1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to insurance coverage for hearing aids 3 for children; creating s. 627.6413, F.S.; providing a 4 definition of the term "hearing aid"; requiring 5 certain individual health insurance policies to 6 provide coverage for hearing aids for children 21 7 years of age or younger under certain circumstances; 8 specifying health care providers who may prescribe, 9 fit, and dispense the hearing aids; specifying a 10 minimum coverage limit within a certain timeframe; 11 providing an exception; providing that an insured is 12 responsible for certain costs that exceed the policy limit; providing applicability; amending s. 641.31, 13 14 F.S.; requiring certain individual health maintenance organization contracts to provide coverage for hearing 15 aids for children 21 years of age or younger under 16 17 certain circumstances; specifying health care providers who may prescribe, fit, and dispense the 18 19 hearing aids; specifying a minimum coverage limit within a certain timeframe; providing an exception; 20 21 providing that a subscriber is responsible for certain 22 costs that exceed the contract limit; providing a 23 definition of the term "hearing aid"; providing 24 applicability; providing an effective date. 25

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 627.6413, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

627.6413 Coverage for hearing aids for children.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term "hearing aid" means any wearable instrument or device designed for, offered for the purpose of, or represented as aiding persons with or compensating for, impaired hearing.
- (2) A health insurer issuing an individual policy that provides major medical or similar comprehensive coverage for a family member of the insured must provide coverage for a hearing aid for children 21 years of age or younger who are diagnosed with hearing loss by a licensed physician or a licensed audiologist, and for whom the hearing aid is prescribed as medically necessary. Coverage for a hearing aid prescribed to a child younger than 18 years of age must require the hearing aid to be prescribed, fitted, and dispensed by a licensed physician or a licensed audiologist. Coverage for a hearing aid prescribed to a child between 18 and 21 years of age must require the hearing aid to be fitted and dispensed by a licensed physician, a licensed audiologist, or a licensed hearing aid specialist.
- (3) The policy must provide a minimum coverage limit of \$3,500 per ear within a 24-month period. However, if a child experiences a significant and unexpected change in his or her

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hearing or a medical condition requiring an unexpected change in the hearing aid before the existing 24-month period expires, and alterations to the existing hearing aid do not or cannot meet the needs of the child, a new 24-month period must begin with full benefits and coverage.

- (4) An insured is responsible for the cost of hearing aids and related services which exceeds the coverage limit provided by his or her policy.
- (5) This section applies to a policy that is issued or renewed on or after January 1, 2022.
- Section 2. Subsection (48) is added to section 641.31, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 641.31 Health maintenance contracts.-

(48) (a) A health maintenance organization issuing an individual contract that provides major medical or similar comprehensive coverage for a family member of the subscriber must provide coverage for a hearing aid for children 21 years of age or younger who are diagnosed with hearing loss by a licensed physician or a licensed audiologist, and for whom the hearing aid is prescribed as medically necessary. Coverage for a hearing aid prescribed to a child younger than 18 years of age must require the hearing aid to be prescribed, fitted, and dispensed by a licensed physician or a licensed audiologist. Coverage for a hearing aid prescribed to a child between 18 and 21 years of age must require the hearing aid to be fitted and dispensed by a

<u>licensed physician</u>, a licensed audiologist, or a licensed hearing aid specialist.

- (b) The contract must provide a minimum coverage limit of \$3,500 per ear within a 24-month period. However, if a child experiences a significant and unexpected change in his or her hearing or a medical condition requiring an unexpected change in the hearing aid before the existing 24-month period expires, and alterations to the existing hearing aid do not or cannot meet the needs of the child, a new 24-month period must begin with full benefits and coverage.
- (c) A subscriber is responsible for the cost of hearing aids and related services which exceeds the coverage limit provided by his or her contract.
- (d) As used in this subsection, the term "hearing aid" means any wearable instrument or device designed for, offered for the purpose of, or represented as aiding persons with or compensating for, impaired hearing.
- (e) This subsection applies to a contract that is issued or renewed on or after January 1, 2022.
 - Section 3. This act shall take effect January 1, 2022.