By Senator Pizzo

38-00244A-21 2021216

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to reporting animal cruelty; providing a short title; amending s. 474.214, F.S.; specifying that the failure of a veterinarian to report suspected animal cruelty is grounds for disciplinary action; amending s. 474.2165, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; creating s. 828.124, F.S.; defining terms; requiring veterinarians, veterinary technicians, and other animal treatment provider employees to report cases of suspected animal cruelty to certain officials; providing an exception; authorizing veterinarians, veterinary technicians, and other animal treatment provider employees to report suspected cases of animal cruelty at certain commercial food-producing animal operations under certain circumstances; providing immunity from liability and employment protections for certain persons; providing criminal penalties for the alteration or the destruction of medical records for specified purposes; providing construction; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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- Section 1. This act may be cited as "Allie's Law."

 Section 2. Paragraph (qq) is added to subsection (1) of section 474.214, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 474.214 Disciplinary proceedings.-
 - (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which

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the disciplinary actions in subsection (2) may be taken:

(qq) Failing to report suspected animal cruelty to the proper authorities pursuant to s. 828.124.

Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 474.2165, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

474.2165 Ownership and control of veterinary medical patient records; report or copies of records to be furnished.—

- (4) Except as otherwise provided in this section, such records may not be furnished to, and the medical condition of a patient may not be discussed with, any person other than the client or the client's legal representative or other veterinarians involved in the care or treatment of the patient, except upon written authorization of the client. However, such records may be furnished without written authorization under the following circumstances:
- (d) In any criminal action or situation where a veterinarian suspects a criminal violation.
- 1. Except as provided in subparagraph 2., if a criminal violation or animal cruelty as defined in s. 828.124 is suspected, a veterinarian must may, without notice to or authorization from the client, report the violation to a law enforcement officer, an animal control officer who is certified pursuant to s. 828.27(4)(a), or an agent appointed under s. 828.03.
- 2. However, If a suspected violation occurs at a commercial food-producing animal operation on land classified as agricultural under s. 193.461, the veterinarian may report the violation to a law enforcement officer, an animal control officer who is certified pursuant to s. 828.27(4)(a), or an

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agent appointed under s. 828.03. In such cases, the veterinarian must provide notice to the client or the client's legal representative before reporting the suspected violation to an officer or agent under this <u>subparagraph</u> paragraph. The report may not include written medical records except upon the issuance of an order from a court of competent jurisdiction.

Section 4. Section 828.124, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 828.124 Reporting animal cruelty; medical records.-
- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Animal cruelty" means any act or omission that
 constitutes a violation of s. 828.12, s. 828.122, s. 828.126, or
 s. 828.13.
- (b) "Animal treatment provider" includes any animal care facility, hospital, mobile service or clinic, or shelter; private veterinary practice; college of veterinary medicine or veterinary technology program; or specialized veterinary hospital or any place dogs or cats are seen for any kind of treatment.
- (c) "Good faith report" means a report of animal cruelty which is made by a person without malice or consideration of personal benefit who has reasonable cause to believe such report is true.
- (2) All of the following individuals must report suspected past or current cases of animal cruelty to a local law enforcement officer, an animal control officer who is certified pursuant to s. 828.27(4)(a), or an agent appointed under s. 828.03:
 - (a) A veterinarian, if he or she has a

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veterinarian/client/patient relationship with the animal.

(b) A veterinary technician who is employed by an animal treatment provider or any other employee of the animal treatment provider, if the animal is a current patient of the animal treatment provider with whom the technician or employee is employed.

This subsection does not apply to a suspected violation at a commercial food-producing animal operation on land classified as agricultural under s. 193.461.

- (3) If a suspected violation occurs at a commercial food-producing animal operation on land classified as agricultural under s. 193.461, a veterinarian, veterinary technician, or other animal treatment provider employee may report the suspected violation to a local law enforcement officer, an animal control officer who is certified pursuant to s. 828.27(4)(a), or an agent appointed under s. 828.03, if the person who makes the report complies with the notice requirements established under s. 474.2165(4).
- (4) A veterinarian, veterinary technician, or other animal treatment provider employee who makes a good faith report of animal cruelty pursuant to this section to a local law enforcement officer, an animal control officer, or an appointed agent shall be held harmless from criminal liability, civil liability, professional disciplinary action, and employer retaliation.
- (5) A veterinary technician or an animal treatment provider employee or volunteer, excluding veterinarians who are subject to chapter 474, who knowingly alters or destroys a medical

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38-00244A-21 2021216 117 record for the purpose of concealing or attempting to conceal 118 animal cruelty or cause the same to be done commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 119 120 775.082 or s. 775.083. 121 (6) This section may not be construed to prohibit any 122 person from making a good faith report of suspected animal 123 cruelty to any national, state, or local law enforcement

Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

authority or any animal control agency.