House

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. CS for SB 1574

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RS 04/08/2021

Appropriations Subcommittee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government (Brandes) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 370 - 977

and insert:

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(c) The corporation's plan of operation:

1. Must provide for adoption of residential property and casualty insurance policy forms and commercial residential and nonresidential property insurance forms, which must be approved by the office before use. The corporation shall adopt the following policy forms:

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a. Standard personal lines policy forms that are
comprehensive multiperil policies providing full coverage of a
residential property equivalent to the coverage provided in the
private insurance market under an HO-3, HO-4, or HO-6 policy.
b. Basic personal lines policy forms that are policies
similar to an HO-8 policy or a dwelling fire policy that provide

similar to an HO-8 policy or a dwelling fire policy that provide coverage meeting the requirements of the secondary mortgage market, but which is more limited than the coverage under a standard policy.

c. Commercial lines residential and nonresidential policy forms that are generally similar to the basic perils of full coverage obtainable for commercial residential structures and commercial nonresidential structures in the admitted voluntary market.

d. Personal lines and commercial lines residential property
insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are
applicable only to residential properties located in areas
eligible for coverage under the coastal account referred to in
sub-subparagraph (b)2.a.

e. Commercial lines nonresidential property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are applicable only to nonresidential properties located in areas eligible for coverage under the coastal account referred to in subsubparagraph (b)2.a.

35 f. The corporation may adopt variations of the policy forms 36 listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-e. which contain more restrictive 37 coverage.

38 g. Effective January 1, 2013, the corporation shall offer a 39 basic personal lines policy similar to an HO-8 policy with



40 dwelling repair based on common construction materials and 41 methods.

42 2. Must provide that the corporation adopt a program in 43 which the corporation and authorized insurers enter into quota 44 share primary insurance agreements for hurricane coverage, as 45 defined in s. 627.4025(2)(a), for eligible risks, and adopt 46 property insurance forms for eligible risks which cover the 47 peril of wind only.

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a. As used in this subsection, the term:

49 (I) "Quota share primary insurance" means an arrangement in 50 which the primary hurricane coverage of an eligible risk is 51 provided in specified percentages by the corporation and an 52 authorized insurer. The corporation and authorized insurer are 53 each solely responsible for a specified percentage of hurricane 54 coverage of an eligible risk as set forth in a quota share 55 primary insurance agreement between the corporation and an 56 authorized insurer and the insurance contract. The 57 responsibility of the corporation or authorized insurer to pay 58 its specified percentage of hurricane losses of an eligible 59 risk, as set forth in the agreement, may not be altered by the 60 inability of the other party to pay its specified percentage of 61 losses. Eligible risks that are provided hurricane coverage 62 through a quota share primary insurance arrangement must be 63 provided policy forms that set forth the obligations of the 64 corporation and authorized insurer under the arrangement, 65 clearly specify the percentages of quota share primary insurance 66 provided by the corporation and authorized insurer, and 67 conspicuously and clearly state that the authorized insurer and the corporation may not be held responsible beyond their 68

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69 specified percentage of coverage of hurricane losses.

70 (II) "Eligible risks" means personal lines residential and commercial lines residential risks that meet the underwriting 72 criteria of the corporation and are located in areas that were 73 eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 74 Association on January 1, 2002.

b. The corporation may enter into quota share primary insurance agreements with authorized insurers at corporation coverage levels of 90 percent and 50 percent.

78 c. If the corporation determines that additional coverage 79 levels are necessary to maximize participation in quota share 80 primary insurance agreements by authorized insurers, the corporation may establish additional coverage levels. However, 81 82 the corporation's quota share primary insurance coverage level may not exceed 90 percent. 83

d. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered into 85 between an authorized insurer and the corporation must provide for a uniform specified percentage of coverage of hurricane losses, by county or territory as set forth by the corporation board, for all eligible risks of the authorized insurer covered 89 under the agreement.

90 e. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered into 91 between an authorized insurer and the corporation is subject to review and approval by the office. However, such agreement shall 92 93 be authorized only as to insurance contracts entered into 94 between an authorized insurer and an insured who is already 95 insured by the corporation for wind coverage.

96 f. For all eligible risks covered under quota share primary insurance agreements, the exposure and coverage levels for both 97

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98 the corporation and authorized insurers shall be reported by the 99 corporation to the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. For all 100 policies of eligible risks covered under such agreements, the 101 corporation and the authorized insurer must maintain complete 102 and accurate records for the purpose of exposure and loss 103 reimbursement audits as required by fund rules. The corporation and the authorized insurer shall each maintain duplicate copies 104 105 of policy declaration pages and supporting claims documents.

g. The corporation board shall establish in its plan of 107 operation standards for quota share agreements which ensure that there is no discriminatory application among insurers as to the terms of the agreements, pricing of the agreements, incentive 109 provisions if any, and consideration paid for servicing policies 111 or adjusting claims.

112 h. The quota share primary insurance agreement between the 113 corporation and an authorized insurer must set forth the 114 specific terms under which coverage is provided, including, but 115 not limited to, the sale and servicing of policies issued under 116 the agreement by the insurance agent of the authorized insurer 117 producing the business, the reporting of information concerning 118 eligible risks, the payment of premium to the corporation, and 119 arrangements for the adjustment and payment of hurricane claims 120 incurred on eligible risks by the claims adjuster and personnel 121 of the authorized insurer. Entering into a quota sharing 122 insurance agreement between the corporation and an authorized 123 insurer is voluntary and at the discretion of the authorized 124 insurer.

125 3. May provide that the corporation may employ or otherwise contract with individuals or other entities to provide 126



127 administrative or professional services that may be appropriate 128 to effectuate the plan. The corporation may borrow funds by 129 issuing bonds or by incurring other indebtedness, and shall have 130 other powers reasonably necessary to effectuate the requirements 131 of this subsection, including, without limitation, the power to 132 issue bonds and incur other indebtedness in order to refinance 133 outstanding bonds or other indebtedness. The corporation may 134 seek judicial validation of its bonds or other indebtedness 135 under chapter 75. The corporation may issue bonds or incur other 136 indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of 137 local government pursuant to subparagraph (q)2. in the absence 138 of a hurricane or other weather-related event, upon a 139 determination by the corporation, subject to approval by the 140 office, that such action would enable it to efficiently meet the 141 financial obligations of the corporation and that such 142 financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the 143 requirements of this subsection. The corporation may take all 144 actions needed to facilitate tax-free status for such bonds or 145 indebtedness, including formation of trusts or other affiliated 146 entities. The corporation may pledge assessments, projected 147 recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, policyholder surcharges and other 148 149 surcharges, and other funds available to the corporation as 150 security for bonds or other indebtedness. In recognition of s. 151 10, Art. I of the State Constitution, prohibiting the impairment 152 of obligations of contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature 153 that no action be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond 154 indenture or financing agreement or any revenue source committed by contract to such bond or other indebtedness. 155

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4. Must require that the corporation operate subject to the supervision and approval of a board of governors consisting of nine individuals who are residents of this state and who are from different geographical areas of this the state, one of whom is appointed by the Governor and serves solely to advocate on behalf of the consumer. The appointment of a consumer representative by the Governor is deemed to be within the scope of the exemption provided in s. 112.313(7)(b) and is in addition to the appointments authorized under sub-subparagraph a.

a. The Governor, the Chief Financial Officer, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each appoint two members of the board. At least one of the two members appointed by each appointing officer must have demonstrated expertise in insurance and be deemed to be within the scope of the exemption provided in s. 112.313(7)(b). The Chief Financial Officer shall designate one of the appointees as chair. All board members serve at the pleasure of the appointing officer. All members of the board are subject to removal at will by the officers who appointed them. All board members, including the chair, must be appointed to serve for 3-year terms beginning annually on a date designated by the plan. However, for the first term beginning on or after July 1, 2009, each appointing officer shall appoint one member of the board for a 2-year term and one member for a 3-year term. A board vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term by the appointing officer. The Chief Financial Officer shall appoint a technical advisory group to provide information and advice to the board in connection with the board's duties under this subsection. The executive director and senior managers of the corporation shall be engaged 184

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by the board and serve at the pleasure of the board. Any executive director appointed on or after July 1, 2006, is subject to confirmation by the Senate. The executive director is responsible for employing other staff as the corporation may require, subject to review and concurrence by the board.

b. The board shall create a Market Accountability Advisory Committee to assist the corporation in developing awareness of its rates and its customer and agent service levels in relationship to the voluntary market insurers writing similar coverage.

195 (I) The members of the advisory committee consist of the 196 following 11 persons, one of whom must be elected chair by the 197 members of the committee: four representatives, one appointed by 198 the Florida Association of Insurance Agents, one by the Florida 199 Association of Insurance and Financial Advisors, one by the 200 Professional Insurance Agents of Florida, and one by the Latin 201 American Association of Insurance Agencies; three 202 representatives appointed by the insurers with the three highest 203 voluntary market share of residential property insurance 204 business in this the state; one representative from the Office 205 of Insurance Regulation; one consumer appointed by the board who 206 is insured by the corporation at the time of appointment to the 207 committee; one representative appointed by the Florida 208 Association of Realtors; and one representative appointed by the 209 Florida Bankers Association. All members shall be appointed to 210 3-year terms and may serve for consecutive terms.

(II) The committee shall report to the corporation at each board meeting on insurance market issues <u>that</u> which may include rates and rate competition with the voluntary market; service,



214 including policy issuance, claims processing, and general 215 responsiveness to policyholders, applicants, and agents; and 216 matters relating to depopulation.

217 5. Must provide a procedure for determining the eligibility218 of a risk for coverage, as follows:

219 a. Subject to s. 627.3517, with respect to personal lines 220 residential risks, if the risk is offered coverage from an 221 authorized insurer at the insurer's approved rate under a 2.2.2 standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with 223 the insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the office, a 224 basic policy including wind coverage, for a new application to 225 the corporation for coverage, the risk is not eligible for any 226 policy issued by the corporation unless the premium for coverage 227 from the authorized insurer is more than 15 percent greater than 228 the premium for comparable coverage from the corporation. 229 Whenever an offer of coverage for a personal lines residential 230 risk is received for a policyholder of the corporation at 231 renewal from an authorized insurer, if the offer is equal to or 232 less than the corporation's renewal premium for comparable 233 coverage, the risk is not eligible for coverage with the 234 corporation unless the premium for comparable coverage from the 235 authorized insurer is more than 15 percent greater than the 236 premium under subparagraph (n)1. for personal residential 237 properties that are not the insured's primary residence. If the 238 risk is not able to obtain such offer, the risk is eligible for 239 a standard policy including wind coverage or a basic policy 240 including wind coverage issued by the corporation; however, if 241 the risk could not be insured under a standard policy including wind coverage regardless of market conditions, the risk is 242



243 eligible for a basic policy including wind coverage unless 244 rejected under subparagraph 8. However, a policyholder removed 245 from the corporation through an assumption agreement remains 246 eligible for coverage from the corporation until the end of the 247 assumption period. The corporation shall determine the type of 248 policy to be provided on the basis of objective standards 249 specified in the underwriting manual and based on generally 250 accepted underwriting practices.

251 (I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the 252 market assistance plan or through a mechanism established by the corporation other than a plan established by s. 627.3518, before 253 254 a policy is issued to the risk by the corporation or during the 255 first 30 days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing 256 agent who submitted the application to the plan or to the 257 corporation is not currently appointed by the insurer, the 258 insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

270 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 271 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance

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with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) If the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

282 (B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record to 283 continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 287 288 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 289 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

290 b. With respect to commercial lines residential risks, for 291 a new application to the corporation for coverage, if the risk 292 is offered coverage under a policy including wind coverage from 293 an authorized insurer at its approved rate, the risk is not 294 eligible for a policy issued by the corporation unless the premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 15 295 296 percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage from 297 the corporation. Whenever an offer of coverage for a commercial 298 lines residential risk is received for a policyholder of the 299 corporation at renewal from an authorized insurer, if the offer is equal to or less than the corporation's renewal premium for 300

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301 comparable coverage, the risk is not eligible for coverage with 302 the corporation. If the risk is not able to obtain any such 303 offer, the risk is eligible for a policy including wind coverage 304 issued by the corporation. However, a policyholder removed from 305 the corporation through an assumption agreement remains eligible 306 for coverage from the corporation until the end of the 307 assumption period.

308 (I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the 309 market assistance plan or through a mechanism established by the 310 corporation other than a plan established by s. 627.3518, before 311 a policy is issued to the risk by the corporation or during the 312 first 30 days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing 313 agent who submitted the application to the plan or the 314 corporation is not currently appointed by the insurer, the 315 insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

321 (B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the 322 policy to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and 323 offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the 324 corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of 325 policy written.

327 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 328 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 329 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

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330 (II) If the corporation enters into a contractual agreement 331 for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the 332 corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission 333 on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record, for the first 334 335 year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee 336 337 equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; 338 or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record to 339 340 continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to 341 pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's 342 usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

344 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 346 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

347 c. For purposes of determining comparable coverage under 348 sub-subparagraphs a. and b., the comparison must be based on 349 those forms and coverages that are reasonably comparable. The 350 corporation may rely on a determination of comparable coverage 351 and premium made by the producing agent who submits the 352 application to the corporation, made in the agent's capacity as 353 the corporation's agent. A comparison may be made solely of the 354 premium with respect to the main building or structure only on 355 the following basis: the same coverage A or other building 356 limits; the same percentage hurricane deductible that applies on 357 an annual basis or that applies to each hurricane for commercial 358 residential property; the same percentage of ordinance and law

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359 coverage, if the same limit is offered by both the corporation 360 and the authorized insurer; the same mitigation credits, to the 361 extent the same types of credits are offered both by the 362 corporation and the authorized insurer; the same method for loss 363 payment, such as replacement cost or actual cash value, if the 364 same method is offered both by the corporation and the 365 authorized insurer in accordance with underwriting rules; and 366 any other form or coverage that is reasonably comparable as 367 determined by the board. If an application is submitted to the 368 corporation for wind-only coverage in the coastal account, the 369 premium for the corporation's wind-only policy plus the premium 370 for the ex-wind policy that is offered by an authorized insurer 371 to the applicant must be compared to the premium for multiperil 372 coverage offered by an authorized insurer, subject to the 373 standards for comparison specified in this subparagraph. If the 374 corporation or the applicant requests from the authorized 375 insurer a breakdown of the premium of the offer by types of 376 coverage so that a comparison may be made by the corporation or 377 its agent and the authorized insurer refuses or is unable to 378 provide such information, the corporation may treat the offer as 379 not being an offer of coverage from an authorized insurer at the 380 insurer's approved rate.

381 6. Must include rules for classifications of risks and382 rates.

383 7. Must provide that if premium and investment income for 384 an account attributable to a particular calendar year are in 385 excess of projected losses and expenses for the account 386 attributable to that year, such excess shall be held in surplus 387 in the account. Such surplus must be available to defray

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388 deficits in that account as to future years and used for that 389 purpose before assessing assessable insurers and assessable 390 insureds as to any calendar year.

391 8. Must provide objective criteria and procedures to be 392 uniformly applied to all applicants in determining whether an 393 individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making 394 this determination and in establishing the criteria and 395 procedures, the following must be considered:

a. Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual riskis substantially higher than for other risks of the same class;and

b. Whether the uncertainty associated with the individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be determined.

The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the corporation shall be construed as the private placement of insurance, and the provisions of chapter 120 does do not apply.

9. Must provide that the corporation make its best efforts to procure catastrophe reinsurance at reasonable rates, to cover its projected 100-year probable maximum loss as determined by the board of governors.

409 10. The policies issued by the corporation must provide 410 that if the corporation or the market assistance plan obtains an 411 offer from an authorized insurer to cover the risk at its 412 approved rates, the risk is no longer eligible for renewal 413 through the corporation, except as otherwise provided in this 414 subsection.

415 11. Corporation policies and applications must include a416 notice that the corporation policy could, under this section, be



417 replaced with a policy issued by an authorized insurer which 418 does not provide coverage identical to the coverage provided by 419 the corporation. The notice must also specify that acceptance of 420 corporation coverage creates a conclusive presumption that the 421 applicant or policyholder is aware of this potential.

422 12. May establish, subject to approval by the office, 423 different eligibility requirements and operational procedures 424 for any line or type of coverage for any specified county or 425 area if the board determines that such changes are justified due 426 to the voluntary market being sufficiently stable and 427 competitive in such area or for such line or type of coverage 428 and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to obtain 429 insurance through the voluntary market through ordinary methods 430 continue to have access to coverage from the corporation. If 431 coverage is sought in connection with a real property transfer, 432 the requirements and procedures may not provide an effective 433 date of coverage later than the date of the closing of the 434 transfer as established by the transferor, the transferee, and, 435 if applicable, the lender.

436 13. Must provide that, with respect to the coastal account, 437 any assessable insurer with a surplus as to policyholders of \$25 438 million or less writing 25 percent or more of its total 439 countrywide property insurance premiums in this state may 440 petition the office, within the first 90 days of each calendar 441 year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. A regular 442 assessment levied by the corporation on a limited apportionment 443 company for a deficit incurred by the corporation for the 444 coastal account may be paid to the corporation on a monthly basis as the assessments are collected by the limited 445

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446 apportionment company from its insureds, but a limited 447 apportionment company must begin collecting the regular 448 assessments not later than 90 days after the regular assessments 449 are levied by the corporation, and the regular assessments must 450 be paid in full within 15 months after being levied by the 451 corporation. A limited apportionment company shall collect from 452 its policyholders any emergency assessment imposed under sub-453 subparagraph (b)3.d. The plan must provide that, if the office 454 determines that any regular assessment will result in an 455 impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, 456 the office may direct that all or part of such assessment be 457 deferred as provided in subparagraph (q)4. However, an emergency 458 assessment to be collected from policyholders under sub-459 subparagraph (b)3.d. may not be limited or deferred.

14. Must provide that the corporation appoint as its licensed agents only those agents who throughout such appointments also hold an appointment as defined in s. 626.015 by an insurer who is authorized to write and is actually writing or renewing personal lines residential property coverage, commercial residential property coverage, or commercial nonresidential property coverage within this the state.

467 15. Must provide a premium payment plan option to its 468 policyholders which, at a minimum, allows for quarterly and 469 semiannual payment of premiums. A monthly payment plan may, but 470 is not required to, be offered.

471 16. Must limit coverage on mobile homes or manufactured
472 homes built before 1994 to actual cash value of the dwelling
473 rather than replacement costs of the dwelling.

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17. Must provide coverage for manufactured or mobile home

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attached structures:

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dwellings. Such coverage must also include the following

477 a. Screened enclosures that are aluminum framed or screened 478 enclosures that are not covered by the same or substantially the 479 same materials as those of the primary dwelling; 480 b. Carports that are aluminum or carports that are not 481 covered by the same or substantially the same materials as those 482 of the primary dwelling; and 483 c. Patios that have a roof covering that is constructed of 484 materials that are not the same or substantially the same 485 materials as those of the primary dwelling. 486 487 The corporation shall make available a policy for mobile homes 488 or manufactured homes for a minimum insured value of at least 489 \$3,000. 490 18. May provide such limits of coverage as the board 491 determines, consistent with the requirements of this subsection. 492 19. May require commercial property to meet specified 493 hurricane mitigation construction features as a condition of 494 eligibility for coverage. 495 20. Must provide that new or renewal policies issued by the 496 corporation on or after January 1, 2012, which cover sinkhole 497 loss do not include coverage for any loss to appurtenant 498 structures, driveways, sidewalks, decks, or patios that are 499 directly or indirectly caused by sinkhole activity. The 500 corporation shall exclude such coverage using a notice of 501 coverage change, which may be included with the policy renewal, 502 and not by issuance of a notice of nonrenewal of the excluded 503 coverage upon renewal of the current policy. Page 18 of 22

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504 21. As of January 1, 2012, must require that the agent 505 obtain from an applicant for coverage from the corporation an 506 acknowledgment signed by the applicant, which includes, at a 507 minimum, the following statement: 508 509 ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF POTENTIAL SURCHARGE 510 AND ASSESSMENT LIABILITY: 511 512 1. AS A POLICYHOLDER OF CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE 513 CORPORATION, I UNDERSTAND THAT IF THE CORPORATION SUSTAINS A 514 DEFICIT AS A RESULT OF HURRICANE LOSSES OR FOR ANY OTHER REASON, 515 MY POLICY COULD BE SUBJECT TO SURCHARGES, WHICH WILL BE DUE AND 516 PAYABLE UPON RENEWAL, CANCELLATION, OR TERMINATION OF THE 517 POLICY, AND THAT THE SURCHARGES COULD BE AS HIGH AS 45 PERCENT 518 OF MY PREMIUM, OR A DIFFERENT AMOUNT AS IMPOSED BY THE FLORIDA 519 LEGISLATURE. 2. I UNDERSTAND THAT I CAN AVOID THE CITIZENS POLICYHOLDER 520 521 SURCHARGE, WHICH COULD BE AS HIGH AS 45 PERCENT OF MY PREMIUM, 522 BY OBTAINING COVERAGE FROM A PRIVATE MARKET INSURER AND THAT TO 523 BE ELIGIBLE FOR COVERAGE BY CITIZENS, I MUST FIRST TRY TO OBTAIN 524 PRIVATE MARKET COVERAGE BEFORE APPLYING FOR OR RENEWING COVERAGE 525 WITH CITIZENS. I UNDERSTAND THAT PRIVATE MARKET INSURANCE RATES

527 3. I UNDERSTAND THAT I MAY BE SUBJECT TO EMERGENCY
528 ASSESSMENTS TO THE SAME EXTENT AS POLICYHOLDERS OF OTHER
529 INSURANCE COMPANIES, OR A DIFFERENT AMOUNT AS IMPOSED BY THE
530 FLORIDA LEGISLATURE.

ARE REGULATED AND APPROVED BY THE STATE.

4. I ALSO UNDERSTAND THAT CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCECORPORATION IS NOT SUPPORTED BY THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE

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STATE OF FLORIDA.

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a. The corporation shall maintain, in electronic format or otherwise, a copy of the applicant's signed acknowledgment and provide a copy of the statement to the policyholder as part of the first renewal after the effective date of this subparagraph.

b. The signed acknowledgment form creates a conclusive presumption that the policyholder understood and accepted his or her potential surcharge and assessment liability as a policyholder of the corporation.

22. The corporation shall pay a producing agent of record a reasonable commission not to exceed the average of commissions paid in the preceding year by the 20 admitted insurers writing the greatest market share of property insurance in this state.

(n)1. Rates for coverage provided by the corporation must be actuarially sound and subject to s. 627.062, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph. The corporation shall file its recommended rates with the office at least annually. The corporation shall provide any additional information regarding the rates which the office requires. The office shall consider the recommendations of the board and issue a final order establishing the rates for the corporation within 45 days after the recommended rates are filed. The corporation may not pursue an administrative challenge or judicial review of the final order of the office.

2. In addition to the rates otherwise determined pursuant to this paragraph, the corporation shall impose and collect an amount equal to the premium tax provided in s. 624.509 to augment the financial resources of the corporation.

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562 3. After The public hurricane loss-projection model under 563 s. 627.06281, if has been found to be accurate and reliable by the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology, 564 565 the model shall be considered when establishing the windstorm 566 portion of the corporation's rates. The corporation may use the 567 public model results in combination with the results of private 568 models to calculate rates for the windstorm portion of the 569 corporation's rates. This subparagraph does not require or allow 570 the corporation to adopt rates lower than the rates otherwise 571 required or allowed by this paragraph.

572 4. The rate filings for the corporation which were approved 573 by the office and took effect January 1, 2007, are rescinded, 574 except for those rates that were lowered. As soon as possible, 575 the corporation shall begin using the lower rates that were in 576 effect on December 31, 2006, and provide refunds to 577 policyholders who paid higher rates as a result of that rate filing. The rates in effect on December 31, 2006, remain in 578 579 effect for the 2007 and 2008 calendar years except for any rate 580 change that results in a lower rate. The next rate change that 581 may increase rates shall take effect pursuant to a new rate 582 filing recommended by the corporation and established by the 583 office, subject to this paragraph.

5. Beginning on July 15, 2009, and annually thereafter, the corporation must make a recommended actuarially sound rate filing for each personal and commercial line of business it writes, to be effective no earlier than January 1, 2010.

588 6. Beginning on or after <u>January 1, 2022</u> January 1, 2010, 589 and notwithstanding the board's recommended rates and the 590 office's final order regarding the corporation's filed rates

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591	under subparagraph 1., the corporation shall annually implement
592	a rate increase which, except for sinkhole coverage, does not
593	exceed 10 percent for any single policy <u>renewed</u> issued by the
594	corporation covering a personal residential property that is
595	used as the primary residence of the insured which has a
596	dwelling replacement cost less than \$700,000 or that is a single
597	condominium unit that has a combined dwelling and contents
598	replacement cost less than \$700,000, excluding coverage changes
599	and surcharges, if the policy was initially issued by the
600	corporation before January 1, 2022. For purposes of this
601	section, the term "primary residence" means the dwelling that
602	the insured has represented as their permanent home on the
603	insurance application or otherwise to the corporation.
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606	And the title is amended as follows:
607	Delete lines 7 - 13
608	and insert:
609	certain circumstances; revising conditions for
610	eligibility for coverage with the corporation to
611	require a certain minimum premium; specifying a limit
612	for agent commission rates; revising the application
613	of annual rate increase limits to certain policies
614	issued by the corporation; defining the term "primary
615	residence";