HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF FINAL BILL ANALYSIS

BILL #: SB 7022 OGSR/Proprietary Confidential Business Information SPONSOR(S): Regulated Industries TIED BILLS: IDEN./SIM. BILLS:

FINAL HOUSE FLOOR ACTION: 114 Y's 2 N's GOVERNOR'S ACTION: Approved

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

SB 7022 passed the House on April 28, 2021, as amended. The Senate concurred in the House amendment to the Senate bill and subsequently passed the bill as amended on April 29, 2021.

The Open Government Sunset Review Act requires the Legislature to review each public record exemption and each public meeting exemption five years after enactment. If the Legislature does not reenact the exemption, it automatically repeals on October 2nd of the fifth year after enactment.

Current law provides a public record exemption for proprietary confidential business information submitted by a voice communications services provider to the E911 Board, the Division of Telecommunications within the Department of Management Services, or the Department of Revenue. The term "proprietary confidential business information" means customer lists, customer numbers, individual or aggregate costumer data by location, usage and capacity data, network facilities used to serve subscribers, technology descriptions, technical information, or trade secrets, and the actual or developmental costs of E911 systems that are developed, produced, or received internally by a provider or by a provider's employees, directors, officers, or agents.

The bill saves from repeal the public record exemption, which will repeal on October 2, 2021, if this bill does not become law, and revises the definition of "proprietary confidential business information" to remove trade secrets.

The bill does not appear to have a fiscal impact on state or local governments.

The bill was approved by the Governor on June 11, 2021, ch. 2021-80, L.O.F., and will become effective on July 1, 2021.

I. SUBSTANTIVE INFORMATION

A. EFFECT OF CHANGES:

Background

Open Government Sunset Review Act

The Open Government Sunset Review Act (Act)¹ sets forth a legislative review process for newly created or substantially amended public record or public meeting exemptions. It requires an automatic repeal of the exemption on October 2nd of the fifth year after creation or substantial amendment, unless the Legislature reenacts the exemption.²

The Act provides that a public record or public meeting exemption may be created or maintained only if it serves an identifiable public purpose. In addition, it may be no broader than is necessary to meet one of the following purposes:

- Allow the state or its political subdivisions to effectively and efficiently administer a governmental program, which administration would be significantly impaired without the exemption.
- Protect sensitive personal information that, if released, would be defamatory or would jeopardize an individual's safety; however, only the identity of an individual may be exempted under this provision.
- Protect trade or business secrets.³

If, and only if, in reenacting an exemption that will repeal, the exemption is expanded (essentially creating a new exemption), then a public necessity statement and a two-thirds vote for passage are required.⁴ If the exemption is reenacted with grammatical or stylistic changes that do not expand the exemption, if the exemption is narrowed, or if an exception to the exemption is created, then a public necessity statement and a two-thirds vote for passage are necessity statement and a two-thirds vote for passage are necessity statement and a two-thirds vote for passage are not required.

The Emergency Communications Number E911 Act (E911 Act)

The Emergency Communications Number E911 Act (E911 Act) was established to create a statewide emergency telecommunications number system, providing users of voice communications services rapid and direct access to public safety and emergency agencies.⁵ The Communications Number E911 System Fund (the fund)⁶ reimburses wireless providers⁷ for certain costs incurred in complying with the E911 Act and provides funds to counties to pay certain costs associated with their E911 systems.⁸ The fund, which is administered by the E911 Board (board),⁹ is comprised of fees levied on subscribers pursuant to the E911 fee¹⁰ and the prepaid wireless E911 fee.¹¹

Providers must deliver the collected E911 fees to the board within 60 days of billing subscribers, along with a monthly report that includes data as to the number of subscribers within each county.¹² The fee

¹ Section 119.15, F.S.

² Section 119.15(3), F.S.

³ Section 119.15(6)(b), F.S.

⁴ Section 24(c), Art. I, FLA. CONST.

⁵ Section 365.172, F.S.

⁶ Section 365.173, F.S.

⁷ "Provider" or "voice communications service provider" means any person or entity providing voice communications services, except that the term does not include any person or entity that resells voice communications services and was assessed the E911 fee authorized and imposed under the E911 Act by its resale supplier. Section 365.172(3)(dd), F.S.

⁸ Sections 365.173(2) and 365.172(2)(b), F.S.

⁹ Section 365.172(2)(d) F.S. The Division of Telecommunications within the Department of Management Services oversees the board. ¹⁰ Section 365.172(8), F.S.

¹¹ Section 365.172(9), F.S.

¹² Section 365.172(8)(e), F.S.

must then be paid by the board into the State Treasury and accounted for in the fund on a monthly basis.¹³

As to the prepaid wireless E911 fee, the provider collects the amount of the fee from the customers on each transaction performed within the state.¹⁴ The provider must then remit the fees collected in the previous month along with a fee return to the Department of Revenue (DOR).¹⁵ DOR then transfers the fees to the fund on a monthly basis.¹⁶

Public Record Exemption under Review

Current law provides a public record exemption for proprietary confidential business information submitted by a provider to the board, the Division of Telecommunications within the Department of Management Services (DMS), or DOR.¹⁷ The term "proprietary confidential business information" means customer lists, customer numbers, individual or aggregate costumer data by location, usage and capacity data, network facilities used to serve subscribers, technology descriptions, technical information, or trade secrets, including trade secrets as defined in s. 812.081, F.S.,¹⁸ and the actual or developmental costs of E911 systems that are developed, produced, or received internally by a provider or by a provider's employees, directors, officers, or agents.¹⁹

In 2016, the definition of "trade secret" in s. 812.081(1)(c), F.S., was expanded to include financial information. As a result, the above-described public record exemption was reenacted to include the new definition of "trade secret" and as such, was made subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act. Pursuant to the Open Government Sunset Review Act, the exemption will repeal on October 2, 2021, unless reenacted by the Legislature.

Both the E911 fee report and the return filed for the prepaid wireless E911 fees contain information considered to be proprietary confidential business information, falling within the public record exemption.²⁰ According to the Cellular Telecommunications and Internet Association (CTIA), the trade association for the wireless communications industry:

The E911 fee submission reports to the E911 Board contain E911 fee collections from customers separated by local county jurisdiction, which is "aggregate customer data by location," and financial data from which aggregate customer data by location can be derived. Prepaid wireless E911 fee collections may contain vendor specific information. In addition, cost and technical information may have

- ¹⁶ Section 365.173(1)(b), F.S.
- ¹⁷ Section 365.174, F.S.

- 1. Secret;
- 2. Of value;
- 3. For use or in use by the business; and

4. Of advantage to the business, or providing an opportunity to obtain an advantage, over those who do not know or use it when the owner thereof takes measures to prevent it from becoming available to persons other than those selected by the owner to have access thereto for limited purposes.

¹⁹ Section 365.174, F.S.

²⁰ See s. 365.172(8)(e), F.S.

¹³ Section 365.173(1)(a), F.S.

¹⁴ Section 365.172(9)(c), F.S.

¹⁵ Section 365.172(9)(g), F.S.

¹⁸ Section 812.081(1)(c), F.S., defines the term "trade secret" to mean the whole or any portion or phase of any formula, pattern, device, combination of devices, or compilation of information which is for use, or is used, in the operation of a business and which provides the business an advantage, or an opportunity to obtain an advantage, over those who do not know or use it. The term includes any scientific, technical, or commercial information, including financial information, and includes any design, process, procedure, list of suppliers, list of customers, business code, or improvement thereof. Irrespective of novelty, invention, patentability, the state of the prior art, and the level of skill in the business, art, or field to which the subject matter pertains, a trade secret is considered to be:

been submitted by one or more Members in support of affidavits seeking reimbursement from the E911 Board for implementation of E911 service.²¹

CTIA also noted that the information remitted is internal and cannot be obtained by any other means.²²

Effect of the Bill

The bill removes the scheduled repeal date of the public record exemption for proprietary confidential business information submitted by a provider to the board, the Division of Telecommunications within DMS, or DOR, and revises the definition of "proprietary confidential business information" by removing trade secrets.

II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

- A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:
 - 1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

None.

- B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:
 - 1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

None.

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

None.

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

None.

 ²¹ Open Government Sunset Review Questionnaire, CTIA Response, October 8, 2020, (on file with the Government Operations Subcommittee).
²² Id.