By Senator Polsky

	29-01494-21 20211946
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to anchoring limitation areas;
3	amending s. 327.4108, F.S.; authorizing counties to
4	establish anchoring limitation areas that meet certain
5	requirements; providing that specified established
6	anchoring limitation areas are exempt from specified
7	provisions; specifying size requirements for the
8	anchoring limitation areas; requiring the anchoring
9	limitation areas to be marked with signs and buoys
10	that meet certain requirements; prohibiting vessels
11	from anchoring in such areas for longer than a
12	specified time; defining the term "law enforcement or
13	code enforcement officer or agency"; requiring vessel
14	owners or operators to be allowed to provide specified
15	proof of compliance with certain provisions; providing
16	that vessels with repeat offenses within a specified
17	timeframe shall be declared public nuisances and
18	subject to certain provisions; providing that code
19	enforcement officers or agencies, in addition to law
20	enforcement officers or agencies, will be held
21	harmless for removal actions under certain
22	circumstances; requiring the Fish and Wildlife
23	Conservation Commission to initiate rulemaking by a
24	certain date; providing requirements for such
25	rulemaking; removing applicability provisions relating
26	to the commission's recommendations; reenacting s.
27	327.73(1)(z), F.S., relating to noncriminal
28	infractions, to incorporate the amendment made to s.
29	327.4108, F.S., in a reference thereto; providing an

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30	effective date.
31	
32	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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34	Section 1. Section 327.4108, Florida Statutes, is amended
35	to read:
36	327.4108 Anchoring of vessels in anchoring limitation
37	areas
38	(1) Notwithstanding s. 327.60(2)(f), a county may
39	establish, in accordance with this section, an anchoring
40	<u>limitation area within</u> The following densely populated urban
41	areas, which have narrow state waterways, residential docking
42	facilities, and significant recreational boating traffic. The
43	following areas previously designated as anchoring limitation
44	areas are grandfathered-in anchoring limitation areas for which
45	subsections (2), (3), (6), and (7) do not apply, are designated
46	as anchoring limitation areas:
47	(a) The section of Middle River lying between Northeast
48	21st Court and the Intracoastal Waterway in Broward County.
49	(b) Sunset Lake in Miami-Dade County.
50	(c) The sections of Biscayne Bay in Miami-Dade County lying
51	between:
52	1. Rivo Alto Island and Di Lido Island.
53	2. San Marino Island and San Marco Island.
54	3. San Marco Island and Biscayne Island.
55	(2) Each anchoring limitation area must:
56	(a) Be less than 200 acres in size;
57	(b) Comprise less than 10 percent of the county's navigable
58	waterways; and

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59	(c) Be clearly marked with all of the following:
60	1. Signs that provide reasonable notice to boaters which
61	identify the duration of time beyond which anchoring is limited
62	and identify the county ordinance with its enacting date by
63	which the anchoring limitation area was created. Any ordinance
64	adopted pursuant to this section may not take effect until
65	reviewed and approved as consistent with this section by the
66	commission.
67	2. Buoys. The county that has created an anchoring
68	limitation area shall install and maintain buoys marking the
69	boundary of the anchoring limitation area.
70	(3)(2) To promote the public's use and enjoyment of the
71	designated waterway, Except as provided in subsections (4) (3)
72	and (5) (4), a person may not anchor a vessel for more than 30
73	consecutive days in any 6-month at any time during the period
74	between one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before
75	sunrise in an anchoring limitation area.
76	(4) (3) Notwithstanding the limitations described in
77	subsection (3) (2), a person may anchor a vessel in an anchoring
78	limitation area:
79	(a) If the vessel suffers a mechanical failure that poses
80	an unreasonable risk of harm to the vessel or the persons
81	onboard unless the vessel anchors. The vessel may anchor for 3 $$
82	business days or until the vessel is repaired, whichever occurs
83	first.
84	(b) If imminent or existing weather conditions in the
85	vicinity of the vessel pose an unreasonable risk of harm to the
86	vessel or the persons onboard unless the vessel anchors. The
87	vessel may anchor until weather conditions no longer pose such

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88	risk. During a hurricane or tropical storm, weather conditions
89	are deemed to no longer pose an unreasonable risk of harm when
90	the hurricane or tropical storm warning affecting the area has
91	expired.
92	(c) During events described in s. 327.48 or other special
93	events, including, but not limited to, public music
94	performances, local government waterfront activities, or
95	fireworks displays. A vessel may anchor for the lesser of the
96	duration of the special event or 3 days.
97	(5)(4) This section does not apply to:
98	(a) Vessels owned or operated by a governmental entity for
99	law enforcement, firefighting, military, or rescue purposes.
100	(b) Construction or dredging vessels on an active job site.
101	(c) Vessels actively engaged in commercial fishing.
102	(d) Vessels engaged in recreational fishing if the persons
103	onboard are actively tending hook and line fishing gear or nets.
104	<u>(6)(a)</u> (5)(a) As used in this subsection, the term "law
105	enforcement or code enforcement officer or agency" means the
106	Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, the county sheriff,
107	the United States Coast Guard, a county code compliance agency,
108	and authorized enforcement personnel of any of the foregoing an
109	officer or agency authorized to enforce this section pursuant to
110	s. 327.70 .
111	(b) Upon an inquiry by a law enforcement or code
112	enforcement officer or agency, a vessel owner or operator shall
113	be given an opportunity to provide proof that the vessel has not
114	exceeded the limitations described in subsection (3). Such proof
115	may include any of the following:
116	1. Documentation showing that the vessel was in another
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117	location at least 1 mile away within a period of less than 30
118	days before the inquiry.
119	2. Electronic evidence, including, but not limited to,
120	navigational devices or tracking devices that show the vessel
121	was in another location at least 1 mile away within a period of
122	less than 30 days before the inquiry.
123	(c) (b) If a vessel owner or operator fails or refuses to
124	provide proof that the vessel has not exceeded the limitations
125	prescribed in subsection (3), the a law enforcement or code
126	enforcement officer or agency may remove a vessel from an
127	anchoring limitation area and impound the vessel for up to 48
128	hours, or cause such removal and impoundment, if the vessel
129	operator, after being issued a citation for a violation of this
130	section:
131	1. Anchors the vessel in violation of this section within
132	12 hours after being issued the citation; or
133	2. Refuses to leave the anchoring limitation area after
134	being directed to do so by a law enforcement or code enforcement
135	officer or agency.
136	(d) A vessel that is the subject of more than three
137	violations within 12 months which resulted in dispositions other
138	than acquittal or dismissal shall be declared to be a public
139	nuisance and subject to ss. 705.103 and 823.11.
140	<u>(e)</u> A law enforcement <u>or code enforcement</u> officer or
141	agency acting under this subsection to remove or impound a
142	vessel, or to cause such removal or impoundment, shall be held
143	harmless for any damage to the vessel resulting from such
144	removal or impoundment unless the damage results from gross
145	negligence or willful misconduct.

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29-01494-21 20211946 146 (f) (d) A contractor performing removal or impoundment 147 services at the direction of a law enforcement or code 148 enforcement officer or agency pursuant to this subsection must: 149 1. Be licensed in accordance with United States Coast Guard 150 regulations, as applicable. 151 2. Obtain and carry a current policy issued by a licensed 152 insurance carrier in this state to insure against any accident, 153 loss, injury, property damage, or other casualty caused by or 154 resulting from the contractor's actions. 155 3. Be properly equipped to perform such services. 156 (g) (e) In addition to the civil penalty imposed under s. 157 327.73(1)(z), the operator of a vessel that is removed and 158 impounded pursuant to paragraph (c) (b) must pay all removal and 159 storage fees before the vessel is released. A vessel removed 160 pursuant to paragraph (c) (b) may not be impounded for longer 161 than 48 hours. 162 (7) The commission shall initiate rulemaking by July 1, 163 2021, to provide criteria and procedures for reviewing 164 applications and procedures for public notice and participation 165 pursuant to this subsection. The rulemaking must include, at a 166 minimum, all of the following: (a) Notice to the public. The Boating and Waterways Section 167 168 of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission shall provide notice of completed applications received, public meetings or 169 hearings concerning applications, and denial or approval of 170 171 applications on the section's web page and to all parties listed 172 in the Boating and Waterways Section's public distribution list 173 for ordinances, which any member of the public may join. 174 (b) An opportunity for public participation. Members of the

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175	public may provide written comments, recommendations, requests,
176	inquiries, or other correspondence to the Boating and Waterways
177	Section. If a public hearing is requested or a review by the
178	agency head is requested, members of the public may testify at
179	the hearing or commission meeting and may submit relevant and
180	material exhibits to the record of the proceeding.
181	<u>(8)</u> A violation of this section is punishable as
182	provided in s. 327.73(1)(z).
183	(7) This section shall remain in effect notwithstanding the
184	Legislature's adoption of the commission's recommendations for
185	the regulation of mooring vessels outside of public mooring
186	fields pursuant to s. 327.4105.
187	Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
188	made by this act to section 327.4108, Florida Statutes, in a
189	reference thereto, paragraph (z) of subsection (1) of section
190	327.73, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
191	327.73 Noncriminal infractions
192	(1) Violations of the following provisions of the vessel
193	laws of this state are noncriminal infractions:
194	(z) Section 327.4108, relating to the anchoring of vessels
195	in anchoring limitation areas, for which the penalty is:
196	1. For a first offense, up to a maximum of \$50.
197	2. For a second offense, up to a maximum of \$100.
198	3. For a third or subsequent offense, up to a maximum of
199	\$250.
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201	Any person cited for a violation of any provision of this
202	subsection shall be deemed to be charged with a noncriminal
203	infraction, shall be cited for such an infraction, and shall be
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204	cited to appear before the county court. The civil penalty for
205	any such infraction is \$50, except as otherwise provided in this
206	section. Any person who fails to appear or otherwise properly
207	respond to a uniform boating citation shall, in addition to the
208	charge relating to the violation of the boating laws of this
209	state, be charged with the offense of failing to respond to such
210	citation and, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor of the
211	second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
212	775.083. A written warning to this effect shall be provided at
213	the time such uniform boating citation is issued.
214	Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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