Bill No. CS/HB 337 (2021)

Amendment No.1

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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE	ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Ways & Means Committee Representative DiCeglie offered the following:

### Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove lines 32-135 and insert:

6 service. The term also includes a fire department vehicle, an 7 emergency medical service vehicle, a sheriff's office vehicle, a 8 police department vehicle, and the equipment necessary to outfit 9 the vehicle for its official use. For independent special fire 10 control districts, the term infrastructure includes new facilities as defined in s. 191.009(4). 11 12 (b) "Public facilities" has the same meaning as in s. 163.3164 and includes emergency medical, fire, and law 13 enforcement facilities. 14 (4) (4) (3) At a minimum, each local government that adopts and 15 collects an impact fee by ordinance and each special district 16 834737 - CSHB 337 DiCeglie Al.docx Published On: 3/30/2021 8:33:43 PM

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17 that adopts, collects, and administers an impact fee by 18 resolution must an impact fee adopted by ordinance of a county 19 or municipality or by resolution of a special district must 20 satisfy all of the following conditions:

(a) <u>Ensure that</u> the calculation of the impact fee <u>is</u> must
 be based on the most recent and localized data.

(b) The local government must Provide for accounting and reporting of impact fee collections and expenditures <u>and</u>. If a <u>local governmental entity imposes an impact fee to address its</u> <u>infrastructure needs</u>, the entity must account for the revenues and expenditures of such impact fee in a separate accounting fund.

(c) Limit administrative charges for the collection of
 impact fees must be limited to actual costs.

The local government must Provide notice at least not 31 (d) 32 less than 90 days before the effective date of an ordinance or 33 resolution imposing a new or increased impact fee. A local government county or municipality is not required to wait 90 34 35 days to decrease, suspend, or eliminate an impact fee. Unless 36 the result is to reduce the total mitigation costs or impact 37 fees imposed on an applicant, new or increased impact fees may not apply to current or pending permit applications submitted 38 before the effective date of an ordinance or resolution imposing 39 a new or increased impact fee. 40

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(e) <u>Ensure that</u> collection of the impact fee may not be
required to occur earlier than the date of issuance of the
building permit for the property that is subject to the fee.

(f) <u>Ensure that</u> the impact fee <u>is must be</u> proportional and reasonably connected to, or <u>has</u> have a rational nexus with, the need for additional capital facilities and the increased impact generated by the new residential or commercial construction.

(g) <u>Ensure that</u> the impact fee <u>is must be</u> proportional and reasonably connected to, or <u>has</u> have a rational nexus with, the expenditures of the funds collected and the benefits accruing to the new residential or nonresidential construction.

(h) The local government must Specifically earmark funds collected under the impact fee for use in acquiring, constructing, or improving capital facilities to benefit new users.

(i) <u>Ensure that</u> revenues generated by the impact fee <u>are</u> may not be used, in whole or in part, to pay existing debt or for previously approved projects unless the expenditure is reasonably connected to, or has a rational nexus with, the increased impact generated by the new residential or nonresidential construction.

62 <u>(5)</u> (4) Notwithstanding any charter provision, 63 comprehensive plan policy, ordinance, <u>development order</u>, 64 <u>development permit</u>, or resolution, the local government <u>or</u> 65 <u>special district</u> must credit against the collection of the 834737 - CSHB 337 DiCeglie Al.docx Published On: 3/30/2021 8:33:43 PM

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66 impact fee any contribution, whether identified in a 67 proportionate share agreement or other form of exaction, which 68 relates to the improvement of related to public education facilities or infrastructure, including land dedication, site 69 70 planning and design, or construction. Any contribution must be 71 applied on a dollar-for-dollar basis at fair market value to reduce any education-based impact fees collected for the general 72 category or class of public facilities or infrastructure for 73 74 which the contribution was made on a dollar-for-dollar basis at 75 fair market value. 76 (b) If a local government or special district does not 77 charge and collect an impact fee for the general category or 78 class of public facility contributed, a credit may not be 79 applied under paragraph (a). 80 (6) (5) Impact fee increases.-A local government, school 81 district, or special district may increase an impact fee only as 82 provided in this subsection. 83 (a) An impact fee may be increased only pursuant to a plan 84 for the imposition, collection, and use of the increased impact 85 fee that complies with this section. 86 (b) Any increase to a current impact fee rate of not more 87 than 25 percent of the current rate must be implemented in two

88 equal annual increments beginning with the date on which the

89 increased fee is adopted.

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90	(c) An increase to a current impact fee rate that exceeds
91	25 percent but not more than 50 percent of the current rate must
92	be implemented in four equal installments beginning with the
93	date the increased fee is adopted.
94	(d) No impact fee increase may exceed 50 percent of the
95	current impact fee rate.
96	(e) An impact fee may not be increased more than once
97	every 4 years.
98	(f) An impact fee may not be increased retroactively for a
99	previous or current fiscal or calendar year.
100	(g) Notwithstanding paragraphs (b), (c), (d), or (e), a
101	local government, school district, or special district may
102	increase an impact fee rate by establishing the need for such
103	increase in full compliance with the requirements of subsection
104	<u>(4)</u>
105	(h) If an impact fee is increased a local government
106	increases its impact fee rates, the holder of any impact fee
107	credits, whether such credits are granted under s. 163.3180, s.
108	380.06, or otherwise, which were in existence before the
109	increase, is entitled to the full benefit of the intensity or
110	density prepaid by the credit balance as of the date it was
111	first established.
112	(i) This subsection shall operate <del>prospectively and not</del>
113	retrospectively to January 1, 2021.
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114	<u>(7) (6)</u> <u>A local government, school district, or special</u>
115	district must submit with its annual financial report under s.
116	218.32 or its financial audit report under s. 218.39 an
117	affidavit signed by its chief financial officer attesting, to
118	the best of his or her knowledge, that all impact fees were
119	collected and expended by the local government, school district,
120	or special district, or were collected and expended on its
121	behalf, in compliance with
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124	TITLE AMENDMENT
125	Between lines 6 and 7, insert:
126	providing conditions under which credits may not be applied;
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