students in an alternative educational setting.

Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 1011.60, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.60 Minimum requirements of the Florida Education Finance Program.—Each district which participates in the state appropriations for the Florida Education Finance Program shall provide evidence of its effort to maintain an adequate school program throughout the district and shall meet at least the following requirements:

(2) MINIMUM TERM.—Operate all schools for a term of 180 actual or live remote teaching days or the equivalent on an hourly basis as specified by rules of the State Board of Education each school year. The State Board of Education shall may prescribe procedures for altering, and, upon written application, may alter, this requirement during a national, state, or local emergency as it may apply to an individual school or schools in any district or districts if, in the

36-00887A-21 20211228

opinion of the board, it is not feasible to make up lost days or hours, and the apportionment may, at the discretion of the Commissioner of Education and if the board determines that the reduction of school days or hours is caused by the existence of a bona fide emergency, be reduced for such district or districts in proportion to the decrease in the length of term in any such school or schools. A strike, as defined in s. 447.203(6), by employees of the school district may not be considered an emergency.

Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1011.61, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.61 Definitions.—Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 1000.21, the following terms are defined as follows for the purposes of the Florida Education Finance Program:

- (1) A "full-time equivalent student" in each program of the district is defined in terms of full-time students and part-time students as follows:
- (a) A "full-time student" is one student on the membership roll of one school program or a combination of school programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c) for the school year or the equivalent for:
- 1. Instruction in a standard school, including live remote instruction, comprising not less than 900 net hours for a student in or at the grade level of 4 through 12, or not less than 720 net hours for a student in or at the grade level of kindergarten through grade 3 or in an authorized prekindergarten exceptional program; or
- 2. Instruction comprising the appropriate number of net hours set forth in subparagraph 1. for students who, within the

36-00887A-21 20211228

past year, have moved with their parents for the purpose of engaging in the farm labor or fish industries, if a plan furnishing such an extended school day or week, or a combination thereof, has been approved by the commissioner. Such plan may be approved to accommodate the needs of migrant students only or may serve all students in schools having a high percentage of migrant students. The plan described in this subparagraph is optional for any school district and is not mandated by the state.

The department shall determine and implement an equitable method of equivalent funding for schools operating under emergency conditions, which schools have been approved by the department to operate for less than the minimum term as provided in s. 1011.60(2).

Section 10. Subsection (6) of section 1012.98, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.98 School Community Professional Development Act.-

(6) An organization of private schools or consortium of charter schools which has no fewer than 10 member schools in this state, which publishes and files with the Department of Education copies of its standards, and the member schools of which comply with the provisions of part II of chapter 1003, relating to compulsory school attendance, or a public or private college or university with an approved teacher training program pursuant to s. 1004.04, may also develop a professional development system that includes a master plan for inservice activities. The system and inservice plan must be submitted to the commissioner for approval pursuant to state board rules.

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320		Section	11.	This	act	shall	take	effect	July	1,			
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