By the Committee on Health Policy; and Senator Bean

588-03321-21 20211292c1 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to Medicaid; amending s. 402.81, F.S.; 3 deleting a requirement for the Agency for Health Care 4 Administration to submit an annual report to the 5 Legislature on the operation of the pharmaceutical 6 expense assistance program; amending s. 409.815, F.S.; 7 conforming a provision to changes made by the act; 8 amending s. 409.908, F.S.; revising the method for 9 determining prescribed drug provider reimbursements; 10 deleting a requirement for the agency to implement 11 certain fees for prescribed medicines; deleting authorization for the agency to increase certain 12 13 dispensing fees by certain amounts; reenacting and amending s. 409.91195, F.S., relating to the Medicaid 14 15 Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee; deleting a 16 requirement for the agency to ensure that the 17 committee reviews certain drugs under certain 18 circumstances; designating the agency, rather than the 19 Department of Children and Families, as the 20 administrator for certain hearings; amending s. 21 409.912, F.S.; requiring the agency to establish 22 certain procedures related to prior authorization requests rather than prior consultation requests; 23 24 revising the method for determining prescribed drug 25 provider reimbursements; deleting a requirement for 2.6 the agency to expand home delivery of pharmacy 27 products; deleting a dosage limitation on certain 28 drugs; deleting a requirement for the agency to submit 29 certain quarterly reports to the Governor and the

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30	Legislature; repealing s. 409.91213, F.S., relating to
31	quarterly progress reports and annual reports;
32	amending s. 409.913, F.S.; revising the definitions of
33	the terms "medical necessity" and "medically
34	necessary" to provide an exception for behavior
35	analysis services determinations; requiring that
36	determinations be based on information available at
37	the time goods or services are requested, rather than
38	at the time such goods or services are provided;
39	repealing s. 765.53, F.S., relating to the Organ
40	Transplant Advisory Council; providing an effective
41	date.
42	
43	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
44	
45	Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 402.81, Florida
46	Statutes, is amended to read:
47	402.81 Pharmaceutical expense assistance
48	(4) ADMINISTRATION.—The agency shall administer the
49	pharmaceutical expense assistance program <del>shall be administered</del>
50	<del>by the agency,</del> in collaboration with the Department of Elderly
51	Affairs and the Department of Children and Families. <del>By January</del>
52	1 of each year, the agency shall report to the Legislature on
53	the operation of the program. The report shall include
54	information on the number of individuals served, use rates, and
55	expenditures under the program.
56	Section 2. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section
57	409.815, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
58	409.815 Health benefits coverage; limitations

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588-03321-21 20211292c1 59 (2) BENCHMARK BENEFITS.-In order for health benefits 60 coverage to qualify for premium assistance payments for an eligible child under ss. 409.810-409.821, the health benefits 61 62 coverage, except for coverage under Medicaid and Medikids, must 63 include the following minimum benefits, as medically necessary. 64 (e) Organ transplantation services.-Covered services 65 include pretransplant, transplant, and postdischarge services 66 and treatment of complications after transplantation for 67 transplants deemed necessary and appropriate within the 68 guidelines set by the Organ Transplant Advisory Council under s. 69 765.53 or the Bone Marrow Transplant Advisory Panel under s. 70 627.4236. 71 Section 3. Subsection (14) of section 409.908, Florida 72 Statutes, is amended to read: 73 409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers.-Subject to 74 specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid 75 providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according 76 to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in 77 policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein. 78 These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement 79 methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive 80 bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency 81 considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or 82 goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based 83 on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate 84 85 for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester 86 shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and 87 full payment at the recalculated rate shall be effected

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588-03321-21 20211292c1 88 retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost 89 reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost 90 reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on 91 behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the 92 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. 93 94 Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, 95 96 lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or 97 making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the 98 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions 99 provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the 100 adjustment is consistent with legislative intent. (14) A provider of prescribed drugs shall be reimbursed in 101 102 an amount not to exceed the lesser of the actual acquisition 103 cost based on the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services National Average Drug Acquisition Cost pricing files plus a 104 professional dispensing fee, the wholesale acquisition cost plus 105 106 a professional dispensing fee, the state maximum allowable cost 107 plus a professional dispensing fee, or the usual and customary 108 charge billed by the provider the least of the amount billed by 109 the provider, the provider's usual and customary charge, or the 110 Medicaid maximum allowable fee established by the agency, plus a 111 dispensing fee. The Medicaid maximum allowable fee for 112 ingredient cost must be based on the lowest of: the average 113 wholesale price (AWP) minus 16.4 percent, the wholesaler 114 acquisition cost (WAC) plus 1.5 percent, the federal upper limit 115 (FUL), the state maximum allowable cost (SMAC), or the usual and 116 customary (UAC) charge billed by the provider.

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588-03321-21 20211292c1 117 (a) Medicaid providers must dispense generic drugs if 118 available at lower cost and the agency has not determined that 119 the branded product is more cost-effective, unless the 120 prescriber has requested and received approval to require the 121 branded product. 122 (b) The agency shall implement a variable dispensing fee 123 for prescribed medicines while ensuring continued access for 124 Medicaid recipients. The variable dispensing fee may be based 125 upon, but not limited to, either or both the volume of 126 prescriptions dispensed by a specific pharmacy provider, the 127 volume of prescriptions dispensed to an individual recipient, 128 and dispensing of preferred-drug-list products. 129 (c) The agency may increase the pharmacy dispensing fee 130 authorized by statute and in the General Appropriations Act by 131 \$0.50 for the dispensing of a Medicaid preferred-drug-list 132 product and reduce the pharmacy dispensing fee by \$0.50 for the 133 dispensing of a Medicaid product that is not included on the 134 preferred drug list. 135 (d) The agency may establish a supplemental pharmaceutical 136 dispensing fee to be paid to providers returning unused unit-137 dose packaged medications to stock and crediting the Medicaid 138 program for the ingredient cost of those medications if the

138 program for the ingredient cost of those medications if t 139 ingredient costs to be credited exceed the value of the 140 supplemental dispensing fee.

141 <u>(c) (e)</u> The agency may limit reimbursement for prescribed 142 medicine in order to comply with any limitations or directions 143 provided in the General Appropriations Act, which may include 144 implementing a prospective or concurrent utilization review 145 program.

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588-03321-21 20211292c1 146 Section 4. Subsections (9) and (11) of section 409.91195, 147 Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (4) of that 148 section is reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the 149 amendment made by this act to section 409.912, Florida Statutes, 150 in a reference thereto, to read: 151 409.91195 Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics 152 Committee.-There is created a Medicaid Pharmaceutical and 153 Therapeutics Committee within the agency for the purpose of 154 developing a Medicaid preferred drug list. (4) Upon recommendation of the committee, the agency shall 155 156 adopt a preferred drug list as described in s. 409.912(5). To 157 the extent feasible, the committee shall review all drug classes 158 included on the preferred drug list every 12 months, and may 159 recommend additions to and deletions from the preferred drug 160 list, such that the preferred drug list provides for medically 161 appropriate drug therapies for Medicaid patients which achieve 162 cost savings contained in the General Appropriations Act. 163 (9) Upon timely notice, the agency shall ensure that any 164 therapeutic class of drugs which includes a drug that has been 165 removed from distribution to the public by its manufacturer or 166 the United States Food and Drug Administration or has been 167 required to carry a black box warning label by the United States 168 Food and Drug Administration because of safety concerns is 169 reviewed by the committee at the next regularly scheduled 170 meeting. After such review, the committee must recommend whether 171 to retain the therapeutic class of drugs or subcategories of 172 drugs within a therapeutic class on the preferred drug list and 173 whether to institute prior authorization requirements necessary 174 to ensure patient safety.

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588-03321-21 20211292c1 175 (10) (11) Medicaid recipients may appeal agency preferred 176 drug formulary decisions using the Medicaid fair hearing process 177 administered by the Agency for Health Care Administration 178 Department of Children and Families. 179 Section 5. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (5) of 180 section 409.912, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 181 409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.-The 182 agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery 183 184 of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are 185 effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a 186 confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct 187 diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the 188 Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to 189 emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined 190 in 42 C.F.R. s. 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion 191 shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency 192 shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid 193 aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other 194 alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies, 195 including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed 196 to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed 197 continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to 198 minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the 199 200 inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The 201 agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the 202 clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify 203 trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a

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588-03321-21 20211292c1 204 provider's professional peers or the national quidelines of a 205 provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to 206 provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice 207 patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency, 208 to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization. 209 The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy 210 management, or disease management participation for certain 211 populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible 212 213 dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics 214 Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for 215 which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform 216 the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions 217 regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as 218 219 Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through 220 provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid single-221 source-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services 222 results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without 223 limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based 224 on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider 225 availability, provider quality standards, time and distance 226 standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the 227 provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid 228 beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards, 229 appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider 230 turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history, 231 previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer 232 review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records,

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588-03321-21 20211292c1 233 clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers 234 are not entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider network. 235 The agency shall determine instances in which allowing Medicaid 236 beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and other 237 goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-term 238 rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish rules 239 to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in order to 240 protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program as 241 defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers 242 necessary to administer these policies.

(5) (a) The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescribeddrug spending-control program that includes the following components:

246 1. A Medicaid preferred drug list, which shall be a listing 247 of cost-effective therapeutic options recommended by the 248 Medicaid Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee established 249 pursuant to s. 409.91195 and adopted by the agency for each 250 therapeutic class on the preferred drug list. At the discretion 251 of the committee, and when feasible, the preferred drug list 252 should include at least two products in a therapeutic class. The 253 agency may post the preferred drug list and updates to the list 254 on an Internet website without following the rulemaking 255 procedures of chapter 120. Antiretroviral agents are excluded 256 from the preferred drug list. The agency shall also limit the 257 amount of a prescribed drug dispensed to no more than a 34-day 258 supply unless the drug products' smallest marketed package is 259 greater than a 34-day supply, or the drug is determined by the 260 agency to be a maintenance drug in which case a 100-day maximum 261 supply may be authorized. The agency may seek any federal

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262	waivers necessary to implement these cost-control programs and
263	to continue participation in the federal Medicaid rebate
264	program, or alternatively to negotiate state-only manufacturer
265	rebates. The agency may adopt rules to administer this
266	subparagraph. The agency shall continue to provide unlimited
267	contraceptive drugs and items. The agency must establish
268	procedures to ensure that:
269	a. There is a response to a request for prior <u>authorization</u>
270	consultation by telephone or other telecommunication device
271	within 24 hours after receipt of a request for prior
272	authorization consultation; and
273	b. A 72-hour supply of the drug prescribed is provided in
274	an emergency or when the agency does not provide a response
275	within 24 hours as required by sub-subparagraph a.
276	2. A provider of prescribed drugs is reimbursed in an
277	amount not to exceed the lesser of the actual acquisition cost
278	based on the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services National
279	Average Drug Acquisition Cost pricing files plus a professional
280	dispensing fee, the wholesale acquisition cost plus a
281	professional dispensing fee, the state maximum allowable cost
282	plus a professional dispensing fee, or the usual and customary
283	charge billed by the provider Reimbursement to pharmacies for
284	Medicaid prescribed drugs shall be set at the lowest of: the
285	average wholesale price (AWP) minus 16.4 percent, the wholesaler
286	acquisition cost (WAC) plus 1.5 percent, the federal upper limit
287	(FUL), the state maximum allowable cost (SMAC), or the usual and
288	customary (UAC) charge billed by the provider.
289	3. The agency shall develop and implement a process for

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managing the drug therapies of Medicaid recipients who are using

588-03321-21 20211292c1 291 significant numbers of prescribed drugs each month. The 292 management process may include, but is not limited to, 293 comprehensive, physician-directed medical-record reviews, claims 294 analyses, and case evaluations to determine the medical 295 necessity and appropriateness of a patient's treatment plan and 296 drug therapies. The agency may contract with a private 297 organization to provide drug-program-management services. The 298 Medicaid drug benefit management program shall include 299 initiatives to manage drug therapies for HIV/AIDS patients, 300 patients using 20 or more unique prescriptions in a 180-day 301 period, and the top 1,000 patients in annual spending. The 302 agency shall enroll any Medicaid recipient in the drug benefit management program if he or she meets the specifications of this 303 304 provision and is not enrolled in a Medicaid health maintenance 305 organization.

306 4. The agency may limit the size of its pharmacy network 307 based on need, competitive bidding, price negotiations, 308 credentialing, or similar criteria. The agency shall give 309 special consideration to rural areas in determining the size and 310 location of pharmacies included in the Medicaid pharmacy 311 network. A pharmacy credentialing process may include criteria 312 such as a pharmacy's full-service status, location, size, 313 patient educational programs, patient consultation, disease 314 management services, and other characteristics. The agency may 315 impose a moratorium on Medicaid pharmacy enrollment if it is 316 determined that it has a sufficient number of Medicaid-317 participating providers. The agency must allow dispensing 318 practitioners to participate as a part of the Medicaid pharmacy 319 network regardless of the practitioner's proximity to any other

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588-03321-21 20211292c1 320 entity that is dispensing prescription drugs under the Medicaid 321 program. A dispensing practitioner must meet all credentialing 322 requirements applicable to his or her practice, as determined by 323 the agency.

324 5. The agency shall develop and implement a program that 325 requires Medicaid practitioners who issue written prescriptions 326 for medicinal drugs to use a counterfeit-proof prescription pad 327 for Medicaid prescriptions. The agency shall require the use of standardized counterfeit-proof prescription pads by prescribers 328 329 who issue written prescriptions for Medicaid recipients. The 330 agency may implement the program in targeted geographic areas or 331 statewide.

332 6. The agency may enter into arrangements that require 333 manufacturers of generic drugs prescribed to Medicaid recipients 334 to provide rebates of at least 15.1 percent of the average 335 manufacturer price for the manufacturer's generic products. 336 These arrangements shall require that if a generic-drug 337 manufacturer pays federal rebates for Medicaid-reimbursed drugs 338 at a level below 15.1 percent, the manufacturer must provide a 339 supplemental rebate to the state in an amount necessary to 340 achieve a 15.1-percent rebate level.

341 7. The agency may establish a preferred drug list as 342 described in this subsection, and, pursuant to the establishment 343 of such preferred drug list, negotiate supplemental rebates from 344 manufacturers that are in addition to those required by Title 345 XIX of the Social Security Act and at no less than 14 percent of 346 the average manufacturer price as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 1936 347 on the last day of a quarter unless the federal or supplemental 348 rebate, or both, equals or exceeds 29 percent. There is no upper

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588-03321-21 20211292c1 349 limit on the supplemental rebates the agency may negotiate. The 350 agency may determine that specific products, brand-name or 351 generic, are competitive at lower rebate percentages. Agreement 352 to pay the minimum supplemental rebate percentage guarantees a 353 manufacturer that the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics 354 Committee will consider a product for inclusion on the preferred 355 drug list. However, a pharmaceutical manufacturer is not 356 guaranteed placement on the preferred drug list by simply paying 357 the minimum supplemental rebate. Agency decisions will be made 358 on the clinical efficacy of a drug and recommendations of the 359 Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee, as well as 360 the price of competing products minus federal and state rebates. 361 The agency may contract with an outside agency or contractor to 362 conduct negotiations for supplemental rebates. For the purposes 363 of this section, the term "supplemental rebates" means cash 364 rebates. Value-added programs as a substitution for supplemental 365 rebates are prohibited. The agency may seek any federal waivers to implement this initiative. 366

367 8.a. The agency shall expand home delivery of pharmacy 368 products. The agency may amend the state plan and issue a 369 procurement, as necessary, in order to implement this program. 370 The procurements must include agreements with a pharmacy or 371 pharmacies located in the state to provide mail order delivery 372 services at no cost to the recipients who elect to receive home 373 delivery of pharmacy products. The procurement must focus on 374 serving recipients with chronic diseases for which pharmacy 375 expenditures represent a significant portion of Medicaid 376 pharmacy expenditures or which impact a significant portion of the Medicaid population. The agency may seek and implement any 377

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588-03321-2120211292c1378federal waivers necessary to implement this subparagraph.3799. The agency shall limit to one dose per month any drug380prescribed to treat erectile dysfunction.

381 10.a. The agency may implement a Medicaid behavioral drug 382 management system. The agency may contract with a vendor that 383 has experience in operating behavioral drug management systems 384 to implement this program. The agency may seek federal waivers 385 to implement this program.

386 b. The agency, in conjunction with the Department of 387 Children and Families, may implement the Medicaid behavioral 388 drug management system that is designed to improve the quality 389 of care and behavioral health prescribing practices based on 390 best practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to 391 medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed 392 drug costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid 393 behavioral drugs. The program may include the following 394 elements:

395 (I) Provide for the development and adoption of best 396 practice guidelines for behavioral health-related drugs such as antipsychotics, antidepressants, and medications for treating 397 398 bipolar disorders and other behavioral conditions; translate 399 them into practice; review behavioral health prescribers and 400 compare their prescribing patterns to a number of indicators 401 that are based on national standards; and determine deviations 402 from best practice guidelines.

403 (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and
404 educating prescribers using best practice educational materials
405 and peer-to-peer consultation.

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(III) Assess Medicaid beneficiaries who are outliers in

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588-03321-21 20211292c1 407 their use of behavioral health drugs with regard to the numbers 408 and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug 409 therapies, and other indicators of improper use of behavioral 410 health drugs. 411 (IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill 412 prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple same-413 class behavioral health drugs, and may have other potential 414 medication problems. (V) Track spending trends for behavioral health drugs and 415 416 deviation from best practice guidelines. 417 (VI) Use educational and technological approaches to 418 promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers 419 in the use of practice guidelines. 420 (VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials. 421 (VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences. (IX) Implement a disease management program with a model 422 423 quality-based medication component for severely mentally ill 424 individuals and emotionally disturbed children who are high 425 users of care. 426 9.11. The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescription 427 drug management system. 428 a. The agency may contract with a vendor that has 429 experience in operating prescription drug management systems in 430 order to implement this system. Any management system that is implemented in accordance with this subparagraph must rely on 431 432 cooperation between physicians and pharmacists to determine 433 appropriate practice patterns and clinical guidelines to improve 434 the prescribing, dispensing, and use of drugs in the Medicaid 435 program. The agency may seek federal waivers to implement this

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436 program.

b. The drug management system must be designed to improve the quality of care and prescribing practices based on best practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid prescription drugs. The program must:

(I) Provide for the adoption of best practice guidelines for the prescribing and use of drugs in the Medicaid program, including translating best practice guidelines into practice; reviewing prescriber patterns and comparing them to indicators that are based on national standards and practice patterns of clinical peers in their community, statewide, and nationally; and determine deviations from best practice guidelines.

(II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and
educating prescribers using best practice educational materials
and peer-to-peer consultation.

(III) Assess Medicaid recipients who are outliers in their use of a single or multiple prescription drugs with regard to the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of prescription drugs.

(IV) Alert prescribers to recipients who fail to refill prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple drugs that may be redundant or contraindicated, or may have other potential medication problems.

462 <u>10.12.</u> The agency may contract for drug rebate
463 administration, including, but not limited to, calculating
464 rebate amounts, invoicing manufacturers, negotiating disputes

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588-03321-21 20211292c1 with manufacturers, and maintaining a database of rebate 465 466 collections. 467 11.13. The agency may specify the preferred daily dosing 468 form or strength for the purpose of promoting best practices 469 with regard to the prescribing of certain drugs as specified in 470 the General Appropriations Act and ensuring cost-effective 471 prescribing practices. 472 12.14. The agency may require prior authorization for Medicaid-covered prescribed drugs. The agency may prior-473 474 authorize the use of a product: 475 a. For an indication not approved in labeling; 476 b. To comply with certain clinical guidelines; or 477 c. If the product has the potential for overuse, misuse, or 478 abuse. 479 480 The agency may require the prescribing professional to provide 481 information about the rationale and supporting medical evidence 482 for the use of a drug. The agency shall post prior 483 authorization, step-edit criteria and protocol, and updates to 484 the list of drugs that are subject to prior authorization on the 485 agency's Internet website within 21 days after the prior 486 authorization and step-edit criteria and protocol and updates 487 are approved by the agency. For purposes of this subparagraph, 488 the term "step-edit" means an automatic electronic review of certain medications subject to prior authorization. 489 490 13.15. The agency, in conjunction with the Pharmaceutical 491 and Therapeutics Committee, may require age-related prior

492 authorizations for certain prescribed drugs. The agency may 493 preauthorize the use of a drug for a recipient who may not meet

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494	the age requirement or may exceed the length of therapy for use
495	of this product as recommended by the manufacturer and approved
496	by the Food and Drug Administration. Prior authorization may
497	require the prescribing professional to provide information
498	about the rationale and supporting medical evidence for the use
499	of a drug.
500	14.16. The agency shall implement a step-therapy prior
501	authorization approval process for medications excluded from the
502	preferred drug list. Medications listed on the preferred drug
503	list must be used within the previous 12 months before the
504	alternative medications that are not listed. The step-therapy
505	prior authorization may require the prescriber to use the
506	medications of a similar drug class or for a similar medical
507	indication unless contraindicated in the Food and Drug
508	Administration labeling. The trial period between the specified
509	steps may vary according to the medical indication. The step-
510	therapy approval process shall be developed in accordance with
511	the committee as stated in s. 409.91195(7) and (8). A drug
512	product may be approved without meeting the step-therapy prior
513	authorization criteria if the prescribing physician provides the
514	agency with additional written medical or clinical documentation
515	that the product is medically necessary because:
516	a. There is not a drug on the preferred drug list to treat

516 a. There is not a drug on the preferred drug list to treat 517 the disease or medical condition which is an acceptable clinical 518 alternative;

519 b. The alternatives have been ineffective in the treatment 520 of the beneficiary's disease; or

521 c. Based on historic evidence and known characteristics of 522 the patient and the drug, the drug is likely to be ineffective,

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523	or the number of doses have been ineffective.
524	
525	The agency shall work with the physician to determine the best
526	alternative for the patient. The agency may adopt rules waiving
527	the requirements for written clinical documentation for specific
528	drugs in limited clinical situations.
529	15.17. The agency shall implement a return and reuse
530	program for drugs dispensed by pharmacies to institutional
531	recipients, which includes payment of a \$5 restocking fee for
532	the implementation and operation of the program. The return and
533	reuse program shall be implemented electronically and in a
534	manner that promotes efficiency. The program must permit a
535	pharmacy to exclude drugs from the program if it is not
536	practical or cost-effective for the drug to be included and must
537	provide for the return to inventory of drugs that cannot be
538	credited or returned in a cost-effective manner. The agency
539	shall determine if the program has reduced the amount of
540	Medicaid prescription drugs which are destroyed on an annual
541	basis and if there are additional ways to ensure more
542	prescription drugs are not destroyed which could safely be
543	reused.
544	(c) The agency shall submit quarterly reports to the
545	Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the
546	House of Representatives which must include, but need not be
547	limited to, the progress made in implementing this subsection
548	and its effect on Medicaid prescribed-drug expenditures.
549	Section 6. Section 409.91213, Florida Statutes, is
550	repealed.
551	Section 7. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section

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588-03321-21 20211292c1 552 409.913, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 553 409.913 Oversight of the integrity of the Medicaid 554 program.-The agency shall operate a program to oversee the 555 activities of Florida Medicaid recipients, and providers and 556 their representatives, to ensure that fraudulent and abusive 557 behavior and neglect of recipients occur to the minimum extent 558 possible, and to recover overpayments and impose sanctions as 559 appropriate. Each January 15, the agency and the Medicaid Fraud 560 Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs shall submit a 561 report to the Legislature documenting the effectiveness of the 562 state's efforts to control Medicaid fraud and abuse and to 563 recover Medicaid overpayments during the previous fiscal year. 564 The report must describe the number of cases opened and 565 investigated each year; the sources of the cases opened; the 566 disposition of the cases closed each year; the amount of 567 overpayments alleged in preliminary and final audit letters; the 568 number and amount of fines or penalties imposed; any reductions 569 in overpayment amounts negotiated in settlement agreements or by 570 other means; the amount of final agency determinations of 571 overpayments; the amount deducted from federal claiming as a 572 result of overpayments; the amount of overpayments recovered 573 each year; the amount of cost of investigation recovered each 574 year; the average length of time to collect from the time the 575 case was opened until the overpayment is paid in full; the 576 amount determined as uncollectible and the portion of the 577 uncollectible amount subsequently reclaimed from the Federal 578 Government; the number of providers, by type, that are 579 terminated from participation in the Medicaid program as a 580 result of fraud and abuse; and all costs associated with

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588-03321-21 20211292c1 581 discovering and prosecuting cases of Medicaid overpayments and 582 making recoveries in such cases. The report must also document 583 actions taken to prevent overpayments and the number of 584 providers prevented from enrolling in or reenrolling in the 585 Medicaid program as a result of documented Medicaid fraud and 586 abuse and must include policy recommendations necessary to 587 prevent or recover overpayments and changes necessary to prevent 588 and detect Medicaid fraud. All policy recommendations in the 589 report must include a detailed fiscal analysis, including, but 590 not limited to, implementation costs, estimated savings to the 591 Medicaid program, and the return on investment. The agency must 592 submit the policy recommendations and fiscal analyses in the 593 report to the appropriate estimating conference, pursuant to s. 594 216.137, by February 15 of each year. The agency and the 595 Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs 596 each must include detailed unit-specific performance standards, 597 benchmarks, and metrics in the report, including projected cost 598 savings to the state Medicaid program during the following 599 fiscal year.

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(1) For the purposes of this section, the term:

601 (d) "Medical necessity" or "medically necessary" means any 602 goods or services necessary to palliate the effects of a 603 terminal condition, or to prevent, diagnose, correct, cure, 604 alleviate, or preclude deterioration of a condition that 605 threatens life, causes pain or suffering, or results in illness 606 or infirmity, which goods or services are provided in accordance 607 with generally accepted standards of medical practice. For 608 purposes of determining Medicaid reimbursement, the agency is 609 the final arbiter of medical necessity. Determinations of

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610	medical necessity must be made by a licensed physician employed
611	by or under contract with the agency, except for behavior
612	analysis services, which may be determined by a licensed
613	physician or a doctoral-level board-certified behavior analyst.
614	Determinations and must be based upon information available at
615	the time the goods or services are <u>requested</u> <del>provided</del> .
616	Section 8. Section 765.53, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
617	Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

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