

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate . Comm: RCS . 02/03/2021 . House

The Committee on Community Affairs (Bradley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 54 - 205

and insert:

before an investigation occurs. This paragraph does not apply if the person designated as a code inspector has reason to believe

that the violation presents an imminent threat to public health,

safety, or welfare or imminent destruction of habitat or

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(c) (a) Prior to issuing a citation, a code inspector shall

sensitive resources.



11 provide notice to the violator that the violator has committed a 12 violation of a code or ordinance and shall establish a reasonable time period within which the violator must correct 13 14 the violation. Such time period shall be no more than 30 days. If, upon personal investigation, a code inspector finds that the 15 violator has not corrected the violation within the time period, 16 17 a code inspector may issue a citation to the violator. A code 18 inspector does not have to provide the violator with a 19 reasonable time period to correct the violation prior to issuing 20 a citation and may immediately issue a citation if the code 21 inspector has reason to believe that the violation presents a 22 serious threat to the public health, safety, or welfare, or if 23 the violation is irreparable or irreversible.

(d) (b) A citation issued by a code inspector shall state the date and time of issuance, name and address of the person in violation, date of the violation, section of the codes or ordinances, or subsequent amendments thereto, violated, name of the code inspector, and date and time when the violator shall appear in county court.

30 (e) (c) If a repeat violation is found subsequent to the 31 issuance of a citation, the code inspector is not required to 32 give the violator a reasonable time to correct the violation and 33 may immediately issue a citation. For purposes of this 34 subsection, the term "repeat violation" means a violation of a 35 provision of a code or ordinance by a person who has previously 36 been found to have violated the same provision within 5 years 37 prior to the violation, notwithstanding the violations occurred 38 at different locations.

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(f) (d) If the owner of property which is subject to an

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40 enforcement proceeding before county court transfers ownership of such property between the time the initial citation or 41 42 citations are issued and the date the violator has been summoned 43 to appear in county court, such owner shall:

1. Disclose, in writing, the existence and the nature of the proceeding to the prospective transferee.

2. Deliver to the prospective transferee a copy of the pleadings, notices, and other materials relating to the county court proceeding received by the transferor.

3. Disclose, in writing, to the prospective transferee that the new owner will be responsible for compliance with the applicable code and with orders issued in the county court proceeding.

4. File a notice with the code enforcement official of the transfer of the property, with the identity and address of the new owner and copies of the disclosures made to the new owner, within 5 days after the date of the transfer.

58 A failure to make the disclosure described in subparagraphs 1., 59 2., and 3. before the transfer creates a rebuttable presumption of fraud. If the property is transferred before the date the 60 61 violator has been summoned to appear in county court, the 62 proceeding shall not be dismissed but the new owner will be 63 substituted as the party of record and thereafter provided a 64 reasonable period of time to correct the violation before the 65 continuation of proceedings in county court.

66 (q) (c) If the code inspector has reason to believe a 67 violation or the condition causing the violation presents a serious threat to the public health, safety, and welfare or if



69 the violation is irreparable or irreversible in nature, or if 70 after attempts under this section to bring a repeat violation into compliance with a provision of a code or ordinance prove 71 72 unsuccessful, the local governing body may make all reasonable 73 repairs which are required to bring the property into compliance 74 and charge the owner with the reasonable cost of the repairs 75 along with the fine imposed pursuant to this section. Making 76 such repairs does not create a continuing obligation on the part 77 of the local governing body to make further repairs or to 78 maintain the property and does not create any liability against 79 the local governing body for any damages to the property if such 80 repairs were completed in good faith.

(h) (f) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize any person designated as a code inspector to perform any function or duties of a law enforcement officer other than as specified in this subsection. A code inspector shall not make physical arrests or take any person into custody and shall be exempt from requirements relating to the Special Risk Class of the Florida Retirement System, bonding, and the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission, as defined and provided by general law.

<u>(i)(g)</u> The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to the enforcement pursuant to ss. 553.79 and 553.80 of the Florida Building Code adopted pursuant to s. 553.73 as applied to construction, provided that a building permit is either not required or has been issued by the county.

(j)(h) The provisions of this subsection may be used by a county in lieu of the provisions of part II of chapter 162.
(k)(i) The provisions of this subsection are additional or

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98 supplemental means of enforcing county codes and ordinances. 99 Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (j) paragraph (h), 100 nothing in this subsection shall prohibit a county from 101 enforcing its codes or ordinances by any other means. 102 Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 162.06, Florida 103 Statutes, is amended to read: 104 162.06 Enforcement procedure.-105 (1) (a) It shall be the duty of the code inspector to 106 initiate enforcement proceedings of the various codes; however, 107 no member of a board shall have the power to initiate such 108 enforcement proceedings. 109 (b) A code inspector may not initiate enforcement 110 proceedings for a potential violation of a duly enacted code or 111 ordinance by way of an anonymous complaint. A person who reports 112 a potential violation of a code or an ordinance must provide his 113 or her name and address to the respective local government 114 before an enforcement proceeding may occur. This paragraph does 115 not apply if the code inspector has reason to believe that the 116 violation presents an imminent threat to public health, safety, 117 or welfare or imminent destruction of habitat or sensitive 118 resources. 119 Section 2. Section 162.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to 120 read: 121 162.13 Provisions of act supplemental.-It is the 122 legislative intent of ss. 162.01-162.12 to provide an additional 123 or supplemental means of obtaining compliance with local codes. Except as provided in s. 162.06(1)(b), nothing contained in ss. 124 125 162.01-162.12 shall prohibit a local governing body from 126 enforcing its codes by any other means.

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127	Section 3. Present paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (3)
128	of section 162.21, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
129	paragraphs (c) and (d), respectively, a new paragraph (b) is
130	added to that subsection, and subsection (8) of that section is
131	amended, to read:
132	162.21 Enforcement of county or municipal codes or
133	ordinances; penalties
134	(3)
135	(b) A code enforcement officer may not initiate an
136	investigation of a potential violation of a duly enacted code or
137	ordinance by way of an anonymous complaint. A person who reports
138	a potential violation of a code or an ordinance must provide his
139	or her name and address to the respective local government
140	before an investigation may occur. This paragraph does not apply
141	if the code enforcement officer has reason to believe that the
142	violation presents an imminent threat to public health, safety,
143	or welfare or imminent destruction of habitat or sensitive
144	resources.
145	(8) The provisions of this section are additional and
146	supplemental means of enforcing county or municipal codes or
147	ordinances and may be used for the enforcement of any code or
148	ordinance, or for the enforcement of all codes and ordinances.
149	Except as provided in paragraph (3)(b), nothing contained in
150	this section shall prohibit a county or municipality from
151	enforcing its codes or ordinances by any other means.
152	Section 4. Subsections (1) and (7) of section 166.0415,
153	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
154	166.0415 Enforcement by code inspectors; citations
155	(1) (a) The governing body of each municipality may

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designate its agents or employees as code inspectors whose duty it is to assure code compliance. Any person designated as a code inspector may issue citations for violations of municipal codes and ordinances, respectively, or subsequent amendments thereto, when such code inspector has actual knowledge that a violation has been committed.

(b) A person designated as a code inspector may not initiate an investigation of a potential violation of a duly enacted code or ordinance by way of an anonymous complaint. A person who reports a potential violation of a code or an ordinance must provide his or her name and address to the governing body of the municipality before an investigation occurs. This paragraph does not apply if the person designated as a code inspector has reason to believe that the violation presents an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare or imminent destruction of habitat or sensitive resources.

173 And the title is amended as follows: 174 175 Delete lines 10 - 33 176 and insert: 177 investigation occurs; providing applicability; 178 providing construction; amending s. 162.06, F.S.; prohibiting code inspectors from initiating 179 180 enforcement proceedings for potential violations of 181 codes and ordinances by way of anonymous complaints; 182 requiring persons who report potential violations of codes and ordinances to provide specified information 183

to the respective local government before an

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. SB 60



185 investigation occurs; providing applicability; 186 amending s. 162.13, F.S.; providing construction; 187 amending s. 162.21, F.S.; prohibiting code enforcement 188 officers from initiating investigations of potential 189 violations of codes and ordinances by way of anonymous 190 complaints; requiring persons who report potential 191 violations of codes and ordinances to provide 192 specified information to the respective local 193 government before an investigation occurs; providing 194 applicability; providing construction; amending s. 195 166.0415, F.S.; prohibiting code inspectors designated 196 by governing bodies of municipalities from initiating 197 investigations of potential violations of codes and 198 ordinances by way of anonymous complaints; requiring 199 persons who report potential violations of codes and 200 ordinances to provide specified information to the 201 governing body before an investigation occurs; 202 providing applicability; providing